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1 2 3 4 5 6	Renee M. Finch, Esq. Nevada State Bar 13118 MESSNER REEVES LLP 8945 W. Russell Road, Suite 300 Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 Phone: (702) 363-5100 Email: <i>rfinch@messner.com</i> <i>Attorneys for Plaintiff</i> , Treasure Island, LLC				
7	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT CO	URT		
8	DISTRICT	OF NEVADA			
9					
10	TREASURE ISLAND, LLC,	CASE NO.			
11	Plaintiff,				
12	v.				
13	AFFILIATED FM INSURANCE COMPANY,				
14	Defendant.				
15	COM	PLAINT			
16 17	Plaintiff, Treasure Island, LLC ("Treasu	are Island"), files	s this Complaint for damages and		
17	declaratory judgment against Defendant, Affilia	ted FM Insuranc	e Company ("AFM"), alleging the		
19	following:				
20	I. INT	RODUCTION			
21	1. This diversity action for bad faith breach of contract and declaratory judgment arises				
22	out of Treasure Island's claim of insurance coverage under an "all risks" insurance policy sold by				
23	AFM to Treasure Island.				
24			risks of physical loss or damage to		
25	property unless specifically excluded in the interruption loss, AFM refuses to show its hand a				
26	handling strategy designed to limit or altogether				
27	to receive under an insurance contract it has lon	-	-		
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II.

damage and resulting loss of income. Undeniably, AFM chose to insure against loss caused by
 communicable disease, both at and away from Treasure Island's property. AFM should be required to
 play its hand and cover Treasure Island's losses.

3. Treasure Island is a limited liability company organized under the laws of the State of Nevada, with its principal place of business at 3300 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las Vegas, NV, 89106. No member of Treasure Island is a resident or domiciliary of Rhode Island.

THE PARTIES

8 4. AFM is incorporated under the laws of Rhode Island with a principal place of business
9 at 270 Central Avenue, Johnston, RI 02919.

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III. JURISDICTION & VENUE

AFM is authorized to do business and issue insurance policies in the State of Nevada.

6. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332, as the parties are completely diverse in citizenship and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of interests and costs.

7. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because Treasure Island's
principal place of business is in this District and a substantial portion of the events and omissions
giving rise to the claims and losses occurred within the District.

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IV. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

8. Treasure Island is a sprawling 2.1 million square foot casino and resort occupying over
20 acres of land. It has over 2,000 gaming attractions, nearly 3,000 rooms, and employs approximately
2,000 people. The number of guests that Treasure Island welcomes onto its property is staggering—
over 7,000 people on an average day.

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10. The Policy has an effective term of March 20, 2019 through March 20, 2020.

providing coverage to Treasure Island against "all risks of physical loss or damage, except as ...

excluded." (See Policy No. GS784, attached as Exhibit A (the "Policy").)

AFM is an insurance company that sold an insurance policy to Treasure Island

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1	11.	The Policy also affords coverage to Treasure Island for business interruption losses			
2	occurring as a result of physical loss or damage of the type insured under the Policy. Exhibit A, at				
3	TIPOLICY034.				
4	12.	The Policy provides up to \$850 million in coverage for property damage and up to \$327			
5	million in cov	verage for business interruption losses. Exhibit A, at TIPOLICY062.			
6	13.	The Policy provides Civil Authority coverage for business interruption loss resulting			
7	from the prol	nibition of access to covered property for up to 395 days. Exhibit A, at TIPOLICY039;			
8	TIPOLICY00	06; TIPOLICY062.			
9	14.	In exchange for AFM's agreement to take on Treasure Island's risk of loss, Treasure			
10	Island paid A	FM nearly \$1 million in premium.			
11	А.	COVID-19 is a Deadly Communicable Disease			
12	15.	COVID-19 is a deadly communicable disease that has already infected over 1.6 million			
13	people in the	United States and caused more than 100,000 deaths. ¹ There is no vaccine for COVID-			
14	19.				
15	16.	The World Health Organization ("WHO") has declared the COVID-19 outbreak a			
16	pandemic an	d President Trump has declared a nationwide emergency due to the public health			
17	emergency ca	nused by the COVID-19 outbreak in the United States.			
18	17.	The incubation period for COVID-19—the time between exposure (becoming infected)			
19	and symptom	onset—can be up to 14 days. ²			
20	18.	During this period (also known as the "pre-symptomatic" period), infected persons can			
21	be contagious	s and disease transmission can occur before the infected person shows any symptoms or			
22	has any reason to believe they are infected. ³				
23					
24	$\frac{1}{1}$ See https://w	ww.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/cases-updates/cases-in-us.html (last viewed May 28, 2020,			
25	$\begin{bmatrix} \underline{See} \ ntps://www.cac.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/cases-updates/cases-in-us.ntmt (last viewed May 28, 2020, 2020). \end{bmatrix}$				
26		ww.who.int/docs/default-source/coronaviruse/situation-reports/20200402-sitrep-73-covid- =5ae25bc7_2 (last viewed May 4, 2020).			
27	³ See https://www.who.int/docs/default-source/coronaviruse/situation-reports/20200402-sitrep-73-covid-				
28	<i>19.pdf?sfvrsn=5ae25bc7_2</i> ("In a small number of case reports and studies, pre-symptomatic transmission has been documented through contact tracing efforts and enhanced investigation of clusters of confirmed cases. This is supported by data suggesting that some people can test positive for COVID-19 from 1-3 days				
	3				

