

~~52.000 Scope of part.~~

~~Subpart 52.1—Instructions for Using Provisions and Clauses~~

~~52.100 Scope of subpart.~~

~~52.101 Using Part 52.~~

~~52.102 Incorporating provisions and clauses.~~

~~52.103 Identification of provisions and clauses.~~

~~52.104 Procedures for modifying and completing provisions and clauses.~~

~~52.105 Procedures for using alternates.~~

~~52.106 [Reserved]~~

~~52.107 Provisions and clauses prescribed in subpart 52.1.~~

Subpart 52.2 - Text of Provisions and Clauses

~~52.200 Scope of subpart.~~

52.201 [Reserved]

52.201-1 ~~Acquisition 360: Voluntary Survey.~~

~~52.202~~ [Reserved]

~~52.202-1 Definitions.~~

52.203 [Reserved]

52.203-1 [Reserved]

52.203-2 Certificate of Independent Price Determination.

52.203-3 Gratuities.

52.203-4 [Reserved]

52.203-5 Covenant Against Contingent Fees.

52.203-6 Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government.

52.203-7 Anti-Kickback Procedures.

52.203-8 Cancellation, Rescission, and Recovery of Funds for Illegal or Improper Activity.

52.203-9 [Reserved]

52.203-10 Price or Fee Adjustment for Illegal or Improper Activity.

52.203-11 Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions.

52.203-12 Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions.

52.203-13 Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct.

52.203-14 Display of Hotline Poster(s).

~~52.203-15 Whistleblower Protections Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.~~

[52.203-15 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.203-16 Preventing Personal Conflicts of Interest.

52.203-17 Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights.

52.203-18 Prohibition on Contracting with Entities that Require Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or ~~Statements~~~~Representation~~[Statements-Representation](#).

52.203-19 Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements.

52.204 [Reserved]

52.204-1 ~~Approval of Contract.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-2 ~~Security Requirements.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-3 ~~Taxpayer Identification.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-4 [Reserved]

52.204-5 Women-Owned Business (Other Than Small Business).

52.204-6 ~~Unique Entity Identifier.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-7 System for Award Management.

52.204-8 ~~Annual Representations and Certifications.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-9 Personal Identity Verification of Contractor Personnel.

52.204-10 Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards.

52.204-11 [Reserved]

52.204-12 ~~Unique Entity Identifier Maintenance.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-13 System for Award Management Maintenance.

52.204-14 Service Contract Reporting Requirements.

52.204-15 Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-Delivery Contracts.

52.204-16 ~~Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-17 ~~Ownership or Control of Offeror.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-18 ~~Commercial and Government Entity Code Maintenance.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-19 Incorporation by Reference of Representations and Certifications.

52.204-20 ~~Predecessor of Offeror.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-21 ~~Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information Systems.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-22 ~~Alternative Line Item Proposal.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

~~52.204-23 Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab Covered Entities.~~

~~52.204-24 Representation Regarding Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.~~

~~52.204-25 Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.~~

~~52.204-26 Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services Representation.~~

[52.204-23 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.204-24 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.204-25 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.204-26 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-27 ~~Prohibition on a ByteDance Covered Application.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

~~52.204-28 Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Federal Supply Schedules, Governmentwide Acquisition Contracts, and Multi-Agency Contracts.~~

~~52.204-29 Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Representation and Disclosures.~~

[52.204-28 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.204-29 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.204-30 ~~Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Prohibition~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

[52.204-90 Offeror Identification.](#)

[52.204-91 Contractor Identification.](#)

52.205 [Reserved]

52.206 [Reserved]

52.207 [Reserved]

52.207-1 ~~Notice of Standard Competition.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.207-2 ~~Notice of Streamlined Competition.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.207-3 ~~Right of First Refusal of Employment.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.207-4 Economic Purchase Quantity-Supplies.

52.207-5 Option to Purchase Equipment.

52.207-6 Solicitation of Offers from Small Business Concerns and Small Business Teaming Arrangements or Joint Ventures (Multiple-Award Contracts).

52.208 [Reserved]

52.208-1 [Reserved]

52.208-2 [Reserved]

52.208-3 [Reserved]

52.208-4 ~~Vehicle Lease Payments.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.208-5 ~~Condition of Leased Vehicles.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.208-6 ~~Marking of Leased Vehicles.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.208-7 ~~Tagging of Leased Vehicles.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.208-8 [Reserved]

52.208-9 Contractor Use of Mandatory Sources of Supply or Services.

[52.208-10 Government Supply Sources.](#)

[52.208-11 GSA Fleet Vehicles and Related Services.](#)

52.209 [Reserved]

52.209-1 Qualification Requirements.

52.209-2 Prohibition on Contracting With Inverted Domestic Corporations-Representation.

52.209-3 First Article Approval-Contractor Testing.

52.209-4 First Article Approval-Government Testing.

52.209-5 Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters.

52.209-6 Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting With Contractors Debarred, Suspended, Proposed for Debarment, or Voluntarily Excluded.

52.209-7 Information Regarding Responsibility Matters.

52.209-8 [Reserved]

52.209-9 Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters.

52.209-10 Prohibition on Contracting With Inverted Domestic Corporations.

52.209-11 Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.

52.209-12 Certification Regarding Tax Matters.

52.209-13 Violation of Arms Control Treaties or Agreements-Certification.

52.209-14 Reserve Officer Training Corps and Military Recruiting on Campus.

52.210 [Reserved]

52.210-1 Market Research.

52.211 [Reserved]

~~52.211-1 Availability of Specifications Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29.~~

~~52.211-2 Availability of Defense Specifications, Standards, and Data Item Descriptions in the Acquisition Streamlining and Standardization Information System (ASSIST) website.~~

~~52.211-3 Availability of Specifications Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions.~~

~~52.211-4 Availability for Examination of Specifications Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions.~~

[52.211-1 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.211-2 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.211-3 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.211-4 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.211-5 Material Requirements.

52.211-6 ~~Brand Name or Equal.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.211-7 ~~Alternatives to Government Unique Standards.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.211-8 ~~Time of Delivery.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.211-9 ~~Desired and Required Time of Delivery.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.211-10 ~~Commencement, Prosecution, and Completion of Work.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.211-11 Liquidated Damages-Supplies, Services, or Research and Development.

52.211-12 Liquidated Damages-Construction.

52.211-13 Time Extensions.

52.211-14 Notice of Priority Rating for National Defense, Emergency Preparedness, and Energy Program Use.

52.211-15 Defense Priority and Allocation Requirements.

52.211-16 ~~Variation in Quantity.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.211-17 ~~Delivery of Excess Quantities.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.211-18 ~~Variation in Estimated Quantity.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.212 [Reserved]

52.212-1 Instructions to Offerors—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.

52.212-2 Evaluation—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.

~~52.212-3 Offeror Representations and Certifications—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.~~

~~52.212-3~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.212-4 Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.

~~52.212-5 Contract Terms and Conditions Required To Implement Statutes or Executive Orders—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.~~

~~52.212-5~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.213 [Reserved]

52.213-1 ~~Fast Payment Procedure.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.213-2 ~~Invoices.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.213-3 ~~Notice to Supplier.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.213-4 Terms and Conditions—Simplified Acquisitions (~~Other Than Commercial Products and Commercial Services~~[Noncommercial](#)).

52.214 [Reserved]

52.214-1 [Reserved]

52.214-2 [Reserved]

52.214-3 Amendments to Invitations for Bids.

52.214-4 False Statements in Bids.

52.214-5 Submission of Bids.

52.214-6 Explanation to Prospective Bidders.

52.214-7 Late Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals of Bids.

52.214-8 [Reserved]

52.214-9 [Reserved]

52.214-10 Contract Award-Sealed Bidding.

52.214-11 [Reserved]

52.214-12 Preparation of Bids.

52.214-13 [Reserved]

52.214-14 Place of Performance-Sealed Bidding.

52.214-15 Period for Acceptance of Bids.

52.214-16 Minimum Bid Acceptance Period.

52.214-17 [Reserved]

52.214-18 Preparation of Bids-Construction.

52.214-19 Contract Award-Sealed Bidding-Construction.

52.214-20 Bid Samples.

52.214-21 Descriptive Literature.

52.214-22 Evaluation of Bids for Multiple Awards.

52.214-23 Late Submissions, Modifications, Revisions, and Withdrawals of Technical Proposals under Two-Step Sealed Bidding.

52.214-24 Multiple Technical Proposals.

52.214-25 Step Two of Two-Step Sealed Bidding.

52.214-26 Audit and Records-Sealed Bidding.

52.214-27 Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications-Sealed Bidding.

52.214-28 Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications-Sealed Bidding.

52.214-29 Order of Precedence-Sealed Bidding.

52.214-30 [Reserved]

52.214-31 ~~Facsimile Bids.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.214-32 [Reserved]

52.214-33 [Reserved]

52.214-34 Submission of Offers in the English Language.

52.214-35 Submission of Offers in U.S. Currency.

52.215 [Reserved]

52.215-1 Instructions to Offerors-Competitive Acquisition.

52.215-2 Audit and Records-Negotiation.

~~52.215-3 Request for Information or Solicitation for Planning Purposes.~~

[52.215-3 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.215-4 [Reserved]

52.215-5 ~~Facsimile Proposals.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.215-6 Place of Performance.

52.215-7 [Reserved]

52.215-8 Order of Precedence-Uniform Contract Format.

52.215-9 Changes or Additions to Make-or-Buy Program.

52.215-10 Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data.

52.215-11 Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications.

52.215-12 Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data.

52.215-13 Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications.

52.215-14 Integrity of Unit Prices.

52.215-15 Pension Adjustments and Asset Reversions.

52.215-16 Facilities Capital Cost of Money.

52.215-17 Waiver of Facilities Capital Cost of Money.

52.215-18 Reversion or Adjustment of Plans for Postretirement Benefits (PRB) Other Than Pensions.

52.215-19 Notification of Ownership Changes.

52.215-20 Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data and Data Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data.

52.215-21 Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data and Data Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data Modifications.

52.215-22 Limitations on Pass-Through Charges-Identification of Subcontract Effort.

52.215-23 Limitations on Pass-Through Charges.

52.216 [Reserved]

52.216-1 Type of Contract.

52.216-2 Economic Price Adjustment-Standard Supplies.

~~52.216-3 Economic Price Adjustment-Semistandard Supplies.~~

~~52.216-4 Economic Price Adjustment-Labor and Material.~~

52.216-5 Price Redetermination-Prospective.

~~52.216-6 Price Redetermination-Retroactive.~~

~~52.216-7 Allowable Cost and Payment.~~

~~52.216-8 Fixed Fee.~~

~~52.216-9 Fixed Fee-Construction.~~

52.216-10 Incentive Fee.

~~52.216-11 Cost Contract-No Fee.~~

~~52.216-12 Cost-Sharing Contract-No Fee.~~

~~52.216-13 [Reserved]~~

~~52.216-14 [Reserved]~~

~~52.216-15 Predetermined Indirect Cost Rates.~~

52.216-16 Incentive Price Revision-Firm Target.

~~52.216-17 Incentive Price Revision Successive Targets.~~

~~52.216-18 Ordering.~~

52.216-19 Order Limitations.

52.216-20 Definite Quantity.

~~52.216-21 Requirements.~~

~~52.216-22 Indefinite Quantity.~~

52.216-23 Execution and Commencement of Work.

~~52.216-24 Limitation of Government Liability.~~

52.216-25 Contract Definitization.

~~52.216-26 Payments of Allowable Costs Before Definitization.~~

~~52.216-27 Single or Multiple Awards.~~

~~52.216-28 Multiple Awards for Advisory and Assistance Services.~~

~~52.216-29 Time and Materials/Labor-Hour Proposal Requirements—Other Than Commercial Acquisition With Adequate Price Competition.~~

52.216-30 Time and Materials/Labor-Hour Proposal Requirements—Other Than Commercial Acquisition Without Adequate Price Competition.

~~52.216-31 Time and Materials/Labor-Hour Proposal Requirements—Commercial Acquisition.~~

~~52.216-32 Task Order and Delivery Order Ombudsman.~~

52.217 [Reserved]

52.217-1 [Reserved]

52.217-2 Cancellation Under ~~Multi-year~~[Multiyear](#) Contracts.

52.217-3 Evaluation Exclusive of Options.

52.217-4 Evaluation of Options Exercised at Time of Contract Award.

52.217-5 Evaluation of Options.

52.217-6 Option for Increased Quantity.

52.217-7 Option for Increased Quantity-Separately Priced Line Item.

52.217-8 Option to Extend Services.

52.217-9 Option to Extend the Term of the Contract.

52.217-10 Reverse Auction

52.217-11 Reverse Auction—Orders.

52.217-12 Reverse Auction Services.

52.218 [Reserved]

52.219 [Reserved]

52.219-1 Small Business Program Representations.

52.219-2 Equal Low Bids.

52.219-3 Notice of HUBZone Set-Aside or Sole-Source Award.

52.219-4 Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns.

52.219-5 [Reserved]

52.219-6 Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside.

52.219-7 Notice of Partial Small Business Set-Aside.

52.219-8 Utilization of Small Business Concerns.

52.219-9 Small Business Subcontracting Plan.

52.219-10 Incentive Subcontracting Program.

52.219-11 Special 8(a) Contract Conditions.

52.219-12 Special 8(a) Subcontract Conditions.

52.219-13 Notice of Set-Aside of Orders.

52.219-14 Limitations on Subcontracting.

52.219-15 [Reserved]

52.219-16 Liquidated Damages-Subcontracting Plan.

52.219-17 Section 8(a) Award.

52.219-18 Notification of Competition Limited to Eligible 8(a) Participants.

52.219-19 [Reserved]

52.219-20 [Reserved]

52.219-21 [Reserved]

52.219-22 [Reserved]

52.219-23 [Reserved]

52.219-24 [Reserved]

52.219-25 [Reserved]

52.219-26 [Reserved]

52.219-27 Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to, Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business (SDVOSB) Concerns Eligible Under the SDVOSB Program.

52.219-28 Postaward Small Business Program Rerepresentation.

52.219-29 Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to, Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns.

52.219-30 Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to, Women-Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the Women-Owned Small Business Program.

52.219-31 Notice of Small Business Reserve.

52.219-32 ~~Orders Issued Directly Under Small Business Reserves~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.219-33 Nonmanufacturer Rule.

~~52.220 [Reserved]~~

~~52.221 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222-1 Notice to the Government of Labor Disputes.~~

~~52.222-2 Payment for Overtime Premiums.~~

~~52.222-3 Convict Labor.~~

~~52.222-4 Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards—Overtime Compensation.~~

~~52.222-5 Construction Wage Rate Requirements—Secondary Site of the Work.~~

~~52.222-6 Construction Wage Rate Requirements.~~

~~52.222-7 Withholding of Funds.~~

~~52.222-8 Payrolls and Basic Records.~~

~~52.222-9 Apprentices and Trainees.~~

~~52.222-10 Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements.~~

~~52.222-11 Subcontracts (Labor Standards).~~

~~52.222-12 Contract Termination-Debarment.~~

~~52.222-13 Compliance with Construction Wage Rate Requirements and Related Regulations.~~

~~52.222-14 Disputes Concerning Labor Standards.~~

~~52.222-15 Certification of Eligibility.~~

~~52.222-16 Approval of Wage Rates.~~

~~52.222-17 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222-18 Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products.~~

~~52.222-19 Child Labor Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies.~~

~~52.222-20 Contracts for Materials, Supplies, Articles, and Equipment.~~

~~52.222-21 Prohibition of Segregated Facilities.~~

~~52.222-22 Previous Contracts and Compliance Reports.~~

~~52.222-23 Notice of Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Employment Opportunity for Construction.~~

~~52.222-24 Preaward On-Site Equal Opportunity Compliance Evaluation.~~

~~52.222-25 Affirmative Action Compliance.~~

~~52.222-26 Equal Opportunity.~~

~~52.222-27 Affirmative Action Compliance Requirements for Construction.~~

~~52.222-28 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222-29 Notification of Visa Denial.~~

~~52.222-30 Construction Wage Rate Requirements-Price Adjustment (None or Separately Specified Method).~~

~~52.222-31 Construction Wage Rate Requirements-Price Adjustment (Percentage Method).~~

~~52.222-32 Construction Wage Rate Requirements-Price Adjustment (Actual Method).~~

~~52.222-33 Notice of Requirement for Project Labor Agreement.~~

~~52.222-34 Project Labor Agreement.~~

~~52.222-35 Equal Opportunity for Veterans.~~

~~52.222-36 Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities.~~

~~52.222-37 Employment Reports on Veterans.~~

~~52.222-38 Compliance with Veterans' Employment Reporting Requirements.~~

~~52.222-39 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222-40 Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act.~~

~~52.222-41 Service Contract Labor Standards.~~

~~52.222-42 Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires.~~

~~52.222-43 Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts).~~

~~52.222-44 Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards Price Adjustment.~~

~~52.222-45 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222-46 Evaluation of Compensation for Professional Employees.~~

~~52.222-47 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222-48 Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Certification.~~

~~52.222-49 Service Contract Labor Standards Place of Performance Unknown.~~

~~52.222-50 Combating Trafficking in Persons.~~

~~52.222-51 Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Requirements.~~

~~52.222-52 Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services Certification.~~

~~52.222-53 Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services Requirements.~~

~~52.222-54 Employment Eligibility Verification.~~

~~52.222-55 Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive Order 14026.~~

~~52.222-56 Certification Regarding Trafficking in Persons Compliance Plan.~~

~~52.222-57 [Reserved].~~

~~52.222-58 [Reserved].~~

~~52.222-59 [Reserved].~~

~~52.222-60 [Reserved].~~

~~52.222-61 [Reserved].~~

~~52.222-62 Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706.~~

52.223 [Reserved]

52.223-1 Biobased Product Certification.

52.223-2 Reporting of Biobased Products Under Service and Construction Contracts.

52.223-3 Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data.

52.223-4 Recovered Material Certification.

52.223-5 Pollution Prevention and Right-to-Know Information.

52.223-6 [Reserved]

52.223-7 Notice of Radioactive Materials.

52.223-8 [Reserved]

52.223-9 Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items.

52.223-10 ~~Waste Reduction Program.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.223-11 Ozone-Depleting Substances ~~and High Global Warming Potential Hydrofluorocarbons.~~

52.223-12 Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners.

52.223-13 [Reserved]

52.223-14 [Reserved]

52.223-15 [Reserved]

52.223-16 [Reserved]

52.223-17 [Reserved]

52.223-18 [Reserved]

52.223-19 ~~Compliance with Environmental Management Systems.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.223-20 ~~Aerosols.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.223-21 ~~Foams~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~52.223-22 Public Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduction Goals Representation~~

[52.223-22 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.223-23 Sustainable Products and Services.

52.224 [Reserved]

52.224-1 Privacy Act Notification.

52.224-2 Privacy Act.

52.224-3 Privacy Training.

52.225 [Reserved]

52.225-1 Buy American-Supplies

52.225-2 Buy American Certificate.

52.225-3 Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act.

52.225-4 Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate.

52.225-5 Trade Agreements.

52.225-6 Trade Agreements Certificate.

52.225-7 Waiver of Buy American Statute for Civil Aircraft and Related Articles.

52.225-8 Duty-Free Entry.

52.225-9 Buy American-Construction Materials.

52.225-10 Notice of Buy American Requirement-Construction Materials.

52.225-11 Buy American-Construction Materials under Trade Agreements.

52.225-12 Notice of Buy American Requirement-Construction Materials Under Trade Agreements.

52.225-13 ~~Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.225-14 Inconsistency between English Version and Translation of Contract.

52.225-15 [Reserved]

52.225-16 [Reserved]

52.225-17 Evaluation of Foreign Currency Offers.

52.225-18 Place of Manufacture.

52.225-19 Contractor Personnel in a Designated Operational Area or Supporting a Diplomatic or Consular Mission Outside the United States.

~~52.225-20 Prohibition on Conducting Restricted Business Operations in Sudan Certification.~~

~~52.225-21 Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods Buy American Statute Construction Materials.~~

~~52.225-22 Notice of Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods Buy American Statute Construction Materials.~~

~~52.225-23 Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods Buy American Statute Construction Materials under Trade Agreements.~~

~~52.225-24 Notice of Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods Buy American Statute Construction Materials Under Trade Agreements.~~

~~52.225-25 Prohibition on Contracting With Entities Engaging in Certain Activities or Transactions Relating to Iran — Representation and Certifications.~~

[52.225-20 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.225-21 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.225-22 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.225-23 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.225-24 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.225-25 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.225-26 Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States.

52.226 [Reserved]

52.226-1 Utilization of Indian Organizations and Indian-Owned Economic Enterprises.

52.226-2 Historically Black College or University and Minority Institution Representation.

52.226-3 Disaster or Emergency Area Representation.

52.226-4 Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside.

52.226-5 Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area.

52.226-6 Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations.

52.226-7 Drug-Free Workplace.

52.226-8 Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging While Driving.

52.227 [Reserved]

52.227-1 Authorization and Consent.

52.227-2 Notice and Assistance Regarding Patent and Copyright Infringement.

52.227-3 Patent Indemnity.

52.227-4 Patent Indemnity-Construction Contracts.

52.227-5 Waiver of Indemnity.

52.227-6 Royalty Information.

52.227-7 ~~Patents-Notice of Government Licensee.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.227-8 [Reserved]

52.227-9 Refund of Royalties.

52.227-10 Filing of Patent Applications-Classified Subject Matter.

52.227-11 Patent Rights-Ownership by the Contractor.

52.227-12 [Reserved]

52.227-13 Patent Rights-Ownership by the Government.

52.227-14 Rights in Data-General.

52.227-15 Representation of Limited Rights Data and Restricted Computer Software.

52.227-16 Additional Data Requirements.

52.227-17 Rights in Data-Special Works.

52.227-18 ~~Rights in Data-Existing Works.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.227-19 ~~Commercial Computer Software License.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.227-20 Rights in Data-SBIR Program.

52.227-21 Technical Data Declaration, Revision, and Withholding of Payment-Major Systems.

52.227-22 Major System-Minimum Rights.

52.227-23 ~~Rights to Proposal Data (Technical).~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.228 [Reserved]

52.228-1 Bid Guarantee.

52.228-2 Additional Bond Security.

52.228-3 Workers' Compensation Insurance (Defense Base Act).

52.228-4 Workers' Compensation and War-Hazard Insurance Overseas.

52.228-5 Insurance-Work on a Government Installation.

52.228-6 [Reserved]

52.228-7 Insurance-Liability to Third Persons.

52.228-8 Liability and Insurance-Leased Motor Vehicles.

52.228-9 Cargo Insurance.

52.228-10 Vehicular and General Public Liability Insurance.

52.228-11 Individual Surety—Pledge of Assets.

52.228-12 Prospective Subcontractor Requests for Bonds.

52.228-13 Alternative Payment Protections.

52.228-14 Irrevocable Letter of Credit.

52.228-15 Performance and Payment Bonds-Construction.

52.228-16 Performance and Payment Bonds-Other Than Construction.

52.228-17 Individual Surety—Pledge of Assets (Bid Guarantee).

52.229 [Reserved]

52.229-1 State and Local Taxes.

52.229-2 North Carolina State and Local Sales and Use Tax.

52.229-3 Federal, State, and Local Taxes.

52.229-4 Federal, State, and Local Taxes (State and Local Adjustments).

52.229-5 [Reserved]

52.229-6 Taxes-Foreign Fixed-Price Contracts.

52.229-7 Taxes-Fixed-Price Contracts with Foreign Governments.

52.229-8 Taxes-Foreign Cost-Reimbursement Contracts.

52.229-9 Taxes-Cost-Reimbursement Contracts with Foreign Governments.

52.229-10 State of New Mexico Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax.

52.229-11 Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements—Notice and Representation.

52.229-12 Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements.

52.229-13 ~~Taxes—Foreign Contracts in Afghanistan.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

~~52.229-14 Taxes—Foreign Contracts in Afghanistan (North Atlantic Treaty Organization Status of Forces Agreement).~~

[52.229-14 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.230 [Reserved]

52.230-1 Cost Accounting Standards Notices and Certification.

52.230-2 Cost Accounting Standards.

52.230-3 Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices.

52.230-4 Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices-Foreign Concerns.

52.230-5 Cost Accounting Standards-Educational Institution.

52.230-6 Administration of Cost Accounting Standards.

52.230-7 Proposal Disclosure-Cost Accounting Practice Changes.

52.231 [Reserved]

~~52.232 [Reserved]~~

~~52.232-1 Payments.~~

~~52.232-2 Payments under Fixed-Price Research and Development Contracts.~~

~~52.232-3 Payments under Personal Services Contracts.~~

~~52.232-4 Payments under Transportation Contracts and Transportation-Related Services Contracts.~~

~~52.232-5 Payments under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts.~~

~~52.232-6 Payment under Communication Service Contracts with Common Carriers.~~

~~52.232-7 Payments under Time and Materials and Labor-Hour Contracts.~~

~~52.232-8 Discounts for Prompt Payment.~~

~~52.232-9 Limitation on Withholding of Payments.~~

~~52.232-10 Payments under Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts.~~

~~52.232-11 Extras.~~

~~52.232-12 Advance Payments.~~

~~52.232-13 Notice of Progress Payments.~~

~~52.232-14 Notice of Availability of Progress Payments Exclusively for Small Business Concerns.~~

~~52.232-15 Progress Payments Not Included.~~

~~52.232-16 Progress Payments.~~

~~52.232-17 Interest.~~

~~52.232-18 Availability of Funds.~~

~~52.232-19 Availability of Funds for the Next Fiscal Year.~~

~~52.232-20 Limitation of Cost.~~

~~52.232-21 [Reserved]~~

~~52.232-22 Limitation of Funds.~~

~~52.232-23 Assignment of Claims.~~

~~52.232-24 Prohibition of Assignment of Claims.~~

~~52.232-25 Prompt Payment.~~

~~52.232-26 Prompt Payment for Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts.~~

~~52.232-27 Prompt Payment for Construction Contracts.~~

~~52.232-28 Invitation to Propose Performance-Based Payments.~~

~~52.232-29 Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Products and Commercial Services.~~

~~52.232-30 Installment Payments for Commercial Products and Commercial Services.~~

~~52.232-31 Invitation to Propose Financing Terms.~~

~~52.232-32 Performance-Based Payments.~~

~~52.232-33 Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer System for Award Management.~~

~~52.232-34 Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other than System for Award Management.~~

~~52.232-35 Designation of Office for Government Receipt of Electronic Funds Transfer Information.~~

~~52.232-36 Payment by Third Party.~~

~~52.232-37 Multiple Payment Arrangements.~~

~~52.232-38 Submission of Electronic Funds Transfer Information with Offer.~~

~~52.232-39 Unenforceability of Unauthorized Obligations.~~

~~52.232-40 Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors.~~

52.233 [Reserved]

52.233-1 Disputes.

52.233-2 Service of Protest.

52.233-3 Protest after Award.

52.233-4 Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim.

52.234 [Reserved]

52.234-1 Industrial Resources Developed Under Title III, [of the](#) Defense Production Act.

~~52.234-2 Notice of Earned Value Management System-Preaward Integrated Baseline~~ [52.234-2 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.234-3 \[Reserved\]](#)

Review.

~~52.234-3 Notice of Earned Value Management System-Post Award Postaward Integrated Baseline~~

Review.52.234-4 Earned Value Management System.

52.235 [Reserved]

52.236 [Reserved]

52.236-1 ~~Performance of Work by the Contractor.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.236-2 Differing Site Conditions.

52.236-3 Site Investigation and Conditions Affecting the Work.

52.236-4 ~~Physical Data.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.236-5 Material and Workmanship.

52.236-6 Superintendence by the Contractor.

52.236-7 Permits and Responsibilities.

52.236-8 Other Contracts.

52.236-9 Protection of Existing Vegetation, Structures, Equipment, Utilities, and Improvements.

52.236-10 Operations and Storage Areas.

52.236-11 Use and Possession Prior to Completion.

52.236-12 Cleaning Up.

52.236-13 Accident Prevention.

52.236-14 Availability and Use of Utility Services.

52.236-15 Schedules for Construction Contracts.

52.236-16 Quantity Surveys.

52.236-17 Layout of Work.

52.236-18 Work Oversight in Cost-Reimbursement Construction Contracts.

52.236-19 ~~Organization and Direction of the Work.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.236-20 [Reserved]

52.236-21 Specifications and Drawings for Construction.

52.236-22 Design Within Funding Limitations.

52.236-23 Responsibility of the Architect-Engineer Contractor.

52.236-24 Work Oversight in Architect-Engineer Contracts.

52.236-25 Requirements for Registration of Designers.

52.236-26 ~~Preconstruction Conference.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.236-27 ~~Site Visit (Construction).~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.236-28 ~~Preparation of Proposals Construction.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.237 [Reserved]

52.237-1 Site Visit.

52.237-2 Protection of Government Buildings, Equipment, and Vegetation.

52.237-3 Continuity of Services.

52.237-4 Payment by Government to Contractor.

52.237-5 Payment by Contractor to Government.

52.237-6 Incremental Payment by Contractor to Government.

52.237-7 Indemnification and Medical Liability Insurance.

52.237-8 Restriction on Severance Payments to Foreign Nationals.

52.237-9 Waiver of Limitation on Severance Payments to Foreign Nationals.

52.237-10 Identification of Uncompensated Overtime.

~~52.238 [Reserved]~~

52.239 [Reserved]

52.239-1 ~~Privacy or Security Safeguards.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.240 [Reserved]

52.240-1 ~~Prohibition on Unmanned Aircraft Systems Manufactured or Assembled by American~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

[52.240-90 Security Drone Act Covered Foreign Entities Prohibitions and Exclusions Representations and Certifications.](#)

[52.240-91 Security Prohibitions and Exclusions.](#)

[52.240-92 Security Requirements.](#)

[52.240-93 Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information Systems.](#)

52.241 Utility Services Provisions and Clauses.

52.241-1 Electric Service Territory Compliance Representation.

52.241-2 Order of Precedence-Utilities.

52.241-3 Scope and Duration of Contract.

52.241-4 Change in Class of Service.

52.241-5 Contractor's Facilities.

52.241-6 Service Provisions.

52.241-7 Change in Rates or Terms and Conditions of Service for Regulated Services.

52.241-8 Change in Rates or Terms and Conditions of Service for Unregulated Services.

52.241-9 Connection Charge.

52.241-10 Termination Liability.

52.241-11 Multiple Service Locations.

52.241-12 Nonrefundable, Nonrecurring Service Charge.

52.241-13 Capital Credits.

52.242 [Reserved]

52.242-1 Notice of Intent to Disallow Costs.

52.242-2 Production Progress Reports.

52.242-3 Penalties for Unallowable Costs.

52.242-4 Certification of Final Indirect Costs.

52.242-5 Payments to Small Business Subcontractors.

52.242-6 [Reserved]

52.242-7 [Reserved]

52.242-8 [Reserved]

52.242-9 [Reserved]

52.242-10 [Reserved] 52.242-11 [Reserved]

52.242-12 [Reserved]

52.242-13 Bankruptcy.

52.242-14 Suspension of Work.

52.242-15 Stop-Work Order.

52.242-16 [Reserved]

52.242-17 Government Delay of Work.

52.243 [Reserved]

52.243-1 Changes-Fixed-Price.

52.243-2 Changes-Cost-Reimbursement.

52.243-3 Changes-Time-and-Materials or Labor-Hours.

52.243-4 Changes.

52.243-5 Changes and Changed Conditions.

52.243-6 Change Order Accounting.

52.243-7 Notification of Changes.

52.244 [Reserved]

52.244-1 [Reserved]

52.244-2 Subcontracts.

52.244-3 [Reserved]

52.244-4 Subcontractors and Outside Associates and Consultants (Architect-Engineer Services).

52.244-5 Competition in Subcontracting.

52.244-6 Subcontracts for Commercial Products and Commercial Services.

52.245 [Reserved]

52.245-1 Government Property.

52.245-2 Government Property Installation Operation Services.

52.245-3 [Reserved]

52.245-4 [Reserved]

52.245-5 [Reserved]

52.245-6 [Reserved]

52.245-7 [Reserved]

52.245-8 [Reserved]

52.245-9 Use and Charges.

52.246 [Reserved]

52.246-1 Contractor Inspection Requirements.

52.246-2 Inspection of Supplies-Fixed-Price.

52.246-3 Inspection of Supplies-Cost-Reimbursement.

52.246-4 Inspection of Services-Fixed-Price.

52.246-5 Inspection of Services-Cost-Reimbursement.

52.246-6 Inspection-Time-and-Material and Labor-Hour.

52.246-7 Inspection of Research and Development-Fixed-Price.

52.246-8 Inspection of Research and Development-Cost-Reimbursement.

52.246-9 Inspection of Research and Development (Short Form).

52.246-10 [Reserved]

52.246-11 Higher-Level Contract Quality Requirement.

52.246-12 Inspection of Construction.

52.246-13 Inspection-Dismantling, Demolition, or Removal of Improvements.

52.246-14 Inspection of Transportation.

52.246-15 Certificate of Conformance.

52.246-16 Responsibility for Supplies.

52.246-17 Warranty of Supplies of a Noncomplex Nature.

52.246-18 Warranty of Supplies of a Complex Nature.

52.246-19 Warranty of Systems and Equipment under Performance Specifications or Design Criteria.

52.246-20 Warranty of Services.

52.246-21 Warranty of Construction.

52.246-22 [Reserved]

52.246-23 Limitation of Liability.

52.246-24 Limitation of Liability-High-Value Items.

52.246-25 Limitation of Liability-Services.

52.246-26 Reporting Nonconforming Items.

52.247 [Reserved]

52.247-1 Commercial Bill of Lading Notations.

52.247-2 Permits, Authorities, or Franchises.

52.247-3 Capability to Perform a Contract for the Relocation of a Federal Office.

52.247-4 Inspection of Shipping and Receiving Facilities.

52.247-5 Familiarization with Conditions.

52.247-6 Financial Statement.

52.247-7 Freight Excluded.

52.247-8 Estimated Weights or Quantities Not Guaranteed.

52.247-9 Agreed Weight-General Freight.

52.247-10 Net Weight-General Freight.

52.247-11 Net Weight-Household Goods or Office Furniture.

52.247-12 ~~Supervision, Labor, or Materials.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-13 Accessorial Services-Moving Contracts.

52.247-14 ~~Contractor Responsibility for Receipt of Shipment.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-15 Contractor Responsibility for Loading and Unloading.

52.247-16 ~~Contractor Responsibility for Returning Undelivered Freight.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-17 Charges.

52.247-18 Multiple Shipments.

52.247-19 Stopping in Transit for Partial Unloading.

52.247-20 ~~Estimated Quantities or Weights for Evaluation of Offers.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-21 Contractor Liability for Personal Injury and/or Property Damage.

52.247-22 Contractor Liability for Loss of and/or Damage to Freight other than Household Goods.

52.247-23 Contractor Liability for Loss of and/or Damage to Household Goods.

52.247-24 ~~Advance Notification by the Government.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-25 ~~Government Furnished Equipment With or Without Operators.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-26 ~~Government Direction and Marking.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-27 ~~Contract Not Affected by Oral Agreement.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-28 ~~Contractor's Invoices.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-29 F.o.b. Origin.

52.247-30 F.o.b. Origin, Contractor's Facility.

52.247-31 F.o.b. Origin, Freight Allowed.

52.247-32 F.o.b. Origin, Freight Prepaid.

52.247-33 F.o.b. Origin, with Differentials.

52.247-34 F.o.b. Destination.

52.247-35 F.o.b. Destination, Within Consignee's Premises.

52.247-36 F.a.s. Vessel, Port of Shipment.

52.247-37 F.o.b. Vessel, Port of Shipment.

52.247-38 F.o.b. Inland Carrier, Point of Exportation.

52.247-39 F.o.b. Inland Point, Country of Importation.

52.247-40 ~~Ex Dock, Pier, or Warehouse, Port of Importation.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-41 ~~C.&f. Destination.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-42 ~~C.i.f. Destination.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~52.247-43 F.o.b. Designated Air Carrier's Terminal, Point of Exportation.~~

~~52.247-44 F.o.b. Designated Air Carrier's Terminal, Point of Importation.~~

~~52.247-43~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~52.247-44~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-45 ~~F.o.b. Origin and/or F.o.b. Destination Evaluation.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-46 ~~Shipping Point(s) Used in Evaluation of F.o.b. Origin Offers.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-47 ~~Evaluation F.o.b. Origin.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-48 F.o.b. Destination-Evidence of Shipment.

52.247-49 ~~Destination Unknown.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-50 ~~No Evaluation of Transportation Costs.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-51 ~~Evaluation of Export Offers.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-52 Clearance and Documentation Requirements-Shipments to DoD Air or Water Terminal Transshipment Points.

52.247-53 Freight Classification Description.

52.247-54 [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-55 ~~F.o.b. Point for Delivery of Government-Furnished Property.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-56 Transit Arrangements.

52.247-57 ~~Transportation Transit Privilege Credits.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-58 Loading, Blocking, and Bracing of Freight Car Shipments.

52.247-59 ~~F.o.b. Origin Carload and Truckload Shipments.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-60 ~~Guaranteed Shipping Characteristics.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-61 ~~F.o.b. Origin Minimum Size of Shipments.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-62 ~~Specific Quantities Unknown.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-63 Preference for U.S.-Flag Air Carriers.

52.247-64 Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels.

52.247-65 ~~F.o.b. Origin, Prepaid Freight Small Package Shipments~~[Reserved.](#)

52.247-66 ~~Returnable Cylinders.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-67 Submission of Transportation Documents for Audit.

52.247-68 Report of Shipment (REPSHIP).

52.247-69 Reporting Requirement for U.S.-Flag Air Carriers Regarding Training to Prevent Human Trafficking.

52.248 [Reserved]

52.248-1 Value Engineering.

52.248-2 Value Engineering-Architect-Engineer.

52.248-3 Value Engineering-Construction.

52.249 [Reserved]

52.249-1 Termination for Convenience of the Government (Fixed-Price) (Short Form).

52.249-2 Termination for Convenience of the Government (Fixed-Price).

52.249-3 Termination for Convenience of the Government (Dismantling, Demolition, or Removal of Improvements).

52.249-4 Termination for Convenience of the Government (Services) (Short Form).

52.249-5 Termination for Convenience of the Government (Educational and Other Nonprofit Institutions).

52.249-6 Termination (Cost-Reimbursement).

52.249-7 Termination (Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer).

52.249-8 Default (Fixed-Price Supply and Service).

52.249-9 Default (Fixed-Price Research and Development).

52.249-10 Default (Fixed-Price Construction).

52.249-11 [Reserved]

52.249-12 Termination (Personal Services).

52.249-13 [Reserved]

52.249-14 Excusable Delays.

52.250 [Reserved]

52.250-1 Indemnification Under Public ~~Law 85~~ [Law 85](#)-804.

52.250-2 SAFETY Act Coverage Not Applicable.

52.250-3 SAFETY Act Block Designation/Certification.

52.250-4 SAFETY Act Pre-qualification Designation Notice.

52.250-5 SAFETY ~~Act~~ [Equitable](#) [Act-Equitable](#) Adjustment. [Parent topic: Federal Acquisition Regulation](#)

~~52.251 [Reserved]~~

~~52.251-1 Government Supply Sources.~~

~~52.251-2 Interagency Fleet Management System Vehicles and Related Services.~~

~~52.252 [Reserved]~~

~~52.252-1 Solicitation Provisions Incorporated by Reference.~~

~~52.252-2 Clauses Incorporated by Reference.~~

~~52.252-3 Alterations in Solicitation.~~

~~52.252-4 Alterations in Contract.~~

~~52.252-5 Authorized Deviations in Provisions.~~

~~52.252-6 Authorized Deviations in Clauses.~~

~~52.253 [Reserved]~~

~~52.253-1 Computer Generated Forms. Subpart 52.3—Provision and Clause Matrix~~

~~52.300 Scope of subpart.~~

~~52.301 Solicitation provisions and contract clauses (Matrix). Parent topic:~~

~~52.000 Scope of part.~~

~~This part-~~

~~Gives instructions for using provisions and clauses in solicitations and/or contracts;~~

~~Sets forth the solicitation provisions and contract clauses prescribed by this regulation; and~~

~~Presents a matrix listing the FAR provisions and clauses applicable to each principal contract type and/or purpose (e.g., fixed-price supply, cost reimbursement research and development).~~

~~Subpart 52.1—Instructions for Using Provisions and Clauses~~

~~52.100 Scope of subpart.~~

~~This subpart-~~

~~Gives instructions for using part 52, including the explanation and use of provision and clause numbers, prescriptions, prefaces, and the matrix;~~

~~Prescribes procedures for incorporating, identifying, and modifying provisions and clauses in solicitations and contracts, and for using alternates; and~~

~~Describes the derivation of FAR provisions and clauses.~~

~~52.101 Using Part 52.~~

~~Definition. "Modification," as used in this subpart, means a minor change in the details of a provision or clause that is specifically authorized by the FAR and does not alter the substance of the provision or clause (see 52.104).~~

~~Numbering—~~

~~FAR provisions and clauses. subpart 52.2 sets forth the text of all FAR provisions and clauses, each in its own separate subsection. The subpart is arranged by subject matter, in the same order as, and keyed to, the parts of the FAR. Each FAR provision or clause is uniquely identified. All FAR provision and clause numbers begin with "52.2," since the text of all FAR provisions and clauses appear in subpart 52.2. The next two digits of the provision or clause number correspond to the number of the FAR subject part in which the provision or clause is prescribed. The FAR provision or clause number is then completed by a hyphen and a sequential number assigned within each section of subpart 52.2. The following example illustrates the makeup of the FAR provision or clause number (see Figure 1 below).~~

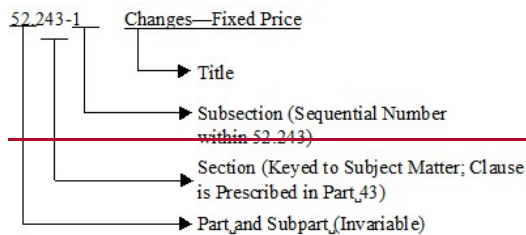


Figure 1

Provisions or clauses that supplement the FAR.

(i) Provisions or clauses that supplement the FAR are—

Prescribed and included in authorized agency acquisition regulations issued within an agency to satisfy the specific needs of the agency as a whole;

Prescribed and included in a regulation issued by a suborganization of an agency to satisfy the needs of that particular suborganization; or

Developed for use at a suborganizational level of an agency, not meant for repetitive use, but intended to meet the needs of an individual acquisition and, thus, impractical to include in either an agency or suborganization acquisition regulation. (See (c).)

(ii) Supplemental provisions or clauses published in agency acquisition regulations shall be in full text and the prescription for the use of each shall be included. Supplemental provisions or clauses published in agency acquisition regulations shall be numbered in the same manner in which FAR provisions and clauses are numbered except that—

If it is included in an agency acquisition regulation that is published in the Federal Register and is codified in Title 48, Code of Federal Regulations (48 CFR), the number shall be preceded by the chapter number within 48 CFR assigned by the CFR staff; and

The sequential number shall be "70" or a higher number (see —

(iii) The sequential number at the end of the number of a provision or clause that supplements the FAR, like its counterpart at the end of any FAR provision or clause number, indicates the subsection location of the provision or clause in subpart

52.2 of the agency acquisition regulation that contains its full text. If, for example, an agency acquisition regulation contains only one provision followed by only one clause supplementing the FAR in its section 52.236 (Construction and Architect-Engineer Contracts), then the sequential numbers would be "70" for the provision and "71" for the clause.

Prescriptions. Each provision or clause in subpart 52.2 is prescribed at that place in the FAR text where the subject matter of the provision or clause receives its primary treatment. The prescription includes all conditions, requirements, and instructions for using the provision or clause and its alternates, if any. The provision or clause may be referred to in other FAR locations.

Introductory text. Within subpart 52.2, the introductory text of each provision or clause includes a cross-reference to the location in the FAR subject text that prescribes its use.

Matrix.

(1) The matrix may be accessed via the internet at [The matrix](#). The matrix contains a column for each principal type and/or purpose of contract (e.g., fixed price supply, cost reimbursement research and development). The matrix lists the—

Required solicitation provisions;

Required when-applicable solicitation provisions;

Optional solicitation provisions;

Required contract clauses;

Required when-applicable contract clauses; and

Optional contract clauses.

(2) For each provision or clause listed, the matrix provides information on—

Whether incorporation by reference is or is not authorized (see 52.102);

The section of the Uniform Contract Format (UCF) in which it is to be located, if it is used in an acquisition that is subject to the UCF;

Its number;

The citation of the FAR text that prescribes its use; and (v) Its title.

Since the matrix does not provide sufficient information to determine the applicability of a provision or clause in the "required when applicable" and "optional" categories, contracting officers shall refer to the FAR text (cited in the matrix) that prescribes its use.

The FAR matrix may be reproduced at agency levels, and at subordinate levels, for the purpose of supplementing it with agency-developed provisions and clauses. The resulting consolidated matrices may be included in agency acquisition regulations.

(f) Dates. Since they are subject to revision from time to time, all provisions, clauses, and alternates are dated; e.g., (Dec 1983). To avoid questions concerning which version of any provision, clause, or alternate is operative in any given solicitation or contract, its date shall be included whether it is incorporated by reference or in full text.

52.102 Incorporating provisions and clauses.

(a) Provisions and clauses should be incorporated by reference to the maximum practical extent, rather than being incorporated in full text, even if they—

~~Are used with one or more alternates or on an optional basis;~~

~~Are prescribed on a "substantially as follows" or "substantially the same as" basis, provided they are used verbatim;~~

~~Require modification or the insertion by the Government of fill-in material (see 52.104); or~~

~~Require completion by the offeror or prospective contractor. This instruction also applies to provisions completed as annual representations and certifications.~~

~~Except for provisions and clauses prescribed in 52.107, any provision or clause that can be accessed electronically by the offeror or prospective contractor may be incorporated by reference in solicitations and/or contracts. However, the contracting officer, upon request, shall provide the full text of any provision or clause incorporated by reference.~~

~~Agency approved provisions and clauses prescribed in agency acquisition regulations, and FAR provisions and clauses not authorized to be incorporated by reference as shown in the matrix at need not be incorporated in full text, provided the contracting officer includes in the solicitation and contract a statement that—~~

~~Identifies all provisions and clauses that require completion by the offeror or prospective contractor;~~

~~Specifies that the provisions and clauses must be completed by the offeror or prospective contractor and must be submitted with the quotation or offer; and~~

~~Identifies to the offeror or prospective contractor at least one electronic address where the full text may be accessed.~~

~~An agency may develop a group listing of provisions and clauses that apply to a specific category of contracts. An agency group listing may be incorporated by reference in solicitations and/or contracts in lieu of citing the provisions and clauses individually, provided the group listing is made available electronically to offerors and prospective contractors.~~

~~A provision or clause that is not available electronically to offerors and prospective contractors shall be incorporated in solicitations and/or contracts in full text if it is—~~

~~A FAR provision or clause that otherwise is not authorized to be incorporated by reference (see ; or~~

~~A provision or clause prescribed for use in an agency acquisition regulation.~~

~~(f) Provisions or clauses may not be incorporated by reference by being listed in the (1) Provision at 52.252-3, Alterations in Solicitations; or~~

~~(2) Clause at 52.252-4, Alterations in Contract.~~

~~52.103 Identification of provisions and clauses.~~

~~Whenever any FAR provision or clause is used without deviation in a solicitation or contract, whether it is incorporated by reference or in full text, it shall be identified by number, title, and date. This identification shall~~

also be used if the FAR provision or clause is used with an authorized deviation, except that the contracting officer shall then insert "

(DEVIATION)" after the date. Solicited firms and contractors will be advised of the meaning of this insertion through the use of the (1) provision at 52.252-5, Authorized Deviations in Provisions, or (2) clause at 52.252-6, Authorized Deviations in Clauses. The above mentioned provision and clause are prescribed in 52.107(e) and (f).

Any provision or clause that supplements the FAR whether it is incorporated by reference or in full text shall be clearly identified by number, title, date, and name of the regulation. When a supplemental provision or clause is used with an authorized deviation, insert "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation.

A provision or clause of the type described in 52.101(b)(2)(i)(C) shall be identified by the title, date, and the name of the agency or suborganization within the agency that developed it.

Except for provisions or clauses covered by 52.103(c), the following hypothetical examples illustrate how a provision or clause that supplements the FAR shall be identified when it is incorporated in solicitations and/or contracts by reference or in full text:

If ~~(Sealed Bidding)~~ of the X Agency Acquisition Regulation, published in the Federal Register and codified as Chapter 99 in 48 CFR, prescribes the use of a provision entitled "Bid Envelopes," dated October 1983, and that provision is sequentially the first provision or clause appearing in Section 52.214 of the X Agency Acquisition Regulation, then the identification of that provision shall be "9952.214-70 Bid Envelopes (Oct 1983)."

Assume that Y, a major organizational element of the X Agency, is authorized to issue the Y Acquisition Regulation, which is not published in the Federal Register and codified in 48 CFR. If ~~(Construction and Architect-Engineer Contracts)~~ of the Y Acquisition Regulation prescribes the use of a clause entitled "Refrigerated Display Cases," dated March 1983, pertaining to a specialized type of construction work, and that clause is sequentially the second provision or clause appearing in Section 52.236 of the Y Acquisition Regulation, then the identification of that clause shall be "52.23671 Refrigerated Display Cases (Mar 1983) Y Acquisition Regulation."

~~52.104 Procedures for modifying and completing provisions and clauses.~~

~~(a) The contracting officer must not modify provisions and clauses unless the FAR authorizes their modification. For example-~~

~~"The contracting officer may use a period shorter than 60 days (but not less than 30 days) in paragraph (x) of the clause"; or~~

~~"The contracting officer may substitute the words 'task order' for the word 'Schedule' wherever that word appears in the clause."~~

~~When modifying provisions or clauses incorporated by reference, insert the changed wording directly below the title of the provision or clause identifying to the lowest level necessary (e.g., paragraph, sentence, word), to clearly indicate what is being modified.~~

~~When modifying provisions or clauses incorporated in full text, modify the language directly by substituting the changed wording as permitted.~~

When completing blanks in provisions or clauses incorporated by reference, insert the fill-in information directly below the title of the provision or clause identifying to the lowest level necessary to clearly indicate the blanks being filled in.

When completing blanks in provisions or clauses incorporated in full text, insert the fill-in information in the blanks of the provision or clause.

52.105 Procedures for using alternates.

The FAR accommodates a major variation in a provision or clause by use of an alternate. The FAR prescribes alternates to a given provision or clause in the FAR subject text where the provision or clause is prescribed. The alternates to each provision or clause are titled "Alternate I," "Alternate II," "Alternate III," etc.

When an alternate is used, its date shall be cited along with the date of the basic provision or clause; e.g., 52.209-3 First Article Approval Contractor Testing (Oct 1983)-Alternate I (Dec 1983).

Under certain circumstances, a provision or clause may be used with two or more alternates. In these circumstances, each of the applicable alternates shall be cited, whether incorporated by reference or in full text; e.g., 52.209-3 First Article Approval Contractor Testing (Oct 1983)-Alternate I (Dec 1983) and Alternate II (Feb 1984). However, under no circumstances may an alternate to a specific provision or clause be applied to any other provision or clause.

52.106 [Reserved]

52.107 Provisions and clauses prescribed in subpart 52.1.

The contracting officer shall insert the provision at 52.252-1, Solicitation Provisions Incorporated by Reference, in solicitations in order to incorporate provisions by reference.

The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 52.252-2, Clauses Incorporated by Reference, in solicitations and contracts in order to incorporate clauses by reference.

The contracting officer shall insert the provision at 52.252-3, Alterations in Solicitation, in solicitations in order to revise or supplement, as necessary, other parts of the solicitation that apply to the solicitation phase only, except for any provision authorized for use with a deviation.

The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 52.252-4, Alterations in Contract, in solicitations and contracts in order to revise or supplement, as necessary, other parts of the contract, or parts of the solicitations that apply to the contract phase, except for any clause authorized for use with a deviation.

The contracting officer shall insert the provision at 52.252-5, Authorized Deviations in Provisions, in solicitations that include any FAR or supplemental provision with an authorized deviation. Whenever any FAR or supplemental provision is used with an authorized deviation, the contracting officer shall identify it by the same number, title, and date assigned to the provision when it is used without deviation, include regulation name for any supplemental provision, except that the contracting officer shall insert "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the provision.

The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 52.252-6, Authorized Deviations in Clauses, in solicitations and contracts that include any FAR or supplemental clause with an authorized deviation. Whenever any FAR or

~~supplemental clause is used with an authorized deviation, the contracting officer shall identify it by the same number, title, and date assigned to the clause when it is used without deviation, include regulation name for any supplemental clause, except that the contracting officer shall insert "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the clause.~~

Subpart 52.2 - Text of Provisions and Clauses

~~52.200 Scope of subpart.~~

~~This subpart sets forth the text of all FAR provisions and clauses (see 52.101(b)(1)) and gives a cross reference to the location in the FAR that prescribes the provision or clause.~~

52.201 [Reserved]

~~52.201-1 Acquisition 360: Voluntary Survey.~~

~~As prescribed in (b), insert the following provision:~~

~~Acquisition 360: Voluntary Survey (Sep 2023)~~

~~(a) All actual and potential offerors are encouraged to provide feedback on the preaward and debriefing processes, as applicable. Feedback may be provided to agencies up to 45 days after award. The feedback is anonymous, unless the participant self-identifies in the survey. Actual and potential offerors can participate in the survey by selecting the following link:-~~

~~(b) The Contracting Officer will not review the information provided until after contract award and will not consider it in the award decision. The survey is voluntary and does not convey any protections, rights, or grounds for protest. It creates a way for actual and potential offerors to provide the Government constructive feedback about the preaward and debriefing processes, as applicable, used for a specific acquisition.~~

~~(End of provision)~~ 52.202 [Reserved]

~~52.202-1 Definitions.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Definitions (Jun 2020)~~

~~When a solicitation provision or contract clause uses a word or term that is defined in the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), the word or term has the same meaning as the definition in FAR in effect at the time the solicitation was issued, unless-~~

~~The solicitation, or amended solicitation, provides a different definition;~~

~~The contracting parties agree to a different definition;~~

~~The part, subpart, or section of the FAR where the provision or clause is prescribed provides a different meaning;~~

~~The word or term is defined in FAR for use in the cost principles and procedures; or~~

~~The word or term defines an acquisition-related threshold, and if the threshold is adjusted for inflation as set forth in FAR a), then the changed threshold applies throughout the remaining term of the contract, unless there is a subsequent threshold adjustment; see FAR d).~~

(End of clause)

52.203 [Reserved]

52.203-1 [Reserved]

52.203-2 Certificate of Independent Price Determination.

As prescribed in [3.103-1](#), insert the following provision. If the solicitation is a Request for Quotations, the terms "Quotation" and "Quoter" may be substituted for "Offer" and "Offeror."

Certificate of Independent Price Determination (Apr 1985)

(a) The offeror certifies that-

(1) The prices in this offer have been arrived at independently, without, for the purpose of restricting competition, any consultation, communication, or agreement with any other offeror or competitor relating to (i) Those prices;

The intention to submit an offer; or

The methods or factors used to calculate the prices offered.

The prices in this offer have not been and will not be knowingly disclosed by the offeror, directly ~~or indirectly~~ [or indirectly](#), to ~~any other~~ [any other](#) offeror or competitor before bid opening (in the case of a sealed bid solicitation) or contract award (in the case of a negotiated solicitation) unless otherwise required by law; and

No attempt has been made or will be made by the offeror to induce any other concern to submit or not ~~to submit an offer~~ [to submit an offer](#) for the purpose of restricting competition.

(b) Each signature on the offer is considered to be a certification by the signatory that the signatory-

(1) Is the person in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices being offered in this bid or proposal, and that the signatory has not participated and will not participate in any action contrary to paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision; or

(2)

Has been authorized, in writing, to act as agent for the following principals in certifying that those ~~principals have not participated~~ [principal have not participated](#), and will not participate in any action contrary to paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision _____ [insert full name of person(s) in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices offered in this bid or proposal, and the title of his or her position in the offeror's organization];

As an authorized agent, does certify that the principals named in subdivision (b)(2)(i) of this provision ~~have not participated~~ havenot participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision; and

~~(iii)~~ As an agent, has not personally participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision.

(c) If the offeror deletes or modifies subparagraph (a)(2) above, the offeror must furnish with its offer a signed statement setting forth in detail the circumstances of the disclosure.

(End of provision)

52.203-3 Gratuities.

As prescribed in 3.202, insert the following clause:

Gratuities (Apr 1984)

(a) The right of the Contractor to proceed may be terminated by written notice if, after notice and hearing, the agency head or a designee determines that the Contractor, its agent, or another representative-

Offered or gave a gratuity (e.g., an entertainment or gift) to an officer, official, or employee of the Government; and

Intended, by the gratuity, to obtain a contract or favorable treatment under a contract.

The facts supporting this determination may be reviewed by any court having lawful jurisdiction.

If this contract is terminated under paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government is entitled-

To pursue the same remedies as in a breach of the contract; and

In addition to any other damages provided by law, to exemplary damages of not less than 3 nor more than ~~10 times the cost~~ 10times the cost incurred by the Contractor in giving gratuities to the person concerned, as determined by the agency head or a designee. (This paragraph (c)(2) is applicable only if this contract uses money appropriated to the Department of Defense.)

(d) The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause shall not be exclusive and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.203-4 [Reserved]

52.203-5 Covenant Against Contingent Fees.

As prescribed in 3.404, insert the following clause:

Covenant Against Contingent Fees (May 2014)

The Contractor warrants that no person or agency has been employed or retained to solicit or obtain ~~this contract upon an~~ this contract upon an agreement or understanding for a contingent fee, except a bona fide employee or agency. For breach or violation of this warranty, the Government shall have the right to annul this contract without liability or, to deduct from the contract price or consideration, or otherwise recover, the full amount of the contingent fee.

"Bona fide agency," as used in this clause, means an established commercial or selling agency, maintained ~~by a contractor~~ by a contractor for the purpose of securing business, that neither exerts nor proposes to exert improper influence to solicit or obtain Government contracts nor holds itself out as being able to obtain any Government contract or contracts through improper influence.

Bona fide employee, as used in this clause, means a person, employed by a contractor and subject to the contractor's supervision and control as to time, place, and manner of performance, who neither exerts nor proposes to exert improper influence to solicit or obtain Government contracts nor holds out as being able to obtain any Government contract or contracts through improper influence.

Contingent fee, as used in this clause, means any commission, percentage, brokerage, or other fee that is contingent upon the success that a person or concern has in securing a Government contract.

Improper influence, as used in this clause, means any influence that induces or tends to induce a Government employee or officer to give consideration or to act regarding a Government contract on any basis other than the merits of the matter.

(End of clause)

52.203-6 Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government.

As prescribed in 3.503-2, insert the following clause:

Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (Jun 2020)

Except as provided in (b) of this clause, the Contractor shall not enter into any agreement with an actual ~~or prospective subcontractor~~ or prospective subcontractor, nor otherwise act in any manner, which has or may have the effect of restricting sales by such subcontractors directly to the Government of any item or process (including computer software) made or furnished by the subcontractor under this contract or under any follow-on production contract.

The prohibition in (a) of this clause does not preclude the Contractor from asserting rights that are ~~otherwise authorized by~~ otherwise authorized by law or regulation.

The Contractor agrees to incorporate the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in ~~all subcontracts under this~~ all subcontracts under this contract which exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation 2.101 on the date of subcontract award.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Nov 2021). As prescribed in 3.503-2, substitute the following paragraph in place of paragraph (b) of the basic clause:

(b) The prohibition in paragraph (a) of this clause does not preclude the Contractor from asserting rights that are otherwise authorized by law or regulation. For acquisitions of commercial products or commercial services), the prohibition in paragraph (a) applies only to the extent that any agreement restricting sales by subcontractors results in the Federal Government being treated differently from any other prospective purchaser for the sale of the commercial product(s) and commercial service(s).

52.203-7 Anti-Kickback Procedures.

As prescribed in [3.502-3](#) , insert the following clause:

Anti-Kickback Procedures (Jun 2020) (a) Definitions.

Kickback, as used in this clause, means any money, fee, commission, credit, gift, gratuity, thing of value, or compensation of any kind which is provided to any prime Contractor, prime Contractor employee, subcontractor, or subcontractor employee for the purpose of improperly obtaining or rewarding favorable treatment in connection with a prime contract or in connection with a subcontract relating to a prime contract.

Person, as used in this clause, means a corporation, partnership, business association of any kind, trust, ~~joint-stock~~[jointstock](#) company, or individual.

Prime contract, as used in this clause, means a contract or contractual action entered into by the United States for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind.

Prime Contractor as used in this clause, means a person who has entered into a prime contract with the United States.

Prime Contractor employee, as used in this clause, means any officer, partner, employee, or agent of a prime Contractor.

Subcontract, as used in this clause, means a contract or contractual action entered into by a prime Contractor or subcontractor for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under a prime contract.

Subcontractor, as used in this clause, (1) means any person, other than the prime Contractor, who offers to furnish or furnishes any supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under a prime contract or a subcontract entered into in connection with such prime contract, and (2) includes any person who offers to furnish or furnishes general supplies to the prime Contractor or a higher tier subcontractor.

Subcontractor employee, as used in this clause, means any officer, partner, employee, or agent of a subcontractor.

(b) [41 U.S.C. chapter 87](#), Kickbacks, prohibits any person from-

Providing or attempting to provide or offering to provide any kickback;

Soliciting, accepting, or attempting to accept any kickback; or

Including, directly or indirectly, the amount of any kickback in the contract price charged by a ~~prime Contractor~~prime Contractor to ~~the United~~the United States or in the contract price charged by a subcontractor to a prime Contractor or higher tier subcontractor.

(c)

The Contractor shall have in place and follow reasonable procedures designed to prevent and detect ~~possible violations described~~possible violations described in paragraph (b) of this clause in its own operations and direct business relationships.

When the Contractor has reasonable grounds to believe that a violation described in paragraph (b) of ~~this clause may have~~this clause may have occurred, the Contractor shall promptly report in writing the possible violation. Such reports shall be made to the inspector general of the contracting agency, the head of the contracting agency if the agency does not have an inspector general, or the Attorney General.

The Contractor shall cooperate fully with any Federal agency investigating a possible violation described ~~in paragraph~~in paragraph (b) of this clause.

The Contracting Officer may (i) offset the amount of the kickback against any monies owed by the ~~United States under the United States under the~~ prime contract and/or (ii) direct that the Prime Contractor withhold from sums owed a subcontractor under the prime contract the amount of the kickback. The Contracting Officer may order that monies withheld under subdivision (c)(4)(ii) of this clause be paid over to the Government unless the

Government has already offset those monies under subdivision (c)~~(4)~~(i) of this clause. In either case, the Prime Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer when the monies are withheld.

The Contractor agrees to incorporate the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c)(5) ~~but excepting paragraph~~but excepting paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, in all subcontracts under this contract that exceed the threshold specified in Federal Acquisition Regulation ~~(3.502-2)~~(i) on the date of subcontract award.

(End of clause)

52.203-8 Cancellation, Rescission, and Recovery of Funds for Illegal or Improper Activity.

As prescribed in ~~{3.104-9}~~(a), insert the following clause:

Cancellation, Rescission, and Recovery of Funds for Illegal or Improper Activity (May 2014)

(a) If the Government receives information that a contractor or a person has violated 41 U.S.C. 2102-2104,

Restrictions on Obtaining and Disclosing Certain Information, the Government may-

Cancel the solicitation, if the contract has not yet been awarded or issued; or

Rescind the contract with respect to which-

(i) The Contractor or someone acting for the Contractor has been convicted for an offense where the conduct violates 41 U.S.C. 2102 for the purpose of either-

Exchanging the information covered by such subsections for anything of value; or

Obtaining or giving anyone a competitive advantage in the award of a Federal agency procurement contract; or

(ii) The head of the contracting activity has determined, based upon a preponderance of the evidence, that the Contractor or someone acting for the Contractor has engaged in conduct punishable under [41 U.S.C. 2105\(a\)](#).

If the Government rescinds the contract under paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government is entitled ~~to recover, in addition to~~ [recover, in addition to](#) any penalty prescribed by law, the amount expended under the contract.

The rights and remedies of the Government specified herein are not exclusive, and are in addition to ~~any other rights and~~ [any other rights and](#) remedies provided by law, regulation, or under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.203-9 [Reserved]

52.203-10 Price or Fee Adjustment for Illegal or Improper Activity.

As prescribed in ~~{~~[3.104-9\(b\)](#), insert the following clause:

Price or Fee Adjustment for Illegal or Improper Activity (May 2014)

The Government, at its election, may reduce the price of a fixed-price type contract and the total cost and ~~fee under a cost~~ [fee under a cost](#)-type contract by the amount of profit or fee determined as set forth in paragraph (b) of this clause if the head of the contracting activity or designee determines that there was a violation of [41 U.S.C. 2102](#) or 2103, as implemented in section [3.104](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

The price or fee reduction referred to in paragraph (a) of this clause shall be-

For cost-plus-fixed-fee contracts, the amount of the fee specified in the contract at the time of award;

For cost-plus-incentive-fee contracts, the target fee specified in the contract at the time of award, notwithstanding ~~any minimum~~ [any minimum](#) fee or "fee floor" specified in the contract;

For cost-plus-award-fee contracts-

The base fee established in the contract at the time of contract award;

If no base fee is specified in the contract, 30 percent of the amount of each award fee otherwise payable ~~to the Contractor~~ [to the Contractor](#) for each award fee evaluation period or at each award fee determination point.

(4) For fixed-price-incentive contracts, the Government may-

Reduce the contract target price and contract target profit both by an amount equal to the initial target ~~profit specified in the~~ [profits specified in the](#) contract at the time of contract award; or

If an immediate adjustment to the contract target price and contract target profit would have a ~~significant adverse impact~~ [significant adverse impact](#) on the incentive price revision relationship under the contract, or adversely affect the contract financing provisions, the Contracting Officer may defer such adjustment until establishment of the total final price of the contract. The total final price established in accordance with the

incentive price revision provisions of the contract shall be reduced by an amount equal to the initial target profit specified in the contract at the time of contract award and such reduced price shall be the total final contract price.

(5) For firm-fixed-price contracts, by 10 percent of the initial contract price or a profit amount determined by the Contracting Officer from records or documents in existence prior to the date of the contract award.

The Government may, at its election, reduce a prime contractor's price or fee in accordance with ~~the procedures of paragraph~~ [the procedures of paragraph](#) (b) of this clause for violations of the statute by its subcontractors by an amount not to exceed the amount of profit or fee reflected in the subcontract at the time the subcontract was first definitively priced.

In addition to the remedies in paragraphs (a) and (c) of this clause, the Government may terminate ~~this contract for default~~ [this contract for default](#). The rights and remedies of the Government specified herein are not exclusive, and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.203-11 Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions.

As prescribed in [3.808\(a\)](#), insert the following provision:

Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions (Sep 2024)

Definitions. As used in this provision-"Lobbying contact" has the meaning provided at [2 U.S.C. 1602\(8\)](#). The terms "agency," "influencing or attempting to influence," "officer or employee of an agency," "person," "reasonable compensation," and "regularly employed" are defined in the FAR clause of this solicitation entitled "Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions" (52.203-12).

Prohibition. The prohibition and exceptions contained in the FAR clause of this solicitation entitled "Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions" (52.203-12) are hereby incorporated by reference in this provision.

Certification. The offeror, by signing its offer, hereby certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on its behalf in connection with the awarding of this contract.

Disclosure. If any registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.

Penalty. Submission of this certification and disclosure is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by [31 U.S.C. 1352](#). Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under this provision or who fails to file or amend the disclosure required to be filed or amended by this provision, shall be subject to civil

penalties as provided in [31 U.S.C. 1352](#). An imposition of a civil penalty does not prevent the Government from seeking any other remedy that may be applicable.

(End of provision)

52.203-12 Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions.

As prescribed in [3.808\(b\)](#), insert the following clause:

Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions (Jun 2020)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Agency means "executive agency" as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) ~~2.101.~~

Covered Federal action means any of the following actions:

Awarding any Federal contract.

Making any Federal grant.

Making any Federal loan.

Entering into any cooperative agreement.

Extending, continuing, renewing, amending, or modifying any Federal contract, grant, loan, or ~~cooperative agreement~~[cooperative agreement](#).

Indian tribe and "tribal organization" have the meaning provided in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act ([25 U.S.C. 450b](#)) and include Alaskan Natives.

Influencing or attempting to influence means making, with the intent to influence, any communication to or appearance before an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any covered Federal action.

Local government means a unit of government in a State and, if chartered, established, or otherwise recognized by a State for the performance of a governmental duty, including a local public authority, a special district, an intrastate district, a council of governments, a sponsor group representative organization, and any other instrumentality of a local government.

Officer or employee of an agency includes the following individuals who are employed by an agency:

An individual who is appointed to a position in the Government under Title 5, United States Code, ~~including a position under~~[including a position under](#) a temporary appointment.

A member of the uniformed services, as defined in subsection 101(3), Title 37, United States Code.

A special Government employee, as defined in section 202, Title 18, United States Code.

An individual who is a member of a Federal advisory committee, as defined by the Federal ~~Advisory Committee~~Advisory Committee Act, Title 5, United States Code, appendix 2.

Person means an individual, corporation, company, association, authority, firm, partnership, society, State, and local government, regardless of whether such entity is operated for profit, or not for profit. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization eligible to receive Federal contracts, grants, cooperative agreements, or loans from an agency, but only with respect to expenditures by such tribe or organization that are made for purposes specified in paragraph (b) of this clause and are permitted by other Federal law.

Reasonable compensation means, with respect to a regularly employed officer or employee of any person, compensation that is consistent with the normal compensation for such officer or employee for work that is not furnished to, not funded by, or not furnished in cooperation with the Federal Government.

Reasonable payment means, with respect to professional and other technical services, a payment in an amount that is consistent with the amount normally paid for such services in the private sector.

Recipient includes the Contractor and all subcontractors. This term excludes an Indian tribe, tribal organization, or any other Indian organization eligible to receive Federal contracts, grants, cooperative agreements, or loans from an agency, but only with respect to expenditures by such tribe or organization that are made for purposes specified in paragraph (b) of this clause and are permitted by other Federal law.

Regularly employed means, with respect to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a Federal contract, an officer or employee who is employed by such person for at least 130 working days within 1 year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person for receipt of such contract. An officer or employee who is employed by such person for less than 130 working days within 1 year immediately preceding the date of the submission that initiates agency consideration of such person shall be considered to be regularly employed as soon as he or she is employed by such person for 130 working days.

State means a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, or an outlying area of the United States, an agency or instrumentality of a State, and multi-State, regional, or interstate entity having governmental duties and powers.

(b) Prohibition. 31 U.S.C. 1352 prohibits a recipient of a Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement from using appropriated funds to pay any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any covered Federal actions. In accordance with 31 U.S.C. 1352 the Contractor shall not use appropriated funds to pay any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the award of this contractor the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of this contract.

The term appropriated funds does not include profit or fee from a covered Federal action.

To the extent the Contractor can demonstrate that the Contractor has sufficient monies, other than ~~Federal appropriated funds~~Federal appropriated funds, the Government will assume that these other monies were spent for any influencing activities that would be unallowable if paid for with Federal appropriated funds.

(c) Exceptions. The prohibition in paragraph (b) of this clause does not apply under the following conditions:

(1) Agency and legislative liaison by Contractor employees.

Payment of reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of the Contractor if the payment is ~~for agency and legislative~~ for agency and legislative liaison activities not directly related to this contract. For purposes of this paragraph, providing any information specifically requested by an agency or Congress is permitted at any time.

Participating with an agency in discussions that are not related to a specific solicitation for any ~~covered Federal~~ covered Federal action, but that concern-

The qualities and characteristics (including individual demonstrations) of the person's products or services, ~~conditions or~~ conditions or terms of sale, and service capabilities; or

The application or adaptation of the person's products or services for an agency's use.

Providing prior to formal solicitation of any covered Federal action any information not ~~specifically requested but necessary~~ specifically requested but necessary for an agency to make an informed decision about initiation of a covered Federal action;

Participating in technical discussions regarding the preparation of an unsolicited proposal prior to its official submission; and

Making capability presentations prior to formal solicitation of any covered Federal action by persons ~~seeking awards from~~ seeking awards from an agency pursuant to the provisions of the Small Business Act, as amended by Pub. L. 95-507, and subsequent amendments.

(2) Professional and technical services.

A payment of reasonable compensation made to an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a ~~covered Federal~~ covered Federal action or an extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of a covered Federal action, if payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action.

Any reasonable payment to a person, other than an officer or employee of a person requesting or receiving a ~~covered Federal~~ covered Federal action or an extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of a covered Federal action if the payment is for professional or technical services rendered directly in the preparation, submission, or negotiation of any bid, proposal, or application for that Federal action or for meeting requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving that Federal action. Persons other than officers or employees of a person requesting or receiving a covered Federal action include consultants and trade associations.

As used in paragraph (c)(2) of this clause, "professional and technical services" are limited to advice ~~and analysis directly~~ and analysis directly applying any professional or technical discipline (for examples, see FAR ~~{3.803(a)(2)(iii)}~~ {3.803(a)(2)(iii)}).

Requirements imposed by or pursuant to law as a condition for receiving a covered Federal award ~~include those required~~ include those required by law or regulation and any other requirements in the actual award documents.

(3) Only those communications and services expressly authorized by paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this clause are permitted.

(d) Disclosure.

If the Contractor did not submit OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, with its offer, ~~but registrants~~ but registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have subsequently made a lobbying contact on behalf of the Contractor with respect to this contract, the Contractor shall complete and submit OMB Standard Form LLL to provide the name of the lobbying registrants, including the individuals performing the services.

If the Contractor did submit OMB Standard Form LLL disclosure pursuant to paragraph (d) of the ~~provision at FAR 52.203-11~~ provision at FAR 52.203-11, Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions, and a change occurs that affects Block 10 of the OMB Standard Form LLL (name and address of lobbying registrant or individuals performing services), the Contractor shall, at the end of the calendar quarter in which the change occurs, submit to the Contracting Officer within 30 days an updated disclosure using OMB Standard Form LLL.

(e) Penalties.

Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under paragraph (b) of this clause or who fails to file ~~or amend the disclosure~~ or amend the disclosure to be filed or amended by paragraph (d) of this clause shall be subject to civil penalties as provided for by 31 U.S.C. 1352. An imposition of a civil penalty does not prevent the Government from seeking any other remedy that may be applicable.

Contractors may rely without liability on the representation made by their subcontractors in the ~~certification and disclosure~~ certification and disclosure form.

Cost allowability. Nothing in this clause makes allowable or reasonable any costs which would otherwise be unallowable or unreasonable. Conversely, costs made specifically unallowable by the requirements in this clause will not be made allowable under any other provision.

Subcontracts.

The Contractor shall obtain a declaration, including the certification and disclosure in paragraphs (c) and (d) of ~~the provision~~ the provision at 52.203-11, Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions, from each person requesting or receiving a subcontract under this contract that exceeds the threshold specified in FAR 3.808 on the date of subcontract award. The Contractor or subcontractor that awards the subcontract shall retain the declaration.

A copy of each subcontractor disclosure form (but not certifications) shall be forwarded from tier to tier ~~until received by~~ until received by the prime Contractor. The prime Contractor shall, at the end of the calendar quarter in which the disclosure form is submitted by the subcontractor, submit to the Contracting Officer within 30 days

a copy of all disclosures. Each subcontractor certification shall be retained in the subcontract file of the awarding Contractor.

The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (g), in any subcontract ~~that exceeds the~~ that exceeds the threshold specified in FAR 3.808 on the date of subcontract award.

(End of clause)

52.203-13 Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct.

As prescribed in 3.1004(a), insert the following clause:

Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Nov 2021)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Agent means any individual, including a director, an officer, an employee, or an independent Contractor, authorized to act on behalf of the organization.

Full cooperation-

Means disclosure to the Government of the information sufficient for law enforcement to identify the ~~nature and extent of~~ nature and extent of the offense and the individuals responsible for the conduct. It includes providing timely and complete response to Government auditors' and investigators' request for documents and access to employees with information;

Does not foreclose any Contractor rights arising in law, the FAR, or the terms of the contract. It does ~~not require (i)~~ not require-

A Contractor to waive its attorney-client privilege or the protections afforded by the attorney work ~~product doctrine~~ product doctrine; or

~~(ii)~~ Any officer, director, owner, or employee of the Contractor, including a sole proprietor, to waive his or ~~her~~ her attorney client privilege or Fifth Amendment rights; and

(3) Does not restrict a Contractor from (i) Conducting an internal investigation; or

(ii) Defending a proceeding or dispute arising under the contract or related to a potential or disclosed violation.

Principal means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

Subcontract means any contract entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of a prime contract or a subcontract.

Subcontractor means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm that furnished supplies or services to or for a prime contractor or another subcontractor.

United States, means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

(b) Code of business ethics and conduct.

(1) Within 30 days after contract award, unless the Contracting Officer establishes a longer time period, the Contractor shall—

Have a written code of business ethics and conduct; and

Make a copy of the code available to each employee engaged in performance of the contract.

(2) The Contractor shall-

Exercise due diligence to prevent and detect criminal conduct; and

Otherwise promote an organizational culture that encourages ethical conduct and a commitment to ~~compliance~~ to compliance with ~~the law~~ the law.

(3)

(i) The Contractor shall timely disclose, in writing, to the agency Office of the Inspector General (OIG), with a copy to the Contracting Officer, whenever, in connection with the award, performance, or closeout of this contract or any subcontract thereunder, the Contractor has credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, or subcontractor of the Contractor has committed-

A violation of Federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, or gratuity violations ~~found~~ is found in Title ~~18 of~~ 18 of the United States Code; or

A violation of the civil False Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3729-3733).

The Government, to the extent permitted by law and regulation, will safeguard and treat information ~~obtained pursuant to~~ obtained pursuant to the Contractor's disclosure as confidential where the information has been marked "confidential" or "proprietary" by the company. To the extent permitted by law and regulation, such information will not be released by the Government to the public pursuant to a Freedom of Information Act request, 5 U.S.C. Section 552, without prior notification to the Contractor. The Government may transfer documents provided by the Contractor to any department or agency within the Executive Branch if the information relates to matters within the organization's jurisdiction.

If the violation relates to an order against a Governmentwide acquisition contract, a multi-agency contract, a ~~multiple~~ multiple-award schedule contract such as the Federal Supply Schedule, or any other procurement instrument intended for use by multiple agencies, the Contractor shall notify the OIG of the ordering agency and the IG of the agency responsible for the basic contract.

(c) Business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system. This paragraph (c) does not apply if the Contractor has represented itself as a small business concern pursuant to the award of this contract or if this contract is for the acquisition of a commercial product or commercial service as defined at FAR 2.101. The Contractor shall establish the following within 90 days after contract award, unless the Contracting Officer establishes a longer time period:

(1) An ongoing business ethics awareness and compliance program.

This program shall include reasonable steps to communicate periodically and in a practical manner ~~the Contractor's standards~~ the Contractor's standards and procedures and other aspects of the Contractor's business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system, by conducting effective training programs and otherwise disseminating information appropriate to an individual's respective roles and responsibilities.

The training conducted under this program shall be provided to the Contractor's principals and employees, and ~~as appropriate~~ as appropriate, the Contractor's agents and subcontractors.

(2) An internal control system.

(i) The Contractor's internal control system shall—

Establish standards and procedures to facilitate timely discovery of improper conduct in connection ~~with Government contracts~~ with Government contracts; and

Ensure corrective measures are promptly instituted and carried out.

(ii) At a minimum, the Contractor's internal control system shall provide for the following:

Assignment of responsibility at a sufficiently high level and adequate resources to ensure effectiveness of ~~the business ethics~~ the business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system.

Reasonable efforts not to include an individual as a principal, whom due diligence would have exposed ~~as having engaged~~ as having engaged in conduct that is in conflict with the Contractor's code of business ethics and conduct.

Periodic reviews of company business practices, procedures, policies, and internal controls for ~~compliance with the Contractor's~~ compliance with the Contractor's code of business ethics and conduct and the special requirements of Government contracting, including ~~(1)~~ (1).

Monitoring and auditing to detect criminal conduct;

Periodic evaluation of the effectiveness of the business ethics awareness and compliance program ~~and internal control system~~ and internal control system, especially if criminal conduct has been detected; and

Periodic assessment of the risk of criminal conduct, with appropriate steps to design, implement, or ~~modify the business ethics~~ modify the business ethics awareness and compliance program and the internal control system as necessary to reduce the risk of criminal conduct identified through this process.

