	Case 1:20-cv-04450-LMM Docume	ent 1 Filed 10/30/20 Page 1 of 9	
1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA		
2	ATLANTA DIVISION		
3	PAMELA K. BRADY, DDS)		
4	Plaintiff,	PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
5	-vs-	DEWRIND FOR JORT TRIAL	
6	SENTINEL INSURANCE)		
7	COMPANY, and THE HARTFORD)INSURANCE COMPANY)		
8	Defendants.		
9			
10	COMPLAINT		
11	NOW COMES Plaintiff, Pamela K. Brady, DDS ("Plaintiff"), through her		
12	undersigned counsel, and hereby submits this Complaint and alleges the following		
13	against Defendants Sentinel Insurance Company, Limited (Sentinel) and The		
	Hartford Insurance Company ("Hartford") (collectively, "Hartford Defendants").		
14	Nature of the Action		
15	1. This action arises out of the facts and circumstances surrounding the denial		
16	of Plaintiff's insurance claim.		
17	2. This action is brought by Plaintiff pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201.		
18	<u>Parties</u>		
19			
20	- 1 -		
	PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT		

- Plaintiff Pamela K. Brady, DDS is a natural person residing in the District of Columbia. Furthermore, Plaintiff Pamela Brady operates a dental services facility at 1145 19th Street Northwest, Washington, District of Columbia 20036 which is the subject of this Complaint.
- 4. Defendant Sentinel Insurance Company ("Sentinel"), is a Florida corporation whose principal place of business is located at One Hartford Plaza, Hartford, Connecticut 06155. Defendant Sentinel can be served through their registered agent, their Chief Financial Officer, at 200 East Gaines Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399. By conducting regular and continuous business in the District of Columbia through contract, Defendant Sentinel is subject to the venue and jurisdiction of this Court.
- 5. Defendant Hartford Insurance Company ("Hartford"), is a Florida insurance company whose principal place of business is at One Hartford Plaza, HO-1-11, Hartford, Connecticut 06155. Defendant Hartford can be served through its registered agent, its Chief Financial Officer, at Post Office Box 6200, 200 East Gaines Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399. By conducting regular and continuous business with Defendant Sentinel in the District of Columbia through contract, Defendant Hartford is subject to the venue and jurisdiction of this Court.

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 6. Defendants conducts business in Georgia and therefore personal jurisdiction is established.
- 7. This Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1332.
- 8. Venue is proper in the United States District Court Northern District of Georgia pursuant to 28 U.S.C § 1391b(3) because the Defendants are subject to personal jurisdiction within this Court's judicial district.

Factual Allegations

- 9. On or around May 2019, Defendants Sentinel and Hartford (collectively, "Defendants") entered into a contract of insurance with the Plaintiff, whereby plaintiffs agreed to make payments to the Defendants in exchange for Defendants' promise to indemnify the Plaintiffs for losses including, but not limited to business income losses Plaintiff's property.
- 10. The insured property include Plaintiff's dental office located in Washington, DC. Plaintiff has upheld a stellar reputation by gaining and maintaining the confidence and trust of the community by rendering the quality dental services. Plaintiff's reputation is evidenced by its consistent 5-star customer reviews. Plaintiff's dental office is open five days a week, Monday through Friday, from 9:00am to 5:00pm.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

- 11. The Insured Properties are covered under a policy issued by the Defendants with policy number believed to be 42-SBA-IH9178-SA (hereinafter "Policy").
- 12. The Policy is currently in full effect, providing property, business personal property, business income and extra expense, and additional coverages.
- 13. Plaintiffs faithfully paid policy premiums to the Defendants, specifically to provide additional coverages under Business Income and Extra Expense Form in the event of business closures by order of Civil Authority.
- 14. Under the policy, insurance is extended to apply to the actual loss of business income sustained and the actual, necessary and reasonable extra expenses incurred when access to the scheduled premises is specifically prohibited by order of civil authority as the direct result of a covered cause of loss to property in the immediate area of plaintiffs' scheduled premises. This additional coverage is identified as coverage under "Civil Authority".
- 15. The policy is an all-risk policy, insofar as it provides that covered causes of loss under the policy means direct physical loss or direct physical damage unless the loss is specifically excluded or limited in the policy.
- 16. Based on information and belief, the Defendants have accepted the policy premiums with no intention of providing any coverage under the Business

20

19

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

- 4 -

Income and Extra Expense Coverage or the Civil Authority extension due to a loss and shutdown from a virus pandemic.