1 19. Not only is COVID-19 spread by human-to-human transfer, but the WHO has
 2 confirmed that COVID-19 can exist on contaminated objects or surfaces.⁴

20. According to a study documented in *The New England Journal of Medicine*, COVID-19 was detectable in aerosols for up to three hours, up to four hours on copper, up to 24 hours on cardboard, and up to three days on plastic and stainless steel.⁵

21. All of these materials are used by Treasure Island throughout its facilities and operations.

8 22. The study's results suggest that individuals could become infected with COVID-19
9 through indirect contact with surfaces or objects used by an infected person, whether they were
10 symptomatic or not.⁶

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<u>Civil Authority Orders Because of COVID-19 and Related Physical Loss or Damage to Property</u>

23. In an effort to slow the spread of COVID-19 and as a consequence of physical damage caused by COVID-19, federal, state and local governments imposed unprecedented directives prohibiting travel into the United States, requiring certain businesses to close and requiring residents to remain in their homes unless performing "essential" activities, like shopping for food, going to see a doctor, or getting fresh air ("Stay at Home Orders").

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24. The Stay at Home Orders typically require businesses deemed "non-essential" to be
closed and in-person work is not permitted.

25. However, even businesses classified as "essential" have been severely impacted by the pandemic and Stay at Home Orders.

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⁴ See https://www.who.int/news-room/commentaries/detail/modes-of-transmission-of-virus-causing-covid-19 ⁵ bit implications-for-ipc-precaution-recommendations ("[T]ransmission of the COVID-19 virus can occur by direct contact with infected people and indirect contact with surfaces in the immediate environment or with objects used on the infected person") (last viewed May 4, 2020).

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 ⁵ See https://www.nih.gov/news-events/news-releases/new-coronavirus-stable-hours-surfaces (last viewed May 4, 2020); see also https://www.who.int/news-room/commentaries/detail/modes-of-transmission-of-virus-causing-covid-19-implications-for-ipc-precaution-recommendations (last viewed May 4, 2020).

⁶ <u>Id.</u>

²³ before they develop symptoms. Thus, it is possible that people infected with COVID-19 could transmit the virus before significant symptoms develop.") (last viewed May 4, 2020).

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26. Stay at Home Orders remain in effect as of the date of filing and have caused the suspension of both non-essential and essential businesses.

27. As a business that relies on materials and customers from right next door to across the country to around the world, Treasure Island is subject to these various Stay at Home Orders.

28. Stay at Home Orders, the damage caused by COVID-19, and the transmission of COVID-19 have had a devastating effect on Treasure Island's business.

29. One of the first publicized cases of COVID-19 in Las Vegas was a guest that stayed from March 5th through 8th at the Mirage Resort and Casino, which is located immediately next to Treasure Island and connected to Treasure Island by tram. This case was publically reported on March 11, 2020.

30. The next day, March 12, 2020, Nevada Governor Steve Sisolak declared a state of emergency in the state of Nevada citing the presence of COVID-19 and its impact on lives and property. (See NV Exec. Decl. of Emergency, dated March 12, 2020, http://gov.nv.gov/News/Emergency_Orders/2020/2020-03-12_-_COVID-

15 || 19_Declaration_of_Emergency/, attached as Exhibit B).

16 31. Five days later, pursuant to his March 12, 2020 Declaration, Governor Sisolak further 17 ordered all gaming activities in the state to close at midnight on March 17, 2020. (See NV Exec. 18 Emergency Order, dated March 17. 2020, http://gov.nv.gov/uploadedFiles/govnewnvgov/Content/News/Emergency Orders/2020 attachments 19 20 /2020-03-17-NV-Health-Reponse-COVID19-Risk-Management-Initiative-2.pdf, attached as Exhibit 21 C).

32. As a direct result of COVID-19 and these Orders, issued directly because of physical
damage to property, Treasure Island closed its doors at 12:01 AM on March 18, 2020.

24 33. Persons infected with COVID-19 were present at Treasure Island prior to March 18,
25 2020.

34. In fact, during the period January 1, 2020 to March 18, 2020, Treasure Island
employees recorded more than 1,500 sick days. During that same period, Treasure Island had more
than 329,000 registered guests from all over the world.