An internal reporting mechanism, such as a hotline, which allows for anonymity or confidentiality, by ~~which employees may~~ which employees may report suspected instances of improper conduct, and instructions that encourage employees to make such reports.

Disciplinary action for improper conduct or for failing to take reasonable steps to prevent or detect ~~improper conduct~~ improper conduct.

Timely disclosure, in writing, to the agency OIG, with a copy to the Contracting Officer, whenever, ~~in connection with the~~ in connection with the award, performance, or closeout of any Government contract performed by the

Contractor or a subcontract thereunder, the Contractor has credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, or subcontractor of the Contractor has committed a violation of Federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, or gratuity violations found in Title 18 U.S.C. or a violation of the civil False Claims Act (~~31 U.S.C. 3729-3733-~~).

If a violation relates to more than one Government contract, the Contractor may make the disclosure to ~~the agency OIG~~ and the agency OIG and Contracting Officer responsible for the largest dollar value contract impacted by the violation.

If the violation relates to an order against a Governmentwide acquisition contract, a multi-agency contract, ~~a multiple~~ multiple-award schedule contract such as the Federal Supply Schedule, or any other procurement instrument intended for use by multiple agencies, the contractor shall notify the OIG of the ordering agency and the IG of the agency responsible for the basic contract, and the respective agencies' contracting officers.

The disclosure requirement for an individual contract continues until at least 3 years after final payment ~~on~~ the contract.

The Government will safeguard such disclosures in accordance with paragraph (b)(3)(ii) of this clause.

(G) Full cooperation with any Government agencies responsible for audits, investigations, or corrective actions.

(d) Subcontracts.

The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts ~~that exceed the threshold~~ that exceed the threshold specified in FAR 3.1004(a) on the date of subcontract award and a performance period of more than 120 days.

In altering this clause to identify the appropriate parties, all disclosures of violation of the civil False ~~Claims Act~~ Claims Act or ~~off Federal~~ of Federal criminal law shall be directed to the agency Office of the Inspector General, with a copy to the Contracting Officer. ~~(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

52.203-14 Display of Hotline Poster(s).

As prescribed in 3.1004(b), insert the following clause:

Display of Hotline Poster(s) (Nov 2021)

Definition.

United States, as used in this clause, means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

Display of fraud hotline poster(s). Except as provided in paragraph (c)—

(1) During contract performance in the United States, the Contractor shall prominently display in common work areas within business segments performing work under this contract and at contract work sites—

Any agency fraud hotline poster or Department of Homeland Security (DHS) fraud hotline poster identified ~~in~~ in paragraph (b)(3) of this clause; and

Any DHS fraud hotline poster subsequently identified by the Contracting Officer.

Additionally, if the Contractor maintains a company website as a method of providing information ~~to employees, the Contractor~~to employees, the Contractor shall display an electronic version of the poster(s) at the website.

Any required posters may be obtained as follows:

Poster(s)	Obtain from

_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

(Contracting Officer shall insert—

Appropriate agency name(s) and/or title of applicable Department of Homeland Security fraud ~~hotline poster~~hotline poster; and

The website(s) or other contact information for obtaining the poster(s).)

If the Contractor has implemented a business ethics and conduct awareness program, including a ~~reporting mechanism~~reporting mechanism, such as a hotline poster, then the Contractor need not display any agency fraud hotline posters as required in paragraph (b) of this clause, other than any required DHS posters.

Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts that exceed the threshold specified in Federal Acquisition Regulation 3.1004(b)(1) on the date of subcontract award, except when the subcontract—

Is for the acquisition of a commercial product or commercial service; or

Is performed entirely outside the United States.

(End of clause)

~~52.203-15 Whistleblower Protections Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.~~

~~As prescribed in , use the following clause:~~

~~Whistleblower Protections Under The American Recovery And Reinvestment Act of 2009 (June 2010)~~

~~The Contractor shall post notice of employees rights and remedies for whistleblower protections provided under section 1553 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-5) (Recovery Act).~~

~~The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (b), in all subcontracts that are funded in whole or in part with Recovery Act funds.~~

52.203-15 [Reserved]

(End of clause)

52.203-16 Preventing Personal Conflicts of Interest.

As prescribed in [3.1106](#) , insert the following clause:

Preventing Personal Conflicts of Interest (Jun 2020)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Acquisition function closely associated with inherently governmental functions means supporting or providing advice or recommendations with regard to the following activities of a Federal agency:

Planning acquisitions.

Determining what supplies or services are to be acquired by the Government, including ~~developing statements~~[developing statements](#) of work.

Developing or approving any contractual documents, to include documents defining requirements, ~~incentive plans, and evaluation~~[incentive plans, and evaluation](#) criteria.

Evaluating contract proposals.

Awarding Government contracts.

Administering contracts (including ordering changes or giving technical direction in contract performance ~~or contract quantities~~[or contract quantities](#), evaluating contractor performance, and accepting or rejecting contractor products or services).

Terminating contracts.

Determining whether contract costs are reasonable, allocable, and allowable.

Covered employee means an individual who performs an acquisition function closely associated with inherently governmental functions and is—

An employee of the contractor; or

A subcontractor that is a self-employed individual treated as a covered employee of the contractor ~~because there~~[because there](#) is ~~no employer~~[no employer](#) to whom such an individual could submit the required disclosures.

Non-public information means any Government or third-party information that-

Is exempt from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act ([5 U.S.C. 552](#)) or otherwise protected from disclosure by statute, Executive order, or regulation; or

Has not been disseminated to the general public and the Government has not yet determined whether ~~the information can~~[the information can](#) or will be made available to the public.

Personal conflict of interest means a situation in which a covered employee has a financial interest, personal activity, or relationship that could impair the employee's ability to act impartially and in the best interest of the Government when performing under the contract. (A de minimis interest that would not "impair the employee's ability to act impartially and in the best interest of the Government" is not covered under this definition.)

(1) Among the sources of personal conflicts of interest are-

Financial interests of the covered employee, of close family members, or of other members of the ~~covered employee's household~~ covered employee's household;

Other employment or financial relationships (including seeking or negotiating for prospective employment ~~or business~~); or business); and

Gifts, including travel.

(2) For example, financial interests referred to in paragraph (1) of this definition may arise from-

Compensation, including wages, salaries, commissions, professional fees, or fees for business referrals;

Consulting relationships (including commercial and professional consulting and service arrangements, ~~scientific and technical~~ and technical advisory board memberships, or serving as an expert witness in litigation);

Services provided in exchange for honorariums or travel expense reimbursements;

Research funding or other forms of research support;

Investment in the form of stock or bond ownership or partnership interest (excluding diversified mutual fund investments);

Real estate investments;

Patents, copyrights, and other intellectual property interests; or

Business ownership and investment interests.

(b) Requirements. The Contractor shall—

(1) Have procedures in place to screen covered employees for potential personal conflicts of interest, by-

(i) Obtaining and maintaining from each covered employee, when the employee is initially assigned to the task under the contract, a disclosure of interests that might be affected by the task to which the employee has been assigned, as follows:

Financial interests of the covered employee, of close family members, or of other members of the ~~covered employee's household~~ covered employee's household.

Other employment or financial relationships of the covered employee (including seeking or negotiating ~~for prospective employment~~ for prospective employment or business).

Gifts, including travel; and

(ii) Requiring each covered employee to update the disclosure statement whenever the employee's personal or financial circumstances change in such a way that a new personal conflict of interest might occur because of the task the covered employee is performing.

(2) For each covered employee—

Prevent personal conflicts of interest, including not assigning or allowing a covered employee to perform ~~any task under the~~any task under the contract for which the Contractor has identified a personal conflict of interest for the employee that the Contractor or employee cannot satisfactorily prevent or mitigate in consultation with the contracting agency;

Prohibit use of non-public information accessed through performance of a Government contract for ~~personal gain~~personal gain; and

Obtain a signed non-disclosure agreement to prohibit disclosure of non-public information accessed through performance of a Government contract.

(3) Inform covered employees of their obligation (i) To disclose and prevent personal conflicts of interest; ~~(ii) Not~~ to use non-public information accessed through performance of a Government contract for personal gain; and

(iii) To avoid even the appearance of personal conflicts of interest;

Maintain effective oversight to verify compliance with personal conflict-of-interest safeguards;

Take appropriate disciplinary action in the case of covered employees who fail to comply with ~~policies established pursuant to~~policies established pursuant to this clause; and

Report to the Contracting Officer any personal conflict-of-interest violation by a covered employee as ~~soon as~~as soon as it ~~is identified~~is identified. This report shall include a description of the violation and the proposed actions to be taken by the Contractor in response to the violation. Provide follow-up reports of corrective actions taken, as necessary.

Personal conflict-of-interest violations include-

Failure by a covered employee to disclose a personal conflict of interest;

Use by a covered employee of non-public information accessed through performance of a ~~Government contract for personal~~Government contract for personal gain; and

Failure of a covered employee to comply with the terms of a non-disclosure agreement.

(c) Mitigation or waiver.

(1) In exceptional circumstances, if the Contractor cannot satisfactorily prevent a personal conflict of interest as required by paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this clause, the Contractor may submit a request through the Contracting Officer to the Head of the Contracting Activity for-

Agreement to a plan to mitigate the personal conflict of interest; or

A waiver of the requirement.

The Contractor shall include in the request any proposed mitigation of the personal conflict of interest.

The Contractor shall-

Comply, and require compliance by the covered employee, with any conditions imposed by the ~~Government~~ ~~as necessary~~ Government as necessary to mitigate the personal conflict of interest; or

Remove the Contractor employee or subcontractor employee from performance of the contract or ~~terminate~~ ~~the applicable~~ terminate the applicable subcontract.

(d) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts—

That exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation 2.101 on ~~the~~ ~~date~~ the date of subcontract award; and

In which subcontractor employees will perform acquisition functions closely associated with ~~inherently governmental functions~~ inherently governmental functions (i.e., instead of performance only by a self-employed individual).

(End of clause)

52.203-17 Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights.

As prescribed in 3.906, insert the following clause:

Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights (Nov 2023)

This contract and employees working on this contract will be subject to the whistleblower rights ~~and remedies established~~ and remedies established at 41 U.S.C. 4712 and Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 3.900 through 3.905.

The Contractor shall inform its employees in writing, in the predominant language of the workforce, ~~of employee whistleblower~~ of employee whistleblower rights and protections under 41 U.S.C. 4712, as described in FAR 3.900 through 3.905.

The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts.

(End of clause)

52.203-18 Prohibition on Contracting with Entities that Require Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements-Representation.

As prescribed in 3.909-3(a), insert the following provision:

Prohibition on Contracting with Entities that Require Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or StatementsRepresentation (Jan 2017)

Definition. As used in this provision-

Internal confidentiality agreement or statement, subcontract, and subcontractor , are defined in the clause at 52.203-19, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements.

In accordance with section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further ~~Continuing Appropriations~~[Continuing Appropriations](#) Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions), Government agencies are not permitted to use funds appropriated (or otherwise made available) for contracts with an entity that requires employees or subcontractors of such entity seeking to report waste, fraud, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.

The prohibition in paragraph (b) of this provision does not contravene requirements applicable to Standard ~~Form 312,~~

[Form 312,](#) (Classified Information Nondisclosure Agreement), Form 4414 (Sensitive Compartmented

Information Nondisclosure Agreement), or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.

Representation. By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that it will not require its employees or subcontractors to sign or comply with internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse related to the performance of a Government contract to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information (e.g., agency Office of the Inspector General).

(End of provision)

52.203-19 Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements.

As prescribed in ~~3.909-3~~[3.909-3](#)(b), insert the following clause:

Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) [\(a\)](#) Definitions.
As used in this clause-

Internal confidentiality agreement or statement means a confidentiality agreement or any other written statement that the contractor requires any of its employees or subcontractors to sign regarding nondisclosure of contractor information, except that it does not include confidentiality agreements arising out of civil litigation or confidentiality agreements that contractor employees or subcontractors sign at the behest of a Federal agency.

Subcontract means any contract as defined in [subpart 2.1](#) entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of a prime contract or a subcontract. It includes but is not limited to purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.

Subcontractor means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm (including a consultant) that furnishes supplies or services to or for a prime contractor or another subcontractor.

The Contractor shall not require its employees or subcontractors to sign or comply with ~~internal confidentiality agreements~~ [internal confidentiality agreements](#) or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse related to the performance of a Government contract to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information (e.g., agency Office of the Inspector General).

The Contractor shall notify current employees and subcontractors that prohibitions and restrictions of ~~any preexisting internal~~ [any preexisting internal](#) confidentiality agreements or statements covered by this clause, to the extent that such prohibitions and restrictions are inconsistent with the prohibitions of this clause, are no longer in effect.

The prohibition in paragraph (b) of this clause does not contravene requirements applicable to Standard Form ~~312~~

[312](#) (Classified Information Nondisclosure Agreement), Form 4414 (Sensitive Compartmented Information Nondisclosure Agreement), or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.

In accordance with section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing

Appropriations Act, 2015, (Pub. L. 113-235), and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions) use of funds appropriated (or otherwise made available) is prohibited, if the Government determines that the Contractor is not in compliance with the provisions of this clause.

The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), in subcontracts ~~under such contracts~~ [under such contracts](#).

(End of clause)

~~(End of clause)~~

52.204 [Reserved]

52.204-1 ~~Approval of Contract.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Approval of Contract (Dec 1989)~~

~~This contract is subject to the written approval of [identify title of designated agency official here] and shall not be binding until so approved.~~

(End of clause)

52.204-2 ~~Security Requirements.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

Security Requirements (Mar 2021)

This clause applies to the extent that this contract involves access to information classified "Confidential," "Secret," or

"Top Secret."

The Contractor shall comply with

The Security Agreement, including the National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual (32 CFR part 117); and

Any revisions to that manual, notice of which has been furnished to the Contractor.

If, subsequent to the date of this contract, the security classification or security requirements under this contract are changed by the Government and if the changes cause an increase or decrease in security costs or otherwise affect any other term or condition of this contract, the contract shall be subject to an equitable adjustment as if the changes were directed under the Changes clause of this contract.

The Contractor agrees to insert terms that conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph (d) but excluding any reference to the Changes clause of this contract, in all subcontracts under this contract that involve access to classified information.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If a cost contract for research and development with an educational institution is contemplated, add the following paragraphs (e), (f), and (g) to the basic clause:

If a change in security requirements, as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), results (1) in a change in the security classification of this contract or any of its elements from an unclassified status or a lower classification to a higher classification, or (2) in more restrictive area controls than previously required, the Contractor shall exert every reasonable effort compatible with the Contractor's established policies to continue the performance of work under the contract in compliance with the change in security classification or requirements. If, despite reasonable efforts, the Contractor determines that the continuation of work under this contract is not practicable because of the change in security

classification or requirements, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing. Until resolution of the problem is made by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall continue safeguarding all classified material as required by this contract.

After receiving the written notification, the Contracting Officer shall explore the circumstances surrounding the proposed change in security classification or requirements, and shall endeavor to work out a mutually satisfactory method whereby the Contractor can continue performance of the work under this contract.

If, 15 days after receipt by the Contracting Officer of the notification of the Contractor's stated inability to proceed, (1) the application to this contract of the change in security classification or requirements has not been withdrawn, or (2) a mutually satisfactory method for continuing performance of work under this contract has not been agreed upon, the Contractor may request the Contracting Officer to terminate the contract in whole or in part. The Contracting Officer shall terminate the contract in whole or in part, as may be appropriate,

and the termination shall be deemed a termination under the terms of the Termination for the Convenience of the Government clause.

Alternate II (Apr 1984). If employee identification is required for security or other reasons in a construction contract or architect-engineer contract, add the following paragraph (e) to the basic clause:

(e) The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing to each employee and for requiring each employee engaged on the work to display such identification as may be approved and directed by the Contracting Officer. All prescribed identification shall immediately be delivered to the Contracting Officer, for cancellation upon the release of any employee. When required by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall obtain and submit fingerprints of all persons employed or to be employed on the project.

52.204-3 Taxpayer Identification. [Reserved]

As prescribed in , insert the following provision:

~~Taxpayer Identification (Oct 1998) (a) Definitions.~~

~~Common parent, as used in this provision, means that corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated basis, and of which the offeror is a member.~~

~~Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN), as used in this provision, means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror in reporting income tax and other returns. The TIN may be either a Social Security Number or an Employer Identification Number.~~

~~All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (d) through (f) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of and d), reporting requirements of , 6041-A, and 6050-M, and implementing regulations issued by the IRS. If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), the failure or refusal by the offeror to furnish the information may result in a 31 percent reduction of payments otherwise due under the contract.~~

~~The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.~~

~~Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).~~

☐ TIN: _____

☐ TIN has been applied for.

☐ TIN is not required because:

☐ Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;

~~☐ Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;~~ ☐ Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.

Type of organization.

- ☐ Sole proprietorship;
- ☐ Partnership;
- ☐ Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
- ☐ Corporate entity (tax-exempt);
- ☐ Government entity (Federal, State, or local);
- ☐ Foreign government;
- ☐ International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;

~~☐ Other _____.~~

~~Common parent.~~

~~☐ Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent as defined in paragraph (a) of this provision.~~

☐ Name and TIN of common parent:

~~☐ Name _____.~~

~~☐ TIN _____.~~

~~{End of provision}~~

52.204-4 [Reserved]

52.204-5 Women-Owned Business (Other Than Small Business).

As prescribed in [4.208\(a\)](#), insert the following provision:

Women-Owned Business (Other Than Small Business) (Oct 2014)

Definition. "Women-owned business concern," as used in this provision, means a concern that is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

Representation. [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and has not represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of FAR 52.219-1, Small Business Program

Representations, of this solicitation.] The offeror represents that it ☐ is a women-owned business concern.

(End of provision)

52.204-6 ~~Unique Entity Identifier.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

[52.204-7 System for Award Management.](#)

As prescribed in [4.208\(b\)](#), ~~insert~~[\(1\)](#), [use](#) the following provision:

~~Unique Entity Identifier (Oct 2016)~~

~~Definition.~~[System for Award Management \(DEVIATION DATE\)](#)

[The Offeror shall have an active Federal Government contracts registration in the System for Award Management \(SAM\) when submitting an offer or quotation in response to this solicitation and at the time of award. As part of the SAM registration process, the Government collects information, as described in paragraphs \(b\) through \(d\) of this provision, that is necessary to identify the Offeror and for the Offeror to be awarded Federal Government contracts. To register in SAM, go to <https://www.sam.gov>. Allow for processing time when registering in SAM. If the Offeror is not registered in SAM, it should register immediately after receiving this solicitation.](#)

[\(a\) Definitions.](#) As used in this provision—

[Commercial and Government Entity \(CAGE\) code has the meaning provided in the clause at the Federal Acquisition Regulation \(FAR\) 52.204-13, System for Award Management—Maintenance, of this solicitation.](#)

Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator means a ~~four-character suffix to the unique entity~~[bank account identifier.](#) ~~The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity to establish additional System for Award Management records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see ,part 32) for the same entity.~~

Unique entity identifier means a number or other identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity. See www.sam.gov for the designated entity for establishing unique entity identifiers.

~~The Offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation "UniqueEntity Identifier" followed by the unique entity identifier that identifies the Offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The Offeror also shall enter its EFT indicator, if applicable.~~

~~If the Offeror does not have a unique entity identifier, it should contact the entity designated at for establishment of the unique entity identifier directly to obtain one. The Offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:~~

~~Company legal business name.~~

~~Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.~~

~~Company physical street address, city, state and Zip Code.~~

~~Company mailing address, city, state and Zip Code (if separate from physical).~~

~~Company telephone number.~~

~~Date the company was started.~~

~~Number of employees at your location.~~

~~Chief executive officer/key manager.~~

~~Line of business (industry).~~

~~Company headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.204-7 System for Award Management.~~

~~As prescribed in (a)(1), use the following provision:~~

~~System for Award Management (Nov 2024)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—~~

~~"Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator means a four character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity to establish additional System for Award Management records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see) for the same entity.~~

~~Registered in the System for Award Management (SAM) means that—~~

~~The Offeror has entered all mandatory information, including the unique entity identifier and the EFT indicator, if applicable, the Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code, as well as data required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (see into SAM~~

~~The offeror has completed the Core, Assertions, and Representations and Certifications, and Points of Contact sections of the registration in SAM;~~

~~The Government has validated all mandatory data fields, to include validation of the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The offeror will be required to provide consent for TIN validation to the Government as a part of the SAM registration process; and~~

~~The Government has marked the record "Active".~~

~~Unique entity identifier means a number or other identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity. See for the designated entity for establishing unique entity identifiers.~~

~~(b)~~

~~An Offeror is required to be registered in SAM when submitting an offer or quotation and at time of award (see FAR clause 52.204-13, System for Award Management Maintenance, for the requirement to maintain SAM registration during performance and through final payment).~~

~~The Offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation "Unique Entity Identifier" followed by the unique entity identifier that identifies the Offeror's name and address~~

exactly as stated in the offer. The Offeror also shall enter its EFT indicator, if applicable. The unique entity identifier will be used by the Contracting Officer to verify that the Offeror is registered in the SAM.

~~(c) If the Offeror does not have a unique entity identifier, it should contact the entity designated at for establishment of the unique entity identifier directly to obtain one. The Offeror should be prepared to provide the following information:~~

~~Company legal business name.~~

~~Tradestyle, doing business, or other name by which your entity is commonly recognized.~~

~~Company physical street address, city, state, and Zip Code.~~

~~Company mailing address, city, state and Zip Code (if separate from physical).~~

~~Company telephone number.~~

~~Date the company was started.~~

~~Number of employees at your location.~~

~~Chief executive officer/key manager.~~

~~Line of business (industry).~~

~~Company headquarters name and address (reporting relationship within your entity).~~

~~(d) Processing time should be taken into consideration when registering. Offerors who are not registered in SAM should consider applying for registration immediately upon receipt of this solicitation. See for information on registration.~~

(End of provision)

~~Alternate I (Oct 2018). As prescribed in (a)(2), substitute the following paragraph (b)(1) for paragraph (b)(1) of the basic provision:~~

~~(b)(1) An Offeror is required to be registered in SAM as soon as possible. If registration is not possible when submitting an offer or quotation, the awardee shall be registered in SAM in accordance with the requirements of clause 52.204-13, System for Award Management Maintenance.~~

~~52.204-8 Annual Representations and Certifications.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following provision:~~

~~Annual Representations and Certifications (Oct 2025)~~

~~(a)~~

~~The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is _____
[insert NAICS code].~~

The small business size standard is _____ [insert size standard].

The small business size standard for a concern that submits an offer, other than on a construction or service acquisition, but proposes to furnish an end item that it did not itself manufacture, process, or produce is 500 employees, or 150 employees for information technology value-added resellers under NAICS code 541519 if the acquisition—

Is set aside for small business and has a value above the simplified acquisition threshold;

Uses the HUBZone price evaluation preference regardless of dollar value, unless the offeror waives the price evaluation preference; or

Is an 8(a), HUBZone, service-disabled veteran-owned, economically disadvantaged women-owned, or women-owned small business set aside or sole source award regardless of dollar value.

(b)

If the provision at 52.204-7, System for Award Management, is included in this solicitation, paragraph (d) of this provision applies.

If the provision at 52.204-7, System for Award Management, is not included in this solicitation, and the Offeror has an active registration in the System for Award Management (SAM), the Offeror may choose to use paragraph (d) of this provision instead of completing the corresponding individual representations and certifications in the solicitation. The Offeror shall indicate which option applies by checking one of the following boxes:

☐ Paragraph (d) applies.

☐ Paragraph (d) does not apply and the offeror has completed the individual representations and certifications in the solicitation. (c)

(1) The following representations or certifications in SAM are applicable to this solicitation as indicated:

(i) 52.203-2, Certificate of Independent Price Determination. This provision applies to solicitations when a firm-fixed-price contract or fixed-price contract with economic price adjustment is contemplated, unless—(A) The acquisition is to be made under the simplified acquisition procedures in ;

The solicitation is a request for technical proposals under two-step sealed bidding procedures; or

The solicitation is for utility services for which rates are set by law or regulation.

52.203-11, Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions. This provision applies to solicitations expected to exceed \$200,000.

52.203-18, Prohibition on Contracting with Entities that Require Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements Representation. This provision applies to all solicitations.

52.204-3, Taxpayer Identification. This provision applies to solicitations that do not include the provision at 52.204-7, System for Award Management.

~~52.204-5, Women-Owned Business (Other Than Small Business). This provision applies to solicitations that~~
~~Are not set aside for small business concerns;~~
~~Exceed the simplified acquisition threshold; and~~
~~Are for contracts that will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas.~~

~~52.204-26, Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services Representation. This provision applies to all solicitations.~~

~~52.209-2, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations Representation.~~

~~52.209-5, Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters. This provision applies to solicitations where the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.~~

~~52.209-11, Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law. This provision applies to all solicitations.~~

~~52.214-14, Place of Performance-Sealed Bidding. This provision applies to invitations for bids except those in which the place of performance is specified by the Government.~~

~~52.215-6, Place of Performance. This provision applies to solicitations unless the place of performance is specified by the Government.~~

~~52.219-1, Small Business Program Representations (Basic, Alternates I, and II). This provision applies to solicitations when the contract is for supplies to be delivered or services to be performed in the United States or its outlying areas, or when the contracting officer has applied in accordance with b)(1)(ii).~~

~~The basic provision applies when the solicitations are issued by other than DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard.~~

~~The provision with its Alternate I applies to solicitations issued by DoD, NASA, or the Coast Guard.~~

~~The provision with its Alternate II applies to solicitations that will result in a multiple award contract with more than one NAICS code assigned.~~

~~52.219-2, Equal Low Bids. This provision applies to solicitations when contracting by sealed bidding and the contract is for supplies to be delivered or services to be performed in the United States or its outlying areas, or when the contracting officer has applied in accordance with (b)(1)(ii).~~

~~52.222-22, Previous Contracts and Compliance Reports. This provision applies to solicitations that include the clause at 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity.~~

~~52.222-25, Affirmative Action Compliance. This provision applies to solicitations, other than those for construction, when the solicitation includes the clause at 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity.~~

~~52.222-38, Compliance with Veterans' Employment Reporting Requirements. This provision applies to solicitations when it is anticipated the contract award will exceed the simplified acquisition threshold and the contract is not for acquisition of commercial products or commercial services.~~

~~52.223-1, Biobased Product Certification. This provision applies to solicitations that require the delivery or specify the use of biobased products in USDA-designated product categories; or include the clause at 52.223-2, Reporting of Biobased Products Under Service and Construction Contracts.~~

~~52.223-4, Recovered Material Certification. This provision applies to solicitations that are for, or specify the use of, EPA-designated items.~~

~~52.223-22, Public Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduction Goals Representation. This provision applies to solicitations that include the provision at 52.204-7.~~

~~52.225-2, Buy American Certificate. This provision applies to solicitations containing the clause at 52.225-1.~~

~~52.225-4, Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate. (Basic, Alternates II and III.) This provision applies to solicitations containing the clause at 52.225-3.~~

~~If the acquisition value is less than \$50,000, the basic provision applies.~~

~~If the acquisition value is \$50,000 or more but is less than \$100,000, the provision with its Alternate II applies.~~

~~If the acquisition value is \$100,000 or more but is less than \$102,280, the provision with its Alternate III applies.~~

~~52.225-6, Trade Agreements Certificate. This provision applies to solicitations containing the clause at 52.225-5.~~

~~52.225-20, Prohibition on Conducting Restricted Business Operations in Sudan Certification. This provision applies to all solicitations.~~

~~52.225-25, Prohibition on Contracting with Entities Engaging in Certain Activities or Transactions Relating to Iran Representation and Certifications. This provision applies to all solicitations.~~

~~52.226-2, Historically Black College or University and Minority Institution Representation. This provision applies to solicitations for research, studies, supplies, or services of the type normally acquired from higher educational institutions.~~

~~(2) The following representations or certifications are applicable as indicated by the Contracting Officer:~~

~~[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.] — (i) 52.204-17, Ownership or Control of Offeror.~~

~~— (ii) 52.204-20, Predecessor of Offeror.~~

~~— (iii) 52.222-18, Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products.~~

~~— (iv) 52.222-48, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Certification.~~

~~— (v) 52.222-52, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services Certification.~~

~~— (vi) 52.227-6, Royalty Information.~~

~~— (A) Basic.~~

~~—(B) Alternate I.~~

~~—(vii) 52.227-15, Representation of Limited Rights Data and Restricted Computer Software.~~

~~(d) The offeror has completed the annual representations and certifications electronically in SAM website accessed through . After reviewing the SAM information, the offeror verifies by submission of the offer that the representations and certifications currently posted electronically that apply to this solicitation as indicated in paragraph (c) of this provision have been entered or updated within the last 12 months, are current, accurate, complete, and applicable to this solicitation (including the business size standard applicable to the NAICS code referenced for this solicitation), as of the date of this offer and are incorporated in this offer by reference (see FAR); except for the changes identified below [offeror to insert changes, identifying change by clause number, title, date]. These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer. FAR Clause # Title Date Change~~

~~Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted on SAM.~~

(End of provision)

~~Alternate I (Mar 2023). As prescribed in (a), substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic provision:~~

~~(a)(1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes and corresponding size standards for this acquisition are as follows; the categories or portions these NAICS codes are assigned to are specified elsewhere in the solicitation:~~

NAICS Code	Size standard

[Contracting Officer to insert NAICS codes and size standards].

(2) The small business size standard for a concern that submits an offer, other than on a construction or service acquisition, but proposes to furnish an end item that it did not itself manufacture, process, or produce, (i.e., nonmanufacturer), is 500 employees, or 150 employees for information technology value-added resellers under NAICS code 541519, if the acquisition —

Is set aside for small business and has a value above the simplified acquisition threshold;

Uses the HUBZone price evaluation preference regardless of dollar value, unless the offeror waives the ~~price evaluation preference; or~~

~~is an 8(a), HUBZone, service-disabled veteran-owned, economically disadvantaged women-owned, or women-owned small business set aside or sole source award regardless of dollar value.~~

52.204-9 Personal Identity Verification of Contractor Personnel.

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

Personal Identity Verification of Contractor Personnel (Jan 2011)

~~The Contractor shall comply with agency personal identity verification procedures identified in the contract that implement Homeland Security Presidential Directive 12 (HSPD-12), Office of Management and Budget (OMB) guidance M-05-24 and Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS PUB) Number 201.~~

~~The Contractor shall account for all forms of Government provided identification issued to the Contractor employees in connection with performance under this contract.~~ The Contractor shall return such identification to the issuing agency at the earliest of any of the following, unless otherwise determined by the Government:

When no longer needed for contract performance.

Upon completion of the Contractor employee's employment.

Upon contract completion or termination.

The Contracting Officer may delay final payment under a contract if the Contractor fails to comply with these requirements.

~~The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts when the subcontractor's~~ employees are required to have routine physical access to a Federally-controlled facility and/or routine access to a Federally-controlled information system. It shall be the responsibility of the prime Contractor to return such identification to the issuing agency in accordance with the terms set forth in paragraph (b) of this section, unless otherwise approved in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.204-10 Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards.

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (Jun 2020)~~

~~(a) Definitions.~~ As used in this clause:

Executive means officers, managing partners, or any other employees in management positions.

~~First tier subcontract means a subcontract awarded directly by the Contractor for the purpose of acquiring supplies or services (including construction) for performance of a prime contract.~~ It does not include the Contractor's supplier agreements with vendors, such as long-term arrangements for materials or supplies that benefit multiple contracts and/or the costs of which are normally applied to a contractor's general and administrative expenses or indirect costs.

~~Month of award means the month in which a contract is signed by the Contracting Officer or the month in which a first tier subcontract is signed by the Contractor.~~

~~Total compensation means the cash and noncash dollar value earned by the executive during the Contractor's preceding fiscal year and includes the following (for more information see 17 CFR 229.402(c)(2)):~~

~~Salary and bonus.~~

~~Awards of stock, stock options, and stock appreciation rights. Use the dollar amount recognized for financial statement reporting purposes with respect to the fiscal year in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification (FASB ASC) 718, Compensation-Stock Compensation.~~

~~Earnings for services under non-equity incentive plans. This does not include group life, health, hospitalization or medical reimbursement plans that do not discriminate in favor of executives, and are available generally to all salaried employees.~~

~~Change in pension value. This is the change in present value of defined benefit and actuarial pension plans.~~

~~Above-market earnings on deferred compensation which is not tax-qualified.~~

~~Other compensation, if the aggregate value of all such other compensation (e.g., severance, termination payments, value of life insurance paid on behalf of the employee, perquisites or property) for the executive exceeds \$10,000.~~

~~Section 2(d)(2) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (Pub. L. 109-282), as amended by section 6202 of the Government Funding Transparency Act of 2008 (Pub. L. 110-252), requires the Contractor to report information on subcontract awards. The law requires all reported information be made public; therefore, the Contractor is responsible for notifying its subcontractors that the required information will be made public.~~

~~Nothing in this clause requires the disclosure of classified information~~

~~(d)~~

~~(1) Executive compensation of the prime contractor. As a part of its annual registration requirement in the System for Award Management (SAM) (Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) provision 52.204-7), the Contractor shall report the names and total compensation of each of the five most highly compensated executives for its preceding completed fiscal year, if—~~

~~(i) In the Contractor's preceding fiscal year, the Contractor received—~~

~~80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal contracts (and subcontracts), loans, grants (and subgrants), cooperative agreements, and other forms of Federal financial assistance; and~~

~~\$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal contracts (and subcontracts), loans, grants (and subgrants), cooperative agreements, and other forms of Federal financial assistance; and~~

~~(ii) The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (–) or section 6104 of the~~

~~Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S.~~

~~Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at)~~

~~(2) First-tier subcontract information. Unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, or as provided in paragraph (g) of this clause, by the end of the month following the month of award of a first-tier subcontract valued at or above the threshold specified in FAR (a) on the date of subcontract award, the Contractor shall report the following information at for that first-tier subcontract. (The Contractor shall follow the instructions at to report the data.)~~

~~Unique entity identifier for the subcontractor receiving the award and for the subcontractor's parent company, if the subcontractor has a parent company.~~

~~Name of the subcontractor.~~

~~Amount of the subcontract award.~~

~~Date of the subcontract award.~~

~~A description of the products or services (including construction) being provided under the subcontract, including the overall purpose and expected outcomes or results of the subcontract.~~

~~Subcontract number (the subcontract number assigned by the Contractor).~~

~~Subcontractor's physical address including street address, city, state, and country. Also include the nine-digit zip code and congressional district.~~

~~Subcontractor's primary performance location including street address, city, state, and country. Also include the nine-digit zip code and congressional district.~~

~~The prime contract number, and order number if applicable.~~

~~Awarding agency name and code.~~

~~Funding agency name and code.~~

~~Government contracting office code.~~

~~Treasury account symbol (TAS) as reported in FPDS.~~

~~The applicable North American Industry Classification System code (NAICS).~~

~~(3) Executive compensation of the first-tier subcontractor. Unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, by the end of the month following the month of award of a first-tier subcontract valued at or above the threshold specified in FAR (a) on the date of subcontract award, and annually thereafter (calculated from the prime contract award date), the Contractor shall report the names and total compensation of each of the five most highly compensated executives for that first-tier subcontractor for the first-tier subcontractor's preceding completed fiscal year at if~~

~~(i) In the subcontractor's preceding fiscal year, the subcontractor received-~~

~~80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal contracts (and subcontracts), loans, grants (and subgrants), cooperative agreements, and other forms of Federal financial assistance; and~~

~~\$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal contracts (and subcontracts), loans, grants (and subgrants), cooperative agreements, and other forms of Federal financial assistance; and~~

~~(ii) The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (i) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at)~~

~~The Contractor shall not split or break down first tier subcontract awards to a value below the threshold specified in FAR a), on the date of subcontract award, to avoid the reporting requirements in paragraph (d) of this clause.~~

~~The Contractor is required to report information on a first tier subcontract covered by paragraph (d) when the subcontract is awarded. Continued reporting on the same subcontract is not required unless one of the reported data elements changes during the performance of the subcontract. The Contractor is not required to make further reports after the first tier subcontract expires.~~

~~(g)~~

~~If the Contractor in the previous tax year had gross income, from all sources, under \$300,000, the Contractor is exempt from the requirement to report subcontractor awards.~~

~~If a subcontractor in the previous tax year had gross income from all sources under \$300,000, the Contractor does not need to report awards for that subcontractor.~~

~~(h) The FSRS database at will be prepopulated with some information from SAM and the FPDS database. If FPDS information is incorrect, the Contractor should notify the Contracting Officer. If the SAM information is incorrect, the Contractor is responsible for correcting this information.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.204-11 [Reserved]~~

~~52.204-12 Unique Entity Identifier Maintenance-~~

~~As prescribed in c), insert the following clause:~~

~~Unique Entity Identifier Maintenance (Oct 2016)~~

~~Definition. Unique entity identifier, as used in this clause, means a number or other identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity. See for the designated entity for establishing unique entity identifiers.~~

The Contractor shall ensure that the unique entity identifier is maintained with the entity designated at the System for Award Management (SAM) for establishment of the unique entity identifier throughout the life of the contract. The Contractor shall communicate any change to the unique entity identifier to the Contracting Officer within 30 days after the change, so an appropriate modification can be issued to update the data on the contract. A change in the unique entity identifier does not necessarily require a novation be accomplished. (End of clause)

52.204-13 System for Award Management Maintenance.

As prescribed in (b), use the following clause:

System for Award Management Maintenance. (Oct 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator means a four-character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity to establish additional System for Award Management (SAM) records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see for the same entity.

Registered in the System for Award Management (SAM) means that—

The Contractor has entered all mandatory information, including the unique entity identifier and the EFT indicator (if applicable), the Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code, as well as data required by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (see , into SAM;

The Contractor has completed the Core, Assertions, Representations and Certifications, and Points of Contact sections of the registration in SAM;

The Government has validated all mandatory data fields, to include validation of the Taxpayer Identification Number

(TIN) with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The Contractor will be required to provide consent for TIN validation to the Government as a part of the SAM registration process; and

The Government has marked the record "Active".

System for Award Management (SAM) means the primary Government repository for prospective Federal awardee and Federal awardee information and the centralized Government system for certain contracting, grants, and other assistance-related processes. It includes—

Data collected from prospective Federal awardees required for the conduct of business with the Government;

Prospective contractor-submitted annual representations and certifications in accordance with FAR ; and

Identification of those parties excluded from receiving Federal contracts, certain subcontracts, and certain types of Federal financial and non-financial assistance and benefits.

Unique entity identifier means a number or other identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity. See for the designated entity for establishing unique entity identifiers.

If the solicitation for this contract contained the provision 52.204-7 with its Alternate I, and the Contractor was unable to register prior to award, the Contractor shall be registered in SAM within 30 days after award or before three days prior to submission of the first invoice, whichever occurs first.

The Contractor shall maintain registration in SAM during contract performance and through final payment of any contract, basic agreement, basic ordering agreement, or blanket purchasing agreement. The Contractor is responsible for the currency, accuracy and completeness of the data within SAM, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data. To remain registered in SAM after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis, from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates, its information in SAM to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in SAM does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.

(d)

(1)

(i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name or "doing business as" name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change of name agreements in subpart , the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to—

Change the name in SAM;

Comply with the requirements of subpart of the FAR; and

Agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall provide with the notification sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.

(ii) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (d)(1)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change of name agreement, the SAM information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.

The Contractor shall not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in SAM record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims (see FAR Assignment of Claims). Assignees shall be separately registered in the SAM. Information provided to the Contractor's SAM record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.

The Contractor shall ensure that the unique entity identifier is maintained with the entity designated at for establishment of the unique entity identifier throughout the life of the contract. The Contractor shall communicate any change to the unique entity identifier to the Contracting Officer within 30 days after the change, so an appropriate modification can be issued to update the data on the contract. A change in the unique entity identifier does not necessarily require a novation be accomplished.

~~(e) Contractors may obtain additional information on registration and annual confirmation requirements at~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.204-14 Service Contract Reporting Requirements.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Service Contract Reporting Requirements (Oct 2016)~~

~~Definition.~~

~~First tier subcontract means a subcontract awarded directly by the Contractor for the purpose of acquiring supplies or services (including construction) for performance of a prime contract. It does not include the Contractor's supplier agreements with vendors, such as long term arrangements for materials or supplies that benefit multiple contracts and/or the costs of which are normally applied to a Contractor's general and administrative expenses or indirect costs.~~

~~The Contractor shall report, in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of this clause, annually by October 31, for services performed under this contract during the preceding Government fiscal year (October 1-September 30).~~

~~The Contractor shall report the following information:~~

~~Contract number and, as applicable, order number.~~

~~The total dollar amount invoiced for services performed during the previous Government fiscal year under the contract.~~

~~The number of Contractor direct labor hours expended on the services performed during the previous Government fiscal year.~~

~~Data reported by subcontractors under paragraph (f) of this clause.~~

~~The information required in paragraph (c) of this clause shall be submitted via the internet at (See SAM User Guide). If the Contractor fails to submit the report in a timely manner, the Contracting Officer will exercise appropriate contractual remedies. In addition, the Contracting Officer will make the Contractor's failure to comply with the reporting requirements a part of the Contractor's performance information under FAR~~

~~Agencies will review Contractor reported information for reasonableness and consistency with available contract information. In the event the agency believes that revisions to the Contractor reported information are warranted, the agency will notify the Contractor no later than November 15. By November 30, the Contractor shall revise the report, or document its rationale for the agency.~~

~~(f)~~

~~(1) The Contractor shall require each first tier subcontractor providing services under this contract, with subcontract(s) each valued at or above the thresholds set forth in a)(2), to provide the following detailed information to the Contractor in sufficient time to submit the report:~~

Subcontract number (including subcontractor name and unique entity identifier); and

The number of first-tier subcontractor direct-labor hours expended on the services performed during ~~the previous Government fiscal year.~~

~~(2) The Contractor shall advise the subcontractor that the information will be made available to the public as required by section 743 of Division C of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2010.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.204-15 Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-Delivery Contracts.~~

~~As prescribed in b), insert the following clause:~~

~~Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-Delivery Contracts (Oct 2016)~~

~~Definitions.~~

~~First tier subcontract means a subcontract awarded directly by the Contractor for the purpose of acquiring supplies or services (including construction) for performance of a prime contract. It does not include the Contractor's supplier agreements with vendors, such as long term arrangements for materials or supplies that benefit multiple contracts and/or the costs of which are normally applied to a Contractor's general and administrative expenses or indirect costs.~~

~~The Contractor shall report, in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of this clause, annually by October 31, for services performed during the preceding Government fiscal year (October 1-September 30) under this contract for orders that exceed the thresholds established in (a)(2).~~

~~The Contractor shall report the following information:~~

~~Contract number and order number.~~

~~The total dollar amount invoiced for services performed during the previous Government fiscal year under the order.~~

~~The number of Contractor direct labor hours expended on the services performed during the previous Government fiscal year.~~

Data reported by subcontractors under paragraph (f) of this clause.

~~The information required in paragraph (c) of this clause shall be submitted via the internet at (See SAM~~

~~User Guide). If the Contractor fails to submit the report in a timely manner, the Contracting Officer will exercise appropriate contractual remedies. In addition, the Contracting Officer will make the Contractor's failure to comply with the reporting requirements a part of the Contractor's performance information under FAR~~

~~Agencies will review Contractor reported information for reasonableness and consistency with available contract information. In the event the agency believes that revisions to the Contractor reported information are warranted, the agency will notify the Contractor no later than November 15. By November 30, the Contractor shall revise the report, or document its rationale for the agency.~~

(f)

~~(1) The Contractor shall require each first-tier subcontractor providing services under this contract, with subcontract(s) each valued at or above the thresholds set forth in a)(2), to provide the following detailed information to the Contractor in sufficient time to submit the report:~~

~~Subcontract number (including subcontractor name and unique entity identifier), and~~

~~The number of first-tier subcontractor direct labor hours expended on the services performed during the previous Government fiscal year.~~

~~(2) The Contractor shall advise the subcontractor that the information will be made available to the public as required by section 743 of Division C of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2010. (End of clause)~~

~~52.204-16 Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting.~~

~~As prescribed in a), use the following provision:~~

~~Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting (Aug 2020)~~

~~(a) Definition. As used in this provision --~~

~~Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code means--~~

~~An identifier assigned to entities located in the United States or its outlying areas by the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch to identify a commercial or government entity by unique location; or~~

~~An identifier assigned by a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or by the NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) to entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas that the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch records and maintains in the CAGE master file. This type of code is known as a NATO CAGE (NCAGE) code.~~

~~The Offeror shall provide its CAGE code with its offer with its name and location address or otherwise include it prominently in its proposal. The CAGE code must be for that name and location address. Insert the word "CAGE" before the number. The CAGE code is required prior to award.~~

~~CAGE codes may be obtained via--~~

~~Registration in the System for Award Management (SAM) at -- If the Offeror is located in the United~~

~~States or its outlying areas and does not already have a CAGE code assigned, the DLA Commercial and Government Entity~~

~~(CAGE) Branch will assign a CAGE code as a part of the SAM registration process. SAM registrants located outside the United States and its outlying areas shall obtain a NCAGE code prior to registration in SAM (see paragraph (c)(3) of this provision).~~

~~The DLA Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch. If registration in SAM is not required for the subject procurement, and the Offeror does not otherwise register in SAM, an Offeror located in the United States or its outlying areas may request that a CAGE code be assigned by submitting a request at~~

~~The appropriate country codification bureau. Entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas may obtain an NCAGE code by contacting the Codification Bureau in the foreign entity's country if that country is a member of NATO or a sponsored nation. NCAGE codes may be obtained from the NSPA at~~

~~if the foreign entity's country is not a member of NATO or a sponsored nation. Points of contact for codification bureaus, as well as additional information on obtaining NCAGE codes, are available at.~~

~~Additional guidance for establishing and maintaining CAGE codes is available at.~~

~~When a CAGE code is required for the immediate owner and/or the highest-level owner by Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.204-17 or 52.212-3(p), the Offeror shall obtain the respective CAGE code from that entity to supply the CAGE code to the Government.~~

~~Do not delay submission of the offer pending receipt of a CAGE code.~~

~~If the solicitation includes FAR clause 52.204-2, Security Requirements, A subcontractor requiring access to classified information under a contract shall be identified with a CAGE code on the DD Form 254. The Contractor shall require a subcontractor requiring access to classified information to provide its CAGE code with its name and location address or otherwise include it prominently in the proposal. Each location of subcontractor performance listed on the DD Form 254 is required to reflect a corresponding unique CAGE code for each listed location unless the work is being performed at a Government facility, in which case the agency location code shall be used. The CAGE code must be for that name and location address. Insert the word "CAGE" before the number. The CAGE code is required prior to award.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.204-17 Ownership or Control of Offeror.~~

~~As prescribed in b), use the following provision:~~

~~Ownership or Control of Offeror (Aug 2020)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—~~

~~Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code means—~~

~~An identifier assigned to entities located in the United States or its outlying areas by the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch to identify a commercial or government entity by unique location; or~~

~~An identifier assigned by a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or by the NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) to entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas that the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch records and maintains in the CAGE master file. This type of code is known as a NATO CAGE (NCAGE) code.~~

Highest-level owner means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest-level owner.

Immediate owner means an entity, other than the offeror, that has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: ownership or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees. There may be more than one immediate owner (e.g., joint ventures).

Predecessor means an entity whose assets were acquired by the offeror or another entity (most often through merger or acquisition) and whose affairs are now carried out by the offeror or the other entity under a new name.

Taxpayer identification number means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror to report income tax and other returns. It may be either a Social Security Number or an Employer Identification Number.

Unique entity identifier means a number or other identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity. See www.sam.gov for the designated entity for establishing unique entity identifiers.

~~The Offeror represents~~ (b) Identifiers. The Offeror shall obtain and provide the following identifying information:

Unique entity identifier (UEI).

(i)The Offeror shall obtain a UEI to register in SAM. The Government will independently validate the existence and uniqueness of the Offeror before assigning a UEI to the Offeror. Go to <https://www.sam.gov> for instructions on obtaining a UEI.

(ii)The Offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation "Unique Entity Identifier" followed by the UEI that ~~it~~ identifies the Offeror's name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The Offeror shall also enter its EFT indicator, if applicable.

(iii)The Contracting Officer will use the UEI to verify that the Offeror ~~has or~~ does not have an active Federal Government contracts registration in SAM.

Taxpayer identification number (TIN).

(i)The Offeror shall provide its TIN or related information to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d); reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M; and implementing regulations issued by the IRS. The Offeror shall consent for TIN validation; and

Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code.

(i)The Offeror shall provide a CAGE code and legal business name (Do not use a "doing business as" name) for

=

(A)Itself;

(B)Its immediate owner-~~(s)~~, if any;

(C)Its highest-level owner, if any; and

(D)Any predecessor(s), or predecessor of an Offeror's predecessor, that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years.

(ii)If the Offeror ~~has more than one~~ is in the United States or its outlying areas and does not already have a CAGE code assigned, the DLA CAGE Branch will assign a CAGE code to the Offeror as a part of the SAM registration process. For information on obtaining a CAGE code go to <https://cage.dla.mil/>.

(iii)The Offeror shall get from any immediate and/or highest-level owner-~~(such)~~(s) their respective CAGE code(s) to provide the code(s) as part of the registration (FAR 52.204-7(b)(3)(i)).

(iv)If the Offeror is located outside of the United States or its outlying areas, and does not already have a CAGE code assigned, the Offeror may obtain a CAGE code as indicated in the following table.

If the Offeror is... Then...

Located in a country that is a

member of the North Atlantic Contact the appropriate National Codification Bureau Treaty Organization (NATO) or a (<https://www.nato.int/structur/ac/135/about/contacts>) sponsored nation

Located in a country that is not a

Contact the NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA)

member of NATO or a sponsored

(<https://eportal.nspa.nato.int/AC135Public/scage/CageList.aspx>)

nation~~joint venture~~), then

(c) Representations and certifications.

(1) The following FAR solicitation provisions contain entity-level representations and certifications that the Offeror shall submit as part of their Federal Government contracts registration in SAM:

Provision Title Date

Oct

52.204-5 Women-Owned Business (Other Than Small Business)

2014

Nov

52.209-2 Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations—Representation

2015

[Aug](#)

[52.209-5 Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters](#)

2020

[Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Feb](#)

[52.209-11](#)

[Conviction under any Federal Law 2016](#)

[Feb](#)

[52.219-1 Small Business Program Representations](#)

2024

[52.219-1 Alt Feb](#)

[Small Business Program Representations, with its Alternate I I 2024](#)

[52.219-1 Alt Mar](#)

[Small Business Program Representations, with its Alternate II](#)

[II 2023](#)

[Oct](#)

[52.226-2 Historically Black College or University and Minority Institution Representation](#)

2014~~respond to~~

(2)By submitting its offer, the Offeror verifies that, as of the date of its offer, its representations and certifications posted electronically in SAM for the provisions listed in paragraph (c) and if applicable, paragraph (d)(1) of this provision for each participant in the joint venture are current, accurate, and complete. The Offeror's representations and certifications in SAM are hereby incorporated by reference into its offer.

~~if~~ (d) Other information. The Offeror shall provide more information on its business operations and type that is necessary to be considered for award of certain contracts and financial information necessary to receive payment under contracts.

(End of provision)

~~indicates "has" in~~ Alternate I (DATE). As prescribed in 4.208(b)(1), replace the first sentence of the introductory paragraph (b) of this the basic provision, enter with the following information sentences:

~~Immediate owner CAGE code:~~ _____

Immediate owner legal name: _____

(Do not use a "doing business as" name)

Is the immediate owner owned or controlled by another entity? ☐ Yes or ☐ No.

If the Offeror indicates "yes" in paragraph (c) of this provision, indicating that the immediate owner is owned or controlled by another entity, then enter the following information:

Highest level owner CAGE code: _____

Highest level owner legal name: _____

(Do not use a "doing business as" name)

(End of provision)

~~52.204-18 Commercial and~~ The Offeror shall have an active Federal Government ~~Entity Code~~ contracts registration in the System for Award

Management (SAM) as soon as possible. If registration is not possible when submitting an offer or quotation, the awardee shall be registered in SAM according to the requirements of the Alternate I of clause at FAR 52.204-13, System for Award Management Maintenance.

52.204-8 [Reserved]

52.204-9 Personal Identity Verification of Contractor Personnel.

As prescribed in 4.208(d), insert the following clause:

Personal Identity Verification of Contractor Personnel (Jan 2011)

(a) The Contractor shall comply with agency personal identity verification procedures identified in the contract that implement Homeland Security Presidential Directive-12 (HSPD-12), Office of Management and Budget

(OMB) guidance M-05-24 and Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS PUB) Number 201. (b) The Contractor shall account for all forms of Government-provided identification issued to the Contractor employees in connection with performance under this contract. The Contractor shall return such identification to the issuing agency at the earliest of any of the following, unless otherwise determined by the Government:

When no longer needed for contract performance.

Upon completion of the Contractor employee's employment.

Upon contract completion or termination.

The Contracting Officer may delay final payment under a contract if the Contractor fails to comply with these requirements.

[The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph \(d\), in all subcontracts when the subcontractor's](#) employees are required to have routine physical access to a Federally-controlled facility and/or routine access to a Federally-controlled information system. It shall be the responsibility of the prime Contractor to return such identification to the issuing agency in accordance with the terms set forth in paragraph (b) of this section, unless otherwise approved in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.204-10 Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards.

[As prescribed in 4.208\(e\) insert the following clause:](#)

[Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards \(DEVIATION DATE\) \(a\) Definitions.](#) As used in this clause:

Executive means officers, managing partners, or any other employees in management positions.

[First-tier subcontract means a subcontract awarded directly by the Contractor to acquire supplies or services \(including construction\) for performing a prime contract.](#) It does not include the Contractor's supplier agreements with vendors, such as long-term arrangements for materials or supplies that benefit multiple contracts and/or the costs of which are normally applied to a contractor's general and administrative expenses or indirect costs.

[Month of award means the month in which the Contracting Officer signs a contract or the month in which the Contractor signs a first-tier subcontract.](#)

[Total compensation means the cash and noncash dollar value earned by the executive during the Contractor's preceding fiscal year and includes the information described at 17 CFR 229.402\(c\)\(2\).](#)

[Requirement. Section 2\(d\)\(2\) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 \(Pub. L. 109-282\), as amended by section 6202 of the Government Funding Transparency Act of 2008 \(Pub. L. 110-252\), requires the Contractor to report information on subcontract awards. The law requires all reported information be made public; therefore, the Contractor is responsible for notifying its subcontractors that the required information will be made public. Nothing in this clause requires disclosing classified information.](#)

[Reporting. Unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, or as provided in paragraph \(f\) of this clause, the Contractor shall report the following in the System for Award Management at <https://www.sam.gov> as follows:](#)

[\(1\) Executive compensation of the prime contractor. The Contractor shall report the names and total compensation of each of the five most highly compensated executives for its preceding completed fiscal year, if](#)
=

[\(i\) In the Contractor's preceding fiscal year, the Contractor received—](#)

[\(A\) 80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal contracts \(and subcontracts\); loans, grants \(and subgrants\); cooperative agreements; and other forms of Federal financial assistance; and](#)

(B)\$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal contracts (and subcontracts); loans, grants (and subgrants); cooperative agreements; and other forms of Federal financial assistance; and

(ii)The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. (To determine if the public has access to the compensation information, see the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission total compensation filings at <http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm>).

(2)First-tier subcontract information. The Contractor shall report the following information by the end of the month following the month of award of each first-tier subcontract award:

(i)Unique entity identifier for the subcontractor receiving the award and for the subcontractor's ultimate parent company, if the subcontractor has a parent company.

(ii)Name of the subcontractor.

(iii)Amount of the subcontract award.

(iv)Date of the subcontract award.

(v)A description of the products or services (including construction) being provided under the subcontract, including the overall purpose and expected outcomes or results of the subcontract.

(vi)The subcontract number assigned by the Prime Contractor.

(vii)Subcontractor's physical address.

(viii)Subcontractor's primary performance location.

(ix)The prime contract number, and order number if applicable.

(x)Awarding agency name and code.

(xi)Funding agency name and code.

(xii)Government contracting office code.

(xiii)The applicable North American Industry Classification System code.

(3)Executive compensation of the first-tier subcontractor. The Contractor shall report by the end of the month following the month of award of a first-tier subcontract award and annually thereafter (calculated from the prime contract award date) the names and total compensation of each of the five most highly compensated executives for that subcontractor in the subcontractor's preceding completed fiscal year, if—

(i)In the subcontractor's preceding fiscal year, the subcontractor received—

(A)80 percent or more of its annual gross revenues from Federal contracts (and subcontracts); loans, grants (and subgrants); cooperative agreements; and other forms of Federal financial assistance; and

(B) \$25,000,000 or more in annual gross revenues from Federal contracts (and subcontracts); loans, grants (and subgrants); cooperative agreements; and other forms of Federal financial assistance; and

(ii) The public does not have access to information about the compensation of the executives through periodic reports filed under section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a), 78o(d)) or section 6104 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (see <http://www.sec.gov/answers/execomp.htm>).

Restriction. The Contractor shall not split or break down subcontracts to a value below the threshold at the Federal Acquisition Regulation 4.208(e), on the date of subcontract award, to avoid the reporting requirements in paragraph (c) of this clause.

Duration. Continued reporting on first-tier subcontracts is not required unless one of the reported data elements changes during the performance of the subcontract. The Contractor is not required to make further reports after a first-tier subcontract expires.

Exceptions.

If the Contractor in the previous tax year had gross income, from all sources, under \$300,000, the Contractor is exempt from the requirement to report subcontractor awards.

If a subcontractor in the previous tax year had gross income from all sources under \$300,000, the Contractor does not need to report awards for that subcontractor.

(g) Prepopulated data. The Subcontract Reports in SAM will prepopulate with some information from SAM and the Federal Procurement Data System (FPDS). If the FPDS information is incorrect, the Contractor should notify the Contracting Officer. If the SAM information is incorrect, the Contractor is responsible for correcting this information.

(End of clause)

52.204-11 [Reserved]

52.204-12 [Reserved]

52.204-13 System for Award Management Maintenance.

As prescribed in 4.208(b)(2), use the following clause:

~~Commercial and Government Entity Code~~ System for Award Management Maintenance ~~(Aug. (DEVIATION DATE 2020)~~

(a) Definition. Definitions. As used in this clause—

Commercial and Government Entity ~~(CAGE) code means—~~ code means—

(1) An identifier assigned to entities located in the United States or its outlying areas by the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch to identify a commercial or government entity by unique location; (referred to as “CAGE code”); or

(2) An identifier assigned by a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or by the NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) to entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas that the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch records and maintains in the CAGE master file. This type of code is known (referred to as a NATO CAGE ("NCAGE") code:").

Contractors Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) means an identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity.

Active registration.

The Contractor shall maintain an active Federal Government contracts registration in the System for Award Management (SAM) at <https://www.sam.gov> during contract performance and through final payment under this contract. To maintain an active registration in SAM, the Contractor shall review at least annually its registration in SAM and validate that the information is current, accurate, and complete.

(2) The Contractor is responsible for the currency, accuracy, and completeness of the information provided within SAM, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete information. Updating SAM does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.

Novation and change-of-name agreements.

(1) If the Contractor has legally changed its business name or "doing business as" name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used to perform the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in part 42 of the Federal Acquisition

Regulation (FAR), the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day's written notification of its intention to —

(i) Change the legal business name in SAM;

(ii) Comply with the requirements of FAR part 42; and

(iii) Agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall provide with its written notification sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.

(2) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (c)(1)(iii) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change-of-name agreement, the SAM information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.

(d) Assignees.

(1) The Contractor shall not change the legal business name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in the SAM record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims (see FAR part 32). Assignees shall be separately registered in SAM.

(2) Information provided to the Contractor's SAM record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.

(e) Unique entity identifier (UEI). The Contractor shall ensure that the CAGE code's UEI is maintained throughout the life of the contract for each location of contract, including subcontract, performance. For contractors registered in the System for Award Management (SAM), the DLA,

(f) Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch code. The Contractor shall only modify data received from SAM to ensure that the CAGE master file if code is maintained throughout the contractor initiates those changes via life of the contract. To update of a CAGE code, the Contractor shall initiate the change by updating its SAM registration. Contractors undergoing a novation or change of name agreement shall notify the contracting officer in accordance with subpart

(g) Communicating changes. The Contractor shall communicate any change to the UEI or CAGE code to the Contracting Officer within 30 days after the change, so that a modification can be issued to update the UEI or CAGE code on this contract. A change in the UEI does not necessarily require a novation.

(End of clause)

~~Contractors located in the United States or its outlying areas that are not registered in SAM shall submit written change requests to the DLA Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch. Requests for changes shall be provided at Change requests to the CAGE master file are accepted from the entity identified by the code.~~

~~Contractors located outside the United States and its outlying areas that are not registered in SAM shall contact the appropriate National Codification Bureau (points of contact Alternate I (DATE). As prescribed in 4.208(b)(2), replace paragraph (b) of the basic clause with the following paragraph (b):~~

(b) Active registration.

If the Contractor was unable to register for Federal Government contracts in the System for Award

Management (SAM) at <https://www.sam.gov> before award, the Contractor shall register in SAM within 30 days after contract award or at least three days before submitting the first invoice, whichever occurs first.

The Contractor shall maintain an active Federal Government contracts registration in SAM during contract performance and through final payment under this contract. To maintain an active registration in SAM, the Contractor shall review at least annually its registration in SAM and validate that the information is current, accurate, and complete.

The Contractor is responsible for the currency, accuracy, and completeness of the information provided within SAM, and for any liability resulting from the Government's reliance on inaccurate or incomplete information. Updating SAM does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.

52.204-14 Service Contract Reporting Requirements.

As prescribed in 4.208(f)(2), insert the following clause:

Service Contract Reporting Requirements (DEVIATION DATE)

Definition. As used in this clause—

First-tier subcontract means a subcontract awarded directly by the Contractor to acquire supplies or services (including construction) for performing a prime contract. It does not include the Contractor's supplier agreements with vendors, such as long-term arrangements for materials or supplies that benefit multiple contracts and/or the costs of which are normally applied to a contractor's general and administrative expenses or indirect costs.

Requirement. The Contractor shall report, according to paragraphs (c) and (d) of this clause, annually by October 31, for services performed under this contract during the preceding Government fiscal year (October 1September 30).

Report elements. The Contractor shall report the following information:

Contract number and, as applicable, order number.

The total dollar amount invoiced for services performed during the previous Government fiscal year under the contract.

The number of Contractor direct labor hours expended on the services performed during the previous Government fiscal year.

Data reported by subcontractors under paragraph (f) of this clause.

Remedies. The Contractor shall submit the information required in paragraph (c) of this clause in the System for Award Management (SAM) at <https://www.sam.gov> (see SAM User Guide). If the Contractor fails to submit the report in a timely manner, the Contracting Officer will exercise appropriate contractual remedies. In addition, the Contracting Officer will make the Contractor's failure to comply with the reporting requirements a part of the Contractor's performance information under the Federal Acquisition Regulation part 42.

Review. Agencies will review Contractor-reported information for reasonableness and consistency with available contract information. If the agency believes that revisions to the Contractor's reported information are warranted, the agency will notify the Contractor no later than November 15. By November 30, the Contractor shall revise the report, or put its reason in writing for the agency.

First-tier subcontracts.

(1) The Contractor shall require each first-tier subcontractor providing services under this contract, with subcontract(s) each valued at or above the thresholds set forth in 4.303(b), to provide the following detailed information to the Contractor in sufficient time to submit the report:

Subcontract number (including subcontractor name and unique entity identifier); and

The number of first-tier subcontractor direct-labor hours expended on the services performed during the previous Government fiscal year.

(2) The Contractor shall tell the subcontractor that the information will be made available to the public as required by section 743 of Division C of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2010.

(End of clause)

~~-available at -) or NSPA at to request CAGE changes-~~

~~Additional guidance for maintaining CAGE codes is available at~~

~~If the contract includes Federal Acquisition Regulation clause 52.204-2, Security~~ 15 Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-Delivery Contracts.

As prescribed in 4.208(f)(3), insert the following clause:

Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-Delivery Contracts (DEVIATION DATE)

Definitions. As used in this clause—

First-tier subcontract means a subcontract awarded directly by the Contractor to acquire supplies or services (including construction) for performing a prime contract. It does not include the Contractor's supplier agreements with vendors, such as long-term arrangements for materials or supplies that benefit multiple contracts and/or the costs of which are normally applied to a contractor's general and administrative expenses or indirect costs.

Requirement. The Contractor shall ~~ensure that subcontractors maintain their CAGE code(s) throughout the life of the report,~~ according to paragraphs (c) and (d) of this clause, annually by October 31, for services performed during the preceding Government fiscal year (October 1-September 30) under this contract, for orders that exceed the thresholds established in 4.303(b).

Report elements. The Contractor shall report the following information:

Contract number and order number.

The total dollar amount invoiced for services performed during the previous Government fiscal year under the order.

The number of Contractor direct labor hours expended on the services performed during the previous Government fiscal year.

Data reported by subcontractors under paragraph (f) of this clause.

Remedies. The Contractor shall submit the information required in paragraph (c) of this clause in the System for Award Management (SAM) at <https://www.sam.gov> (see SAM User Guide). If the Contractor fails to submit the report in a timely manner, the Contracting Officer will exercise appropriate contractual remedies. In addition, the Contracting Officer will make the Contractor's failure to comply with the reporting requirements a part of the Contractor's performance information under the Federal Acquisition Regulation part 42.

Review. ~~(End of clause)~~

Agencies will review Contractor-reported information for reasonableness and consistency with available contract information. If the agency believes that revisions to the Contractor's reported information are warranted, the agency will notify the Contractor no later than November 15. By November 30, the Contractor shall revise the report, or put its reason in writing for the agency.

First-tier subcontracts.

(1) The Contractor shall require each first-tier subcontractor providing services under this contract, with subcontract(s) each valued at or above the thresholds set forth in 4.303(b), to provide the following detailed information to the Contractor in sufficient time to submit the report:

Subcontract number (including subcontractor name and unique entity identifier); and

The number of first-tier subcontractor direct-labor hours expended on the services performed during the previous Government fiscal year.

(2) The Contractor shall tell the subcontractor that the information will be made available to the public as required by section 743 of Division C of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2010. (End of clause)

52.204-16 [Reserved]

52.204-17 [Reserved]

52.204-18 [Reserved]

52.204-19 Incorporation by Reference of Representations and Certifications.

As prescribed in ~~b~~4.208(g), insert the following clause:

Incorporation by Reference of Representations and Certifications (Dec 2014)

The Contractor's representations and certifications, including those completed electronically via the System for Award Management (SAM), are incorporated by reference into the contract.

(End of clause)

52.204-20 ~~Predecessor of~~ [Reserved]

52.204-21 [Reserved]

52.204-22 [Reserved]

52.204-23 [Reserved]

52.204-24 [Reserved]

52.204-25 [Reserved]

52.204-26 [Reserved]

52.204-27 [Reserved]

[52.204-28 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.204-29 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.204-30 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.204-90 Offeror Identification.](#)

As prescribed in ~~d~~[4.208\(c\)\(1\)](#), insert the following provision:

~~Predecessor of Offeror (Aug-~~[OFFEROR IDENTIFICATION \(DATE\)](#)

[If the Offeror will not have an active Federal Government contracts registration in the System for Award Management \(<https://www.sam.gov>\) when submitting its offer, it shall complete paragraphs \(c\) and \(d\) of this provision and include its responses with its offer.](#)

~~2020)~~

~~(a)~~ Definitions. As used in this provision—

[\(a\) Commercial and Government Entity \(CAGE\) code has the meaning provided in the clause at FAR 52.204-91, Contractor Identification, of this solicitation.](#)

[Common parent means— that corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated basis, and of which the offeror is a member.](#)

[Electronic Funds Transfer \(EFT\) indicator means a bank account identifier to establish additional System for Award Management records for identifying alternative EFT accounts \(see part 32\) for the same entity.](#)

[Highest-level owner means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest-level owner.](#)

[Immediate owner means an entity, other than the offeror, that has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: ownership or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees. There may be more than one immediate owner \(e.g., joint ventures\).](#)

[Predecessor means an entity whose assets were acquired by the offeror or another entity \(most often through merger or acquisition\) and whose affairs are now carried out by the offeror or the other entity under a new name.](#)

[Taxpayer Identification Number means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service \(IRS\) to be used by the offeror to report income tax and other returns. It may be either a Social Security Number or an Employer Identification Number.](#)

[Unique entity identifier \(UEI\) has the meaning provided in the clause at FAR 52.204-91, Contractor Identification, of this solicitation.](#)

[Unique entity identifier \(UEI\).](#)

(1)The Offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation “Unique Entity Identifier” followed by the UEI that identifies the Offeror’s name and address exactly as stated in the offer. The Offeror shall also enter its EFT indicator, if applicable.

(2)If the Offeror does not have a UEI, it shall go to <https://www.sam.gov> to obtain one. The Government will independently validate the existence and uniqueness of the Offeror before assigning a UEI.

Taxpayer identification. The Offeror shall provide with its offer the following information that is necessary to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d); reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M; and the implementing IRS regulations:

(1)Taxpayer identification number (TIN)

☐ TIN: _____; ☐ TIN has been applied for; or

☐ TIN is not required because:

☐ Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;

☐ Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government; or ☐ Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.

Type of organization.

☐ Sole proprietorship;

☐ Partnership;

☐ Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);

☐ Corporate entity (tax-exempt);

☐ Government entity (Federal, State, or local);

☐ Foreign government;

☐ International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4; or

☐ Other.

Common parent.

☐ Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent as defined in paragraph (a) of this provision; or

☐ Name and TIN of common parent:

Name: _____

TIN: _____

(4)The TIN provided in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the Offeror's TIN. The Government may use the TIN to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the Offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)).

(d)Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code.

(1)The Offeror shall provide its CAGE code with its offer with its name and location address or otherwise include it prominently in its offer. The CAGE code shall be for that name and location address. Insert the word "CAGE" before the code. The Offeror may obtain a CAGE code as indicated in the following table.

If the Offeror is... Then...

Located in the United States or its

Submit a request to the DLA CAGE Branch via <https://cage.dla.mil>

outlying areas

Located outside the United States and its outlying areas and its country

Contact the appropriate National Codification Bureau

is a member of the North Atlantic

(<https://www.nato.int/structur/ac/135/about/contacts>)

Treaty Organization (NATO) or a sponsored nation

Located outside the United States and its outlying areas and its country Contact the NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) is not a member of NATO or a

(<https://eportal.nspa.nato.int/AC135Public/scage/CageList.aspx>) sponsored nation

(2)The Offeror shall provide the CAGE code and legal business name (Do not use a "doing business as" name) for—

(i)Its immediate owner(s), if any;

(ii)Its highest-level owner, if any; and

(iii)Any predecessor(s), or predecessor of an Offeror's predecessor, that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years.

Owner Type CAGE Code Legal Business Name

Immediate owner

Highest-level owner Predecessor*

* Predecessor CAGE code may be marked "Unknown."

If the Offeror has more than one immediate owner (such as a joint venture), give the information for each owner (or joint venture participant). If the Offeror has more than one predecessor, provide information for each predecessor in reverse chronological order. (3)

(End of provision)

52.204-91 Contractor Identification.

As prescribed in 4.208(c)(2), insert the following clause:

Contractor Identification (DATE)

Definitions. As used in this clause—

(a) Commercial and Government Entity code means—

An identifier assigned to entities located in the United States or its outlying areas by the Defense ~~Logistics Agency~~ Logistics Agency (DLA) Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Branch to identify a commercial or government entity by unique location; (referred to as “CAGE code”); or

An identifier assigned by a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) or by the ~~NATO Support and Procurement~~ NATO Support and Procurement Agency (NSPA) to entities located outside the United States and its outlying areas that the DLA ~~Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE)~~ CAGE Branch records and maintains in the CAGE master file. ~~This type of code is known as a NATO CAGE (referred to as “NCAGE” code.”).~~

~~Predecessor~~ Unique entity identifier means an ~~entity~~ identifier used to identify a specific commercial, nonprofit, or Government entity.

Unique entity identifier (UEI). The Contractor shall ensure that its UEI is replaced by a successor and includes any predecessors maintained throughout the life of the predecessor contract.

~~Successor means an entity that has replaced a predecessor by acquiring the assets and carrying out the affairs of the predecessor under a new name (often through acquisition or merger). The term “successor” does not include new offices/divisions of the same company or a company that only changes its name. The extent of the responsibility of the successor for the liabilities of the predecessor may vary, depending on State law and specific circumstances.~~

~~The Offeror represents that it ☐ is or ☐ is not a successor to a predecessor that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years.~~

~~If the Offeror has indicated “is” in paragraph (b) of this provision, enter the following information for all predecessors that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years (if more than one predecessor, list in reverse chronological order):~~

~~Predecessor CAGE code: _____ (or mark “Unknown”).~~

~~Predecessor legal name: _____.~~

~~(Do not use a “doing business as” name).~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.204-21 Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information Systems.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information Systems (Nov 2021)~~

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Covered contractor information system means an information system that is owned or operated by a contractor that processes, stores, or transmits Federal contract information.

~~Federal contract information means information, not intended for public release, that is provided by or generated for the Government under a contract to develop or deliver a product or service to the Government, but not including information provided by the Government to the public (such as on public websites) or simple transactional information, such as necessary to process payments.~~

Information means any communication or representation of knowledge such as facts, data, or opinions, in any medium or form, including textual, numerical, graphic, cartographic, narrative, or audiovisual (Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSSI) 4009).

Information system means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information ~~(-)~~.

Safeguarding means measures or controls that are prescribed to protect information systems.

(b) Safeguarding requirements [Commercial](#) and ~~procedures.~~

~~(1)~~ [Government Entity \(CAGE\) code.](#) The Contractor shall ~~apply~~ [ensure that the CAGE code is maintained throughout the life of the contract. The Contractor shall request changes to a CAGE code as indicated in the following basic safeguarding requirements and procedures to protect covered contractor information systems. Requirements and procedures for basic safeguarding of covered contractor information systems shall include, at a minimum, the following security controls:](#) [table.](#)

~~Limit information system access to authorized users, processes acting on behalf of authorized users, or devices (including other information systems).~~

~~Limit information system access to the types of transactions and functions that authorized users are permitted to execute.~~

Verify and control/limit connections to and use of external information systems.

Control information posted or processed on publicly accessible information systems.

Identify information system users, processes acting on behalf of users, or devices.

Authenticate (or verify) the identities of those users, processes, or devices, as a prerequisite to ~~allowing access to organizational information systems.~~

~~Sanitize or destroy information system media containing Federal Contract Information before disposal or release for reuse.~~

~~Limit physical access to organizational information systems, equipment, and the respective operating environments to authorized individuals.~~

~~Escort visitors and monitor visitor activity; maintain audit logs of physical access; and control and manage physical access devices.~~

Monitor, control, and protect organizational communications (i.e., ~~information transmitted or received by organizational information systems~~) at the external boundaries and key internal boundaries of the information systems.

~~Implement subnetworks for publicly accessible system components that are physically or logically separated from internal networks.~~

Identify, report, and correct information and information system flaws in a timely manner.

Provide protection from malicious code at appropriate locations within organizational information systems.

Update malicious code protection mechanisms when new releases are available.

Perform periodic scans of the information system and real-time scans of files from external sources as ~~files are downloaded, opened, or executed.~~

If the Contractor is... Then...

Registered in the

System for Award

Initiate the change by updating its SAM registration

Management (SAM)

Located in the United

States or its outlying areas and is not registered in SAM

Submit a change request to the DLA CAGE Branch via <https://cage.dla.mil>

Located outside the United States and its

Request a change by contacting the appropriate National Codification Bureau

(<https://www.nato.int/structur/ac/135/about/contacts>) or NSPA

outlying areas and is not

(<https://eportal.nspa.nato.int/AC135Public/scage/CageList.aspx>)

registered in SAM

Communicating changes. The Contractor shall communicate any change to its UEI or CAGE code to the Contracting Officer within 30 days after the change, so a modification can be issued to update the UEI or CAGE code on this contract. A change in the UEI does not necessarily require a novation.

(2) Other requirements. ~~This clause does not relieve the Contractor of any other specific safeguarding requirements specified by Federal agencies and departments~~ relating to covered contractor information systems generally or other Federal safeguarding requirements for controlled unclassified information (CUI) as established by Executive Order 13556.

(c) Subcontracts. ~~The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in subcontracts under this contract (including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial products or commercial services, other than commercially available off the shelf items), in which the subcontractor may have Federal contract information residing in or transiting through its information system.~~

(End of clause)

[Reserved]

[Reserved]

52.207 [Reserved]

52.207-1 [Reserved]

52.207-2 [Reserved]

52.207-3 [Reserved]

52.207-4 Economic Purchase Quantity-Supplies.

~~52.204-22 Alternative Line Item Proposal.~~

As prescribed in 7.203, insert the following provision:

Economic Purchase Quantity-Supplies (Aug 1987)

Offerors are invited to state an opinion on whether the quantity(ies) of supplies on which bids, proposals ~~Alternative Line Item Proposal (Jan 2017)~~

~~The Government recognizes that the line items established in this solicitation may not conform to the Offeror's practices. Failure to correct these issues can result in difficulties in acceptance of deliverables and processing payments. Therefore, the Offeror is invited to propose alternative line items for which bids, proposals, or quotes~~or quotes ~~are requested in this solicitation to ensure that the resulting contract is~~ is (are) ~~economically and administratively advantageous to the Government and the Offeror.~~

~~The Offeror may submit one or more additional proposals with alternative line items, provided that alternative line items are consistent with of the Federal Acquisition Regulation. However, acceptance of an alternative proposal is a unilateral decision made solely at the discretion of the Government. Offers that do not comply with the line items specified in this solicitation may be determined to be nonresponsive or unacceptable.~~

(End of provision)

~~52.204-23 Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab Covered Entities.~~

As prescribed in , insert the following clause:

~~Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab Covered~~

~~Entities. (Dec 2023)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~Kaspersky Lab covered article means any hardware, software, or service that—~~

~~Is developed or provided by a Kaspersky Lab covered entity;~~

~~Includes any hardware, software, or service developed or provided in whole or in part by a Kaspersky Lab covered entity; or~~

~~Contains components using any hardware or software developed in whole or in part by a Kaspersky Lab covered entity.~~

~~Kaspersky Lab covered entity means—~~

~~Kaspersky Lab;~~

~~Any successor entity to Kaspersky Lab, including any change in name, e.g., “Kaspersky”;~~ (3) Any entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with Kaspersky Lab; or

(4) Any entity of which Kaspersky Lab has a majority ownership.