- 17. The scientific community, and those personally affected by the virus, recognize the Coronavirus as a cause of real physical loss and damage.
- 18. The global Coronavirus pandemic is exacerbated by the fact that the deadly virus physically infects and stays on surfaces of objects or materials, "fomites," for up to twenty-eight days.
- 19. On March 30, 2020, the Mayor of the District of Columbia, Muriel Bowser, issued an order directing all individuals living in the state to stay at home except that they may leave to provide or receive certain essential services or engage in certain essential activities ("The Order"). The Order further requires all non-essential businesses located within the state to "cease all activities at facilities located within the state, except Minimum Basic Operations."
- 20. The virus is physically impacting public and private property, and physical spaces in cities around the world and the United States. Any effort by the Defendants to deny the reality that the virus causes physical loss and damage would constitute a false and potentially fraudulent misrepresentation that could endanger policyholders and the public.

21. A declaratory judgment determining that the coverage provided under the policy will prevent the Plaintiff from being left without vital coverage acquired to ensure the survival of their businesses due to the shutdown caused by the civil authorities' response is necessary. As a result of the Order, Plaintiff has incurred, and continue to incur, a substantial loss of business income and additional expenses covered under the policy.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION DECLARATORY RELIEF

22. Plaintiff repeats and incorporates by reference into this cause of action the allegations set forth above at Paragraphs 1-21.

23. Under 28 U.S.C. § 2201, the court may declare rights, status, and other legal relations whether or not further relief is or could be claimed.

24. An actual controversy has arisen between Plaintiff and the Defendants as to the rights, duties, responsibilities and obligations of the parties in that Plaintiff contend and, on information and belief, the Defendants dispute and deny, that: (1) the Order by Mayor Bowser, in her official capacity, constitutes a prohibition of access to Plaintiff's Insured Premises; (2) the prohibition of access by the Order is specifically prohibited access as defined in the Policy; (3) the Order triggers coverage because the policy does not include an exclusion for a viral pandemic and actually extends coverage for loss or damage due to virus; and (4) the policy provides coverage to the Plaintiff for any current and future civil authority closures in Washington, D.C. due to physical loss or damage from the Coronavirus under the Civil Authority coverage parameters and the policy provides business income coverage in the event that Coronavirus has caused a loss or damage at the insured premises or immediate area of the insured premises. Resolution of the duties, responsibilities, and obligation of the parties is necessary as no adequate remedy at law exists and a declaration of the Court is needed to resolve the dispute and controversy.

- 25. Plaintiff seeks a Declaratory Judgment to determine whether the Order constitutes a prohibition of access to Plaintiff's Insured Premises by a Civil Authority as defined in the Policy.
- 26. Plaintiff further seeks a Declaratory Judgment to affirm that the Order triggers coverage because the policy does not include an exclusion for a viral pandemic and actually extends coverage for loss or damage due to virus.
- 27. Plaintiff further seeks a Declaratory Judgment to affirm that the policy provides coverage to the Plaintiff for any current and future civil authority closures of premises in Washington, D.C. due to physical loss or damage

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

- 7 -

from the Coronavirus and the policy provides business income coverage in the event that Coronavirus has caused a loss or damage at the insured premises.

28. Plaintiff does not seek any determination of whether the Coronavirus is physically in the insured premises, amount of damages, or any other remedy other than declaratory relief.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays that judgment be entered against Defendants for the following:

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

29. For a declaration that the Order by Mayor Muriel Bowser, in her official capacity, constitutes a prohibition of access to Plaintiff's Insured Premises.

30. For a declaration that the prohibition of access by the Order is specifically prohibited access as defined in the Policy.

31. For a declaration that the Order triggers coverage because the policy does not include an exclusion for a viral pandemic and actually extends coverage for loss or damage due to virus.

32. For a declaration that the policy provides coverage to Plaintiff for any current and future civil authority closures of premises in the State of Georgia due to physical loss or damage from the Coronavirus under the Civil Authority

coverage parameters and the policy provides business income coverage in the event that Coronavirus has caused a loss or damage at the insured premises or immediate area of the insured premises.

33. For such other relief as the Court may deem proper;

34. That all costs of this action be taxed upon Defendants;

35. That this Court enter and award such other and further relief to Plaintiff as it deems just and appropriate.

JURY TRIAL DEMAND

36. Plaintiff demands a jury trial on all issues so triable.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED,

Dated: October 23, 2020

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

By: <u>Harold L. Johnson</u> Harold L. Johnson

WAKHISI-DOUGLAS LLC 2002 Summit Blvd – Suite 3000 Atlanta, GA 30319 T: (404) 566-2320 F: (866) 566-1232 E: hljohnson@wd-law.net