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35. On March 20, 2020, Governor Sisolak, again noting the need to protect person and 1 property, ordered all non-essential businesses to close and restricted the activities of essential 2 3 businesses. (See NV Exec. Emergency Decl., Directive No. 3, dated March 20, 2020, http://gov.nv.gov/News/Emergency Orders/2020/2020-03-20 - COVID-4

19 Declaration of Emergency Directive 003 (Attachments)/; and related regulations, http://gov.nv.gov/uploadedFiles/govnewnvgov/Content/News/Emergency Orders/2020 attachments /2020-03-20 COVID-19 DPS DEM EmergencyRegulations.pdf, attached as Exhibit D).

36. On April 29, 2020, Governor Sisolak issued a Directive explaining, among other things, the basis for the closure and stay at home orders stating specifically that the ability of COVID-19 "to survive on surfaces for indeterminate periods of time renders some property unusable and contributes to contamination, damage, and property loss" (See NV Exec. Emergency Decl. Directive No. 16, dated April 29, 2020, http://gov.nv.gov/News/Emergency Orders/2020/2020-04-29 - COVID-19 Declaration of Emergency Directive 016 (Attachments)/, attached as Exhibit E).

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Treasure Island's "All Risks" Policy

15 37. The Policy covers property at or within 1,000 feet of Treasure Island's locations against ALL RISKS OF PHYSICAL LOSS OR DAMAGE, except as hereinafter excluded" 16 17 Exhibit A, at TIPOLICY016.

38. 18 Treasure Island's insured locations, referred to as "described locations" and "location" throughout the Policy, are: (a) the actual casino located at 3300 Las Vegas Boulevard South, Las 19 20 Vegas; and (b) an office/warehouse located at 4050 West Sunset Road, Suite B, Las Vegas. These locations are referred to herein as "Treasure Island Locations." Exhibit A, at TIPOLICY016, TIPOLICY057, & TIPOLICY004. 22

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39. AFM drafted the Policy.

40. Pursuant to the "Communicable Disease - Property Damage" coverage, the Policy expressly covers, among other things, "the reasonable and necessary costs incurred ... for the: (a)

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Cleanup, removal and disposal of ... communicable disease from insured property." ⁷ Exhibit A, at
 TIPOLICY022.

41. By providing for the "cleanup, removal and disposal of … **communicable disease**," the Policy explicitly recognizes that **communicable disease** physically damages property.

42. Accordingly, because the Policy specifically covers remediation of the damage caused by **communicable disease**, the physical damage to property caused by **communicable disease** is "physical damage of the type insured" under the Policy.

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1. <u>COVID-19 Triggered Coverage Under the "All Risks" Policy</u>

9 43. The actual presence of COVID-19 at Treasure Island Locations has triggered coverage
10 under the Policy.

44. In addition, the presence of COVID-19 on property away from Treasure Island
Locations has triggered coverage under the Policy.

45. COVID-19 has caused (and continues to cause) physical loss and physical damage to
property, including Treasure Island's property.

46. COVID-19 also has caused (and continues to cause) Treasure Island to experience
covered business interruption.

47. Treasure Island has submitted a claim pursuant to the Policy as a result of sustaining
losses covered by the Policy. Notwithstanding, AFM has denied coverage for Treasure Island's claim
and done so in bad faith based on an apparent systematic company practice designed to minimize
payments for covered COVID-19 claims.

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2. <u>Multiple Coverages are Triggered under the "All Risks" Policy</u>

48. In addition to triggering the Policy's "all risks" coverage, Treasure Island's claim also triggers multiple coverage "extensions" provided under the Policy including but not limited to the following.

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^{28 &}lt;sup>7</sup> Terms defined in the Policy are signified by the use of **bold** typeface. Unless otherwise stated, the use of **bold** typeface signifies the use of same in the Policy.

i. **COVID-19** Triggered the Policy's Communicable Disease – Property Damage Coverage

49. The actual presence of COVID-19 at the Treasure Island Locations has caused physical damage to property at these locations resulting in the issuance of an order by an authorized governmental agency regulating communicable disease, thereby triggering coverage under the Policy's Communicable Disease – Property Damage coverage.

50. Upon information and belief the actual presence of COVID-19 continues to exist at Treasure Island Locations.

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ii. **COVID-19** Triggered the Policy's Protection and Preservation of **Property – Property Damage Coverage**

51. COVID-19 also has caused and continues to cause actual physical loss and damage to 10 insured property. In addition, COVID-19 has threatened and continues to threaten to cause physical 12 loss and damage to property.

13 52. This actual and threatened physical loss and damage to insured property has prompted 14 Treasure Island to take action to temporarily protect or preserve its property, thereby triggering the 15 Policy's Protection and Preservation of Property – Property Damage coverage.

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iii. **COVID-19** Triggered the Policy's Business Interruption Coverage

17 53. The Policy affords coverage for Treasure Island's business interruption losses, subject 18 to the Policy's terms and conditions.

19 54. COVID-19 has caused Treasure Island to suffer business interruption loss as a direct 20 result of physical loss and damage of the type insured under the Policy.