~~(b) Prohibition. Section 1634 of Division A of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Pub. L. 11591) prohibits Government use of any Kaspersky Lab covered article. The Contractor is prohibited from—~~

~~Providing any Kaspersky Lab covered article that the Government will use on or after October 1, 2018; and~~

~~Using any Kaspersky Lab covered article on or after October 1, 2018, in the development of data or deliverables first produced in the performance of the contract.~~

~~(c) Reporting requirement.~~

~~In the event the Contractor identifies a Kaspersky Lab covered article provided to the Government during contract performance, or the Contractor is notified of such by a subcontractor at any tier or any other source, the Contractor shall report, in writing, to the Contracting Officer or, in the case of the Department of Defense, to the website at For indefinite delivery contracts, the Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer for the indefinite delivery contract and the Contracting Officer(s) for any affected order or, in the case of the Department of Defense, identify both the indefinite delivery contract and any affected orders in the report provided at~~

The Contractor shall report the following information pursuant to paragraph (c)(1) of this clause:

~~Within 3 business days from the date of such identification or notification: the contract number; the order number(s), if applicable; supplier name; brand; model number (Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); item description; and any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.~~

~~Within 10 business days of submitting the report pursuant to paragraph (c)(1) of this clause: any further available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended. In addition, the Contractor shall describe the efforts it undertook to prevent use or submission of a Kaspersky Lab covered article, any reasons that led to the use or submission of the Kaspersky Lab covered article, and any additional efforts that will be incorporated to prevent future use or submission of Kaspersky Lab covered articles.~~

~~(d) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial products or commercial services.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.204-24 Representation Regarding Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following provision:~~

~~Representation Regarding Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment (Nov 2021)~~

~~The Offeror shall not complete the representation at paragraph (d)(1) of this provision if the Offeror has represented that it~~

~~"does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument" in paragraph (c)(1) in the provision at 52.204-26, Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services—Representation, or in paragraph (v)(2)(i) of the provision at 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications—Commercial Products or Commercial Services. The Offeror shall not complete the representation in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision if the Offeror has represented that it "does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services" in paragraph (c)(2) of the provision at 52.204-26, or in paragraph (v)(2)(ii) of the provision at 52.212-3.~~

~~Definitions. As used in this provision—~~

~~Backhaul, covered telecommunications equipment or services, critical technology, interconnection arrangements, reasonable inquiry, roaming, and substantial or essential component have the meanings provided in the clause 52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.~~

~~Prohibition.~~

~~(1) Section 889(a)(1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system.~~

~~Nothing in the prohibition shall be construed to—~~

~~Prohibit the head of an executive agency from procuring with an entity to provide a service that connects to the facilities of a third party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or~~

~~Cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.~~

~~(2) Section 889(a)(1)(B) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2020, from entering into a contract or extending or renewing a contract with an entity that uses any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. This prohibition applies to the use of covered telecommunications equipment or services, regardless of whether that use is in performance of work under a Federal contract. Nothing in the prohibition shall be construed to—~~

~~Prohibit the head of an executive agency from procuring with an entity to provide a service that connects to the facilities of a third party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or~~

~~Cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.~~

~~Procedures. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".~~

~~Representation. The Offeror represents that—~~

~~It ☐ will, ☐ will not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract or other contractual instrument resulting from this solicitation. The Offeror shall provide the additional disclosure information required at paragraph (c)(1) of this section if the Offeror responds "will" in paragraph (d) (1) of this section; and~~

~~After conducting a reasonable inquiry, for purposes of this representation, the Offeror represents that—~~

~~It ☐ does, ☐ does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or use any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services. The Offeror shall provide the additional disclosure information required at paragraph (c)(2) of this section if the Offeror responds "does" in paragraph (d)(2) of this section.~~

~~(e) Disclosures.~~

(1) Disclosure for the representation in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision. If the Offeror has responded "will" in the representation in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision, the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer:

~~(i) For covered equipment—~~

~~The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the original equipment manufacturer (OEM) or a distributor, if known);~~

~~A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and~~

~~Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.~~

~~(ii) For covered services—~~

~~If the service is related to item maintenance: A description of all covered telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: Brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); or~~

~~If not associated with maintenance, the Product Service Code (PSC) of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.~~

(2) Disclosure for the representation in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision. If the Offeror has responded "does" in the representation in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision, the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer:

~~(i) For covered equipment—~~

~~The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the OEM or a distributor, if known);~~

~~A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and~~

~~Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision.~~

~~(ii) For covered services—~~

~~If the service is related to item maintenance: A description of all covered telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: Brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); or~~

~~If not associated with maintenance, the PSC of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision.~~

(End of provision)

~~52.204-25 Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.~~

As prescribed in b), insert the following clause:

~~Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment (Nov 2021) (a) Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

Backhaul means intermediate links between the core network, or backbone network, and the small subnetworks at the edge of the network (e.g., connecting cell phones/towers to the core telephone network). Backhaul can be wireless (e.g., microwave) or wired (e.g., fiber optic, coaxial cable, Ethernet).

Covered foreign country means The People's Republic of China.

~~Covered telecommunications equipment or services means—~~

~~Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or~~

~~affiliate of such entities);~~

~~For the purpose of public safety, security of Government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities);~~

~~Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment; or~~

~~Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.~~

~~Critical technology means—~~

~~Defense articles or defense services included on the United States Munitions List set forth in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations under subchapter M of chapter I of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations;~~

~~Items included on the Commerce Control List set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, and controlled—~~

Pursuant to multilateral regimes, including for reasons relating to national security, chemical and biological weapons proliferation, nuclear nonproliferation, or missile technology; or

For reasons relating to regional stability or surreptitious listening;

Specially designed and prepared nuclear equipment, parts and components, materials, software, and technology covered by part 810 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to assistance to foreign atomic energy activities);

Nuclear facilities, equipment, and material covered by part 110 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to export and import of nuclear equipment and material);

Select agents and toxins covered by part 331 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, part 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code; or

Emerging and foundational technologies controlled pursuant to section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018).

Interconnection arrangements means arrangements governing the physical connection of two or more networks to allow the use of another's network to hand off traffic where it is ultimately delivered (e.g., connection of a customer of telephone provider A to a customer of telephone company B) or sharing data and other information resources.

Reasonable inquiry means an inquiry designed to uncover any information in the entity's possession about the identity of the producer or provider of covered telecommunications equipment or services used by the entity that excludes the need to include an internal or third-party audit.

Roaming means cellular communications services (e.g., voice, video, data) received from a visited network when unable to connect to the facilities of the home network either because signal coverage is too weak or because traffic is too high.

Substantial or essential component means any component necessary for the proper function or performance of a piece of equipment, system, or service.

~~(b) Prohibition.~~

~~Section 889(a)(1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. The Contractor is prohibited from providing to the Government any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception at paragraph (c) of this clause applies or the covered telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in FAR~~

~~Section 889(a)(1)(B) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2020, from entering into a contract, or~~

extending or renewing a contract, with an entity that uses any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception at paragraph (c) of this clause applies or the covered telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in FAR. This prohibition applies to the use of covered telecommunications equipment or services, regardless of whether that use is in performance of work under a Federal contract.

~~(c) Exceptions. This clause does not prohibit contractors from providing—~~

~~A service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or~~

~~Telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.~~

~~(d) Reporting requirement.~~

~~In the event the Contractor identifies covered telecommunications equipment or services used as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, during contract performance, or the Contractor is notified of such by a subcontractor at any tier or by any other source, the Contractor shall report the information in paragraph (d)(2) of this clause to the Contracting Officer, unless elsewhere in this contract are established procedures for reporting the information; in the case of the Department of Defense, the Contractor shall report to the website at . For indefinite delivery contracts, the Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer for the indefinite delivery contract and the Contracting Officer(s) for any affected order or, in the case of the Department of Defense, identify both the indefinite delivery contract and any affected orders in the report provided at~~

~~The Contractor shall report the following information pursuant to paragraph (d)(1) of this clause~~

~~Within one business day from the date of such identification or notification: the contract number; the order number(s), if applicable; supplier name; supplier unique entity identifier (if known); supplier Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code (if known); brand; model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); item description; and any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.~~

~~Within 10 business days of submitting the information in paragraph (d)(2)(i) of this clause: any further available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended. In addition, the Contractor shall describe the efforts it undertook to prevent use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services, and any additional efforts that will be incorporated to prevent future use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services.~~

~~(e) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e) and excluding paragraph (b)(2), in all subcontracts and other contractual instruments, including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial products or commercial services.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.204-26 Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services-Representation.~~

As prescribed in c), insert the following provision:

~~Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services Representation (Oct 2020)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this provision, "covered telecommunications equipment or services" and "reasonable inquiry" have the meaning provided in the clause 52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.~~

~~Procedures. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".~~

~~(c)~~

~~Representation. The Offeror represents that it ☐ does, ☐ does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.~~

~~After conducting a reasonable inquiry for purposes of this representation, the offeror represents that it ☐ does, ☐ does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.204-27 Prohibition on a ByteDance Covered Application.~~

As prescribed in , insert the following clause:

~~Prohibition on a ByteDance Covered Application (Jun 2023)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~Covered application means the social networking service TikTok or any successor application or service developed or provided by ByteDance Limited or an entity owned by ByteDance Limited.~~

