## 5/29/2020 10:01 AM 20CV19356

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4	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF	F THE STATE OF OREGON
5	FOR THE COUNTY OF LANE	
6	BA VENTURES LLC an Oregon Foreign	Case No
7	Limited Liability Company; PACIFIC CLEARVISION INSTITUTE, PC, an Oregon professional corporation dba Pacific Clearwision	COMPLAINT
8	professional corporation dba Pacific Clearvision Institute,	(Breach of Contract; Declaratory Relief)
9	Plaintiffs,	Amount in Controversy: \$235,418.08
10	vs.	Fee Authority: ORS 21.160(1)(c) - \$594
11	FARMERS INSURANCE EXCHANGE, a California Corporation,	CLAIM NOT SUBJECT TO MANDATORY ARBITRATION
12	Defendant.	
13	Plaintiffs, BA Ventures LLC and Pacific 0	Clearvision Institute, PC dba Pacific Clearvision
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li></ul>	Institute ("Plaintiffs"), by and through their attorn	neys, Gleaves Swearingen LLP, allege as
16	follows:	
	PARTIES AND J	URISDICTION
17 18		1.
19	At all times material and relevant here	eto, Plaintiff BA Ventures LLC is an Oregon
20	foreign limited liability company that conducts be	usiness in the State of Oregon at its three offices
21	located in Cottage Grove, Oakridge, and Eugene,	Oregon.
22		2.
23	At all times material and relevant hereto,	Plaintiff Pacific Clearvision Institute, PC, is an
24	Oregon corporation doing business as Pacific Cl	earvision Institute that conducts business in the
	I	

1	State of Oregon at its three offices located in Cottage Grove, Oakridge, and Eugene, Oregon.
2	3.
3	At all times material and relevant hereto, Defendant Farmers Insurance Exchange
4	("Defendant") is a California Insurance Corporation that, upon information and belief, conducts
5	continuous and substantial business operations in the State of Oregon.
6	4.
7	This Court has personal jurisdiction over all parties because Defendant undertakes the
8	business of selling insurance policies in Lane County, Oregon, and Plaintiffs conduct business
9	out of three offices in Lane County, Oregon. All matters relevant to this action arise out of and
10	relate to insurance policies issued by Defendant to Plaintiffs to insure Plaintiffs' three offices in
11	Lane County, Oregon.
12	5.
13	This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action because all claims arose in
14	Lane County, Oregon.
15	6.
16	Venue is proper in Lane County under ORS 14.080 because all claims arose in Lane
17	County.
18	FACTS
19	7.
20	Plaintiffs constitute a top of the line ophthalmology clinic that employs doctors and staff
21	to provide patients with eye care.
22	8.
23	In June of 2019, Plaintiffs purchased a commercial insurance policy from Defendant
24	

1	labeled as policy number 60675-10-05 (the "Policy") to protect Plaintiffs from certain
2	unforeseeable business losses.
3	9.
4	The Policy was and is effective from June 27, 2019 through June 27, 2020.
5	10.
6	Plaintiffs paid Defendant all premiums required under the Policy during the relevant
7	periods.
8	11.
9	In consideration for payment of those premiums, Defendant agreed to provide Plaintiffs
10	coverage against certain types of business losses suffered at Plaintiffs' Cottage Grove, Oakridge,
11	and Eugene, Oregon locations.
12	12.
13	One of the losses Defendant agreed to insure Plaintiffs against under the Policy was a
14	loss of Business Income.
15	13.
16	The Policy stated:
17	[Defendant] will pay for the actual loss of Business Income [Plaintiff] sustain[s]
18	due to the necessary suspension of [its] "operations" during the "period of restoration". The suspension must be caused by direct physical loss of or damage
19	to property at the described premises. The loss or damage must be caused by or result from a Covered Cause of Loss. With respect to loss of or damage to
20	personal property in the open or personal property in a vehicle, the described premises include the area within 100 feet of the site at which the described premises are located.
21	premises are rocated.  14.
22	
23	The Policy defined Business Income as:
24	