21 55. This loss triggers coverage under the Policy's Business Interruption provisions including, without limitation, coverage for up to 395 days of Gross Earnings loss, Gross Profits loss 22 23 and Rental Income loss.

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COVID-19 Triggered the Policy's Extra Expense Coverage iv.

25 56. COVID-19 has caused Treasure Island to incur reasonable and necessary expenses to 26 continue as close to normal as possible the conduct of Treasure Island's business. Such expenses are 27 beyond those that would have normally been incurred in conducting the business absent the presence 28 of COVID-19.

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57. The expenses incurred by Treasure Island beyond those necessary in the normal 1 operation of its business solely as a result of the physical loss and damage caused by COVID-19 trigger 2 coverage under the Policy's Extra Expense coverage. 3 4 **COVID-19** Triggered the Policy's Attraction Property Coverage V.

58. COVID-19 also has caused and is continuing to cause physical loss and damage to property away from Treasure Island Locations, including property located within one (1) statute mile 7 of Treasure Island Locations.

59. 8 Treasure Island has sustained and will continue to sustain a loss of business income 9 directly resulting from physical loss and damage of the type insured to property of the type insured 10 that attracts business to the Treasure Island Locations.

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COVID-19 Triggered the Policy's Civil Authority Coverage vi.

60. The physical damage caused by the presence of COVID-19 at property located within five (5) statute miles of Treasure Island Locations has directly resulted in the issuance of orders and Directives by Governor Sisolak and other civil authorities prohibiting access to Treasure Island Locations. 15

16 61. Treasure Island has sustained and will continue to sustain business interruption losses 17 because orders from civil authorities issued as a direct result of physical damage of the type insured 18 at a Treasure Island Location or within five (5) statute miles of such a Treasure Island Location, have prohibited access to Treasure Island Locations. 19

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COVID-19 Triggered the Policy's Communicable Disease – Business vii. Interruption Coverage

62. The actual presence of COVID-19 at Treasure Island Locations has resulted in the issuance of orders by authorized governmental agencies regulating communicable disease.

63. The business interruption losses sustained by Treasure Island as a result of such civil authority orders issued because of the actual presence of COVID-19 at Treasure Island Locations triggers coverage under the Policy's Communicable Disease - Business Interruption coverage.

viii. COVID-19 Triggered the Policy's Ingress/Egress Coverage

64. COVID-19 and the physical loss and damage it has caused has resulted in the necessary interruption of Treasure Island's business by totally or partially preventing ingress to or egress from Treasure Island Locations as a direct result of physical loss and damage of the type insured to property of the type insured.

65. The business interruption losses sustained by Treasure Island as a result of the necessary suspension of Treasure Island's business as a result of the total or partial denial of access to Treasure Island Locations triggers coverage under the Policy's Ingress/Egress coverage.

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ix. COVID-19 Triggered the Policy's Supply Chain Coverage

66. COVID-19 has caused physical loss and damage of the type insured to property of the type insured at the premises of Treasure Island's direct customers and direct contract service providers, and the direct and indirect suppliers, customers and contract service providers of Treasure Island's direct customers and contract service providers.

14 67. The loss of business income sustained by Treasure Island as a result of such supply
15 chain interruption triggers coverage under the Policy's Supply Chain coverage.

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3. <u>No Exclusion Impacts Coverage</u>

68. No exclusion in the Policy applies to preclude or limit coverage for the actual presence of COVID-19 at or away from Treasure Island Locations, the physical loss and damage to property at Treasure Island Locations and/or the business interruption losses that has and will continue to result from the physical loss and damage to property. To the extent AFM contends any exclusion(s) apply, such exclusion(s) are unenforceable.

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4. <u>The Policy's Contamination Exclusion Does Not Apply</u>

69. The Policy's "Communicable Disease – Property Damage" coverage provides
coverage for, among other things, "the reasonable and necessary costs incurred ... for the: (a) Cleanup,
removal and disposal of ... communicable disease from insured property." Exhibit A, at
TIPOLICY022.

27 70. AFM has stated in writing that COVID-19 meets the definition of communicable
28 disease under the Policy. Exhibit G.

71. The Policy also contains an exclusion that purports to preclude coverage for "contamination." Exhibit A, at TIPOLICY020.

72. The Policy defines "contamination" as, among other things, a "virus." Exhibit A, at TIPOLICY057.

73. The Policy's "contamination" exclusion does not exclude coverage for loss caused by "communicable disease." 6

74. 7 The Policy's "contamination" exclusion does not exclude coverage for Treasure Island's claim. 8

75. To the extent AFM contends that the Policy's "contamination" exclusion bars coverage for loss caused by "communicable disease" or some other aspect of Treasure Island's claim, the Policy is, at best, ambiguous, and therefore, must be construed in favor of coverage. Century Sur. Co. v. Casino West, Inc., 130 Nev. 395, 398 (2014) (finding pollution exclusion ambiguous and explaining that "[w]e interpret ambiguities in an insurance contract against the drafter, which is typically the insurer.")