~~Information technology, as defined in (1) Means any equipment or interconnected system or subsystem of equipment, used in the automatic acquisition, storage, analysis, evaluation, manipulation, management, movement, control, display, switching, interchange, transmission, or reception of data or information by the executive agency, if the equipment is used by the executive agency directly or is used by a contractor under a contract with the executive agency that requires the use—~~(i)~~ Of that equipment; or~~

~~~~(ii)~~ Of that equipment to a significant extent in the performance of a service or the furnishing of a product;~~

~~Includes computers, ancillary equipment (including imaging peripherals, input, output, and storage devices necessary for security and surveillance), peripheral equipment designed to be controlled by the central processing unit of a computer, software, firmware and similar procedures, services (including support services), and related resources; but~~

~~Does not include any equipment acquired by a Federal contractor incidental to a Federal contract.~~

~~Prohibition. Section 102 of Division R of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 (Pub. L. 117-328), the No TikTok~~

~~on Government Devices Act, and its implementing guidance under Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Memorandum M-23-13, dated February 27, 2023, “No TikTok on Government Devices” Implementation Guidance, collectively prohibit the presence or use of a covered application on executive agency information technology, including certain equipment used by Federal contractors. The Contractor is prohibited from having or using a covered application on any information technology owned or managed by the Government, or on any information technology used or provided by the Contractor under this contract, including equipment provided by the Contractor’s employees; however, this prohibition does not apply if the Contracting Officer provides written notification to the Contractor that an exception has been granted in accordance with OMB Memorandum M-23-13.~~

~~Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts, including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial products or commercial services.~~

(End of clause)

~~52.204-28 Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Federal Supply Schedules, Governmentwide Acquisition Contracts, and Multi-Agency Contracts.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Federal Supply Schedules, Governmentwide Acquisition Contracts, and Multi-Agency Contracts (Dec 2023)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~Covered article as defined in—means—~~

~~Information technology, as defined in— including cloud computing services of all types;~~

~~Telecommunications equipment or telecommunications service, as those terms are defined in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 ();~~

~~The processing of information on a Federal or non-Federal information system, subject to the requirements of the Controlled Unclassified Information program (see ; or~~

~~Hardware, systems, devices, software, or services that include embedded or incidental information technology.~~

~~FASCSA order, means any of the following orders issued under the Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act (FASCSA) requiring the removal of covered articles from executive agency information systems or the exclusion of one or more named sources or named covered articles from executive agency procurement actions, as described in and~~

~~The Secretary of Homeland Security may issue FASCSA orders applicable to civilian agencies, to the extent not covered by paragraph (2) or (3) of this definition. This type of FASCSA order may be referred to as a Department of Homeland Security (DHS) FASCSA order.~~

~~The Secretary of Defense may issue FASCSA orders applicable to the Department of Defense (DoD) and national security systems other than sensitive compartmented information systems. This type of FASCSA order may be referred to as a DoD FASCSA order.~~

~~The Director of National Intelligence (DNI) may issue FASCSA orders applicable to the intelligence community and sensitive compartmented information systems, to the extent not covered by paragraph (2) of this definition. This type of FASCSA order may be referred to as a DNI FASCSA order.~~

~~Intelligence community, as defined by means the following—~~

The Office of the Director of National Intelligence;

The Central Intelligence Agency;

The National Security Agency;

The Defense Intelligence Agency;

The National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency;

The National Reconnaissance Office;

Other offices within the Department of Defense for the collection of specialized national intelligence through reconnaissance programs;

The intelligence elements of the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, the Marine Corps, the Coast Guard, ~~the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Drug Enforcement Administration, and the Department of Energy~~

The Bureau of Intelligence and Research of the Department of State;

The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of the Treasury;

The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security; or

~~Such other elements of any department or agency as may be designated by the President, or designated jointly by the Director of National Intelligence and the head of the department or agency concerned, as an element of the intelligence community.~~

~~National security system, as defined in , means any information system (including any telecommunications system) used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency, or other organization on behalf of an agency—~~

~~The function, operation, or use of which involves intelligence activities; involves cryptologic activities related to national security; involves command and control of military forces; involves equipment that is an integral part of a weapon or weapons system; or is critical to the direct fulfillment of military or intelligence missions, but does not include a system that is to be used for routine administrative and business applications (including payroll, finance, logistics, and personnel management applications); or~~

~~Is protected at all times by procedures established for information that have been specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order or an Act of Congress to be kept classified in the interest of national defense or foreign policy~~

Sensitive compartmented information means classified information concerning or derived from intelligence sources, methods, or analytical processes, which is required to be handled within formal access control systems established by the Director of National Intelligence.

Sensitive compartmented information system means a national security system authorized to process or store sensitive compartmented information.

Source means a non-Federal supplier, or potential supplier, of products or services, at any tier.

~~Notice. During contract performance, the Contractor shall be required to comply with any of the following that apply: DHS FASCSA orders, DoD FASCSA orders, or DNI FASCSA orders. The applicable FASCSA order(s) will be identified in the request for quotation (see ), or in the notice of intent to place an order (see b)). FASCSA orders will be identified in paragraph (b)(1) of FAR 52.204-30, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Prohibition, with its Alternate II.~~

~~Removal. Upon notification from the contracting officer, during the performance of the contract, the Contractor shall promptly make any necessary changes or modifications to remove any covered article or any product or service produced or provided by a source that is subject to an applicable Governmentwide FASCSA order (see FAR (b)).~~

(End of clause)

~~52.204-29 Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Representation and Disclosures.~~

~~As prescribed in b), insert the following provision:~~

~~Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Representation and Disclosures (Dec 2023)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this provision, Covered article, FASCSA order, Intelligence community, National security system, Reasonable inquiry, Sensitive compartmented information, Sensitive compartmented information system, and Source have the meaning provided in the clause 52.204-30, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Prohibition.~~

~~Prohibition. Contractors are prohibited from providing or using as part of the performance of the contract any covered article, or any products or services produced or provided by a source, if the prohibition is set out in an applicable Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act (FASCSA) order, as described in paragraph (b)(1) of FAR 52.204-30, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Prohibition.~~

~~Procedures.~~

~~The Offeror shall search for the phrase “FASCSA order” in the System for Award Management (SAM)(~~

~~) for any covered article, or any products or services produced or provided by a source, if there is an applicable FASCSA order described in paragraph (b)(1) of FAR 52.204-30, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Prohibition.~~

~~The Offeror shall review the solicitation for any FASCSA orders that are not in SAM, but are effective and do apply to the solicitation and resultant contract (see FAR (c)(2)).~~

~~FASCSA orders issued after the date of solicitation do not apply unless added by an amendment to the solicitation.~~

~~Representation. By submission of this offer, the offeror represents that it has conducted a reasonable inquiry, and that the offeror does not propose to provide or use in response to this solicitation any covered article, or any products or services produced or provided by a source, if the covered article or the source is prohibited by an applicable FASCSA order in effect on the date the solicitation was issued, except as waived by the solicitation, or as disclosed in paragraph (e).~~

~~Disclosures. The purpose for this disclosure is so the Government may decide whether to issue a waiver. For any covered article, or any products or services produced or provided by a source, if the covered article or the source is subject to an applicable FASCSA order, and the Offeror is unable to represent compliance, then the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer:~~

~~Name of the product or service provided to the Government;~~

~~Name of the covered article or source subject to a FASCSA order;~~

~~If applicable, name of the vendor, including the Commercial and Government Entity code and unique entity identifier (if known), that supplied the covered article or the product or service to the Offeror; (4) Brand;~~

~~(5) Model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); (6) Item description;~~

~~(7) Reason why the applicable covered article or the product or service is being provided or used;~~

~~(f) Executive agency review of disclosures. The contracting officer will review disclosures provided in paragraph (e) to determine if any waiver may be sought. A contracting officer may choose not to pursue a waiver for covered articles or sources otherwise subject to a FASCSA order and may instead make an award to an offeror that does not require a waiver.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.204-30 Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Prohibition.~~

~~As prescribed in c), insert the following clause:~~

~~Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Prohibition (Dec 2023)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~Covered article, as defined in — means —~~

~~Information technology, as defined in — including cloud computing services of all types;~~

~~Telecommunications equipment or telecommunications service, as those terms are defined in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 (');~~

~~The processing of information on a Federal or non-Federal information system, subject to the requirements of the Controlled Unclassified Information program (see ; or~~

~~Hardware, systems, devices, software, or services that include embedded or incidental information technology.~~

~~FASCSA order means any of the following orders issued under the Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act (FASCSA) requiring the removal of covered articles from executive agency information systems or the exclusion of one or more named sources or named covered articles from executive agency procurement actions, as described in and~~

~~The Secretary of Homeland Security may issue FASCSA orders applicable to civilian agencies, to the extent not covered by paragraph (2) or (3) of this definition. This type of FASCSA order may be referred to as a Department of Homeland Security (DHS) FASCSA order.~~

~~The Secretary of Defense may issue FASCSA orders applicable to the Department of Defense (DoD) and national security systems other than sensitive compartmented information systems. This type of FASCSA order may be referred to as a DoD FASCSA order.~~

~~The Director of National Intelligence (DNI) may issue FASCSA orders applicable to the intelligence community and sensitive compartmented information systems, to the extent not covered by paragraph (2) of this definition. This type of FASCSA order may be referred to as a DNI FASCSA order.~~

~~Intelligence community, as defined by means the following —~~

~~The Office of the Director of National Intelligence;~~

~~The Central Intelligence Agency;~~

~~The National Security Agency;~~

~~The Defense Intelligence Agency;~~

~~The National Geospatial Intelligence Agency;~~

~~The National Reconnaissance Office;~~

~~Other offices within the Department of Defense for the collection of specialized national intelligence through reconnaissance programs;~~

~~The intelligence elements of the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, the Marine Corps, the Coast Guard, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Drug Enforcement Administration, and the Department of Energy;~~

~~The Bureau of Intelligence and Research of the Department of State;~~

~~The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of the Treasury;~~

~~The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security; or~~



Such other elements of any department or agency as may be designated by the President, or designated jointly by the Director of National Intelligence and the head of the department or agency concerned, as an element of the intelligence community.

National security system, as defined in , means any information system (including any telecommunications system) used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency, or other organization on behalf of an agency—

The function, operation, or use of which involves intelligence activities; involves cryptologic activities related to national security; involves command and control of military forces; involves equipment that is an integral part of a weapon or weapons system; or is critical to the direct fulfillment of military or intelligence missions, but does not include a system that is to be used for routine administrative and business applications (including payroll, finance, logistics, and personnel management applications); or

Is protected at all times by procedures established for information that have been specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order or an Act of Congress to be kept classified in the interest of national defense or foreign policy.

Reasonable inquiry means an inquiry designed to uncover any information in the entity's possession about the identity of any covered articles, or any products or services produced or provided by a source. This applies when the covered article or the source is subject to an applicable FASCSA order. A reasonable inquiry excludes the need to include an internal or thirdparty audit.

Sensitive compartmented information means classified information concerning or derived from intelligence sources, methods, or analytical processes, which is required to be handled within formal access control systems established by the Director of National Intelligence.

Sensitive compartmented information system means a national security system authorized to process or store sensitive compartmented information.

Source means a non-Federal supplier, or potential supplier, of products or services, at any tier.

(b) Prohibition.

(1) Unless an applicable waiver has been issued by the issuing official, Contractors shall not provide or use as part of the performance of the contract any covered article, or any products or services produced or provided by a source, if the covered article or the source is prohibited by an applicable FASCSA orders as follows:

For solicitations and contracts awarded by a Department of Defense contracting office, DoD FASCSA orders apply.

For all other solicitations and contracts DHS FASCSA orders apply.

The Contractor shall search for the phrase “FASCSA order” in the System for Award Management (SAM) at to locate applicable FASCSA orders identified in paragraph (b)(1).

The Government may identify in the solicitation additional FASCSA orders that are not in SAM, which are effective and apply to the solicitation and resultant contract.

A FASCSA order issued after the date of solicitation applies to this contract only if added by an amendment to the solicitation or modification to the contract (see FAR (c)). However, see paragraph (c) of this clause.

(5)

(i) If the contractor wishes to ask for a waiver of the requirements of a new FASCSA order being applied through modification, then the Contractor shall disclose the following:

Name of the product or service provided to the Government;

Name of the covered article or source subject to a FASCSA order;

If applicable, name of the vendor, including the Commercial and Government Entity code and unique entity identifier

(if known), that supplied or supplies the covered article or the product or service to the Offeror; (D) Brand;

(E) Model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); (F) Item description;

(G) Reason why the applicable covered article or the product or service is being provided or used;

(ii) Executive agency review of disclosures. The contracting officer will review disclosures provided in paragraph (b)(5)(i) to determine if any waiver is warranted. A contracting officer may choose not to pursue a waiver for covered articles or sources otherwise covered by a FASCSA order and to instead pursue other appropriate action.

(c) Notice and reporting requirement.

During contract performance, the Contractor shall review SAM.gov at least once every three months, or as advised by the Contracting Officer, to check for covered articles subject to FASCSA order(s), or for products or services produced by a source subject to FASCSA order(s) not currently identified under paragraph (b) of this clause.

If the Contractor identifies a new FASCSA order(s) that could impact their supply chain, then the Contractor shall conduct a reasonable inquiry to identify whether a covered article or product or service produced or provided by a source subject to the FASCSA order(s) was provided to the Government or used during contract performance.

(3)

(i) The Contractor shall submit a report to the contracting office as identified in paragraph (c)(3)(ii) of this clause, if the Contractor identifies, including through any notification by a subcontractor at any tier, that a covered article or product or service produced or provided by a source was provided to the Government or used during contract performance and is subject to a FASCSA order(s) identified in paragraph (b) of this clause, or a new FASCSA order identified in paragraph (c)

(2) of this clause. For indefinite delivery contracts, the Contractor shall report to both the contracting office for the indefinite delivery contract and the contracting office for any affected order.

(ii) If a report is required to be submitted to a contracting office under (c)(3)(i) of this clause, the Contractor shall submit the report as follows:

If a Department of Defense contracting office, the Contractor shall report to the website at

For all other contracting offices, the Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer.

(4) The Contractor shall report the following information for each covered article or each product or service produced or provided by a source, where the covered article or source is subject to a FASCSA order, pursuant to paragraph (c)(3)(i) of this clause:

(i) Within 3 business days from the date of such identification or notification:

Contract number;

Order number(s), if applicable;

Name of the product or service provided to the Government or used during performance of the contract;

Name of the covered article or source subject to a FASCSA order;

If applicable, name of the vendor, including the Commercial and Government Entity code and unique entity identifier

(if known), that supplied the covered article or the product or service to the Contractor; (F) Brand;

(G) Model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); (H) Item description; and

(I) Any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.

(ii) Within 10 business days of submitting the information in paragraph (c)(4)(i) of this clause:

Any further available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.

In addition, the Contractor shall describe the efforts it undertook to prevent submission or use of the covered article or the product or service produced or provided by a source subject to an applicable FASCSA order, and any additional efforts that will be incorporated to prevent future submission or use of the covered article or the product or service produced or provided by a source that is subject to an applicable FASCSA order.

Removal. For Federal Supply Schedules, Governmentwide acquisition contracts, multi-agency contracts or any other procurement instrument intended for use by multiple agencies, upon notification from the Contracting Officer, during the performance of the contract, the Contractor shall promptly make any necessary changes or modifications to remove any product or service produced or provided by a source that is subject to an applicable FASCSA order.

Subcontracts.

~~The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c) and excluding paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, in all subcontracts and other contractual instruments, including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial products and commercial services.~~

~~The Government may identify in the solicitation additional FASCSA orders that are not in SAM, which are effective and apply to the contract and any subcontracts and other contractual instruments under the contract. The Contractor or higher tier subcontractor shall notify their subcontractors, and suppliers under other contractual instruments, that the FASCSA orders in the solicitation that are not in SAM apply to the contract and all subcontracts.~~

(End of clause)

~~Alternate I (Dec 2023). As prescribed in (c), substitute the following paragraph (b)(1) for paragraph (b)(1) of the basic clause:~~

~~(b) Prohibition. (1) Contractors are prohibited from providing or using as part of the performance of the contract any covered article, or any products or services produced or provided by a source, if the covered article or the source is prohibited by any applicable FASCSA orders identified by the checkbox(es) in this paragraph (b)(1).~~

~~[ Contracting Officer must select either "yes" or "no" for each of the following types of FASCSA orders:]~~

~~Yes ☐ No ☐ DHS FASCSA Order Yes ☐ No ☐ DoD FASCSA Order~~

~~Yes ☐ No ☐ DNI FASCSA Order~~

~~Alternate II (Dec 2023). As prescribed in c)(2)(ii), substitute the following paragraph (b) in place of paragraph (b) of the basic clause. This clause applies to each order as identified by the Contracting Officer.~~

~~(b) Prohibition. (1) Contractors are prohibited from providing or using as part of the performance of the contract any covered article, or any products or services produced or provided by a source, if the covered article or the source is prohibited by any applicable FASCSA orders identified by the checkbox(es) in this paragraph (b)(1).~~

~~[ Contracting Officer must select either "yes" or "no" for each of the following types of FASCSA orders:]~~

~~Yes ☐ No ☐ DHS FASCSA order~~

~~Yes ☐ No ☐ DoD FASCSA order~~

~~Yes ☐ No ☐ DNI FASCSA order~~

~~The Contractor shall search for the phrase "FASCSA order" in the System for Award Management (SAM) at to locate applicable FASCSA orders identified in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause.~~

~~The Government may identify in the request for quotation (RFQ) or in the notice of intent to place an order additional FASCSA orders that are not in SAM, but are effective and apply to the order.~~

A FASCSA order issued after the date of the RFQ or the notice of intent to place an order applies to this contract only if added by an amendment to the RFQ or in the notice of intent to place an order or added by modification to the order (see FAR c)). However, see paragraph (c) of this clause.

(5)(i) If the contractor wishes to ask for a waiver, the Contractor shall disclose the following:

Name of the product or service provided to the Government;

Name of the covered article or source subject to a FASCSA order;

If applicable, name of the vendor, including the Commercial and Government Entity code and unique entity identifier

(if known), that supplied the covered article or the product or service to the Offeror; (D) Brand;

(E) Model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); (F) Item description;

(G) Reason why the applicable covered article or the product or service is being provided or used;

(ii) Executive agency review of disclosures. The contracting officer will review disclosures provided in paragraph (b)(5)(i) of this clause to determine if any waiver may be sought. A contracting officer may choose not to pursue a waiver for covered articles or sources otherwise covered by a FASCSA order and may instead make award to an offeror that does not require a waiver.

52.205 [Reserved]

52.206 [Reserved]

52.207 [Reserved]

52.207-1 Notice of Standard Competition.

As prescribed in a), insert the following provision:

Notice of Standard Competition (May 2006)

This solicitation is part of a standard competition under Office of Management and Budget Circular No. A-76 (Revised), Performance of Commercial Activities, dated May 29, 2003 (hereafter "the Circular"), to determine whether to accomplish the specified work under contract or by Government performance.

The Government will evaluate private sector offers, the agency tender, and public reimbursable tenders, as provided in this solicitation and the Circular.

A performance decision resulting from this standard competition will be publicly announced in accordance with the Circular. If the performance decision favors a private sector offeror, a contract will be awarded. If the performance decision favors an agency or a public reimbursable tender, the Contracting Officer shall establish, respectively, either a Most Efficient Organization letter of obligation or a fee for service agreement, as those terms are defined in the Circular.

~~As provided in the Circular, directly interested parties may file contests, which are governed by the procedures in Federal Acquisition Regulation. Until resolution of any contest, or the expiration of the time for filing a contest, only legal agents for directly interested parties shall have access to the certified standard competition form, the agency tender, and public reimbursable tenders.~~

~~{End of provision}~~

~~52.207-2 Notice of Streamlined Competition.~~

~~As prescribed in b), insert the following provision:~~

~~Notice of Streamlined Competition (May 2006)~~

~~This solicitation is part of a streamlined competition under Office of Management and Budget Circular No. A-76 (Revised), Performance of Commercial Activities, dated May 29, 2003 (hereafter "the Circular"), to determine whether to accomplish the specified work under contract or by Government performance.~~

~~The Government will evaluate the cost of private sector and Agency or public reimbursable performance, as provided in this solicitation and the Circular.~~

~~A performance decision resulting from this streamlined competition will be publicly announced in accordance with the Circular. If the performance decision favors private sector performance, the Contracting Officer shall either award a contract or issue a competitive solicitation for private sector offers. If the performance decision favors Agency or public reimbursable performance, the Agency shall establish, respectively, either a letter of obligation or a fee-for-service agreement, as those terms are defined in the Circular.~~

~~{End of provision}~~

~~52.207-3 Right of First Refusal of Employment.~~

~~As prescribed in c), insert the following clause:~~

~~Right of First Refusal of Employment (May 2006)~~

~~The Contractor shall give Government personnel who have been or will be adversely affected or separated as a result of award of this contract the right of first refusal for employment openings under the contract in positions for which they are qualified, if that employment is consistent with post-Government employment conflict of interest standards.~~

~~Within 10 days after contract award, the Contracting Officer will provide to the Contractor a list of all Government personnel who have been or will be adversely affected or separated as a result of award of this contract.~~

~~The Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer the names of individuals identified on the list who are hired within 90 days after contract performance begins. This report shall be forwarded within 120 days after contract performance begins.~~

~~{End of clause}~~

52.207-4 Economic Purchase Quantity-Supplies.

~~As prescribed in , insert the following provision:~~

Economic Purchase Quantity-Supplies (Aug 1987)

Offerors are invited to state an opinion on whether the quantity(ies) of supplies on which bids, proposals ~~or quotes are requested in this solicitation is (are) economically advantageous to the Government.~~

Each offeror who believes that acquisitions in different quantities would be more advantageous is invited ~~to recommend~~[to recommend an](#) economic purchase quantity. If different quantities are recommended, a total and a unit price must be quoted for applicable items. An economic purchase quantity is that quantity at which a significant price break occurs. If there are significant price breaks at different quantity points, this information is desired as well.

Offeror Recommendations

| Item                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Quantity | Price Quotation | Total |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-------|
| If different quantities are recommended, a total and a unit price must be quoted for applicable items. An economic purchase quantity is that quantity at which a significant price break occurs. If there are significant price breaks at different quantity points, this information is desired as well. |          |                 |       |

Offeror Recommendations

| Item | Quantity | Price Quotation | Total |
|------|----------|-----------------|-------|
|      |          |                 |       |

The information requested in this provision is being solicited to avoid acquisitions in ~~disadvantageous quantities~~[disadvantageous quantities](#) and ~~to assist~~[to assist](#) the Government in developing a data base for future acquisitions of these items.

However, the Government reserves the right to amend or cancel the solicitation and resolicit with respect to any individual item in the event quotations received and the Government’s requirements indicate that different quantities should be acquired.

(End of provision)

52.207-5 Option to Purchase Equipment.

However, the Government reserves the right to amend or cancel the solicitation and resolicit with respect to any individual item in the event quotations received and the Government’s requirements indicate that different quantities should be acquired.

(End of provision)

52.207-5 Option to Purchase Equipment.

As prescribed in [7.404](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

Option to Purchase Equipment (Feb 1995)

The Government may purchase the equipment provided on a lease or rental basis under this contract. [The Contracting Officer](#) may exercise this option only by providing a unilateral modification to the Contractor. The effective date of the purchase will be specified in the unilateral modification and may be any time during the period of the contract, including any extensions thereto.

Option to Purchase Equipment (Feb 1995)

The Government may purchase the equipment provided on a lease or rental basis under this contract. ~~The Contracting Officer~~ may exercise this option only by providing a unilateral modification to the Contractor. The effective date of the purchase will be specified in the unilateral modification and may be any time during the period of the contract, including any extensions thereto.

Except for final payment and transfer of title to the Government, the lease or rental portion of the ~~contract becomes complete~~ [contract becomes complete](#) and lease or rental charges shall be discontinued on the day immediately preceding the effective date of purchase specified in the unilateral modification required in paragraph (a) of this clause.

The purchase conversion cost of the equipment shall be computed as of the effective date specified in ~~the unilateral modification~~ [the unilateral modification](#) required in paragraph (a) of this clause, on the basis of the purchase price set forth in the contract, minus the total purchase option credits accumulated during the period of lease or rental, calculated by the formula contained elsewhere in this contract.

The accumulated purchase option credits available to determine the purchase conversion cost will [also include any credits](#) accrued during a period of lease or rental of the equipment under any previous Government contract if the equipment has been on continuous lease or rental. The movement of equipment from one site to another site shall be "continuous rental."

(End of clause)

52.207-6 Solicitation of Offers from Small Business Concerns and Small Business Teaming Arrangements or Joint Ventures (Multiple-Award Contracts).

~~also include any credits~~ accrued during a period of lease or rental of the equipment under any previous Government contract if the equipment has been on continuous lease or rental. The movement of equipment from one site to another site shall be "continuous rental."

(End of clause)

52.207-6 Solicitation of Offers from Small Business Concerns and Small Business Teaming Arrangements or Joint Ventures (Multiple-Award Contracts).



As prescribed in [7.107-4](#) , insert the following provision:

Solicitation of Offers from Small Business Concerns and Small Business Teaming Arrangements or Joint Ventures (Multiple-Award Contracts) (Aug 2024)

(a) Definition. "Small Business Teaming Arrangement," as used in this provision-

(1) Means an arrangement where-

Two or more small business concerns have formed a joint venture; or

A small business offeror agrees with one or more other small business concerns to have them act as Solicitation of Offers from Small Business Concerns and Small Business Teaming Arrangements or Joint Ventures (Multiple-Award Contracts) (Aug 2024)

(a) Definition. "Small Business Teaming Arrangement," as used in this provision-

(1) Means an arrangement where-

Two or more small business concerns have formed a joint venture; or

A small business offeror agrees with one or more other small business concerns to have them act as ~~its subcontractors under~~ [its subcontractors under](#) a specified Government contract. A Small Business Teaming Arrangement between the offeror and its small business subcontractor(s) exists through a written agreement between the parties that-

~~(A)~~ Is specifically referred to as a "Small Business Teaming Arrangement"; and

~~(B)~~ Sets forth the different responsibilities, roles, and percentages (or other allocations) of work as it relates ~~to the~~ [to the](#) acquisition;

(2)

For civilian agencies, may include two business concerns in a mentor-protégé relationship when both ~~the mentor~~ [the mentor](#) and ~~the protégé~~ [the protégé](#) are small or the protégé is small and the concerns have received an exception to affiliation pursuant to 13 CFR 121.103(h)(3)(ii) or (iii).

For DoD, may include two business concerns in a mentor-protégé relationship in the Department of ~~Defense~~ [Defense](#) ~~Mentor-Protégé~~ [Mentor-Protégé](#) Program (see [10 U.S.C. 4902](#)) when both the mentor and the protégé are small. There is no exception to joint venture size affiliation for offers received from teaming arrangements under the DoD ~~Mentor-Protégé~~ [Mentor-Protégé](#) Program; and

(3) See 13 CFR 121.103(b)(9) regarding the exception to affiliation for offers received from Small Business Teaming Arrangements in the case of a solicitation of offers for a bundled contract with a reserve.

(b) The Government is soliciting and will consider offers from any responsible source, including responsible small business concerns and offers from Small Business Teaming Arrangements or joint ventures of small business concerns. (3) See 13 CFR 121.103(b)(9) regarding the exception to affiliation for offers received from

Small Business Teaming Arrangements in the case of a solicitation of offers for a bundled contract with a reserve.

(b) The Government is soliciting and will consider offers from any responsible source, including responsible small business concerns and offers from Small Business Teaming Arrangements or joint ventures of small business concerns. (End of provision)

~~(End of provision)~~

52.208 [Reserved]

52.208-1 [Reserved]

52.208-2 [Reserved]

52.208-3 [Reserved]

52.208-4 ~~Vehicle Lease Payments.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

[52.208-5 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.208-6 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.208-7 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.208-8 [Reserved]

52.208-9 Contractor Use of Mandatory Sources of Supply or Services.

As prescribed in (a), ~~insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for leasing motor vehicles, unless the motor vehicles are leased in foreign countries:~~

~~Vehicle Lease Payments (Apr 1984)~~

~~Upon the submission of proper invoices or vouchers, the Government shall pay rent for each vehicle at the rate(s) specified in this contract.~~

~~Rent shall accrue from the beginning of this contract, or from the date each vehicle is delivered to the Government, whichever is later, and shall continue until the expiration of the contract term or the termination of this contract. However, rent shall accrue only for the period that each vehicle is in the possession of the Government.~~

~~Rent shall not accrue for any vehicle that the Contracting Officer determines does not comply with the Condition of Leased Vehicles clause of this contract or otherwise does not comply with the requirements of this contract, until the vehicle is replaced or the defects are corrected.~~

~~Rent shall not accrue for any vehicle during any period when the vehicle is unavailable or unusable as a result of the Contractor's failure to render services for the operation and maintenance of the vehicle as prescribed by this contract.~~

~~Rent stated in monthly terms shall be prorated on the basis of [8.105-1](#)/30 th of the monthly rate for each day the vehicle is in the Government's possession. If this contract contains a mileage provision, the Government shall pay rent as provided in the Schedule.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

#### ~~52.208-5 Condition of Leased Vehicles.~~

~~As prescribed in [\(b\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for leasing motor vehicles, unless the motor vehicles are leased in foreign countries:~~

##### ~~Condition of Leased Vehicles (Apr 1984)~~

~~Each vehicle furnished under this contract shall be of good quality and in safe operating condition, and shall comply with the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards (49 CFR 571) and State safety regulations applicable to the vehicle. The Government shall accept or reject the vehicles promptly after receipt. If the Contracting Officer determines that any vehicle furnished is not in compliance with this contract, the Contracting Officer shall promptly inform the Contractor in writing. If the Contractor fails to replace the vehicle or correct the defects as required by the Contracting Officer, the Government may-~~

~~By contract or otherwise, correct the defect or arrange for the lease of a similar vehicle and shall charge or set off against the Contractor any excess costs occasioned thereby; or~~

~~Terminate the contract under the Default clause of this contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

#### ~~52.208-6 Marking of Leased Vehicles.~~

~~As prescribed in [\(c\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for leasing motor vehicles, unless the motor vehicles are leased in foreign countries:~~

##### ~~Marking of Leased Vehicles (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Government may place nonpermanent markings or decals, identifying the using agency, on each side, and on the front and rear bumpers, of any motor vehicle leased under this contract. The Government shall use markings or decals that are removable without damage to the vehicle.~~

~~The Contractor may use placards for temporary identification of vehicles except that the placards may not contain any references to the Contractor that may be construed as advertising or endorsement by the Government of the Contractor. (End of clause)~~

#### ~~52.208-7 Tagging of Leased Vehicles.~~

~~As prescribed in [\(d\)](#), insert a clause substantially as follows:~~

~~Tagging of Leased Vehicles (May 1986)~~

~~While it is the intent that vehicles leased under this contract will operate on Federal tags, the Government reserves the right to utilize State tags if necessary to accomplish its mission. Should State tags be required, the Contractor shall furnish the Government documentation necessary to allow acquisition of such tags. Federal tags are the responsibility of the Government.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.208-8 [Reserved]

52.208-9 Contractor Use of Mandatory Sources of Supply or Services.

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

Contractor Use of Mandatory Sources of Supply or Services (May 2014)

Contractor Use of Mandatory Sources of Supply or Services (May 2014)

Certain supplies or services to be provided under this contract for use by the Government are required by ~~law to be obtained~~ law to be obtained from nonprofit agencies participating in the program operated by the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled (the Committee) under 41 U.S.C. 8504. The Committee operates under the name AbilityOne Commission. Additionally, ~~certain~~ some of these supplies are available from the Defense Logistics Agency (DLA), the General Services Administration (GSA), or the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA). The Contractor shall obtain mandatory supplies or services to be provided for Government use under this contract from the specific sources indicated in the contract schedule.

The Contractor shall obtain mandatory supplies or services to be provided for Government use under this contract from the specific sources indicated in the contract schedule.

The Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer if a mandatory source is unable to ~~provide the supplies or~~ provide the supplies or services by the time required, or if the quality of supplies or services provided by the mandatory source is unsatisfactory. The Contractor shall not purchase the supplies or services from other sources until the Contracting Officer has notified the Contractor that the Committee or an AbilityOne central nonprofit agency has authorized purchase from other sources.

Price and delivery information for the mandatory supplies is available from the Contracting Officer for ~~the supplies obtained~~ the supplies obtained through the DLA/GSA/VA distribution facilities. For mandatory supplies or services that are not available from DLA/GSA/VA, price and delivery information is available from the appropriate central nonprofit agency. Payments shall be made directly to the source making delivery. Points of contact for AbilityOne central nonprofit agencies are:

National Industries for the Blind ([www.NIB.org](http://www.NIB.org)), 1310 Braddock Place, Alexandria, VA 22314-1691, (703)310-0500; and

NISH/SourceAmerica ([www.SourceAmerica.org](http://www.SourceAmerica.org)), 8401 Old Courthouse Road, Vienna, VA 22182, (571)226-4660.

(End of clause)

52.208-10 Government Supply Sources.

As prescribed in 8.105-2(c), insert the following clause:

Government Supply Sources (Date)

The Contracting Officer may issue the Contractor an authorization to use Government supply sources in the performance of this contract. Title to all property acquired by the Contractor under such an authorization shall vest in the Government unless otherwise specified in the contract. The provisions of the clause at FAR 52.245-1, Government Property, apply to all property acquired under such authorization.

(End of clause)

52.208-11 GSA Fleet Vehicles and Related Services.

As prescribed in 8.105-3(c), insert the following clause:

GSA Fleet Vehicles and Related Services (Date)

The Contracting Officer may issue the Contractor an authorization to obtain GSA Fleet vehicles and related services for use in the performance of this contract. The use, service, and maintenance of GSA Fleet vehicles and the use of related services by the Contractor shall be in accordance with 41 CFR 101-39 and 41 CFR 102-34.  
(End of clause)

52.209 [Reserved]

52.209-1 Qualification Requirements.

As prescribed in 9.206-2 , insert the following clause:

Qualification Requirements (~~Feb 1995~~DATE)

Definition. "As used in this clause—

Qualification requirement,"~~as used in this clause~~, means a Government requirement for testing or other quality assurance demonstration that must be completed before award.

One or more qualification requirements apply to the supplies or services covered by this contract. For ~~those supplies or services~~those supplies or services requiring qualification, whether the covered product or service is an end item under this contract or simply a component of an end item, the product, manufacturer, or source must have demonstrated that it meets the standards prescribed for qualification before award of this contract. The product, manufacturer, or source must be qualified at the time of award whether or not the name of the product, manufacturer, or source is actually included on a qualified products list, qualified manufacturers list, or qualified bidders list. Offerors should contact the agency activity designated below to obtain all requirements that they or their products or services, or their subcontractors or their products or services, must satisfy to become qualified and to arrange for an opportunity to demonstrate their abilities to meet the standards specified for qualification.

(Name) \_\_\_\_\_

(Address) \_\_\_\_\_

If an offeror, manufacturer, source, product or service covered by a qualification requirement has already met ~~the standards~~ the standards specified, the relevant information noted below should be provided.

Offeror's Name \_\_\_\_\_

Manufacturer's Name \_\_\_\_\_

Source's Name \_\_\_\_\_

Item Name \_\_\_\_\_

Service Identification \_\_\_\_\_

Test Number \_\_\_\_\_ (to the extent known)

(d) Even though a product or service subject to a qualification requirement is not itself an end item under this contract, ~~the product~~ the product, manufacturer, or source must nevertheless be qualified at the time of award of this contract. This is necessary whether the Contractor or a subcontractor will ultimately provide the product or service in question. If, after award, the Contracting Officer discovers that an applicable qualification requirement was not in fact met at the time of award, the Contracting Officer may either terminate this contract for default or allow performance to continue if adequate consideration is offered and the action is determined to be otherwise in the ~~Government's~~ Government's best interests.

If an offeror, manufacturer, source, product or service has met the qualification requirement but is not yet ~~on a~~ on a ~~qualified products~~ qualified products list, qualified manufacturers list, or qualified bidders list, the offeror must submit evidence of qualification prior to award of this contract. Unless determined to be in the ~~Government's~~ Government's interest, award of this contract ~~shall~~ will not be delayed to permit an offeror to submit evidence of qualification.

Any change in location or ownership of the plant where a previously qualified product or service ~~was manufactured or performed~~ was manufactured or performed requires reevaluation of the qualification. Similarly, any change in location or ownership of a previously qualified manufacturer or source requires reevaluation of the qualification. The reevaluation must be accomplished before the date of award.

(End of provision)

52.209-2 Prohibition on Contracting With Inverted Domestic Corporations-Representation.

As prescribed in ~~§ 9.108-6~~ (a), insert the following provision:

Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations-Representation (~~Nov-~~ DATE 2015)

Definitions. ~~"As used in this clause—~~

Inverted domestic corporation ~~"and "subsidiary" have~~ means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the meaning given in the clause definition of ~~this contract entitled Prohibition on Contracting~~ an inverted domestic

corporation under 6 U.S.C. 395(b), applied in accordance with ~~Inverted Domestic Corporations (52.209-10)~~ the rules and definitions of 6 U.S.C. 395(c).

Subsidiary means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned—

(1) Directly by a parent corporation; or

(2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation.

Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for ~~contracts with either~~ contracts with either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation, unless the exception at ~~9.108-3(b)~~ applies or the requirement is waived in accordance with the procedures at ~~9.108-5~~.

Representation. The Offeror represents that-

It ☐ is, ☐ is not an inverted domestic corporation; and

It ☐ is, ☐ is not a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation.

(End of provision)

52.209-3 First Article Approval-Contractor Testing.

As prescribed in ~~9.308-1~~ (a) and (b), insert the following clause:

First Article Approval-Contractor Testing (~~Sept 1989~~ DATE)

[Contracting Officer ~~shall insert~~ inserts details]

The Contractor shall test \_\_\_\_\_ unit(s) of Lot/Item \_\_\_\_\_ as specified in this contract. At least \_\_\_\_\_ calendar days before the beginning of first article tests, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, of the time and location of the testing so that the Government may witness the tests.

The Contractor shall submit the first article test report within \_\_\_\_\_ calendar days from the date of this contract to \_\_\_\_\_ [insert address of the Government activity to receive the report] marked "~~First Article Test Report: Contract No. 'FIRST ARTICLE~~ \_\_\_\_\_, Lot/Item No. \_\_\_\_\_" Within \_\_\_\_\_ calendar days after the Government receives the test report, the

TEST REPORT: Contract No. \_\_\_\_\_, Lot/Item No. \_\_\_\_\_. Within \_\_\_\_\_ calendar days after the Government receives the test report, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor, in writing, of the conditional approval, approval, or disapproval of the first article. The notice of conditional approval or approval shall not relieve the Contractor from complying with all requirements of the specifications and all other terms and conditions of this contract. A notice of conditional approval ~~shall~~ will state any further action required of the Contractor. A notice of disapproval ~~shall~~ will cite reasons for the disapproval.

If the first article is disapproved, the Contractor, upon Government request, shall repeat any or all first ~~article tests. After each~~ article tests. After each request for additional tests, the Contractor shall make any necessary changes, modifications, or repairs to the first article or select another first article for testing. All costs related to

these tests are to be borne by the Contractor, including any and all costs for additional tests following a disapproval. The Contractor shall then conduct the tests and deliver another report to the Government under the terms and conditions and within the time specified by the Government. The Government ~~shall~~will take action on this report within the time specified in paragraph (b) ~~of this subsection~~above. The Government reserves the right to require an equitable adjustment of the contract price for any extension of the delivery schedule, or for any additional costs to the Government related to these tests.

If the Contractor fails to deliver any first article report on time, or the Contracting Officer disapproves ~~any first~~anyfirst article, the Contractor shall be deemed to have failed to make delivery within the meaning of the Default clause of this contract.

Unless otherwise provided in the contract, and if the approved first article is not consumed or destroyed ~~in testing, the Contractor~~intesting, the Contractor may deliver the approved first article as part of the contract quantity if it meets all contract requirements for acceptance.

If the Government does not act within the time specified in paragraph (b) or (c) ~~of this subsection~~above, the Contracting Officer ~~shall~~will, upon timely written request from the Contractor, equitably adjust under the Changes clause of this contract the delivery or performance dates and/or the contract price, and any other contractual term affected by the delay.

Before first article approval, the acquisition of materials or components for, or the commencement ~~of production of, the balance of~~production of, the balance of the contract quantity is at the sole risk of the Contractor. Before first article approval, the costs thereof shall not be allocable to this contract for (1) progress payments, or (2) termination settlements if the contract is terminated for the convenience of the Government.

The Government may waive the requirement for first article approval test where supplies identical or ~~similar to those called~~similar to those called for in the schedule have been previously furnished by the offeror/contractor and have been accepted by the Government. The offeror/contractor may request a waiver.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Jan 1997). As prescribed in ~~(9.308-1)~~9.308-1(a)(2) and (b)(2), add the following paragraph (i) to the basic clause:

The Contractor shall produce both the first article and the production quantity at the same facility.

Alternate II (Sept 1989). As prescribed in 9.308-1(a)(3) and (b)(3), substitute the following paragraph (g) for paragraph (g) of the basic clause:

(g) Before first article approval, the Contracting Officer may, by written authorization, authorize the Contractor to acquire specific materials or components or to commence production to the extent essential to meet the delivery schedules. Until first article approval is granted, only costs for the first article and costs incurred under this authorization are allocable to this contract for (1) progress payments, or (2) termination settlements if the contract is terminated for the convenience of the Government. If first article tests reveal deviations from contract requirements, the Contractor shall, at the location designated by the Government, make the required changes or replace all items produced under this contract at no change in the contract price.

52.209-4 First Article Approval-Government Testing.



As prescribed in [9.308-2](#) (a) and (b), insert the following clause:

First Article Approval-Government Testing (~~Sep 1989~~[DATE](#))

[Contracting Officer ~~shall insert~~[inserts](#) details]

The Contractor shall deliver \_\_\_\_ unit(s) of Lot/Item \_\_\_\_ within \_\_\_\_ calendar days from the date of this contract to the Government at \_\_\_\_ [insert name and address of the testing facility] for first article tests. The shipping documentation shall contain this contract number and the Lot/Item identification. [This contract elsewhere specifies](#) the characteristics that the first article must meet and the testing requirements ~~are specified elsewhere in this contract.~~

Within \_\_\_\_ calendar days after the Government receives the first article, the Contracting Officer ~~shall~~[will](#) notify the Contractor, in writing, of the conditional approval, approval, or disapproval of the first article. The notice of conditional approval or approval shall not relieve the Contractor from complying with all requirements of the specifications and all other terms and conditions of this contract. A notice of conditional approval ~~shall~~[will](#) state any further action required of the Contractor. A notice of disapproval ~~shall~~[will](#) cite reasons for the disapproval.

If the [Government disapproves the](#) first article ~~is disapproved~~, the Contractor, upon Government request, shall submit ~~an additional~~[an additional](#) first article ~~for testing~~[for testing](#). After each request, the Contractor shall make any necessary changes, modifications, or repairs to the first article or select another first article for testing. All costs related to these tests are to be borne by the Contractor, including any and all costs for additional tests following a disapproval. The Contractor shall furnish any additional first article to the Government under the terms and conditions and within the time ~~specified by~~ the Government [specifies](#). The Government ~~shall~~[will](#) act on this first article within the time limit specified in paragraph (b) ~~of this clause above~~. The Government reserves the right to require an equitable adjustment of the contract price for any extension of the delivery schedule or for any additional costs to the Government related to these tests.

If the Contractor fails to deliver any first article on time, or the Contracting Officer disapproves any ~~first article,~~ ~~the Contractor shall be deemed to~~[first article](#), [the Contractor will](#) have failed to make delivery within the meaning of the Default clause of this contract.

Unless otherwise provided in the contract, the Contractor ~~—~~

May deliver the approved first article as a part of the contract quantity, provided it meets all ~~contract requirements for acceptance~~[contract requirements for acceptance](#) and was not consumed or destroyed in testing; and

Shall remove and dispose of any first article from the Government test facility at the Contractor's expense.

If the Government does not act within the time specified in paragraph (b) or (c) ~~of this clause above~~, the ~~Contracting Officer shall~~[Contracting Officer will](#), upon timely written request from the Contractor, equitably adjust under the Changes clause of this contract the delivery or performance dates ~~and/or~~, the contract price, ~~or both~~, and any other contractual term affected by the delay.

The Contractor is responsible for providing operating and maintenance instructions, spare parts support, ~~and repair of the~~[and repair of the](#) first article during any first article test.

Before first article approval, the acquisition of materials or components for, or the commencement of ~~production of, the balance of~~production of, the balance of the contract quantity is at the sole risk of the Contractor. Before first article approval, the costs thereof shall not be allocable to this contract for (1) progress payments, or (2) termination settlements if the contract is terminated for the convenience of the Government.

The Government may waive the requirement for first article approval test where supplies identical or ~~similar to these called~~similar to those called for in the schedule have been previously furnished by the Offeror/Contractor and have been accepted by the Government. The Offeror/Contractor may request a waiver.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (JAN 1997). As prescribed in 9.308-2 (a)(2) and (b)(2), add the following paragraph (j) to the basic clause:

The Contractor shall produce both the first article and the production quantity at the same facility.

Alternate II (~~Sept~~SEP 1989). As prescribed in 9.308-2 (a)(3) and (b)(3), substitute the following paragraph (h) for paragraph (h) of the basic clause:

(h) Before first article approval, the Contracting Officer may, by written authorization, authorize the Contractor to acquire specific materials or components or to commence production to the extent essential to meet the delivery schedules. Until first article approval is granted, only costs for the first article and costs incurred under this authorization are allocable to this contract for (1) progress payments, or (2) termination settlements if the contract is terminated for the convenience of the Government. If first article tests reveal deviations from contract requirements, the Contractor shall, at the location designated by the Government, make the required changes or replace all items produced under this contract at no change in the contract price.

#### 52.209-5 Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters.

As prescribed in 9.104-7(a), insert the following provision:

Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (~~Aug 2020~~) (DATE)

(1) The Offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that—

(i) The Offeror and/or any of its Principals—    

Are ☐ are not ☐ presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;

Have ☐ have not ☐, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property (if offeror checks "have", the offeror shall also see 52.209-7, if included in this solicitation);

(C) Are ☐ are not ☐ presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(1)(i)(B) of this provision;

(D) Have ☐, have not ☐, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds the threshold at [9.104-5\(a\)\(2\)](#) for which the liability remains unsatisfied.

(4) Federal taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:

The tax liability is finally determined. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.

The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.

(2) Examples.

~~The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. § 6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.~~

~~The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. § 6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.~~

~~The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. § 6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.~~

~~The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under (the Bankruptcy Code).~~

(ii) The Offeror has ☐ has not ☐, within a three-year period preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any Federal agency.

(2) ~~"~~<sup>(1)</sup> "Principal," for the purposes of this certification, means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

~~This Certification Concerns a Matter Within the Jurisdiction of an Agency of the United States and the Making of a False, Fictitious, or Fraudulent Certification May Render the Maker Subject to Prosecution Under Section 1001, Title 18, United States Code.~~

The Offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to ~~contract award, the Offeror~~ contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result ~~in withholding of an~~ in withholding of an award under this solicitation. However, the Government will consider the certification ~~will be considered~~ in connection with a determination of the ~~Offeror's~~ Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror nonresponsible.

~~Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to~~ This provision does not require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, ~~the certification~~ the certification required by paragraph (a) ~~of this provision.~~ The knowledge and information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which ~~reliance was placed when~~ reliance was placed when making award. If ~~it is~~ the Government later ~~determined~~ determines that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this solicitation for default.

(End of provision)

52.209-6 Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting With Contractors Debarred, Suspended, Proposed for Debarment, or Voluntarily Excluded.

As prescribed in 9.409, insert the following clause:

Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting With Contractors Debarred, Suspended, Proposed for Debarment, or Voluntarily Excluded (~~Jan 2025~~ DATE)

(a) Definition. As used in this clause—

Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item, ~~as used in this clause—~~

(1) Means any item of supply (including construction material) that is—

A commercial product (as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition of "commercial product" in ~~Federal Acquisition Regulation~~ Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR); 2.101);

Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and

Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and

~~same form in which~~ Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the same form in which it is sold in the commercial marketplace; and

(2) Does not include bulk cargo, as defined in 46 U.S.C. 40102(4), such as agricultural products and petroleum products.

The Government suspends or debar Contractors to protect the ~~Government's~~Government's interests. Other than ~~a subcontract~~a subcontract for ~~a commercially~~a commercially available off-the-shelf item, the Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract, in excess of the threshold specified in FAR ~~(9.405-2)~~(9.405-2)(b) on the date of subcontract award, with a Contractor that is debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment by any executive agency unless ~~there is~~there exists a compelling reason exists to do so.

The Contractor shall require each proposed subcontractor whose subcontract will exceed the ~~threshold specified~~threshold specified in FAR ~~(9.405-2)~~(9.405-2)(b) on the date of subcontract award, other than a subcontractor providing a commercially available off-the-shelf item, to disclose to the Contractor, in writing, whether as of the time of award of the subcontract, the subcontractor, or its principals, is or is not debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or voluntarily excluded, by the Federal Government.

A corporate officer or a designee of the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, ~~before entering~~before entering into ~~a subcontract~~a subcontract with a party (other than a subcontractor providing a commercially available off-the-shelf item) that is debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or voluntarily excluded (see FAR 9.404 for information on the System for Award Management (SAM) Exclusions). The notice must include the following:

The name of the subcontractor.

The Contractor's knowledge of the reasons for the subcontractor being listed with an exclusion in SAM.

The compelling reason(s) for doing business with the subcontractor notwithstanding its being listed with ~~an exclusion~~an exclusion in SAM.

~~SAM.~~

The systems and procedures the Contractor has established to ensure that it is fully protecting ~~the Government's interests~~the Government's interests when dealing with such subcontractor in view of the specific basis for the party's ~~debarment~~, suspension, proposed debarment, or voluntary exclusion.

(e) Subcontracts. Unless this is a contract for the acquisition of commercial products or commercial services, the Contractor shall include the requirements of this clause, including this paragraph (e) (appropriately modified for the identification of the parties), in each subcontract that—

Exceeds the threshold specified in FAR 9.405-2(b) on the date of subcontract award; and

Is not a subcontract for commercially available off-the-shelf items.

(End of clause)

52.209-7 Information Regarding Responsibility Matters.

As prescribed at (9.104-7)(b), insert the following provision:

Information Regarding Responsibility Matters (~~Oct 2018~~DATE)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

Administrative proceeding means a non-judicial process that is adjudicatory in nature in order to make a determination of fault or liability (e.g., Securities and Exchange Commission Administrative Proceedings, Civilian Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings, and Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals Proceedings). This includes administrative proceedings at the Federal and State level but only in connection with performance of a Federal contract or grant. It does not include agency actions such as contract audits, site visits, corrective plans, or inspection of deliverables.

Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than \$10,000,000 means—

The total value of all current, active contracts and grants, including all priced options; and

The total value of all current, active orders including all priced options under indefinite-delivery, indefinite-quantity, 8(a), or requirements contracts (including task and delivery and multiple-award Schedules).

Principal means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

The offeror ☐ has ☐ does not have current active Federal contracts and grants with total value greater than \$10,000,000.

If the offeror checked "has" in paragraph (b) of this provision, the offeror represents, by submission of ~~this offer,~~ ~~that the~~ this offer, that the information it has entered in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIS) is current, accurate, and complete as of the date of submission of this offer with regard to the following information:

(1) Whether the offeror, and/or any of its principals, has or has not, within the last five years, in connection with the award to or performance by the offeror of a Federal contract or grant, been the subject of a proceeding, at the Federal or State level that resulted in any of the following dispositions:

In a criminal proceeding, a conviction.

In a civil proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in the payment of a monetary fine, penalty, reimbursement, restitution, or damages of \$5,000 or more.

In an administrative proceeding, a finding of fault and liability that results in—

The payment of a monetary fine or penalty of \$5,000 or more; or

The payment of a reimbursement, restitution, or damages in excess of \$100,000.

(iv) In a criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding, a disposition of the matter by consent or compromise with an acknowledgment of fault by the Contractor if the proceeding could have led to any of the outcomes specified in paragraphs (c)(1)(i), (c)(1)(ii), or (c)(1)(iii) of this provision.

(2) If the offeror has been involved in the last five years in any of the occurrences listed in (c)(1) of this provision, whether the offeror has provided the requested information with regard to each occurrence.

(d) The offeror shall post the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (c)(1)(iv) of this provision in FAPIIS as required through maintaining an active registration in the System for Award Management, which can be accessed via <https://www.sam.gov> (see 52.204-7).

(End of provision)

52.209-8 [Reserved]

52.209-9 Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters.

As prescribed at ~~9.104-7~~(c), insert the following clause:

Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters (~~Oct-2018~~DATE)

The Contractor shall update the information in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity ~~Information System~~InformationSystem (FAPIIS) on a semi-annual basis, throughout the life of the contract, by posting the required information in the System for Award Management via <https://www.sam.gov>.

~~As required by section 3010 of the Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2010 (Pub. L. 111-212),~~ All information posted ~~in FAPIIS~~in FAPIIS on or after April 15, 2011, except past performance reviews, will ~~be publicly~~be publicly available. FAPIIS consists of two segments——

(1) The non-public segment, into which Government officials and the Contractor post information, which can only be viewed by—

Government personnel and authorized users performing business on behalf of the Government; or

The Contractor, when viewing data on itself; and

(2) The publicly-available segment, to which all data in the non-public segment of FAPIIS is automatically transferred after a waiting period of 14 calendar days, except for ~~(i) Past performance reviews required by subpart—~~

Past performance reviews required by part 42.

Information that was entered prior to April 15, 2011; or

Information that is withdrawn during the 14-calendar-day waiting period by the Government official ~~who posted~~whoposted it ~~in accordance~~in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this clause.

(c) The Contractor will receive notification when the Government posts new information to the Contractor's record.

If the Contractor asserts in writing within 7 calendar days, to the Government official who posted ~~the information, that some~~the information, that some of the information posted to the non-public segment of FAPIIS is covered by a disclosure exemption under the Freedom of Information Act, the Government official who posted the information must within 7 calendar days remove the posting from FAPIIS and resolve the issue in accordance with agency Freedom of Information procedures, prior to reposting the releasable information. The contractor must cite 52.209-9 and request removal within 7 calendar days of the posting to FAPIIS.

The Contractor will also have an opportunity to post comments regarding information that ~~has been the~~ Government has posted ~~by the Government.~~ FAPIS will retain the comments ~~will be retained~~ as long as the associated information is retained, i.e., for a total period of 6 years. Contractor comments will remain a part of the record unless the Contractor revises them.

~~As required by section 3010 of Pub. L. 111-212,~~ All information posted in FAPIS on or after April 15, 2011, except ~~past performance~~ past performance reviews, will ~~be publicly~~ be publicly available. ~~(section 3010 of Pub. L. 111-212).~~

(d) The Government will handle public requests for system information posted prior to April 15, 2011, ~~will be handled~~ under Freedom of Information Act procedures, including, where appropriate, procedures promulgated under E.O. 12600.

(End of clause)

52.209-10 Prohibition on Contracting With Inverted Domestic Corporations.

As prescribed in ~~{~~ 9.108-6(b), insert the following clause:

Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (~~Nov-2015~~ DATE)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Inverted domestic corporation means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under 6 U.S.C. 395(b), applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of ~~-Subsidiary means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned -~~ 6 U.S.C. 395(c).

Subsidiary means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned —

Directly by a parent corporation; or

Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation ~~Directly by a parent corporation; or~~

~~Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation.~~

.

If the contractor reorganizes as an inverted domestic corporation or becomes a subsidiary of an ~~inverted domestic corporation~~ inverted domestic corporation at any time during the period of performance of this contract, applicable law may prohibit the Government ~~may be prohibited~~ from paying for Contractor activities performed after the date when it becomes an inverted domestic corporation or subsidiary. The Government may seek any available remedies in the event the

Contractor fails to perform in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract as a result of Government action under this clause.

Exceptions to this prohibition are located at ~~-~~ 9.108-3.



In the event the Contractor becomes either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of an ~~inverted domestic corporation~~ inverted domestic corporation during contract performance, the Contractor shall give written notice to the Contracting Officer within five business days from the date of the inversion event.

(End of clause)

52.209-11 Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.

As prescribed in ~~9.104-7~~(d), insert the following provision:

Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law  
(~~Feb 2016~~ DATE)

~~(a) As required by sections 744 and 745 of Division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts, (a)~~ The Government will not enter into a contract with any corporation that—

Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative ~~remedies have been exhausted~~ remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or

Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, ~~where the awarding~~ where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

(b) The Offeror represents that—

It is ☐ is not ☐ a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and

It is ☐ is not ☐ a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

(End of provision)

52.209-12 Certification Regarding Tax Matters.

As prescribed in ~~9.104-7~~(e), insert the following provision:

Certification Regarding Tax Matters (OCT ~~2025~~ 2020)

This provision implements section 523 of Division B of the Consolidated and Further Continuing

Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts.

If the Offeror is proposing a total contract price that will exceed \$7 million (including options), the ~~Offeror shall~~Offeror shall certify that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, it

Has ☐ filed all Federal tax returns required during the three years preceding the certification;

Has not ☐ been convicted of a criminal offense under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and

Has not ☐ , more than 90 days prior to certification, been notified of any unpaid Federal tax assessment for which the liability remains unsatisfied, unless the assessment is the subject of an installment agreement or offer in compromise that has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service and is not in default, or the assessment is the subject of a non-frivolous administrative or judicial proceeding.

(End of provision)

52.209-13 Violation of Arms Control Treaties or Agreements-Certification.

As prescribed in [9.109-5](#) , insert the following provision:

Violation of Arms Control Treaties or Agreements-Certification (~~Nov-2021~~DATE)

~~(a)~~This provision does not apply to acquisitions at or below the simplified acquisition threshold or ~~to acquisitions~~to acquisitions of commercial products and commercial services as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation ~~-(b)-2.101.~~

Certification. [Offeror shall check either (1) or (2).]

     (1) The Offeror certifies that—

(i) It does not engage and has not engaged in any activity that contributed to or was a significant factor in the President's ~~or Secretary~~or Secretary of State's determination that a foreign country is in violation of its obligations undertaken in any arms control, nonproliferation, or disarmament agreement to which the United States is a party, or is not adhering to its arms control, nonproliferation, or disarmament commitments in which the United States is a participating state. The determinations are described in the most recent unclassified annual report provided to Congress pursuant to section 403 of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act ~~(-)~~(22 U.S.C. 2593a). The report is available at <https://www.state.gov/bureaus-offices/under-secretary-for-arms-control-and-international-security-affairs/bureau-of-arms-control-verification-and-compliance/>; and

~~No entity owned or controlled by the Offeror has engaged in any activity that contributed to or was a significant factor in the President's or Secretary of State's determination that a foreign country is in violation of its obligations undertaken in any arms control, nonproliferation, or disarmament agreement to which the United States is a party, or is not adhering to its arms control, nonproliferation, or disarmament commitments in which the United States is a participating state. The determinations are described in the most recent unclassified annual report provided to Congress pursuant to section 403 of the Arms Control and Disarmament Act (-). The report is available at ; or~~

\_\_\_ (2) The Offeror is providing separate information with its offer in accordance with paragraph (d)(2) of this provision.

(c) Procedures for reviewing the annual unclassified report (see paragraph (b)(1) of this provision). For clarity, references to the report in this section refer to the entirety of the annual unclassified report, including any separate reports that are incorporated by reference into the annual unclassified report.

Check the table of contents of the annual unclassified report and the country section headings of the reports incorporated by reference to identify the foreign countries listed there. Determine whether the Offeror or any person owned or controlled by the Offeror may have engaged in any activity related to one or more of such foreign countries.

If ~~there may have been~~ such activity might have occurred, review all findings in the report associated with those foreign ~~countries to determine~~ countries to determine whether or not each such foreign country was determined to be in violation of its obligations undertaken in an arms control, nonproliferation, or disarmament agreement to which the United States is a party, or to be not adhering to its arms control, nonproliferation, or disarmament commitments in which the United States is a participating state. For clarity, in the annual report an explicit certification of non-compliance is equivalent to a determination of violation. However, the following statements in the annual report are not equivalent to a determination of violation:

An inability to certify compliance.

An inability to conclude compliance.

A statement about compliance concerns.

If so, determine whether the Offeror or any person owned or controlled by the Offeror has engaged in ~~any activity that contributed~~ any activity that contributed to or is a significant factor in the determination in the report that one or more of these foreign countries is in violation of its obligations undertaken in an arms control, nonproliferation, or disarmament agreement to which the United States is a party, or is not adhering to its arms control, nonproliferation, or disarmament commitments in which the United States is a participating state. Review the narrative for any such findings reflecting a determination of violation or ~~nonadherence~~ non-adherence related to those foreign countries in the report, including the finding itself, and to the extent necessary, the conduct giving rise to the compliance or adherence concerns, the analysis of compliance or adherence concerns, and efforts to resolve compliance or adherence concerns.

The Offeror may submit any questions with regard to this report by email to NDAA1290Cert@state.gov. To the extent feasible, the Department of State will respond to such email inquiries within 3 business days.

(d) Do not submit an offer unless—

A certification is provided in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision and submitted with the offer; or

In accordance with paragraph (b)(2) of this provision, the Offeror provides with its offer information that ~~the President of~~ the President of the United States has

Waived application under 22 U.S.C. 2593e(d) or (e); or

Determined under [22 U.S.C. 2593e\(g\)\(2\)](#) that the entity has ceased all activities for which measures were imposed under [22 U.S.C. 2593e\(b\)](#).

(e) Remedies. The certification in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If ~~it is~~[the Government](#) later ~~determined~~[determines](#) that the Offeror knowingly submitted a false certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, such as suspension or debarment, the Contracting Officer may terminate any contract resulting from the false certification.

(End of provision)

52.209-14 Reserve Officer Training Corps and Military Recruiting on Campus.

As prescribed in [9.110-5](#), insert the following clause:

Reserve Officer Training Corps and Military Recruiting on Campus (NOV 2021)

Definitions. As used in this clause—

Covered agency means—

- (1)The Department of Defense;
- (2)Any department or agency for which regular appropriations are made in a Department of Labor, Health and Human Services; and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act;
- (3)The Department of Homeland Security;
- (4)The National Nuclear Security Administration of the Department of Energy;
- (5)The Department of Transportation; or
- (6)The Central Intelligence Agency.

Institution of higher education means an institution that meets the requirements of [20 U.S.C. 1001](#) and includes all ~~subelements~~[sub-elements](#) of such an institution.

Limitation on contract award. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this clause, an institution of higher education is ineligible for contract award if the Secretary of Defense determines that the institution has a policy or practice (regardless of when implemented) that prohibits or in effect prevents—

The Secretary of a military department from maintaining, establishing, or operating a unit of the ~~Senior Reserve Officer Training~~[Senior Reserve Officer Training](#) Corps (ROTC) at that institution (or any sub-element of that institution);

A student at that institution (or any sub-element of that institution) from enrolling in a unit of the ~~Senior ROTC~~[Senior ROTC](#) ~~at another~~[at another](#) institution of higher education;

The Secretary of a military department or the Secretary of Homeland Security from gaining access ~~to campuses,~~  
~~or access to~~ campuses, or access to students (who are 17 years of age or older) on campuses, for purposes of  
military recruiting; or

Military recruiters from accessing, for purposes of military recruiting, the following information pertaining ~~to~~  
~~students~~ to students (who are 17 years of age or older) enrolled at that institution:

Name, address, and telephone listings.

Date and place of birth, educational level, academic majors, degrees received, and the most ~~recent~~  
~~educational institution~~ recent educational institution enrolled in by the student.

(c) Exception. The limitation in paragraph (b) of this clause does not apply to an institution of higher education  
if the Secretary of Defense determines that—

The institution has ceased the policy or practice described in paragraph (b) of this clause; or

The institution has a long-standing policy of pacifism based on historical religious affiliation.

(d) Notwithstanding any other clause of this contract, if the Secretary of Defense determines that the institution  
has violated the contract in paragraph (b) of this clause—

The institution will be ineligible for further payments under this and any other contracts with this agency ~~and~~  
~~any other covered~~ and any other covered agency, except for contracts at or below the simplified acquisition  
threshold or contracts for the acquisition of commercial products or commercial services; and

The Government will terminate this contract for default for the institution's material failure to comply ~~with the~~  
~~terms and~~ with the terms and conditions of award. ~~-(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

52.210 [Reserved]

52.210-1 Market Research.

As prescribed in 10.002, insert the following clause:

Market Research (~~Nov 2021~~ Deviation Date)

Definition. As used in this clause—

Commercial product, commercial service, and nondevelopmental item have the meaning contained in Federal  
Acquisition Regulation ~~-(FAR) 2.101.~~

Before awarding subcontracts for ~~other than commercial~~ noncommercial acquisitions, where the subcontracts  
are over the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101 on the date of subcontract award, the  
Contractor shall conduct market research to determine, in the following order of priority, whether—

(1) Determine if A commercial ~~products,~~ product or ~~commercial~~ services, or, to the extent commercial products  
suitable to service can ~~meet the agency's needs are not available, nondevelopmental items are available that~~

Meet the agency's ~~agency's~~ requirements;

~~Could be modified to meet the agency's~~ The requirements; could be modified so the agency could use an existing commercial product or commercial service;

Could meet the agency's requirements if those requirements were modified to a reasonable extent; and

(2) Determine the extent to which A commercial products, product or commercial services, or nondevelopmental items service could be ~~incorporated at the component level,~~ modified to meet the agency's requirements; or

The requirement can only be satisfied by a nondevelopmental item.

(End of clause)

52.211 [Reserved]

~~52.211-1 Availability of Specifications Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29.~~

~~As prescribed in (a), insert the following provision:~~

~~Availability of Specifications Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29 (Sep 2023)~~

~~The GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29, and copies of Federal specifications, standards, and product descriptions can be downloaded from the ASSIST website at:~~

~~If the General Services Administration, Department of Agriculture, or Department of Veterans Affairs issued this solicitation, a copy of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained from the ASSIST website identified in paragraph (a) of this provision.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.211-2 Availability of Defense Specifications, Standards, and Data Item Descriptions in the Acquisition Streamlining and Standardization Information System (ASSIST) website.~~

~~As prescribed in (b), insert the following provision:~~

~~Availability of Defense Specifications, Standards, and Data Item Descriptions in the Acquisition Streamlining and Standardization Information System (ASSIST) website (Sep 2023)~~

~~Most unclassified Defense specifications and standards may be downloaded from the ASSIST website at:~~

~~Defense documents not available from ASSIST may be requested from the Defense Standardization Program Office by~~

~~—~~

~~Using the ASSIST feedback module (-); or~~

Contacting the Defense Standardization Program Office by telephone at 571-767-6888 or email at [assisthelp@dla.mil](mailto:assisthelp@dla.mil). (End of provision)

~~52.211-3 Availability of Specifications Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions.~~

As prescribed in (c), insert a provision substantially the same as the following:

~~Availability of Specifications Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions (June 1988)~~

The specifications cited in this solicitation may be obtained from:

(Activity) address) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

(Telephone number) \_\_\_\_\_

(Person to be contacted) \_\_\_\_\_

The request should identify the solicitation number and the specification requested by date, title, and number, as cited in the solicitation.

(End of clause)

~~52.211-4 Availability for Examination of Specifications Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions.~~

As prescribed in (d), insert a provision substantially the same as the following:

~~Availability for Examination of Specifications Not Listed in the GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions (June 1988)~~

(Activity) \_\_\_\_\_

(Complete Address) \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

(Telephone number) \_\_\_\_\_

(Person to be contacted) \_\_\_\_\_

(Time(s) for viewing) \_\_\_\_\_

(End of clause)

[52.211-1 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.211-2 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.211-3 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.211-4 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.211-5 Material Requirements.

As prescribed in [11.302](#), insert the following clause:

Material Requirements (~~Aug 2000~~ [Deviation Date](#))

~~(a)~~ Definitions.

As used in this clause—

~~New means composed of previously unused components, whether manufactured from virgin material, recovered material in the form of raw material, or materials and by products generated from, and reused within, an original manufacturing process; provided that the supplies meet contract requirements, including but not limited to, performance, reliability, and life expectancy.~~

Reconditioned means restored to the original normal operating condition by readjustments and material replacement.

~~Recovered material means waste materials and by products recovered or diverted from solid waste, but the term does not include those materials and by products generated from, and commonly reused within, an original manufacturing process.~~

Remanufactured means factory rebuilt to original specifications.

~~Virgin material means—~~

~~Previously unused raw material, including previously unused copper, aluminum, lead, zinc, iron, other metal or metalore; or~~

~~Any undeveloped resource that is, or with new technology will become, a source of raw materials.~~

~~Unless this contract otherwise requires virgin material or supplies composed of or manufactured from virgin material, the Contractor shall provide supplies that are new, reconditioned, or remanufactured, as defined in this clause.~~

A proposal to provide unused former Government surplus property shall include a complete description ~~of the~~[of the](#) material, the quantity, the name of the Government agency from which acquired, and the date of acquisition.

A proposal to provide used, reconditioned, or remanufactured supplies shall include a detailed description ~~of such~~[supplies of such supplies](#) and shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer for approval.



Used, reconditioned, or remanufactured supplies, or unused former Government surplus property, may ~~be used~~  
~~in contract~~ be used in contract performance if the Contractor has proposed the use of such supplies, and the  
Contracting Officer has authorized their use. (End of clause)

~~(End of clause)~~

52.211-6 ~~Brand Name or Equal~~. [Reserved]

~~As prescribed in (a), insert the following provision:~~

~~Brand Name or Equal (Aug 1999)~~

~~If an item in this solicitation is identified as "brand name or equal," the purchase description reflects the  
characteristics and level of quality that will satisfy the Government's needs. The salient physical, functional, or  
performance characteristics that "equal" products must meet are specified in the solicitation.~~

~~To be considered for award, offers of "equal" products, including "equal" products of the brand name  
manufacturer, must-~~

~~Meet the salient physical, functional, or performance characteristic specified in this solicitation;~~

~~Clearly identify the item by (i) Brand name, if any; and~~

~~(ii) Make or model number;~~

~~Include descriptive literature such as illustrations, drawings, or a clear reference to previously furnished  
descriptive data or information available to the Contracting Officer; and~~

~~Clearly describe any modifications the offeror plans to make in a product to make it conform to the  
solicitation requirements. Mark any descriptive material to clearly show the modifications.~~

~~The Contracting Officer will evaluate "equal" products on the basis of information furnished by the offeror or  
identified in the offer and reasonably available to the Contracting Officer. The Contracting Officer is not  
responsible for locating or obtaining any information not identified in the offer.~~

~~Unless the offeror clearly indicates in its offer that the product being offered is an "equal" product, the offeror  
shall provide the brand name product referenced in the solicitation.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

52.211-7 ~~Alternatives to Government Unique Standards~~. [Reserved]

~~As prescribed in (b), insert the following provision:~~

~~Alternatives to Government Unique Standards (Nov 1999)~~

~~This solicitation includes Government unique standards. The offeror may propose voluntary consensus  
standards that meet the Government's requirements as alternatives to the Government unique standards. The  
Government will accept use of the voluntary consensus standard instead of the Government unique standard if  
it meets the Government's requirements unless inconsistent with law or otherwise impractical.~~

If an alternative standard is proposed, the offeror must furnish data and/or information regarding the alternative insufficient detail for the Government to determine if it meets the Government's requirements. Acceptance of the alternative standard is a unilateral decision made solely at the discretion of the Government.

Offers that do not comply with the Government unique standards specified in this solicitation may be determined to be nonresponsive or unacceptable. The offeror may submit an offer that complies with the Government unique standards specified in this solicitation, in addition to any proposed alternative standard(s).

(End of provision)

#### 52.211-8 Time of Delivery. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (a)(2), insert the following clause:

##### Time of Delivery (June 1997)

(a) The Government requires delivery to be made according to the following schedule:

##### Required Delivery Schedule

[Contracting Officer insert specific details]

\_\_\_\_\_ Item No. \_\_\_\_\_ Quantity \_\_\_\_\_ Within Days After Date of Contract

The Government will evaluate equally, as regards time of delivery, offers that propose delivery of each quantity within the applicable delivery period specified above. Offers that propose delivery that will not clearly fall within the applicable required delivery period specified above, will be considered nonresponsive and rejected. The Government reserves the right to award under either the required delivery schedule or the proposed delivery schedule, when an offeror offers an earlier delivery schedule than required above. If the offeror proposes no other delivery schedule, the required delivery schedule above will apply.

##### Offeror's Proposed Delivery Schedule

\_\_\_\_\_ Item No. \_\_\_\_\_ Quantity \_\_\_\_\_ Within Days After Date of Contract

(b) Attention is directed to the Contract Award provision of the solicitation that provides that a written award or acceptance of offer mailed, or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror, results in a binding contract. The Government will mail or otherwise furnish to the offeror an award or notice of award not later than the day award is dated. Therefore, the offeror should compute the time available for performance beginning with the actual date of award, rather than the date the written notice of award is received from the Contracting Officer through the ordinary mails. However, the Government will evaluate an offer that proposes delivery based on the Contractor's date of receipt of the contract or notice of award by adding (1) five calendar days for delivery of the award through the ordinary mails, or (2) one working day if the solicitation states that the contract or notice of award will be transmitted electronically. (The term "working day" excludes weekends and U.S. Federal holidays.) If, as so computed, the offered delivery date is later than the required delivery date, the offer will be considered nonresponsive and rejected.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is expressed in terms of specific calendar dates or specific periods and is based on an assumed date of award, the contracting officer may substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting "on or before"; "during the months \_\_\_\_\_"; or "not sooner than \_\_\_\_\_ or later than \_\_\_\_\_" as headings for the third column of paragraph (a) of the basic clause.

(b) The delivery dates or specific periods above are based on the assumption that the Government will make award by \_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert date]. Each delivery date in the delivery schedule above will be extended by the number of calendar days after the above date that the contract is in fact awarded. Attention is directed to the Contract Award provision of the solicitation that provides that a written award or acceptance of offer mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror results in a binding contract. Therefore, the offeror should compute the time available for performance beginning with the actual date of award, rather than the date the written notice of award is received from the Contracting Officer through the ordinary mails.

Alternate II (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is expressed in terms of specific calendar dates or specific periods and is based on an assumed date the contractor will receive notice of award, the contracting officer may substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting within days after the date of receipt of a written notice of award as the heading for the third column of paragraph (a) of the basic clause.

(b) The delivery dates or specific periods above are based on the assumption that the successful offeror will receive notice of award by \_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert date]. Each delivery date in the delivery schedule above will be extended by the number of calendar days after the above date that the Contractor receives notice of award; provided, that the Contractor promptly acknowledges receipt of notice of award.

Alternate III (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is to be based on the actual date the contractor receives a written notice of award, the contracting officer may delete paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting "within days after the date of receipt of a written notice of award" as the heading for the third column of paragraph (a) of the basic clause.

#### 52.211-9 Desired and Required Time of Delivery. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (a)(3), insert the following clause:

##### Desired and Required Time of Delivery (June 1997)

(a) The Government desires delivery to be made according to the following schedule:

##### Desired Delivery Schedule

[Contracting Officer insert specific details]

| Item No. | Quantity | Within Days After Date of Contract |
|----------|----------|------------------------------------|
|----------|----------|------------------------------------|

If the offeror is unable to meet the desired delivery schedule, it may, without prejudicing evaluation of its offer, propose a delivery schedule below. However, the offeror's proposed delivery schedule must not extend the delivery period beyond the time for delivery in the Government's required delivery schedule as follows:

##### Required Delivery Schedule

[Contracting Officer insert specific details]

Item No. \_\_\_\_\_ Quantity \_\_\_\_\_ Within Days After Date of Contract Offers that propose delivery of a quantity under such terms or conditions that delivery will not clearly fall within the applicable required delivery period specified above, will be considered nonresponsive and rejected. If the offeror proposes no other delivery schedule, the desired delivery schedule above will apply.

#### Offeror's Proposed Delivery Schedule

\_\_\_\_\_ Item No. \_\_\_\_\_ Quantity \_\_\_\_\_ Within Days After Date of Contract

(b) Attention is directed to the Contract Award provision of the solicitation that provides that a written award or acceptance of offer mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror results in a binding contract. The Government will mail or otherwise furnish to the offeror an award or notice of award not later than the day the award is dated. Therefore, the offeror shall compute the time available for performance beginning with the actual date of award, rather than the date the written notice of award is received from the Contracting Officer through the ordinary mails. However, the Government will evaluate an offer that proposes delivery based on the Contractor's date of receipt of the contract or notice of award by adding (1) five calendar days for delivery of the award through the ordinary mails, or (2) one working day if the solicitation states that the contract or notice of award will be transmitted electronically. (The term "working day" excludes weekends and U.S. Federal holidays.) If, as so computed, the offered delivery date is later than the required delivery date, the offer will be considered nonresponsive and rejected.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is expressed in terms of specific calendar dates or specific periods and is based on an assumed date of award, the contracting officer may substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting "on or before"; "during the months \_\_\_\_\_"; or "not sooner than \_\_\_\_\_, or later than \_\_\_\_\_" as headings for the third column of paragraph (a) of the basic clause.

(b) The delivery dates or specific periods above are based on the assumption that the Government will make award by \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert date]. Each delivery date in the delivery schedule above will be extended by the number of calendar days after the above date that the contract is in fact awarded. Attention is directed to the Contract Award provision of the solicitation that provides that a written award or acceptance of offer mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror results in a binding contract. Therefore, the offeror shall compute the time available for performance beginning with the actual date of award, rather than the date the written notice of award is received from the Contracting Officer through the ordinary mails.

Alternate II (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is expressed in terms of specific calendar dates or specific periods and is based on an assumed date the contractor receives notice of award, the contracting officer may substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting "within days after the date of receipt of a written notice of award" as the heading of the third column of paragraph (a) of the basic clause.

(b) The delivery dates or specific periods above are based on the assumption that the successful offeror will receive notice of award by \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert date]. Each delivery date in the delivery

schedule above will be extended by the number of calendar days after the above date that the Contractor receives notice of award; provided, that the Contractor promptly acknowledges receipt of notice of award.

Alternate III (Apr 1984). If the delivery schedule is to be based on the actual date the contractor receives a written notice of award, the contracting officer may delete paragraph (b) of the basic clause. The time may be expressed by substituting "within days after the date of receipt of a written notice of award" as the heading of the third column of paragraph (a) of the basic clause.

#### 52.211-10 Commencement, Prosecution, and Completion of Work. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (b), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price construction contract is contemplated. The clause may be changed to accommodate the issuance of orders under indefinite-delivery contracts for construction.

##### Commencement, Prosecution, and Completion of Work (Apr 1984)

The Contractor shall be required to (a) commence work under this contract within \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert number] calendar days after the date the Contractor receives the notice to proceed, (b) prosecute the work diligently, and (c) complete the entire work ready for use not later than \_\_\_\_\_.\* The time stated for completion shall include final cleanup of the premises.

\* The Contracting Officer shall specify either a number of days after the date the contractor receives the notice to proceed, or a calendar date.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the completion date is expressed as a specific calendar date, computed on the basis of the contractor receiving the notice to proceed by a certain day, add the following paragraph to the basic clause:

The completion date is based on the assumption that the successful offeror will receive the notice to proceed by

\_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert date]. The completion date will be extended by the number of calendar days after the above date that the Contractor receives the notice to proceed, except to the extent that the delay in issuance of the notice to proceed results from the failure of the Contractor to execute the contract and give the required performance and payment bonds within the time specified in the offer.

#### 52.211-11 Liquidated Damages-Supplies, Services, or Research and Development.

As prescribed in [§ 11.403\(a\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts:

##### Liquidated Damages-Supplies, Services, or Research and Development (Sept 2000)

If the Contractor fails to deliver the supplies or perform the services within the time specified in this contract, ~~the Contractor~~ [the Contractor](#) shall, in place of actual damages, pay to the Government liquidated damages of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ per calendar day of delay [Contracting Officer insert amount].

If the Government terminates this contract in whole or in part under the Default-Fixed-Price Supply ~~and Service~~ [and Service](#) clause, the Contractor is liable for liquidated damages accruing until the Government

reasonably obtains delivery or performance of similar supplies or services. These liquidated damages are in addition to excess costs of repurchase under the Termination clause.

~~of similar supplies or services. These liquidated damages are in addition to excess costs of repurchase under the Termination clause.~~

The Contractor will not be charged with liquidated damages when the delay in delivery or performance ~~is beyond the control~~ is beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor as defined in the Default-Fixed-Price Supply and Service clause in this contract.

(End of clause)

#### 52.211-12 Liquidated Damages-Construction.

As prescribed in ~~{11.403(b)}~~, insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts:

##### Liquidated Damages-Construction (Sept 2000)

If the Contractor fails to complete the work within the time specified in the contract, the Contractor shall ~~pay liquidated damages~~ pay liquidated damages to the Government in the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert amount] for each calendar day of delay until the work is completed or accepted.

If the Government terminates the Contractor's right to proceed, liquidated damages will continue to ~~accrue until the work~~ accrue until the work is completed. These liquidated damages are in addition to excess costs of repurchase under the Termination clause. ~~(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

#### 52.211-13 Time Extensions.

As prescribed in ~~{11.403(c)}~~, insert the following clause:

##### Time Extensions (Sept 2000)

Time extensions for contract changes will depend upon the extent, if any, by which the changes cause delay in the completion of the various elements of construction. The change order granting the time extension may provide that the contract completion date will be extended only for those specific elements related to the changed work and that the remaining contract completion dates for all other portions of the work will not be altered. The change order also may provide an equitable readjustment of liquidated damages under the new completion schedule.

(End of clause)

#### 52.211-14 Notice of Priority Rating for National Defense, Emergency Preparedness, and Energy Program Use.

As prescribed in ~~{11.504(a)}~~, insert the following provision:

##### Notice of Priority Rating for National Defense, Emergency Preparedness, and Energy Program Use (Apr 2008)

Any contract awarded as a result of this solicitation will be ☐ DX rated order; ☐ DO rated order certified for national defense, emergency preparedness, and energy program use under the Defense Priorities and Allocations System (DPAS) (15 CFR700), and the Contractor will be required to follow all of the requirements of this regulation. [Contracting Officer check appropriate box.]

(End of provision)

#### 52.211-15 Defense Priority and Allocation Requirements.

As prescribed in [{11.504\(b\)}](#), insert the following clause:

##### Defense Priority and Allocation Requirement (Apr 2008)

This is a rated order certified for national defense, emergency preparedness, and energy program use, and the Contractor shall follow all the requirements of the Defense Priorities and Allocations System regulation (15 CFR 700). ~~(End of clause)~~

#### ~~52.211-16 Variation in Quantity.~~

~~As prescribed in (a), insert the following clause:~~

##### ~~Variation in Quantity (Apr 1984)~~

~~A variation in the quantity of any item called for by this contract will not be accepted unless the variation has been caused by conditions of loading, shipping, or packing, or allowances in manufacturing processes, and then only to the extent, if any, specified in paragraph (b) of this clause.~~

~~The permissible variation shall be limited to:~~

~~\_\_\_ Percent increase [Contracting Officer insert percentage]~~

~~\_\_\_ Percent decrease [Contracting Officer insert percentage]~~

~~This increase or decrease shall apply to \_\_\_\_\_.\*~~

~~\* Contracting Officer shall insert in the blank the designation(s) to which the percentages apply, such as-~~

~~The total contract quantity;~~

~~Item 1 only;~~

~~Each quantity specified in the delivery schedule;~~

~~The total item quantity for each destination; or~~

~~The total quantity of each item without regard to destination.~~

(End of clause)

[52.211-16 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.211-17 ~~Delivery of Excess Quantities.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (b), insert the following clause:

~~Delivery of Excess Quantities (Sept 1989)~~

~~The Contractor is responsible for the delivery of each item quantity within allowable variations, if any. If the Contractor delivers and the Government receives quantities of any item in excess of the quantity called for (after considering any allowable variation in quantity), such excess quantities will be treated as being delivered for the convenience of the Contractor. The Government may retain such excess quantities up to \$250 in value without compensating the Contractor therefor, and the Contractor waives all right, title, or interests therein. Quantities in excess of \$250 will, at the option of the Government, either be returned at the Contractor's expense or retained and paid for by the Government at the contract unit price.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.211-18 ~~Variation in Estimated Quantity.~~

As prescribed in (c), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a fixed price construction contract is contemplated that authorizes a variation in the estimated quantity of unit-priced items:

~~Variation in Estimated Quantity (Apr 1984)~~

~~If the quantity of a unit-priced item in this contract is an estimated quantity and the actual quantity of the unit-priced item varies more than 15 percent above or below the estimated quantity, an equitable adjustment in the contract price shall be made upon demand of either party. The equitable adjustment shall be based upon any increase or decrease in costs due solely to the variation above 115 percent or below 85 percent of the estimated quantity. If the quantity variation is such as to cause an increase in the time necessary for completion, the Contractor may request, in writing, an extension of time, to be received by the Contracting Officer within 10 days from the beginning of the delay, or within such further period as may be granted by the Contracting Officer before the date of final settlement of the contract. Upon the receipt of a written request for an extension, the Contracting Officer shall ascertain the facts and make an adjustment for extending the completion date as, in the judgement of the Contracting Officer, is justified.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

[\[Reserved\]](#) 52.212 [Reserved]

52.212-1 Instructions to Offerors—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.

As prescribed in [b12.301\(a\)\(1\)](#), insert the following provision:

Instructions to Offerors—Commercial Products and Commercial Services (~~Sep 2023~~[Deviation Aug 2025](#))

~~North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code and small business size standard. The NAICS code(s) and small business size standard(s) for this acquisition appear elsewhere in the solicitation. However, the small business size standard for a concern that submits an offer, other than on a construction or service acquisition, but proposes to furnish an end item that it did not itself manufacture, process, or produce is 500 employees, or 150 employees for information technology value added resellers under NAICS code 541519, if the acquisition—~~



~~(1) Is set aside for small business and has a value above the simplified acquisition threshold;~~

~~(2) Uses the HUBZone price evaluation preference regardless of dollar value, unless the offeror waives the price evaluation preference; or~~

~~(3) Is an 8(a), HUBZone, service-disabled veteran-owned, economically disadvantaged women-owned, or women-owned small business set aside or sole source award regardless of dollar value.~~

(a) Submission of offers. Submit signed and dated offers to the office specified in this solicitation at or before the exact time specified in this solicitation. ~~Offers may be submitted on the , letterhead stationery, or as otherwise specified in the solicitation.~~ As a minimum, offers ~~must show~~ shall include—

The solicitation number;

~~The time specified in the solicitation for receipt of offers;~~

The name, address, ~~and~~ telephone number of the Offeror;

~~A technical description of the items being offered in sufficient detail to evaluate compliance with the requirements in the solicitation. This may include product literature, or other documents, if necessary;~~

~~Terms of any express warranty;~~

~~Price and any discount terms;~~

~~"Remit"~~ The Offeror's Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) and, if applicable, Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator;

Information necessary to evaluate the factors contained in the provision at 52.212-2 or as described in the solicitation;

Responses to ~~"~~ address, if different than mailing address;

~~A completed copy of the provisions that require Offeror completion of information, representations, and certifications at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.212-3 (see FAR~~

~~52.212-3(b) for (other than those representations and certifications that the offeror shall complete electronically); collected via the System for Award Management (SAM)); and~~

~~Acknowledgment of Solicitation Amendments;~~

~~Past performance information, when included as an evaluation factor, to include recent and relevant contracts for the same or similar items and other references (including contract numbers, points of contact with telephone numbers and other relevant information); and~~

~~If the offer is not submitted on the include~~ A statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the solicitation. ~~Offers that fail to furnish required representations or information, or reject the terms and conditions of the solicitation may be excluded from consideration~~ the solicitation and any solicitation amendments.

Period for acceptance of offers. The Offeror agrees to hold the prices in its offer firm for ~~30~~60 calendar days from the date specified for receipt of offers, unless another time period is specified in an addendum to the solicitation.

~~Product samples. When required by the solicitation, product samples shall be submitted at or prior to the time specified for receipt of offers. Unless otherwise specified in this solicitation, these samples shall be submitted at no expense to the Government, and returned at the sender's request and expense, unless they are destroyed during preaward testing.~~

~~Multiple offers. Offerors are encouraged to submit multiple offers presenting alternative terms and conditions, including alternative line items (provided that the alternative line items are consistent with FAR ), or alternative commercial products or commercial services for satisfying the requirements of this solicitation. Each offer submitted will be evaluated separately.~~

Late submissions, modifications, revisions, and withdrawals of offers.

~~(1) Offerors are responsible for submitting offers, and any modifications, or revisions, or withdrawals, so as to reach the Government office designated officedesignated in the solicitation by the time specified in the solicitation. If no time is specified in the solicitation, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that offers or revisions are due.~~

~~(2)~~

~~(i) Any offer, modification, or revision, or withdrawal of an offer received at the Government office designated in the solicitation after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will ~~not be~~not be considered unless it is received before award is made, and the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition, and, However, a late modification of an otherwise successful offer that makes its terms more favorable to the Government will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.~~

~~If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the solicitation, it was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of offers; or~~

~~There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated for receipt of offers and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or~~

~~If this solicitation is a request for proposals, it was the only proposal received.~~

~~(ii) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful offer, that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.~~

~~Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/date stamp of that installation on the offer wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.~~

~~If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that offers cannot be received be received at the Government the Government office designated for receipt of offers by the exact time~~

specified in the solicitation, and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the solicitation or other notice of an extension of the closing date, the time specified for receipt of offers will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.

~~Offers may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of offers. Oral offers in response to oral solicitations may be withdrawn orally. If the solicitation authorizes facsimile offers, offers may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of offers, subject to the conditions specified in the solicitation concerning facsimile offers. An offer may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or its authorized representative if, before the exact time set for receipt of offers, the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the offer.~~

Offerors may withdraw their offers by written notice to the Government received at any time before award.

Contract award (not applicable to Invitation for Bids). The Government intends to evaluate offers and award a contract without discussions with Offerors. Therefore, the Offeror's initial offer should contain the Offeror's best terms ~~from a price and technical standpoint.~~ However, the Government reserves the right to conduct discussions, if ~~later determined by the Contracting Officer to be necessary.~~ The Government may reject any or all offers if such action is in the public interest; ~~accept other than the lowest offer;~~ and waive informalities and minor irregularities in offers received.

~~Multiple awards. The Government may accept any item or group of items of an offer, unless the offeror qualifies the offer by specific limitations. Unless otherwise provided in the Schedule, offers may not be submitted for quantities less than those specified. The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the offer.~~

~~Availability of requirements documents cited in the solicitation.~~

(1)

~~The GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29, and copies of Federal specifications, standards, and product descriptions can be downloaded from the ASSIST website at:~~

Debriefings. ~~If the General Services Administration, Department of Agriculture, or Department of Veterans Affairs issued this solicitation, a copy of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained from the address in paragraph (i)(1)(i) of this provision.~~

~~Most unclassified Defense specifications and standards may be downloaded from the ASSIST website at:~~

~~Defense documents not available from the ASSIST website may be requested from the Defense Standardization Program Office by—~~

~~Using the ASSIST feedback module (-); or~~

~~Contacting the Defense Standardization Program Office by telephone at 571-767-6688 or email at assisthelp@dla.mil.~~

(4) Nongovernment (voluntary) standards must be obtained from the organization responsible for their preparation, publication, or maintenance.

Unique entity identifier. (Applies to all offers that exceed the micro-purchase threshold, and offers at or below the micropurchase threshold if the solicitation requires the Contractor to be registered in the System for Award Management (SAM).)

The Offeror shall enter, in the block with its name and address on the cover page of its offer, the annotation "Unique Entity Identifier" followed by the unique entity identifier that identifies the Offeror's name and address. The Offeror also shall enter its Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT) indicator, if applicable. The EFT indicator is a four-character suffix to the unique entity identifier. The suffix is assigned at the discretion of the Offeror to establish additional SAM records for identifying alternative EFT accounts (see FAR for the same entity. If the Offeror does not have a unique entity identifier, it should contact the entity designated at for unique entity identifier establishment directly to obtain one. The Offeror should indicate that it is an offeror for a Government contract when contacting the entity designated at for establishing the unique entity identifier.

[Reserved]

Debriefing. If a post-award a postaward debriefing is given to requesting Offerors, the Government ~~shall~~ will disclose the following information, if applicable:

The agency's evaluation of the significant weak or deficient factors in the debriefed Offeror's offer.

The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful Offeror and the debriefed ~~offeror~~ and Offeror and past ~~performance information~~ performance information on the debriefed Offeror.

The overall ranking of all Offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection.

A summary of the rationale for award.

For acquisitions of commercial products, the make and model of the product to be delivered by the ~~successful offeror~~ successful Offeror.

Reasonable responses to relevant questions posed by the debriefed Offeror as to whether ~~source~~ the agency followed source-selection procedures ~~set forth~~ set forth in the solicitation, applicable regulations, and other applicable authorities ~~were followed by the agency~~.

(End of provision)

52.212-2 Evaluation—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.

As prescribed in 12.301(a)(2), the Contracting Officer may insert a provision substantially as follows:

Evaluation—Commercial Products and Commercial Services (~~Nov 2021~~ Deviation Aug 2025)

Evaluation factors. The Government will award a contract resulting from this solicitation to the ~~responsible offeror~~ responsible Offeror whose offer ~~conforming to~~ conforming to the solicitation will be most advantageous to the Government, price and other factors considered. The following factors ~~shall~~ will be used to evaluate offers:

Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with and the concern is certified by SBA or an approved third-party

