HB5028E

2020 SPECIAL SESSION I

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HOUSE BILL NO. 5028

House Amendments in [] — September 3, 2020

3 A BILL to amend and reenact § 65.2-402.1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to workers' compensation; 4

presumption as to death or disability from COVID-19.

Patron Prior to Engrossment-Delegate Jones

Referred to Committee on Labor and Commerce

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

1. That § 65.2-402.1 of the Code of Virginia is amended and reenacted as follows: 10 § 65.2-402.1. Presumption as to death or disability from infectious disease. 11

A. Hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or HIV causing the death of, or any health 12 13 condition or impairment resulting in total or partial disability of, any (i) salaried or volunteer firefighter, or salaried or volunteer emergency medical services personnel; (ii) member of the State Police Officers' 14 15 Retirement System; (iii) member of county, city, or town police departments; (iv) sheriff or deputy sheriff.; (v) Department of Emergency Management hazardous materials officer.; (vi) city sergeant or 16 deputy city sergeant of the City of Richmond; (vii) Virginia Marine Police officer; (viii) conservation 17 police officer who is a full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of 18 Wildlife Resources; (ix) Capitol Police officer; (x) special agent of the Virginia Alcoholic Beverage 19 Control Authority appointed under the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 4.1-100 et seq.) of Title 4.1₅; (xi) for 20 such period that the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority voluntarily subjects itself to the provisions of this chapter as provided in § 65.2-305, officer of the police force established and maintained by the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority; (xii) officer of the police force 21 22 23 24 established and maintained by the Norfolk Airport Authority; (xiii) conservation officer of the 25 Department of Conservation and Recreation commissioned pursuant to § 10.1-115, (xiv) sworn officer of the police force established and maintained by the Virginia Port Authority; (xv) campus police 26 27 officer appointed under Article 3 (§ 23.1-809 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 23.1 and employed by any 28 public institution of higher education; (xvi) correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1; or (xvii) full-time sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles who has a 29 documented occupational exposure to blood or body fluids shall be presumed to be occupational 30 diseases, suffered in the line of government duty, that are covered by this title unless such presumption 31 32 is overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to the contrary. For purposes of this section 33 subsection, an occupational exposure occurring on or after July 1, 2002, shall be deemed "documented" 34 if the person covered under this section subsection gave notice, written or otherwise, of the occupational 35 exposure to his employer, and an occupational exposure occurring prior to July 1, 2002, shall be deemed 36 "documented" without regard to whether the person gave notice, written or otherwise, of the 37 occupational exposure to his employer. For any correctional officer as defined in § 53.1-1 or full-time 38 sworn member of the enforcement division of the Department of Motor Vehicles, the presumption shall 39 not apply if such individual was diagnosed with hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, or HIV before July 40 1, 2020.

41 B. COVID-19 causing the death of, or any health condition or impairment resulting in total or partial disability of, any (i) firefighter, as defined in § 65.2-102; (ii) law-enforcement officer, as defined 42 in § 9.1-101; (iii) first responder, as described in § 65.2-104; (iv) health care provider, as defined in 43 44 § 8.01-581.1, [who as part of his employment is directly involved in diagnosing or treating persons known or suspected to have COVID-19;] or (v) school board employee shall be presumed to be an 45 46 occupational disease, suffered in the line of duty, as applicable, that is covered by this title unless such 47 presumptions are overcome by a preponderance of competent evidence to the contrary.

48 C. As used in this section:

49 "Blood or body fluids" means blood and body fluids containing visible blood and other body fluids to which universal precautions for prevention of occupational transmission of blood-borne pathogens, as 50 51 established by the Centers for Disease Control, apply. For purposes of potential transmission of hepatitis, 52 meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis, or HIV the term "blood or body fluids" includes respiratory, 53 salivary, and sinus fluids, including droplets, sputum, saliva, mucous, and any other fluid through which infectious airborne or blood-borne organisms can be transmitted between persons. 54

55 "Hepatitis" means hepatitis A, hepatitis B, hepatitis non-A, hepatitis non-B, hepatitis C, or any other strain of hepatitis generally recognized by the medical community. 56

"HIV" means the medically recognized retrovirus known as human immunodeficiency virus, type I or 57 58 type II, causing immunodeficiency syndrome.

59 "Occupational exposure," in the case of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or HIV,
60 means an exposure that occurs during the performance of job duties that places a covered employee at risk of infection.

62 C. D. Persons covered under this section who test positive for exposure to the enumerated
63 occupational diseases, but have not yet incurred the requisite total or partial disability, shall otherwise be
64 entitled to make a claim for medical benefits pursuant to § 65.2-603, including entitlement to an annual
65 medical examination to measure the progress of the condition, if any, and any other medical treatment,
66 prophylactic or otherwise.

D. E. Whenever any standard, medically-recognized vaccine or other form of immunization or 67 prophylaxis exists for the prevention of a communicable disease for which a presumption is established 68 under this section, if medically indicated by the given circumstances pursuant to immunization policies 69 70 established by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health 71 Service, a person subject to the provisions of this section may be required by such person's employer to undergo the immunization or prophylaxis unless the person's physician determines in writing that the 72 immunization or prophylaxis would pose a significant risk to the person's health. Absent such written 73 74 declaration, failure or refusal by a person subject to the provisions of this section to undergo such 75 immunization or prophylaxis shall disqualify the person from any presumption established by this 76 section.

77 $E_{\rm F}$ F. 1. The presumptions described in subsection A shall only apply if persons entitled to invoke 78 them have, if requested by the appointing authority or governing body employing them, undergone 79 preemployment physical examinations that (i) were conducted prior to the making of any claims under 80 this title that rely on such presumptions; (ii) were performed by physicians whose qualifications are as prescribed by the appointing authority or governing body employing such persons,; (iii) included such 81 appropriate laboratory and other diagnostic studies as the appointing authorities or governing bodies may 82 83 have prescribed; and (iv) found such persons free of hepatitis, meningococcal meningitis, tuberculosis or HIV at the time of such examinations. The presumptions described in subsection A shall not be effective 84 85 until six months following such examinations, unless such persons entitled to invoke such presumption 86 can demonstrate a documented exposure during the six-month period.

87 2. The presumptions described in subsection B shall only apply if persons entitled to invoke them 88 have, if requested by the appointing authority or governing body employing them, undergone 89 preemployment physical examinations that (i) were conducted prior to the making of any claims under 90 this title that rely on such presumption, (ii) were performed by physicians whose qualifications are as 91 prescribed by the appointing authority or governing body employing such persons, (iii) included such 92 appropriate laboratory and other diagnostic studies as the appointing authorities or governing bodies 93 may have prescribed, and (iv) found such persons free of COVID-19 at the time of such examinations. This subdivision shall only apply to persons hired after January 1, 2021. 94

F. G. Persons making claims under this title who rely on such presumption shall, upon the request of appointing authorities or governing bodies employing such persons, submit to physical examinations (i) conducted by physicians selected by such appointing authorities or governing bodies or their representatives and (ii) consisting of such tests and studies as may reasonably be required by such physicians. However, a qualified physician, selected and compensated by the claimant, may, at the election of such claimant, be present at such examination.

101 2. That the provisions of this act are effective retroactive to January 1, 2020.