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The Policy's Communicable Disease Sublimit Does Not Cap Treasure 5. Island's Losses

76. The Policy affords coverage to Treasure Island for the actual presence of "communicable disease" at a Treasure Island Location. This communicable disease coverage is found under two sections of the policy titled "Communicable Disease - Property Damage" and "Communicable Disease – Business Interruption" (together, the "On-Site Sublimited Communicable Disease Coverages").

77. The On-Site Sublimited Communicable Disease Coverages do not apply to limit any other coverage under the Policy that may also apply to loss or damage resulting from or caused by communicable disease, including physical damage resulting from or caused by communicable disease away from Treasure Island Locations.

78. Likewise, any sublimit applicable to the On-Site Sublimited Communicable Disease Coverages does not apply to limit any other coverage under the Policy that may also apply to loss or

damage resulting from or caused by communicable disease, including physical damage resulting from or caused by communicable disease away from Treasure Island Locations.

79. Rather, coverage for covered physical loss and damage, and/or resulting business interruption loss, from or caused by communicable disease, including physical damage resulting from or caused by communicable disease away from Treasure Island Locations, is subject to the Policy limits associated with the coverage or coverages implicated.

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AFM's Bad Faith Conduct

i.

AFM Conducted an Inadequate and Improper Investigation of Treasure Island's Claim

80. Aware that its Policy affords coverage for COVID-19 losses beyond the On-Site Sublimited Communicable Disease Coverages, AFM devised a plan designed to steer its policyholders, including Treasure Island, into at most, the On-Site Sublimited Communicable Disease Coverages for their COVID-19 losses.

AFM executed that plan in response to Treasure Island's claim.

Treasure Island submitted its claim for coverage under the Policy on March 19, 2020.
 See Copy of E-mail Notice, attached as Exhibit F.

83. Three weeks later, on April 9, 2020, AFM's assigned adjuster, David Carroll, called Treasure Island's General Counsel, Brad Anthony, to discuss Treasure Island's claim.

84. During that call and several subsequent calls, Mr. Anthony explained that Treasure Island's claim was based on the physical loss and/or physical damage to property caused by, among other things, the presence of COVID-19 at Treasure Island Locations and elsewhere, as well as related government orders prohibiting access to Treasure Island Locations and orders mandating that Treasure Island close its doors.

85. Mr. Carroll ignored Mr. Anthony's statements concerning the prohibition of access to Treasure Island because of civil authority orders issued due to physical damage of the type insured and, instead, shifted the conversation to whether any employees of Treasure Island had tested positive for COVID-19.

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1	86. In response to Mr. Carroll's question, Mr. Anthony advised that he was uncomfortable
2	disclosing confidential personnel information due to privacy concerns.
3	87. AFM failed to further investigate Treasure Island's claimed losses.
4	88. Following the April 9 call, Mr. Carroll sent a letter to Mr. Anthony, also dated April 9,
5	2020, purporting to recap the earlier conversation. Exhibit G.
6	89. The letter failed to accurately recap the conversation.
7	90. Mr. Carroll's letter grossly mischaracterized the substance of the telephone
8	conversation and the information that Mr. Anthony provided during the call. In particular, the April 9
9	letter states – incorrectly:
10	Per our discussion, it is our understanding that Treasure Island, LLC was not aware of any employees infected with the virus, nor whether the virus was present at any of the
11	locations. We also understand that there was no physical damage or loss to Insured
12	property at the location.
13	Exhibit G.
14	91. The statements contained in Mr. Carroll's April 9 letter concerning the absence of
15	infected employees and the absence of physical loss or damage to Insured property are false.
16	92. The April 9 letter also misstates Mr. Carroll's conversation with Mr. Anthony by
17	omitting any reference to Mr. Anthony's statements about the prohibition of access to Treasure Island
18	due to civil authority orders issued as a direct result of physical damage of the type insured.
19	93. The April 9 letter states that coverage is potentially available to clean up, remove and
20	dispose of COVID-19 from Treasure Island because "COVID-19 meets the definition of a
21	communicable disease under the [P]olicy." Exhibit G.
22	94. On April 16, 2020, Mr. Carroll sent Treasure Island another letter stating that "coverage
23	is not available [for COVID-19] absent physical loss or damage of the type insured." Exhibit J.
24	95. Again, however, Mr. Carroll omitted material information from the April 16 letter
25	provided by Mr. Anthony regarding the physical loss and/or damage to property sustained by Treasure
26	Island.
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ii. AFM's Attempt to Steer Treasure Island Into the Policy's On-Site Sublimited Communicable Disease Coverage

96. Based on information and belief, Mr. Carroll's mischaracterization of his telephone call with Mr. Anthony and Mr. Carroll's material omission of facts provided to him as part of his claim investigation was not by accident, but rather a systematic claims handling practice and procedure that AFM has deployed across all COVID-19 claims.