~~certifier in accordance with It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business eligible under the WOSB Program.~~

~~Forced or indentured child labor means all work or service—~~

~~Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or~~

~~Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.~~

Highest-level owner means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest ~~level owner.~~

~~Immediate owner means an entity, other than the offeror, that has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: ownership or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees.~~

~~Inverted domestic corporation, means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under (b), applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of c).~~

~~Manufactured end product means any end product in product and service codes (PSCs) 1000-9999, except—~~

~~PSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials;~~

~~Product or Service Group (PSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies;~~

~~PSG 88, Live Animals;~~

~~PSG 89, Subsistence;~~

~~PSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials;~~

~~PSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible;~~

~~PSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products;~~

~~PSC 9610, Ores;~~

~~PSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and~~

~~PSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.~~

~~Place of manufacture means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.~~

~~Predecessor means an entity that is replaced by a successor and includes any predecessors of the predecessor.~~

~~Reasonable inquiry has the meaning provided in the clause 52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.~~

~~Restricted business operations means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate —~~

~~Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan;~~

~~Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;~~

~~Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;~~

~~Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;~~

~~Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or~~

~~Have been voluntarily suspended. "Sensitive technology" —~~

~~Sensitive technology —~~

~~(1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically —~~

~~To restrict the free flow of unbiased information in Iran; or~~

~~To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict speech of the people of Iran; and~~

~~(2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (—~~

~~Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) concern means a small business concern —~~

~~(1)~~

~~Not less than 51 percent of which is owned and controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and~~

~~The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran; or~~

~~A small business concern eligible under the SDVOSB Program in accordance with 13 CFR part 128 (see subpart —~~

~~Service-disabled veteran, as used in this definition, means a veteran as defined in 2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 16), and who is registered in the Beneficiary Identification and Records Locator Subsystem, or successor system that is maintained by the Department of Veterans Affairs' Veterans Benefits Administration, as a service-disabled veteran.~~

~~Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) concern eligible under the SDVOSB Program means an SDVOSB concern that—~~

~~Effective January 1, 2024, is designated in the System for Award Management (SAM) as certified by the Small Business Administration (SBA) in accordance with 13 CFR 128.300; or~~

~~Has represented that it is an SDVOSB concern in SAM and submitted a complete application for certification to SBA on or before December 31, 2023.~~

~~Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) Program means a program that authorizes contracting officers to limit competition, including award on a sole source basis, to SDVOSB concerns eligible under the SDVOSB Program.~~

~~Small business concern—~~

~~Means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in its field of operation, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in and size standards in this solicitation.~~

Affiliates, as used in this definition, means business concerns, one of whom directly or indirectly controls or has the power to control the others, or a third party or parties control or have the power to control the others. In determining whether affiliation exists, consideration is given to all appropriate factors including common ownership, common management, and contractual relationships. SBA determines affiliation based on the factors set forth at 13 CFR 121.103.

~~Small disadvantaged business concern, consistent with 13 CFR 124.1001, means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that—~~

~~(1) Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by—~~

~~One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States; and~~

~~Each individual claiming economic disadvantage has a net worth not exceeding the threshold at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2) after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and~~

~~(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13 CFR 124.106) by individuals, who meet the criteria in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.~~

~~Subsidiary means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned—~~

~~Directly by a parent corporation; or~~

~~Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation~~



~~Successor means an entity that has replaced a predecessor by acquiring the assets and carrying out the affairs of the predecessor under a new name (often through acquisition or merger). The term "successor" does not include new offices/divisions of the same company or a company that only changes its name. The extent of the responsibility of the successor for the liabilities of the predecessor may vary, depending on State law and specific circumstances.~~

~~Veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern —~~

~~Not less than 51 percent of which is owned and controlled by one or more veterans (as defined at — or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and~~

~~The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.~~

~~Women-owned business concern means a concern which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women~~

~~Women-owned small business concern means a small business concern —~~

~~That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and~~

~~Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.~~

~~Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program (in accordance with —), means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States, and the concern is certified by SBA or an approved third-party certifier in accordance with~~

~~(b)~~

~~Annual Representations and Certifications. Any changes provided by the Offeror in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision do not automatically change the representations and certifications in SAM.~~

~~The offeror has completed the annual representations and certifications electronically in SAM accessed through —. After reviewing SAM information, the Offeror verifies by submission of this offer that the representations and certifications currently posted electronically at FAR 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications—Commercial Products and Commercial Services, have been entered or updated in the last 12 months, are current, accurate, complete, and applicable to this solicitation (including the business size standard(s) applicable to the NAICS code(s) referenced for this solicitation), at the time this offer is submitted and are incorporated in this offer by reference (see FAR —), except for paragraphs —.~~

~~{Offeror to identify the applicable paragraphs at (c) through (v) of this provision that the offeror has completed for the purposes of this solicitation only, if any.~~

~~These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer.~~

Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted electronically on SAM.]

(c) Offerors must complete the following representations when the resulting contract is for supplies to be delivered or services to be performed in the United States or its outlying areas, or when the contracting officer has applied in accordance with (b)(1)(ii). Check all that apply.

~~(1) Small business concern. The offeror represents as part of its offer that —~~

~~It ☐ is, ☐ is not a small business concern; or~~

~~It ☐ is, ☐ is not a small business joint venture that complies with the requirements of and and [ The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_.]~~

~~Veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a veteran-owned small business concern.~~

~~SDVOSB concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not an SDVOSB concern.~~

~~SDVOSB concern joint venture eligible under the SDVOSB Program. The offeror represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not an SDVOSB joint venture eligible under the SDVOSB Program that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR 128.402. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as an SDVOSB concern in paragraph (c)(3) of this provision.] [The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_\_.]~~

~~Small disadvantaged business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in~~

~~Women-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a women-owned small business concern.~~

~~WOSB joint venture eligible under the WOSB Program. The offeror represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of through . [ The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_\_.]~~

~~Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) joint venture. The offeror represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of through . [The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_\_.]~~

~~Note to paragraphs (c)(9) and (10): Complete paragraphs (c)(9) and (10) only if this solicitation is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.~~

~~Women-owned business concern (other than small business concern). [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and did not represent itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it ☐ is a women-owned business concern.~~

~~Tie bid priority for labor surplus area concerns. If this is an invitation for bid, small business offerors may identify the labor surplus areas in which costs to be incurred on account of manufacturing or production (by offeror or first tier subcontractors) amount to more than 50 percent of the contract price: \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~HUBZone small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that—~~

~~It ☐ is, ☐ is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, as having been certified by SBA as a HUBZone small business concern in the Dynamic Small Business Search and SAM, and will attempt to maintain an employment rate of HUBZone residents of 35 percent of its employees during performance of a HUBZone contract (see ; and~~

~~It ☐ is, ☐ is not a HUBZone joint venture that complies with the requirements of through [The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_\_.] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture shall provide representation of its HUBZone status.~~

~~(d) Representations required to implement provisions of Executive Order 11246—~~

~~(1) Previous contracts and compliance. The offeror represents that—~~

~~It ☐ has, ☐ has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation; and~~

~~It ☐ has, ☐ has not filed all required compliance reports.~~

~~(2) Affirmative Action Compliance. The offeror represents that—~~

~~It ☐ has developed and has on file, ☐ has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR parts 60-1 and 60-2), or~~

~~It ☐ has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.~~

~~Certification Regarding Payments to Influence Federal Transactions (31 .S.C. 1352). (Applies only if the contract is expected to exceed \$200,000.) By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the award of any resultant contract. If any registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.~~

~~Buy American Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.225-1, Buy American-~~

~~Supplies, is included in this solicitation.)~~

~~(1)~~

~~The Offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision, is a domestic endproduct and that each domestic end product listed in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision contains a critical component.~~

~~The Offeror shall list as foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products. For those foreign end products that do not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the Offeror shall also indicate whether these foreign end products exceed 55 percent domestic content, except for those that are COTS items. If the percentage of the domestic content is unknown, select "no".~~

~~The Offeror shall separately list the line item numbers of domestic end products that contain a critical component (see FAR 25.105).~~

~~The terms "commercially available off the shelf (COTS) item," "critical component," "domestic end product," "endproduct," "foreign end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-~~

~~Supplies."~~

~~Foreign End Products:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Line Item No. Country of Origin \_\_\_\_\_ Exceeds 55% domestic content (yes/no)~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Line Item No. Country of Origin \_\_\_\_\_ Exceeds 55% domestic content (yes/no)~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~

~~{List as necessary}~~

~~Domestic end products containing a critical component:~~

~~Line Item No. \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~{List as necessary}~~

~~The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR~~

~~(6)~~

~~(1) Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at FAR 52.225-3, Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act, is included in this solicitation.)~~

~~(i)~~

~~The Offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(iii) or (iii) of this provision, is a domestic end product and that each domestic end product listed in paragraph (g)(1)(iv) of this provision contains a critical component.~~

~~The terms "Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product," "commercially available off-the-shelf(COTS) item," "critical component," "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," "Free Trade Agreement country," "Free Trade Agreement country end product," "Israeli end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act."~~

~~The Offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act."~~

~~Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:~~

| <del>Line Item No.</del> | <del>Country of Origin</del> |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| <del>_____</del>         | <del>_____</del>             |
| <del>_____</del>         | <del>_____</del>             |
| <del>_____</del>         | <del>_____</del>             |

[List as necessary]

~~The Offeror shall list those supplies that are foreign end products (other than those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of this provision) as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act." The Offeror shall list as other foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products. For those foreign end products that do not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the Offeror shall also indicate whether these foreign end products exceed 55 percent domestic content, except for those that are COTS items. If the percentage of the domestic content is unknown, select "no".~~

Other Foreign End Products:

| <del>Line Item No.</del> | <del>Country of Origin</del> | <del>Exceeds 55% domestic content (yes/no)</del> |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|

=====

=====

=====

[List as necessary]

~~The Offeror shall list the line item numbers of domestic end products that contain a critical component (see FAR).~~

Line Item No. \_\_\_\_

[List as necessary]

~~The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR.~~

~~Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate II. If Alternate II to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:~~

~~(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act”:~~

~~Israeli End Products:~~

Line Item No.

=====

=====

Line Item No.

=====

[List as necessary]

~~Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate III. If Alternate III to the clause at 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraphs (g)(1)(i)(B) and (g)(1)(ii) for paragraphs (g)(1)(i)(B) and (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:~~

~~(g)(1)(i)(B) The terms “Korean end product”, “commercially available off the shelf (COTS) item”, “critical component”, “domestic end product”, “end product”, “foreign end product”, “Free Trade Agreement country”,~~

~~“Free Trade Agreement country end product,” “Israeli end product,” and “United States” are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act.”~~

~~(g)(1)(ii) The Offeror certifies that the following supplies are Korean end products or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act”:~~

~~Korean End Products or Israeli End Products:~~

| <del>Line Item No.</del> | <del>Country of Origin</del> |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| <del>_____</del>         | <del>_____</del>             |
| <del>_____</del>         | <del>_____</del>             |
| <del>_____</del>         | <del>_____</del>             |

~~[List as necessary]~~

~~Trade Agreements Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at FAR 52.225-5, Trade Agreements, is included in this solicitation.)~~

~~The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(4)(ii) of this provision, is a U.S.-made or designated country end product, as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Trade Agreements."~~

~~The offeror shall list as other end products those end products that are not U.S.-made or designated country end products.~~

~~Other End Products:~~

| <del>Line Item No.</del> | <del>Country of Origin</del> |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| <del>_____</del>         | <del>_____</del>             |
| <del>_____</del>         | <del>_____</del>             |
| <del>_____</del>         | <del>_____</del>             |

~~[List as necessary]~~

The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR . For line items covered by the WTO GPA, the Government will evaluate offers of U.S. made or designated country end products without regard to the restrictions of the Buy American statute. The Government will consider for award only offers of U.S. made or designated country end products unless the Contracting Officer determines that there are no offers for such products or that the offers for such products are insufficient to fulfill the requirements of the solicitation.

(h) Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (Executive Order 12689). (Applies only if the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.) The offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror and/or any of its principals—

☐ Are, ☐ are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;

☐ Have, ☐ have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a Federal, state or local government contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property;

☐ Are, ☐ are not presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a Government entity with, commission of any of these offenses enumerated in paragraph (h)(2) of this clause; and

☐ Have, ☐ have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds the threshold at a)(2) for which the liability remains unsatisfied.

(i) Taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:

The tax liability is finally determined. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.

The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.

(ii) Examples:

The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. §6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.

The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. §6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer



~~has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.~~

~~The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. §6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.~~

~~The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. §362 (the Bankruptcy Code).~~

~~(i) Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products (Executive Order 13126). [The Contracting~~

~~Officer must list in paragraph (i)(1) any end products being acquired under this solicitation that are included in the List of Products Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor, unless excluded as (b).]~~

~~Listed end products.~~

| Listed End Product | Listed Countries of Origin |
|--------------------|----------------------------|
|--------------------|----------------------------|

|       |       |
|-------|-------|
| _____ | _____ |
|-------|-------|

|       |       |
|-------|-------|
| _____ | _____ |
|-------|-------|

~~Certification. [If the Contracting Officer has identified end products and countries of origin in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision, then the offeror must certify to either (i)(2)(i) or (i)(2)(ii) by checking the appropriate block.]~~

~~☐ (i) The offeror will not supply any end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product.~~

~~☐ (ii) The offeror may supply an end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. The offeror certifies that it has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any such end product furnished under this contract. On the basis of those efforts, the offeror certifies that it is not aware of any such use of child labor.~~

~~(j) Place of manufacture. (Does not apply unless the solicitation is predominantly for the acquisition of manufactured end products.) For statistical purposes only, the offeror shall indicate whether the place of manufacture of the end products it expects to provide in response to this solicitation is predominantly-~~

~~☐ In the United States (Check this box if the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured in the United States exceeds the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured outside the United States); or~~

~~☐ Outside the United States.~~

~~(k) Certificates regarding exemptions from the application of the Service Contract Labor Standards (Certification by the offeror as to its compliance with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it subcontracts out the exempt services.) (The contracting officer is to check a box to indicate if paragraph~~

~~(k)(1) or (k)(2) applies.]~~

~~☐ (1) Maintenance, calibration, or repair of certain equipment as described in FAR c)(1). The offeror ☐ does ☐ does not certify that—~~

~~The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Governmental purposes and are sold or traded by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) in substantial quantities to the general public in the course of normal business operations;~~

~~The services will be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR (c)(2)(ii)) for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of such equipment; and~~

~~The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract will be the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.~~

~~☐ (2) Certain services as described in FAR (d)(1). The offeror ☐ does ☐ does not certify that—~~

~~The services under the contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers, and are provided by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) to the general public in substantial quantities in the course of normal business operations;~~

~~The contract services will be furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR~~

~~(d)(2)(iii));~~

~~Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract; and~~

~~The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract is the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing commercial customers.~~

~~(3) If paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause applies—~~

~~If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) and the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Labor Standards wage determination to the solicitation, the offeror shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible; and~~

~~The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (k)(3)(i) of this clause.~~

~~(l) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) (–. (Not applicable if the offeror is required to provide this information to the SAM to be eligible for award.)~~

~~All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (l)(3) through (l)(5) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).~~

~~The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (l). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.~~

~~Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).~~

☐ TIN: \_\_\_\_\_

☐ TIN has been applied for:

☐ TIN is not required because:

☐ Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;

☐ Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;

☐ Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.

~~Type of organization:~~

☐ Sole proprietorship;

☐ Partnership;

☐ Corporate entity (not tax exempt);

☐ Corporate entity (tax exempt);

☐ Government entity (Federal, State, or local);

☐ Foreign government;

☐ International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;

☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

~~Common parent.~~

~~☐ Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent;~~

~~☐ Name and TIN of common parent:~~

~~Name \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~TIN \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~Restricted business operations in Sudan. By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan.~~

~~Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations.~~

~~Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation, unless the exception at (b) applies or the requirement is waived in accordance with the procedures at -~~

~~Representation. The Offeror represents that-~~

~~It ☐ is, ☐ is not an inverted domestic corporation; and~~

~~It ☐ is, ☐ is not a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation.~~

~~(o) Prohibition on contracting with entities engaging in certain activities or transactions relating to Iran.~~

~~The offeror shall e-mail questions concerning sensitive technology to the Department of State at CISADA106@state.gov.~~

~~Representation and Certifications. Unless a waiver is granted or an exception applies as provided in paragraph (o)(3) of this provision, by submission of its offer, the offeror-~~

~~Represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror does not export any sensitive technology to the government of Iran or any entities or individuals owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf or at the direction of, the government of Iran;~~

~~Certifies that the offeror, or any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act; and~~

~~Certifies that the offeror, and any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not knowingly engage in any transaction that exceeds the threshold at FAR a)(2) with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates, the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (et seq.) (see OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List at ).~~

~~(3) The representation and certification requirements of paragraph (o)(2) of this provision do not apply if-~~

~~This solicitation includes a trade agreements certification (e.g., 52.212-3(g) or a comparable agency provision); and~~

~~The offeror has certified that all the offered products to be supplied are designated country end products.~~

~~(p) Ownership or Control of Offeror. (Applies in all solicitations when there is a requirement to be registered in SAM or a requirement to have a unique entity identifier in the solicitation).~~

~~The Offeror represents that it ☐ has or ☐ does not have an immediate owner. If the Offeror has more than one immediate owner (such as a joint venture), then the Offeror shall respond to paragraph (2) and if applicable, paragraph (3) of this provision for each participant in the joint venture.~~

~~If the Offeror indicates "has" in paragraph (p)(1) of this provision, enter the following information:~~

~~Immediate owner CAGE code: \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~Immediate owner legal name: \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~(Do not use a "doing business as" name)~~

~~Is the immediate owner owned or controlled by another entity: ☐ Yes or ☐ No.~~

~~If the Offeror indicates "yes" in paragraph (p)(2) of this provision, indicating that the immediate owner is owned or controlled by another entity, then enter the following information:~~

~~Highest level owner CAGE code: \_\_\_\_\_ Highest level owner legal name: \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~(Do not use a "doing business as" name)~~

~~(q) Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.~~

~~(1) As required by sections 744 and 745 of Division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts, The Government will not enter into a contract with any corporation that—~~

~~Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or~~

~~Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.~~

~~(2) The Offeror represents that—~~

It is ☐ is not ☐ a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and

It is ☐ is not ☐ a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a Federal law within the preceding 24 months.

(r) Predecessor of Offeror. (Applies in all solicitations that include the provision at 52.204-16, Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting.)

The Offeror represents that it ☐ is or ☐ is not a successor to a predecessor that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years.

If the Offeror has indicated "is" in paragraph (r)(1) of this provision, enter the following information for all predecessors that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years (if more than one predecessor, list in reverse chronological order):

Predecessor CAGE code: (or mark "Unknown").

Predecessor legal name: \_\_\_\_\_.

(Do not use a "doing business as" name).

[Reserved].]

Public Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduction Goals. Applies in all solicitations that require offerors to register in SAM ((d)(1)).

This representation shall be completed if the Offeror received \$7.5 million or more in contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year. The representation is optional if the Offeror received less than \$7.5 million in Federal contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year.

Representation. [Offeror to check applicable block(s) in paragraph (t)(2)(i) and (ii)].

The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest level owner) ☐ does, ☐ does not publicly disclose greenhouse gas emissions, i.e., makes available on a publicly accessible website the results of a greenhouse gas inventory, performed in accordance with an accounting standard with publicly available and consistently applied criteria, such as the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard.

The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest level owner) ☐ does, ☐ does not publicly disclose a quantitative greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal, i.e., make available on a publicly accessible website a target to reduce absolute emissions or emissions intensity by a specific quantity or percentage.

A publicly accessible website includes the Offeror's own website or a recognized, third-party greenhouse gas emissions reporting program.

(3) If the Offeror checked "does" in paragraphs (t)(2)(i) or (t)(2)(ii) of this provision, respectively, the Offeror shall provide the publicly accessible website(s) where greenhouse gas emissions and/or reduction goals are reported: \_\_\_\_\_.

(u)

In accordance with section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions), Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with an entity that requires employees or subcontractors of such entity seeking to report waste, fraud, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.

The prohibition in paragraph (u)(1) of this provision does not contravene requirements applicable to Standard Form 312

(Classified Information Nondisclosure Agreement), Form 4414 (Sensitive Compartmented Information Nondisclosure Agreement), or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.

Representation. By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that it will not require its employees or subcontractors to sign or comply with internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse related to the performance of a Government contract to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information (e.g., agency Office of the Inspector General).

(v) Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services Representation. Section 889(a)(1)(A) and section 889(a)(1)(B) of Public Law 115-232.

The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM)

) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".

The Offeror represents that—

It ☐ does, ☐ does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.

After conducting a reasonable inquiry for purposes of this representation, that it ☐ does, ☐ does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services. (End of Provision)

Alternate I (Feb 2024). As prescribed in (b)(2), add the following paragraph (c)(12) to the basic provision: (12) (Complete if the offeror has represented itself as disadvantaged in paragraph (c)(5) of this provision.) ☐ Black American.

☐ Hispanic American.

☐ Native American (American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians).

~~☐ Asian-Pacific American (persons with origins from Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Brunei, Japan, China, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Vietnam, Korea, The Philippines, Republic of Palau, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Samoa, Macao, Hong Kong, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Tuvalu, or Nauru).~~

~~☐ Subcontinent Asian (Asian-Indian) American (persons with origins from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, or Nepal).~~

~~☐ Individual/concern, other than one of the preceding.~~

52.212-4 Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.

As prescribed in [12.301\(b\)\(3\)](#), insert the following clause:

Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Products and Commercial Services (~~Nov-2023~~ [Deviation Aug 2025](#))

(a) Inspection/Acceptance. The Contractor shall only tender for acceptance those items that conform to the requirements of this contract. The Government reserves the right to inspect or test any supplies or services that have been tendered for acceptance. The Government may require repair or replacement of nonconforming supplies or reperformance of nonconforming services at no increase in contract price. If repair/replacement or reperformance will not correct the defects or is not possible, the Government may seek an equitable price reduction or adequate consideration for acceptance of nonconforming supplies or services. The Government must exercise its postDefinitions. [The clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation \(FAR\) 52.202-1, Definitions, is incorporated by reference.](#)

Inspection/Acceptance. [The Contractor shall only tender for acceptance](#) those items that conform to the requirements of this contract. The Government reserves the right to inspect or test any supplies or services that have been tendered for acceptance. The Government may require repair or replacement of nonconforming supplies or reperformance of nonconforming services at no increase in contract price. ~~-acceptance rights-~~

[If repair/replacement or reperformance will not correct the defects or is not possible, the Government may seek an equitable price reduction or adequate consideration for acceptance of nonconforming supplies or services. The Government must exercise its post acceptance rights—](#)

Within a reasonable time after the defect was discovered or should have been discovered; and

Before any substantial change occurs in the condition of the item, unless the change is due to the defect in ~~the item~~[the item](#).

Assignment. The Contractor or its assignee may assign its rights to receive payment due as a result of performance of this contract to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency in accordance with the Assignment of Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3727). However, when a third party makes payment (e.g., use of the Governmentwide commercial purchase card), the Contractor may not assign its rights to receive payment under this contract.

Changes. Changes in the terms and conditions of this contract may be made only by written agreement of the parties.



Disputes. This contract is subject to 41 U.S.C. chapter 71, Contract Disputes. Failure of the parties to this contract to reach agreement on any request for equitable adjustment, claim, appeal, or action arising under or relating to this contract shall be a dispute to be resolved in accordance with the clause ~~at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.233-1, Disputes~~, which is incorporated ~~herein~~ in this contract by reference. The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any dispute arising under the contract.

~~Definitions. The clause at FAR 52.202-1, Definitions, is incorporated herein by reference.~~

Excusable delays. The Contractor shall be liable for default unless nonperformance is caused by an occurrence beyond the reasonable control of the Contractor and without its fault or negligence ~~such as~~, Examples of occurrences include acts of God or the public enemy, acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, unusually severe weather, and delays of common carriers. When an excusable delay occurs, the Contractor shall —

Notify the Contracting Officer in writing as soon as ~~it is reasonably possible after the commencement of any excusable delay, setting forth~~;

Remedy the ~~full particulars in connection therewith, shall remedy such occurrence with all reasonable dispatch, delay as quickly as possible; and shall promptly give written notice to~~

Notify the Contracting Officer ~~of when~~ the ~~cessation of such~~ occurrence is over.

Invoice.

~~(1) The Government will handle invoices according to the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C. 3903) and 5CFR part 1315. The Contractor shall submit an original invoice and three copies (or electronic invoice, if authorized) invoices~~ to the address designated in the contract to receive invoices. An invoice must include—

~~Name and address of the Contractor;~~

~~Invoice date and number;~~

~~Contract number, line item number and, if applicable, the order number;~~

~~Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price and extended price of the items delivered;~~

~~Shipping number and date of shipment, including the bill of lading number and weight of shipment if shipped on Government bill of lading;~~

~~Terms of any discount for prompt payment offered;~~

~~Name and address of official to whom payment is to be sent;~~

~~Name, title, and phone number of person to notify in event of defective invoice; and~~

~~Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.~~

~~Electronic funds transfer (EFT) banking information.~~

~~The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.~~

~~If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision, contract clause (e.g., 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer System for Award Management, or 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other Than System for Award Management), or applicable agency procedures.~~

~~EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.~~

~~(2) Invoices will be handled in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) prompt payment regulations at [required by](#) 5 CFR part 1315.9(b).~~

Patent indemnity. The Contractor shall indemnify the Government and its officers, employees, and agents against liability, including costs, for actual or alleged direct or contributory infringement of, or inducement to infringe, any United States or foreign patent, trademark, or copyright, arising out of the performance of this contract, provided the Contractor is reasonably notified of such claims and proceedings.

Payment: ~~—~~

Items accepted. Payment shall be made for items accepted by the Government that have been delivered to the delivery destinations set forth in this contract.

Prompt payment. The Government will make payment in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act ([31 U.S.C. 3903](#)) and prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.

~~Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). If the Government makes payment by EFT, see 52.212-5(b) for the appropriate EFT clause.~~

Discount. In connection with any discount offered for early payment, time shall be computed from the date of the invoice. For the purpose of computing the discount earned, payment shall be considered to have been made on the date which appears on the payment check or the specified payment date if an electronic funds transfer payment is made.

Overpayments. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall ~~—~~

(i) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the ~~—~~

Circumstances of the overpayment (e.g., duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);

Affected contract number and delivery order number, if applicable;

Affected line item or subline item, if applicable; and

Contractor point of contact.

(ii) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.

(5) Interest.

All amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear simple interest from (6) Interest.

All amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear ~~simple interest from~~ the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in 41 U.S.C. 7109, which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, as provided in (i)(6)(v) of this clause, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid.

The Government may issue a demand for payment to the Contractor upon finding a debt is due under ~~the contract~~ the contract.

Final decisions. The Contracting Officer will issue a final decision as required by if—

~~(A)~~ The Contracting Officer and the Contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of a ~~debt~~ debt within 30 days;

The Contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer within the ~~timeline specified in the~~ timeline specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the Contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or

The Contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer (see ~~32.607-2~~ 32.607-2).

If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the ~~final decision~~ final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.

Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:

The date fixed under this contract.

The date of the first written demand for payment, including any demand for payment resulting from a default termination.

(vi) The interest charge shall be computed for the actual number of calendar days involved beginning on the due date and ending on—

The date on which the designated office receives payment from the Contractor;

The date of issuance of a Government check to the Contractor from which an amount otherwise payable ~~has been withheld~~ has been withheld as a credit against the contract debt; or

The date on which an amount withheld and applied to the contract debt would otherwise have ~~become payable~~ become payable to ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor.

(vii) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures [for interest credits](#) prescribed in FAR [part 32](#) in effect on the date of this contract.

(j) Risk of loss. Unless the contract specifically provides otherwise, risk of loss or damage to the supplies provided under this contract shall remain with the Contractor until, and shall pass to the Government upon ~~—~~

Delivery of the supplies to a carrier, if transportation is f.o.b. origin; or

Delivery of the supplies to the Government at the destination specified in the contract, if transportation ~~is~~ [is](#) f.o.b. destination.

Taxes. The contract price includes all applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties.

Termination for the Government's convenience. The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for its sole convenience. In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work ~~hereunder~~ and shall immediately cause any and all of its suppliers and subcontractors to cease work. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid a percentage of the contract price reflecting the percentage of the work performed prior to the notice of termination, plus reasonable charges the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government using its standard record keeping system, have resulted from the termination. The Contractor shall not be required to comply with the cost accounting standards or contract cost principles for this purpose. This paragraph does not give the Government any right to audit the Contractor's records. The Contractor shall not be paid for any work performed or costs incurred which reasonably could have been avoided.

Termination for cause. The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. [The Government will send a cure notice to the Contractor, unless the reason for the termination is late delivery.](#) In the event of termination for cause, the Government shall not be liable to the Contractor for any amount for supplies or services not accepted, and the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights and remedies provided by law. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.

Title. Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, title to items furnished under this contract shall pass to the Government upon acceptance, regardless of when or where the Government takes physical possession.

Warranty. The Contractor warrants and implies that the items delivered hereunder are merchantable and fit for use for the particular purpose described in this contract.

Limitation of liability. Except as otherwise provided by an express warranty, the Contractor will not be liable to the Government for consequential damages resulting from any defect or deficiencies in accepted items.

~~Other compliances. The Contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws, executive orders, rules and regulations applicable to its performance under this contract.~~

Compliance with laws unique to Government contracts. The Contractor agrees to comply with [31 U.S.C. 1352](#) relating to limitations on the use of appropriated funds to influence certain Federal contracts; ~~relating to officials not to benefit;~~ [40 U.S.C. chapter 37](#), Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards; ~~;~~ [41 U.S.C. chapter 87](#),

Kickbacks; ~~Fly American~~ [49 U.S.C. 40118, Government-financed air transportation](#); and [41 U.S.C. chapter 21](#) relating to procurement integrity.

Order of precedence. Any inconsistencies in this solicitation or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order:

The schedule of supplies/services;

The ~~Assignments,~~ Disputes, Payments, Invoice, ~~Other Compliances,~~ Compliance with Laws Unique to ~~Government Contracts, and Unauthorized~~ [Government Contracts, and Unauthorized](#) Obligations paragraphs of this clause;

~~The clause at 52.212-5.~~

[Other contract clauses incorporated in the solicitation or contract;](#)

Addenda to this solicitation or contract, ~~including any license agreements for computer software;~~

Solicitation provisions ~~if this is a~~ [incorporated in the](#) solicitation;

Other paragraphs of this clause;

~~The~~ Other documents, exhibits, and attachments; [and](#)

The specification.

~~{Reserved}~~

[\(s\)](#) Unauthorized obligations.

(1) Except as stated in paragraph ~~(u)~~(2) of this clause, when any supply or service acquired under this contract is subject to any End User License Agreement (EULA), Terms of Service (TOS), or similar legal instrument or agreement, that includes any clause requiring the Government to indemnify the Contractor or any person or entity for damages, costs, fees, or any other loss or liability that would create an Anti-Deficiency Act violation ~~(31 U.S.C. 1341)~~, the following shall govern:

Any such clause is unenforceable against the Government.

Neither the Government nor any Government-authorized end user shall be deemed to have agreed to ~~such clause by virtue~~ [such clause by virtue](#) of it appearing in the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement. If the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement is invoked through an ~~"I agree"~~ click box or other comparable mechanism (e.g., ~~"click-wrap"~~ or ~~"browse-wrap"~~ agreements), execution does not bind the Government or any Government authorized end user to such clause.

Any such clause is deemed to be stricken from the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement.

(2) Paragraph ~~(u)~~(1) of this clause does not apply to indemnification by the Government that is expressly authorized by statute and specifically authorized under applicable agency regulations and procedures.

(t) Comptroller General examination of record. This paragraph applies if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid procedures and is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold on the date of award of this contract.

The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.

The Contractor shall make available at its offices, at all reasonable times, the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR part 4, longer period required by statute, or periods specified in other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.

As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and ~~other data~~, regardless of type and regardless of form. This clause does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.

(u) Incorporation by reference. The Contractor's representations and certifications, including those completed electronically via the System for Award Management (SAM), are incorporated by reference into the contract.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (~~Nov 2021~~, Deviation Aug 2025). When contemplating a time-and-materials or labor-hour contract ~~is contemplated~~, substitute the following paragraphs (a), (~~e~~b), (i), (l), and (m) for those in the basic clause.

(a) The clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.202-1, Definitions, is incorporated by reference. As used in this clause—

Direct materials means those materials that enter directly into the end product, or that are used or consumed directly in connection with the furnishing of the end product or service.

Hourly rate means the rate(s) prescribed in the contract for payment for labor that meets the labor category qualifications of a labor category specified in the contract that are—

Performed by the contractor;

Performed by the subcontractors; or

Transferred between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the contractor under a common control.

~~(a) Materials means—~~

Direct materials, including supplies transferred between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the contractor under a common control;

Subcontracts for supplies and incidental services for which there is not a labor category specified in the contract;

Other direct costs (e.g., incidental services for which there is not a labor category specified in the contract, travel, computer usage charges, etc.);

The following subcontracts for services which are specifically excluded from the hourly rate: [Insert any subcontracts for services to be excluded from the hourly rates prescribed in the schedule.]; and

Indirect costs specifically provided for in this clause.

Subcontract means any contract, as defined in FAR 2.101, entered into with a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of the prime contract or a subcontract including transfers between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of a contractor or subcontractor. It includes, but is not limited to, purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.

(b) Inspection/Acceptance.

~~(1)~~ The Government has the right to inspect and test all materials furnished and services performed under ~~this contract, to the extent practicable~~ this contract at all places and times, ~~including the period of performance, and in any event~~ before acceptance. The Government will perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.

~~The Government may also inspect the plant or plants of the Contractor or any subcontractor engaged in contract performance.~~ The Government will perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.

If the Government performs inspection or tests on the premises of the Contractor or a subcontractor, ~~the Contractor shall furnish~~ the Contractor shall furnish and shall require subcontractors to furnish all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties.

Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Government will accept or reject services and materials at ~~the place of delivery~~ the place of delivery as promptly as practicable after delivery, and they will be presumed accepted 60 days after the date of delivery, unless accepted earlier.

At any time during contract performance, but not later than 6 months (or such other time as may be ~~specified in the contract~~ specified in the contract) after acceptance of the services or materials last delivered under this contract, the Government may require the Contractor to replace or correct services or materials that at time of delivery failed to meet contract requirements. Except as otherwise specified in paragraph ~~(a)~~ (b) of this clause, the cost of replacement or correction shall be determined under paragraph (i) of this clause, but the ~~"hourly rate"~~ for labor hours incurred in the replacement or correction shall be reduced to exclude that portion of the rate attributable to profit. Unless otherwise specified below, the portion of the ~~"hourly rate"~~ attributable to profit shall be 10 percent. The Contractor shall not tender for acceptance materials and services required to be replaced or corrected without disclosing the former requirement for replacement or correction, and, when required, shall disclose the corrective action taken. [Insert portion of labor rate attributable to profit.]

(5)(i) If the Contractor fails to proceed with reasonable promptness to perform required replacement or correction, and if the replacement or correction can be performed within the ceiling price (or the ceiling price as increased by the Government), the Government may The Contractor shall not tender for acceptance

materials and services required to be replaced or corrected without disclosing the former requirement for replacement or correction, and, when required, shall disclose the corrective action taken. [Insert portion of labor rate attributable to profit.]

(5)(i) If the Contractor fails to proceed with reasonable promptness to perform required replacement or correction, and if the replacement or correction can be performed within the ceiling price (or the ceiling price as increased by the Government), the Government may-

By contract or otherwise, perform the replacement or correction, charge to the Contractor any increased cost, or ~~deduct such~~ deduct such increased cost from any amounts paid or due under this contract; or

Terminate this contract for cause.

(ii) Failure to agree to the amount of increased cost to be charged to the Contractor shall be a dispute under the Disputes clause of the contract.

Terminate this contract for cause.

(ii) Failure to agree to the amount of increased cost to be charged to the Contractor shall be a dispute under the Disputes clause of the contract.

(6) Notwithstanding paragraphs ~~(a)~~ (b) (4) and (5) ~~above of this clause~~, the Government may, at any time, require the

Contractor to remedy by correction or replacement, without cost to the Government, any failure by the Contractor to comply with the requirements of this contract, if the failure is due to-

Fraud, lack of good faith, or willful misconduct on the part of the ~~Contractor's~~ Contractor's managerial personnel; or

The conduct of one or more of the Contractor's employees selected or retained by the Contractor after any ~~of the Contractor's~~ of the Contractor's managerial personnel has reasonable grounds to believe that the employee is habitually careless or unqualified.

This clause applies in the same manner and to the same extent to corrected or replacement materials ~~or services or services~~ as ~~to materials~~ to materials and services originally delivered under this contract.

The Contractor has no obligation or liability under this contract to correct or replace materials and ~~services that services that~~ at time of time of delivery do not meet contract requirements, except as provided in this clause or as may be otherwise specified in the contract.

Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the ~~Contractor's~~ Contractor's obligation to correct or replace ~~Government furnished property~~ Government furnished property shall be governed by the clause pertaining to Government property.

~~(c) Definitions. (1) The clause at FAR 52.202-1, Definitions, is incorporated herein by reference. As used in this clause-~~



~~"Direct materials" means those materials that enter directly into the end product, or that are used or consumed directly in connection with the furnishing of the end product or service.~~

~~"Hourly rate" means the rate(s) prescribed in the contract for payment for labor that meets the labor category qualifications of a labor category specified in the contract that are-~~

Performed by the contractor;

Performed by the subcontractors; or

Transferred between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the contractor under a common control.

~~(iii) "Materials" means-~~

~~Direct materials, including supplies transferred between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the contractor under a common control;~~

~~Subcontracts for supplies and incidental services for which there is not a labor category specified in the contract;~~

~~Other direct costs (e.g., incidental services for which there is not a labor category specified in the contract, travel, computer usage charges, etc.);~~

The following subcontracts for services which are specifically excluded from the hourly rate: [Insert any subcontracts for services to be excluded from the hourly rates prescribed in the schedule.]; and

Indirect costs specifically provided for in this clause.

~~(iv) "Subcontract" means any contract, as defined in FAR entered into with a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of the prime contract or a subcontract including transfers between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of a contractor or subcontractor.~~ It includes, but is not limited to, purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.

#### (i) Payments.

(1) Work performed. The Government will pay the Contractor as follows upon the submission of commercial invoices approved by the Contracting Officer:

(i) Hourly rate.

The amounts shall be computed by multiplying the appropriate hourly rates prescribed in the contract by the number of direct labor hours performed. Fractional parts of an hour shall be payable on a prorated basis.

The rates shall be paid for all labor performed on the contract that meets the labor qualifications specified in the contract. Labor hours incurred to perform tasks for which labor qualifications were specified in the contract will not be paid to the extent the work is performed by individuals that do not meet the qualifications specified in the contract, unless specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer.

Invoices may be submitted once each month (or at more frequent intervals, if approved by the ~~(i) Payments.~~ (1) Work performed. The Government will pay the Contractor as follows upon the submission of commercial invoices approved by the Contracting Officer:

(i) Hourly rate.

The amounts shall be computed by multiplying the appropriate hourly rates prescribed in the contract by ~~the number of direct labor hours performed.~~ Fractional parts of an hour shall be payable on a prorated basis.

The rates shall be paid for all labor performed on the contract that meets the labor qualifications specified ~~in the contract.~~ Labor hours incurred to perform tasks for which labor qualifications were specified in the contract will not be paid to the extent the work is performed by individuals that do not meet the qualifications specified in the contract, unless specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer.

Invoices may be submitted once each month (or at more frequent intervals, if approved by the ~~Contracting Officer.~~ ~~to the~~ Contracting Officer) to the Contracting Officer or the authorized representative.

When requested by the Contracting Officer or the authorized representative, the Contractor shall substantiate invoices (including any subcontractor hours reimbursed at the hourly rate in the schedule) by evidence of actual payment, individual daily job timecards, records that verify the employees meet the qualifications for the labor categories specified in the contract, or other substantiation specified in the contract.

Unless the Schedule prescribes otherwise, the hourly rates in the Schedule shall not be varied by virtue of the Contractor having performed work on an overtime basis.

If no overtime rates are provided in the Schedule and the Contracting Officer approves overtime work ~~substantiate invoices~~ (including any subcontractor hours reimbursed at the hourly rate in the schedule) by evidence of actual payment, individual daily job timecards, records that verify the employees meet the qualifications for the labor categories specified in the contract, or other substantiation specified in the contract.

Unless the Schedule prescribes otherwise, the hourly rates in the Schedule shall not be varied by virtue of the Contractor having performed work on an overtime basis.

If no overtime rates are provided in the Schedule and the Contracting Officer approves overtime work ~~in advance,~~ in advance, overtime rates shall be negotiated.

Failure to agree upon these overtime rates shall be treated as a dispute under the Disputes clause of ~~this contract.~~ this contract.

If the Schedule provides rates for overtime, the premium portion of those rates will be reimbursable only ~~to the extent~~ to the extent the ~~extent~~ overtime is approved by the Contracting Officer.

(ii) Materials.

(A) If the Contractor furnishes materials that meet the definition of a commercial product at FAR 2.101, the price to be paid for such materials shall not exceed the Contractor's established catalog or market price, adjusted to reflect the ~~(1) —~~

Quantities being acquired; and

~~(2)~~ Any modifications necessary because of contract requirements.

(B) Except as provided for in paragraph (i)(1)(ii)(A) and (D)(2) of this clause, the Government will reimburse the Contractor the actual cost of materials (less any rebates, refunds, or discounts received by the contractor that are identifiable to the contract) provided the Contractor—

Has made payments for materials in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement or invoice; or

Makes these payments within 30 days of the submission of the Contractor's payment request to ~~the Government and such~~ the Government and such payment is in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement or invoice.

(C) To the extent able, the Contractor shall—

Obtain materials at the most advantageous prices available with due regard to securing prompt delivery ~~of satisfactory materials~~ of satisfactory materials; and

Give credit to the Government for cash and trade discounts, rebates, scrap, commissions, and other ~~amounts that are identifiable~~ amounts that are identifiable to the contract.

(D) ~~Other Costs.~~ Unless listed below, other direct and indirect costs will not be reimbursed.

Other direct costs. The Government will reimburse the Contractor on the basis of actual cost for the following, provided such costs comply with the requirements in paragraph (i)(1)(ii)(B) of this clause: ~~Insert each element of other direct costs (e.g., travel, computer usage charges, etc. Insert "None" if no reimbursement for other direct costs will be provided. If this is an indefinite delivery contract, the Contracting Officer may insert "Each order must list separately the elements of other direct charge(s) for that order or, if no reimbursement for other direct costs will be provided, insert 'None'.~~ Insert each element of other direct costs (e.g., travel, computer usage charges, etc. Insert "None" if no reimbursement for other direct costs will be provided. If this is an indefinite delivery contract, the Contracting Officer may insert "Each order must list separately the elements of other direct charge(s) for that order or, if no reimbursement for other direct costs will be provided, insert 'None'.

Indirect costs (material handling, subcontract administration, etc.). The Government will reimburse the Contractor for indirect costs on a pro-rata basis over the period of contract performance at the following fixed price: ~~Insert a fixed amount for the indirect costs and payment schedule. Insert "\$0" if no fixed price reimbursement for indirect costs will be provided. (If this is an indefinite delivery contract, the Contracting Officer may insert "Each order must list separately the fixed amount for the indirect costs and payment schedule or, if no reimbursement for indirect costs, insert 'None'.~~ Insert a fixed amount for the indirect costs and payment schedule. Insert "\$0" if no fixed price reimbursement for indirect costs will be provided. (If this is an indefinite delivery contract, the Contracting Officer may insert "Each order must list separately the fixed amount for the indirect costs and payment schedule or, if no reimbursement for indirect costs, insert 'None'.

Total cost. ~~It is estimated that~~ The total cost to the Government for the performance of this contract shall not exceed the ceiling price set forth in the Schedule. The Contractor agrees to use its best efforts to perform the work specified in the Schedule and all obligations under this contract within such ceiling price. If at any time the Contractor has reason to believe that the hourly rate payments and material costs that will accrue in performing this contract in the next succeeding 30 days, if added to all other payments and costs previously accrued, will exceed 85 percent of the ceiling price in the Schedule, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer giving a revised estimate of the total price to the Government for performing this contract with supporting reasons and documentation. If at any time during the performance of this contract, the Contractor has reason to believe that the total price to the Government for performing this contract will be substantially greater or less than the ~~and~~ The Contractor agrees to use its best efforts to perform the work specified in the Schedule and all obligations under this contract within such ceiling price. If at any time the Contractor has reason to believe that the hourly rate payments and material costs that will accrue in performing this contract in the next succeeding

30 days, if added to all other payments and costs previously accrued, will exceed 85 percent of the ceiling price in the Schedule, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer giving a revised estimate of the total price to the Government for performing this contract with supporting reasons and documentation. If at any time during the performance of this contract, the Contractor has reason to believe that the total price to the Government for performing this contract will be substantially greater or less than the ~~then~~-stated ceiling price, the Contractor shall so notify the Contracting Officer, giving a revised estimate of the total price for performing this contract, with supporting reasons and documentation. If at any time during performance of this contract, the Government has reason to believe that the work to be required in performing this contract will be substantially greater or less than the stated ceiling price, the Contracting Officer will so advise the Contractor, giving the ~~then~~ revised estimate of the total amount of effort to be required under the contract.

Ceiling price. The Government will not be obligated to pay the Contractor any amount in excess of the ceiling price in the Schedule, and the Contractor shall not be obligated to continue performance if to do so would exceed the ceiling price set forth in the Schedule, unless and until the Contracting Officer notifies the Contractor in writing that the ceiling price has been increased and specifies in the notice a revised ceiling that shall constitute the ceiling price for performance under this contract. When and to the extent that the ceiling price set forth in the Schedule has been increased, any hours expended and material costs incurred by the Contractor in excess of the ceiling price before the increase shall be allowable to the same extent as if the hours expended and material costs had been incurred after the increase in the ceiling price.

Access to records. At any time before final payment under this contract, the Contracting Officer (or authorized representative) will have access to the following (access shall be limited to the listing below unless otherwise agreed to by the Contractor and the Contracting Officer):

Records that verify that the employees whose time has been included in any invoice meet the ~~qualifications~~ ~~for qualifications for~~ the ~~labor categories~~ labor categories specified in the contract;

For labor hours (including any subcontractor hours reimbursed at the hourly rate in the schedule), ~~when timecards are required~~ when timecards are required as substantiation for payment—  

The original timecards (paper-based or electronic);

The Contractor's timekeeping procedures;

Contractor records that show the distribution of labor between jobs or contracts; and

Employees whose time has been included in any invoice for the purpose of verifying that these ~~employees have worked the~~ employees have worked the hours shown on the invoices.

(iii) For material and subcontract costs that are reimbursed on the basis of actual cost—   (A) Any invoices or subcontract agreements substantiating material costs; and

(B) Any documents supporting payment of those invoices.

(5) Overpayments/Underpayments. Each payment previously made shall be subject to reduction to the extent of amounts, on preceding invoices, that are found by the Contracting Officer not to have been properly payable and shall also be subject to reduction for overpayments or to increase for underpayments. The Contractor shall promptly pay any such reduction within 30 days unless the parties agree otherwise. The Government ~~within 30~~

~~days~~ will pay any such increases within 30 days, unless the parties agree otherwise. The Contractor's payment will be made by check. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate invoice payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on an invoice payment, the Contractor shall ~~—~~

(i) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the ~~—~~

Circumstances of the overpayment (e.g., duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) ~~of overpayment~~ of overpayment);

Affected contract number and delivery order number, if applicable;

Affected line item or subline item, if applicable; and

Contractor point of contact.

(ii) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.

(6) Interest.

All amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear ~~(6)(i) All amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear simple interest~~ simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury, as provided in 41 U.S.C. 7109, which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, and then at the rate applicable for each six-~~—~~ month period as established by the Secretary until the amount is paid.

The Government may issue a demand for payment to the Contractor upon finding a debt is due under ~~the contract~~ the contract.

~~Final Decisions.~~ The Contracting Officer will issue a final decision ~~as required by if~~ if

The Contracting Officer and the Contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of ~~a debt~~ a debt in ~~atimely~~ timely manner;

The Contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer within the ~~timeline specified in the~~ timelines specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the Contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or

The Contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer ~~(see FAR).~~

If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the ~~final decision~~ final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.

Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:

The date fixed under this contract.

The date of the first written demand for payment, including any demand for payment resulting from a default termination.

(vi) The interest charge shall be computed for the actual number of calendar days involved beginning on the due date and ending on     

The date on which the designated office receives payment from the Contractor;

The date of issuance of a Government check to the Contractor from which an amount otherwise payable ~~has been withheld~~ has been withheld as a credit against the contract debt; or

The date on which an amount withheld and applied to the contract debt would otherwise have ~~become payable~~ become payable to ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor.

The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in FAR part 32 in effect on the date of this contract.

Upon receipt and approval of the invoice designated by the Contractor as the ~~"completion invoice" and supporting documentation~~ "and supporting documentation", and upon compliance by the Contractor with all terms of this contract, any outstanding balances will be paid within 30 days unless the parties agree otherwise. The completion invoice, and supporting documentation, shall be submitted by the Contractor as promptly as practicable following completion of the work under this contract, but in no event later than 1 year (or such longer period as the Contracting Officer may approve in writing) from the date of completion.

(7) Release of claims. The Contractor, and each assignee under an assignment entered into under this contract and in effect at the time of final payment under this contract, shall execute and deliver, at the time of and as a condition precedent to final payment under this contract, a release discharging the Government, its officers, agents, and employees of and from all liabilities, obligations, and claims arising out of or under this contract, subject only to the following exceptions:

Specified claims in stated amounts, or in estimated amounts if the amounts are not susceptible to ~~exact statement~~ exact statement by ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor.

Claims, together with reasonable incidental expenses, based upon the liabilities of the Contractor to ~~third parties arising out of~~ third parties arising out of performing this contract, that are not known to the Contractor on the date of the execution of the release, and of which the Contractor gives notice in writing to the Contracting Officer not more than 6 years after the date of the release or the date of any notice to the Contractor that the Government is prepared to make final payment, whichever is earlier.

Claims for reimbursement of costs (other than expenses of the Contractor by reason of its indemnification ~~of the Government~~ of the Government against patent liability), including reasonable incidental expenses, incurred by the Contractor under the terms of this contract relating to patents.

(9) Prompt payment. The Government will make payment in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C. 3903) and prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR part 1315.

~~Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). If the Government makes payment by EFT, see 52.212-5(b) for the appropriate EFT clause.~~

Discount. In connection with any discount offered for early payment, time shall be computed from the date of the invoice. For the purpose of computing the discount earned, payment shall be considered to have been made on the date that appears on the payment check or the specified payment date if an electronic funds transfer payment is made.

(8) Prompt payment. The Government will make payment in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C. 3903) and prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR part 1315.

Termination for the Government's convenience. The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract, or ~~any part~~ any part hereof, for its sole convenience. In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work ~~hereunder~~ under this contract and shall immediately cause any and all of its suppliers and subcontractors to cease work. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid an amount for direct labor hours (as defined in the Schedule of the contract) determined by multiplying the number of direct labor hours expended before the effective date of termination by the hourly rate(s) in the contract, less any hourly rate payments already made to the Contractor plus reasonable charges the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government using its standard record keeping system that have resulted from the termination. The Contractor shall not be required to comply with the cost accounting standards or contract cost principles for this purpose. This paragraph does not give the Government any right to audit the Contractor's records. The Contractor shall not be paid for any work performed or costs incurred that reasonably could have been avoided.

Termination for cause. The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of ~~any default~~ any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon written request, with adequate assurances of future performance. ~~In the event of termination for cause, the Contractor shall not be liable to the Government for any amount for supplies or services not accepted, and, unless the reason for the termination is late delivery. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid an amount computed under paragraph (i), Payments, of this clause, but the "hourly rate" for labor hours expended in furnishing work not delivered to or accepted by the Government shall be reduced to exclude that portion of the rate attributable to profit. Unless otherwise specified in paragraph (b)(4) of this clause, the portion of the "hourly rate" attributable to profit shall be 10 percent. In the event of termination for cause, the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights and remedies provided by law. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.~~ 52.212-5 [Reserved]

~~52.212-5 Contract Terms and Conditions Required To Implement Statutes or Executive Orders—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.~~

~~As prescribed in b)(4), insert the following clause:~~

~~Contract Terms and Conditions Required To Implement Statutes or Executive Orders—Commercial Products and Commercial Services (Oct 2025)~~

~~(a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial products and commercial services:~~

~~52.203-19, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).~~

~~52.204-23, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab Covered Entities (Dec 2023) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).~~

~~52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (Nov 2021) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).~~

~~52.209-10, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (Nov 2015).~~

~~52.232-40, Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (Mar 2023) (- and ).~~

~~52.233-3, Protest After Award (Aug 1996) (31 U.S.C. 3553).~~

~~52.233-4, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (Oct 2004) (Public Laws 108-77 and 108-78 (- 19 U.S.C. 3805 note)).~~

~~(b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial products and commercial services:~~

~~[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]~~



~~—(1) 52.203-6, Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (Jun 2020), with Alternate I (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 4704 and—~~

~~—(2) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 3509)).~~

~~—(3) 52.203-15, Whistleblower Protections under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010)~~

~~(Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5). (Applies to contracts funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.)~~

~~—(4) 52.203-17, Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights (Nov 2023) (; this clause does not apply to contracts of DoD, NASA, the Coast Guard, or applicable elements of the intelligence community—see FAR (a).~~

~~—(5) 52.204-10, Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (Jun 2020) (Pub. L. 109-282) (—~~

~~—(6) [Reserved].~~

~~—(7) 52.204-14, Service Contract Reporting Requirements (Oct 2016) (Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Div. C).~~

~~—(8) 52.204-15, Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite-Delivery Contracts (Oct 2016) (Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Div. C).~~

~~—(9) 52.204-27, Prohibition on a ByteDance-Covered Application (Jun 2023) (Section 102 of Division R of Pub. L. 117-328).~~

~~—(10) 52.204-28, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Federal Supply Schedules, Governmentwide Acquisition Contracts, and Multi-Agency Contracts. (Dec 2023) (—title II).~~

~~—(11)~~

~~(i) 52.204-30, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Prohibition. (Dec 2023) (—title II).~~

~~—(ii) Alternate I (Dec 2023) of 52.204-30.~~

~~—(12) 52.209-6, Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting With Contractors Debarred, Suspended, Proposed for Debarment, or Voluntarily Excluded. (Jan 2025) (—).~~

~~—(13) 52.209-9, Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding Responsibility Matters (Oct 2018) (—).~~

~~—(14) [Reserved].~~

~~—(15) 52.219-3, Notice of HUBZone Set Aside or Sole Source Award (Oct 2022) (—~~

~~—(16) 52.219-4, Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns (Oct 2022) (if the offeror elects to waive the preference, it shall so indicate in its offer) (15 U.S.C. 657a). —(17) [Reserved] —(18)~~

~~(i) 52.219-6, Notice of Total Small Business Set Aside (Nov 2020) (15 U.S.C. 644).~~

~~—(ii) Alternate I (Mar 2020) of 52.219-6.~~

~~—(19)~~

~~(i) 52.219-7, Notice of Partial Small Business Set Aside (Nov 2020) (15 U.S.C. 644).~~

~~—(ii) Alternate I (Mar 2020) of 52.219-7.~~

~~—(20) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Jan 2025)(d)(2) and (3)).~~

~~(21)~~

~~(i) 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Jan 2025) ((d)(4)).~~

~~—(ii) Alternate I (Nov 2016) of 52.219-9.~~

~~—(iii) Alternate II (Nov 2016) of 52.219-9.~~

~~—(iv) Alternate III (Jun 2020) of 52.219-9.~~

~~—(v) Alternate IV (Jan 2025) of 52.219-9.~~

~~—(22)~~

~~(i) 52.219-13, Notice of Set Aside of Orders (Mar 2020) (15 U.S.C. 644(r)).~~

~~—(ii) Alternate I (Mar 2020) of 52.219-13.~~

~~—(23) 52.219-14, Limitations on Subcontracting (Oct 2022) (15 U.S.C. 657s).~~

~~—(24) 52.219-16, Liquidated Damages—Subcontracting Plan (Sep 2021) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)(F)(i)).~~

~~—(25) 52.219-27, Notice of Set Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Service Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business (SDVOSB) Concerns Eligible Under the SDVOSB Program (Feb 2024) (15 U.S.C. 657f).~~

~~—(26)~~

~~(i) 52.219-28, Postaward Small Business Program Rerepresentation (Jan 2025) (15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)).~~

~~—(ii) Alternate I (Mar 2020) of 52.219-28.~~

~~—(27) 52.219-29, Notice of Set Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns (Oct 2022) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)).~~

~~—(28) 52.219-30, Notice of Set Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Women-Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the Women-Owned Small Business Program (Oct 2022) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)).~~

~~—(29) 52.219-32, Orders Issued Directly Under Small Business Reserves (Mar 2020) (r)).~~

~~—(30) 52.219-33, Nonmanufacturer Rule (Sep 2021) ((a)(17)).~~

~~—(31) 52.222-3, Convict Labor (Jun 2003) (E.O. 11755).~~

~~—(32) 52.222-19, Child Labor—Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (Jan 2025) (-).~~

~~—(33) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).~~

~~—(34)~~

~~(i) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Sep 2016) (E.O. 11246).~~

~~—(ii) Alternate I (Feb 1999) of 52.222-26.~~

~~—(35)~~

~~(i) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Jun 2020) (-).~~

~~—(ii) Alternate I (Jul 2014) of 52.222-35.~~

~~—(36)~~

~~52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 2020) (-).~~

~~Alternate I (Jul 2014) of 52.222-36.~~

~~—(37) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Jun 2020) (-).~~

~~—(38) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496).~~

~~—(39)~~

~~(i) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Oct 2025) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).~~

~~—(ii) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).~~

~~—(40) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Jan 2025) (-). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off the shelf items or certain other types of commercial products or commercial services as prescribed in FAR.)~~

~~—(41)~~

~~(i) 52.223-9, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items (May 2008) (-~~

~~42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(ii)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off the shelf items.)~~

~~—(ii) Alternate I (May 2008) of 52.223-9 (42 U.S.C. 6962(i)(2)(C)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off the shelf items.)~~

~~—(42) 52.223-11, Ozone-Depleting Substances and High Global Warming Potential Hydrofluorocarbons (May 2024) (-, et seq.).~~

~~— (43) 52.223-12, Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners (May 2024), et seq.~~

~~— (44) 52.223-20, Aerosols (May 2024) (, et seq.)~~

~~— (45) 52.223-21, Foams (May 2024) (, et seq.)~~

~~— (46) 52.223-23, Sustainable Products and Services (May 2024) (~~

~~, and~~

~~— (47)~~

~~(i) 52.224-3 Privacy Training (Jan 2017) (a)~~

~~— (ii) Alternate I (Jan 2017) of 52.224-3~~

~~— (48)~~

~~(i) 52.225-1, Buy American Supplies (Oct 2022) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83)~~

~~— (ii) Alternate I (Oct 2022) of 52.225-1~~

~~— (49)~~

~~(i) 52.225-3, Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act (NOV 2023) (, (sections 4501-4732), Public Law 103-182, 108-77, 108-78, 108-286, 108-302, 109-53, 109-169, 109-283, 110-138, 112-41, 112-42, and 112-43~~

~~— (ii) Alternate I [Reserved]~~

~~— (iii) Alternate II (Jan 2025) of 52.225-3~~

~~— (iv) Alternate III (Feb 2024) of 52.225-3~~

~~— (v) Alternate IV (Oct 2022) of 52.225-3~~

~~(50) 52.225-5, Trade Agreements (NOV 2023) (, et seq., note)~~

~~— (51) 52.225-13, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (Feb 2021) (E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury)~~

~~— (52) 52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Oct 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. Subtitle A, Part V, Subpart G Note)~~

~~— (53) 52.226-4, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set Aside (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150)~~

~~— (54) 52.226-5, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150)~~

~~— (55) 52.226-8, Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging While Driving (May 2024) (- — (56) 52.229-12, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements (Feb 2021).~~

~~— (57) 52.232-29, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Products and Commercial Services (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 4505,-~~

~~— (58) 52.232-30, Installment Payments for Commercial Products and Commercial Services (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 4505,-).~~

~~— (59) 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer System for Award Management (Oct 2018) (-~~

~~— (60) 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other than System for Award Management (Jul 2013) (31 U.S.C. 3332).~~

~~— (61) 52.232-36, Payment by Third Party (May 2014) (31 U.S.C. 3332).~~

~~— (62) 52.239-1, Privacy or Security Safeguards (Aug 1996) (-).~~

~~— (63) 52.240-1, Prohibition on Unmanned Aircraft Systems Manufactured or Assembled by American Security Drone Act Covered Foreign Entities (Nov 2024) (Sections 1821-1826, Pub. L. 118-31, note prec.).~~

~~— (64) 52.242-5, Payments to Small-Business Subcontractors (Jan 2017) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(13)).~~

~~— (65)~~

~~(i) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Nov 2021) (- and 10 U.S.C. 2631).~~

~~— (ii) Alternate I (Apr 2003) of 52.247-64.~~

~~— (iii) Alternate II (Nov 2021) of 52.247-64.~~

~~The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (c), applicable to commercial services, that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial products and commercial services:~~

~~[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]~~

~~— (1) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).~~

~~— (2) 52.222-42, Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires (May 2014) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).~~

~~— (3) 52.222-43, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts) (Aug 2018) (29 U.S.C. 206 and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).~~

~~— (4) 52.222-44, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards Price Adjustment (May 2014) (- and 41 U.S.C. chapter 67).~~

~~(5) 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).~~

~~— (6) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).~~

~~— (7) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive Order 14026 (Jan 2022).~~

~~— (8) 52.222-62, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (Jan 2022) (E.O. 13706).~~

~~— (9) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (Jun 2020) (42 U.S.C. 1792).~~

~~— (10) 52.247-69, Reporting Requirement for U.S. Flag Air Carriers Regarding Training to Prevent Human Trafficking (Jan 2025) (-).~~

~~Comptroller General Examination of Record. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR on the date of award of this contract, and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records Negotiation.~~

~~The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.~~

~~The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR subpart , Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.~~

~~As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.~~

~~(e)~~

~~(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e)(1), in a subcontract for commercial products or commercial services. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—~~

~~52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 3509).~~

~~52.203-17, Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights (Nov 2023) (-).~~

~~52.203-19, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).~~

~~52.204-23, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab Covered Entities (Dec 2023) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).~~

~~52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (Nov 2021) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).~~

~~52.204-27, Prohibition on a ByteDance Covered Application (Jun 2023) (Section 102 of Division R of Pub. L. 117-328).~~

~~(vii)~~

~~52.204-30, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders — Prohibition. (Dec 2023) (, title II).~~

~~Alternate I (Dec 2023) of 52.204–30.~~

~~52.219–8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Jan 2025) (and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds the applicable threshold specified in FAR (a) on the date of subcontract award, the subcontractor must include 52.219–8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.~~

~~52.222–21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).~~

~~52.222–26, Equal Opportunity (Sep 2016) (E.O. 11246).~~

~~52.222–35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Jun 2020) (38 U.S.C. 4212).~~

~~52.222–36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 2020) (29 U.S.C. 793).~~

~~52.222–37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Jun 2020) (38 U.S.C. 4212).~~

~~52.222–40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496).  
Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222–40.~~

~~52.222–41, Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018) (-).~~

~~(xvi)~~

~~52.222–50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Oct 2025) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).~~

~~Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222–50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).~~

~~52.222–51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).~~

~~52.222–53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services Requirements (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).~~

~~52.222–54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Jan 2025) (-).~~

~~52.222–55, Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive Order 14026 (Jan 2022).~~

~~52.222–62, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (Jan 2022) (E.O. 13706).~~

~~(xxii)~~

~~52.224–3, Privacy Training (Jan 2017) (-).~~

~~Alternate I (Jan 2017) of 52.224–3.~~

~~52.225–26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Oct 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. Subtitle A, Part V, Subpart G Note).~~



~~52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (Jun 2020) (42 U.S.C. 1792). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (c) of FAR clause 52.226-6.~~

~~52.232-40, Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (Mar 2023) ( and ). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (c) of 52.232-40.~~

~~52.240-1, Prohibition on Unmanned Aircraft Systems Manufactured or Assembled by American Security Drone Act Covered Foreign Entities (Nov 2024) (Sections 1821-1826, Pub. L. 118-31, note prec.).~~

~~52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S. Flag Commercial Vessels (Nov 2021) (and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.~~

~~(2) While not required, the Contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial products and commercial services a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.~~

(End of clause)

~~Alternate I (Feb 2000). As prescribed in (b)(4)(i), delete paragraph (d) from the basic clause, redesignate paragraph (e) as paragraph (d), and revise the reference to "paragraphs (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this clause" in the redesignated paragraph (d) to read "paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this clause".~~

~~Alternate II (Oct 2025). As prescribed in (b)(4)(ii), substitute the following paragraphs (d)(1) and (e)(1) for paragraphs (d)(1) and (e)(1) of the basic clause as follows:~~

~~(d)(1) The Comptroller General of the United States, an appropriate Inspector General appointed under section 3 or 8 G of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (I), or an authorized representative of either of the foregoing officials shall have access to and right to—~~

~~Examine any of the Contractor's or any subcontractors' records that pertain to, and involve transactions relating to, this contract; and~~

~~Interview any officer or employee regarding such transactions.~~

~~(e)(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause in a subcontract for commercial products or commercial services, other than—~~

~~Paragraph (d) of this clause. This paragraph flows down to all subcontracts, except the authority of the Inspector General under paragraph (d)(1)(ii) does not flow down; and~~

~~Those clauses listed in this paragraph (e)(1). Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—~~

~~52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 3509).~~

~~52.203-15, Whistleblower Protections Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5).~~

~~52.203-17, Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights (Nov 2023) (I).~~

~~52.204-23, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab Covered Entities (Dec 2023) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).~~

~~52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (Nov 2021) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).~~

~~52.204-27, Prohibition on a ByteDance Covered Application (Jun 2023) (Section 102 of Division R of Pub. L. 117-328).~~

~~(G) (1) 52.204-30, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders — Prohibition. (Dec 2023) (, title II).~~

~~(2) Alternate I (Dec 2023) 52.204-30.~~

~~52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Jan 2025) (, in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds the applicable threshold specified in FAR (a) on the date of subcontract award, the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.~~

~~52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).~~

~~52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Sep 2016) (E.O. 11246).~~

~~52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Jun 2020) (38 U.S.C. 4212).~~

~~52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 2020) (29 U.S.C. 793).~~

~~52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.~~

~~52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018) (.~~

~~(1) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Oct 2025) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).~~

~~(2) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).~~

~~52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Requirements (May 2014) (.~~

~~52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services Requirements (May 2014) (.~~

~~52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Jan 2025) (.~~

~~52.222-55, Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive Order 14026 (Jan 2022).~~

~~52.222-62, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (Jan 2022) (E.O. 13706).~~

~~(U) (1) 52.224-3, Privacy Training (Jan 2017) (.~~

~~(2) Alternate I (Jan 2017) of 52.224-3.~~

~~52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Oct 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. Subtitle A, Part V, Subpart G Note).~~

~~52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations. (Jun 2020) (42 U.S.C. 1792). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.~~

~~52.232-40, Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (MAR 2023) (and ). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (c) of 52.232-40.~~

~~52.240-1, Prohibition on Unmanned Aircraft Systems Manufactured or Assembled by American Security Drone Act Covered Foreign Entities (Nov 2024) (Sections 1821-1826, Pub. L. 118-31, note prec.).~~

~~52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S. Flag Commercial Vessels (Nov 2021) (and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.~~

52.213 [Reserved]

52.213-1 ~~Fast Payment Procedure.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in , insert the following clause:

~~Fast Payment Procedure (May 2006)~~

~~General. The Government will pay invoices based on the Contractor's delivery to a post office or common carrier (or, if shipped by other means, to the point of first receipt by the Government).~~

~~Responsibility for supplies.~~

~~(1) Title to the supplies passes to the Government upon delivery to-~~

~~A post office or common carrier for shipment to the specific destination; or~~

~~The point of first receipt by the Government, if shipment is by means other than Postal Service or common carrier.~~

~~(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of the contract, order, or blanket purchase agreement, the Contractor shall-~~

~~Assume all responsibility and risk of loss for supplies not received at destination, damaged in transit, or not conforming to purchase requirements; and~~

~~Replace, repair, or correct those supplies promptly at the Contractor's expense, if instructed to do so by the Contracting Officer within 180 days from the date title to the supplies vests in the Government.~~

~~(c) Preparation of invoice.~~

~~(1) Upon delivery to a post office or common carrier (or, if shipped by other means, the point of first receipt by the Government), the Contractor shall-~~

~~Prepare an invoice as provided in this contract, order, or blanket purchase agreement; and~~

~~Display prominently on the invoice "FAST PAY." Invoices not prominently marked "FAST PAY" via manual or electronic means may be accepted by the payment office for fast payment. If the payment office declines to make fast payment, the Contractor shall be paid in accordance with procedures applicable to invoices to which the Fast Payment clause does not apply.~~

~~If the purchase price excludes the cost of transportation, the Contractor shall enter the prepaid shipping cost on the invoice as a separate item. The Contractor shall not include the cost of parcel post insurance. If transportation charges are stated separately on the invoice, the Contractor shall retain related paid freight bills or other transportation billings paid separately for a period of 3 years and shall furnish the bills to the Government upon request.~~

~~If this contract, order, or blanket purchase agreement requires the preparation of a receiving report, the Contractor shall either-~~

~~Submit the receiving report on the prescribed form with the invoice; or~~

~~Include the following information on the invoice:~~

~~Shipment number.~~

~~Mode of shipment.~~

~~At line item level-~~

~~National stock number and/or manufacturer's part number;~~

~~Unit of measure;~~

~~Ship To Point;~~

~~Mark For Point, if in the contract; and~~

~~FEDSTRIP/MILSTRIP document number, if in the contract.~~

~~(4) If this contract, order, or blanket purchase agreement does not require preparation of a receiving report on a prescribed form, the Contractor shall include on the invoice the following information at the line item level, in addition to that required in paragraph (c)(1) of this clause:~~

~~Ship To Point.~~

~~Mark For Point.~~

~~FEDSTRIP/MILSTRIP document number, if in the contract.~~

~~(5) Where a receiving report is not required, the Contractor shall include a copy of the invoice in each shipment.~~

~~Certification of invoice. The Contractor certifies by submitting an invoice to the Government that the supplies being billed to the Government have been shipped or delivered in accordance with shipping instructions issued~~

by the ordering officer, in the quantities shown on the invoice, and that the supplies are in the quantity and of the quality designated by the contract, order, or blanket purchase agreement.

~~FAST PAY container identification. The Contractor shall mark all outer shipping containers "FAST PAY." When outer shipping containers are not marked "FAST PAY," the payment office may make fast payment. If the payment office declines to make fast payment, the Contractor shall be paid in accordance with procedures applicable to invoices to which the Fast Payment clause does not apply.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.213-2 ~~Invoices.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (b), insert the following clause:~~

~~Invoices (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Contractor's invoices must be submitted before payment can be made. The Contractor will be paid on the basis of the invoice, which must state-~~

~~The starting and ending dates of the subscription delivery; and~~

~~Either that orders have been placed in effect for the addressees required, or that the orders will be placed in effect upon receipt of payment.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.213-3 ~~Notice to Supplier.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (c), insert the following clause:~~

~~Notice to Supplier (Apr 1984)~~

~~This is a firm order ONLY if your price does not exceed the maximum line item or total price in the Schedule. Submit invoices to the Contracting Officer. If you cannot perform in exact accordance with this order, Withhold Performance, and notify the Contracting Officer immediately, giving your quotation.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.213-4 Terms and Conditions—Simplified Acquisitions (~~Other Than Commercial Products and Commercial Services~~ [Noncommercial](#)).

As prescribed in (~~d~~ [13.304\(b\)](#)), insert the following clause:

Terms and Conditions—Simplified Acquisitions (~~Other Than Commercial Products and Commercial Services~~) (~~Oct 2025~~ [Noncommercial](#)) ([DEVIATION DATE](#))

(a) Inspection/Acceptance. The Contractor shall only tender for acceptance those items that conform to the requirements of this contract. The Government reserves the right to inspect or test any supplies or services that have been tendered for acceptance. The Government may require repair or replacement of nonconforming supplies or reperformance of nonconforming services at no increase in contract price. If repair/replacement or

reperformance will not correct the defects or is not possible, the Government may seek an equitable price reduction or adequate consideration for acceptance of nonconforming supplies or services. The Government must exercise its post(a) ~~The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses that are incorporated by reference:~~

~~(1) The clauses listed below implement provisions of law or Executive order:~~

~~52.203-19, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).~~

~~52.204-23, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab Covered Entities (Dec 2023) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).~~

~~52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (Nov 2021) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).~~

~~52.204-27, Prohibition on a ByteDance Covered Application (Jun 2023) (Section 102 of Division R of Pub. L. 117328), unless the agency grants an exception—see paragraph (b) of 52.204-27.~~

~~52.204-30, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Prohibition. (Dec 2023) (Pub. L. 115-390, title II).~~

~~52.222-3, Convict Labor (Jun 2003) (E.O. 11755).~~

~~52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Oct 2025).~~

~~52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Sep 2016) (E.O. 11246).~~

~~52.225-13, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (Feb 2021) (E.O.s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury).~~

~~52.232-40, Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (Mar 2023) ( and ).~~

~~52.233-3, Protest After Award (Aug 1996) (-).~~

~~52.233-4, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (Oct 2004) ( and 108-78 (-)).~~

~~(2) Listed below are additional clauses that apply:~~

~~52.232-1, Payments (Apr 1984).~~

~~52.232-8, Discounts for Prompt Payment (Feb 2002).~~

~~52.232-11, Extras (Apr 1984).~~

~~52.232-25, Prompt Payment (Jan 2017).~~

~~52.232-39, Unenforceability of Unauthorized Obligations (Jun 2013).~~

~~52.233-1, Disputes (May 2014).~~

~~52.244-6, Subcontracts for Commercial Products and Commercial Services (Jan 2025).~~

~~52.253-1, Computer Generated Forms (Jan 1991).~~

~~(b) The Contractor shall comply with the following FAR clauses, incorporated by reference, unless the circumstances do not apply:~~

~~(1) The clauses listed below implement provisions of law or Executive order:~~

~~52.203-17, Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights (Nov 2023) (); this clause does not apply to contracts of DoD, NASA, the Coast Guard, or applicable elements of the intelligence community—see FAR (a).~~

~~52.204-10, Reporting Executive Compensation and First Tier Subcontract Awards (Jun 2020)(Pub. L. 109-282) (Applies to contracts valued at or above the threshold specified in FAR (a) on the date of award of this contract).~~

~~52.222-19, Child Labor—Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (Jan 2025) (Applies to contracts for supplies exceeding the micro-purchase threshold, as defined in on the date of award of this contract).~~

~~52.222-20, Contracts for Materials, Supplies, Articles, and Equipment., Contracts for Materials, Supplies, Articles, and Equipment (Jun 2020) (Applies to supply contracts over the threshold specified in FAR 22.602 on the date of award of this contract, in the United States, Puerto Rico, or the U.S. Virgin Islands).~~

~~52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Jun 2020) () (Applies to contracts valued at or above the threshold specified in FAR a) on the date of award of this contract).~~

~~52.222-36, Equal Employment for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 2020) () (Applies to contracts over the threshold specified in FAR a) on the date of award of this contract, unless the work is to be performed outside the United States by employees recruited outside the United States). (For purposes of this clause, "United States" includes the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Wake Island.)~~

~~52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Jun 2020) (38 U.S.C. 4212) (Applies to contracts valued at or above the threshold specified in FAR a) on the date of award of this contract).~~

~~52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018) () (Applies to service contracts over \$2,500 that are subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute and will be performed in the United States, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Johnston Island, Wake Island, or the outer Continental Shelf).~~

~~(ix)~~

~~52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Oct 2025) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627) (Applies to all solicitations and contracts).~~

~~Alternate I (Mar 2015) (Applies if the Contracting Officer has filled in the following information with regard to applicable directives or notices: Document title(s), source for obtaining document(s), and contract performance location outside the United States to which the document applies).~~

~~52.222-55, Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive Order 14026 (Jan 2022) (Applies when 52.222-6 or 52.222-41 are in the contract and performance in whole or in part is in the United States (the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Johnston Island, Wake Island, and the outer Continental Shelf as defined in the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (-, et seq.))).~~

~~52.222-62, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (Jan 2022) (E.O. 13706) (Applies when 52.222-6 or 52.222-~~

~~41 are in the contract and performance in whole or in part is in the United States (the 50 States and the District of Columbia.))~~

~~52.223-5, Pollution Prevention and Right to Know Information (May 2024) (and -) (Applies to services performed on Federal facilities).~~

~~52.223-11, Ozone Depleting Substances and High Global Warming Potential Hydrofluorocarbons (May 2024) (-, et seq.) (Applies to contracts for products as prescribed at FAR d)(1)).~~

~~52.223-12, Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners (May 2024)~~

~~, et seq.) (Applies to maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of refrigeration equipment and air conditioners).~~

~~52.223-20, Aerosols (May 2024) (-, et seq.) (Applies to contracts for products that may contain high global warming potential hydrofluorocarbons as a propellant or as a solvent; or contracts for maintenance or repair of electronic or mechanical devices).~~

~~52.223-21, Foams (May 2024) (- et seq.) (Applies to contracts for products that may contain high global warming potential hydrofluorocarbons or refrigerant blends containing hydrofluorocarbons as a foam blowing agent; or contracts for construction of buildings or facilities.~~

~~52.223-23, Sustainable Products and Services (May 2024) (-, and -) (Applies to contracts when the agency identifies in the statement of work, or elsewhere in the contract, the sustainable products and services that apply to the acquisition).~~

~~(xviii)~~

~~(A) 52.225-1, Buy American Supplies (Oct 2022) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67) (Applies to contracts for supplies, and to contracts for services involving the furnishing of supplies, for use in the United States or its outlying areas, if the value of the supply contract or supply portion of a service contract exceeds the micro-purchase threshold, as defined in - on the date of award of this contract, and the acquisition-~~

~~Is set aside for small business concerns; or~~

~~Cannot be set aside for small business concerns (see -), and does not exceed \$50,000).~~

~~(B) Alternate I (OCT 2022) (Applies if the Contracting Officer has filled in the domestic content threshold below, which will apply to the entire contract period of performance. Substitute the following sentence for the first sentence of paragraph (1)(ii)(A) of the definition of domestic end product in paragraph (a) of 52.225-1: (A) The~~



cost of its components mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the cost of all its components. [ Contracting officer to insert the percentage per instructions at (d)(4). ])

~~52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations., Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (Jun 2020) (42 U.S.C. 1792) (Applies to contracts greater than the threshold specified in FAR on the date of award of this contract, that provide for the provision, the service, or the sale of food in the United States).~~

~~52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer System for Award Management (Oct 2013)(Applies when the payment will be made by electronic funds transfer (EFT) and the payment office uses the System for Award Management (SAM) as its source of EFT information).~~

~~52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other than System for Award Management (Jul 2013) (Applies when the payment will be made by EFT and the payment office does not use the SAM database as its source of EFT information).~~

~~52.240-1, Prohibition on Unmanned Aircraft Systems Manufactured or Assembled by American Security Drone ActCovered Foreign Entities (Nov 2024) (Sections 1821-1826, Pub. L. 118-31, note prec.).~~

~~52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S. Flag Commercial Vessels (Nov 2021) )(Applies to supplies transported by ocean vessels (except for the types of subcontracts listed at d)).~~

~~52.247-69, Reporting Requirement for U.S. Flag Air Carriers Regarding Training to Prevent Human Trafficking (Jan 2025) (- (Applies to contracts with a U.S. flag carrier for the transportation by air of passengers; does not apply to contracts awarded by the Department of Defense or contracts for commercial products).~~

(2) Listed below are additional clauses that may apply:

~~52.204-21, Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information Systems (Nov 2021) (Applies to contracts when the contractor or a subcontractor at any tier may have Federal contract information residing in or transiting through its information system.)~~

~~52.209-6, Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, Proposed for Debarment, or Voluntarily Excluded (Jan 2025) (Applies to contracts over the threshold specified in FAR (b) on the date of award of this contract).~~

~~52.211-17, Delivery of Excess Quantities (Sept 1989) (Applies to fixed-price supplies).~~

~~52.247-29, F.o.b. Origin (Feb 2006) (Applies to supplies if delivery is f.o.b. origin).~~

~~52.247-34, F.o.b. Destination (Jan 1991) (Applies to supplies if delivery is f.o.b. destination).~~

FAR 52.252-2, Clauses Incorporated by Reference (Feb 1998). This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

acceptance rights—

Within a reasonable period of time after the defect was discovered or should have been discovered; and

(b) Excusable delays. The Contractor shall be liable for default unless nonperformance is caused by an occurrence beyond the reasonable control of the Contractor and without its fault or negligence, such as, Examples of occurrences include acts of God or the public enemy, acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, unusually severe weather, and delays of common carriers. When an excusable delay occurs, the Contractor shall—

Notify the Contracting Officer in writing as soon as ~~it is reasonably possible after the commencement of any excusable delay, setting forth:~~

Remedy the full particulars in connection therewith, shall remedy such occurrence with all reasonable dispatch, delay as quickly as possible; and shall promptly give written notice to

Notify the Contracting Officer ~~of when~~ the ~~cessation of such~~ occurrence is over.

Termination for the ~~Government's~~Government's convenience. The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for its sole convenience. In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work ~~hereunder~~ and shall immediately cause any and all of its suppliers and subcontractors to cease work. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid a percentage of the contract price reflecting the percentage of the work performed prior to the notice of termination, plus reasonable charges ~~that~~ the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government, using its standard record keeping system, have resulted from the termination. The Contractor shall not be required to comply with the cost accounting standards or contract cost principles for this purpose. This paragraph does not give the Government any right to audit the Contractor's records. The Contractor shall not be paid for any work performed or costs incurred ~~that~~which reasonably could have been avoided.

Termination for cause. The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. The Government will send a cure notice to the Contractor, unless the reason for the termination is late delivery. In the event of termination for cause, the Government shall not be liable to the Contractor for any amount for supplies or services not accepted, and the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights

and remedies provided by law. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.

Warranty. The Contractor warrants and implies that the items delivered hereunder are merchantable and fit for use for the particular purpose described in this contract.

(End of clause)

52.214 [Reserved]

52.214-1 [Reserved]

52.214-2 [Reserved]

52.214-3 Amendments to Invitations for Bids.

As prescribed in ~~(14.207~~(b)(1), insert the following provision:

Amendments to Invitations for Bids (~~Dec 2016~~[Deviation Date](#))

(a) If this solicitation is amended, then all terms and conditions which are not modified remain unchanged.

(b)

(1) Bidders shall acknowledge receipt of any amendment to this solicitation-

By signing and returning the amendment;

By identifying the amendment number and date in space provided for this purpose on the form for ~~submitting~~  
~~a~~[submitting](#) bid;

By letter;

~~By facsimile, if facsimile bids are authorized in the solicitation; or~~

By email, if email bids are authorized in the solicitation.

(2) The Government ~~must~~[shall](#) receive the acknowledgement by the time and at the place specified for receipt of bids. (End of provision)

52.214-4 False Statements in Bids.

As prescribed in ~~(14.207~~(b)(2), insert the following provision in all invitations for bids:

False Statements in Bids (Apr 1984)

Bidders must provide full, accurate, and complete information as required by this solicitation and its attachments. The penalty for making false statements in bids is prescribed in [18 U.S.C. 1001](#). (End of provision)

~~(End of provision)~~

#### 52.214-5 Submission of Bids.

As prescribed in ~~(e)1~~ [14.207\(b\)\(3\)](#), insert the following provision:

Submission of Bids (~~Dec 2016~~ [Deviation Date](#))

~~(a)~~ Bids and bid modifications shall be submitted in sealed envelopes or packages (unless submitted ~~by electronic~~ [by electronic](#) means) ~~(1)~~ (1) addressed to the office specified in the solicitation; and (2) showing the time and date specified for receipt, the solicitation number, and the name and address of the bidder.

Bidders using commercial carrier services shall ensure that the bid is addressed and marked on the ~~outermost envelope or~~ [outermost envelope or](#) wrapper as prescribed in ~~paragraphs~~ [subparagraphs](#) ~~(a)(1)~~ (1) and (2) of this provision when delivered to the office specified in the solicitation.

~~Facsimile bids, modifications, or withdrawals, will not be considered unless authorized by the solicitation.~~

Bids submitted by electronic commerce shall be considered only if the electronic commerce method ~~was specifically stipulated~~ [was specifically stipulated](#) or permitted by the solicitation.

(End of provision)

#### 52.214-6 Explanation to Prospective Bidders.

As prescribed in ~~(e)2~~ [14.207\(b\)\(4\)](#), insert the following provision:

Explanation to Prospective Bidders (Apr 1984)

Any prospective bidder desiring an explanation or interpretation of the solicitation, drawings, specifications, etc., must request it in writing soon enough to allow a reply to reach all prospective bidders before the submission of their bids. Oral explanations or instructions given before the award of a contract will not be binding. Any information given a prospective bidder concerning a solicitation will be furnished promptly to all other prospective bidders as an amendment to the solicitation, if that information is necessary in submitting bids or if the lack of it would be prejudicial to other prospective bidders.

(End of provision)

#### 52.214-7 Late Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals of Bids.

As prescribed in ~~(e)3~~ [14.207\(b\)\(5\)](#), insert the following provision:

Late Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals of Bids (~~Nov 1999~~ [Deviation Date](#))

(a) Bidders are responsible for submitting bids, and any modifications or withdrawals, so as to reach the Government office designated in the invitation for bids (IFB) by the time specified in the IFB. If no time is specified in the IFB, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that bids are due.

(b)

(1) Any bid, modification, or withdrawal received at the Government office designated in the IFB after the exact time specified for receipt of bids is ~~"late"~~ and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late bid would not unduly delay the acquisition; and ~~—~~

If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the IFB, it was received at ~~the initial~~ the initial point ~~of entry~~ of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. ~~on a working day~~ on a working day prior to the date specified for receipt of bids; or

There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated ~~for receipt of bids~~ for receipt of bids and was under the ~~Government's~~ Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of bids.

(2) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful bid that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.

Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/~~date stamp~~ date stamp of ~~that installation~~ that installation on the bid wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.

If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that bids cannot ~~be received~~ be received at ~~the Government~~ the Government office designated for receipt of bids by the exact time specified in the IFB and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the IFB, the time specified for receipt of bids will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.

Bids may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of bids. ~~If the IFB authorizes facsimile bids, bids may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of bids, subject to the conditions specified in the provision at 52.214-31, Facsimile Bids. A bid~~ A bid may be withdrawn in person by a bidder or its authorized representative if, before the exact time set for receipt of bids, the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the bid.

(End of provision)

52.214-8 [Reserved]

52.214-9 [Reserved]

52.214-10 Contract Award-Sealed Bidding.

As prescribed in ~~(e~~ 14.207(c), insert the following provision:

Contract Award-Sealed Bidding (July 1990)

The Government will evaluate bids in response to this solicitation without discussions and will award ~~a contract~~ a contract to ~~the responsible~~ the responsible bidder whose bid, conforming to the solicitation, will be most advantageous to the Government considering only price and the price-related factors specified elsewhere in the solicitation.

The Government may-

Reject any or all bids;

Accept other than the lowest bid; and

Waive informalities or minor irregularities in bids received.

The Government may accept any item or group of items of a bid, unless the bidder qualifies the bid ~~by specific limitations.~~ by specific limitations. Unless otherwise provided in the Schedule, bids may be submitted for quantities less than those specified. The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the quantity offered, at the unit prices offered, unless the bidder specifies otherwise in the bid.

A written award or acceptance of a bid mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful bidder within the ~~time for acceptance~~ time for acceptance specified in the bid shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party.

The Government may reject a bid as nonresponsive if the prices bid are materially unbalanced between ~~line items or subline~~ line items or subline items. A bid is materially unbalanced when it is based on prices significantly less than cost for some work and prices which are significantly overstated in relation to cost for other work, and if there is a reasonable doubt that the bid will result in the lowest overall cost to the Government even though it may be the low evaluated bid, or if it is so unbalanced as to be tantamount to allowing an advance payment.

(End of provision)

~~(End of provision)~~

52.214-11 [Reserved]

52.214-12 Preparation of Bids.

As prescribed in ~~(f~~ 14.207(d), insert the following provision:

Preparation of Bids (Apr 1984)

Bidders are expected to examine the drawings, specifications, Schedule, and all instructions. Failure to do ~~so~~ will ~~be at the~~ be bidder's risk.

Each bidder shall furnish the information required by the solicitation. The bidder shall sign the bid and ~~print~~ print ~~or printer~~ type ~~its name~~ its name on the Schedule and each continuation sheet on which it makes an entry. Erasures or other changes must be initialed by the person signing the bid. Bids signed by an agent shall be accompanied by evidence of that agent's authority, unless that evidence has been previously furnished to the issuing office.

For each item offered, bidders shall (1) show the unit price, including, unless otherwise specified, packaging, packing, and preservation and (2) enter the extended price for the quantity of each item offered in the "Amount" column of the Schedule. In case of discrepancy between a unit price and an extended price, the unit price will be presumed to be correct, subject, however, to correction to the same extent and in the same manner as any other mistake.

Bids for supplies or services other than those specified will not be considered unless authorized by ~~the solicitation~~ the solicitation.

Bidders must state a definite time for delivery of supplies or for performance of services, unless ~~otherwise specified in the~~ otherwise specified in the solicitation.

Time, if stated as a number of days, will include Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.

(End of provision)

52.214-13 [Reserved]

52.214-14 Place of Performance-Sealed Bidding.

As prescribed in ~~(H14.207(e))~~ 14.207(e), insert the following provision:

Place of Performance-Sealed Bidding (Apr 1985)

The bidder, in the performance of any contract resulting from this solicitation, ☐ intends, ☐ does not intend [check applicable box] to use one or more plants or facilities located at a different address from the address of the bidder as indicated in this bid.

If the bidder checks "intends" in paragraph (a) of this provision, it shall insert in the spaces provided ~~below the required information~~ below the required information:

|                                                    |                                                        |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Place of Performance (Street Address, City, State, | Name and Address of Owner and Operator of the Plant or |
| Place of Performance (Street Address, City, State, | Name and Address of Owner and Operator of the Plant or |
| County, ZIP Code)                                  | Facility if Other than Bidder                          |

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

(End of provision)

52.214-15 Period for Acceptance of Bids.

As prescribed in ~~(H14.207(f))~~ 14.207(f), insert the following provision:

Period for Acceptance of Bids (Apr 1984)

In compliance with the solicitation, the bidder agrees, if this bid is accepted within \_\_\_\_\_ calendar days (60 calendar days unless a different period is inserted by the bidder) from the date specified in the solicitation for receipt of bids, to furnish any or all items upon which prices are bid at the price set opposite each item, delivered at the designated point(s), within the time specified in the Schedule. (End of provision)

~~(End of provision)~~

52.214-16 Minimum Bid Acceptance Period.

As prescribed in ~~(j)~~14.207(g), insert the following provision in invitations for bids, except for construction, if the contracting officer determines that a minimum acceptance period must be specified:

Minimum Bid Acceptance Period (Apr 1984)

"Acceptance period," as used in this provision, means the number of calendar days available to ~~the Government for awarding~~the Government for awarding a contract from the date specified in this solicitation for receipt of bids.

This provision supersedes any language pertaining to the acceptance period that may appear elsewhere in this solicitation.

The Government requires a minimum acceptance period of \_\_\_\_\_ calendar days [the Contracting Officer shall insert the number of days].

In the space provided immediately below, bidders may specify a longer acceptance period than ~~the Government's minimum~~the Government's minimum requirement.

The bidder allows the following acceptance period: \_\_\_\_\_ calendar days.

A bid allowing less than the Government's minimum acceptance period will be rejected.

The bidder agrees to execute all that it has undertaken to do, in compliance with its bid, if that bid is ~~accepted in writing within~~accepted in writing within-

The acceptance period stated in paragraph (c) of this clause; or

Any longer acceptance period stated in paragraph (d) of this clause.

(End of provision)

52.214-17 [Reserved]

52.214-18 Preparation of Bids-Construction.

As prescribed in ~~(j)~~14.207(h), insert the following provision:

Preparation of Bids-Construction (Apr 1984)

(a) Bids must be-

Submitted on the forms furnished by the Government or on copies of those forms, and

Manually signed. The person signing a bid must initial each erasure or change appearing on any bid form.

(b) The bid form may require bidders to submit bid prices for one or more items on various bases, including-

Lump sum bidding;



Alternate prices;

Units of construction; or

Any combination of paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(3) of this provision.

If the solicitation requires bidding on all items, failure to do so will disqualify the bid. If bidding on all ~~items is not required~~items is not required, bidders should insert the words "no bid" in the space provided for any item on which no price is submitted.

Alternate bids will not be considered unless this solicitation authorizes their submission.

(End of provision)

#### 52.214-19 Contract Award-Sealed Bidding-Construction.

As prescribed in ~~(¶14.207(i))~~, insert the following provision: Contract Award-Sealed Bidding-Construction (Aug 1996)

The Government will evaluate bids in response to this solicitation without discussions and will award ~~a contract~~a contract to ~~the responsible~~the responsible bidder whose bid, conforming to the solicitation, will be most advantageous to the Government, considering only price and the price-related factors specified elsewhere in the solicitation.

The Government may reject any or all bids, and waive informalities or minor irregularities in bids received.

The Government may accept any item or combination of items, unless doing so is precluded by a ~~restrictive limitation in~~restrictive limitation in the solicitation or the bid.

The Government may reject a bid as nonresponsive if the prices bid are materially unbalanced between ~~line items or subline~~line items or subline items. A bid is materially unbalanced when it is based on prices significantly less than cost for some work and prices which are significantly overstated in relation to cost for other work, and if there is a reasonable doubt that the bid will result in the lowest overall cost to the Government even though it may be the low evaluated bid, or if it is so unbalanced as to be tantamount to allowing an advance payment.

(End of provision)

~~(End of provision)~~

#### 52.214-20 Bid Samples.

As prescribed in ~~(¶14.207(i))~~(1), insert the following provision:

Bid Samples (Apr 2002)

"Bid sample" means a product sample required to be submitted by a bidder to show those characteristics ~~of the offered products~~of the offered products that cannot adequately be described by specifications, purchase descriptions, or the invitation for bid (e.g., balance, facility of use, or pattern).

Bidders must furnish bid samples as part of the bid. The Government must receive the bid samples by ~~the time specified in~~the time specified in the invitation for bids. If the bidder fails to submit samples on time, the

Government will reject the bid, except that the Contracting Officer will consider a late sample sent by mail under the Late Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals of Bids provision of this solicitation.

The Government will test or evaluate bid samples to determine compliance with all the characteristics ~~listed for examination~~ listed for examination in this solicitation. The Government will reject the bid when the sample fails to conform to the required characteristics. Products delivered under any resulting contract must conform to (1) The approved sample for the characteristics listed for test or evaluation; and

(2) The specifications for all other characteristics.

(d) Unless otherwise specified in the solicitation, bid samples shall be-

Submitted at no expense to the Government; and

Returned at the bidder's request and expense, unless they are destroyed during preaward testing.

(End of provision)

Alternate I (May 2002). As prescribed in 14.201-6 (o)(2)(i), insert the following Alternate I:

(e) At the discretion of the Contracting Officer, the requirement for furnishing bid samples may be waived for a bidder if-

The bid states that the offered product is the same as a product offered by the bidder to the \_\_\_\_\_

[as appropriate, the Contracting Officer shall designate the contracting office or an alternate activity or office]; and

The Contracting Officer determines that the previously offered product was accepted or tested and found ~~to comply with~~ to comply with specification and other requirements for technical acceptability conforming in every material respect with those in this solicitation.

Alternate II (May 2002). As prescribed in ~~(14.201-6~~ 14.201-6 (o)(2)(ii), insert the following Alternate II:

(e) At the discretion of the Contracting Officer, the requirements for furnishing bid samples may be waived for a bidder if-

The bid states that the offered product is the same as a product offered by the bidder to the \_\_\_\_\_ [as appropriate, the Contracting Officer shall designate the contracting office or an alternate activity or office] on a previous acquisition;

The Contracting Officer determines that the previously offered product was accepted or tested and found ~~to comply with~~ to comply with specification and other requirements for technical acceptability conforming in every material respect with those of this solicitation; and

The product offered under this solicitation will be produced under a resulting contract at the same plant ~~in~~ in which the previously acquired or tested product was produced.

52.214-21 Descriptive Literature.

As prescribed in ~~(p~~[14.207\(k\)](#)(1), insert the following provision:

Descriptive Literature (Apr 2002)

"Descriptive literature," as used in this provision, means information furnished by a bidder, such as cuts, illustrations, drawings, and brochures, that shows a product's characteristics or construction or explains its operation. The term includes only that information required to evaluate the acceptability of the product and excludes other information for operating or maintaining the product.

Descriptive literature is required to establish, for the purpose of evaluation and award, details of the ~~product offered that are~~[product offered that are](#) specified elsewhere in the solicitation and pertain to significant elements such as (1) Design;

Materials;

Components;

Performance characteristics; and

Methods of manufacture, assembly, construction, or operation.

(c) Descriptive literature, required elsewhere in this solicitation, shall be (1) Identified to show the item(s) of the offer to which it applies; and

(2) Received by the time specified in this solicitation.

If the bidder fails to submit descriptive literature on time, the Government will reject the bid, except that ~~late descriptive literature~~[late descriptive literature](#) sent by mail may be considered under the Late Submissions, Modifications, and Withdrawals of Bids provision of this solicitation.

If the descriptive literature fails to show that the product offered conforms to the requirements of ~~the solicitation, the~~[the solicitation, the](#) Government ~~Government~~ will reject the bid. ~~(End of provision)~~

[\(End of provision\)](#)

Alternate I (Jan 2017). As prescribed in [14.201-6](#) (p)(2), add the following paragraphs (f) and (g) to the basic provision:

The Contracting Officer may waive the requirement for furnishing descriptive literature if the offeror ~~has supplied a product~~[has supplied a product](#) that is the same as that required by this solicitation under a prior contract. A bidder that requests a waiver of this requirement shall provide the following information:

Prior contract number \_\_\_\_\_

Date of prior contract \_\_\_\_\_

Line item number of product supplied \_\_\_\_\_

Name and address of Government activity to which delivery was made \_\_\_\_\_

Date of final delivery of product supplied \_\_\_\_\_

Bidders shall submit bids on the basis of required descriptive literature or on the basis of a ~~previously supplied product under~~ previously supplied product under paragraph (f) of this provision. A bidder submitting a bid on one of these two bases may not elect to have its bid considered on the alternative basis after the time specified for receipt of bids. The Government will disregard a bidder's request for a waiver under paragraph (f) if that bidder has submitted the descriptive literature requested under this solicitation.

#### 52.214-22 Evaluation of Bids for Multiple Awards.

As prescribed in ~~(§14.207(l))~~, insert the following provision:

##### Evaluation of Bids for Multiple Awards (Mar 1990)

In addition to other factors, bids will be evaluated on the basis of advantages and disadvantages to the Government that might result from making more than one award (multiple awards). It is assumed, for the purpose of evaluating bids, that \$500 would be the administrative cost to the Government for issuing and administering each contract awarded under this solicitation, and individual awards will be for the items or combinations of items that result in the lowest aggregate cost to the Government, including the assumed administrative costs.

(End of provision)

#### 52.214-23 Late Submissions, Modifications, Revisions, and Withdrawals of Technical Proposals under Two-Step Sealed Bidding.

As prescribed in ~~(§14.207(m))~~, insert the following provision:

##### Late Submissions, Modifications, Revisions, and Withdrawals of Technical Proposals under Two-Step Sealed Bidding (~~Nov 1999~~ Deviation Date)

(a) Bidders are responsible for submitting technical proposals, and any modifications or revisions, so as to reach the Government office designated in the request for technical proposals by the time specified in the invitation for bids (IFB). If no time is specified in the IFB, the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that bids or revisions are due.

(b)

(1) Any technical proposal under step one of two-step sealed bidding, or modification, revision, or withdrawal of such proposal received at the Government office designated in the request for technical proposals after the exact time specified for receipt will not be considered unless the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late technical proposal would not unduly delay the acquisition; and ~~and~~ —

If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the request for ~~technical proposals~~ technical proposals, it ~~was received~~ was received at the initial point of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. ~~on~~ one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of proposals; or

There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated ~~for receipt of offers~~for receipt of offers and was under the ~~Government's~~Government's control prior to the time set for receipt; or

It is the only proposal received and it is negotiated under part 15 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

(2) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful proposal that makes its terms more favorable to the Government will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.

Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/~~date stamp~~date stamp of ~~that installation~~that installation on the technical proposal wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.

If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that technical ~~proposals cannot be received~~proposals cannot be received at the Government office designated for receipt of technical proposals by the exact time specified in the request for technical proposals, and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the request for technical proposals, the time specified for receipt of technical proposals will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the request for technical proposals on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.

Technical proposals may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before the exact time set ~~for receipt of technical proposals. If the request for~~for receipt of technical proposals ~~authorizes facsimile technical proposals, they may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before the exact time set for receipt of proposals, subject to the conditions specified in the provision at 52.214-31, Facsimile Bids.~~ A technical proposal may be withdrawn in person by a bidder or its authorized representative if, before the exact time set for receipt of technical proposals, the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the technical proposal.

(End of provision)

#### 52.214-24 Multiple Technical Proposals.

As prescribed in ~~(§~~14.207(o), insert the following provision:

##### Multiple Technical Proposals (Apr 1984)

In the first step of this two-step acquisition, solicited sources are encouraged to submit multiple technical proposals presenting different basic approaches. Each technical proposal submitted will be separately evaluated and the submitter will be notified as to its acceptability.

(End of provision)

#### 52.214-25 Step Two of Two-Step Sealed Bidding.

As prescribed in ~~(~~14.201-6(t), insert the following provision:

##### Step Two of Two-Step Sealed Bidding (Apr 1985)

This invitation for bids is issued to initiate step two of two-step sealed bidding under [subpart 14.5 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation](#).

The only bids that the Contracting Officer may consider for award of a contract are those received ~~from bidders that have~~ [from bidders that have](#) submitted acceptable technical proposals in step one of this acquisition under

\_\_\_\_\_ [the Contracting Officer shall insert the identification of the step-one request for technical proposals].

Any bidder that has submitted multiple technical proposals in step one of this acquisition may submit ~~a separate~~ [a separate](#) bid ~~on each~~ [on each](#) technical proposal that was determined to be acceptable to the Government.

(End of provision)

52.214-26 Audit and Records-Sealed Bidding.

As prescribed in ~~{14.208(a)(1)}~~, insert the following clause:

Audit and Records-Sealed Bidding (~~Jun-2020~~ [Deviation Date](#))

As used in this clause, "records" includes books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and ~~other data, other data~~, regardless of type and regardless of whether such items are in written form, in the form of computer data, or in any other form.

Certified cost or pricing data. If the Contractor has been required to submit certified cost or pricing data in connection with the pricing of any modification to this contract, the Contracting Officer, or an authorized representative of the [Contracting Officer, in order to evaluate the accuracy, completeness, and currency of the certified cost or pricing data, shall have the right to examine and audit all of the Contractor's records, including computations and projections, related to—](#)

~~Contracting Officer, in order to evaluate the accuracy, completeness, and currency of the certified cost or pricing data, shall have the right to examine and audit all of the Contractor's records, including computations and projections, related to (1) The proposal for the modification;~~

[The proposal for the modification;](#)

The discussions conducted on the proposal(s), including those related to negotiating;

Pricing of the modification; or

Performance of the modification.

Comptroller General. In the case of pricing any modification, the Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative, shall have the same rights as specified in paragraph (b) of this clause and also the right to interview any current employee regarding such transactions.

Availability. The Contractor shall make available at its office at all reasonable times the materials described in paragraph (b) of this clause, for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this

contract, or for any other period specified in [subpart 4.7](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR). FAR ~~,Subpart 4.7~~, Contractor Records Retention, in effect on the ~~date~~[data](#) of this contract, is incorporated by reference in its entirety and made a part of this contract.

If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall ~~be made available for~~[be made available for](#) 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement.

Records pertaining to appeals under the Disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims ~~arising under or relating~~[arising under or relating](#) to the performance of this contract shall be made available until disposition of such appeals, litigation, or claims.

(e) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert a clause containing all the provisions of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in all subcontracts expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data in FAR ~~(15.403-4)(a)-(1)~~[\(15.403-4\)\(a\)\(1\)](#) on the date of subcontract award.

(End of clause)

~~Alternate I (Mar 2009). As prescribed in (a)(2), substitute the following paragraphs (c) and (e) for paragraphs (c) and (e) of the basic clause:~~

~~(c) The Comptroller General of the United States, an appropriate Inspector General appointed under section 3 or 8 G of the Inspector General Act of 1978 (, or an authorized representative of either of the foregoing officials, shall have access to and the right to-~~

~~Examine any of the Contractor's or any subcontractors' records that pertain to, and involve transactions relating to, this contract or a subcontract hereunder; and~~

~~Interview any officer or employee regarding such transactions.~~

~~(e)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (e)(2), the Contractor shall insert a clause containing the provisions of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in all subcontracts.~~

~~(2) The authority of the Inspector General under paragraph (c)(2) of this clause does not flow down to subcontracts.~~

52.214-27 Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications-Sealed Bidding.

As prescribed in ~~(14.208(b)(1)~~[14.208\(b\)\(1\)](#), insert the following clause:

Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications-Sealed Bidding (Jun 2020)

This clause shall become operative only for any modification to this contract involving aggregate ~~increases and/or decreases~~[increases and/or decreases](#) in costs, plus applicable profits, expected to exceed the threshold for the submission of certified cost or pricing data in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) [15.403-4\(a\)\(1\)](#) on the date of execution of the modification, except that this clause does not apply to a modification if an exception under FAR ~~(15.403-1(b)~~[15.403-1\(b\)](#) applies.

If any price, including profit, negotiated in connection with any modification under this clause, was ~~increased by any significant~~[increased by any significant](#) amount because (1) the Contractor or a subcontractor furnished

certified cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, (2) a subcontractor or prospective subcontractor furnished the Contractor certified cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in the Contractor's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, or (3) any of these parties furnished data of any description that were not accurate, the price shall be reduced accordingly and the contract shall be modified to reflect the reduction. This right to a price reduction is limited to that resulting from defects in data relating to modifications for which this clause becomes operative under paragraph (a) of this clause

Any reduction in the contract price under paragraph (b) of this clause due to defective data from a prospective subcontractor that was not subsequently awarded the subcontract shall be limited to the amount, plus applicable overhead and profit markup, by which (1) the actual subcontract or (2) the actual cost to the Contractor, if there was no subcontract, was less than the prospective subcontract cost estimate submitted by the Contractor; provided, that the actual subcontract price was not itself affected by defective certified cost or pricing data.

(d)

(1) If the Contracting Officer determines under paragraph (b) of this clause that a price or cost reduction should be made, the Contractor agrees not to raise the following matters as a defense:

The Contractor or subcontractor was a sole source supplier or otherwise was in a superior bargaining position and thus the price of the contract would not have been modified even if accurate, complete, and current certified cost or pricing data had been submitted.

The Contracting Officer should have known that the certified cost or pricing data in issue were defective even though the Contractor or subcontractor took no affirmative action to bring the character of the data to the attention of the Contracting Officer.

The contract was based on an agreement about the total cost of the contract and there was no agreement about the cost of each item procured under the contract.

The Contractor or subcontractor did not submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.

(2)

(i) Except as prohibited by subdivision (d)(2)(ii) of this clause, an offset in an amount determined appropriate by the Contracting Officer based upon the facts shall be allowed against the amount of a contract price reduction if-

The Contractor certifies to the Contracting Officer that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, the Contractor is entitled to the offset in the amount requested; and

The Contractor proves that the certified cost or pricing data were available before the date of agreement on the price of the contract (or price of the modification) and that the data were not submitted before such date.

(ii) An offset shall not be allowed if-



The understated data was known by the Contractor to be understated when the Certificate of Current Cost ~~or Pricing Data~~ or Pricing Data was signed; or

The Government proves that the facts demonstrate that the contract price would not have increased in ~~the amount~~ ~~the amount~~ to ~~be offset~~ ~~be offset~~ even if the available data had been submitted before the date of agreement on price.

(e) If any reduction in the contract price under this clause reduces the price of items for which payment was made prior to the date of the modification reflecting the price reduction, the Contractor shall be liable to and shall pay the United States at the time such overpayment is repaid-

Interest compounded daily, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6622, the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date(s) of overpayment to the Contractor to the date the Government is repaid by the Contractor at the applicable underpayment rate effective for each quarter prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury under 26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2); and

A penalty equal to the amount of the overpayment, if the Contractor or subcontractor knowingly ~~submitted certified cost or~~ ~~submitted certified cost or~~ pricing data which were incomplete, inaccurate, or noncurrent.

(End of clause)

52.214-28 Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications-Sealed Bidding.

As prescribed in ~~{14.208(c)(1)(i)}~~, insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts:

Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications-Sealed Bidding (~~Jun 2020~~ Deviation Date)

(a) The requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause shall ~~—~~

Become operative only for any modification to this contract involving aggregate increases and/or ~~decreases~~ ~~in decreases in~~ costs, plus applicable profits, expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 15.403-4(a)(1) on the date of execution of the modification, and

Be limited to such modifications.

Before awarding any subcontract expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or ~~pricing data~~ ~~pricing data~~ in FAR ~~15.403-4(a)(1)~~, on the date of agreement on price or the date of award, whichever is later, or before pricing any subcontract modifications involving aggregate increases and/or decreases in costs, plus applicable profits, expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data in FAR 15.403-4(a)(1), the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to submit certified cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), as part of the ~~subcontractor's~~ ~~subcontractor's~~ proposal in accordance with FAR 15.408, Table 15-2 (to include any information reasonably required to explain the ~~subcontractor's~~ ~~subcontractor's~~ estimating process such as the judgmental factors applied and the mathematical or other methods used in the estimate, including those used in projecting from known data, and the nature and amount of any contingencies included in the price), unless an exception under FAR ~~15.403-1(b)~~ applies. If the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data specified in FAR 15.403-4(a)(1) is adjusted for inflation

as set forth in FAR ~~a)~~1.108, then ~~pursuant to FAR (d)~~ the changed threshold applies throughout the remaining term of the contract, unless there is a subsequent threshold adjustment.

The Contractor shall require the subcontractor to certify in substantially the form prescribed in ~~FAR subsection~~  
section

15.406-2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the data submitted under paragraph (b) ~~of this clause above~~ were accurate, complete, and current as of the date of agreement on the negotiated price of the subcontract or subcontract modification.

The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in each subcontract that, ~~when entered~~when entered into, exceeds the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data in FAR ~~15.403-4~~(a)(1).

(End of clause)

~~(End of clause)~~

Alternate I (~~Oct 2025~~Aug 2020). As prescribed in 14.~~201-7~~208(c)(1)~~(ii)~~, substitute the following paragraph (b) in place of paragraph (b) of the basic clause:

(b) Unless an exception under FAR ~~(15.403-1)~~(b) applies, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to submit certified cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), as part of the subcontractor's proposal in accordance with FAR ~~15.408~~, Table 15-2 (to include any information reasonably required to explain the subcontractor's estimating process such as the judgmental factors applied and the mathematical or other methods used in the estimate, including those used in projecting from known data, and the nature and amount of any contingencies included in the price)—

Before modifying any subcontract that was awarded prior to July 1, 2018, involving a pricing ~~adjustment~~  
~~expected to exceed~~adjustment expected to exceed \$950,000; or

Before awarding any subcontract expected to exceed \$2.5 million on or after July 1, 2018, or modifying ~~any~~  
~~subcontract~~any subcontract that was awarded on or after July 1, 2018, involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed \$2.5 million.

52.214-29 Order of Precedence-Sealed Bidding.

As prescribed in ~~(14.208)~~(d), insert the following clause:

Order of Precedence-Sealed Bidding (Jan 1986)

Any inconsistency in this solicitation or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order:

The Schedule (excluding the specifications);

Representations and other instructions;

Contract clauses;

Other documents, exhibits, and attachments; and

The specifications.

(End of clause)

52.214-30 [Reserved]

52.214-31 ~~Facsimile Bids.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (v), insert the following provision:~~

~~Facsimile Bids (Dec 1989)~~

~~Definition. "Facsimile bid," as used in this solicitation, means a bid, modification of a bid, or withdrawal of a bid that is transmitted to and received by the Government via electronic equipment that communicates and reproduces both printed and handwritten material.~~

~~Bidders may submit facsimile bids as responses to this solicitation. These responses must arrive at the place and by the time, specified in the solicitation.~~

~~Facsimile bids that fail to furnish required representations or information or that reject any of the terms, conditions, and provisions of the solicitation may be excluded from consideration.~~

~~Facsimile bids must contain the required signatures.~~

~~The Government reserves the right to make award solely on the facsimile bid. However, if requested to do so by the Contracting Officer, the apparently successful bidder agrees to promptly submit the complete original signed bid.~~

~~Facsimile receiving data and compatibility characteristics are as follows:~~

~~Telephone number of receiving facsimile equipment: \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~Compatibility characteristics of receiving facsimile equipment (e.g., make and model number, receiving speed, communications protocol): \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~(g) If the bidder chooses to transmit a facsimile bid, the Government will not be responsible for any failure attributable to the transmission or receipt of the facsimile bid including, but not limited to, the following:~~

~~Receipt of garbled or incomplete bid.~~

~~Availability or condition of the receiving facsimile equipment.~~

~~Incompatibility between the sending and receiving equipment.~~

~~Delay in transmission or receipt of bid.~~

~~Failure of the bidder to properly identify the bid.~~

~~Illegibility of bid.~~

~~Security of bid data.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

52.214-32 [Reserved]

52.214-33 [Reserved]

52.214-34 Submission of Offers in the English Language.

As prescribed in ~~(w~~[14.207\(p\)](#), insert the following provision:

Submission of Offers in the English Language (Apr 1991)

Offers submitted in response to this solicitation shall be in the English language. Offers received in other than English shall be rejected.

(End of provision)

52.214-35 Submission of Offers in U.S. Currency.

As prescribed in ~~(x~~[14.207\(q\)](#), insert the following provision:

Submission of Offers in U.S. Currency (Apr 1991)

Offers submitted in response to this solicitation shall be in terms of U.S. dollars. Offers received in other than U.S. dollars shall be rejected.

(End of provision)

52.215 [Reserved]

52.215-1 Instructions to Offerors-Competitive Acquisition.

As prescribed in [15.110\(a\)](#), insert the following provision:

Instructions to Offerors-Competitive Acquisition (~~Nov 2021~~[Deviation Date](#))

~~(a)~~ Definitions. As used in this provision-

~~Discussions are negotiations that occur after establishment of the competitive range that may, at the Contracting Officer's discretion, result in the offeror being allowed to revise its proposal.~~

In writing, "writing," or "written" means any worded or numbered expression that can be read, reproduced, and later communicated, and includes electronically transmitted and stored information.

Proposal modification is a change made to a proposal before the ~~solicitation's~~[request for proposal](#) closing date and time, or made in response to an amendment, or made to correct a mistake at any time before award.

Proposal revision is a change to [material elements of](#) a proposal made after the ~~solicitation~~[request for proposal](#) closing date, at the request of or as allowed by a Contracting Officer, as the result of negotiations.

Time, if stated as a number of days, is calculated using calendar days, unless otherwise specified, and will include Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. However, if the last day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the period shall include the next working day.

Amendments to ~~solicitations, requests for proposals.~~ If this ~~solicitation request for proposal (RFP)~~ is amended, all terms and conditions that are not amended remain unchanged. Offerors shall acknowledge receipt of any amendment to this ~~solicitation RFP~~ by the date and time specified in the amendment(s).

Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals.

~~Unless other methods (e.g., electronic commerce or facsimile) are permitted in the solicitation,~~ (1)

~~(i) Proposals and modifications to proposals shall be submitted in paper media in sealed envelopes or packages~~  
~~(+) —~~

Submitted using the method and the format specified in the RFP;

Addressed to the office specified in the ~~solicitation,~~ RFP; and

~~(iii) Showing the time and date specified for receipt, the solicitation~~ RFP number, and the name and address of the offeror.

~~(ii) Offerors using commercial carriers should ensure that the proposal is marked on the outermost wrapper with the information in paragraphs (c)(1)(i)(B) and (C)(1)(ii) of this provision.~~

(2) The first page of the proposal must show ~~—~~

The ~~solicitation~~ RFP number;

The name, address, and telephone ~~and facsimile numbers~~ number of the offeror (and electronic address if available);

A statement specifying the extent of agreement with all terms, conditions, and provisions included in the ~~solicitation and~~

RFP and agreement to furnish any or all items upon which prices are offered at the price set opposite each item;

Names, titles, and telephone ~~and facsimile numbers~~ number (and electronic addresses if available) of persons authorized to negotiate on the offeror's behalf with the Government in connection with this ~~solicitation~~ RFP; and

Name, title, and signature of person authorized to sign the proposal. Proposals signed by an agent shall ~~be accompanied by~~ be accompanied by evidence of that agent's authority, unless that evidence has been previously furnished to the issuing office.

~~(3) Submission, modification, revision, and withdrawal of proposals.~~

(3)

(i) Offerors are responsible for submitting proposals, and any modifications or revisions, so as to reach the Government office designated in the [solicitation RFP](#) by the time specified in the [solicitation RFP](#). If no time is specified in the [solicitation RFP](#), the time for receipt is 4:30 p.m., local time, for the designated Government office on the date that proposal or revision is due.

(ii)

(A) Any proposal, modification, or revision received at the Government office designated in the [solicitation RFP](#) after the exact time specified for receipt of offers is "late" and will not be considered unless it is received before award is made, the Contracting Officer determines that accepting the late offer would not unduly delay the acquisition; and-

If it was transmitted through an electronic commerce method authorized by the [solicitation RFP](#), it was received at ~~the initial point~~ [the initial point](#) of entry to the Government infrastructure not later than 5:00 p.m. one working day prior to the date specified for receipt of proposals; or

There is acceptable evidence to establish that it was received at the Government installation designated ~~for receipt of offers~~ [for receipt of offers](#) and was under the Government's control prior to the time set for receipt of offers; or

It is the only proposal received.

(B) However, a late modification of an otherwise successful proposal that makes its terms more favorable to the Government, will be considered at any time it is received and may be accepted.

Acceptable evidence to establish the time of receipt at the Government installation includes the time/~~date stamp~~ [date stamp](#) of ~~that installation~~ [that installation](#) on the proposal wrapper, other documentary evidence of receipt maintained by the installation, or oral testimony or statements of Government personnel.

If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal Government processes so that proposals cannot ~~be received at the~~ [be received at the](#) office designated for receipt of proposals by the exact time specified in the [solicitation RFP](#), and urgent Government requirements preclude amendment of the [solicitation RFP](#), the time specified for receipt of proposals will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the [solicitation RFP](#) on the first work day on which normal Government processes resume.

Proposals may be withdrawn by written notice received at any time before award. Oral proposals in ~~response to oral solicitations~~ [response to oral RFPs](#) may be withdrawn orally. ~~If the solicitation authorizes facsimile proposals, proposals may be withdrawn via facsimile received at any time before award, subject to the conditions specified in the provision at 52.215-5, Facsimile Proposals.~~ Proposals may be withdrawn in person by an offeror or an authorized representative, if the identity of the person requesting withdrawal is established and the person signs a receipt for the proposal before award.

Unless otherwise specified in the [solicitation RFP](#), the offeror may propose to provide any item or combination of items.

Offerors shall submit proposals in response to this [solicitation RFP](#) in English, unless otherwise permitted by the [solicitation RFP](#), and in U.S. dollars, unless the provision at FAR 52.225-17, Evaluation of Foreign Currency Offers, is included in the [solicitation RFP](#).

Offerors may submit modifications to their proposals at any time before the ~~solicitation~~RFP closing date and time, ~~and may submit~~and may submit modifications in response to an amendment, or to correct a mistake at any time before award.

Offerors may submit revised proposals only if requested or allowed by the Contracting Officer.

Proposals may be withdrawn at any time before award. Withdrawals are effective upon receipt of notice ~~by the Contracting Officer~~by the Contracting Officer.

Offer expiration date. Proposals in response to this ~~solicitation~~RFP will be valid for the number of days specified on the ~~solicitation~~RFP cover sheet (unless a different period is proposed by the offeror).

Restriction on disclosure and use of data. Offerors that include in their proposals data that they do not want disclosed to the public for any purpose, or used by the Government except for evaluation purposes, shall-

Mark the title page with the following legend:

Mark the title page with the following legend: This proposal includes data that shall not be disclosed outside the Government and shall not be duplicated, used, or disclosed—in whole or in part—for any purpose other than to evaluate this proposal. If, however, a contract is awarded to this offeror as a result of or in connection with the submission of this data, the Government shall have the right to duplicate, use, or disclose the data to the extent provided in the resulting contract. This restriction does not limit the Government's right to use information contained in this data if it is obtained from another source without restriction. The data subject to this restriction are contained in sheets [insert numbers or other identification of sheets]; and

Mark each sheet of data it wishes to restrict with the following legend:

Use or disclosure of data contained on this sheet is subject to the restriction on the title page of this proposal.

(f) Contract award.

The Government intends to award a contract or contracts resulting from this ~~solicitation~~RFP to the responsible offeror(s) whose proposal(s) represents the best value after evaluation in accordance with the factors and subfactors in the ~~solicitation~~RFP.

The Government may reject any or all proposals if such action is in the Government's interest.

The Government may waive informalities and minor irregularities in proposals received.

The Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract without ~~discussions~~negotiations with offerors ~~(except clarifications)~~(except clarifications as described in FAR ~~a~~15.202(b))). Therefore, the ~~offeror's~~offeror's initial proposal should contain the ~~offeror's~~offeror's best terms from a cost or price and technical standpoint. The Government reserves the right to conduct ~~discussions~~negotiations if the Contracting Officer later determines them to be necessary. If the Contracting Officer determines that the number of proposals that would otherwise be in the competitive range exceeds the number at which an efficient competition can be conducted, the Contracting Officer may limit the number of proposals in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition among the most highly ~~rated~~evaluated proposals.

The Government reserves the right to make an award on any item for a quantity less than the ~~quantity offered~~quantity offered, at ~~the unit~~the unit cost or prices offered, unless the offeror specifies otherwise in the proposal.

The Government reserves the right to make multiple awards if, after considering the additional ~~administrative costs~~administrative costs, it ~~is in~~is in the Government's best interest to do so.

~~Exchanges with offerors after receipt of a proposal do not constitute a rejection or counteroffer by the Government.~~

The Government may determine that a proposal is unacceptable if the prices proposed are ~~materially unbalanced between~~materially unbalanced between line items or subline items. Unbalanced pricing exists when, despite an acceptable total evaluated price, the price of one or more line items is significantly overstated or understated as indicated by the application of cost or price analysis techniques. A proposal may be rejected if the Contracting Officer determines that the lack of balance poses an unacceptable risk to the Government.

If a cost realism analysis is performed, cost realism may be considered by the source selection authority ~~in evaluating performance~~in evaluating performance or schedule risk.

A written award or acceptance of proposal mailed or otherwise furnished to the successful offeror within ~~the times specified~~the time specified in the proposal shall result in a binding contract without further action by either party.

If a post-award debriefing is given to requesting offerors, the Government shall disclose the ~~following information, if applicable~~following information, if applicable:

The ~~agency's~~agency's evaluation of the significant ~~weak~~weaknesses or ~~deficient factors~~deficiencies in the debriefed ~~offeror's~~offeror's offer.

The overall evaluated cost or price and technical rating of the successful and the debriefed offeror and ~~past performance information~~past performance information on the debriefed offeror.

The overall ranking of all offerors, when any ranking was developed by the agency during source selection.

A summary of the rationale for award.

For acquisitions of commercial products, the make and model of the product to be delivered by the ~~successful offeror~~successful offeror.

Reasonable responses to relevant questions posed by the debriefed offeror as to whether ~~source selection procedures set forth~~source selection procedures set forth in the ~~solicitation~~RFP, applicable regulations, and other applicable authorities were followed by the agency.

(End of provision)

For DoD contracts in excess of \$10 million but not in excess of \$100 million with a small business or nontraditional defense contractor (10 U.S.C. 3014), an option for the contractor to request disclosure of the agency's written source selection decision document, redacted to protect the confidential and proprietary information of other offerors for the contract award.



For award of a DoD contract in excess of \$100 million, disclosure of the agency's written source selection decision document, redacted to protect the confidential and proprietary information of other offerors for the contract award.

(End of provision)

Alternate I (~~Oct 1997~~ DEVIATION (Date)). As prescribed in ~~(15.110(a)(1)~~, substitute the following paragraph (f)(4) for paragraph (f)(4) of the ~~basic~~ provision:

(f)(4) The Government intends to evaluate proposals and award a contract after conducting ~~discussions~~ negotiations with offerors whose proposals have been determined to be within the competitive range. If the Contracting Officer determines that the number of proposals that would otherwise be in the competitive range exceeds the number at which an efficient competition can be conducted, the Contracting Officer may limit the number of proposals in the competitive range to the greatest number that will permit an efficient competition among the most highly rated proposals. Therefore, the offeror's initial proposal should contain the offeror's best terms from a price and technical standpoint.

Alternate II (~~Oct 1997~~ DEVIATION (Date)). As prescribed in ~~(15.110(a)(2)~~, add a paragraph (c)(9) substantially the same as the following to the basic clause:

(c)(9) Offerors may submit proposals that depart from stated requirements. Such proposals shall clearly identify why the acceptance of the proposal would be advantageous to the Government. Any deviations from the terms and conditions of the ~~solicitation RFP~~, as well as the comparative advantage to the Government, shall be clearly identified and explicitly defined. The Government reserves the right to amend the ~~solicitation RFP~~ to allow all offerors an opportunity to submit revised proposals based on the revised requirements.

52.215-2 Audit and Records-Negotiation.

As prescribed in 15.209(b), insert the following clause:

Audit and Records-Negotiation (~~Jun 2020~~ Deviation Date)

As used in this clause, "records" includes books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and ~~other data, other data~~, regardless of type and regardless of whether such items are in written form, in the form of computer data, or in any other form.

Examination of costs. If this is a cost-reimbursement, incentive, time-and-materials, labor-hour, or price redeterminable contract, or any combination of these, the Contractor shall maintain and the Contracting Officer, or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, shall have the right to examine and audit all records and other evidence sufficient to reflect properly all costs claimed to have been incurred or anticipated to be incurred directly or indirectly in performance of this contract. This right of examination shall include inspection at all reasonable times of the Contractor's plants, or parts of them, engaged in performing the contract.

Certified cost or pricing data. If the Contractor has been required to submit certified cost or pricing data in connection with any pricing action relating to this contract, the Contracting Officer, or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, in order to evaluate the accuracy, completeness, and currency of the

certified cost or pricing data, shall have the right to examine and audit all of the Contractor's records, including computations and projections, related to-

The proposal for the contract, subcontract, or modification;

The discussions conducted on the proposal(s), including those related to negotiating;

Pricing of the contract, subcontract, or modification; or

Performance of the contract, subcontract or modification.

(d) Comptroller General-

The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative, shall have access to and ~~the right to examine~~ the right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract or a subcontract hereunder and to interview any current employee regarding such transactions.

This paragraph may not be construed to require the Contractor or subcontractor to create or maintain ~~any record~~ any record that ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor or subcontractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.

(e) Reports. If the Contractor is required to furnish cost, funding, or performance reports, the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer shall have the right to examine and audit the supporting records and materials, for the purpose of evaluating-

The effectiveness of the Contractor's policies and procedures to produce data compatible with the ~~objectives of these reports~~ objectives of these reports; and

The data reported.

(f) Availability. The Contractor shall make available at its office at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence described in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this clause, for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified for contractor record retention in ~~Contractor Records Retention, Part 4~~ of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), or for any longer period required by statute or by other clauses of this contract. In addition ~~—~~

If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the Contractor shall make available the records ~~relating to~~ relating to the ~~work terminated~~ work terminated until 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement; and

The Contractor shall make available records relating to appeals under the Disputes clause or to litigation ~~or the settlement~~ or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.

(g)

(1) The Contractor shall insert a clause containing all the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (g), in all subcontracts under this contract that exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR [2.101](#) on the date of subcontract award, and—

That are cost-reimbursement, incentive, time-and-materials, labor-hour, or price-redeterminable type or any combination of these;

For which certified cost or pricing data are required; or

That require the subcontractor to furnish reports as discussed in paragraph (e) of this clause.

(2) The clause may be altered only as necessary to identify properly the contracting parties and the Contracting Officer under the Government prime contract.

(End of clause)

~~Alternate I (Mar 2009). As prescribed in (b)(2), substitute the following paragraphs (d)(1) and (g) for paragraphs (d)(1) and (g) of the basic clause:~~

~~(d) Comptroller General or Inspector General. (1) The Comptroller General of the United States, an appropriate Inspector~~

~~General appointed under section 3 or 8G of the Inspector General Act of 1978 ( ), or an authorized representative of either of the foregoing officials, shall have access to and the right to~~

~~Examine any of the Contractor's or any subcontractor's records that pertain to and involve transactions relating to this contract or a subcontract hereunder; and~~

~~Interview any officer or employee regarding such transactions.~~

~~(g)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (g)(2) of this clause, the Contractor shall insert a clause containing all the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (g), in all subcontracts under this contract. The clause may be altered only as necessary to identify properly the contracting parties and the Contracting Officer under the Government prime contract.~~

~~(2) The authority of the Inspector General under paragraph (d)(1)(ii) of this clause does not flow down to subcontracts.~~

#### [Alternate I \[Reserved\]](#)

Alternate II (Aug 2016). As prescribed in [15.110\(b\)\(3\)](#), add the following paragraph (h) to the ~~basic~~ clause:

(h) The provisions of the OMB Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR part 200, subpart F apply to this contract.

Alternate III (~~June 1999~~ Jun 1999). As prescribed in ~~(15.110(b)(43))~~, delete paragraph (d) of the ~~basic~~ clause and redesignate the remaining paragraphs accordingly, and substitute the following paragraph (e) for the redesignated paragraph (e) of the ~~basic~~ clause:

(e) Availability. The Contractor shall make available at its office at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence described in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this clause, for examination, audit, or

reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified [for contractor record retention](#) in ~~Contractor Records Retention~~, [Part 4](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), or for any longer period required by statute or by other clauses of this contract. [In addition—](#)

~~In addition—~~

If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the Contractor shall make available the records ~~relating to~~[relating to](#) the ~~work terminated~~[work terminated](#) until 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement; and

The Contractor shall make available records relating to appeals under the Disputes clause or to litigation ~~or the settlement~~[or the settlement](#) of claims arising under or relating to this contract until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.

#### ~~52.215-3 Request for Information or Solicitation for Planning Purposes.~~

~~As prescribed in e), insert the following provision:~~

##### ~~Request for Information or Solicitation for Planning Purposes (Oct 1997)~~

~~The Government does not intend to award a contract on the basis of this solicitation or to otherwise pay for the information solicited except as an allowable cost under other contracts as provided in subsection , Bid and proposal costs, of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.~~

~~Although "proposal" and "offeror" are used in this Request for Information, your response will be treated as information only. It shall not be used as a proposal.~~

~~This solicitation is issued for the purpose of: \_\_\_\_\_ [state purpose].~~

~~(End of provision)~~

#### [52.215-3 \[Reserved\]](#)

#### 52.215-4 [Reserved]

#### 52.215-5 ~~Facsimile Proposals~~, [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in e), insert the following provision:~~

##### ~~Facsimile Proposals (Oct 1997)~~

~~Definition. "Facsimile proposal," as used in this provision, means a proposal, revision or modification of a proposal, or withdrawal of a proposal that is transmitted to and received by the Government via facsimile machine.~~

~~Offerors may submit facsimile proposals as responses to this solicitation. Facsimile proposals are subject to the same rules as paper proposals.~~

~~The telephone number of receiving facsimile equipment is: \_\_\_\_\_ [insert telephone number].~~

~~If any portion of a facsimile proposal received by the Contracting Officer is unreadable to the degree that conformance to the essential requirements of the solicitation cannot be ascertained from the document-~~

~~The Contracting Officer immediately shall notify the offeror and permit the offeror to resubmit the proposal;~~

~~The method and time for resubmission shall be prescribed by the Contracting Officer after consultation with the offeror; and~~

~~The resubmission shall be considered as if it were received at the date and time of the original unreadable submission for the purpose of determining timeliness, provided the offeror complies with the time and format requirements for resubmission prescribed by the Contracting Officer.~~

~~(e) The Government reserves the right to make award solely on the facsimile proposal. However, if requested to do so by the Contracting Officer, the apparently successful offeror promptly shall submit the complete original signed proposal. (End of provision)~~

#### 52.215-6 Place of Performance.

As prescribed in [15.110\(f\)](#), insert the following provision:

Place of Performance (~~Oct 1997~~ [Deviation Date](#))

The offeror or respondent, in the performance of any contract resulting from this ~~solicitation~~ [request for proposals](#), ☐ intends, ☐ does not intend [check applicable block] to use one or more plants or facilities located at a different address from the address of the offeror or respondent as indicated in this proposal or response to request for information.

If the offeror or respondent checks "intends" in paragraph (a) of this provision, it shall insert in the ~~following spaces there required~~ [following spaces the required](#) information:

Place of Performance (Street Address, City, State,      Name and Address of Owner and Operator of the Plant or

Place of Performance (Street Address, City, State,      Name and Address of Owner and Operator of the Plant or

County, ZIP Code)      Facility if Other than Offeror or Respondent

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

(End of provision)

#### 52.215-7 [Reserved]

#### 52.215-8 Order of Precedence-Uniform Contract Format.

As prescribed in [15.110\(h\)](#), insert the following clause:

Order of Precedence-uniform Contract Format (~~Oct-1997~~Deviation Date)

Any inconsistency in this ~~solicitation~~request for proposal or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order:

The Schedule (excluding the specifications).

Representations and other instructions.

Contract clauses.

Other documents, exhibits, and attachments.

The specifications.

(End of clause)

52.215-9 Changes or Additions to Make-or-Buy Program.

As prescribed in ~~a~~15.110(i), insert the following clause:

Changes or Additions to Make-or-Buy Program (~~Oct-1997~~Deviation Date)

The Contractor shall perform in accordance with the make-or-buy program incorporated in this contract. ~~If the~~  
If the Contractor proposes to change the program, the Contractor shall, reasonably in advance of the proposed change, (1) notify the Contracting Officer in writing, and (2) submit justification in sufficient detail to permit evaluation. Changes in the place of performance of any "make" items in the program are subject to this requirement.

For items deferred at the time of negotiation of this contract for later addition to the program, the ~~Contractor shall~~Contractor shall, at ~~the earliest~~the earliest possible time-

Notify the Contracting Officer of each proposed addition; and

Provide justification in sufficient detail to permit evaluation.

Modification of the make-or-buy program to incorporate proposed changes or additions shall be ~~effective upon the Contractor's~~effective upon the Contractor's receipt of the Contracting Officer's written approval.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (~~Oct-2010~~DEVIATION (Date)). As prescribed in (~~a~~15.110(i))(1) add the following paragraph (d) to the ~~basic~~-clause:

If the Contractor desires to reverse the categorization of ~~"make"~~ or ~~"buy"~~ for any item or items designated ~~in the contract~~in the contract as subject to this paragraph, it shall ~~—~~

Support its proposal with certified cost or pricing data in accordance with FAR ~~15.408-2, Table 15-1, when required~~ by FAR 15.403-3, and data other than certified cost or pricing data, to permit evaluation; and

After approval is granted, promptly negotiate with the Contracting Officer an equitable reduction in ~~the contract's total estimated~~ the contract price ~~in accordance~~ in accordance with paragraph (k) of the Incentive Price Revision-Firm Target clause or paragraph (m) of the Incentive Price Revision-Successive Targets clause of this contract.

Alternate II ~~(Oct 2010-DEVIATION (Date))~~. As prescribed in ~~15.408~~ (a)(2), add the following paragraph (d) to the basic clause:

(d) If the Contractor desires to reverse the categorization of ~~"make"~~ or ~~"buy"~~ for any item or items designated in the contract as subject to this paragraph, it shall ~~—~~

Support its proposal with certified cost or pricing data in accordance with FAR ~~15.408-2, Table 15-1, when required~~ by FAR 15.403-3, and data other than certified cost or pricing data, to permit evaluation;

Support its proposal with cost or pricing data to permit evaluation; and

After approval is granted, promptly negotiate with the Contracting Officer an equitable reduction in ~~the contract's total estimated~~ the contract's total estimated cost and fee in accordance with paragraph (e) of the Incentive Fee clause of this contract.

#### 52.215-10 Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data.

As prescribed in ~~b~~ 15.110(j), insert the following clause:

##### Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data (Aug 2011)

(a) If any price, including profit or fee, negotiated in connection with this contract, or any cost reimbursable under this contract, was increased by any significant amount because—

The Contractor or a subcontractor furnished certified cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and ~~current~~ as current as certified in its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data;

A subcontractor or prospective subcontractor furnished the Contractor certified cost or pricing data that ~~were not complete~~ were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in the Contractor's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data; or

Any of these parties furnished data of any description that were not accurate, the price or cost shall ~~be reduced accordingly~~ be reduced accordingly and the contract shall be modified to reflect the reduction.

(b) Any reduction in the contract price under paragraph (a) of this clause due to defective data from a prospective subcontractor that was not subsequently awarded the subcontract shall be limited to the amount, plus applicable overhead and profit markup, by which (1) the actual subcontract or (2) the actual cost to the Contractor, if there was no subcontract, was less than the prospective subcontract cost estimate submitted by the Contractor; provided, that the actual subcontract price was not itself affected by defective certified cost or pricing data.

(c)

(1) If the Contracting Officer determines under paragraph (a) of this clause that a price or cost reduction should be made, the Contractor agrees not to raise the following matters as a defense:

The Contractor or subcontractor was a sole source supplier or otherwise was in a superior bargaining ~~position~~ ~~and thus the~~ position and thus the price of the contract would not have been modified even if accurate, complete, and current certified cost or pricing data had been submitted.

The Contracting Officer should have known that the certified cost or pricing data in issue were ~~defective even though the~~ defective even though the Contractor or subcontractor took no affirmative action to bring the character of the data to the attention of the Contracting Officer.

The contract was based on an agreement about the total cost of the contract and there was no ~~agreement about~~ agreement about the ~~cost of~~ cost of each item procured under the contract.

The Contractor or subcontractor did not submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.

(2)

(i) Except as prohibited by subdivision (c)(2)(ii) of this clause, an offset in an amount determined appropriate by the Contracting Officer based upon the facts shall be allowed against the amount of a contract price reduction if-

The Contractor certifies to the Contracting Officer that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor is entitled to the offset in the amount requested; and

The Contractor proves that the certified cost or pricing data were available before the "as of" date ~~specified on its Certificate~~ specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, and that the data were not submitted before such date.

(ii) An offset shall not be allowed if—

The understated data were known by the Contractor to be understated before the "as of" date specified on ~~its Certificate of~~ its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data; or

The Government proves that the facts demonstrate that the contract price would not have increased in ~~the amount~~ the amount to ~~be offset~~ be offset even if the available data had been submitted before the "as of" date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.

(d) If any reduction in the contract price under this clause reduces the price of items for which payment was made prior to the date of the modification reflecting the price reduction, the Contractor shall be liable to and shall pay the United States at the time such overpayment is repaid-

Interest compounded daily, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6622, on the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date(s) of overpayment to the Contractor to the date the Government is repaid by the Contractor at the applicable underpayment rate effective for each quarter prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury under 26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2); and



A penalty equal to the amount of the overpayment, if the Contractor or subcontractor knowingly ~~submitted certified cost or~~submitted certified cost or pricing data that were incomplete, inaccurate, or noncurrent.

(End of clause)

#### 52.215-11 Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications.

As prescribed in ~~e~~15.110(k), insert the following clause:

Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications (~~Jun-2020~~Deviation Date)

This clause shall become operative only for any modification to this contract involving a pricing ~~adjustment expected to exceed~~adjustment expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data in Federal Acquisition

Regulation (FAR) ~~(15.403-3(a)(1))~~ on the date of execution of the modification, except that this clause does not apply to any modification if an exception under FAR ~~b)~~15.403-2 applies.

If any price, including profit or fee, negotiated in connection with any modification under this clause, or ~~any cost reimbursable~~any cost reimbursable under this contract, was increased by any significant amount because (1) the Contractor or a subcontractor furnished certified cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, (2) a subcontractor or prospective subcontractor furnished the

Contractor certified cost or pricing data that were not complete, accurate, and current as certified in the ~~Contractor's~~Contractor's Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, or (3) any of these parties furnished data of any description that were not accurate, the price or cost shall be reduced accordingly and the contract shall be modified to reflect the reduction. This right to a price reduction is limited to that resulting from defects in data relating to modifications for which this clause becomes operative under paragraph (a) of this clause.

~~(c)~~ Any reduction in the contract price under paragraph (b) of this clause due to defective data from a ~~prospective subcontractor~~prospective subcontractor that was not subsequently awarded the subcontract shall be limited to the amount, plus applicable overhead and profit markup, by which (1) the actual subcontract or (2) the actual cost to the Contractor, if there was no subcontract, was less than the prospective subcontract cost estimate submitted by the Contractor; provided, that the actual subcontract price was not itself affected by defective certified cost or pricing data.

(d)

(1) If the Contracting Officer determines under paragraph (b) of this clause that a price or cost reduction should be made, the Contractor agrees not to raise the following matters as a defense:

The Contractor or subcontractor was a sole source supplier or otherwise was in a superior bargaining ~~position and thus the~~position and thus the price of the contract would not have been modified even if accurate, complete, and current certified cost or pricing data had been submitted.

The Contracting Officer should have known that the certified cost or pricing data in issue were ~~defective even though the~~defective even though the Contractor or subcontractor took no affirmative action to bring the character of the data to the attention of the Contracting Officer.

The contract was based on an agreement about the total cost of the contract and there was no ~~agreement about agreement about~~ the ~~cost of~~ cost of each item procured under the contract.

The Contractor or subcontractor did not submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.

(2)

(i) Except as prohibited by paragraph (d)(2)(ii) of this clause, an offset in an amount determined appropriate by the Contracting Officer based upon the facts shall be allowed against the amount of a contract price reduction if-

The Contractor certifies to the Contracting Officer that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor is entitled to the offset in the amount requested; and

The Contractor proves that the certified cost or pricing data were available before the "as of" date ~~specified on its Certificate~~ specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, and that the data were not submitted before such date.

(ii) An offset shall not be allowed if-

The understated data were known by the Contractor to be understated before the "as of" date specified on ~~its Certificate of~~ its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data; or

The Government proves that the facts demonstrate that the contract price would not have increased in ~~the amount~~ the amount to ~~be offset~~ be offset even if the available data had been submitted before the "as of" date specified on its Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data.

(e) If any reduction in the contract price under this clause reduces the price of items for which payment was made prior to the date of the modification reflecting the price reduction, the Contractor shall be liable to and shall pay the United States at the time such overpayment is repaid ~~---~~

Interest compounded daily, as required by 26 U.S.C. 6622, on the amount of such overpayment to be computed from the date(s) of overpayment to the Contractor to the date the Government is repaid by the Contractor at the applicable underpayment rate effective for each quarter prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury under 26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2); and

A penalty equal to the amount of the overpayment, if the Contractor or subcontractor knowingly ~~submitted certified cost or~~ submitted certified cost or pricing data that were incomplete, inaccurate, or noncurrent.

(End of clause)

52.215-12 Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data.

As prescribed in 15.110(l)(1), insert the following clause:

Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data (~~Jun-2020~~ Deviation Date)

Before awarding any subcontract expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or ~~pricing data in Federal~~ pricing data in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 15.403-3(a)(4), on the date of agreement on

price or the date of award, whichever is later; or before pricing any subcontract modification involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data in FAR ~~(15.403-3(a)(4))~~, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to submit certified cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), in accordance with FAR ~~15.408-2~~, Table ~~15.215-1~~ (to include any information reasonably required to explain the subcontractor's estimating process such as the judgmental factors applied and the mathematical or other methods used in the estimate, including those used in projecting from known data, and the nature and amount of any contingencies included in the price), unless an exception under ~~(b) FAR 15.403-2~~ applies. If the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data specified in FAR ~~15.403-3(a)(4)~~ is adjusted for inflation as set forth in FAR ~~(a), part 1~~, then ~~pursuant to FAR (d)~~ the changed threshold applies throughout the remaining term of the contract, unless there is a subsequent threshold adjustment.

The Contractor shall require the subcontractor to certify in substantially the form prescribed in FAR ~~that 15.403-4 that~~, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the data submitted under paragraph (a) of this clause were accurate, complete, and current as of the date of agreement on the negotiated price of the subcontract or subcontract modification.

In each subcontract that, when entered into, exceeds the threshold for submission of certified cost or ~~pricing data in FAR (pricing data in FAR 15.403-3(a)(4))~~, the Contractor shall insert either—

The substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), if paragraph (a) of this clause requires ~~submission of certified cost~~ submission of certified cost or pricing data for the subcontract; or

The substance of the clause at FAR 52.215-13, Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data—~~—~~Modifications.

(End of clause)

Alternate I ~~(Oct 2025-DEVIATION (Date))~~. As prescribed in ~~(d) 15.110(l)(2)~~, substitute the following paragraph (a) in place of paragraph (a) of the ~~basic~~ clause:

(a) Unless an exception under FAR ~~15.403-2~~ applies, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to submit certified cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), in accordance with FAR ~~15.408-2~~, Table 15-~~21~~ (to include any information reasonably required to explain the subcontractor's estimating process such as the judgmental factors applied and the mathematical or other methods used in the estimate, including those used in projecting from known data, and the nature and amount of any contingencies included in the price) ~~—~~ before awarding any subcontract expected to exceed \$2 million under any prime contract awarded before July 1, 2018.

~~Before modifying any subcontract that was awarded prior to July 1, 2018, involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed \$950,000; or~~

~~Before awarding any subcontract expected to exceed \$2.5 million on or after July 1, 2018, or modifying any subcontract that was awarded on or after July 1, 2018, involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed \$2.5 million.~~

52.215-13 Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications.

As prescribed in ~~e~~ 15.110(m)(1), insert the following clause:

Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data-Modifications (~~Jun 2020~~ Deviation Date)

(a) The requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause shall—

Become operative only for any modification to this contract involving a pricing adjustment expected ~~to exceed the threshold~~ to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) ~~(15.403-3(a)(1))~~ on the date of execution of the modification; and

Be limited to such modifications.

Before awarding any subcontract expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or ~~pricing data in FAR (15.403-3(a)(1))~~ pricing data in FAR 15.403-3(a)(1), on the date of agreement on price or the date of award, whichever is later; or before pricing any subcontract modification involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data in FAR 15.403-3(a)(1), the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to submit certified cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), in accordance with FAR 15.408-2, Table 15-21 (to include any information reasonably required to explain the subcontractor's estimating process such as the judgmental factors applied and the mathematical or other methods used in the estimate, including those used in projecting from known data, and the nature and amount of any contingencies included in the price), unless an exception under FAR ~~b) 15.403-2~~ 15.403-2 applies. If the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data specified in FAR ~~(15.403-3(a)(1))~~ is adjusted for inflation as set forth in FAR ~~(a), part 1~~, then ~~pursuant to FAR (d)~~ the changed threshold applies throughout the remaining term of the contract, unless there is a subsequent threshold adjustment.

The Contractor shall require the subcontractor to certify in substantially the form prescribed in FAR ~~that 15.403-4 that~~, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the data submitted under paragraph (b) of this clause were accurate, complete, and current as of the date of agreement on the negotiated price of the subcontract or subcontract modification.

The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in each subcontract ~~that exceeds the~~ that exceeds the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data in FAR ~~(15.403-3(a)(1))~~ on the date of agreement on price or the date of award, whichever is later.

(End of clause)

~~(End of clause)~~

Alternate I (~~Oct 2025~~ DEVIATION (Date)). As prescribed in ~~(e 15.110(m)(2))~~, substitute the following paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) for paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) of the ~~basic~~ clause:

(a) The requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause shall—

Become operative only for any modification to this contract involving aggregate increases and/or ~~decreases in decreases in~~ costs, plus applicable profits, expected to exceed the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data at FAR ~~(a) 15.403-3(a); and~~

~~(1); and~~

Be limited to such modifications.

~~(b)~~ Unless an exception under FAR [15.403-2](#) applies, the Contractor shall require the subcontractor to ~~submit certified~~[submit certified](#) cost or pricing data (actually or by specific identification in writing), in accordance with FAR ~~15.408-2~~, Table 15-~~21~~ (to include any information reasonably required to explain the subcontractor's estimating process such as the judgmental factors applied and the mathematical or other methods used in the estimate, including those used in projecting from known data, and the nature and amount of any contingencies included in the price) ~~—~~

~~Before modifying any~~ subcontract ~~that was under a prime contract~~ awarded ~~prior to~~[before](#) July 1, 2018, ~~involving if the modification involves~~ a pricing adjustment expected ~~to exceed \$950,000; or~~

~~Before modifying any subcontract that was awarded on or after July 1, 2018, involving a pricing adjustment expected to exceed~~[to exceed](#) \$2.5 million.

~~(d)~~ The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph ~~(d)~~[\(c\)](#), in each subcontract ~~that exceeds~~[that exceeds](#) \$2.5 million.

#### 52.215-14 Integrity of Unit Prices.

As prescribed in ~~15.110(n)~~[\(1\)](#), insert the following clause:

##### Integrity of Unit Prices (Nov 2021)

Any proposal submitted for the negotiation of prices for items of supplies shall distribute costs ~~within contracts~~[within contracts](#) on ~~a basis~~[a basis](#) that ensures that unit prices are in proportion to the items' base cost (e.g., manufacturing or acquisition costs). Any method of distributing costs to line items that distorts unit prices shall not be used. For example, distributing costs equally among line items is not acceptable except when there is little or no variation in base cost. Nothing in this paragraph requires submission of certified cost or pricing data not otherwise required by law or regulation.

When requested by the Contracting Officer, the Offeror/Contractor shall also identify those supplies that ~~it will not manufacture~~[it will not manufacture](#) or to which it will not contribute significant value.

The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, less paragraph (b) of this clause, in all ~~subcontracts for other than~~[subcontracts for other than](#): acquisitions at or below the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) [2.101](#) on the date of subcontract award; construction or architect-engineer services under FAR ~~part 36~~; utility services under FAR ~~part 41~~; services where supplies are not required; commercial products and commercial services; and petroleum products.

(End of clause)

~~(End of clause)~~

Alternate I (Oct 1997). As prescribed in ~~(f)~~~~2~~[15.110\(n\)\(1\)](#), substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic clause:

(b) The Offeror/Contractor shall also identify those supplies that it will not manufacture or to which it will not contribute significant value.

#### 52.215-15 Pension Adjustments and Asset Reversions.

As prescribed in [g15.110\(o\)](#), insert the following clause:

Pension Adjustments and Asset Reversions (~~Oct-2010~~[Deviation Date](#))

The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer in writing when it determines that it ~~will terminate a defined~~[will terminate a defined](#)-benefit pension plan or otherwise recapture such pension fund assets.

For segment closings, pension plan terminations, or curtailment of benefits, the amount of the ~~adjustment shall~~[adjustment shall](#) be-

For contracts and subcontracts that are subject to full coverage under the Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) Board ~~rules and~~[rules and](#) regulations (48 CFR Chapter 99), the amount measured, assigned, and allocated in accordance with 48 CFR 9904.413-~~50(c)(12)~~ ; and

~~50(c)(12); and~~

For contracts and subcontracts that are not subject to full coverage under the CAS, the amount measured, assigned, ~~and allocated~~[and allocated](#) in accordance with 48 CFR 9904.413-50(c)(12) , except the numerator of the fraction at 48 CFR 9904.413-50(c)~~(12)~~ (vi) shall be the sum of the pension plan costs allocated to all non-CAS covered contracts and subcontracts that are subject to Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) [subpart 31.2](#) or for which certified cost or pricing data were submitted.

For all other situations where assets revert to the Contractor, or such assets are constructively received by ~~it for any reason~~[it for any reason](#), the Contractor shall, at the Government's option, make a refund or give a credit to the Government for its equitable share of the gross amount withdrawn. The Government's equitable share shall reflect the Government's participation in pension costs through those contracts for which certified cost or pricing data were submitted or that are subject to FAR ~~;~~[subpart 31.2](#).

The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause in all subcontracts under this contract that meet the applicability requirement of FAR [g15.110\(o\)](#).

(End of clause)

52.215-16 Facilities Capital Cost of Money.

As prescribed in [h15.110\(p\)](#), insert the following provision:

Facilities Capital Cost of Money (June 2003)

Facilities capital cost of money will be an allowable cost under the contemplated contract, if the criteria ~~for allowability in~~[for allowability in](#) FAR [31.205-10\(b\)](#) are met. One of the allowability criteria requires the prospective Contractor to propose facilities capital cost of money in its offer.

If the prospective Contractor does not propose this cost, the resulting contract will include the clause ~~Waiver of Facilities~~[Waiver of Facilities](#) Capital Cost of Money.

(End of provision)

52.215-17 Waiver of Facilities Capital Cost of Money.

As prescribed in ~~i~~[15.110\(q\)](#), insert the following clause:

Waiver of Facilities Capital Cost of Money (Oct 1997)

The Contractor did not include facilities capital cost of money as a proposed cost of this contract. Therefore, it is an unallowable cost under this contract. (End of clause)

52.215-18 Reversion or Adjustment of Plans for Postretirement Benefits (PRB) Other Than Pensions.

As prescribed in ~~j~~[15.110\(r\)](#), insert the following clause:

Reversion or Adjustment of Plans for Postretirement Benefits (PRB) Other Than Pensions (~~July 2005~~[Deviation Date](#))

The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer in writing when the Contractor determines ~~that it will terminate~~[that it will terminate](#) or reduce the benefits of a PRB plan.

If PRB fund assets revert or inure to the Contractor, or are constructively received by it under a ~~plan termination or otherwise~~[plan termination or otherwise](#), the Contractor shall make a refund or give a credit to the Government for its equitable share as required by ~~(31.205-6(o)(5))~~ of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR). When determining or agreeing on the method for recovery of the Government's equitable share, the contracting parties should consider the following methods: cost reduction, amortizing the credit over a number of years (with appropriate interest), cash refund, or some other agreed upon method. Should the parties be unable to agree on the method for recovery of the Government's equitable share, through good faith negotiations, the Contracting Officer shall designate the method of recovery.

The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause in all subcontracts that meet the ~~applicability requirements of FAR j)~~[applicability requirements of FAR 15.110\(r\)](#)

(End of clause)

52.215-19 Notification of Ownership Changes.

As prescribed in ~~k~~[15.110\(s\)](#), insert the following clause:

Notification of Ownership Changes (~~Oct 1997~~[Deviation Date](#))

(a) The Contractor shall make the following notifications in writing:

When the Contractor becomes aware that a change in its ownership has occurred, or is certain to occur, ~~that could result in~~[that could result in](#) changes in the valuation of its capitalized assets in the accounting records, the Contractor shall notify the Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) within 30 days.

The Contractor shall also notify the ACO within 30 days whenever changes to asset valuations or any ~~other cost changes~~[other cost changes](#) have occurred or are certain to occur as a result of a change in ownership.

(b) The Contractor shall-

Maintain current, accurate, and complete inventory records of assets and their costs;

Provide the ACO or designated representative ready access to the records upon request;

Ensure that all individual and grouped assets, their capitalized values, accumulated depreciation ~~or amortization, and remaining~~amortization, and remaining useful lives are identified accurately before and after each of the Contractor's ownership changes; and

Retain and continue to maintain depreciation and amortization schedules based on the asset ~~records maintained before each~~records maintained before each Contractor ownership change.

(c) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause in all subcontracts under this contract that meet the applicability requirement of FAR ~~k)-15.110(s).~~

(End of clause)

52.215-20 Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data and Data Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data.

As prescribed in 15.110(t), insert the following provision:

Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data and Data Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data (~~Nov 2024~~Deviation Date)

(a) Exceptions from certified cost or pricing data.

(1) In lieu of submitting certified cost or pricing data, offerors may submit a written request for exception by submitting the information described in the following paragraphs. The Contracting Officer may require additional supporting information, but only to the extent necessary to determine whether an exception should be granted, and whether the price is fair and reasonable.

Identification of the law or regulation establishing the price offered. If the price is controlled under law by periodic rulings, reviews, or similar actions of a governmental body, attach a copy of the controlling document, unless it was previously submitted to the contracting office.

Commercial product and commercial service exception. For a commercial product and commercial service exception, the offeror shall submit, at a minimum, information on prices at which the same item or similar items have previously been sold in the commercial market that is adequate for evaluating the reasonableness of the price for this acquisition. Such information may include-

For catalog items, a copy of or identification of the catalog and its date, or the appropriate pages for ~~the offered~~the offered items, or a statement that the catalog is on file in the buying office to which the proposal is being submitted. Provide a copy or describe current discount policies and price lists (published or unpublished), e.g., wholesale, original equipment manufacturer, or reseller. Also explain the basis of each offered price and its relationship to the established catalog price, including how the proposed price relates to the price of recent sales in quantities similar to the proposed quantities;

For market-priced items, the source and date or period of the market quotation or other basis for ~~market price~~market price, the ~~base amount~~base amount, and applicable discounts. In addition, describe the nature of the market;



For items included on an active Federal Supply ~~Service Multiple Award~~-Schedule contract, proof that an exception ~~has been granted for~~ has been granted for the schedule item.

(2) The offeror grants the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative the right to examine, at any time before award, books, records, documents, or other directly pertinent records to verify any request for an exception under this provision, and the reasonableness of price. For items priced using catalog or market prices, or law or regulation, access does not extend to cost or profit information or other data relevant solely to the offeror's determination of the prices to be offered in the catalog or marketplace.

(b) Requirements for certified cost or pricing data. If the offeror is not granted an exception from the requirement to submit certified cost or pricing data, the following applies:

The offeror shall prepare and submit certified cost or pricing data, data other than certified cost or ~~pricing data, and supporting pricing data, and supporting~~ attachments in accordance with the instructions contained in Table 15-1 of FAR ~~15.408-2~~, which is incorporated by reference with the same force and effect as though it were inserted here in full text. The instructions in Table 15-1 are incorporated as a mandatory format to be used in this contract, unless the Contracting Officer and the Contractor agree to a different format and change this clause to use Alternate I.

As soon as practicable after agreement on price, but before contract award (except for unpriced actions ~~such as letter contracts~~ such as letter contracts), the offeror shall submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, as prescribed by FAR 15.403-4.

(End of Provision)

Alternate I ~~(Oct 2010-DEVIATION (Date))~~. As prescribed in ~~(1) (and see b 15.110(t)(1))~~, substitute the following paragraph (b)(1) for paragraph (b)(1) of the ~~basic~~ provision:

(b)(1) The offeror shall submit certified cost or pricing data, data other than certified cost or pricing data, and supporting attachments in the following format: [Insert description of the data and format that are required, and include access to records necessary to permit an adequate evaluation of the proposed price in accordance with ~~15.408-2, Table 15-1~~, Note 2. The description may be inserted at the time of issuing the ~~solicitation request for proposals~~, or the Contracting Officer may specify that the ~~offeror's~~ offeror's format will be acceptable, or the description may be inserted as the result of negotiations.]

Alternate II (Oct 1997). As prescribed in ~~(15.110(t)(2))~~, add the following paragraph (c) to the basic provision:

(c) When the proposal is submitted, also submit one copy each to: (1) the Administrative Contracting Officer, and (2) the Contract Auditor.

Alternate III (Oct 1997). As prescribed in ~~(15.110(t)(3))~~, add the following paragraph (c) to the basic provision (if Alternate II is also used, redesignate the following paragraph as paragraph (d)).

(c) Submit the cost portion of the proposal via the following electronic media: \_\_\_\_\_  
[Insert media format, e.g., electronic spreadsheet format, electronic mail, etc.]

Alternate IV ~~(Oct 2010-DEVIATION (Date))~~. As prescribed in ~~(15.110(t)(4))~~, replace the text of the basic provision with the following:

Submission of certified cost or pricing data is not required.

Provide data described below: \_\_\_\_\_ [Insert description of the data and the format that are required, including the access to records necessary to permit an adequate evaluation of the proposed price in accordance with ~~15.4.~~]

52.215-21 Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data and Data Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing

~~Data Modifications.~~

~~As prescribed in m), insert the following clause:~~

~~Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data and Data Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data-  
Modifications (Nov.~~

~~2021)~~

As prescribed in 15.110(u), insert the following clause:

Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data and Data Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data Modifications  
(Deviation Date)

(a) Exceptions from certified cost or pricing data.

(1) In lieu of submitting certified cost or pricing data for modifications under this contract, for price adjustments expected to exceed the threshold set forth in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) ~~(15.403-3(a)(1))~~ on the date of the agreement on price or the date of the award, whichever is later, the Contractor may submit a written request for exception by submitting the information described in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (ii) of this clause. If the threshold for submission of certified cost or pricing data specified in FAR ~~(15.403-3(a)(1))~~ is adjusted for inflation as set forth in FAR ~~(a), then pursuant to FAR d) part 1,~~ the changed threshold applies throughout the remaining term of the contract, unless there is a subsequent threshold adjustment. The Contracting Officer may require additional supporting information, but only to the extent necessary to determine whether an exception should be granted, and whether the price is fair and reasonable—

Identification of the law or regulation establishing the price offered. If the price is controlled under law by periodic rulings, reviews, or similar actions of a governmental body, attach a copy of the controlling document, unless it was previously submitted to the contracting office.

Information on modifications of contracts or subcontracts for commercial products or commercial services. (A)  
If—

~~(A) If—~~

The original contract or subcontract was granted an exception from certified cost or pricing data ~~requirements~~  
~~because the requirements because the~~ price agreed upon was based on adequate price competition or prices set by law or regulation, or was a contract or subcontract for the acquisition of a commercial product or commercial service; and

The modification (to the contract or subcontract) is not exempted based on one of these exceptions, then ~~the Contractor may~~  
~~the Contractor may~~ provide information to establish that the modification would not change the

contract or subcontract from a contract or subcontract for the acquisition of a commercial product or commercial service, to a contract or subcontract for the acquisition of other than a commercial product or commercial service.

(B) For a commercial product and commercial service exception, the Contractor shall provide, at a minimum, information on prices at which the same item or similar items have previously been sold that is adequate for evaluating the reasonableness of the price of the modification. Such information may include-

For catalog items, a copy of or identification of the catalog and its date, or the appropriate pages for ~~the offered~~the offered items, or a statement that the catalog is on file in the buying office to which the proposal is being submitted. Provide a copy or describe current discount policies and price lists (published or unpublished), e.g., wholesale, original equipment manufacturer, or reseller. Also explain the basis of each offered price and its relationship to the established catalog price, including how the proposed price relates to the price of recent sales in quantities similar to the proposed quantities.

For market-priced items, the source and date or period of the market quotation or other basis for ~~market price~~market price, the ~~base amount~~base amount, and applicable discounts. In addition, describe the nature of the market.

For items included on an active Federal Supply ~~Service Multiple Award~~-Schedule contract, proof that an exception ~~has been granted for~~has been granted for the schedule item.

(2) The Contractor grants the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative the right to examine, at any time before award, books, records, documents, or other directly pertinent records to verify any request for an exception under this clause, and the reasonableness of price. For items priced using catalog or market prices, or law or regulation, access does not extend to cost or profit information or other data relevant solely to the Contractor's determination of the prices to be offered in the catalog or marketplace.

(b) Requirements for certified cost or pricing data. If the Contractor is not granted an exception from the requirement to submit certified cost or pricing data, the following applies:

The Contractor shall submit certified cost or pricing data, data other than certified cost or pricing data, ~~and supporting attachments~~and supporting attachments in accordance with the instructions contained in Table 15-1 of FAR 15.408-2, which is incorporated by reference with the same force and effect as though it were inserted here in full text. The instructions in Table 15-1 are incorporated as a mandatory format to be used in this contract, unless the Contracting Officer and the Contractor agree to a different format and change this clause to use Alternate I.

As soon as practicable after agreement on price, but before award (except for unpriced actions), ~~the Contractor shall submit~~the Contractor shall submit a Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, as prescribed by FAR 15.403-4.

(End of clause)

(End of clause)

Alternate I - ~~(Oct 2010-DEVIATION (Date))~~. As prescribed in ~~(m) and (b) 15.110(u)(1)~~, substitute the following paragraph (b)(1) for paragraph (b)(1) of the basic clause.

(b)(1) The Contractor shall submit certified cost or pricing data, data other than certified cost or pricing data, and supporting attachments prepared in the following format: \_\_\_\_\_ [Insert description of the data and format that are required and include access to records necessary to permit an adequate evaluation of the proposed price in accordance with [15.408-2, Table 15-1](#), Note 2. The description may be inserted at the time of issuing the ~~solicitation~~[request for proposals](#), or the Contracting Officer may specify that the offeror's format will be acceptable, or the description may be inserted as the result of negotiations.];

Alternate II (Oct 1997). As prescribed in ~~(15.110(u)(2))~~, add the following paragraph (c) to the basic clause:

(c) When the proposal is submitted, also submit one copy each to: (1) the Administrative Contracting Officer, and (2) the Contract Auditor.

Alternate III (Oct 1997). As prescribed in ~~(15.110(u)(3))~~, add the following paragraph (c) to the basic clause (if Alternate II is also used, redesignate the following paragraph as paragraph (d)):

(c) Submit the cost portion of the proposal via the following electronic media: \_\_\_\_\_ [Insert media format]

Alternate IV ~~(Oct 2010-DEVIATION (Date))~~. As prescribed in ~~(15.110(u)(4))~~, replace the text of the basic clause with the following:

Submission of certified cost or pricing data is not required.

Provide data described below: \_\_\_\_\_ [Insert description of the data and the format that are required, including the access to records necessary to permit an adequate evaluation of the proposed price in accordance with ~~15.4.~~]

52.215-22 Limitations on Pass-Through Charges-Identification of Subcontract Effort.

As prescribed in [15.110\(v\)\(1\)](#), use the following provision:

Limitations On Pass-Through Charges-Identification Of Subcontract Effort (~~Oct 2009~~[Deviation Date](#))

Definitions. Added value, excessive pass-through charge, subcontract, and subcontractor, as used in this provision, are defined in the clause of this ~~solicitation~~[request for proposals](#) entitled "Limitations on Pass-Through Charges" (FAR 52.215-23).

General. The offeror's proposal shall exclude excessive pass-through charges.

Performance of work by the Contractor or a subcontractor.

The offeror shall identify in its proposal the total cost of the work to be performed by the offeror, and ~~the total~~[the total](#) cost ~~of the~~[of the](#) work to be performed by each subcontractor, under the contract, task order, or delivery order.

If the offeror intends to subcontract more than 70 percent of the total cost of work to be performed under ~~the contract~~[the contract](#), task order, or delivery order, the offeror shall identify in its proposal-

The amount of the offeror's indirect costs and profit/fee applicable to the work to be performed by ~~the subcontractor~~ [the subcontractor](#)(s); and

A description of the added value provided by the offeror as related to the work to be performed by ~~the subcontractor~~ [the subcontractor](#)(s).

(3) If any subcontractor proposed under the contract, task order, or delivery order intends to subcontract to a lower-tier subcontractor more than 70 percent of the total cost of work to be performed under its subcontract, the offeror shall identify in its proposal-

The amount of the subcontractor's indirect costs and profit/fee applicable to the work to be performed by ~~the lower-tier subcontractor~~ [the lower-tier subcontractor](#)(s); and

A description of the added value provided by the subcontractor as related to the work to be performed by ~~the lower-tier subcontractor~~ [the lower-tier subcontractor](#)(s).

(End of provision)

#### 52.215-23 Limitations on Pass-Through Charges.

As prescribed in [§ 15.110\(v\)](#)(2), use the following clause:

Limitations on Pass-Through Charges (~~Jun-2020~~ [Deviation Date](#))

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Added value means that the Contractor performs subcontract management functions that the Contracting Officer determines are a benefit to the Government (e.g., processing orders of parts or services, maintaining inventory, reducing delivery lead times, managing multiple sources for contract requirements, coordinating deliveries, performing quality assurance functions).

Excessive pass-through charge, with respect to a Contractor or subcontractor that adds no or negligible value to a contract or subcontract, means a charge to the Government by the Contractor or subcontractor that is for indirect costs or profit/fee on work performed by a subcontractor (other than charges for the costs of managing subcontracts and any applicable indirect costs and associated profit/fee based on such costs).

No or negligible value means the Contractor or subcontractor cannot demonstrate to the Contracting Officer that its effort added value to the contract or subcontract in accomplishing the work performed under the contract (including task or delivery orders).

Subcontract means any contract, as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) ~~7~~ [2.101](#), entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of the contract or a subcontract. It includes but is not limited to purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.

Subcontractor, as defined in FAR ~~part 44~~ [part 44](#), means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm that furnishes supplies or services to or for a prime Contractor or another subcontractor.

General. The Government will not pay excessive pass-through charges. The Contracting Officer shall determine if excessive pass-through charges exist.

Reporting. Required reporting of performance of work by the Contractor or a subcontractor. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing if-

The Contractor changes the amount of subcontract effort after award such that it exceeds 70 percent of ~~the total~~the total cost ~~of work of work~~ to be performed under the contract, task order, or delivery order. The notification shall identify the revised cost of the subcontract effort and shall include verification that the Contractor will provide added value; or

Any subcontractor changes the amount of lower-tier subcontractor effort after award such that it exceeds ~~70 percent of the~~70 percent of the total cost of the work to be performed under its subcontract. The notification shall identify the revised cost of the subcontract effort and shall include verification that the subcontractor will provide added value as related to the work to be performed by the lower-tier subcontractor(s).

(d) Recovery of excessive pass-through charges. If the Contracting Officer determines that excessive ~~pass-through~~passthrough charges exist;

For other than fixed-price contracts, the excessive pass-through charges are unallowable in accordance ~~with the provisions~~with the provisions in FAR ~~subpart 31~~; and

For applicable DoD fixed-price contracts, as identified in ~~15.110(v)~~15.110(v)(2)(i)(B), the Government shall ~~be entitled~~be entitled to a price reduction for the amount of excessive pass-through charges included in the contract price. (e) Access to records.

The Contracting Officer, or authorized representative, shall have the right to examine and audit all ~~the Contractor's records~~the Contractor's records (as defined at FAR 52.215-2(a)) necessary to determine whether the Contractor proposed, billed, or claimed excessive pass-through charges.

For those subcontracts to which paragraph (f) of this clause applies, the Contracting Officer, or authorized representative, shall have the right to examine and audit all the subcontractor's records (as defined at FAR 52.215-2(a)) necessary to determine whether the subcontractor proposed, billed, or claimed excessive ~~pass-through~~passthrough charges.

(f) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), in all cost reimbursement subcontracts under this contract that exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101 on the date of subcontract award, except if the contract is with DoD, then insert in all ~~cost reimbursement~~cost reimbursement subcontracts and fixed-price subcontracts, except those identified in FAR ~~(15.110(v))~~(15.110(v))(2)(i)(B)(2), that exceed the threshold for obtaining cost or pricing data in FAR 15.403-3(a) on the date of subcontract award.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Oct 2009). As prescribed in ~~(15.110(v))~~(15.110(v))(2)(iii), substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the ~~basic~~ clause:

(b) General. The Government will not pay excessive pass-through charges. The Contracting Officer has determined that there will be no excessive pass-through charges, provided the Contractor performs the disclosed value-added functions. ~~52.216 [Reserved]~~

52.216 [Reserved]

52.216-1 Type of Contract.

~~52.216-1 Type of Contract.~~

As prescribed in 16.104, complete and insert the following provision:

Type of Contract (~~Apr 1984~~ DEVIATION DATE)

The Government contemplates award of a \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert specific type of contract]  
contract resulting from this solicitation.

(End of provision)

~~52.216-2 Economic Price Adjustment-Standard Supplies.~~

Alternate I (DEVIATION DATE). As prescribed in 16.104, Include the following as paragraph (a) of the basic provision:

Offerors may propose an alternative contract type.

52.216-2 Economic Price Adjustment-Standard Supplies.

~~As prescribed in 16.203-4(a)~~, insert the following clause:

Economic Price Adjustment-Standard Supplies (Nov 2021)

(a) The Contractor warrants that the unit price stated in the Schedule for \_\_\_\_\_ [offeror insert Schedule line item number] is not in excess of the Contractor's applicable established price in effect on the contract date for like quantities of the same item. The term "unit price" excludes any part of the price directly resulting from requirements for preservation, packaging, or packing beyond standard commercial practice. The term "established price" means a price that-

Is an established catalog or market price for a commercial product sold in substantial quantities to the ~~general public;~~ general public; and

Is the net price after applying any standard trade discounts offered by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of the amount and effective date of ~~each decrease~~ each decrease in ~~any applicable~~ any applicable established price. Each corresponding contract unit price shall be decreased by the same percentage that the established price is decreased. The decrease shall apply to those items delivered on and after the effective date of the decrease in the Contractor's established price, and this contract shall be modified accordingly.

If the Contractor's applicable established price is increased after the contract date, the corresponding ~~contract unit prices shall~~ contract unit price shall be increased, upon the Contractor's written request to the Contracting Officer, by the same percentage that the established price is increased, and the contract shall be modified accordingly, subject to the following limitations:

The aggregate of the increases in any contract unit price under this clause shall not exceed 10 percent of ~~the original contract~~ the original contract unit price.

The increased contract unit price shall be effective-

On the effective date of the increase in the applicable established price if the Contracting Officer receives the Contractor's written request within 10 days thereafter; or

If the written request is received later, on the date the Contracting Officer receives the request.

The increased contract unit price shall not apply to quantities scheduled under the contract for delivery ~~before the effective~~ before the effective date of the increased contract unit price, unless failure to deliver before that date results from causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor, within the meaning of the Default clause.

No modification increasing a contract unit price shall be executed under this paragraph (c) until ~~the Contracting Officer verifies~~ the Contracting Officer verifies the increase in the applicable established price.

Within 30 days after receipt of the Contractor's written request, the Contracting Officer may cancel, ~~without liability to either~~ without liability to either party, any undelivered portion of the contract items affected by the requested increase.

(d) During the time allowed for the cancellation provided for in paragraph (c)(5) of this clause, and thereafter if there is no cancellation, the Contractor shall continue deliveries according to the contract delivery schedule, and the Government shall pay for such deliveries at the contract unit price, increased to the extent provided by paragraph (c) of this clause.

(End of clause)

#### 52.216-3 Economic Price Adjustment-Semistandard Supplies.

As prescribed in ~~16.203-4(b)~~, insert the following clause:

##### Economic Price Adjustment-Semistandard Supplies (Nov 2021)

The Contractor warrants that the supplies identified as line items \_\_\_\_\_ [offeror insert Schedule line item number] in the Schedule are, except for modifications required by the contract specifications, supplies for which it has an established price. The term "established price" means a price that (1) is an established catalog or market price for a commercial product sold in substantial quantities to the general public, and (2) is the net price after applying any standard trade discounts offered by the Contractor. The Contractor further warrants that, as of the date of this contract, any difference between the unit prices stated in the contract for these line items and the Contractor's established prices for like quantities of the nearest commercial equivalents are due to compliance with contract specifications and with any contract requirements for preservation, packaging, and packing beyond standard commercial practice.

The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of the amount and effective date of ~~each decrease~~ each decrease in ~~any applicable~~ any applicable established price. Each corresponding contract unit price (exclusive of any part of the unit price that reflects modifications resulting from compliance with specifications or with requirements for preservation, packaging, and packing beyond standard commercial practice) shall be



decreased by the same percentage that the established price is decreased. The decrease shall apply to those items delivered on and after the effective date of the decrease in the Contractor's established price, and this contract shall be modified accordingly.

If the Contractor's applicable established price is increased after the contract date, the corresponding ~~contract unit~~contract unit price (exclusive of any part of the unit price resulting from compliance with specifications or with requirements for preservation, packaging, and packing beyond standard commercial practice) shall be increased, upon the Contractor's written request to the Contracting Officer, by the same percentage that the established price is increased, and the contract shall be modified accordingly, subject to the following limitations:

The aggregate of the increases in any contract unit price under this clause shall not exceed 10 percent of ~~the original contract~~the original contract unit price.

The increased contract unit price shall be effective-

On the effective date of the increase in the applicable established price if the Contracting Officer receives the Contractor's written request within 10 days thereafter; or

If the written request is received later, on the date the Contracting Officer receives the request.

The increased contract unit price shall not apply to quantities scheduled under the contract for delivery ~~before the effective~~before the effective date of the increased contract unit price, unless failure to deliver before that date results from causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor, within the meaning of the Default clause.

No modification increasing a contract unit price shall be executed under this paragraph (c) until ~~the Contracting Officer verifies~~the Contracting Officer verifies the increase in the applicable established price.

Within 30 days after receipt of the Contractor's written request, the Contracting Officer may cancel, ~~without liability to either~~without liability to either party, any undelivered portion of the contract items affected by the requested increase.

(d) During the time allowed for the cancellation provided for in paragraph (c)(5) of this clause, and thereafter if there is no cancellation, the Contractor shall continue deliveries according to the contract delivery schedule, and the Government shall pay for such deliveries at the contract unit price, increased to the extent provided by paragraph (c) of this clause.

(End of clause)

#### 52.216-4 Economic Price Adjustment-Labor and Material.

As prescribed in ~~16.203-4~~(c), insert the following clause:

#### Economic Price Adjustment-Labor and Material (Jan 2017)

The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer if, at any time during contract performance, the rate ~~of pay~~of pay for labor (including fringe benefits) or the unit prices for material shown in the Schedule either increase or decrease. The Contractor shall furnish this notice within 60 days after the increase or decrease, or

within any additional period that the Contracting Officer may approve in writing, but not later than the date of final payment under this contract. The notice shall include the Contractor's proposal for an adjustment in the contract unit prices to be negotiated under paragraph (b) of this clause, and shall include, in the form required by the

Contracting Officer, supporting data explaining the cause, effective date, and amount of the increase or decrease and the amount of the Contractor's adjustment proposal.

Promptly after the Contracting Officer receives the notice and data under paragraph (a) of this clause, ~~the Contracting~~

~~the~~Contracting Officer and the Contractor shall negotiate a price adjustment in the contract unit prices and its effective date. However, the Contracting Officer may postpone the negotiations until an accumulation of increases and decreases in the labor rates (including fringe benefits) and unit prices of material shown in the Schedule results in an adjustment allowable under paragraph (c)(3) of this clause. The Contracting Officer shall modify this contract (1)to include the price adjustment and its effective date and (2)to revise the labor rates (including fringe benefits) or unit prices of material as shown in the Schedule to reflect the increases or decreases resulting from the adjustment. The Contractor shall continue performance pending agreement on, or determination of, any adjustment and its effective date.

Any price adjustment under this clause is subject to the following limitations:

(1) Any adjustment shall be limited to the effect on unit prices of the increases or decreases in the rates of pay for labor (including fringe benefits) or unit prices for material shown in the Schedule. There shall be no adjustment for-

Supplies or services for which the production cost is not affected by such changes;

Changes in rates or unit prices other than those shown in the Schedule; or

Changes in the quantities of labor or material used from those shown in the Schedule for each item.

No upward adjustment shall apply to supplies or services that are required to be delivered or ~~performed before the effective~~performedbefore the effective date of the adjustment, unless the Contractor's failure to deliver or perform according to the delivery schedule results from causes beyond the Contractor's control and without its fault or negligence, within the meaning of the Default clause.

There shall be no adjustment for any change in rates of pay for labor (including fringe benefits) or unit ~~prices for material~~pricesfor material which would not result in a net change of at least 3 percent of the then-current total contract price. This limitation shall not apply, however, if, after final delivery of all line items, either party requests an adjustment under paragraph (b) of this clause.

The aggregate of the increases in any contract unit price made under this clause shall not exceed 10 ~~percent of the original~~percentof the original unit price. There is no percentage limitation on the amount of decreases that may be made under this clause.

(d) The Contracting Officer may examine the Contractor's books, records, and other supporting data relevant to the cost of labor (including fringe benefits) and material during all reasonable times until the end of 3 years

~~after the date of final payment under this contract or the time periods specified in of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), whichever is earlier.~~

the date of final payment under this contract or the time periods specified in subpart 4.7 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), whichever is earlier.

(End of clause)

52.216-5 Price Redetermination-Prospective.

~~52.216-5 Price Redetermination-Prospective:~~

As prescribed in 16.205-4, insert the following clause:

Price Redetermination-Prospective (Jan 2022)

(a) General. The unit prices and the total price stated in this contract shall be periodically redetermined in accordance with this clause, except that-

The prices for supplies delivered and services performed before the first effective date of ~~price redetermination~~ ~~(see paragraph~~ price redetermination (see paragraph (c) of this clause) shall remain fixed; and

In no event shall the total amount paid under this contract exceed any ceiling price included in the contract.

Definition. "Costs," as used in this clause, means allowable costs in accordance with part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) in effect on the date of this contract.

Price redetermination periods. For the purpose of price redetermination, performance of this contract is divided into successive periods. The first period shall extend from the date of the contract to \_\_\_\_\_, (see Note(1)) and the second and each succeeding period shall extend for \_\_\_\_\_ [insert appropriate number] months from the end of the last preceding period, except that the parties may agree to vary the length of the final period. The first day of the second and each succeeding period shall be the effective date of price redetermination for that period.

Data submission.

(1) Not more than \_\_\_\_\_ nor less than \_\_\_\_\_ (see Note (2)) days before the end of each redetermination period, except the last, the Contractor shall submit-

(i) Proposed prices for supplies that may be delivered or services that may be performed in the next succeeding period, and-

An estimate and breakdown of the costs of these supplies or services in the format of ~~, FAR, or in any other form on which the parties may agree;~~ Table 15-1, FAR

15.408, or in any other form on which the parties may agree;

Sufficient data to support the accuracy and reliability of this estimate; and

An explanation of the differences between this estimate and the original (or last preceding) estimate for ~~the same supplies~~ thesame supplies or services; and

(ii) A statement of all costs incurred in performing this contract through the end of the \_\_\_\_\_ month (see Note (3)) before the submission of proposed prices in the format of ~~FAR~~ Table 15-1, FAR 15.408 (or in any other form on which the parties may agree), with sufficient supporting data to disclose unit costs and cost trends for-

Supplies delivered and services performed; and

Inventories of work in process and undelivered contract supplies on hand (estimated to the extent necessary).

(2) The Contractor shall also submit, to the extent that it becomes available before negotiations on redetermined prices are concluded-

(i) Supplemental statements of costs incurred after the date stated in subdivision (d)(1)(ii) of this section for-

Supplies delivered and services performed; and

Inventories of work in process and undelivered contract supplies on hand (estimated to the extent necessary);and

(ii) Any other relevant data that the Contracting Officer may reasonably require.

(3) If the Contractor fails to submit the data required by paragraphs (d)(1) and (2) of this section, within the time specified, the Contracting Officer may suspend payments under this contract until the data are furnished. If it is later determined that the Government has overpaid the Contractor, the Contractor shall repay the excess to the Government immediately. Unless repaid within 30 days after the end of the data submittal period, the amount of the excess shall bear interest, computed from the date the data were due to the date of repayment, at the rate established in accordance with the Interest clause.

Price redetermination. Upon the Contracting Officer's receipt of the data required by paragraph (d) of this section, the Contracting Officer and the Contractor shall promptly negotiate to redetermine fair and reasonable prices for supplies that may be delivered or services that may be performed in the period following the effective date of price redetermination.

Contract modifications. Each negotiated redetermination of prices shall be evidenced by a modification to this contract, signed by the Contractor and the Contracting Officer, stating the redetermined prices that apply during the redetermination period.

Adjusting billing prices. Pending execution of the contract modification (see paragraph (f) of this section), the Contractor shall submit invoices or vouchers in accordance with the billing prices stated in this contract. If at any time it appears that the then-current billing prices will be substantially greater than the estimated final prices, or if the Contractor submits data showing that the redetermined price will be substantially greater than the current billing prices, the parties shall negotiate an appropriate decrease or increase in billing prices. Any billing price adjustment shall be reflected in a contract modification and shall not affect the redetermination of prices under this clause. After the contract modification for price redetermination is executed, the total amount

paid or to be paid on all invoices or vouchers shall be adjusted to reflect the agreed-upon prices, and any requested additional payments, refunds, or credits shall be made promptly.

Quarterly limitation on payments statement. This paragraph (h) applies only during periods for which firm prices have not been established.

(1) Within 45 days after the end of the quarter of the Contractor's fiscal year in which a delivery is first made (or services are first performed) and accepted by the Government under this contract, and for each quarter thereafter, the Contractor shall submit to the contract administration office (with a copy to the contracting office and the cognizant contract auditor) a statement, cumulative from the beginning of the contract, showing-

The total contract price of all supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government ~~and for which final~~and for which final prices have been established;

The total costs (estimated to the extent necessary) reasonably incurred for, and properly allocable solely to, the ~~supplies delivered~~supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government and for which final prices have not been established;

The portion of the total interim profit (used in establishing the initial contract price or agreed to for ~~the purpose~~the purpose of ~~this paragraph~~this paragraph (h)) that is in direct proportion to the supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government and for which final prices have not been established; and

The total amount of all invoices or vouchers for supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted ~~by the Government~~by the Government (including amounts applied or to be applied to liquidate progress payments).

The statement required by paragraph (h)(1) of this section need not be submitted for any quarter for ~~which either no costs~~which either no costs are to be reported under subdivision (h)(1)(ii) of this section, or revised billing prices have been established in accordance with paragraph (g) of this section, and do not exceed the existing contract price, the Contractor's ~~price redetermination~~price-redetermination proposal, or a price based on the most recent quarterly statement, whichever is least.

Notwithstanding any provision of this contract authorizing greater payments, if on any quarterly ~~statement the amount under~~statement the amount under subdivision (h)(1)(iv) of this section exceeds the sum due the Contractor, as computed in accordance with subdivisions (h)(1)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this section, the Contractor shall immediately refund or credit to the Government the amount of this excess. The Contractor may, when appropriate, reduce this refund or credit by the amount of previous refunds or credits affected under this clause. If any portion of the excess has been applied to the liquidation of progress payments, then that portion may, instead of being refunded, be added to the unliquidated progress payment account, consistent with the Progress Payments clause. The Contractor shall provide complete details to support any claimed reductions in refunds.