1	Net Income (Net Profit or Loss before income taxes) that would have been earned or incurred if no physical loss or damage had occurred, but not including any Net
2	Income that would likely have been earned as a result of an increase in the volume of business due to favorable business conditions caused by the impact of
3	the Covered Cause of Loss on customers or on other businesses; and Continuing normal operating expenses incurred, including payroll.
4	normal operating expenses meaned, merating payron.
5	15.
6	The Policy also provided coverage for Extra Expenses the Plaintiffs incurred that would
7	not have been incurred if there had been no direct loss or damage to property at the described
8	premises.
9	16.
10	The Policy defined Extra Expenses as expenses incurred:
10	(a) To avoid or minimize the suspension of business and to continue "operations":
11	(i) At the described premises; or (ii) At replacement premises or at temporary locations, including relocation expenses, and costs to equip and operate the replacement or
12	temporary locations.
13	(b) To minimize the suspension of business if you cannot continue "operations". BP 00 02 12 99 Copyright, Insurance Services Office, Inc., 1999 Page 5 of 23 £
14	
15	(c) To: (i) Repair or replace any property; or (ii) Research, replace or restore the lost information on damaged "valuable papers and records": to the extent it reduces the amount of loss that otherwise would have been payable under this Additional Coverage
16	or Additional Coverage f. Business Income.
17	17.
18	The Policy extended the definition of suspension of operations to include, "The partial
19	slowdown or complete cessation of [Plaintiff's] business activities; or That a part or all of the
20	described premises is rendered untenantable, if coverage for Business Income applies."
21	18.
22	Additionally, the Policy stated the Insurer, "[W]ill pay for the actual loss of Business
23	Income [Plaintiff] sustain[s] and necessary Extra Expense caused by action of civil authority that
24	

1	prohibits access to the described premises due to the direct physical loss of damage to property,	
2	other than at the described premises, caused by or resulting from any Covered Cause of Loss."	
3	19.	
4	The Policy covered the loss of Business Income caused by an action of civil authority	
5	that the Plaintiff suffered for up to three consecutive weeks beginning 72 hours after an action	
6	was taken, and covered necessary Extra Expenses for up to three consecutive weeks beginning	
7	immediately after the time the action was taken.	
8	20.	
9	On March 19, 2020, Governor Kate Brown issued Executive Order 20-10, which was	
10	effective for 90 days and suspended all elective and non-urgent medical procedures that utilized	
11	Personal Protective Equipment ("PPE") from March 23, 2020 until June 15, 2020.	
12	21.	
13	Executive Order 20-10 also required medical facilities that had surplus PPE to notify the	
14	State's PPE Coordinator and arrange for the delivery of the surplus PPE to the PPE coordinator.	
15	22.	
16	Plaintiffs' PPE was covered property under the Policy.	
17	23.	
18	The majority of Plaintiffs' business income stemmed from procedures and appointments	
19	that were considered elective and non-urgent under Executive Order 20-10, and could not be	
20	safely performed without the use of PPE.	
21	24.	
22	Thus, Plaintiffs were required to stop conducting almost all of their procedures and	
23	appointments, which resulted in Plaintiffs having surplus PPE.	
24		

1	25.	
2	Plaintiffs were required to turn over this surplus PPE to the State's PPE coordinator.	
3	26.	
4	After turning over its surplus PPE, Plaintiffs were unable to further acquire more PPE	
5	which was necessary for Plaintiffs to continue to conduct business, because of Executive Order	
6	20-10 and other actions by civil authority.	
7	27.	
8	As a result of losing its PPE, Plaintiffs were unable to conduct their normal procedures	
9	and appointments, which resulted in Plaintiffs suffering \$235,418.08 in Business Income and	
10	Extra Expense losses as defined in the Policy.	
11	FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF	
12	(Breach of Contract)	
13	28.	
14	Plaintiffs reallege paragraphs 1- 27 and by this reference incorporate such paragraphs as	
15	if set forth in full herein.	
16	29.	
17	Plaintiffs are named insureds under the Policy.	
18	30.	
	Plaintiffs sustained significant Business Income and Extra Expense loses while the Police	
19	was in full force and effect.	
20	31.	
21	In consideration for payment of the required premiums under the Policy, Defendar	
22	agreed to provide Plaintiffs coverage against the Business Income and Extra Expense losses	
23	Plaintiffs suffered.	
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## 1 SECOND (ALTERNATIVE) CLAIM FOR RELIEF (Declaratory Relief) 2 40. 3 Plaintiffs reallege paragraphs 1-39 and by this reference incorporate such paragraphs as if 4 set forth in full herein. 5 41. 6 Defendant contends there is no coverage under the Policy for the Business Income and Extra Expense losses incurred by Plaintiffs because of Executive Order 20-10 and other actions of civil authority. 9 42. 10 The Policy specifically requires Defendant to cover Business Income and Extra Expense 11 losses incurred by Plaintiffs resulting from an action by civil authority. 12 WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs prays for and demands judgment as follows: 13 1. For a judgment against Defendant in an amount not less than \$235,418.08, plus 14 interest from the entry of judgment until paid in full; 15 2. Or, alternatively to Plaintiffs' first claim for relief, a judgment against Defendant 16 declaring the Business Income and Extra Expense losses incurred by Plaintiffs 17 are a covered loss under the Policy; 18 3. For an award of Plaintiffs' costs and reasonable attorney fees as allowed under 19 ORS 742.061(1). 20 /// 21 /// 22 /// 23 /// 24

1	4. Such other relief as the Court deems just and equitable.
2	DATED this 28th day of May, 2020.
3	GLEAVES SWEARINGEN LLP
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