97. AFM's systematic practice is outlined in a set of "Talking Points" (hereafter, the "AFM Talking Points") prepared for AFM claim adjusters to use to ensure that AFM's adjusters reach the same conclusion for all COVID-19 claims. (See Copy of Talking Points, attached as Exhibit H.)

98. The AFM Talking Points explicitly acknowledge that AFM "ha[s] a wide range of clients who may be affected in a variety of ways" by COVID-19. Exhibit H.

99. The AFM Talking Points outline only a few of the many different coverages contained in AFM's standard commercial property policies, including policies of the type AFM sold to Treasure Island, that specifically afford coverage for COVID-19 claims. Exhibit H.

100. The AFM Talking Points outline certain specific "triggers" of coverage that the adjuster should look for when investigating any COVID-19 claim. Exhibit H.

101. But the AFM Talking Points fail to include all of the different "triggers" of coverage that may be implicated by COVID-19 claims.

102. Among those "triggers" included by AFM in its Talking Points is an employee of the insured that "actually has the communicable disease." Exhibit H.

103. Ironically, the AFM Talking Points recognize that some insureds may be unable to disclose that an employee actually has COVID-19 due to medical privacy restrictions.

104. In fact, the AFM Talking Points specifically address the very same privacy concerns raised by Mr. Anthony during his telephone call with AFM's adjuster, stating "In some jurisdictions, access to medical records is not possible without employee consent." Exhibit H.

105. By including only the On-Site Sublimited Communicable Disease Coverages as coverages potentially applicable to a COVID-19 claim, the AFM Talking Points steer adjusters to only seek information that pertains to the On-Site Sublimited Communicable Disease Coverages.

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106. In fact, the AFM Talking Points expressly and unequivocally foreclose the availability 1 of coverage under the Policy's Civil or Military Authority coverage provision. Exhibit H. 2 3 107. The AFM Talking Points specifically provide: Q. Does coverage under Civil or Military Authority apply? 4 5 A. No Exhibit H. 6 7 108. The AFM Talking Points make similar statements with respect to the Policy's Supply 8 Chain coverage. Exhibit H. 9 109. The AFM Talking Points further instruct that "the presence of a communicable disease does not constitute physical damage and is not of the type insured against as a virus falls within the 10 definition of contamination, which is excluded." Exhibit H. 11 12 110. But as alleged above, the Policy AFM sold to Treasure Island expressly recognizes that 13 the presence of communicable disease causes physical damage to property because it provides coverage for the resulting "cleanup, removal and disposal of ... communicable disease." Exhibit A, 14 at TIPOLICY022. 15 16 111. Regardless, AFM failed to conduct any investigation with respect to Treasure Island's 17 claim to determine whether Treasure Island had in fact sustained physical loss or damage as a result 18 of communicable disease. 19 The AFM Talking Points direct the claims adjuster to reach conclusions without 112. 20 considering the specific facts of the particular claim and without considering the applicable law that governs interpretation of the relevant insurance policy. 21 22 113. Instead, the AFM Talking Points coach the adjuster to suggestively steer the 23 policyholder toward the On-Site Sublimited Communicable Disease Coverages, which provide only a fraction of the coverage limits otherwise available under the Policy. 24 25 114. The AFM Talking Points are contrary to the accepted practices of good faith insurance 26 claim handling. 27 115. AFM's practice and procedure constitutes an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the 28 business of insurance.