If the Contractor fails to submit the quarterly statement within 45 days after the end of each quarter and it ~~is later determined~~is later determined that the Government has overpaid the Contractor, the Contractor shall repay the excess to the Government immediately. Unless repaid within 30 days after the end of the statement submittal period, the amount of the excess shall bear interest, computed from the date the quarterly statement was due to the date of repayment, at the rate established in accordance with the Interest clause.

Subcontracts. No subcontract placed under this contract may provide for payment on a cost-plus-a-~~percentage~~percentage-of-cost~~basis~~cost- basis.

Disagreements. If the Contractor and the Contracting Officer fail to agree upon redetermined prices for any price redetermination period within 60 days (or within such other period as the parties agree) after the date on which the data required by paragraph (d) of this section are to be submitted, the Contracting Officer shall promptly issue a decision in accordance with the Disputes clause. For the purpose of paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) of this section, and pending final settlement of the disagreement on appeal, by failure to appeal, or by agreement, this decision shall be treated as an executed contract modification. Pending final settlement, price redetermination for subsequent periods, if any, shall continue to be negotiated as provided in this clause.

Termination. If this contract is terminated, prices shall continue to be established in accordance with this clause for (1) completed supplies and services accepted by the Government and (2) those supplies and services not terminated under a partial termination. All other elements of the termination shall be resolved in accordance with other applicable clauses of this contract.

Notes:

Express in terms of units delivered, or as a date; but in either case the period should end on the last day of a ~~month~~month.

Insert the number of days chosen so that the Contractor's submission will be late enough to reflect recent cost experience (taking into account the Contractor's accounting system), but early enough to permit review, audit (if necessary), and negotiation before the start of the prospective period.

Insert "first," except that "second" may be inserted if necessary to achieve compatibility with the Contractor's accounting system.

(End of clause)

52.216-6 Price Redetermination-Retroactive.

As prescribed in 16.206-4 , insert the following clause:

Price Redetermination-Retroactive (Jan 2022)

General. The unit price and the total price stated in this contract shall be redetermined in accordance with this clause, but in no event shall the total amount paid under this contract exceed \_\_\_\_\_ [insert dollar amount of ceiling price].

Definition. "Costs," as used in this clause, means allowable costs in accordance with part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) in effect on the date of this contract.

Data submission.

(1) Within \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert number of days] days after delivery of all supplies to be delivered and completion of all services to be performed under this contract, the Contractor shall submit-

(i) Proposed prices;

A statement in the format of ~~FAR Table 15-1~~, [FAR 15.408](#), or in any other form on which the parties may agree, of all costs incurred in performing the contract; and

Any other relevant data that the Contracting Officer may reasonably require.

(2) If the Contractor fails to submit the data required by paragraph (c)(1) of this section within the time specified, the Contracting Officer may suspend payments under this contract until the data are furnished. If it is later determined that the Government has overpaid the Contractor, the excess shall be repaid to the Government immediately. Unless repaid within 30 days after the end of the data submittal period, the amount of the excess shall bear interest, computed from the date the data were due to the date of repayment, at the rate established in accordance with the Interest clause.

Price determination. Upon the Contracting Officer's receipt of the data required by paragraph (c) of this section, the Contracting Officer and the Contractor shall promptly negotiate to redetermine fair and reasonable prices for supplies delivered and services performed by the Contractor under this contract.

Contract modification. The negotiated redetermination of price shall be evidenced by a modification to this contract, signed by the Contractor and the Contracting Officer.

Adjusting billing prices. Pending execution of the contract modification (see paragraph (e) of this section), the Contractor shall submit invoices or vouchers in accordance with billing prices stated in this contract. If at any time it appears that the then-current billing prices will be substantially greater than the estimated final prices, or if the Contractor submits data showing that the redetermined prices will be substantially greater than the current billing prices, the parties shall negotiate an appropriate decrease or increase in billing prices. Any billing price adjustment shall be reflected in a contract modification and shall not affect the redetermination of prices under this clause. After the contract modification for price redetermination is executed, the total amount paid or to be paid on all invoices or vouchers shall be adjusted to reflect the agreed-upon prices, and any resulting additional payments, refunds, or credits shall be made promptly.

Quarterly limitation on payments statement. This paragraph (g) shall apply until final price redetermination under this contract has been completed.

(1) Within 45 days after the end of the quarter of the Contractor's fiscal year in which a delivery is first made (or services are first performed) and accepted by the Government under this contract, and for each quarter thereafter, the Contractor shall submit to the contract administration office (with a copy to the contracting office and the cognizant contract auditor), a statement, cumulative from the beginning of the contract, showing-

The total contract price of all supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government ~~and for which final~~ [and for which final](#) prices have been established;

The total costs (estimated to the extent necessary) reasonably incurred for, and properly allocable solely to, the ~~supplies delivered~~ [supplies delivered](#) (or services performed) and accepted by the Government and for which final prices have not been established;

The portion of the total interim profit (used in establishing the initial contract price or agreed to for ~~the purpose~~ [the purpose](#) of ~~this paragraph~~ [this paragraph](#) (g)) that is in direct proportion to the supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government and for which final prices have not been established; and

The total amount of all invoices or vouchers for supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted ~~by the Government~~by the Government (including amounts applied or to be applied to liquidate progress payments).

Notwithstanding any provision of this contract authorizing greater payments, if on any quarterly ~~statement the amount under~~statement the amount under subdivision (g)(1)(iv) of this section exceeds the sum due the Contractor, as computed in accordance with subdivisions (g)(1)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this section, the Contractor shall immediately refund or credit to the Government the amount of this excess. The Contractor may, when appropriate, reduce this refund or credit by the amount of previous refunds or credits effected under this clause. If any portion of the excess has been applied to the liquidation of progress payments, then that portion may, instead of being refunded, be added to the unliquidated progress payment account, consistent with the Progress Payments clause. The Contractor shall provide complete details to support any claimed reduction in refunds.

If the Contractor fails to submit the quarterly statement within 45 days after the end of each quarter and it ~~is later determined~~is later determined that the Government has overpaid the Contractor, the Contractor shall repay the excess to the Government immediately. Unless repaid within 30 days after the end of the statement submittal period, the amount of the excess shall bear interest, computed from the date the quarterly statement was due to the date of repayment, at the rate established in accordance with the Interest clause.

Subcontracts. No subcontract placed under this contract may provide for payment on a cost-plus-~~a~~a percentage-of-cost basis.

Disagreements. If the Contractor and the Contracting Officer fail to agree upon redetermined prices within 60 days (or within such other period as the parties agree) after the date on which the data required by paragraph (c) of this section are to be submitted, the Contracting Officer shall promptly issue a decision in accordance with the Disputes clause. For the purpose of paragraphs (e), (f), and (g) of this section, and pending final settlement of the disagreement on appeal, by failure to appeal, or by agreement, this decision shall be treated as an executed contract modification.

Termination. If this contract is terminated before price redetermination, prices shall be established in accordance with this clause for completed supplies and services not terminated. All other elements of the termination shall be resolved in accordance with other applicable clauses of this contract.

(End of clause)

#### 52.216-7 Allowable Cost and Payment.

As prescribed in 16.305(a), insert the following clause:

Allowable Cost and Payment (~~Aug 2018~~DEVIATION DATE)

(a) Invoicing.

The Government will make payments to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but (except ~~for small business~~for small business concerns) not more often than once every 2 weeks, in amounts determined to be allowable by the Contracting Officer in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) subpart 31.2 in effect on the date of this contract and the terms of this contract. The Contractor may submit to an authorized



representative of the Contracting Officer, in such form and reasonable detail as the representative may require, an invoice or voucher supported by a statement of the claimed allowable cost for performing this contract.

Contract financing payments are not subject to the interest penalty provisions of the Prompt Payment Act. ~~Interim payments~~ Interim payments made prior to the final payment under the contract are contract financing payments, except interim payments if this contract contains Alternate I to the clause at 52.232-25.

The designated payment office will make interim payments for contract financing on the \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert day as prescribed by agency head; if not prescribed, insert "30th"] day after the designated billing office receives a proper payment request. In the event that the Government requires an audit or other review of a specific payment request to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, the designated payment office is not compelled to make payment by the specified due date.

(b) Reimbursing costs.

(1) For the purpose of reimbursing allowable costs (except as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause, with respect to pension, deferred profit sharing, and employee stock ownership plan contributions), the term "costs" includes only—

Those recorded costs that, at the time of the request for reimbursement, the Contractor has paid by cash, check, or ~~other form~~ other form of actual payment for items or services purchased directly for the contract;

When the Contractor is not delinquent in paying costs of contract performance in the ordinary course of ~~business, costs incurred~~ business, costs incurred, but not necessarily paid, for—

(A) Supplies and services purchased directly for the contract and associated financing payments to subcontractors, provided payments determined due will be made—

In accordance with the terms and conditions of a subcontract or invoice; and

Ordinarily within 30 days of the submission of the Contractor's payment request to the Government;

Materials issued from the Contractor's inventory and placed in the production process for use on ~~the contract~~ the contract;

Direct labor;

Direct travel;

Other direct in-house costs; and

Properly allocable and allowable indirect costs, as shown in the records maintained by the Contractor ~~for purposes of obtaining~~ for purposes of obtaining reimbursement under Government contracts; and

(iii) The amount of financing payments that have been paid by cash, check, or other forms of payment to subcontractors.

(2) Accrued costs of Contractor contributions under employee pension plans shall be excluded until actually paid unless ~~(1)~~ (1)—

The Contractor's practice is to make contributions to the retirement fund quarterly or more frequently; and

(ii) ~~The contribution does not remain unpaid 30 days after the end of the applicable quarter or shorter payment period~~ ~~payment period~~ (any contribution remaining unpaid shall be excluded from the Contractor's indirect costs for payment purposes).

Notwithstanding the audit and adjustment of invoices or vouchers under paragraph (g) of this clause, allowable ~~indirect costs~~ ~~indirect costs~~ under this contract shall be obtained by applying indirect cost rates established in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause.

Any statements in specifications or other documents incorporated in this contract by reference ~~designating performance of~~ ~~designating performance of~~ services or furnishing of materials at the Contractor's expense or at no cost to the Government shall be disregarded for purposes of cost-reimbursement under this clause.

Small business concerns. A small business concern may receive more frequent payments than every 2 weeks.

Final indirect cost rates.

(1) Final annual indirect cost rates and the appropriate bases shall be established in accordance with [subpart 42.7](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) in effect for the period covered by the indirect cost rate proposal.

(2)

The Contractor shall submit an adequate final indirect cost rate proposal to the Contracting Officer (~~or cognizant Federal agency~~ ~~or cognizant Federal agency~~ official) and auditor within the 6-month period following the expiration of each of its fiscal years. Reasonable extensions, for exceptional circumstances only, may be requested in writing by the Contractor and granted in writing by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall support its proposal with adequate supporting data.

The proposed rates shall be based on the Contractor's actual cost experience for that period. The appropriate Government representative and the Contractor shall establish the final indirect cost rates as promptly as practical after receipt of the Contractor's proposal.

An adequate indirect cost rate proposal shall include the following data unless otherwise specified by ~~the cognizant Federal~~ ~~the cognizant Federal~~ agency official:

Summary of all claimed indirect expense rates, including pool, base, and calculated indirect rate.

General and Administrative expenses (final indirect cost pool). Schedule of claimed expenses by element of cost as identified in accounting records (Chart of Accounts).

Overhead expenses (final indirect cost pool). Schedule of claimed expenses by element of cost as identified in accounting records (Chart of Accounts) for each final indirect cost pool.

Occupancy expenses (intermediate indirect cost pool). Schedule of claimed expenses by element of cost as identified in accounting records (Chart of Accounts) and expense reallocation to final indirect cost pools.

Claimed allocation bases, by element of cost, used to distribute indirect costs.

Facilities capital cost of money factors computation.

Reconciliation of books of account (i.e., General Ledger) and claimed direct costs by major cost element.

Schedule of direct costs by contract and subcontract and indirect expense applied at claimed rates, as well as ~~as a subsidiary~~ as a subsidiary schedule of Government participation percentages in each of the allocation base amounts.

Schedule of cumulative direct and indirect costs claimed and billed by contract and subcontract.

Subcontract information. Listing of subcontracts awarded to companies for which the contractor is the prime or ~~upper tier~~ upper-tier contractor (include prime and subcontract numbers; subcontract value and award type; amount claimed during the fiscal year; and the subcontractor name, address, and point of contact information).

Summary of each time-and-materials and labor-hour contract information, including labor categories, ~~labor rates~~ labor rates, hours, and amounts; direct materials; other direct costs; and, indirect expense applied at claimed rates.

Reconciliation of total payroll per IRS form 941 to total labor costs distribution.

Listing of decisions/agreements/approvals and description of accounting/organizational changes.

Certificate of final indirect costs (see 52.242-4, Certification of Final Indirect Costs).

Contract closing information for contracts physically completed in this fiscal year (include contract number, period ~~of performance~~ of performance, contract ceiling amounts, contract fee computations, level of effort, and indicate if the contract is ready to close).

(iv) The following supplemental information is not required to determine if a proposal is adequate, but may be required during the audit process:

Comparative analysis of indirect expense pools detailed by account to prior fiscal year and budgetary data.

General organizational information and limitation on allowability of compensation for certain ~~contractor personnel~~ contractor personnel. See ~~(~~ 31.205-6(p)). Additional salary reference information is available at [https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-](https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/ContractorCompensationCapContractsAwardedBeforeJune24.pdf)

[content/uploads/2017/11/ContractorCompensationCapContractsAwardedBeforeJune24.pdf](https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/ContractorCompensationCapContractsAwardedBeforeJune24.pdf) and <https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2017/11/ContractorCompensationCapContractsAwardedafterJune24.pdf>.

~~(C)~~ Identification of prime contracts under which the contractor performs as a subcontractor.

Description of accounting system (excludes contractors required to submit a CAS Disclosure Statement ~~of~~ of ~~contractors where~~ or contractors where the description of the accounting system has not changed from the previous year's submission).

Procedures for identifying and excluding unallowable costs from the costs claimed and billed (~~excludes contractors where~~excludes contractors where the procedures have not changed from the previous year's submission).

Certified financial statements and other financial data (e.g., trial balance, compilation, review, etc.).

Management letter from outside CPAs concerning any internal control weaknesses.

Actions that have been and/or will be implemented to correct the weaknesses described in the ~~management letter from subparagraph~~management letter from subparagraph (G) of this section.

List of all internal audit reports issued since the last disclosure of internal audit reports to the Government.

Annual internal audit plan of scheduled audits to be performed in the fiscal year when the final indirect ~~cost rates submission~~cost rate submission is made.

Federal and State income tax returns.

Securities and Exchange Commission 10-K annual report.

Minutes from board of directors meetings.

Listing of delay claims and termination claims submitted which contain costs relating to the subject ~~fiscal year~~fiscal year.

Contract briefings, which generally include a synopsis of all pertinent contract provisions, such as: ~~contract type~~contract type, contract amount, product or service(s) to be provided, contract performance period, rate ceilings, advance approval requirements, pre-contract cost allowability limitations, and billing limitations.

(v) The Contractor shall update the billings on all contracts to reflect the final settled rates and update the schedule of cumulative direct and indirect costs claimed and billed, as required in paragraph (d)(2)(iii)(I) of this section, within 60 days after settlement of final indirect cost rates.

The Contractor and the appropriate Government representative shall execute a written understanding ~~setting forth the final~~setting forth the final indirect cost rates. The understanding shall specify (i) the agreed-upon final annual indirect cost rates, (ii) the bases to which the rates apply, (iii) the periods for which the rates apply, (iv) any specific indirect cost items treated as direct costs in the settlement, and (v) the affected contract and/or subcontract, identifying any with advance agreements or special terms and the applicable rates. The understanding shall not change any monetary ceiling, contract obligation, or specific cost allowance or disallowance provided for in this contract. The understanding is incorporated into this contract upon execution.

Failure by the parties to agree on a final annual indirect cost rate shall be a dispute within the meaning of ~~the Disputes clause~~the Disputes clause.

Within 120 days (or longer period if approved in writing by the Contracting Officer) after settlement of ~~the final annual indirect~~the final annual indirect cost rates for all years of a physically complete contract, the Contractor shall submit a completion invoice or voucher to reflect the settled amounts and rates. The completion invoice or voucher shall include settled subcontract amounts and rates. The prime contractor is responsible for settling

subcontractor amounts and rates included in the completion invoice or voucher and providing status of subcontractor audits to the contracting officer upon request.

(6)

(i) If the Contractor fails to submit a completion invoice or voucher within the time specified in paragraph (d)(5) of this clause, the Contracting Officer may-

Determine the amounts due to the Contractor under the contract; and

Record this determination in a unilateral modification to the contract.

(ii) This determination constitutes the final decision of the Contracting Officer in accordance with the Disputes clause.

(e) Billing rates. Until final annual indirect cost rates are established for any period, the Government shall reimburse the Contractor at billing rates established by the Contracting Officer or by an authorized representative (the cognizant auditor), subject to adjustment when the final rates are established. These billing rates-

Shall be the anticipated final rates; and

May be prospectively or retroactively revised by mutual agreement, at either party's request, to ~~prevent substantial overpayment~~ prevent substantial overpayment or underpayment.

Quick-closeout procedures. Quick-closeout procedures are applicable when the conditions in FAR ~~42.708~~ 42.708(a) are satisfied.

Audit. At any time or times before final payment, the Contracting Officer may have the Contractor's invoices or vouchers and statements of cost audited. Any payment may be-

Reduced by amounts found by the Contracting Officer not to constitute allowable costs; or

Adjusted for prior overpayments or underpayments.

(h) Final payment.

Upon approval of a completion invoice or voucher submitted by the Contractor in accordance with paragraph(d)(5) ~~of this~~ of this clause, and upon the Contractor's compliance with all terms of this contract, the Government shall promptly pay any balance of allowable costs and that part of the fee (if any) not previously paid.

The Contractor shall pay to the Government any refunds, rebates, credits, or other amounts (~~including interest~~ including interest, if any) accruing to or received by the Contractor or any assignee under this contract, to the extent that those amounts are properly allocable to costs for which the Contractor has been reimbursed by the Government. Reasonable expenses incurred by the Contractor for securing refunds, rebates, credits, or other amounts shall be allowable costs if approved by the Contracting Officer. Before final payment under this contract, the Contractor and each assignee whose assignment is in effect at the time of final payment shall execute and deliver-

An assignment to the Government, in form and substance satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, of refunds, rebates, credits, or other amounts (including interest, if any) properly allocable to costs for which the Contractor has been reimbursed by the Government under this contract; and

A release discharging the Government, its officers, agents, and employees from all liabilities, obligations, ~~and claims arising~~ and claims arising out of or under this contract, except-

Specified claims stated in exact amounts, or in estimated amounts when the exact amounts are not known;

Claims (including reasonable incidental expenses) based upon liabilities of the Contractor to third ~~parties arising~~ parties arising out ~~of the~~ performance of this contract; provided, that the claims are not known to the Contractor on the date of the execution of the release, and that the Contractor gives notice of the claims in writing to the Contracting Officer within 6 years following the release date or notice of final payment date, whichever is earlier; and

Claims for reimbursement of costs, including reasonable incidental expenses, incurred by the ~~Contractor under the patent~~ Contractor under the patent clauses of this contract, excluding, however, any expenses arising from the Contractor's indemnification of the Government against patent liability.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Feb 1997). As prescribed in ~~(16.307~~ 16.307 (a)(2), substitute the following paragraph (b)(1)(iii) for paragraph (b)(1)(iii) of the basic clause:

(iii) The amount of progress and other payments to the Contractor's subcontractors that either have been paid, or that the Contractor is required to pay pursuant to the clause of this contract entitled "Prompt Payment for Construction Contracts." Payments shall be made by cash, check, or other form of payment to the Contractor's subcontractors under similar cost standards.

Alternate II (Aug 2012). As prescribed in 16.307 (a)(3), substitute the following paragraph (a)(1) for paragraph (a)(1) of the basic clause:

(a)(1) The Government will make payments to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but not more often than once every two weeks, in amounts determined to be allowable by the Contracting Officer in accordance with subpart 31.3 in effect on the date of this contract and the terms of this contract. The Contractor may submit to an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, in such form and reasonable detail as the representative may require, an invoice or voucher supported by a statement of the claimed allowable cost for performing this contract.

Alternate III (Aug 2012). As prescribed in ~~(16.307~~ 16.307 (a)(4), substitute the following paragraph (a)(1) for paragraph (a)(1) of the basic clause:

(a)(1) The Government will make payments to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but not more often than once every two weeks, in amounts determined to be allowable by the Contracting Officer in accordance with subpart 31.6 in effect on the date of this contract and the terms of this contract. The Contractor may submit to an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, in such form and reasonable detail as the representative may require, an invoice or voucher supported by a statement of the claimed allowable cost for performing this contract.

Alternate IV (Aug 2012). As prescribed in ~~(16.307~~ (a)(5), substitute the following paragraph (a)(1) for paragraph (a)(1) of the basic clause:

(a)(1) The Government will make payments to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but not more often than once every two weeks, in amounts determined to be allowable by the Contracting Officer in accordance with subpart 31.7 in effect on the date of this contract and the terms of this contract. The Contractor may submit to an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, in such form and reasonable detail as the representative may require, an invoice or voucher supported by a statement of the claimed allowable cost for performing this contract.

52.216-8 Fixed Fee.

As prescribed in 16.307(b), insert the following clause:

Fixed Fee (Jun 2011)

The Government shall pay the Contractor for performing this contract the fixed fee specified in the Schedule.

Payment of the fixed fee shall be made as specified in the Schedule; provided that the Contracting ~~Officer~~ ~~withholds a reserve~~ ~~Officer~~ ~~withholds a reserve~~ not to exceed 15 percent of the total fixed fee or \$100,000, whichever is less, to protect the Government's interest. The Contracting Officer shall release 75 percent of all fee withholds under this contract after receipt of an adequate certified final indirect cost rate proposal covering the year of physical completion of this contract, provided the Contractor has satisfied all other contract terms and conditions, including the submission of the final patent and royalty reports, and is not delinquent in submitting final vouchers on prior years' settlements. The Contracting Officer may release up to 90 percent of the fee withholds under this contract based on the Contractor's past performance related to the submission and settlement of final indirect cost rate proposals.

(End of clause)

52.216-9 Fixed Fee-Construction.

As prescribed in 16.307(c), insert the following clause:

Fixed Fee-Construction (Jun 2011)

The Government shall pay to the Contractor for performing this contract the fixed fee specified in ~~the~~ ~~Schedule~~ ~~the~~ ~~Schedule~~.

Payment of the fixed fee shall be made in installments based upon the percentage of completion of the ~~work~~ ~~as determined~~ ~~work~~ ~~as determined~~ from estimates submitted to and approved by the Contracting Officer, but subject to the withholding provisions of paragraph (c) of this section.

The Contracting Officer shall withhold a reserve not to exceed 15 percent of the total fixed fee or \$100,000, ~~whichever is~~ ~~whichever is~~ less, to protect the Government's interest. The Contracting Officer shall release 75 percent of all fee withholds under this contract after receipt of an adequate certified final indirect cost rate proposal covering the year of physical completion of this contract, provided the Contractor has satisfied all other contract terms and conditions, including the submission of the final patent and royalty reports, and is not delinquent in submitting final vouchers on prior years' settlements. The Contracting Officer may release up to

90 percent of the fee withholds under this contract based on the Contractor's past performance related to the submission and settlement of final indirect cost rate proposals.

(End of clause)

52.216-10 Incentive Fee.

~~52.216-10 Incentive Fee.~~

As prescribed in [16.307\(d\)](#), insert the following clause:

Incentive Fee (Jun 2011)

General. The Government shall pay the Contractor for performing this contract a fee determined as provided in this contract.

Target cost and target fee. The target cost and target fee specified in the Schedule are subject to adjustment if the contract is modified in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause.

"Target cost," as used in this contract, means the estimated cost of this contract as initially negotiated, adjusted ~~in accordance~~ [in accordance](#) with paragraph (d) of this clause.

"Target fee," as used in this contract, means the fee initially negotiated on the assumption that this ~~contract would be performed~~ [contract would be performed](#) for a cost equal to the estimated cost initially negotiated, adjusted in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause.

(c) Withholding of payment.

Normally, the Government shall pay the fee to the Contractor as specified in the Schedule. However, ~~when the~~ [when the](#) Contracting Officer considers that performance or cost indicates that the Contractor will not achieve target, the Government shall pay on the basis of an appropriate lesser fee. When the Contractor demonstrates that performance or cost clearly indicates that the Contractor will earn a fee significantly above the target fee, the Government may, at the sole discretion of the Contracting Officer, pay on the basis of an appropriate higher fee.

Payment of the incentive fee shall be made as specified in the Schedule; provided that the ~~Contracting Officer withholds a~~ [Contracting Officer withholds a](#) reserve not to exceed 15 percent of the total incentive fee or \$100,000, whichever is less, to protect the Government's interest. The Contracting Officer shall release 75 percent of all fee withholds under this contract after receipt of an adequate certified final indirect cost rate proposal covering the year of physical completion of this contract, provided the Contractor has satisfied all other contract terms and conditions, including the submission of the final patent and royalty reports, and is not delinquent in submitting final vouchers on prior years' settlements. The Contracting Officer may release up to 90 percent of the fee withholds under this contract based on the Contractor's past performance related to the submission and settlement of final indirect cost rate proposals.

Equitable adjustments. When the work under this contract is increased or decreased by a modification to this contract or when any equitable adjustment in the target cost is authorized under any other clause, equitable



adjustments in the target cost, target fee, minimum fee, and maximum fee, as appropriate, shall be stated in a supplemental agreement to this contract.

Fee payable.

The fee payable under this contract shall be the target fee increased by \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert Contractor's participation] cents for every dollar that the total allowable cost is less than the target cost or decreased by \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert Contractor's participation] cents for every dollar that the total allowable cost exceeds the target cost. In no event shall the fee be greater than \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert percentage] percent or less than \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert percentage] percent of the target cost.

The fee shall be subject to adjustment, to the extent provided in paragraph (d) of this clause, and within ~~the minimum and the~~ minimum and maximum fee limitations in paragraph (e)(1) of this clause, when the total allowable cost is increased or decreased as a consequence of-

Payments made under assignments; or

Claims excepted from the release as required by paragraph (h)(2) of the Allowable Cost and Payment clause.

If this contract is terminated in its entirety, the portion of the target fee payable shall not be subject to ~~an increase or decrease~~ an increase or decrease as provided in this paragraph. The termination shall be accomplished in accordance with other applicable clauses of this contract.

For the purpose of fee adjustment, "total allowable cost" shall not include allowable costs arising out of-

Any of the causes covered by the Excusable Delays clause to the extent that they are beyond the control ~~and without the fault~~ and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor or any subcontractor;

The taking effect, after negotiating the target cost, of a statute, court decision, written ruling, or ~~regulation that regulation~~ regulation that results ~~in the~~ in the Contractor's being required to pay or bear the burden of any tax or duty or rate increase in a tax or duty;

Any direct cost attributed to the Contractor's involvement in litigation as required by the Contracting ~~Officer pursuant to~~ Officer pursuant to a clause of this contract, including furnishing evidence and information requested pursuant to the Notice and Assistance Regarding Patent and Copyright Infringement clause;

The purchase and maintenance of additional insurance not in the target cost and required by the ~~Contracting Officer, or claims~~ Contracting Officer, or claims for reimbursement for liabilities to third persons pursuant to the Insurance Liability to Third Persons clause;

Any claim, loss, or damage resulting from a risk for which the Contractor has been relieved of liability by the Government Property clause; or

Any claim, loss, or damage resulting from a risk defined in the contract as unusually hazardous or as ~~a nuclear~~ a nuclear risk ~~and against~~ and against which the Government has expressly agreed to indemnify the Contractor.

(5) All other allowable costs are included in "total allowable cost" for fee adjustment in accordance with this paragraph (e), unless otherwise specifically provided in this contract.

Contract modification. The total allowable cost and the adjusted fee determined as provided in this clause shall be evidenced by a modification to this contract signed by the Contractor and Contracting Officer.

Inconsistencies. In the event of any language inconsistencies between this clause and provisioning documents or Government options under this contract, compensation for spare parts or other supplies and services ordered under such documents shall be determined in accordance with this clause.

(End of clause)

#### 52.216-11 Cost Contract-No Fee.

As prescribed in [16.307\(e\)](#), insert the clause in solicitations and contracts when a cost-reimbursement contract is contemplated that provides no fee and is not a cost-sharing contract. This clause may be modified by substituting "\$10,000" in lieu of "\$100,000" as the maximum reserve in paragraph (b) if the Contractor is a nonprofit organization.

#### Cost Contract-No Fee (Apr 1984)

The Government shall not pay the Contractor a fee for performing this contract.

After payment of 80 percent of the total estimated cost shown in the Schedule, the Contracting Officer ~~may withhold further~~ [may withhold further](#) payment of allowable cost until a reserve is set aside in an amount that the Contracting Officer considers necessary to protect the Government's interest. This reserve shall not exceed one percent of the total estimated cost shown in the Schedule or \$100,000, whichever is less.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). In a contract for research and development with an educational institution or a nonprofit organization, for which the Contracting Officer has determined that withholding of a portion of allowable costs is not required, delete paragraph (b) of the basic clause.

#### 52.216-12 Cost-Sharing Contract-No Fee.

As prescribed in [16.307\(f\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a cost-sharing contract is contemplated. This clause may be modified by substituting "\$10,000" in lieu of "\$100,000" as the maximum reserve in paragraph (b) if the contract is with a nonprofit organization.

#### Cost Sharing Contract-No Fee (Apr 1984)

The Government shall not pay to the Contractor a fee for performing this contract.

After paying 80 percent of the Government's share of the total estimated cost of performance shown in ~~the Schedule,~~ [the Schedule](#), the Contracting Officer may withhold further payment of allowable cost until a reserve is set aside in an amount that the Contracting Officer considers necessary to protect the Government's interest. This reserve shall not exceed one percent of the Government's share of the total estimated cost shown in the Schedule or \$100,000, whichever is less.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). In a contract for research and development with an educational institution, for which the contracting officer has determined that withholding of a portion of allowable cost is not required, delete paragraph (b) of the basic clause.

52.216-13 [Reserved]

52.216-14 [Reserved]

52.216-15 Predetermined Indirect Cost Rates.

As prescribed in [16.307\(g\)](#), insert the following clause:

Predetermined Indirect Cost Rates (Apr 1998)

(a) Notwithstanding the Allowable Cost and Payment clause of this contract, the allowable indirect costs under this contract shall be obtained by applying predetermined indirect cost rates to bases agreed upon by the parties, as specified below.

(b)

[\(1\)](#) The Contractor shall submit an adequate final indirect cost rate proposal to the Contracting Officer (or ~~cognizant Federal~~[cognizant Federal](#) agency official) and auditor within the 6-month period following the expiration of each of its fiscal years. Reasonable extensions, for exceptional circumstances only, may be requested in writing by the Contractor and granted in writing by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall support its proposal with adequate supporting data.

(2)

The proposed rates shall be based on the Contractor's actual cost experience for that period. The ~~appropriate Government~~appropriate Government representative and the Contractor shall establish the final indirect cost rates as promptly as practical after receipt of the Contractor's proposal.

Allowability of costs and acceptability of cost allocation methods shall be determined in accordance ~~with FAR~~with FAR subpart 31.3 in effect on the date of this contract.

Predetermined rate agreements in effect on the date of this contract shall be incorporated into the ~~contract Schedule. The Contracting~~contract Schedule. The Contracting Officer (or cognizant Federal agency official) and Contractor shall negotiate rates for subsequent periods and execute a written indirect cost rate agreement setting forth the results. The agreement shall specify (1) the agreed-upon predetermined indirect cost rates, (2) the bases to which the rates apply, (3) the period for which the rates apply, and (4) the specific items treated as direct costs or any changes in the items previously agreed to be direct costs. The indirect cost rate agreement shall not change any monetary ceiling, contract obligation, or specific cost allowance or disallowance provided for in this contract. The agreement is incorporated into this contract upon execution.

Pending establishment of predetermined indirect cost rates for any fiscal year (or other period agreed to ~~by the~~by the parties), the Contractor shall be reimbursed either at the rates fixed for the previous fiscal year (or other period) or at billing rates acceptable to the Contracting Officer (or cognizant Federal agency official), subject to appropriate adjustment when the final rates for that period are established.

Any failure by the parties to agree on any predetermined indirect cost rates under this clause shall not ~~be considered a dispute~~be considered a dispute within the meaning of the Disputes clause. If for any fiscal year (or other period specified in the Schedule) the parties fail to agree to predetermined indirect cost rates, the allowable indirect costs shall be obtained by applying final indirect cost rates established in accordance with the Allowable Cost and Payment clause.

Allowable indirect costs for the period from the beginning of performance until the end of the ~~Contractor's fiscal~~Contractor's fiscal year (or other period specified in the Schedule) shall be obtained using the predetermined indirect cost rates and the bases shown in the Schedule.

(End of clause)

52.216-16 Incentive Price Revision-Firm Target.

~~52.216-16 Incentive Price Revision-Firm Target.~~

As prescribed in 16.406(a), insert the following clause:

Incentive Price Revision-Firm Target (Jan 2022)

General. The supplies or services identified in the Schedule as Items \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert Schedule line item numbers] are subject to price revision in accordance with this clause; provided, that in no event shall the total final price of these items exceed the ceiling price of \_\_\_\_\_ dollars (\$\_\_\_\_\_). Any supplies or services that are to be (1) ordered separately under, or otherwise added to, this

contract and (2) subject to price revision in accordance with the terms of this clause shall be identified as such in a modification to this contract.

Definition. "Costs," as used in this clause, means allowable costs in accordance with [part 31](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) in effect on the date of this contract.

Data submission.

(1) Within \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert number of days] days after the end of the month in which the Contractor has delivered the last unit of supplies and completed the services specified by item number in paragraph (a) of this clause, the Contractor shall submit in the format of ~~, FAR, Table 15-1, FAR 15.408,~~ or in any other form on which the parties agree-

A detailed statement of all costs incurred up to the end of that month in performing all work under the items;

An estimate of costs of further performance, if any, that may be necessary to complete performance of ~~all work under the~~ [all work under the](#) items;

A list of all residual inventory and an estimate of its value; and

Any other relevant data that the Contracting Officer may reasonably require.

(2) If the Contractor fails to submit the data required by paragraph (c)(1) of this clause within the time specified and it is later determined that the Government has overpaid the Contractor, the Contractor shall repay the excess to the Government immediately. Unless repaid within 30 days after the end of the data submittal period, the amount of the excess shall bear interest, computed from the date the data were due to the date of repayment, at the rate established in accordance with the Interest clause.

(d) Price revision. Upon the Contracting Officer's receipt of the data required by paragraph (c) of this clause, the Contracting Officer and the Contractor shall promptly establish the total final price of the items specified in (a) of this clause by applying to final negotiated cost an adjustment for profit or loss, as follows:

On the basis of the information required by paragraph (c) of this clause, together with any other ~~pertinent information,~~ [pertinent information](#), the parties shall negotiate the total final cost incurred or to be incurred for supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government and which are subject to price revision under this clause.

The total final price shall be established by applying to the total final negotiated cost an adjustment for ~~profit or~~ [profit or](#) loss, ~~as follows~~ [as follows](#):

If the total final negotiated cost is equal to the total target cost, the adjustment is the total target profit.

If the total final negotiated cost is greater than the total target cost, the adjustment is the total target profit, less \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert percent] percent of the amount by which the total final negotiated cost exceeds the total target cost.

If the final negotiated cost is less than the total target cost, the adjustment is the total target profit plus \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert percent] percent of the amount by which the total final negotiated cost is less than the total target cost.

(e) Contract modification. The total final price of the items specified in paragraph (a) of this clause shall be evidenced by a modification to this contract, signed by the Contractor and the Contracting Officer. This price

(2)  
shall not be subject to revision, notwithstanding any changes in the cost of performing the contract, except to the extent that-

The parties may agree in writing, before the determination of total final price, to exclude specific elements ~~of cost from this~~ of cost from this price and to a procedure for subsequent disposition of those elements; and

Adjustments or credits are explicitly permitted or required by this or any other clause in this contract.

(f) Adjusting billing prices.

(1) Pending execution of the contract modification (see paragraph (e) of this clause), the Contractor shall submit ~~invoices or~~ invoices or vouchers in accordance with billing prices as provided in this paragraph. The billing prices shall be the target prices shown in this contract.

If at any time it appears from information provided by the contractor under paragraph (g)(2) of this clause that the then-current billing prices will be substantially greater than the estimated final prices, the parties shall negotiate a reduction in the billing prices. Similarly, the parties may negotiate an increase in billing prices by any or all of the difference between the target prices and the ceiling price, upon the Contractor's submission of factual data showing that final cost under this contract will be substantially greater than the target cost.

(3) Any billing price adjustment shall be reflected in a contract modification and shall not affect the determination of ~~the total~~ the total final price under paragraph (d) of this clause. After the contract modification establishing the total final price is executed, the total amount paid or to be paid on all invoices or vouchers shall be adjusted to reflect the total final price, and any resulting additional payments, refunds, or credits shall be made promptly.

(g) Quarterly limitation on payments statement. This paragraph (g) shall apply until final price revision under this contract has been completed.

(1) Within 45 days after the end of each quarter of the Contractor's fiscal year in which a delivery is first made (or services are first performed) and accepted by the Government under this contract, and for each quarter thereafter, the Contractor shall submit to the contract administration office (with a copy to the contracting office and the cognizant contract auditor) a statement, cumulative from the beginning of the contract, showing-

The total contract price of all supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government ~~and for which final~~ and for which final prices have been established;

The total costs (estimated to the extent necessary) reasonably incurred for, and properly allocable solely to, the ~~supplies delivered~~ supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government and for which final prices have not been established;

The portion of the total target profit (used in establishing the initial contract price or agreed to for ~~the purpose~~ the purpose of ~~this paragraph~~ this paragraph (g)) that is in direct proportion to the supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government and for which final prices have not been established- increased or decreased in accordance with paragraph (d)(2) of this clause, when the amount stated under subdivision (g)(1)(ii) of this clause differs from the aggregate target costs of the supplies or services; and

The total amount of all invoices or vouchers for supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted ~~by the Government~~by the Government (including amounts applied or to be applied to liquidate progress payments).

Notwithstanding any provision of this contract authorizing greater payments, if on any quarterly ~~statement the amount under~~statement the amount under subdivision (g)(1)(iv) of this clause exceeds the sum due the Contractor, as computed in accordance with subdivisions (g)(1)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this clause, the Contractor shall immediately refund or credit to the Government the amount of this excess. The Contractor may, when appropriate, reduce this refund or credit by the amount of previous refunds or credits effected under this clause. If any portion of the excess has been applied to the liquidation of progress payments, then that portion may, instead of being refunded, be added to the unliquidated progress payment account consistent with the Progress Payments clause. The Contractor shall provide complete details to support any claimed reductions in refunds.

If the Contractor fails to submit the quarterly statement within 45 days after the end of each quarter and it ~~is later determined~~is later determined that the Government has overpaid the Contractor, the Contractor shall repay the excess to the Government immediately. Unless repaid within 30 days after the end of the statement submittal period, the amount of the excess shall bear interest, computed from the date the quarterly statement was due to the date of repayment, at the rate established in accordance with the Interest clause.

Subcontracts. No subcontract placed under this contract may provide for payment on a cost-plus-~~a~~a percentage~~percentage~~-of-cost basis.

Disagreements. If the Contractor and the Contracting Officer fail to agree upon the total final price within 60 days (or within such other period as the Contracting Officer may specify) after the date on which the data required by paragraph (c) of this clause are to be submitted, the Contracting Officer shall promptly issue a decision in accordance with the Disputes clause.

Termination. If this contract is terminated before the total final price is established, prices of supplies or services subject to price revision shall be established in accordance with this clause for (1) completed supplies and services accepted by the Government and (2) those supplies and services not terminated under a partial termination. All other elements of the termination shall be resolved in accordance with other applicable clauses of this contract.

Equitable adjustment under other clauses. If an equitable adjustment in the contract price is made under any other clause of this contract before the total final price is established, the adjustment shall be made in the total target cost and may be made in the maximum dollar limit on the total final price, the total target profit, or both. If the adjustment is made after the total final price is established, only the total final price shall be adjusted.

Exclusion from target price and total final price. If any clause of this contract provides that the contract price does not or will not include an amount for a specific purpose, then neither any target price nor the total final price includes or will include any amount for that purpose.

Separate reimbursement. If any clause of this contract expressly provides that the cost of performance of an obligation shall be at Government expense, that expense shall not be included in any target price or in the total final price, but shall be reimbursed separately.

(2)

Taxes. As used in the Federal, State, and Local Taxes clause or in any other clause that provides for certain taxes or duties to be included in, or excluded from, the contract price, the term "contract price" includes the total target price or, if it has been established, the total final price. When any of these clauses requires that the contract price be increased or decreased as a result of changes in the obligation of the Contractor to pay or bear the burden of certain taxes or duties, the increase or decrease shall be made in the total target price or, if it has been established, in the total final price, so that it will not affect the Contractor's profit or loss on this contract.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). As prescribed in [16.406](#) (a), add the following paragraph (o) to the basic clause:

Provisioning and options. Parts, other supplies, or services that are to be furnished under this contract on the basis of a provisioning document or Government option shall be subject to price revision in accordance with this clause. Any prices established for these parts, other supplies, or services under a provisioning document or Government option shall be treated as target prices. Target cost and profit covering these parts, other supplies, or services may be established separately, in the aggregate, or in any combination, as the parties may agree.

52.216-17 Incentive Price Revision-Successive Targets.

As prescribed in [16.406](#)(b), insert the following clause:

Incentive Price Revision-Successive Targets (Jan 2022)

(a) General. The supplies or services identified in the Schedule as Items \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert line item numbers] are subject to price revision in accordance with this clause; provided, that in no event shall the total final price of these items exceed the ceiling price of dollars (\$\_\_\_\_\_). The prices of these items shown in the Schedule are the initial target prices, which include an initial target profit of \_\_\_\_\_ ~~[Contracting Officer insert percent] percent of the initial target cost. Any supplies or services that are to be-~~

\_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert percent] percent of the initial target cost. Any supplies or services that are to be-

(1) Ordered separately under, or otherwise added to, this contract; and

Subject to price revision in accordance with this clause shall be identified as such in a modification to this contract.

Definition. "Costs," as used in this clause, means allowable costs in accordance with [part 31](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) in effect on the date of this contract.

Submitting data for establishing the firm fixed price or a final profit adjustment formula.

(1) Within \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert number of days] days after the end of the month in which the Contractor has completed \_\_\_\_\_ (see Note 1), the Contractor shall submit the following data:

A proposed firm fixed price or total firm target price for supplies delivered and to be delivered and ~~services performed~~ and services performed and to be performed.



A detailed statement of all costs incurred in the performance of this contract through the end of the ~~month specified above~~month specified above, in the format of ~~FAR-Table 15-1, FAR 15.408~~ (or in any other form on which the parties may agree), with sufficient supporting data to disclose unit costs and cost trends for-

Supplies delivered and services performed; and

Inventories of work in process and undelivered contract supplies on hand (estimated to the extent necessary).

(iii) An estimate of costs of all supplies delivered and to be delivered and all services performed and to be performed under this contract, using the statement of costs incurred plus an estimate of costs to complete performance, in the format of ~~FAR-Table 15-1, FAR 15.408~~ (or in any other form on which the parties may agree), together with-

Sufficient data to support the accuracy and reliability of the estimate; and

An explanation of the differences between this estimate and the original estimate used to establish the ~~initial target prices~~initial target prices.

(2) The Contractor shall also submit, to the extent that it becomes available before negotiations establishing the total firm price are concluded-

(i) Supplemental statements of costs incurred after the end of the month specified in paragraph (1) of this section for ~~(A) Supplies delivered and services performed; and~~

~~(B) Supplies delivered and services performed; and~~

Inventories of work in process and undelivered contract supplies on hand (estimated to the extent necessary); and

(ii) Any other relevant data that the Contracting Officer may reasonably require.

(3) If the Contractor fails to submit the data required by paragraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this section within the time specified and it is later determined that the Government has overpaid the Contractor, the Contractor shall repay the excess to the Government immediately. Unless repaid within 30 days after the end of the data submittal period, the amount of the excess shall bear interest, computed from the date the data were due to the date of repayment, at the rate established in accordance with the Interest clause.

(d) Establishing firm fixed price or final profit adjustment formula. Upon the Contracting Officer's receipt of the data required by paragraph (c) of this section, the Contracting Officer and the Contractor shall promptly establish either a firm fixed price or a profit adjustment formula for determining final profit, as follows:

The parties shall negotiate a total firm target cost, based upon the data submitted under paragraph (c) of ~~this section~~this section.

If the total firm target cost is more than the total initial target cost, the total initial target profit shall ~~be decreased~~be decreased. If ~~the total~~the total firm target cost is less than the total initial target cost, the total initial target profit shall be increased. The initial target profit shall be increased or decreased by \_\_\_\_\_ percent (see Note 2) of the difference between the total initial target cost and the total firm target cost. The resulting amount shall be the total firm target profit; provided, that in no event shall the total firm target profit be less

(2)  
than \_\_\_\_\_ percent or more than \_\_\_\_\_ percent [Contracting Officer insert percents] of the total initial cost.

If the total firm target cost plus the total firm target profit represent a reasonable price for performing ~~that part~~ that part of ~~the contract~~ the contract subject to price revision under this clause, the parties may agree on a firm fixed price, which shall be evidenced by a contract modification signed by the Contractor and the Contracting Officer.

Failure of the parties to agree to a firm fixed price shall not constitute a dispute under the Disputes clause. ~~If agreement is~~ if agreement is not reached, or if establishment of a firm fixed price is inappropriate, the Contractor and the Contracting Officer shall establish a profit adjustment formula under which the total final price shall be established by applying to the total final negotiated cost an adjustment for profit or loss, determined as follows:

If the total final negotiated cost is equal to the total firm target cost, the adjustment is the total firm ~~target profit~~ target profit.

If the total final negotiated cost is greater than the total firm target cost, the adjustment is the total firm ~~target profit~~ target profit, less \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the amount by which the total final negotiated cost exceeds the total firm target cost.

If the total final negotiated cost is less than the total firm target cost, the adjustment is the total firm ~~target profit~~ target profit, plus \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the amount by which the total final negotiated cost is less than the total firm target cost.

The total firm target cost, total firm target profit, and the profit adjustment formula for determining ~~final profit~~ final profit shall ~~be evidenced~~ be evidenced by a modification to this contract signed by the Contractor and the Contracting Officer.

(e) Submitting data for final price revision. Unless a firm fixed price has been established in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section within \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert number of days] days after the end of the month in which the Contractor has delivered the last unit of supplies and completed the services specified by item number in paragraph (a) of this section, the Contractor shall submit in the format of ~~FAR~~ Table 151, FAR 15.408 (or in any other form on which the parties agree)-

A detailed statement of all costs incurred up to the end of that month in performing all work under the items;

An estimate of costs of further performance, if any, that may be necessary to complete performance of ~~all work under the~~ all work under the items;

A list of all residual inventory and an estimate of its value; and

Any other relevant data that the Contracting Officer may reasonably require.

(f) Final price revision. Unless a firm fixed price has been agreed to in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section, the Contractor and the Contracting Officer shall, promptly after submission of the data required by paragraph (e) of this section, establish the total final price, as follows:

(1) On the basis of the information required by paragraph (e) of this section, together with any other pertinent information, the parties shall negotiate the total final cost incurred or to be incurred for the supplies delivered

(or services performed) and accepted by the Government and which are subject to price revision under this clause.

The total final price shall be established by applying to the total final negotiated cost an adjustment for final profit ~~or loss~~ or loss determined as agreed upon under paragraph (d)(4) of this section.

(g) Contract modification. The total final price of the items specified in paragraph (a) of this section shall be evidenced by a modification to this contract, signed by the Contractor and the Contracting Officer. This price shall not be subject to revision, notwithstanding any changes in the cost of performing the contract, except to the extent that-

The parties may agree in writing, before the determination of total final price, to exclude specific elements ~~of cost from this~~ of cost from this price and to a procedure for subsequent disposition of these elements; and

Adjustments or credits are explicitly permitted or required by this or any other clause in this contract.

(h) Adjustment of billing prices.

Pending execution of the contract modification (see paragraph (e) of this section), the Contractor shall ~~submit invoices or~~ submit invoices or vouchers in accordance with billing prices as provided in this paragraph. The billing prices shall be the initial target prices shown in this contract until firm target prices are established under paragraph (d) of this section. When established, the firm target prices shall be used as the billing prices.

If at any time it appears from information provided by the contractor under paragraph (i)(1) of this ~~section~~ that section that the then-current billing prices will be substantially greater than the estimated final prices, the parties shall negotiate a reduction in the billing prices. Similarly, the parties may negotiate an increase in billing prices by any or all of the difference between the target prices and the ceiling price, upon the Contractor's submission of factual data showing that the final cost under this contract will be substantially greater than the target cost.

Any adjustment of billing prices shall be reflected in a contract modification and shall not affect ~~the determination of any~~ the determination of any price under paragraph (d) or (f) of this section. After the contract modification establishing the total final price is executed, the total amount paid or to be paid on all invoices or vouchers shall be adjusted to reflect the total final price, and any resulting additional payments, refunds, or credits shall be made promptly.

(i) Quarterly limitation on payments statement. This paragraph (i) shall apply until a firm fixed price or a total final price is established under paragraph (d)(3) or (f)(2).

(1) Within 45 days after the end of each quarter of the Contractor's fiscal year in which a delivery is first made (or services are first performed) and accepted by the Government under this contract, and for each quarter thereafter, the Contractor shall submit to the contract administration office (with a copy to the contracting office and the cognizant contract auditor) a statement, cumulative from the beginning of the contract, showing-

The total contract price of all supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government ~~and for which final~~ and for which final prices have been established;

(2)

The total cost (estimated to the extent necessary) reasonably incurred for, and properly allocable solely to, the ~~supplies delivered~~ supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government and for which final prices have not been established;

The portion of the total interim profit (used in establishing the initial contract price or agreed to for ~~the purpose~~ the purpose of ~~this paragraph~~ this paragraph (i)) that is in direct proportion to the supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted by the Government and for which final prices have not been established—increased or decreased in accordance with paragraph (d)(4) of this section when the amount stated under subdivision (ii) of this section, differs from the aggregate firm target costs of the supplies or services; and

The total amount of all invoices or vouchers for supplies delivered (or services performed) and accepted ~~by the Government~~ by the Government (including amounts applied or to be applied to liquidate progress payments).

Notwithstanding any provision of this contract authorizing greater payments, if on any quarterly ~~statement the amount under~~ statement the amount under subdivision (i)(1)(iv) of this section exceeds the sum due the Contractor, as computed in accordance with subdivisions (i)(1)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this section, the Contractor shall immediately refund or credit to the Government the amount of this excess. The Contractor may, when appropriate, reduce this refund or credit by the amount of previous refunds or credits effected under this clause. If any portion of the excess has been applied to the liquidation of progress payments, then that portion may, instead of being refunded, be added to the unliquidated progress payment account consistent with the Progress Payments clause. The Contractor shall provide complete details to support any claimed reductions in refunds.

If the Contractor fails to submit the quarterly statement within 45 days after the end of each quarter and it ~~is later determined~~ is later determined that the Government has overpaid the Contractor, the Contractor shall repay the excess to the Government immediately. Unless repaid within 30 days after the end of the statement submittal period, the amount of the excess shall bear interest, computed from the date the quarterly statement was due to the date of repayment, at the rate established in accordance with the Interest clause.

Subcontracts. No subcontract placed under this contract may provide for payment on a cost-plus-~~a~~ a ~~percentage~~ percentage-of-cost basis.

Disagreements. If the Contractor and the Contracting Officer fail to agree upon (1) a total firm target cost and a final profit adjustment formula or (2) a total final price, within 60 days (or within such other period as the Contracting Officer may specify) after the date on which the data required in paragraphs (c) and (e) of this section are to be submitted, the Contracting Officer shall promptly issue a decision in accordance with the Disputes clause.

Termination. If this contract is terminated before the total final price is established, prices of supplies or services subject to price revision shall be established in accordance with this clause for (1) completed supplies and services accepted by the Government and (2) those supplies or services not terminated under a partial termination. All other elements of the termination shall be resolved in accordance with other applicable clauses of this contract.

Equitable adjustments under other clauses. If an equitable adjustment in the contract price is made under any other clause of this contract before the total final price is established, the adjustment shall be made in the total

target cost and may be made in the maximum dollar limit on the total final price, the total target profit, or both. If the adjustment is made after the total final price is established, only the total final price shall be adjusted.

Exclusion from target price and total final price. If any clause of this contract provides that the contract price does not or will not include an amount for a specific purpose, then neither any target price nor the total final price includes or will include any amount for that purpose.

Separate reimbursement. If any clause of this contract expressly provides that the cost of performance of an obligation shall be at Government expense, that expense shall not be included in any target price or in the total final price, but shall be reimbursed separately.

Taxes. As used in the Federal, State, and Local Taxes clause or in any other clause that provides for certain taxes or duties to be included in, or excluded from, the contract price, the term "contract price" includes the total target price or, if it has been established, the total final price. When any of these clauses requires that the contract price be increased or decreased as a result of changes in the obligation of the Contractor to pay or bear the burden of certain taxes or duties, the increase or decrease shall be made in the total target price or, if it has been established, in the total final price, so that it will not affect the Contractor's profit or loss on this contract.

Notes:

The degree of completion may be based on a percentage of contract performance or any other ~~reasonable~~ reasonable basis.

The language may be changed to describe a negotiated adjustment pattern under which the extent ~~of adjustment of adjustment~~ is ~~not the~~ not the same for all levels of cost variation.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). As prescribed in 16.406 (b), add the following paragraph (q) to the basic clause:

(q) Provisioning and options. Parts, other supplies, or services that are to be furnished under this contract on the basis of a provisioning document or Government option shall be subject to price revision in accordance with this clause. Any prices established for these parts, other supplies, or services under a provisioning document or Government option shall be treated as initial target prices, or target prices as agreed upon and stipulated in the pricing document supporting the provisioning or added items. Initial or firm target costs and profits and final prices covering these parts, other supplies, or services may be established separately, in the aggregate, or in any combination, as the parties may agree.

52.216-18 Ordering.

As prescribed in 16.506(a), insert the following clause:

Ordering (Aug 2020)

Any supplies and services to be furnished under this contract shall be ordered by issuance of delivery orders or task orders ~~or task orders~~ by the individuals or activities designated in the Schedule. Such orders may be issued from \_\_\_\_\_ through \_\_\_\_\_ [insert dates].

All delivery orders or task orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this contract. In the event ~~of conflict between~~ of conflict between a delivery order or task order and this contract, the contract shall control.

A delivery order or task order is considered "issued" when—

If sent by mail (includes transmittal by U.S. mail or private delivery service), the Government deposits the order in the order in the mail ~~in the order in the mail~~;

If sent by fax, the Government transmits the order to the Contractor's fax number; or

If sent electronically, the Government either—

Posts a copy of the delivery order or task order to a Government document access system, and notice is ~~sent to~~ sent to the Contractor; or

~~Contractor; or~~

Distributes the delivery order or task order via email to the Contractor's email address.

(d) Orders may be issued by methods other than those enumerated in this clause only if authorized in the contract. ~~(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

52.216-19 Order Limitations.

~~52.216-19 Order Limitations.~~

As prescribed in 16.506(b), insert a clause substantially the same as follows:

Order Limitations (Oct 1995)

Minimum order. When the Government requires supplies or services covered by this contract in an amount of less than \_\_\_\_\_ [insert dollar figure or quantity], the Government is not obligated to purchase, nor is the Contractor obligated to furnish, those supplies or services under the contract.

Maximum order. The Contractor is not obligated to honor-

Any order for a single item in excess of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert dollar figure or quantity];

Any order for a combination of items in excess of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert dollar figure or quantity]; or

A series of orders from the same ordering office within \_\_\_\_\_ days that together call for quantities exceeding the limitation in paragraph (b)(1) or (2) of this section.

If this is a requirements contract (i.e., includes the Requirements clause at subsection 52.216-21 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR)), the Government is not required to order a part of any one requirement from the Contractor if that requirement exceeds the maximum-order limitations in paragraph (b) of this section.

Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, the Contractor shall honor any order exceeding ~~the maximum order~~ the maximum order limitations in paragraph (b), unless that order (or orders) is returned to the ordering office within \_\_\_\_\_ days after issuance, with written notice stating the Contractor's intent not to ship the item (or items) called for and the reasons. Upon receiving this notice, the Government may acquire the supplies or services from another source. (End of clause)

52.216-20 Definite Quantity.

~~52.216-20 Definite Quantity.~~

As prescribed in 16.506(c), insert the following clause:

Definite Quantity (Oct 1995)

This is a definite-quantity, indefinite-delivery contract for the supplies or services specified, and effective ~~for the period stated~~ for the period stated, in the Schedule.

The Government shall order the quantity of supplies or services specified in the Schedule, and the ~~Contractor shall furnish~~ Contractor shall furnish them when ordered. Delivery or performance shall be at locations designated in orders issued in accordance with the Ordering clause and the Schedule.

Except for any limitations on quantities in the Order Limitations clause or in the Schedule, there is no ~~limit on the number~~ limit on the number of orders that may be issued. The Government may issue orders requiring delivery to multiple destinations or performance at multiple locations.

Any order issued during the effective period of this contract and not completed within that time shall ~~be completed by the~~ be completed by the Contractor within the time specified in the order. The contract shall

govern the Contractor's and Government's rights and obligations with respect to that order to the same extent as if the order were completed during the contract's effective period; provided, that the Contractor shall not be required to make any deliveries under this contract after \_\_\_\_\_ [insert date].

(End of clause)

52.216-21 Requirements.

As prescribed in [16.505\(d\)](#), insert the following clause:

Requirements (~~Oct 1995~~[DEVIATION DATE](#))

This is a requirements contract for the supplies or services specified, and effective for the period stated, in the Schedule. The quantities of supplies or services specified in the Schedule are estimates only and are not purchased by this contract. Except as this contract may otherwise provide, if the Government's requirements do not result in orders in the quantities described as "estimated" or "maximum" in the Schedule, that fact shall not constitute the basis for an equitable price adjustment.

Delivery or performance shall be made only as authorized by orders issued in accordance with the ~~Ordering clause.~~

~~Ordering clause.~~ Subject to any limitations in the Order Limitations clause or elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor shall furnish to the Government all supplies or services specified in the Schedule and called for by orders issued in accordance with the Ordering clause. The Government may issue orders requiring delivery to multiple destinations or performance at multiple locations.

Except as this contract otherwise provides, the Government shall order from the Contractor all the supplies ~~or services specified~~ [or services specified](#) in the Schedule that are required to be purchased by the Government activity or activities specified in the Schedule.

The Government is not required to purchase from the Contractor requirements in excess of any limit on ~~total orders under~~ [total orders under](#) this contract.

If the Government urgently requires delivery of any quantity of an item before the earliest date that ~~delivery may be specified~~ [delivery may be specified](#) under this contract, and if the Contractor will not accept an order providing for the accelerated delivery, the Government may acquire the urgently required goods or services from another source.

Any order issued during the effective period of this contract and not completed within that period shall ~~be completed by the~~ [be completed by the](#) Contractor within the time specified in the order. The contract shall govern the Contractor's and Government's rights and obligations with respect to that order to the same extent as if the order were completed during the contract's effective period; provided, that the Contractor shall not be required to make any deliveries under this contract after \_\_\_\_\_ [insert date].

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the requirements contract is for nonpersonal services and related supplies and covers estimated requirements that exceed a specific Government activity's internal capability to produce or perform, substitute the following paragraph (c) for paragraph (c) of the basic clause:



(c) The estimated quantities are not the total requirements of the Government activity specified in the Schedule, but are estimates of requirements in excess of the quantities that the activity may itself furnish within its own capabilities. Except as this contract otherwise provides, the Government shall order from the Contractor all of that activity's requirements for supplies and services specified in the Schedule that exceed the quantities that the activity may itself furnish within its own capabilities.

Alternate II (Apr 1984). If the requirements contract includes subsistence for both Government use and resale in the same Schedule, and similar products may be acquired on a brand-name basis, add the following paragraph (g) to the basic clause:

(g) The requirements referred to in this contract are for items to be manufactured according to Government specifications. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary stated in the contract, the Government may acquire similar products by brand name from other sources for resale.

Alternate III (Oct 1995). If the requirements contract involves a partial small business set-aside, substitute the following paragraph (c) for paragraph (c) of the basic clause:

(c) The Government's requirements for each item or ~~subitem~~sub-item of supplies or services described in the Schedule are being purchased through one non-set-aside contract and one set-aside contract. Therefore, the Government shall order from each Contractor approximately one-half of the total supplies or services specified in the Schedule that are required to be purchased by the specified Government activity or activities. The Government may choose between the set-aside Contractor and the non-set-aside Contractor in placing any particular order.

However, the Government shall allocate successive orders, in accordance with its delivery requirements, to maintain as close a ratio as is reasonably practicable between the total quantities ordered from the two Contractors.

Alternate IV (Oct 1995). If the contract includes subsistence for both Government use and resale in the same Schedule and similar products may be acquired on a brand-name basis and the contract also involves a partial small business set-aside, substitute the following paragraph (c) for paragraph (c) of the basic clause and add the following paragraph (g) to the basic clause:

(c) The Government's requirements for each item or ~~subitem~~sub-item of supplies or services described in the Schedule are being purchased through one non-set-aside contract and one set-aside contract. Therefore, the Government shall order from each Contractor approximately one-half of the total supplies or services specified in the Schedule that are required to be purchased by the specified Government activity or activities. The Government may choose between the set-aside Contractor and the non-set-aside Contractor in placing any particular order. However, the Government shall allocate successive orders, in accordance with its delivery requirements, to maintain as close a ratio as is reasonably practicable between the total quantities ordered from the two Contractors.

(g) The requirements referred to in this contract are for items to be manufactured according to the Government specifications. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary stated in the contract, the Government may acquire similar products by brand name from other sources for resale.

52.216-22 Indefinite Quantity.

As prescribed in [16.505\(e\)](#), insert the following clause:

Indefinite Quantity (~~Oct 1995~~[DEVIATION DATE](#))

This is an indefinite-quantity contract for the supplies or services specified, and effective for the ~~period stated~~[period stated](#), in ~~the Schedule~~[the Schedule](#). The quantities of supplies and services specified in the Schedule are estimates only and are not purchased by this contract.

Delivery or performance shall be made only as authorized by orders issued in accordance with the ~~Ordering clause~~[Ordering clause](#). ~~The Contractor~~[The Contractor](#) shall furnish to the Government, when and if ordered, the supplies or services specified in the Schedule up to and including the quantity designated in the Schedule as the "maximum." The Government shall order at least the quantity of supplies or services designated in the Schedule as the "minimum."

Except for any limitations on quantities in the Order Limitations clause or in the Schedule, there is no ~~limit on the number~~[limit on the number](#) of orders that may be issued. The Government may issue orders requiring delivery to multiple destinations or performance at multiple locations.

Any order issued during the effective period of this contract and not completed within that period shall ~~be completed by the~~[be completed by the](#) Contractor within the time specified in the order. The contract shall govern the Contractor's and Government's rights and obligations with respect to that order to the same extent as if the order were completed during the contract's effective period; provided, that the Contractor shall not be required to make any deliveries under this contract after \_\_\_\_\_ [insert date].

(End of clause)

#### ~~52.216-23 Execution and Commencement of Work.~~

~~As prescribed in (~~[Alternate I \(DEVIATION DATE\)](#)~~)~~. As prescribed in [16.505\(e\)\(1\)](#), add a paragraph (e) substantially the same as the following to the basic clause:

[Either party may cancel this contract in whole or in part by providing written notice. The cancellation will take effect 30 calendar days after the other party receives the notice of cancellation. If either party makes such notification, no further orders may be issued against the contract, but orders already awarded will be completed unless a termination action is taken against the order. If the Contractor elects to cancel this contract, the Government will not reimburse the minimum guarantee.](#)

[Alternate II \(DEVIATION DATE\)](#). As prescribed in [16.505\(e\)\(2\)](#), add paragraphs (e) and (f) substantially the same as the following to the basic clause:

[The Government may cancel this contract in whole or in part by providing written notice. The cancellation will take effect 30 calendar days after the contractor receives the notice of cancellation. No further orders may be issued against the contract, but orders already awarded will be completed unless a termination action is taken against the order.](#)

[The Contractor may request to cancel this contract by submitting a written cancellation request to the contracting officer. The cancellation will take effect 30 calendar days after the Government receives the cancellation request, unless the contracting officer informs the contractor, before cancellation is effective, that](#)

cancellation is not approved. A contractor who requests cancellation is not eligible for the minimum guarantee. If cancelled, no further orders may be issued against the contract, but orders already awarded will be completed unless a termination action is taken against the order.

#### 52.216-23 Execution and Commencement of Work.

As prescribed in 16.603-4(b)(1), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a letter contract is contemplated, except that it may be omitted from letter contracts awarded on SF 26 :

##### Execution and Commencement of Work (Apr 1984)

The Contractor shall indicate acceptance of this letter contract by signing three copies of the contract and returning them to the Contracting Officer not later than \_\_\_\_\_ [insert date]. Upon acceptance by both parties, the Contractor shall proceed with performance of the work, including purchase of necessary materials.

(End of clause)

#### 52.216-24 Limitation of Government Liability.

As prescribed in 16.603-4(b)(2), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a letter contract is contemplated:

##### Limitation of Government Liability (Apr 1984)

In performing this contract, the Contractor is not authorized to make expenditures or incur ~~obligations exceeding~~obligationsexceeding \_\_\_\_\_ dollars.

The maximum amount for which the Government shall be liable if this contract is terminated is \_\_\_\_\_ dollars. ~~(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

#### 52.216-25 Contract Definitization.

##### ~~52.216-25 Contract Definitization.~~

As prescribed in 16.603-4(b)(3), insert the following clause:

##### Contract Definitization (Oct 2010)

A \_\_\_\_\_ [insert specific type of contract] definitive contract is contemplated. The Contractor agrees to begin promptly negotiating with the Contracting Officer the terms of a definitive contract that will include (1) all clauses required by the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) on the date of execution of the letter contract, (2) all clauses required by law on the date of execution of the definitive contract, and (3) any other mutually agreeable clauses, terms, and conditions. The Contractor agrees to submit a \_\_\_\_\_ [insert specific type of proposal (e.g., fixed-price or cost-and-fee)] proposal, including data other than certified cost or pricing data, and certified cost or pricing data, in accordance with FAR 15.408, Table 15-1, supporting its proposal.

The schedule for definitizing this contract is [insert target date for definitization of the contract and dates for submission of proposal, beginning of negotiations, and, if appropriate, submission of make-or-buy and subcontracting plans and certified cost or pricing data]:

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If agreement on a definitive contract to supersede this letter contract is not reached by the target date in paragraph (b) of this section, or within any extension of it granted by the Contracting Officer, the Contracting Officer may, with the approval of the head of the contracting activity, determine a reasonable price or fee in accordance with subpart 15.4 and part 31 of the FAR, subject to Contractor appeal as provided in the Disputes clause. In any event, the Contractor shall proceed with completion of the contract, subject only to the Limitation of Government Liability clause.

(1) After the Contracting Officer's determination of price or fee, the contract shall be governed by-

(i) All clauses required by the FAR on the date of execution of this letter contract for either fixed-price or costreimbursement contracts, as determined by the Contracting Officer under this paragraph (c); (ii) All clauses required by law as of the date of the Contracting Officer's determination; and

(iii) Any other clauses, terms, and conditions mutually agreed upon.

(2) To the extent consistent with paragraph (c)(1) of this section, all clauses, terms, and conditions included in this letter contract shall continue in effect, except those that by their nature apply only to a letter contract.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). In letter contracts awarded on the basis of price competition, add the following paragraph (d) to the basic clause:

(d) The definitive contract resulting from this letter contract will include a negotiated \_\_\_\_\_ [insert "price ceiling" or "firm fixed price"] in no event to exceed \_\_\_\_\_ [insert the proposed price upon which the award was based].

52.216-26 Payments of Allowable Costs Before Definitization.

As prescribed in 16.603-4(c), insert the following clause:

Payments of Allowable Costs Before Definitization (Dec 2002)

(a) Reimbursement rate. Pending the placing of the definitive contract referred to in this letter contract, the Government will promptly reimburse the Contractor for all allowable costs under this contract at the following rates:

One hundredpercent of approved costs representing financing payments to subcontractors under fixed-pricecontracts, provided that the Government's payments to the Contractor will not exceed 80 percent of the allowable costs of those subcontractors.

One hundred percent of approved costs representing cost-reimbursement subcontracts; provided, that the Government's payments to the Contractor shall not exceed 85 percent of the allowable costs of those subcontractors.

Eighty-five percent of all other approved costs.

Limitation of reimbursement. To determine the amounts payable to the Contractor under this letter contract, the Contracting Officer shall determine allowable costs in accordance with the applicable cost principles in [part 31](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR). The total reimbursement made under this paragraph shall not exceed 85 percent of the maximum amount of the Government's liability, as stated in this contract.

Invoicing. Payments shall be made promptly to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but

(except for small business concerns) not more often than every 2 weeks, in amounts approved by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor may submit to an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer, in such form and reasonable detail as the representative may require, an invoice or voucher supported by a statement of the claimed allowable cost incurred by the Contractor in the performance of this contract.

Allowable costs. For the purpose of determining allowable costs, the term "costs" includes-

Those recorded costs that result, at the time of the request for reimbursement, from payment by cash, check, or ~~other form~~ [other form](#) of actual payment for items or services purchased directly for the contract;

When the Contractor is not delinquent in payment of costs of contract performance in the ordinary course of ~~business~~ [of business](#), costs incurred, but not necessarily paid, for-

(i) Supplies and services purchased directly for the contract and associated financing payments to subcontractors, provided payments determined due will be made-

In accordance with the terms and conditions of a subcontract or invoice; and

Ordinarily within 30 days of the submission of the Contractor's payment request to the Government;

Materials issued from the Contractor's stores inventory and placed in the production process for use on ~~the contract~~ [the contract](#);

Direct labor;

Direct travel;

Other direct in-house costs; and

Properly allocable and allowable indirect costs as shown on the records maintained by the Contractor ~~for purposes of obtaining~~ [for purposes of obtaining](#) reimbursement under Government contracts; and

(3) The amount of financing payments that the Contractor has paid by cash, check, or other forms of payment to subcontractors.

Small business concerns. A small business concern may receive more frequent payments than every 2 weeks.

Audit. At any time before final payment, the Contracting Officer may have the Contractor's invoices or vouchers and statements of costs audited. Any payment may be-

Reduced by any amounts found by the Contracting Officer not to constitute allowable costs; or

Adjusted for overpayments or underpayments made on preceding invoices or vouchers.

(End of clause)

#### 52.216-27 Single or Multiple Awards.

As prescribed in [16.506\(f\)](#), insert the following provision:

##### Single or Multiple Awards (Oct 1995)

The Government may elect to award a single delivery order contract or task order contract or to award multiple delivery order contracts or task order contracts for the same or similar supplies or services to two or more sources under this solicitation.

(End of provision)

#### 52.216-28 Multiple Awards for Advisory and Assistance Services.

As prescribed in [16.506\(g\)](#), insert the following provision:

##### Multiple Awards for Advisory and Assistance Services (Oct 1995)

The Government intends to award multiple contracts for the same or similar advisory and assistance services to two or more sources under this solicitation unless the Government determines, after evaluation of offers, that only one offeror is capable of providing the services at the level of quality required.

(End of provision)

#### 52.216-29 Time-and-Materials/Labor-Hour Proposal Requirements—Other Than Commercial Acquisition With Adequate Price Competition.

As prescribed in [16.601\(f\)\(1\)](#), insert the following provision:

##### Time-and-Materials/Labor-Hour Proposal Requirements—Other Than Commercial Acquisition With Adequate Price Competition (Nov 2021)

The Government contemplates award of a Time-and-Materials or Labor-Hour type of contract resulting ~~from this solicitation~~ [from this solicitation](#).

The offeror must specify fixed hourly rates in its offer that include wages, overhead, general ~~and administrative expenses~~ [and administrative expenses](#), and profit. The offeror must specify whether the fixed hourly rate for each labor category applies to labor performed by ~~(1) The offeror;~~

[The offeror;](#)

Subcontractors; and/or

Divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the offeror under a common control;

(c) The offeror must establish fixed hourly rates using-

Separate rates for each category of labor to be performed by each subcontractor and for each category ~~of labor~~ ~~of labor~~ to ~~be performed~~ be performed by the offeror, and for each category of labor to be transferred between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the offeror under a common control;

Blended rates for each category of labor to be performed by the offeror, including labor transferred ~~between divisions~~ between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the offeror under a common control, and all subcontractors; or

Any combination of separate and blended rates for each category of labor to be performed by the offeror, affiliates ~~of the~~ of the offeror under a common control, and subcontractors.

(End of provision)

52.216-30 Time-and-Materials/Labor-Hour Proposal Requirements—Other Than Commercial Acquisition Without Adequate Price Competition.

~~52.216-30 Time-and-Materials/Labor-Hour Proposal Requirements—Other Than Commercial Acquisition Without Adequate Price Competition.~~

As prescribed in 16.601(f)(2), insert the following provision:

Time-and-Materials/Labor-Hour Proposal Requirements—Other Than Commercial Acquisition Without Adequate Price Competition (Nov 2021)

The Government contemplates award of a Time-and-Materials or Labor-Hour type of contract resulting ~~from this solicitation~~ from this solicitation.

The offeror must specify separate fixed hourly rates in its offer that include wages, overhead, general ~~and administrative expenses~~ and administrative expenses, and profit for each category of labor to be performed by ~~(1) The offeror;~~

~~The offeror;~~

Each subcontractor; and

Each division, subsidiary, or affiliate of the offeror under a common control.

(c) Unless exempt under paragraph (d) of this provision, the fixed hourly rates for services transferred between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the offeror under a common control (1) Shall not include profit for the transferring organization; but

(2) May include profit for the prime Contractor.

(d) The fixed hourly rates for services that meet the definition of “commercial service” at Federal Acquisition Regulation [2.101](#) that are transferred between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the offeror under a common control may be the established catalog or market rate when it is the established practice of the transferring organization to price interorganizational transfers at other than cost for commercial work of the offeror or any division, subsidiary or affiliate of the offeror under a common control. (End of provision)

#### 52.216-31 Time-and-Materials/Labor-Hour Proposal Requirements—Commercial Acquisition.

As prescribed in [16.601\(f\)\(3\)](#), insert the following provision:

##### Time-and-Materials/Labor-Hour Proposal Requirements—Commercial Acquisition (Nov 2021)

The Government contemplates award of a Time-and-Materials or Labor-Hour type of contract resulting ~~from this solicitation~~ [from this solicitation](#).

The offeror must specify fixed hourly rates in its offer that include wages, overhead, general ~~and administrative expenses~~ [and administrative expenses](#), and profit. The offeror must specify whether the fixed hourly rate for each labor category applies to labor performed by ~~(1) The offeror;~~

[The offeror;](#)

Subcontractors; and/or

Divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the offeror under a common control. (End of provision)

#### 52.216-32 Task-Order and Delivery-Order Ombudsman.

As prescribed in [16.506\(j\)](#), insert the following clause:

##### Task-Order and Delivery-Order Ombudsman (Sept 2019)

In accordance with [41 U.S.C. 4106\(g\)](#), the Agency has designated the following task-order and delivery-order Ombudsman for this contract. The Ombudsman must review complaints from the Contractor concerning all ~~task order~~ [task order](#) and delivery-order actions for this contract and ensure the Contractor is afforded a fair opportunity for consideration in the award of orders, consistent with the procedures in the contract.

[Contracting Officer to insert name, address, telephone number, and email address for the Agency Ombudsman or provide the URL address where this information may be found.]

Consulting an ombudsman does not alter or postpone the timeline for any other process (e.g., protests).

Before consulting with the Ombudsman, the Contractor is encouraged to first address complaints with ~~the Contracting Officer~~ [the Contracting Officer](#) for resolution. When requested by the Contractor, the Ombudsman may keep the identity of the concerned party or entity confidential, unless prohibited by law or agency procedure.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Sept 2019). As prescribed in ~~16.506(j)~~ [16.506\(j\)](#), add the following paragraph (d) to the basic clause.



Contracts used by multiple agencies.

This is a contract that is used by multiple agencies. Complaints from Contractors concerning orders ~~placed under contracts~~placed under contracts used by multiple agencies are primarily reviewed by the task-order and delivery-order Ombudsman for the ordering activity.

The ordering activity has designated the following task-order and delivery-order Ombudsman for this order:  
\_\_\_\_\_. [The ordering activity's contracting officer to insert the name, address, telephone number, and email address for the ordering activity's Ombudsman or provide the URL address where this information may be found.]

Before consulting with the task-order and delivery-order Ombudsman for the ordering activity, ~~the Contractor is encouraged~~the Contractor is encouraged to first address complaints with the ordering activity's Contracting Officer for resolution. When requested by the Contractor, the task-order and delivery-order Ombudsman for the ordering activity may keep the identity of the concerned party or entity confidential, unless prohibited by law or agency procedure.

52.217 [Reserved]

52.217-1 [Reserved]

52.217-2 Cancellation Under ~~Multi-year~~Multiyear Contracts.

As prescribed in 17.106(a), insert the following clause:

Cancellation Under ~~Multi-year~~Multiyear Contracts (Oct 1997)

(a) "Cancellation," as used in this clause, means that the Government is canceling its requirements for all supplies or services in program years subsequent to that in which notice of cancellation is provided. Cancellation shall occur by the date or within the time period specified in the Schedule, unless a later date is agreed to, if the Contracting Officer ~~(1)-~~

Notifies the Contractor that funds are not available for contract performance for any subsequent ~~program year~~program year; or

~~(2)-~~ Fails to notify the Contractor that funds are available for performance of the succeeding program ~~year requirement~~year requirement.

Except for cancellation under this clause or termination under the Default clause, any reduction by ~~the Contracting Officer~~the Contracting Officer in the requirements of this contract shall be considered a termination under the Termination for Convenience of the Government clause.

If cancellation under this clause occurs, the Contractor will be paid a cancellation charge not over ~~the cancellation ceiling~~the cancellation ceiling specified in the Schedule as applicable at the time of cancellation. (d)  
The cancellation charge will cover only-

(1) Costs-

Incurred by the Contractor and/or subcontractor;

Reasonably necessary for performance of the contract; and

That would have been equitably amortized over the entire ~~multi-year~~[multiyear](#) contract period but, because of ~~the cancellation,~~[the cancellation,](#) are not so amortized; and

(2) A reasonable profit or fee on the costs.

(e) The cancellation charge shall be computed and the claim made for it as if the claim were being made under the Termination for Convenience of the Government clause of this contract. The Contractor shall submit the claim promptly but no later than 1 year from the date-

Of notification of the nonavailability of funds; or

Specified in the Schedule by which notification of the availability of additional funds for the next ~~succeeding program year~~[succeeding program year](#) is required to be issued, whichever is earlier, unless extensions in writing are granted by the Contracting Officer.

(f) The Contractor's claim may include-

Reasonable nonrecurring costs (see [part 15](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation) which are applicable ~~to and to~~[and](#) normally would have been amortized in all supplies or services which are ~~multi-year~~[multiyear](#) requirements;

Allocable portions of the costs of facilities acquired or established for the conduct of the work, to the ~~extent that extent that~~ it ~~is impracticable~~[is impracticable](#) for the Contractor to use the facilities in its commercial work, and if the costs are not charged to the contract through overhead or otherwise depreciated;

Costs incurred for the assembly, training, and transportation to and from the job site of a specialized ~~work force~~[workforce](#); and

Costs not amortized solely because the cancellation had precluded anticipated benefits of Contractor ~~or subcontractor learning~~[or subcontractor learning](#).

(g) The claim shall not include-

~~(1) Labor, material, or other expenses incurred by the Contractor or subcontractors for performance of the canceled work; (2) Any cost already paid to the Contractor~~[the canceled work](#);

[Any cost already paid to the Contractor](#);

Anticipated profit or unearned fee on the canceled work; or

For service contracts, the remaining useful commercial life of facilities. "Useful commercial life" means the commercial utility of the facilities rather than their physical life with due consideration given to such factors as location of facilities, their specialized nature, and obsolescence.

This contract may include an Option clause with the period for exercising the option limited to the date in ~~the contract for~~[the contract for](#) notification that funds are available for the next succeeding program year. If so, the Contractor agrees not to include in option quantities any costs of a startup or nonrecurring nature that have

been fully set forth in the contract. The Contractor further agrees that the option quantities will reflect only those recurring costs and a reasonable profit or fee necessary to furnish the additional option quantities.

Quantities added to the original contract through the Option clause of this contract shall be included in ~~the quantity canceled~~ the quantity canceled for the purpose of computing allowable cancellation charges.

(End of clause)

#### 52.217-3 Evaluation Exclusive of Options.

As prescribed in 17.203(a), insert a provision substantially the same as ~~in the following in solicitations when the solicitation includes an option clause and does not include one of the provisions prescribed in (b) or (c):~~

Evaluation Exclusive of Options (~~Apr 1984~~ Deviation Date)

The Government will evaluate offers for award purposes by including only the price for the basic requirement; i.e., options will not be included in the evaluation for award purposes.

(End of provision)

#### 52.217-4 Evaluation of Options Exercised at Time of Contract Award.

As prescribed in 17.203(b), insert a provision substantially the same as the following:

Evaluation of Options Exercised at Time of Contract Award (~~June 1988~~ Deviation Date)

Except when it is determined in accordance with FAR ~~(17.202(b))~~ not to be in the Government's best interests, the Government will evaluate the total price for the basic requirement together with any option(s) exercised at the time of award.

(End of provision)

#### 52.217-5 Evaluation of Options.

As prescribed in 17.203(c), insert a provision substantially the same as the following:

Evaluation of Options (~~July 1990~~ Deviation Date)

Except when it is determined in accordance with FAR ~~(17.202(b))~~ not to be in the Government's best interests, the Government will evaluate offers for award purposes by adding the total price for all options to the total price for the basic requirement. Evaluation of options will not obligate the Government to exercise the option(s).

(End of provision)

#### 52.217-6 Option for Increased Quantity.

As prescribed in 17.203(d), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

Option for Increased Quantity (Mar 1989)

The Government may increase the quantity of supplies called for in the Schedule at the unit price specified. The Contracting Officer may exercise the option by written notice to the Contractor within \_\_\_\_\_ [insert in the clause the period of time in which the Contracting Officer has to exercise the option]. Delivery of the added items shall continue at the same rate as the like items called for under the contract, unless the parties otherwise agree.

(End of clause)

#### 52.217-7 Option for Increased Quantity-Separately Priced Line Item.

As prescribed in [17.203\(e\)](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

##### Option for Increased Quantity-Separately Priced Line Item (Mar 1989)

The Government may require the delivery of the numbered line item, identified in the Schedule as an option item, in the quantity and at the price stated in the Schedule. The Contracting Officer may exercise the option by written notice to the Contractor within \_\_\_\_\_ [insert in the clause the period of time in which the Contracting Officer has to exercise the option]. Delivery of added items shall continue at the same rate that like items are called for under the contract, unless the parties otherwise agree.

(End of clause)

#### 52.217-8 Option to Extend Services.

As prescribed in [17.203\(f\)](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

##### Option to Extend Services (Nov 1999)

The Government may require continued performance of any services within the limits and at the rates specified in the contract. These rates may be adjusted only as a result of revisions to prevailing labor rates provided by the Secretary of Labor. The option provision may be exercised more than once, but the total extension of performance hereunder shall not exceed 6 months. The Contracting Officer may exercise the option by written notice to the Contractor within \_\_\_\_\_ [insert the period of time within which the Contracting Officer may exercise the option].

(End of clause)

#### 52.217-9 Option to Extend the Term of the Contract.

As prescribed in [17.203\(g\)](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

##### Option to Extend the Term of the Contract (Mar 2000)

The Government may extend the term of this contract by written notice to the Contractor within \_\_\_\_\_

[insert the period of time within which the Contracting Officer may exercise the option]; provided that the Government gives the Contractor a preliminary written notice of its intent to extend at least \_\_\_\_\_ days[60days]

unless a different number of days is inserted] before the contract expires. The preliminary notice does not commit the Government to an extension.

If the Government exercises this option, the extended contract shall be considered to include this ~~option clause~~[option clause](#).

The total duration of this contract, including the exercise of any options under this clause, shall not exceed \_\_\_\_\_ (months) (years).

(End of clause)

#### 52.217-10 Reverse Auction

As prescribed in [17.804\(a\)](#), insert the following provision:

##### Reverse Auction (Aug 2024)

Definitions. As used in this provision—

Reverse auction means the process for obtaining pricing, usually supported by an electronic tool, in which offerors see competing offerors' price(s), without disclosure of the competing offerors' identity, and have the opportunity to submit lower priced offers until the close of the auction.

Reverse auction service provider means a commercial or Government entity that provides a means for conducting reverse auctions when acquiring supplies or services to be used by the Government.

Reverse auction. The Government intends to conduct a reverse auction under this solicitation to award a contract or blanket purchase agreement.

Offeror agreement. By submission of a quote or proposal in response to the solicitation, the Offeror agrees to participate in the reverse auction and agrees that the Government may reveal to all Offerors the offered price(s) in the auction, without revealing any Offeror's identity, except for the awardee's identity subsequent to an award resulting from the auction. The Offeror may withdraw its agreement to further participate in the process by withdrawing its offer before the close of the auction by notifying the Contracting Officer via the contact method identified in the solicitation.

Only one offer. If the reverse auction produces only one offer, the Government reserves the right to cancel the auction.

Release of information. The Government may use a reverse auction service provider to conduct the reverse auction. Any price or proposal information or source selection information received by the reverse auction service provider in relation to the reverse auction shall not be released, outside of the Government, unless otherwise required by law. However, this does not prevent the Government from revealing to all Offerors the offered price(s) in the auction, without revealing any Offeror's identity. Price or proposal information includes, but is not limited to—

Contractor bid or proposal information, as defined at Federal Acquisition Regulation [3.104-1](#); and

Information identified by the Offeror as restricted from duplication, use, or disclosure—in whole or in part—for ~~anypurpose~~[any purpose](#) other than to evaluate the Offeror's price or proposal.

(End of provision)

#### 52.217-11 Reverse Auction—Orders.

As prescribed in [17.804\(b\)](#), insert the following clause:

##### Reverse Auction—Orders (Aug 2024)

Definitions. As used in this clause—

Reverse auction means the process for obtaining pricing, usually supported by an electronic tool, in which offerors see competing offerors' price(s), without disclosure of the competing offerors' identity, and have the opportunity to submit lower priced offers until the close of the auction.

Reverse auction service provider means a commercial or Government entity that provides a means for conducting reverse auctions when acquiring supplies or services to be used by the Government.

Reverse auction. The Contracting Officer may conduct a reverse auction to award an order under this contract or blanket purchase agreement.

Contractor agreement. When a reverse auction is conducted under this contract or blanket purchase agreement, the following applies:

The Contractor's or blanket purchase agreement holder's submission of a quote or proposal in response to the solicitation for an order constitutes agreement to participate in the auction.

The Contractor agrees that the Government may reveal to all Offerors the offered price(s) in the auction, ~~without revealing~~[without revealing](#) any Offerors' identity, except for the awardee's identity subsequent to an award resulting from the auction.

The Contractor or blanket purchase agreement holder may withdraw its agreement to further participate ~~in the reverse auction~~[in the reverse auction](#) by withdrawing its offer. To withdraw an offer made in response to a reverse auction solicitation issued under this contract or blanket purchase agreement, the Contractor or blanket purchase agreement holder shall notify the Contracting Officer of the request before the close of the auction via the contact method identified in the solicitation.

If the reverse auction produces only one offer, the Government reserves the right to cancel the auction.

(d) Release of information. The Government may use a reverse auction service provider to conduct the reverse auction. Any price or proposal information or source selection information received by the reverse auction service provider in relation to the reverse auction shall not be released, outside of the Government, unless otherwise required by law. However, this does not prevent the Government from revealing to all Contractors or blanket purchase agreement holders the offered price(s) in the auction, without revealing any Contractor or blanket purchase agreement holder's identity. Price or proposal information includes, but is not limited to—[\(1\) Contractor bid or proposal information, as defined at Federal Acquisition Regulation 3.104-1;](#)

~~Contractor bid or proposal information, as defined at Federal Acquisition Regulation~~ Price or proposal information similarly generated for a task order or delivery order or an order under ~~a blanket purchase agreement~~ [blanket purchase agreement](#); and

Information identified by the Contractor or blanket purchase agreement holder as restricted from duplication, use, ~~or disclosure~~ [or disclosure](#)—in whole or in part—for any purpose other than to evaluate the Contractor or blanket purchase agreement holder's price or proposal.

(End of clause)

52.217-12 Reverse Auction Services.

As prescribed in [17.804\(c\)](#), insert the following clause:

Reverse Auction Services (Aug 2024) (a) Definitions.

Government data means any information, document, media, or machine-readable material regardless of physical form or characteristics, that is created or obtained by the Government, in the course of official Government business.

Government-related data means any information, document, media, or machine-readable material regardless of physical form or characteristics that is created or obtained by a contractor through the storage, processing, or communication of Government data. This does not include a contractor's business records ( e.g., financial records, legal records, etc.) or data such as operating procedures, software coding, or algorithms that are not uniquely applied to the Government data.

Reverse auction means the process for obtaining pricing, usually supported by an electronic tool, in which offerors see competing offerors' price(s), without disclosure of the competing offeror's identity, and have the opportunity to submit lower priced offers until the close of the auction.

(b) Duties of the reverse auction service provider. When providing reverse auction services to the Government, the Contractor shall—

Not assert or imply that it can or will obtain a Government contract for the participants of a reverse auction;

Allow entities to register, at no cost, as potential offerors for any reverse auction conducted on behalf of ~~the Government~~ [the Government](#) on the provider's reverse auction platform. As part of the registration process, the Contractor shall allow each entity the opportunity to execute a proprietary data protection agreement with the Contractor; however, the Contractor shall not negotiate terms in the agreement that affect the terms and conditions of a Government solicitation or contract;

Limit access to, use of, and disclosure of Government data and Government-related data.

The Contractor shall not access, use, or disclose Government data unless specifically authorized by the ~~terms of this contract~~ [terms of this contract](#) or a task order or delivery order issued hereunder.

If authorized by the terms of this contract or a task order or delivery order issued hereunder, any access to, ~~or use~~ or ~~use or disclosure~~ disclosure of, Government data shall only be for purposes specified in this contract or task order or delivery order.

The Contractor shall ensure that its employees are subject to all such access, use, and disclosure ~~prohibitions and obligations~~ prohibitions and obligations.

These access, use, and disclosure prohibitions and obligations shall survive the expiration or termination ~~of this contract~~ of this contract.

The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer promptly of any requests from a third party for access ~~to Government~~ to Government data or Government-related data, including any warrants, seizures, or subpoenas it receives, including those from another Federal, State, or local agency. The Contractor shall cooperate with the Contracting Officer to take all measures to protect Government data and Government-related data from any unauthorized disclosure.

Assert no right or license in the data gathered or generated during a reverse auction. Use Government-~~related data only~~ related data only to manage the operational environment that supports the Government data and for no other purpose unless otherwise permitted with the prior written approval of the Contracting Officer.

Protect from unauthorized use or disclosure and not release outside of the Government any price or proposal information or any source selection information (see Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) ~~2.101~~) received by the Contractor in relation to a reverse auction. Price or proposal information shall include, but is not limited to—

Contractor bid or proposal information, as defined at FAR ~~3.104-1~~;

Price or proposal information similarly generated for a task order or delivery order or an order under ~~a blanket purchase agreement~~ blanket purchase agreement; and

Information identified by the reverse auction participant as restricted from duplication, use, or disclosure—in whole ~~or in~~ or in part—for any purpose other than to evaluate the reverse auction participant's price or proposal;

Allow offerors to see the successive lowest price(s) offered in the auction without revealing an ~~offeror's identity~~ offeror's identity;

Not participate as an offeror in any reverse auction, which the Contractor is hosting on behalf of the

Government. ~~This prohibition~~ This prohibition includes participation in a reverse auction by any entity with which the Contractor has a relationship that raises an actual or potential conflict of interest;

At the close of each auction—

Provide the Contracting Officer with the successful offer, along with information that separately identifies ~~the offeror's price~~ the offeror's price and the price for each provider fee or charge included in the total price; and

Provide the Contracting Officer with all information and documentation received from reverse ~~auction participants in response~~ auction participants in response to the reverse auction.



(End of clause)

52.218 [Reserved]

52.219 [Reserved]

52.219-1 Small Business Program Representations.

As prescribed in [19.101\(a\)\(12\)\(iii\)\(A\)](#), insert the following provision:

Small Business Program Representations (~~Feb 2024~~[Deviation Date](#))

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with [13 CFR part 127](#), and the concern is certified by SBA or an approved third-party certifier in accordance with [13 CFR 127.300](#). It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business concern eligible under the WOSB Program.

~~Service-disabled veteran-owned~~[HUBZone](#) small business (~~SDVOSB~~) concern means a small business concern ~~that meets the requirements described in 13 CFR 126.200-~~

~~(1)~~

~~Not less than 51 percent of which, is owned-certified by the Small Business Administration (SBA) and controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned-designated by one or more service-disabled veterans; and~~

~~The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of SBA as a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran or;~~

~~A~~[HUBZone](#) small business concern ~~eligible under-in the SDVOSB Program in accordance with 13 CFR part 128 (see subpart~~[Small Business Search \(SBS\)](#) ([13 CFR 126.103](#)).~~)~~.

~~Service-disabled veteran, as used in this definition, means a veteran as defined in , with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in and who is registered in the Beneficiary Identification and Records Locator Subsystem, or successor system that is maintained by the Department of Veterans Affairs' Veterans Benefits Administration, as a service-disabled veteran.~~

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) concern eligible under the SDVOSB Program means an SDVOSB concern that—

~~Effective January 1, 2024,~~ is designated in the System for Award Management (SAM) as certified by the ~~Small Business~~[Small Business](#) Administration (SBA) in accordance with 13 CFR 128.300; ~~or.~~

~~Has represented that it is an SDVOSB concern in SAM and submitted a complete application for certification to SBA on or before December 31, 2023.~~

~~Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) Program means a program that authorizes contracting officers to limit competition, including award on a sole source basis, to SDVOSB concerns eligible under the SDVOSB Program.~~

Small business concern—

Means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in its ~~field of operation~~ field of operation, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (b) of this provision.

Affiliates, as used in this definition, means business concerns, one of whom directly or indirectly controls or has the power to control the others, or a third party or parties control or have the power to control the others. In determining whether affiliation exists, consideration is given to all appropriate factors including common ownership, common management, and contractual relationships. SBA determines affiliation based on the factors set forth at 13 CFR 121.103.

Small disadvantaged business concern, ~~consistent with~~ means a small business concern that-

Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.1001, means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that-

(1) Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by-

One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States, ~~and~~

~~Each individual claiming economic disadvantage has a net worth not exceeding the threshold~~ 105) by one or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2) after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth 103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2);) individuals who are citizens of the United States, and

~~(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13 CFR 124.106) by individuals~~ by individuals who meet the criteria in paragraph ~~paragraphs~~ (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.

~~Veteran-owned small business concern means a small business concern-~~