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1	116.	AFM's use of the Talking Points reflects a conscious disregard of the policyholder's		
2	rights under the	he policy.		
3	117.	On May 7, 2020, Treasure Island sent a letter to AFM in response to Mr. Carroll's April		
4	9, 2020 lette	er, correcting Mr. Carroll's misstatements, and noting AFM's conflicting coverage		
5	positions. T	reasure Island requested that AFM reconsider its coverage denial and acknowledge		
6	coverage for 7	Treasure Island's claim. (See Letter from Brad Anthony, dated May 7, 2020, attached as		
7	Exhibit I.)			
8	118.	AFM has not responded to Treasure Island's request.		
9	119.	AFM continues to refuse to pay Treasure Island's claim and has effectively denied its		
10	claim.			
11	120.	AFM knowingly or recklessly failed to conduct a reasonable investigation of Treasure		
12	Island's claim and, therefore, the basis for AFM's denial is unreasonable.			
13	121.	In denying Treasure Island's claim, AFM knew its denial lacked any reasonable basis.		
14	122.	In denying Treasure Island's claim, AFM failed to faithfully apply its own Policy		
15	language, fail	led to conduct a reasonable investigation, and failed to consider the facts relevant to		
16	Treasure Islar	nd's claim against the Policy language as interpreted pursuant to Nevada law.		
17	123.	As a consequence of AFM's bad faith conduct, including its wrongful denial and		
18	inadequate cl	aim investigation, Treasure Island has suffered and continues to suffer significant		
19	damages.			
20		COUNT I		
21		Declaratory Judgment		
22	124.	Treasure Island repeats and realleges the allegations in the preceding paragraphs.		
23	125.	Treasure Island seeks the Court's declaration of the parties' rights and duties under the		
24	Policy pursua	ant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201. A justiciable controversy exists between Treasure Island and		
25	AFM concern	ing the availability of coverage under the Policy for Treasure Island's claim.		
26	126.	The controversy between Treasure Island and AFM is ripe for judicial review.		
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1	127. Nevada has adopted the Uniform Declaratory Judgment Act for purposes of declaring
2	parties' right in this precise circumstance.
3	128. Accordingly, Treasure Island seeks a declaration from the Court that:
4	a. The various coverage provisions identified herein are triggered by Treasure Island's claim;
5 6	b. No Policy exclusion applies to bar or limit coverage for Treasure Island's claim; and
7	c. The Policy covers Treasure Island's claim.
8	COUNT II
9	Breach of Contract
10	(Property Damage)
11	129. Treasure Island repeats and realleges the allegations in the preceding paragraphs.
12	130. The Policy is a valid and enforceable contract between Treasure Island and AFM.
13	131. In the Policy, AFM agreed to cover property against all risks of physical loss or damage
14	not otherwise excluded.
15	132. COVID-19 has caused and is continuing to cause physical loss and/or physical damage
16	to Treasure Island's property.
17	133. No exclusions apply to bar coverage.
18	134. Treasure Island is entitled to coverage for the physical loss and/or damage up to the
19	Policy's \$850 million limit of liability or any applicable sublimits.
20	135. Treasure Island complied with all applicable Policy provisions, including paying
21	premiums and providing timely notice of its claim.
22	136. Nonetheless, AFM unjustifiably refuses to pay for Treasure Island's physical loss or
23	damage in breach the Policy.
24	137. Treasure Island has suffered and continues to suffer damages as a result of AFM's
25	breach of the Policy.
26	138. Treasure Island is entitled to damages as a result of AFM's breach in an amount to be
27	determined at trial, including pre- and post-judgment interest and any other costs and relief that this
28	Court deems appropriate.
	17

COUNT III

Breach of Contract

3	(Business Interruption)			
4	139.	Treasure Island repeats and realleges the allegations in the preceding paragraphs.		
5	140.	The Policy is a valid and enforceable contract between Treasure Island and AFM.		
6	141.	In the Policy, AFM agreed to cover Business Interruption loss and incurred Extra		
7	Expense, as p	provided in the Business Interruption Coverage Extensions, as a direct result of physical		
8	loss or damag	ge of the type insured under the Policy.		
9	142.	COVID-19 has caused and, upon information and belief, is continuing to cause physical		
10	loss and/or pl	nysical damage to Treasure Island's property and the property of others that has caused		
11	Treasure Islar	nd to suffer business interruption losses and incur extra expenses.		
12	143.	No exclusions apply to bar coverage.		
13	144.	Treasure Island is entitled to coverage for its business interruption losses and incurred		
14	extra expenses related to COVID-19 up to the Policy's \$327 million limit of liability or any applicable			
15	sublimits.			
16	145.	Treasure Island complied with all applicable Policy provisions, including paying		
17	premiums and providing timely notice of its claim.			
18	146.	Nonetheless, AFM unjustifiably refuses to pay for these losses and expenses in breach		
19	the Policy.			
20	147.	Treasure Island has suffered and continues to suffer damages as a result of AFM's		
21	breach of the	Policy.		
22	148.	Treasure Island is entitled to damages as a result of AFM's breach in an amount to be		
23	determined at trial, including pre- and post-judgment interest and any other costs and relief that this			
24	Court deems appropriate.			
25		COUNT IV		
26		Breach of Contract		
27		(Business Interruption Coverage Extensions)		
28	149.	Treasure Island repeats and realleges the allegations in the preceding paragraphs.		
	18			

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1	150.	The Policy is a valid and enforceable contract between Treasure Island and AFM.		
2	151.	In the Policy, AFM agreed to afford coverage for Business Interruption loss as provided		
3	in the Policy's	s Business Interruption Coverage Extensions.		
4	152.	COVID-19 has caused and, upon information and belief, is continuing to cause physical		
5	loss and/or ph	hysical damage to Treasure Island's property and the property of others that has caused		
6	Treasure Islan	d to suffer business interruption losses covered under the Policy's Business Interruption		
7	Coverage Ext	ensions.		
8	153.	No exclusions apply to bar coverage.		
9	154.	Treasure Island is entitled to coverage for its business interruption losses related to		
10	COVID-19 up to each Business Interruption Coverage Extensions' limit of liability or any applicable			
11	sublimits.			
12	155.	Treasure Island complied with all applicable Policy provisions, including paying		
13	premiums and	l providing timely notice of its claim.		
14	156.	Nonetheless, AFM unjustifiably refuses to pay for these losses and expenses in breach		
15	the Policy.			
16	157.	Treasure Island has suffered and continues to suffer damages as a result of AFM's		
17	breach of the	Policy.		
18	158.	Treasure Island is entitled to damages as a result of AFM's breach in an amount to be		
19	determined at	trial, including pre- and post-judgment interest and any other costs and relief that this		
20	Court deems a	appropriate.		
21		COUNT V		
22		Breach of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing		
23	159.	Treasure Island repeats and realleges the allegations in the preceding paragraphs.		
24	160.	AFM has denied Treasure Island's claim for coverage under the Policy relating to its		
25	losses from C	OVID-19.		
26	161	AFM's denial of Treasure Island's claim lacks any reasonable basis.		

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1	162.	AFM failed to conduct a reasonable investigation of Treasure Island's claim under the	
2	Policy and, th	erefore, AFM's basis for its denial is unreasonable.	
3	163.	AFM employed a systematic "one-size-fits-all" approach to adjusting and denying	
4	coverage for a	all COVID-19 claims, including Treasure Island's claim.	
5	164.	AFM knew or was actually or implicitly aware of the lack of any reasonable basis to	
6	deny coverage	e.	
7	165.	AFM acted with reckless disregard as to the unreasonableness of its denial.	
8	166.	AFM breached its duty of good faith and fair dealing by failing to reasonably	
9	investigate Tr	easure Island's claim and provide coverage.	
10	167.	AFM's denial of coverage constitutes bad faith.	
11	168.	As a result of AFM's bad faith, Treasure Island has suffered and is continuing to suffer	
12	damages.		
13	169.	Treasure Island is entitled to an award of damages as a result of AFM's bad faith in an	
14	amount to be	determined at trial, including attorney's fees, pre- and post-judgment interest and any	
15	other costs and relief that this Court deems appropriate.		
16		COUNT VI	
17		Violation of the Nevada Unfair Claims Practices Act - NRS 686A.310	
18	170.	Treasure Island repeats and realleges the allegations in the preceding paragraphs.	
19	171.	AFM's systemic practice of mischaracterizing the facts provided by policyholders in	
20	connection wi	ith claims for coverage for losses from COVID-19 constitutes an unfair or deceptive act	
21	or practice in	the business of insurance pursuant to NRS 686A.310(a).	
22	172.	AFM's systemic practice of attempting to influence and direct policyholders' claims	
23	for coverage f	For losses from COVID-19 to the On-Site Sublimited Communicable Disease Coverages	
24	constitutes ar	n unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance pursuant to NRS	
25	686A.310(a),	(c) and (l).	
26	173.	AFM's use of the AFM Talking Points with pre-determined conclusions regarding	
27	coverage for o	claims based on losses from COVID-19 without consideration of the particular facts or	
28			

applicable law constitutes an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance pursuant to NRS 686A.310(a), (c) and (n).

AFM's use of the AFM Talking Points designed to coach its claim adjusters to steer 174. the policyholder to the On-Site Sublimited Communicable Disease Coverages constitutes an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance pursuant to NRS 686A.310(a), (c), (l) and (n).

175. AFM's systemic practice and policy of denying coverage for claims by policyholders for losses from COVID-19 without conducting an adequate investigation of the facts and the applicable law constitutes an unfair or deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance pursuant to NRS 686A.310(a), (c) and (n).

10 AFM has failed to adopt and implement reasonable standards for the prompt 176. 11 investigation and processing of claims related to losses based on COVID-19, which constitutes a 12 violation of NRS 686A.310(c) and (n).

177. AFM's systemic practices and procedures have compelled Treasure Island to institute this litigation to recover amounts due under the Policy by attempting to restrict Treasure Island's recovery to the limited coverage available for communicable disease, which constitutes a violation of NRS 686A.310(f). 16

17 178. As a result of AFM's unfair or deceptive acts or practices, Treasure Island has suffered 18 and is continuing to suffer damages.

19 179. Treasure Island is entitled to an award of damages as a result of AFM's unfair or 20 deceptive acts or practices in an amount to be determined at trial, including attorney's fees, pre- and 21 post-judgment interest and any other costs and relief that this Court deems appropriate.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

23 Wherefore, Treasure Island prays for judgment against AFM as follows:

- 1) A declaration from the Court that:
 - The various coverage provisions identified herein are triggered by Treasure a. Island's claim;
- No Policy exclusion applies to bar or limit coverage for Treasure Island's b. claim; and
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1	c. The Pol	icy covers Treasure Island's claim.
2	2) For special and	consequential damages against AFM in an amount in to be proved at
3	trial in excess o	f \$75,000.00;
4	3) Pre and Post-jue	dgment interest as provided by law;
5	4) An award of att	orney's fees and costs of suit incurred; and
6	5) For such other a	and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.
7		JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
8	Treasure Island demand	ds trial by jury on all issues so triable.
9		
10	Date: May 28, 2020	Respectfully submitted,
11		PLAINTIFF TREASURE ISLAND, LLC By and through its attorneys,
12		/s/ Renee M. Finch
13		Renee M. Finch, Esq.
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	22	

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