~~Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at -or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and~~

~~The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.~~

~~Women-owned small business concern means a small business concern-~~

~~That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and~~

~~Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.~~

Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program (in accordance with ~~13 CFR part 127~~) means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States, and the concern is certified by SBA or an approved third-party certifier in accordance with ~~13 CFR 127.300~~.

(b)

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is \_\_\_\_\_ [insert NAICS code].

The small business size standard is \_\_\_\_\_ [insert size standard].

The small business size standard for a concern that submits an offer, other than on a construction or ~~service acquisition~~, ~~service acquisition~~, but proposes to furnish an end item that it did not itself manufacture, process, or produce (i.e., nonmanufacturer), is 500 employees, or 150 employees for information technology value-added resellers under NAICS code 541519, if the acquisition—

(i.e., nonmanufacturer), is 500 employees, or 150 employees for information technology value-added resellers under NAICS code 541519, if the acquisition—

Is set aside for small business and has a value above the simplified acquisition threshold;

Uses the HUBZone price evaluation preference regardless of dollar value, unless the offeror waives the ~~price evaluation preference~~ ~~price evaluation preference~~; or

Is an 8(a), HUBZone, service-disabled veteran-owned, economically disadvantaged women-owned, ~~or women-owned small~~ ~~or women-owned small~~ business set-aside or sole-source award regardless of dollar value.

(c) Representations.

(1) The offeror represents as part of its offer that—

it ☐ is, ☐ is not a small business concern; or

It ☐ is, ☐ is not a small business joint venture that complies with the requirements of ~~13 CFR 121.103(h)~~ and ~~13 CFR 125.8(a)~~ and ~~(b)~~. [ The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_.]

[Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] ~~[Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.]~~  
The offeror represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not, a ~~women-owned~~ small ~~disadvantaged~~ ~~disadvantage~~ business concern ~~as defined in 13 CFR 124.1001~~.

~~[Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.]~~  
~~The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a women-owned small business concern.~~

Women-owned small business (WOSB) joint venture eligible under the WOSB Program. The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of [13 CFR 127.506\(a\)](#) through [\(c\)](#). [ The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_.]

Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) joint venture. ~~Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) joint venture.~~ The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR 127.506(a) through (c). [ The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_.]

~~Veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a veteran-owned small business concern.~~

~~SDVOSB concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(6) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ☐ is, ☐ is not an SDVOSB concern.~~

SDVOSB joint venture eligible under the SDVOSB Program. [Complete only if the offeror ~~represented itself~~ [certified](#) as a SDVOSB concern ~~in paragraph (c)(7) of this provision~~]. The offeror represents as part of its offer that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a SDVOSB joint venture eligible under the SDVOSB Program that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR 128.402. [ The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_.]

~~HUBZone small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that—~~

~~It ☐ is, ☐ is not a [HUBZone joint venture eligible under the](#) HUBZone ~~small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, as having been certified by~~~~

~~SBA as Program. [Complete only if the offeror is a HUBZone small business concern in the Dynamic Small Business Search and SAM, and will attempt to maintain an employment rate of HUBZone residents of 35 percent of its employees during performance of a HUBZone contract (see (e)(1)); and~~

~~It ☐ is, ☐ is not a.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a HUBZone joint venture that complies with the requirements of [13 CFR 126.616\(a\)](#) through [\(c\)](#). [ The offeror shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_.] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture ~~shall provide representation of its~~ [must be certified as a](#) HUBZone ~~status~~ [concern](#).~~

(d) Notice. Under [15 U.S.C. 645\(d\)](#), any person who misrepresents a firm's status as a business concern that is small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, service-disabled veteran-owned small, economically disadvantaged women-owned small, or women-owned small eligible under the WOSB Program in order to obtain a contract to be awarded under the preference programs established pursuant to section 8, 9, 15, 31, and 36 of the Small Business Act or any other provision of Federal law that specifically references section 8(d) for a definition of program eligibility, ~~shall~~ [will be—](#)

~~Be~~ Punished by imposition of fine, imprisonment, or both;

- ~~Be~~-Subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and
- ~~Be~~-Ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Act.

(End of provision)

~~Alternate I (Feb 2024). As prescribed in (a)(2) add the following paragraph (c)(10) to the basic provision:~~

~~(10) [Complete if offeror represented itself as disadvantaged in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.] The offeror shall check the category in which its ownership falls:~~

- ~~☐ Black American.~~
- ~~☐ Hispanic American.~~
- ~~☐ Native American (American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians).~~
- ~~☐ Asian-Pacific American (persons with origins from Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Brunei, Japan, China, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Vietnam, Korea, The Philippines, Republic of Palau, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Samoa, Macao, Hong Kong, Fiji, Tonga, Kiribati, Tuvalu, or Nauru).~~
- ~~☐ Subcontinent Asian (Asian-Indian) American (persons with origins from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, or Nepal).~~
- ~~☐ Individual/concern, other than one of the preceding.~~

Alternate I [Reserved]

Alternate II (Mar 2023). As prescribed in ~~(19.101(a)(32)(ii)(B))~~, substitute the following paragraphs (b) and (c)(1) for paragraphs (b) and (c)(1) of the basic provision:

(b)(1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes and corresponding size standards for this acquisition are as follows; the categories or portions these NAICS codes are assigned to are specified elsewhere in the solicitation:

| NAICS Code | Size standard |
|------------|---------------|
|            |               |
| NAICS Code | Size standard |
|            |               |
|            |               |

[Contracting Officer to insert NAICS codes and size standards].

(2) The small business size standard for a concern that submits an offer, other than on a construction or service acquisition, but proposes to furnish an end item that it did not itself manufacture, process, or produce (i.e., nonmanufacturer), is 500 employees, or 150 employees for information technology value-added resellers under NAICS code 541519, if the acquisition—

Is set aside for small business and has a value above the simplified acquisition threshold;

Uses the HUBZone price evaluation preference regardless of dollar value, unless the offeror waives the

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|  |  |

[Contracting Officer to insert NAICS codes and size standards].

~~(2) The small business size standard for a concern that submits an offer, other than on a construction or service acquisition, but proposes to furnish an end item that it did not itself manufacture, process, or produce (i.e., nonmanufacturer), is 500 employees, or 150 employees for information technology value-added resellers under NAICS code 541519, if the acquisition—~~

~~Is set aside for small business and has a value above the simplified acquisition threshold;~~

~~Uses the HUBZone price evaluation preference regardless of dollar value, unless the offeror waives the price evaluation preference; or~~

[price evaluation preference; or](#)

Is an 8(a), HUBZone, service-disabled veteran-owned, economically disadvantaged women-owned, ~~or women-owned small~~ [or women-owned small](#) business set-aside or sole-source award regardless of dollar value.

(c) Representations. (1) The Offeror shall represent its small business size status for each one of the NAICS codes assigned to this acquisition under which it is submitting an offer.

| NAICS Code | Small business concern (yes/no) |
|------------|---------------------------------|
|            |                                 |
|            |                                 |
|            |                                 |
|            |                                 |
|            |                                 |
|            |                                 |
|            |                                 |

[Contracting Officer to insert NAICS codes.]

52.219-2 Equal Low Bids.

As prescribed in [19.203\(b\)](#), insert the following provision:

Equal Low Bids (~~Oct 1995~~ [Deviation Date](#))

This provision applies to small business concerns only.

The bidder's status as a labor surplus area (LSA) concern may affect entitlement to award in case of tie bids. If ~~the bidder~~ [the bidder](#) wishes to be considered for this priority, the bidder must identify, in the following space, the LSA in which the costs to be incurred on account of manufacturing or production (by the bidder or the first-tier subcontractors) amount to more than 50 percent of the contract price.

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Failure to identify the labor surplus areas as specified in paragraph (b) of this provision will preclude ~~the bidder from receiving~~ [the bidder from receiving](#) priority consideration. If the bidder is awarded a contract as a result of receiving priority consideration under this provision and would not have otherwise received award, the bidder shall perform the contract or cause the contract to be performed in accordance with the obligations of an LSA concern.

(End of provision)

52.219-3 Notice of HUBZone Set-Aside or Sole-Source Award.

As prescribed in [19.105-4\(a\)](#), insert the following clause:

Notice of HUBZone Set-Aside or Sole-Source Award (~~Oct 2022~~ [Deviation Date](#))

~~Definitions~~ [Definition](#). HUBZone small business concern, as used in this clause, means a small business concern, certified by the Small Business Administration (SBA), that appears on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the SBA ~~(13 CFR 126.103)~~.

Applicability. This clause applies only to-

Contracts that have been set aside or awarded on a sole-source basis to, HUBZone small business concerns;

Part or parts of a multiple-award contract that have been set aside for HUBZone small business concerns; [and](#)

Orders set aside for HUBZone small business concerns under multiple-award contracts as described in ~~and (b)(2)(i)(F); and~~ [8.4 and 16.5](#)

~~Orders issued directly to HUBZone small business concerns under multiple-award contracts as described in c)~~

~~(1)(iii).~~

(c) General.

(c) General.

Offers are solicited only from HUBZone small business concerns. Offers received from concerns that are ~~not HUBZone small~~not HUBZone small business concerns will not be considered.

Any award resulting from this solicitation will be made to a HUBZone small business concern.

(d) Joint venture. A joint venture may be considered a HUBZone concern if—

At least one party to the joint venture is a HUBZone small business concern and complies with 13 CFR 126.616(c); and

Each party to the joint venture qualifies as small under the size standard for the solicitation, or the protégé ~~is small under~~is small under the size standard for the solicitation in a joint venture comprised of a mentor and protégé with an approved ~~mentor-protégé~~mentor-protégé agreement under the SBA mentor-protégé program.

(e) A HUBZone joint venture agrees that, in the performance of the contract, at least 40 percent of the aggregate work performed by the joint venture shall be completed by the HUBZone small business parties to the joint venture. Work performed by the HUBZone small business party or parties to the joint venture must be more than administrative functions. ~~(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

52.219-4 Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns.

As prescribed in 19.110(b), insert the following ~~clause~~provision:

Notice of Price Evaluation preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns (~~Oct 2022~~Deviation Date) (a) Evaluation preference.

(1) Offers will be evaluated by adding a factor of 10 percent to the price of all offers, except—

Offers from HUBZone small business concerns that have not waived the evaluation preference; and

Otherwise successful offers from small business concerns.

~~The factor of 10 percent shall be applied on a line item basis or to any group of items on which award may be made. Other evaluation factors described in the solicitation shall be applied before application of the factor.~~

~~When the two highest rated offerors are a HUBZone small business concern and a large business, and the evaluated offer of the HUBZone small business concern is equal to the evaluated offer of the large business after considering the price evaluation preference, award will be made to the HUBZone small business concern.~~

Waiver of evaluation preference. A HUBZone small business concern may ~~elect~~choose to waive the evaluation preference. If the concern waives the preference, ~~in which case~~ the factor will be added to its offer for evaluation purposes.

☐ Offeror ~~elects~~chooses to waive the evaluation preference.



Joint venture. A HUBZone joint venture agrees that, in the performance of the contract, at least 40 percent of the aggregate work performed by the joint venture shall be completed by the HUBZone small business parties to the joint venture. Work performed by the HUBZone small business parties to the joint venture must be more than administrative functions. [\(End of provision\)](#)

~~(End of clause)~~

52.219-5 [Reserved]

52.219-6 Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside.

As prescribed in ~~€~~[19.104-3\(a\)](#), insert the following clause:

Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside (~~Nov-2020~~[Deviation Date](#))

(a) Definition. Small business concern, as used in this clause—

Means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the ~~field of operation~~[field of operation](#) in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the size standards in this solicitation.

Affiliates, as used in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause, means business concerns, one of whom directly or indirectly controls or has the power to control the others, or a third party or parties control or have the power to control the others. In determining whether affiliation exists, consideration is given to all appropriate factors including common ownership, common management, and contractual relationships. SBA determines affiliation based on the factors set forth at 13 CFR 121.103.

(b) Applicability. This clause applies only to-

Contracts that have been ~~totally~~ set aside for small business concerns; and

Orders set aside for small business concerns under multiple-award contracts as described in [8.4](#) and ~~b)(2)(i)~~ ~~(F)~~, [16.5](#).

(c) General.

Offers are solicited only from small business concerns. Offers received from concerns that are not ~~small business concerns~~[small business concerns](#) shall be considered nonresponsive and will be rejected.

Any award resulting from this solicitation will be made to a small business concern.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Mar 2020) . As prescribed in ~~€~~[19.104-3\(a\)](#), substitute the following paragraph (c) for paragraph (c) of the basic clause:

(c) General.(1) Offers are solicited only from small business concerns and Federal Prison Industries, Inc. (FPI). Offers received from concerns that are not small business concerns or FPI shall be considered nonresponsive and will be rejected.

(2) Any award resulting from this solicitation will be made to either a small business concern or FPI.

#### 52.219-7 Notice of Partial Small Business Set-Aside.

As prescribed in ~~d~~[19.104-3\(b\)](#), insert the following clause:

##### Notice of Partial Small Business Set-Aside (Nov 2020)

(a) Definition. Small business concern, as used in this clause—

Means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the ~~field of operation~~[field of operation](#) in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the size standards in this solicitation.

Affiliates, as used in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause, means business concerns, one of whom directly or indirectly controls or has the power to control the others, or a third party or parties control or have the power to control the others. In determining whether affiliation exists, consideration is given to all appropriate factors including common ownership, common management, and contractual relationships. SBA determines affiliation based on the factors set forth at 13 CFR 121.103.

Applicability. This clause applies only to contracts that have been partially set aside for small business concerns.

##### General.

A portion of this requirement, identified elsewhere in this solicitation, has been set aside for award to one ~~or more small business~~[or more small business](#) concerns identified in [19.000\(a\)\(3\)](#). Offers received from concerns that do not qualify as small business concerns shall be considered nonresponsive and shall be rejected on the set-aside portion of the requirement.

Small business concerns may submit offers and compete for the non-set-aside portion and the ~~set-aside portion~~[set-aside portion](#).

The Offeror shall—

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

☐ Submit a separate offer for each portion of the solicitation for which it wants to compete (i.e. set-aside portion, non-~~set-aside~~[set-aside](#) portion, or both); or

☐ Submit one offer to include all portions for which it wants to compete.

##### Partial set-asides of multiple-award contracts.

Small business concerns will not compete against other than small business concerns for any order ~~issued under~~[issued under](#) the ~~part or~~[part or](#) parts of the multiple-award contract that are set aside.

Small business concerns may compete for orders issued under the part or parts of the multiple-award ~~contract that are not~~[contract that are not](#) set aside, if the small business concern received a contract award for the non-set-aside portion.

(End of clause)

~~(End of clause)~~

Alternate I (Mar 2020) . As prescribed in ~~(e)~~[19.104-3\(b\)](#), add the following paragraph (f) to the basic clause:

(f) Notwithstanding paragraph (c) of this clause, offers from Federal Prison Industries, Inc., will be solicited and considered for both the set-aside and non-set-aside portion of this requirement.

52.219-8 Utilization of Small Business Concerns.

As prescribed in ~~a~~[19.109\(e\)](#), insert the following clause:

Utilization of Small Business Concerns (~~Jan 2025~~[Deviation Date](#))

(a) Definitions. As used in this contract—

HUBZone small business concern means a small business concern that meets the requirements described in [13 CFR 126.200](#), certified by the Small Business Administration (SBA) and designated by SBA as a HUBZone small business concern in the ~~Dynamic~~ Small Business Search (~~DSBS~~[SBS](#)) and ~~SAM~~[the System for Award Management \(SAM\)](#).

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) concern means ~~a small business concern—~~

~~(1)~~

~~Not less than 51 percent of which is owned and controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and~~

~~The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran; or~~

~~A small business concern eligible under the SDVOSB Program in accordance with 13 CFR part 128 (see subpart~~

~~Service-disabled veteran, as used in this definition, means a veteran, as defined in , with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in and who is registered in the Beneficiary Identification and Records Locator Subsystem, or successor system that is maintained by the Department of Veterans Affairs' Veterans Benefits Administration, as a service-disabled veteran.~~

~~Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) concern eligible under the SDVOSB Program means an SDVOSB concern that—~~

~~Effective January 1, 2024,~~ [meets the requirements described in 13 CFR 128.300, is certified by SBA, and is designated in the System for Award Management \(SAM\) as certified by the Small Business Administration \(SBA\) in accordance with 13 CFR 128.300; or](#)

~~Has represented that it is~~ [by SBA as](#) ~~an SDVOSB concern in SAM and submitted a complete application for certification to SBA on or before December 31, 2023.~~

~~Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) Program means a program that authorizes contracting officers to limit competition, including award on a sole source basis, to SDVOSB concerns eligible under the SDVOSB Program~~[SBS and SAM](#).

Small business concern means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in its field of operation and qualified as a small business under the criteria and size standards in [13 CFR part 121](#), including the size standard that corresponds to the NAICS code assigned to the ~~contract~~[contract](#) or subcontract.

Small disadvantaged business ([SDB](#)) concern means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that-

(1) Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by-

One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States,~~consistent with 13 CFR 124.1001, means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that-~~

~~(1) Is at least 51 percent of which is owned and controlled (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by-~~

~~One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States; and~~

~~; and~~

Each individual claiming economic disadvantage has a net worth not exceeding the threshold at 13 ~~CFR~~[124.104](#)[CFR 124.104](#)(c)(2) after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and

(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13.CFR 124.106) by individuals, who meet the criteria in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.

~~(2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13.CFR 124.106) by individuals, who meet the criteria in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.~~

Veteran-owned small business ([VOSB](#)) concern means a small business concern-

Not less than 51 percent of which is owned [and controlled](#) by one or more veterans (as defined at [38](#)

[U.S.C.101\(2\)\)](#) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and

The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

Women-owned small business ([WOSB](#)) concern means a small business concern-

That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women, or, in the case of any publicly owned business, ~~at least 51 percent~~[at least 51 percent](#) of the stock of which is owned by one or more women;~~and~~

Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women;~~; and~~

That is certified by SBA or an approved third-party certifier in accordance with 13 CFR 127.300 and is designated by SBA as a WOSB concern in SBS and SAM.

(b) It is the policy of the United States that small business concerns, ~~veteran-owned small business~~ VOSB concerns, ~~service-disabled veteran-owned small business~~ SDVOSB concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, ~~small disadvantaged business~~ SDB concerns, and ~~women-owned small business~~ WOSB concerns shall have the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in performing contracts let by any Federal agency, including contracts and subcontracts for subsystems, assemblies, components, and related services for major systems. It is further the policy of the United States that its prime contractors establish procedures to ensure the timely payment of amounts due pursuant to the terms of their subcontracts with small business concerns, ~~veteran-owned small business~~ VOSB concerns, ~~service-disabled veteran-owned small business~~ SDVOSB concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, ~~small disadvantaged business~~ SDB concerns, and ~~women-owned small business~~ WOSB concerns.

(c)

(1) A joint venture qualifies as a small business concern if—

Each party to the joint venture qualifies as small under the size standard for the solicitation; or

The protégé is small under the size standard for the solicitation in a joint venture comprised of a mentor ~~and protégé with~~ and protégé with an approved mentor-protégé agreement under a SBA mentor-protégé program. (See 13 CFR 125.9(d)(1), ~~and~~ and.)

(2) A joint venture qualifies as a HUBZone small business concern if it complies with the requirements in 13 CFR 126.616(a) through ~~(c)~~ (c).

(d) The Contractor hereby agrees to carry out this policy in the awarding of subcontracts to the fullest extent consistent with efficient contract performance. The Contractor further agrees to cooperate in any studies or surveys as may be conducted by the ~~United States~~ Small Business Administration or the awarding agency of the ~~United States~~ as may be necessary to determine the extent of the Contractor's compliance with this clause.

(e)

Unless the Contractor has reason to question the representation, it may accept a subcontractor's ~~written representation of~~ written representations of its size and socioeconomic status as a small business, ~~small disadvantaged business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, or a women-owned small business~~ SDB, if the subcontractor represents that the size and socioeconomic status representations with its offer are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of the offer for the subcontract.

Unless the Contractor has reason to question the representation, it may accept a ~~subcontractor's representations~~ subcontractor's representations of ~~its size~~ its size and socioeconomic status as a small business, ~~small disadvantaged business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, or a women-owned small business~~ SDB in the System for Award Management (SAM) if the subcontractor—

~~The subcontractor~~ is registered in SAM; and

~~The subcontractor~~ Represents that the size and socioeconomic status representations made in SAM are current, ~~accurate and complete~~ accurate and complete as of the date of the offer for the subcontract.

The Contractor may not require ~~that the use of~~ subcontractor register in SAM for the purposes of representing ~~size or~~ size or socioeconomic status ~~in connection~~ in connection with a subcontract.

~~In accordance with 13 CFR 121.411, 126.900, 127.700, and 128.600,~~ A contractor acting in good faith is not liable ~~for misrepresentations~~ for misrepresentations made by its subcontractors regarding ~~the subcontractor's~~ the subcontractor's size or socioeconomic status.

The Contractor shall confirm that a subcontractor representing itself as a HUBZone small business concern ~~is certified by SBA as a HUBZone small business concern by accessing SAM or by accessing DSBS at~~ If the subcontractor is a joint venture, the Contractor shall confirm that at least one party to the joint venture is certified by SBA as a HUBZone small business concern. The Contractor may confirm the representation by accessing SAM, VOSB, SDVOSB, or WOSB concern is certified by SBA by checking SAM or SBS at <https://search.certifications.sba.gov/>.

(End of clause)

#### 52.219-9 Small Business Subcontracting Plan.

As prescribed in ~~b~~ 19.109(e)(2)(i), insert the following clause:

Small Business Subcontracting Plan (~~Jan 2025~~ Deviation Date)

This clause does not apply to small business concerns.

Definitions. As used in this clause—

Alaska Native Corporation (ANC) means any Regional Corporation, Village Corporation, Urban Corporation, or Group Corporation organized under the laws of the State of Alaska in accordance with the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, ~~as amended~~ (43 U.S.C. 1601, et seq.) and which is considered a minority and economically disadvantaged concern under the criteria at 43 U.S.C. 1626(e)(1). This definition also includes ANC direct and indirect subsidiary corporations, joint ventures, and partnerships that meet the requirements of 43 U.S.C. 1626(e)(2).

Commercial plan means a subcontracting plan (including goals) that covers the offeror's fiscal year and that applies to the entire production of commercial products and commercial services sold by either the entire company or a portion thereof (e.g., division, plant, or product line).

Commercial product means a product that satisfies the definition of "commercial product" in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 2.101.

Commercial service means a service that satisfies the definition of "commercial service" in FAR ~~2.101~~ 2.101.

Electronic Subcontracting Reporting System (eSRS) means the Governmentwide, electronic, web-based system for small business subcontracting program reporting. The eSRS is located at <http://www.esrs.gov>.

Indian tribe means any Indian tribe, band, group, pueblo, or community, including native villages and native groups (including corporations organized by Kenai, Juneau, Sitka, and Kodiak) as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (~~43 U.S.C. 1601~~ et seq.), that is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from the Bureau of Indian Affairs in accordance with 25 U.S.C. 1452(c). This definition also includes Indian-owned economic enterprises that meet the requirements of 25 U.S.C. 1452(e).

Individual subcontracting plan means a subcontracting plan that covers the entire contract period (including option periods), applies to a specific contract, and has goals that are based on the offeror's planned subcontracting in support of the specific contract, except that indirect costs incurred for common or joint purposes may be allocated on a prorated basis to the contract.

Master subcontracting plan means a subcontracting plan that contains all the required elements of an individual subcontracting plan, except goals, and may be incorporated into individual subcontracting plans, provided the master subcontracting plan has been approved.

Reduced payment means a payment ~~that is~~ for less than the amount agreed upon in a subcontract in accordance with its terms and conditions, for supplies and services for which the Government has paid the prime contractor.

Subcontract means any agreement (other than one involving an employer-employee relationship) entered into by a Federal Government prime contractor or subcontractor calling for supplies or services required for performance of the contract or subcontract.

Total contract dollars means the final anticipated dollar value, including the dollar value of all options.

Untimely payment means a payment to a subcontractor that is more than 90 days past due under the terms and conditions of a subcontract for supplies and services for which the Government has paid the prime contractor.

(c)

(1) The Offeror, upon request by the Contracting Officer, shall submit and negotiate a subcontracting plan, where applicable, that separately addresses subcontracting with small business, veteran-owned small business, (VOSB), service-disabled veteran-owned small business, (SDVOSB), HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, (SDB), and women-owned small business (WOSB) concerns. If the Offeror is submitting an individual subcontracting plan, the plan must separately address subcontracting with small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns, with a separate part for the basic contract and separate parts for each option (if any). ~~The~~ The Contracting Officer will include the subcontracting plan ~~shall be included~~ in and ~~made~~ make it a part of the resultant contract. The Offeror shall negotiate the subcontracting plan ~~shall be negotiated~~ within the ~~time~~ timeframe specified by the Contracting Officer. ~~Failure~~ If the Offeror fails to submit and negotiate the subcontracting plan ~~shall make, then~~ the Offeror ~~ineligible~~ will not be eligible for award of a contract.

(2)

Unless the Contractor has reason to question the representations, it may accept a subcontractor's ~~written representation of~~ written representations of its size and socioeconomic status as a small business, ~~small disadvantaged business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, or a~~

~~women-owned small business~~ SDB, if the subcontractor represents that the size and socioeconomic status representations with its offer are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of the offer for the subcontract.

Unless the Contractor has reason to question the representations, it may accept a ~~subcontractor's representations~~ subcontractor's representations of ~~its size~~ its size and socioeconomic status as a small business, ~~small disadvantaged business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, or a women-owned small business~~ SDB in the System for Award Management (SAM) if —

—  
The subcontractor is registered in SAM; and

The subcontractor represents that the size and socioeconomic status representations made in SAM ~~are current, accurate and~~ are current, accurate and complete as of the date of the offer for the subcontract.

The Contractor may not require ~~that the use of subcontractor register in~~ that the use of subcontractor register in SAM for the purposes of representing ~~size or size or~~ size or size or socioeconomic status ~~in connection~~ in connection with a subcontract.

~~In accordance with 13 CFR 121.411, 126.900, 127.700, and 128.600,~~ A contractor acting in good faith is not liable ~~for misrepresentations~~ for misrepresentations made by its subcontractors regarding ~~the subcontractor's size or SDB status.~~

In order to be eligible as a VOSB, SDVOSB, HUBZone small business, or WOSB concern, subcontractor under a subcontracting plan, the subcontractor's size or small business must be certified by the Small Business Administration (SBA) as that socioeconomic status. SBA certifications are in the Small Business Search (SBS) website at <https://search.certifications.sba.gov/>.

(d) The Offeror's subcontracting plan shall include the following:

(1) Separate goals, expressed in terms of total dollars subcontracted, and as a percentage of total planned subcontracting dollars, for the use of small business, ~~veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business~~ VOSB, SDVOSB, HUBZone small business, ~~small disadvantaged business~~ SDB, and ~~women-owned small business~~ WOSB concerns as subcontractors. For individual subcontracting plans, and if required by the Contracting

Officer, goals shall also be expressed in terms of percentage of total contract dollars, in addition to the goals expressed as a percentage of total subcontract dollars. The Offeror shall include all subcontracts that contribute to contract performance, and may include a proportionate share of products and services that are normally allocated as indirect costs. In accordance with 15 U.S.C. 657r(a), an Offeror that is a mentor with an ~~SBA-approved~~ SBA approved mentor-protégé agreement (see ~~that provides~~ 13 CFR 125.9) and ~~awards~~ awards a subcontract to its protégé may apply the costs incurred for training it provides to its protégé toward its subcontracting plan goals, ~~provided that if the~~ provided that if the protégé is a covered territory business or ~~that protégé has its~~ that protégé has its the protégé's principal office is located in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. In accordance with 43 U.S.C. 1626—

Count subcontracts awarded to an ANC or Indian tribe ~~shall be counted towards~~ toward the subcontracting goals for small ~~business and small~~ business and small disadvantaged business concerns, regardless of the size or ~~Small Business Administration~~ SBA certification status of the ANC or Indian tribe; and



~~Where~~If one or more subcontractors are in the subcontract tier between the prime Contractor and the ANC or ~~Indian tribe,~~Indian tribe, then the ANC or Indian tribe shall designate the appropriate Contractor(s) to count the subcontract towards its small business and small disadvantaged business subcontracting goals.

In most cases, the appropriate Contractor is the Contractor that awarded the subcontract to the ANC ~~or~~ Indian or Indian tribe.

If the ANC or Indian tribe designates more than one Contractor to count the subcontract toward its goals, ~~the ANC or Indian~~the ANC or Indian tribe shall designate only a portion of the total subcontract award to each Contractor. The sum of the amounts designated to various Contractors cannot exceed the total value of the subcontract.

The ANC or Indian tribe shall give a copy of the written designation to the Contracting Officer, the ~~prime Contractor,~~prime Contractor, and the subcontractors ~~in~~ between the prime Contractor and the ANC or Indian tribe within 30 days of the date of the subcontract award.

If the Contracting Officer does not receive a copy of the ~~ANC's~~ANC's or the Indian ~~tribe's~~tribe's written ~~designation within~~designation within 30 ~~days of~~days of the subcontract award, the Contracting Officer will consider the Contractor that awarded the subcontract to the ANC or Indian tribe ~~will be considered~~ the designated Contractor.

(2) A statement of—

Total dollars planned to be subcontracted for an individual subcontracting plan; or the Offeror's total ~~projected sales,~~projected sales, expressed in dollars, and the total value of projected subcontracts, including all indirect costs except as described in paragraph (g) of this clause, to support the sales for a commercial plan;

Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to small business concerns (including ANC and Indian tribes);

Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to veteran-owned small business concerns;

Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to service-disabled veteran-owned small business;

Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to HUBZone small business concerns;

Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to small disadvantaged business concerns (including ANCs ~~and Indian tribes~~and Indian tribes); and

Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to women-owned small business concerns.

(3) A description of the principal types of supplies and services to be subcontracted, and an identification of the types planned for subcontracting to—

Small business concerns;

Veteran-owned small business concerns;

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns;

HUBZone small business concerns;(v) Small disadvantaged business concerns; and

(vi) Women-owned small business concerns.

A description of the method used to develop the subcontracting goals in paragraph (d)(1) of this clause.

A description of the method used to identify potential sources for solicitation purposes (e.g., existing company source lists, SAM, veterans service organizations, the National Minority Purchasing Council Vendor Information Service, the Research and Information Division of the Minority Business Development Agency in the Department of Commerce, or small, HUBZone, small disadvantaged, and women-owned small business trade associations). A firm may rely on the information contained in SAM as an accurate representation of a concern's size and ownership characteristics for the purposes of maintaining a small, veteran-owned small, service-disabled veteran-owned small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, and women-owned small business source list. Use of SAM as its source list does not relieve a firm of its responsibilities (e.g., outreach, assistance, counseling, or publicizing subcontracting opportunities) in this clause.

A statement as to whether or not the Offeror included indirect costs in establishing subcontracting goals, ~~and~~ ~~a description~~ and a description of the method used to determine the proportionate share of indirect costs to be incurred with— (i) Small business concerns (including ANC and Indian tribes);

Veteran-owned small business concerns;

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns;

HUBZone small business concerns;

Small disadvantaged business concerns (including ANC and Indian tribes); and

Women-owned small business concerns.

The name of the individual employed by the Offeror who will administer the Offeror's ~~subcontracting program~~ subcontracting program, and ~~a description~~ a description of the duties of the individual.

A description of the efforts the Offeror will make to assure that small business, ~~veteran-owned small~~ VOSB, SDVOSB, HUBZone ~~small~~ business, ~~service-disabled veteran-owned small business~~, ~~HUBZone small business~~, ~~small disadvantaged business~~ SDB, and ~~women-owned small business~~ WOSB concerns have an equitable opportunity to compete for subcontracts.

Assurances that the Offeror will include the clause of this contract entitled "Utilization of Small ~~Business Concerns~~" ~~in all~~ Business Concerns" in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities, and that the Offeror will require all subcontractors (except small business concerns, including entities that are treated as small business concerns by statute for certain purposes ( e.g., ANCs, see 13 CFR 125.3(b)(2))) that receive subcontracts in excess of the applicable threshold specified in FAR 19.109(a) on the date of subcontract award, with further subcontracting possibilities to adopt a subcontracting plan that complies with the requirements of this clause.

Assurances that the Offeror will—

Cooperate in any studies or surveys as may be required;

Submit periodic reports so ~~that~~ the Government can determine the extent of compliance by the Contractor ~~with the subcontracting~~ with the subcontracting plan;

~~After November 30, 2017,~~ Include subcontracting data for each order when reporting subcontracting achievements ~~for indefinite~~ for indefinite-delivery, indefinite-quantity contracts with individual subcontracting plans where the contract is intended for use by multiple agencies;

Submit the Individual Subcontract Report (ISR) and/or the Summary Subcontract Report (SSR), ~~in accordance with paragraph~~ in accordance with paragraph (I) of this clause using the Electronic Subcontracting Reporting System (eSRS) at <http://www.esrs.gov>. The reports shall provide information on subcontract awards to small business concerns (including ANCs and Indian tribes that are not small businesses), veteran-owned small business concerns, service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, small disadvantaged business concerns (including ANCs and Indian tribes that have not been certified by ~~the Small Business Administration~~ SBA as small disadvantaged businesses), women-owned small business concerns, and for NASA only, Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Minority Institutions. Reporting shall be in accordance with this clause, or as provided in agency regulations;

Ensure that its subcontractors with subcontracting plans agree to submit the ISR and/or the SSR using eSRS;

Provide its prime contract number, its unique entity identifier, and the e-mail address of the Offeror's official responsible for acknowledging receipt of or rejecting the ISRs, to all first-tier subcontractors with subcontracting plans so they can enter this information into the eSRS when submitting their ISRs; and

Require that each subcontractor with a subcontracting plan provide the prime contract number, its ~~own unique entity identifier~~ own unique entity identifier, and the e-mail address of the subcontractor's official responsible for acknowledging receipt of or rejecting the ISRs, to its subcontractors with subcontracting plans.

(11) A description of the types of records that will be maintained concerning procedures that have been adopted to comply with the requirements and goals in the plan, including establishing source lists; and a description of the ~~offeror's~~ Offeror's efforts to locate small business, ~~veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business~~ VOSB, SDVOSB, HUBZone small business, ~~small disadvantaged business~~ SDB, and ~~women-owned small business~~ WOSB concerns and award subcontracts to them. The records shall include at least the following (on a plant-wide or company-wide basis, unless otherwise indicated):

Source lists (e.g., SAM), guides, and other data that identify small business, veteran-owned small business, ~~service-disabled~~ service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns.

Organizations contacted in an attempt to locate sources that are small business, veteran-owned ~~small business~~ small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, or women-owned small business concerns.

Records on each subcontract solicitation resulting in an award of more than the simplified ~~acquisition threshold, as defined~~ acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR [2.101](#) on the date of subcontract award, indicating ~~(A)-~~

Whether small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not;

Whether veteran-owned small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not;

Whether service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not;

Whether HUBZone small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not;

Whether small disadvantaged business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not;(F) Whether women-owned small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not; and

(G) If applicable, the reason award was not made to a small business concern.

(iv) Records of any outreach efforts to contact-

Trade associations;

Business development organizations;

Conferences and trade fairs to locate small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, service-disabled veteran-owned, ~~and women~~ and women-owned small business sources; and

Veterans service organizations.

(v) Records of internal guidance and encouragement provided to buyers through-

Workshops, seminars, training, etc.; and

Monitoring performance to evaluate compliance with the program's requirements.

(vi) On a contract-by-contract basis, records to support award data submitted by the offeror to the Government, including the name, address, and business size of each subcontractor. Contractors having commercial plans need not comply with this requirement.

(12) Assurances that the Offeror will make a good faith effort to acquire articles, equipment, supplies, services, or materials, or obtain the performance of construction work from the small business concerns that it used in preparing the bid or proposal, in the same or greater scope, amount, and quality used in preparing and submitting the bid or proposal. Responding to a request for a quote does not constitute use in preparing a bid or proposal. The Offeror used a small business concern in preparing the bid or proposal if-

The Offeror identifies the small business concern as a subcontractor in the bid or proposal or associated ~~small business subcontracting~~ small business subcontracting plan, to furnish certain supplies or perform a portion of the subcontract; or

The Offeror used the small business concern's pricing or cost information or technical expertise in ~~preparing the preparing the~~ bid ~~or proposal~~ or proposal, where there is written evidence of an intent or understanding that the small business concern will be awarded a subcontract for the related work if the Offeror is awarded the contract.

Assurances that the Contractor will provide the Contracting Officer with a written explanation if ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor fails ~~to acquire to acquire~~ articles, equipment, supplies, services, or materials or obtain the performance of construction work as described in paragraph (d)(12) of this clause. ~~This~~ The Contractor shall

~~submit the~~ written explanation ~~must be submitted~~ to the Contracting Officer within 30 days of contract completion.

Assurances that the Contractor will not prohibit a subcontractor from discussing with the ~~Contracting Officer~~ ~~any material~~ Contracting Officer any material matter pertaining to payment to or utilization of a subcontractor.

Assurances that the Contractor will pay its small business subcontractors on time and in accordance with ~~the terms and conditions~~ the terms and conditions of the underlying subcontract, and notify the Contracting Officer when the prime contractor makes either a reduced or an untimely payment to a small business subcontractor (see 52.242-5).

(e) In order to effectively implement this plan to the extent consistent with efficient contract performance, the Contractor shall perform the following functions:

Assist small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone ~~small business~~ small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns by arranging solicitations, time for the preparation of bids, quantities, specifications, and delivery schedules so as to facilitate the participation by such concerns. Where the Contractor's lists of potential small business, ~~veteran-owned~~ veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business subcontractors are excessively long, reasonable effort shall be made to give all such small business concerns an opportunity to compete over a period of time.

Provide adequate and timely consideration of the potentialities of small business, veteran-owned ~~small business~~ small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and ~~women-owned~~ women-owned small business concerns in all "make-or-buy" decisions.

Counsel and discuss subcontracting opportunities with representatives of small business, veteran-owned ~~small business~~ small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and ~~women-owned~~ women-owned small business firms.

Confirm that a subcontractor representing itself as a HUBZone small business concern is certified by SBA ~~as a~~ as a HUBZone small business concern by accessing SAM or by accessing the ~~Dynamic~~ Small Business Search (~~DSBS~~ SBS) at <https://search.certifications.sba.gov/>.

Provide notice to subcontractors concerning penalties and remedies for misrepresentations of business ~~status~~ status ~~as~~ status small, veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, or women-owned small business for the purpose of obtaining a subcontract that is to be included as part or all of a goal contained in the Contractor's subcontracting plan.

For all competitive subcontracts over the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101 on ~~the~~ date ~~the~~ date of subcontract award, in which a small business concern received a small business preference, upon determination of the successful subcontract offeror, prior to award of the subcontract the Contractor must inform each unsuccessful small business subcontract offeror in writing of the name and location of the apparent successful offeror and if the successful subcontract offeror is a small business, veteran-owned small business,

service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, or women-owned small business concern.

Assign each subcontract the NAICS code and corresponding size standard that best describes the ~~principal purpose of the~~ principal purpose of the subcontract.

(f) A master subcontracting plan on a plant or division-wide basis that contains all the elements required by paragraph (d) of this clause, except goals, may be incorporated by reference as a part of the subcontracting plan required of the Offeror by this clause; provided ~~-(1) The master subcontracting plan has been approved;~~

~~The master subcontracting plan has been approved;~~

The Offeror ensures that the master subcontracting plan is updated as necessary and provides copies of ~~the approved master~~ the approved master subcontracting plan, including evidence of its approval, to the Contracting Officer; and

Goals and any deviations from the master subcontracting plan deemed necessary by the Contracting ~~Officer to satisfy the~~ Officer to satisfy the requirements of this contract are set forth in the individual subcontracting plan.

A commercial plan is the preferred type of subcontracting plan for contractors furnishing commercial products and commercial ~~products and commercial~~ services. The commercial plan shall relate to the offeror's planned subcontracting generally, for both commercial and Government business, rather than solely to the Government contract. Once the Contractor's commercial plan has been approved, the Government will not require another subcontracting plan from the same Contractor while the plan remains in effect, as long as the product or service being provided by the Contractor continues to meet the definition of a commercial product or commercial service. A Contractor with a commercial plan shall comply with the reporting requirements stated in paragraph (d)(10) of this clause by submitting one SSR in eSRS for all contracts covered by its commercial plan. A Contractor authorized to use a commercial subcontracting plan shall include in its subcontracting goals and in its SSR all indirect costs, with the exception of those such as the following: Employee salaries and benefits; payments for petty cash; depreciation; interest; income taxes; property taxes; lease payments; bank fees; fines, claims, and dues; original equipment manufacturer relationships during warranty periods (negotiated up front with the product); utilities and other services purchased from a municipality or an entity solely authorized by the municipality to provide those services in a particular geographical region; and philanthropic contributions. This report shall be acknowledged or rejected in eSRS by the Contracting Officer who approved the plan. This report shall be submitted within 30 days after the end of the Government's fiscal year.

The Contracting Officer will consider prior compliance of the Offeror with other such subcontracting ~~plans under plans under~~ previous contracts ~~will be considered by the Contracting Officer~~ in determining the responsibility of the Offeror for award of the contract.

A contract may have no more than one subcontracting plan. When a contract modification exceeds ~~the subcontracting plan~~ the subcontracting plan threshold in FAR ~~(19.109(a))~~, or an option is exercised, the goals of the existing subcontracting plan shall be amended to reflect any new subcontracting opportunities. When the goals in a subcontracting plan are amended, these goal changes do not apply retroactively.

Subcontracting plans are not required from subcontractors when the prime contract ~~contains the clause at FAR 52.212-5,~~

~~Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders~~ is awarded under FAR part 12, Acquisition of Commercial Products and Commercial Services, or when the subcontractor provides a commercial product or commercial service subject to the clause at FAR 52.244-6, Subcontracts for Commercial Products and Commercial Services, under a prime contract.

~~The~~ The Contracting Officer will consider failure of the Contractor or subcontractor to comply in good faith with ~~(1) the~~with the clause of this contract entitled "Utilization Of Small Business Concerns;" or ~~(2) an approved plan required by this clause, shall be a material breach of the contract and may be considered~~consider the failure in any past performance evaluation of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall submit ISRs and SSRs using the web-based eSRS at <https://www.esrs.gov>. Do not include purchases from a corporation, company, or subdivision that is an affiliate of the Contractor or subcontractor ~~are not included~~ in these reports. Treat subcontract awards by affiliates ~~shall be treated as subcontract awards by the Contractor.~~ Limit subcontract award data reported by the Contractor and subcontractors ~~shall be limited to awards made to their immediate next-tier subcontractors.~~ Credit ~~The Contractor and its subcontractors~~ cannot ~~be taken~~take credit for awards made to lower tier subcontractors, unless the Contractor or subcontractor has been designated to receive a small business or ~~small disadvantaged business~~SDB credit from an ANC or Indian tribe. Include in these reports only subcontracts involving performance in the United States or its outlying areas ~~should be included in these reports,~~ with the exception of subcontracts under a contract awarded by the State Department or any other agency that has statutory or regulatory authority to require subcontracting plans for subcontracts performed outside the United States and its outlying areas.

(1) ISR. This report is not required for commercial plans. The report is required for each contract containing an individual subcontracting plan.

(i) The report shall be submitted semi-annually during contract performance for the periods ending March 31 and

September 30. A report is also required for each contract within 30 days of contract completion. Reports are due 30 days after the close of each reporting period, unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer. Reports are required when due, regardless of whether there has been any subcontracting activity since the inception of the contract or the previous reporting period. When the Contracting Officer rejects an ISR, the Contractor shall submit a corrected report within 30 days of receiving the notice of ISR rejection.

(ii)

~~(A)~~ When a subcontracting plan contains separate goals for the ~~basic~~base period of the contract and each option, ~~as prescribed by FAR~~

~~(c), the dollar~~the dollar goal inserted on this report shall be the sum of the base period through the current option; for example, for a report submitted after the second option is exercised, the dollar goal would be the sum of the goals for the basic contract, the first option, and the second option.

~~(B)~~ If a subcontracting plan has been added to the contract pursuant to ~~a~~~~(19.302-1)(iii)~~ or ~~(19.301)~~(e), the Contractor's ~~Contractor shall report its~~ achievements ~~must be reported in the ISR~~ on a cumulative basis from the date of incorporation of the subcontracting plan into the contract.

When a subcontracting plan includes indirect costs in the goals, include these costs ~~must be included~~ in this report.

The authority to acknowledge receipt or reject the ISR resides—

In the case of the prime Contractor, with the Contracting Officer; and

In the case of a subcontract with a subcontracting plan, with the entity that awarded the subcontract.

(2) SSR.

(i) Reports submitted under individual ~~contract~~subcontracting plans—

This report encompasses all subcontracting under prime contracts and subcontracts with an ~~executive agency~~executive agency, regardless of the dollar value of the subcontracts. This report also includes indirect costs on a prorated basis when the indirect costs are excluded from the subcontracting goals.

The report may be submitted on a corporate, company or subdivision (e.g. plant or division operating as a separate profit center) basis, unless otherwise directed by the agency.

If the Contractor or a subcontractor is performing work for more than one executive agency, a separate ~~report shall be submitted~~report shall be submitted to each executive agency covering only that agency's contracts, provided at least one of that agency's contracts is over the applicable threshold specified in FAR ~~(19.109(a))~~, and the ~~contract and~~contract contains a subcontracting plan. For DoD, a consolidated report shall be submitted for all contracts awarded by military departments/agencies and/or subcontracts awarded by DoD prime contractors.

The report shall be submitted annually by October 30 for the twelve month period ending September 30. When ~~a Contracting~~a Contracting Officer rejects an SSR, the Contractor shall submit a revised report within 30 days of receiving the notice of SSR rejection.

Subcontract awards that are related to work for more than one executive agency shall be ~~appropriately allocated~~appropriately allocated.

The authority to acknowledge or reject SSRs in eSRS, including SSRs submitted by subcontractors ~~with subcontracting plans~~with subcontracting plans, resides with the Government agency awarding the prime contracts unless stated otherwise in the contract.

(ii) Reports submitted under a commercial plan—

The report shall include all subcontract awards under the commercial plan in effect during the ~~Government's fiscal year and~~Government's fiscal year and all indirect costs.

The report shall be submitted annually, within thirty days after the end of the Government's fiscal year.

If a Contractor has a commercial plan and is performing work for more than one executive agency, ~~the Contractor shall specify~~the Contractor shall specify the percentage of dollars attributable to each agency.



The authority to acknowledge or reject SSRs for commercial plans resides with the Contracting Officer ~~who approved the~~ who approved the commercial plan.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (~~Nov 2016~~ Deviation Date). As prescribed in ~~(b)(1) 19.109(e)(2)(i)(A)~~, substitute the following paragraph (c)(1) for paragraph (c)(1) of the basic clause:

(c)(1) The ~~apparent~~ apparently low bidder, upon request by the Contracting Officer, shall submit a subcontracting plan, where applicable, that separately addresses subcontracting with small business, veteran-owned small business, ~~(VOSB)~~, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, ~~(SDVOSB)~~, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, ~~(SDB)~~, and women-owned small business ~~(WOSB)~~ concerns. If the bidder is submitting an individual subcontracting plan, the plan must separately address subcontracting with small business, ~~veteran-owned~~ veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns, with a separate part for the basic contract and separate parts for each option (if any). The ~~plan~~ Contracting Officer shall ~~be included~~ include the plan in and ~~made~~ make it a part of the resultant contract. The ~~subcontracting plan~~ apparently low bidder shall ~~be submitted~~ submit the subcontracting plan within the ~~time~~ timeframe specified by the Contracting Officer. ~~Failure~~ If the Bidder fails to submit the subcontracting plan, ~~then the Bidder~~ shall ~~make the bidder ineligible~~ not be eligible for the award of a contract.

Alternate II (~~Nov 2016~~ Deviation Date). As prescribed in ~~(b)(1)(iii) 19.109(e)(2)(i)(B)~~, substitute the following paragraph (c)(1) for paragraph (c)(1) of the basic clause:

(c)(1) ~~Proposals~~ The Offeror shall include with its proposal, submitted in response to this solicitation ~~shall include~~ a subcontracting plan that separately addresses subcontracting with small business, veteran-owned small business ~~(VOSB)~~, ~~servicedisabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB)~~, ~~HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business (SDB), and women-owned small business (WOSB) concerns.~~ If the Offeror is submitting an individual subcontracting plan, the plan must separately address subcontracting with small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns. ~~If the Offeror is submitting an individual subcontracting plan, the plan must separately address subcontracting with small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns,~~ with a separate part for the basic contract and separate parts for each option (if any). The Contracting Officer shall include the plan ~~shall be included~~ in and ~~made~~ make it a part of the resultant contract. The Offeror shall negotiate the subcontracting plan ~~shall be negotiated~~ within the ~~time~~ timeframe specified by the Contracting Officer. ~~Failure~~ If the Offeror fails to submit and negotiate a subcontracting plan, ~~the Offeror~~ shall ~~make the Offeror ineligible~~ not be eligible for award of a contract.

Alternate III (~~Jan 2025~~ Deviation Date). As prescribed in ~~(b)(1)(iii) 19.109(e)(2)(i)(C)~~, substitute the following paragraphs (d)(10) and (I) for paragraphs (d)(10) and (I) in the basic clause:

(d)(10) Assurances that the Offeror will—

Cooperate in any studies or surveys as may be required;

Submit periodic reports so that the Government can determine the extent of compliance by the ~~Contractor with the subcontracting~~ Contractor with the subcontracting plan;

Submit Standard Form (SF) 294 Subcontracting Report for Individual Contract in accordance ~~with paragraph with paragraph~~ (I) of ~~this clause this clause~~. Submit the Summary Subcontract Report (SSR), in accordance with paragraph (I) of this clause using the Electronic Subcontracting Reporting System (eSRS) at ~~http://www.esrs.gov~~. The reports shall provide information on subcontract awards to small business concerns (including ANCs and Indian tribes that are not small businesses), veteran-owned small business concerns, service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, small disadvantaged business concerns (including ANCs and Indian tribes that have not been certified by the Small Business Administration as small disadvantaged businesses), women-owned small business concerns, and for NASA only, Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Minority Institutions. Reporting shall be in accordance with this clause, or as provided in agency regulations; and

~~Administration as small disadvantaged businesses), women-owned small business concerns, and for NASA only, Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Minority Institutions. Reporting shall be in accordance with this clause, or as provided in agency regulations; and~~

Ensure that its subcontractors with subcontracting plans agree to submit the SF 294 in accordance ~~with paragraph with paragraph~~ (I) ~~of this of this~~ clause. Ensure that its subcontractors with subcontracting plans agree to submit the SSR in accordance with paragraph (I) of this clause using the eSRS.

(I) The Contractor shall submit a SF 294. The Contractor shall submit SSRs using the web-based eSRS at <http://www.esrs.gov>. Purchases from a corporation, company, or subdivision that is an affiliate of the Contractor or subcontractor are not included in these reports. Subcontract awards by affiliates shall be treated as subcontract awards by the Contractor. Subcontract award data reported by the Contractor and subcontractors shall be limited to awards made to their immediate next-tier subcontractors. Credit cannot be taken for awards made to lower tier subcontractors, unless the Contractor or subcontractor has been designated to receive a small business or small disadvantaged business credit from an ANC or Indian tribe. Only subcontracts involving performance in the U.S. or its outlying areas should be included in these reports with the exception of subcontracts under a contract awarded by the State Department or any other agency that has statutory or regulatory authority to require subcontracting plans for subcontracts performed outside the United States and its outlying areas.

(1) SF 294. This report is not required for commercial plans. The report is required for each contract containing an individual subcontracting plan. For Contractors the report shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer, or as specified elsewhere in this contract. In the case of a subcontract with a subcontracting plan, the report shall be submitted to the entity that awarded the subcontract.

(i) The report shall be submitted semi-annually during contract performance for the periods ending March 31 and

September 30. A report is also required for each contract within 30 days of contract completion. Reports are due 30 days after the close of each reporting period, unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer. Reports are required when due, regardless of whether there has been any subcontracting activity since the inception of the contract or the previous reporting period. When a Contracting Officer rejects a report, the Contractor shall submit a revised report within 30 days of receiving the notice of report rejection.

(ii)(A) When a subcontracting plan contains separate goals for the basic contract and each option, as prescribed by FAR ~~(e)19.206-1(b)~~, the dollar goal inserted on this report shall be the sum of the base period through the current option; for example, for a report submitted after the second option is exercised, the dollar goal would be the sum of the goals for the basic contract, the first option, and the second option.

(B) If a subcontracting plan has been added to the contract pursuant to ~~a)(FAR 19.302-1)(iii)~~ or 19.301-2(e(d)), the

Contractor's achievements must be reported in the report on a cumulative basis from the date of incorporation of the subcontracting plan into the contract.

(iii) When a subcontracting plan includes indirect costs in the goals, these costs must be included in this report.

(2)SSR. (i) Reports submitted under ~~individual~~subcontracting contract plans-.

This report encompasses all subcontracting under prime contracts and subcontracts with an ~~executive agency;~~executiveagency, regardless of the dollar value of the subcontracts. This report also includes indirect costs on a prorated basis when the indirect costs are excluded from the subcontracting goals.

The report may be submitted on a corporate, company or subdivision (e.g., plant or division operating as a separate profit center) basis, unless otherwise directed by the agency.

If the Contractor and/or a subcontractor is performing work for more than one executive agency, a ~~separate report shall be~~separate report shall be submitted to each executive agency covering only that agency's contracts, provided at least one of that agency's contracts is over the applicable threshold specified in FAR 19.109(a), and the contract contains a subcontracting plan. For DoD, a consolidated report shall be submitted for all contracts awarded by military departments/agencies and/or subcontracts awarded by DoD prime contractors.

The report shall be submitted annually by October 30, for the twelve month period ending September 30. When ~~aContracting~~a Contracting Officer rejects an SSR, the Contractor is required to submit a revised SSR within 30 days of receiving the notice of report rejection.

Subcontract awards that are related to work for more than one executive agency shall be ~~appropriately allocated~~appropriatelyallocated.

The authority to acknowledge or reject SSRs in the eSRS, including SSRs submitted by subcontractors with subcontracting plans, resides with the Government agency awarding the prime contracts unless stated otherwise in the contract.

(ii) Reports submitted under a commercial plan-.

The report shall include all subcontract awards under the commercial plan in effect during the ~~Government's fiscal year and~~Government'sfiscal year and all indirect costs.

The report shall be submitted annually, within 30 days after the end of the Government's fiscal year.

If a Contractor has a commercial plan and is performing work for more than one executive agency, ~~the Contractor shall specify~~the Contractor shall specify the percentage of dollars attributable to each agency.

The authority to acknowledge or reject SSRs for commercial plans resides with the Contracting Officer ~~who approved the~~ who approved the commercial plan.

Alternate IV (~~Jan-2025~~ Deviation Date). As prescribed in ~~(19.302-1)(b)(1)(iv)~~, substitute the following paragraphs (c)(1) and (d) for paragraphs (c)(1) and (d) of the basic clause:

(c)(1) The Contractor, upon request by the Contracting Officer, shall submit and negotiate a subcontracting plan, where applicable, that separately addresses subcontracting with small business, veteran-owned small business, (VOSB), service-disabled veteran-owned small business, (SDVOSB), HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, (SDB), and women-owned small business (WOSB) concerns. If the Contractor is submitting an individual subcontracting plan, the plan shall separately address subcontracting with small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns, with a separate part for the basic contract and separate parts for each option (if any). The ~~subcontracting plan~~ Contracting Officer shall ~~be incorporated~~ incorporate the subcontracting plan into the contract. The Contractor shall negotiate the subcontracting plan ~~shall be negotiated~~ within the ~~time~~ timeframe specified by the Contracting Officer. The subcontracting plan does not apply retroactively.

~~(2)(i) Unless the Contractor has reason to question the representations, it may accept a subcontractor's written representations of its size and socioeconomic status as a small business, small disadvantaged business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, or a women-owned small business if the subcontractor represents that the size and socioeconomic status representations with its offer are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of the offer for the subcontract.~~

~~(ii) Unless the Contractor has reason to question the representations, it may accept a subcontractor's representations of its size and socioeconomic status as a small business, small disadvantaged business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, or a women-owned small business in the System for Award Management (SAM) if~~

~~—~~  
The subcontractor is registered in SAM; and

The subcontractor represents that the size and socioeconomic status representations made in SAM are current, accurate and complete as of the date of the offer for the subcontract.

The Contractor may not require the use of SAM for the purposes of representing size or socioeconomic status in connection with a subcontract.

In accordance with 13 CFR 121.411, 126.900, 127.700, and 128.600, a contractor acting in good faith is not liable for misrepresentations made by its subcontractors regarding the subcontractor's size or socioeconomic status.

(d) The Contractor's subcontracting plan shall include the following:

(1) Separate goals, expressed in terms of total dollars subcontracted and as a percentage of total planned subcontracting dollars, for the use of small business, ~~veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business~~ VOSB, SDVOSB, HUBZone small business, ~~small disadvantaged business~~ SDB, and ~~women-~~

~~owned small business~~WOSB concerns as subcontractors. For individual subcontracting plans, and if required by the Contracting Officer, goals shall also be expressed in terms of percentage of total contract dollars, in addition to the goals expressed as a percentage of total subcontract dollars. The Contractor shall include all subcontracts that contribute to contract performance, and may include a proportionate share of products and services that are normally allocated as indirect costs. In accordance with [15 U.S.C. 657r\(a\)](#), a Contractor that is a mentor with an SBA-approved mentor-protégé agreement (see ~~that provides~~[13 CFR 125.9](#)) and awards a subcontract to its protégé may apply the costs incurred for training it provides to its protégé toward its subcontracting plan goals, ~~provided that if the~~ protégé is a covered territory business or ~~that protégé has its~~the protégé's principal office is located in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. [In accordance with 43 U.S.C. 1626—](#)

~~In accordance with~~Count subcontracts awarded to an ANC or Indian tribe ~~shall be counted towards~~toward the subcontracting goals for small ~~business and small disadvantaged~~business andSDB concerns, regardless of the size or Small Business Administration certification status of the ANC or Indian tribe; and

~~Where~~if one or more subcontractors are in the subcontract tier between the prime Contractor and the ANC or ~~Indian tribe~~Indian tribe, then the ANC or Indian tribe shall designate the appropriate Contractor(s) to count the subcontract ~~towards~~toward its small business and small disadvantaged business subcontracting goals.

In most cases, the appropriate Contractor is the Contractor that awarded the subcontract to the ANC ~~or Indian or~~Indian tribe.

If the ANC or Indian tribe designates more than one Contractor to count the subcontract toward its goals, ~~the ANC or Indian~~the ANC or Indian tribe shall designate only a portion of the total subcontract award to each Contractor. The sum of the amounts designated to various Contractors cannot exceed the total value of the subcontract.

The ANC or Indian tribe shall give a copy of the written designation to the Contracting Officer, ~~the Contractor~~the Contractor, and ~~the subcontractors~~the subcontractors in between the prime Contractor and the ANC or Indian tribe within 30 days of the date of the subcontract award.

If the Contracting Officer does not receive a copy of the ANC's or the Indian tribe's written ~~designation within~~designationwithin 30 ~~daysof~~days of the subcontract award, the [Contracting Officer will consider the](#) Contractor that awarded the subcontract to the ANC or Indian tribe ~~will be considered~~the designated Contractor.

(2) A statement of—

~~(i)~~Total dollars planned to be subcontracted for an individual subcontracting plan; or the Contractor's ~~total projected~~totalprojected sales, expressed in dollars, and the total value of projected subcontracts to support the sales for a commercial plan, including all indirect costs, with the exception of those such as the following: Employee salaries and benefits; payments for petty cash; depreciation; interest; income taxes; property taxes; lease payments; bank fees; fines, claims, and dues; original equipment manufacturer relationships during warranty periods (negotiated up front with the product); utilities and other services purchased from a municipality or an entity solely authorized by the municipality to provide those services in a particular geographical region; and philanthropic contributions;

~~(iii)~~[Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to small business concerns \(including ANC and Indian tribes\);](#)

Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to veteran-owned small business concerns; (iv) Total ~~dollars planned~~dollarsplanned to be subcontracted to service-disabled veteran-owned small business; (v) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to HUBZone small business concerns; (vi) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to small disadvantaged business concerns (including ANCs and Indian tribes); and (vii) Total dollars planned to be subcontracted to women-owned small business concerns.

(3) A description of the principal types of supplies and services to be subcontracted, and an identification of the types planned for subcontracting to

Small business concerns;

Veteran-owned small business concerns;

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns;

HUBZone small business concerns;(v) Small disadvantaged business concerns; and

(vi) Women-owned small business concerns.

A description of the method used to develop the subcontracting goals in paragraph (d)(1) of this clause.

A description of the method used to identify potential sources for solicitation purposes (e.g., ~~existing company source lists~~existingcompany source lists, SAM, veterans service organizations, the National Minority Purchasing Council Vendor Information Service, the Research and Information Division of the Minority Business Development Agency in the Department of Commerce, or small, HUBZone, small disadvantaged, and women-owned small business trade associations). The Contractor may rely on the information contained in SAM as an accurate representation of a concern's size and ownership characteristics for the purposes of maintaining a small, veteran-owned small, service-disabled veteran-owned small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, and women-owned small business source list. Use of SAM as its source list does not relieve a firm of its responsibilities (e.g., outreach, assistance, counseling, or publicizing subcontracting opportunities) in this clause.

A statement as to whether or not the Contractor included indirect costs in establishing subcontracting goals, and ~~a description~~a description of the method used to determine the proportionate share of indirect costs to be incurred with— (i) Small business concerns (including ANC and Indian tribes);

Veteran-owned small business concerns;

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns;

HUBZone small business concerns;

Small disadvantaged business concerns (including ANC and Indian tribes); and

Women-owned small business concerns.

The name of the individual employed by the Contractor who will administer the Contractor's ~~subcontracting program~~subcontractingprogram, and a description of the duties of the individual.

A description of the efforts the Contractor will make to assure that small business, ~~veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business,~~ VOSB, SDVOSB,

HUBZone small business, ~~small disadvantaged business~~ SDB, and ~~women-owned small business~~ WOSB concerns have an equitable opportunity to compete for subcontracts.

Assurances that the Contractor will include the clause of this contract entitled "Utilization of Small ~~Business Concerns~~" Business Concerns in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities, and that the Contractor will require all subcontractors (except small business concerns, including entities that are treated as small business concerns by statute for certain purposes (e.g., ANCs, see ~~13 CFR 125.3(b)(2))~~ that receive subcontracts in excess of the applicable threshold specified in FAR 19.302-1(a)(1)) on the date of subcontract award, with further subcontracting possibilities to adopt a subcontracting plan that complies with the requirements of this clause.

Assurances that the Contractor will—

Cooperate in any studies or surveys as may be required;

Submit periodic reports so ~~that~~ the Government can determine the extent of compliance by the Contractor ~~with the subcontracting~~ with the subcontracting plan;

~~After November 30, 2017,~~ Include subcontracting data for each order when reporting subcontracting achievements ~~for an indefinite delivery~~ for an indefinite delivery, indefinite-quantity ~~contracts~~ contract with an individual subcontracting ~~plans~~ plan where the contract is intended for use by multiple agencies;

Submit the Individual Subcontract Report (ISR) and/or the Summary Subcontract Report (SSR), ~~in accordance with paragraph~~ in accordance with paragraph (I) of this clause using the Electronic Subcontracting Reporting System (eSRS) at <http://www.esrs.gov>. The reports shall provide information on subcontract awards to small business concerns (including ANCs and Indian tribes that are not small businesses), veteran-owned small business concerns, service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns, HUBZone small business concerns, small disadvantaged business concerns (including ANCs and Indian tribes that have not been certified by SBA as small disadvantaged businesses), women-owned small business concerns, and for NASA only, Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Minority Institutions. Reporting shall be in accordance with this clause, or as provided in agency regulations;

Ensure that its subcontractors with subcontracting plans agree to submit the ISR and/or ~~the~~ SSR using eSRS;

Provide its prime contract number, its unique entity identifier, and the e-mail address of the ~~Contractor's official responsible~~ Contractor's official responsible for acknowledging receipt of or rejecting the ISRs, to all first-tier subcontractors with subcontracting plans so they can enter this information into the eSRS when submitting their ISRs; and

Require that each subcontractor with a subcontracting plan provide the prime contract number, its ~~own unique entity identifier~~ own unique entity identifier, and the e-mail address of the subcontractor's official responsible for acknowledging receipt of or rejecting the ISRs, to its subcontractors with subcontracting plans.

(11) A description of the types of records that will be maintained concerning procedures that have been adopted to comply with the requirements and goals in the plan, including establishing source lists; and a

description of the Contractor's efforts to locate small business, ~~veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business~~ VOSB, SDVOSB, HUBZone small business, ~~small disadvantaged business~~ SDB, and ~~women-owned small business~~ WOSB concerns and award subcontracts to them. The records shall include at least the following (on a plant-wide or company-wide basis, unless otherwise indicated):

Source lists (e.g., SAM), guides, and other data that identify small business, veteran-owned small business, ~~service-disabled~~ service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns.

Organizations contacted in an attempt to locate sources that are small business, veteran-owned ~~small business, service-disabled~~ small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, or women-owned small business concerns.

Records on each subcontract solicitation resulting in an award of more than the simplified ~~acquisition threshold, as defined~~ acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101 on the date of subcontract award, indicating—

~~(A)~~ Whether small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not;

Whether veteran-owned small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not;

Whether service-disabled veteran-owned small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not;

Whether HUBZone small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not;

Whether small disadvantaged business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not; (F) Whether women-owned small business concerns were solicited and, if not, why not; and

(G) If applicable, the reason award was not made to a small business concern.

(iv) Records of any outreach efforts to contact—

Trade associations;

Business development organizations;

Conferences and trade fairs to locate small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, service-disabled ~~veteran-owned, and women~~ veteran-owned, and women-owned small business sources; and

Veterans service organizations.

(v) Records of internal guidance and encouragement provided to buyers through—

Workshops, seminars, training, etc.; and

Monitoring performance to evaluate compliance with the program's requirements.

(vi) On a contract-by-contract basis, records to support award data submitted by the Contractor to the Government, including the name, address, and business size of each subcontractor. Contractors having commercial plans need not comply with this requirement.



(12) Assurances that the Contractor will make a good faith effort to acquire articles, equipment, supplies, services, or materials, or obtain the performance of construction work from the small business concerns that it used in preparing the proposal for the modification, in the same or greater scope, amount, and quality used in preparing and submitting the modification proposal. Responding to a request for a quote does not constitute use in preparing a proposal. The Contractor used a small business concern in preparing the proposal for a modification if—

(i) The Contractor identifies the small business concern as a subcontractor in the proposal or associated ~~small business~~ small business subcontracting plan, to furnish certain supplies or perform a portion of the subcontract; or

(ii) The Contractor used the small business concern's pricing or cost information or technical expertise ~~in preparing~~ in preparing the proposal, where there is written evidence of an intent or understanding that the small business concern will be awarded a subcontract for the related work when the modification is executed.

Assurances that the Contractor will provide the Contracting Officer with a written explanation if ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor fails ~~to acquire~~ to acquire articles, equipment, supplies, services or materials or obtain the performance of construction work as described in paragraph (d)(12) of this clause. The Contractor shall submit this written explanation ~~must be submitted~~ to the Contracting Officer within 30 days of contract completion.

Assurances that the Contractor will not prohibit a subcontractor from discussing with the contracting ~~officer~~ officer ~~any material~~ officer any material matter pertaining to the payment to or utilization of a subcontractor.

Assurances that the Contractor will pay its small business subcontractors on time and in accordance with ~~the terms and conditions~~ the terms and conditions of the underlying subcontract, and notify the Contracting Officer when the prime contractor makes either a reduced or an untimely payment to a small business subcontractor (see 52.242-5).

#### 52.219-10 Incentive Subcontracting Program.

As prescribed in ~~e~~ 19.109(f)(1), insert the following clause:

Incentive Subcontracting Program (~~Oct 2014~~ Deviation Date)

Of the total dollars it plans to spend under subcontracts, the Contractor has committed itself in its ~~subcontracting plan to try to award certain percentages to small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and women-owned small business concerns, respectively.~~

subcontracting plan to try to award certain percentages to small business, veteran-owned small business, servicedisabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and womenowned small business concerns, respectively.

If the Contractor exceeds its subcontracting goals for small business, veteran-owned small business, service-disabled ~~veteran~~ disabled veteran-owned small business, HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business, and ~~women-owned~~ womenowned small business concerns in performing this contract, it will receive \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer to insert the appropriate number between 0 and 10] percent of the dollars in excess of each goal in the plan, unless the Contracting Officer determines that the excess was not due to the Contractor's

efforts (e.g., a subcontractor cost overrun caused the actual subcontract amount to exceed that estimated in the subcontracting plan, or the award of subcontracts that had been planned but had not been disclosed in the subcontracting plan during contract negotiations). Determinations ~~made~~ under this paragraph are unilateral decisions made solely at the discretion of the Government.

If this is a cost-plus-fixed-fee contract, the sum of the fixed fee and the incentive fee earned under ~~this contract~~ this contract may ~~not exceed~~ not exceed the limitations in 15.4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

(End of clause)

#### 52.219-11 Special 8(a) Contract Conditions.

As prescribed in 19.108-10(a), insert the following clause:

##### Special 8(a) Contract Conditions (Jan 2017)

The Small Business Administration (SBA) agrees to the following:

To furnish the supplies or services set forth in this contract according to the specifications and the terms ~~and conditions hereof~~ and conditions hereof by subcontracting with an eligible concern pursuant to the provisions of section 8(a) of the Small Business Act, as amended (~~15 U.S.C. 637(a)~~).

That in the event SBA does not award a subcontract for all or a part of the work hereunder, this contract ~~may be terminated~~ may be terminated either in whole or in part without cost to either party.

Except for novation agreements, ~~delegate~~ delegates to the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency] the responsibility for administering the subcontract to be awarded hereunder with complete authority to take any action on behalf of the Government under the terms and conditions of the subcontract; provided, however, that the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency] shall give advance notice to the SBA before it issues a final notice terminating the right of a subcontractor to proceed with further performance, either in whole or in part, under the subcontract for default or for the convenience of the Government.

That payments to be made under any subcontract awarded under this contract will be made directly to ~~the subcontractor by~~ the subcontractor by the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency].

That the subcontractor awarded a subcontract hereunder shall have the right of appeal from decisions of ~~the Contracting Officer~~ the Contracting Officer cognizable under the "Disputes" clause of said subcontract.

To notify the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency] Contracting Officer immediately upon notification by the subcontractor that the owner or owners upon whom 8(a) eligibility was based plan to relinquish ownership or control of the concern.

(End of clause)

#### 52.219-12 Special 8(a) Subcontract Conditions.

As prescribed in 19.108-10(b), insert the following clause:

##### Special 8(a) Subcontract Conditions (Oct 2019)

The Small Business Administration (SBA) has entered into Contract No. \_\_\_\_\_ [insert number of contract] with the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency] to furnish the supplies or services as described therein. A copy of the contract is attached hereto and made a part hereof.

The \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of subcontractor], hereafter referred to as the subcontractor, agrees and acknowledges as follows:

That it will, for and on behalf of the SBA, fulfill and perform all of the requirements of Contract No. \_\_\_\_\_ [insert number of contract] for the consideration stated therein and that it has read and is familiar with each and every part of the contract.

That the SBA has delegated responsibility, except for novation agreements, for the administration of ~~this subcontract to the~~ this subcontract to the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency] with complete authority to take any action on behalf of the Government ~~under the terms~~ under and conditions of this subcontract.

That it will notify the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency] Contracting Officer in writing immediately upon entering an agreement (either oral or written) to transfer all or part of its stock or other ownership interest to any other party.

(c) Payments, including any progress payments under this subcontract, will be made directly to the subcontractor by the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency].

(End of clause)

#### 52.219-13 Notice of Set-Aside of Orders.

As prescribed in ~~f)(1)~~ 19.104-3(d), insert the following clause:

Notice of Set-Aside of Orders (Mar 2020)

The Contracting Officer may set aside orders for the small business concerns identified in 19.000(a)(3).

The Contracting Officer will give notice of the order or orders, if any, to be set aside for small ~~business concerns identified in~~ business concerns identified in 19.000(a)(3) and the applicable small business program. This notice, and its restrictions, will apply only to the specific orders that have been set aside for any of the small business concerns identified in 19.000(a)(3).

(End of clause)

Alternate I ~~(Mar 2020) - As prescribed in (f)(2), substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:~~ [Reserved]

~~(a) The Contracting Officer will set aside orders for the small business concerns identified in (a)(3) when the conditions of FAR and the specific program eligibility requirements are met, as applicable.~~

#### 52.219-14 Limitations on Subcontracting.

As prescribed in ~~e~~ 19.104-3(c), insert the following clause:

Limitations on Subcontracting (~~Oct 2022~~ Deviation Date)

This clause does not apply to the unrestricted portion of a partial set-aside.

Definition. Similarly situated entity, as used in this clause, means a first-tier subcontractor, including an independent contractor, that—

Has the same small business program status as that which qualified the prime contractor for the award (e.g., for a small business set-aside contract, any small business concern, without regard to its socioeconomic status); and

Is considered small for the size standard under the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code ~~the prime~~ the prime contractor assigned to the subcontract.

(c) Applicability. This clause applies only to—

Contracts that have been set aside for any of the small business concerns identified in ~~(19.000)~~ (a)(3);

Part or parts of a multiple-award contract that have been set aside for any of the small business ~~concerns identified~~ concerns identified in ~~(19.000)~~ (a)(3);

Contracts that have been awarded on a sole-source basis in accordance with ~~subparts~~ sections 19.105, 19.106, 19.107, and 19.108;

Orders expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold and that are —

set aside for small ~~business concerns~~ business concerns under multiple-award contracts, as described in 8.4 and ~~(b)(2)(i)(F); or 16.5~~;

~~Issued directly to small business concerns under multiple-award contracts as described in c)(1)(ii); (5)~~ Orders, regardless of dollar value, that are —

set aside in accordance with ~~subparts — or under multiple-award contracts, as described in~~ sections 19.105, 19.106, 19.107, and (b)(2)(i)(F); or

~~Issued directly to concerns that qualify for the programs described in subparts — or 19.108~~ under multiple-award contracts, as described in ~~c)(1)(ii); 8.4 and 16.5; and~~

~~(6)~~ Contracts using the HUBZone price evaluation preference to award to a HUBZone small business ~~concern~~ concern unless ~~concern~~ unless the concern waived the evaluation preference.

Independent contractors. An independent contractor shall be considered a subcontractor.

~~Limitations on subcontracting.~~ By submission of an offer and execution of a contract, the Contractor agrees that in performance of a ~~contract assigned~~ contract assigned a North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for—

Services (except construction), it will not pay more than 50 percent of the amount paid by the ~~Government for contract performance~~ Government for contract performance to subcontractors that are not similarly situated entities. Any work that a similarly situated entity further subcontracts will count towards the prime contractor's 50 percent subcontract amount that cannot be exceeded. When a contract includes both services and supplies, the 50 percent limitation shall apply only to the service portion of the contract;

Supplies (other than procurement from a nonmanufacturer of such supplies), it will not pay more than ~~50 percent~~ 50 percent of ~~the amount~~ the amount paid by the Government for contract performance, excluding the cost of materials, to subcontractors that are not similarly situated entities. Any work that a similarly situated entity further subcontracts will count towards the prime contractor's 50 percent subcontract amount that cannot be exceeded. When a contract includes both supplies and services, the 50 percent limitation shall apply only to the supply portion of the contract;

General construction, it will not pay more than 85 percent of the amount paid by the Government for contract performance, excluding the cost of materials, to subcontractors that are not similarly situated entities. Any work that a similarly situated entity further subcontracts will count towards the prime contractor's 85 percent subcontract amount that cannot be exceeded; or

Construction by special trade contractors, it will not pay more than 75 percent of the amount paid by ~~the Government for~~ the Government for contract performance, excluding the cost of materials, to subcontractors that are not similarly situated entities. Any work that a similarly situated entity further subcontracts will count towards the prime contractor's 75 percent subcontract amount that cannot be exceeded.

(f) The Contractor shall comply with the limitations on subcontracting as follows:

For contracts, in accordance with paragraphs (c)(1), (2), (3) and (6) of this clause—

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

- ☐ By the end of the base term of the contract and then by the end of each subsequent option period; or
- ☐ By the end of the performance period for each order issued under the contract.

For orders, in accordance with paragraphs (c)(4) and (5) of this clause, by the end of the performance ~~period for the order~~ period for the order.

(g) A joint venture agrees that, in the performance of the contract, the applicable percentage specified in paragraph (e) of this clause will be performed by the aggregate of the joint venture participants.

In a joint venture comprised of a small business protégé and its mentor approved by the Small ~~Business Administration~~ Business Administration, the small business protégé shall perform at least 40 percent of the work performed by the joint venture. Work performed by the small business protégé in the joint venture must be more than administrative functions.

In an 8(a) joint venture, the 8(a) participant(s) shall perform at least 40 percent of the work performed by ~~the joint venture~~ the joint venture. Work performed by the 8(a) participants in the joint venture must be more than administrative functions. ~~-(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

52.219-15 [Reserved]

52.219-16 Liquidated Damages-Subcontracting Plan.

As prescribed in 19.109(e)(2)(ii) and 19.302-1(b)(2), insert the following clause:

Liquidated Damages-Subcontracting Plan (~~Sep 2021~~[Deviation Date](#))

~~"Failure to make a good faith effort to comply with the subcontracting plan," as used in this clause, means a willful or intentional failure to perform in accordance with the requirements of the subcontracting plan approved under the clause in this contract entitled "Small Business Subcontracting Plan," or willful or intentional action to frustrate the plan.~~

~~Performance shall be measured~~[The Government will measure performance](#) by applying the percentage goals to the total actual

subcontracting dollars, or, if ~~a commercial~~[a commercial](#) plan is involved, to the pro rata share of actual subcontracting dollars attributable to Government contracts covered by the commercial plan. If, at contract completion or, in the case of a commercial plan, at the close of the fiscal year for which the plan is applicable, the Contractor has failed to meet its subcontracting goals and the Contracting Officer decides in accordance with paragraph (e) of this clause that the Contractor failed to make a good faith effort to comply with its subcontracting plan ~~(see 19.705-7),~~ established in accordance with the clause in this contract entitled ~~"Small Business Subcontracting Plan,"~~ the Contractor shall pay the Government liquidated damages in ~~an~~[a stated](#) amount ~~stated~~. The amount of probable damages attributable to the ~~Contractor's~~[Contractor's](#) failure to comply shall ~~be an amount equal to~~ the actual dollar amount by which the Contractor failed to achieve each subcontract goal.

Before the Contracting Officer makes a final decision that the Contractor has failed to make ~~such a~~[a](#) good ~~faith effort, the~~[Contracting Officer shall give the Contractor written notice specifying the failure and permitting the Contractor to demonstrate what the](#) good faith efforts ~~have been~~[made](#) and to discuss the matter. [The Contracting Officer may take](#) failure to respond to the notice ~~may be taken~~ as an admission that no valid explanation exists. If, after consideration of all the pertinent data, the Contracting Officer finds that the

Contractor failed to make a good faith effort to comply with the subcontracting plan, the Contracting Officer ~~shall~~[will](#) issue a final decision to that effect and require that the Contractor pay the Government liquidated damages as provided in paragraph (b) of this clause.

With respect to commercial plans, the Contracting Officer who approved the plan will perform the ~~functions of the Contracting~~[function of the Contracting](#) Officer under this clause on behalf of all agencies with contracts covered by the commercial plan.

The Contractor ~~shall have~~[has](#) the right of appeal, under the clause in this contract entitled, Disputes, from any ~~final decision of~~[final decision of](#) the Contracting Officer.

Liquidated damages shall be in addition to any other remedies that the Government may have. (End of clause)

52.219-17 Section 8(a) Award.

As prescribed in [19.108-10\(c\)](#), insert the following clause:

~~Section 8~~[Section 8](#)(a) Award (Oct 2019)

(a) By execution of a contract, the Small Business Administration (SBA) agrees to the following:

To furnish the supplies or services set forth in the contract according to the specifications and the terms ~~and conditions by~~ and conditions by subcontracting with the Offeror who has been determined an eligible concern pursuant to the provisions of ~~section 8~~ section 8 (a) of the Small Business Act, as amended ~~(15 U.S.C. 637(a))~~.

Except for novation agreements, delegates to the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting activity] the responsibility for administering the contract with complete authority to take any action on behalf of the

Government under the terms and conditions of the contract; provided, however that the contracting agency shall give advance notice to the SBA before it issues a final notice terminating the right of the subcontractor to proceed with further performance, either in whole or in part, under the contract.

That payments to be made under the contract will be made directly to the subcontractor by the ~~contracting activity~~ contracting activity.

To notify the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency] Contracting Officer immediately upon notification by the subcontractor that the owner or owners upon whom 8(a) eligibility was based plan to relinquish ownership or control of the concern.

That the subcontractor awarded a subcontract hereunder shall have the right of appeal from decisions of ~~the cognizant Contracting~~ the cognizant Contracting Officer under the "Disputes" clause of the subcontract.

(b) The offeror/subcontractor agrees and acknowledges that it will, for and on behalf of the SBA, fulfill and perform all of the requirements of the contract.

(End of clause)

#### 52.219-18 Notification of Competition Limited to Eligible 8(a) Participants.

As prescribed in 19.108-10(d), insert the following clause:

#### Notification of Competition Limited to Eligible 8(a) Participants (Oct 2022)

(a) Offers are solicited only from—

(1) Small business concerns expressly certified by the Small Business Administration (SBA) for participation in SBA's 8(a) program and which meet the following criteria at the time of submission of offer—

The Offeror is in conformance with the 8(a) support limitation set forth in its approved business plan; and

The Offeror is in conformance with the Business Activity Targets set forth in its approved business plan ~~or any remedial action~~ or any remedial action directed by SBA;

~~(2) A joint venture,~~ (2) A joint venture, in which at least one of the 8(a) program participants that is a party to the joint venture complies with the criteria set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause, that complies with 13 CFR 124.513(c); or (3) A joint venture—

That is comprised of a mentor and an 8(a) protégé with an approved mentor-protégé agreement under the 8(a) program;

In which at least one of the 8(a) program participants that is a party to the joint venture complies with ~~the criteria~~[the criteria](#) set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause, ~~that complies with ; or (2) A joint venture—; and~~

~~That is comprised of a mentor and an 8(a) protégé with an approved mentor protégé agreement under the 8(a) program;~~

~~In which at least one of the 8(a) program participants that is a party to the joint venture complies with the criteria set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause; and~~[13 CFR 124.513\(c\)](#).

~~That complies with—~~

By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that it meets the applicable criteria set forth in paragraph (a) of ~~this clause~~[this clause](#).

Any award resulting from this solicitation will be made to the Small Business Administration, which ~~will subcontract performance~~[will subcontract performance](#) to the successful 8(a) offeror selected through the evaluation criteria set forth in this solicitation. A contracting officer may consider a joint venture for contract award. SBA does not approve joint ventures for competitive awards, but see [13 CFR 124.501\(g\)](#) for SBA's determination of participant eligibility.

The \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of SBA's contractor] ~~will~~[shall](#) notify the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency] Contracting Officer in writing immediately upon entering an agreement (either oral or written) to transfer all or part of its stock.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Mar 2023). If the competition is to be limited to 8(a) participants within one or more specific SBA regions or districts, add the following paragraph (a)(1)(iii) to paragraph (a) of the clause:

(iii) The offeror's approved business plan is on the file and serviced by \_\_\_ [ Contracting Officer completes by inserting the appropriate SBA District and/or Area Office(s) as identified by the SBA].

52.219-19 [Reserved]

52.219-20 [Reserved]

52.219-21 [Reserved]

52.219-22 [Reserved]

52.219-23 [Reserved]

52.219-24 [Reserved]

52.219-25 [Reserved]

52.219-26 [Reserved]

52.219-27 Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to, Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business (SDVOSB) Concerns Eligible Under the SDVOSB Program.



As prescribed in [19.106-4\(a\)](#), insert the following clause:

Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to, Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business (SDVOSB) Concerns Eligible Under the SDVOSB Program. ~~(Feb 2024)~~ [\(Deviation Date\)](#)

(a) Definition.

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) concern means a small business concern—

(1)

Not less than 51 percent of which is owned and controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in ~~the case of any~~ [the case of any](#) publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and

The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-~~disabled veterans~~ [disabled veterans](#) or, ~~in the~~ [in the](#) case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran; or

A small business concern eligible under the SDVOSB Program in accordance with 13 CFR part 128 ~~(see subpart 19.106)~~ [\(see FAR 19.106\)](#).

Service-disabled veteran, as used in this definition, means a veteran as defined in [38 U.S.C. 101\(2\)](#), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in [38 U.S.C. 101\(16\)](#) and who is registered in the Beneficiary Identification and Records Locator Subsystem, or successor system that is maintained by the Department of Veterans Affairs' Veterans Benefits Administration, as a service-disabled veteran.

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) concern eligible under the SDVOSB Program means an SDVOSB concern that—

~~Effective January 1, 2024,~~ is designated in the System for Award Management (SAM) as certified by the ~~Small Business~~ [Small Business](#) Administration (SBA) in accordance with 13 CFR 128.300; ~~or~~

~~Has represented that it is an SDVOSB concern in SAM and submitted a complete application for certification to SBA on or before December 31, 2023.~~

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) Program means a program that authorizes contracting officers to limit competition, including award on a sole-source basis, to SDVOSB concerns eligible under the SDVOSB Program.

(b) Applicability. This clause applies only to—

Contracts that have been set aside for, or awarded on a sole-source basis to, SDVOSB concerns ~~eligible under the SDVOSB~~ [eligible under the SDVOSB](#) Program;

Part or parts of a multiple-award contract that have been set aside for SDVOSB concerns eligible under ~~the SDVOSB Program;~~ [the SDVOSB Program; and](#)

Orders set aside for SDVOSB concerns eligible under the SDVOSB Program, under multiple-~~award contracts as described~~award contracts as described in 8.4 and ~~(b)(2)(i)(F); and 16.5.~~

(c) General.

~~Orders issued directly to SDVOSB concerns eligible under the SDVOSB Program, under multiple-award contracts as described in c)(1)(ii).~~

~~(c) General.~~

~~(1) Effective January 1, 2024, for SDVOSB set-aside or sole source procurements,~~ Offers are solicited only from, ~~and awards concerns designated in SAM as SDVOSB concerns certified by SBA. Offers received from concerns that are not SDVOSB concerns certified by SBA will not be considered.~~

Any award resulting from this solicitation will be made only to, ~~concerns—~~

a concern designated in SAM as an ~~SDVOSB concern certified~~SDVOSB certified by SBA; ~~or,~~

~~That have represented their status as an SDVOSB in SAM and submitted a complete application for certification to SBA on or before December 31, 2023.~~

~~(2) Offers received from concerns that do not meet the criteria of paragraph (c)(1)(i) or (ii) of this clause, shall not be considered.~~

A joint venture may be considered an SDVOSB concern if the managing partner of the joint venture ~~complies with the criteria~~complies with the criteria defined in paragraph (a) of this clause and 13 CFR 128.402.

In a joint venture that complies with paragraph (d) of this clause, the SDVOSB party or parties to the ~~joint venture shall perform~~joint venture shall perform at least 40 percent of the work performed by the joint venture. Work performed by the SDVOSB party or parties to the joint venture must be more than administrative functions.

(End of clause)

52.219-28 Postaward Small Business Program Rerepresentation.

As prescribed in ~~c)(1)19.101(a)(2)(iii)(A)~~, insert the following clause:

Postaward Small Business Program Rerepresentation (~~Jan 2025~~Deviation Date)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Long-term contract means a contract of more than five years in duration, including options. However, the term does not include contracts that exceed five years in duration because the period of performance has been extended for a cumulative period not to exceed six months under the clause at 52.217-8, Option to Extend Services, or other appropriate authority.

Small business concern—

Means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in its ~~field of operation~~field of operation, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (d) of this clause.

Affiliates, as used in this definition, means business concerns, one of whom directly or indirectly controls or has the power to control the others, or a third party or parties control or have the power to control the others. In determining whether affiliation exists, consideration is given to all appropriate factors including common ownership, common management, and contractual relationships. SBA determines affiliation based on the factors set forth at 13 CFR 121.103.

~~Affiliates, as used in this definition, means business concerns, one of whom directly or indirectly controls or has the power to control the others, or a third party or parties control or have the power to control the others. In determining whether affiliation exists, consideration is given to all appropriate factors including common ownership, common management, and contractual relationships. SBA determines affiliation based on the factors set forth at 13 CFR 121.103.~~

(b) If the Contractor represented that it was a small business concern, a small disadvantaged business concern, or a joint venture that was any of the small business concerns identified in ~~19.000(a)(3)~~ prior to award of this contract, the Contractor shall rerepresent its size and socioeconomic status according to paragraph (f) of this clause or, if applicable, paragraph (h) of this clause, upon occurrence of any of the following:

Within 30 days after execution of a novation agreement or within 30 days after modification of the ~~contract to include this~~contract to include this clause, if the novation agreement was executed prior to inclusion of this clause in the contract.

Within 30 days after a merger or acquisition that does not require a novation or within 30 days ~~after modification~~after modification of ~~the contract~~the contract to include this clause, if the merger or acquisition occurred prior to inclusion of this clause in the contract.

For long-term contracts-

Within 60 to 120 days prior to the end of the fifth year of the contract; and

Within 60 to 120 days prior to the date specified in the contract for exercising any option thereafter.

~~(c) If the Contractor represented its status as any of the small business concerns identified at 19.000(a)(3) prior to award of this contract, the Contractor shall rerepresent its size and socioeconomic status according to paragraph (f) of this clause or, if applicable, paragraph (h) of this clause, for the NAICS code assigned to an order (except that paragraphs (c)(1) through~~

~~(3) of this clause do not apply to an order issued under a Federal Supply Schedule contract at subpart 8.4) —~~

~~(1) Set aside exclusively for a small business concern identified at 19.000(a)(3) that is issued under an unrestricted multiple award contract, unless the order is issued under the reserved portion of an unrestricted multiple award contract (~~

~~e.g., an order set aside for a woman-owned small business under a multiple award contract that is not set aside, unless the order is issued under the reserved portion of the multiple award contract);~~

~~Issued under a multiple-award contract set aside for small businesses that is further set aside for a specific socioeconomic category that differs from the underlying multiple-award contract (e.g., an order set aside for a HUBZone small business concern under a multiple-award contract that is set aside for small businesses);~~

~~Issued under the part of the multiple-award contract that is set aside for small businesses that is further set aside for a specific socioeconomic category that differs from the underlying set-aside part of the multiple-award contract (e.g., an order set aside for a WOSB concern under the part of the multiple-award contract that is partially set aside for small businesses); and~~

~~When the Contracting Officer explicitly requires it for an order issued under a multiple-award contract, including for an order issued under a Federal Supply Schedule contract (see 8.405-5(b) and 19.301-2(b)(2)).~~

The Contractor shall rerepresent its size status in accordance with the size standard in effect at the time of this rerepresentation that corresponds to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code(s) assigned to this contract. The small business size standard corresponding to this NAICS code(s) can be found at <https://www.sba.gov/document/support-table-size-standards>.

The small business size standard for a Contractor providing an end item that it does not manufacture, process, ~~or produce~~ or produce itself, for a contract other than a construction or service contract, is 500 employees, or 150 employees for information technology value-added resellers under NAICS code 541519, if the acquisition—

Was set aside for small business and has a value above the simplified acquisition threshold;

Used the HUBZone price evaluation preference regardless of dollar value, unless the Contractor waived ~~the price evaluation~~ the price evaluation preference; or

Was an 8(a), HUBZone, service-disabled veteran-owned, economically disadvantaged women-owned, ~~or women~~ or women-owned small business set-aside or sole-source award regardless of dollar value.

Except as provided in paragraph ~~(h)~~ (g) of this clause, the Contractor shall make the representation(s) ~~required by paragraphs (b) and (c)~~ required by paragraph (b) of this clause by validating or updating all its representations in the Representations and Certifications section of the System for Award Management (SAM) and its other data in SAM, as necessary, to ensure that they reflect the Contractor's current status. The Contractor shall notify the contracting officer in writing within the timeframes specified in paragraph (b) of this clause, ~~or with its offer for an order (see paragraph (c) of this clause),~~ that the data have been validated or updated, and provide the date of the validation or update.

If the Contractor represented that it was other than a small business concern prior to award of this contract, ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor may, but is not required to, take the actions required by paragraphs ~~(f)~~ (e) or ~~(h)~~ (g) of this clause.

If the Contractor does not have representations and certifications in SAM, or does not have a ~~representation in~~ representation in SAM ~~for the~~ for the NAICS code applicable to this contract, the Contractor is required to complete the following rerepresentation and submit it to the contracting office, along with the contract number and the date on which the rerepresentation was completed:

The Contractor represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a small business concern under NAICS Code \_\_\_\_\_ assigned to contract number \_\_\_\_\_.

[Complete only if the Contractor represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (h)(1) of this clause.] The Contractor represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not, a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1001.

~~[Complete only if the Contractor represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (h)(1) of this clause.] The Contractor represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a women-owned small business concern.~~

Women-owned small business (WOSB) joint venture eligible under the WOSB Program. The Contractor represents ~~that it~~ that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of [13 CFR 127.506\(a\)](#) through [\(c\)](#). [ The Contractor shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_.]

Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) joint venture. The Contractor represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of [13 CFR 127.506\(a\)](#) through [\(c\)](#). [ The Contractor shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_.]

~~[Complete only if the Contractor represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (h)(1) of this clause.] The Contractor represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a veteran-owned small business concern.~~

~~[Complete only if the Contractor represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (h)(6) of this clause.] The Contractor represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.~~

Service-disabled veteran-owned small business (SDVOSB) joint venture eligible under the SDVOSB

Program. The Contractor represents that it ☐ is, ☐ is not an SDVOSB joint venture eligible under the SDVOSB Program that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR 128.402. [ The Contractor shall enter the name and unique entity identifier of each party to the joint venture: \_\_\_\_.]

~~[ Complete only if the Contractor represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (h)(1) of this clause.] The Contractor represents that—~~

~~It ☐ is, ☐ is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone joint venture eligible under the HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material changes in ownership and control, principal office, or Program. [ Complete only if the offeror is a HUBZone employee percentage have occurred since it was certified in accordance with 13 CFR small business concern. ] The offeror represents, as part 126; and~~

~~of its offer, that~~ It ☐ is, ☐ is not a HUBZone joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR ~~part 126~~ and the representation in paragraph (h)(8)(i) of this clause is accurate for each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture. [616\(a\) through \(c\)](#). [ The Contractor shall enter the ~~names~~ name and unique entity identifier of each ~~of party to~~ the HUBZone small business concerns participating in the HUBZone joint venture: \_\_\_\_\_. ] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture ~~shall submit~~ must be certified as a separate signed copy of the HUBZone representation.

concern. [ Contractor to sign and date and insert authorized signer's name and title. \_\_\_\_\_ ]

\_\_\_\_\_ ] (End of clause)

Alternate I (~~Mar 2020~~ Deviation Date). As prescribed in ~~(e19.101(a)(2)(iii)(B)~~, substitute the following paragraph (~~h~~g)(1) for paragraph (~~h~~g)(1) of the basic clause:

(~~h~~g)(1) The Contractor represents its small business size status for each one of the NAICS codes assigned to this contract.

| NAICS Code | Small business concern (yes/no) |
|------------|---------------------------------|
|------------|---------------------------------|

|       |       |
|-------|-------|
| _____ | _____ |
| _____ | _____ |
| _____ | _____ |
| _____ | _____ |
| _____ | _____ |
| _____ | _____ |

[Contracting Officer to insert NAICS codes.]

~~52.219-29~~ 52.219-29 Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to, Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns.

As prescribed in 19.107-4(a), insert the following clause:

Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to, Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns: (Deviation Date)

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to, Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns (Oct 2022)~~

~~Definitions.~~

Definition—

Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern as used in this clause, means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with ~~13 CFR part 127~~, and is certified pursuant to 13 CFR 127.300 as an EDWOSB. It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program.

~~WOSB Program Repository means a secure, Web-based application that collects, stores, and disseminates documents to the contracting community and SBA, which verify the eligibility of a business concern for a contract to be awarded under the WOSB Program.~~

Applicability. This clause applies only to—

Contracts that have been set aside for, or awarded on a sole-source basis to, EDWOSB concerns;

Part or parts of a multiple-award contract that have been set aside for EDWOSB concerns; and (3) Orders set aside for EDWOSB concerns under multiple-award contracts as described in ~~and (b)(2)(i)(F); 8.4 and 16.5.~~

~~Orders issued directly to EDWOSB concerns under multiple-award contracts as described in c)(1)(ii).~~

(c) General.

~~For EDWOSB set-aside procurements,~~ Offers are solicited only from certified EDWOSB concerns. Offers received from concerns or EDWOSB concerns with a pending application for certification in the Dynamic Small Business Search (DSBS).

~~For EDWOSB sole-source awards, offers that~~ are solicited only from certified not certified EDWOSB concerns.

~~Offers received from other concerns~~ will not be considered.

Any award resulting from this solicitation will be made to a certified EDWOSB concern.

(d) Joint venture. A joint venture may be considered an EDWOSB concern if—

At least one party to the joint venture complies with the criteria defined in paragraph (a) and paragraph (c) ~~(3)~~ 1 of ~~this clause~~ this clause, and 13 CFR 127.506(c); and

Each party to the joint venture qualifies as small under the size standard for the solicitation, or the protégé ~~is small under~~ is small under the size standard for the solicitation in a joint venture comprised of a mentor and protégé with an approved ~~mentor-protégé~~ mentor-protégé agreement under the SBA mentor-protégé program.

(e) In a joint venture that complies with paragraph (d) of this clause, the EDWOSB party or parties to the joint venture shall perform at least 40 percent of the work performed by the joint venture. Work performed by the EDWOSB party or parties to the joint venture must be more than administrative functions.

(End of clause)

52.219-30 Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to, Women-Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the Women-Owned Small Business Program.

As prescribed in ~~{19.107-4(b)}~~, insert the following clause:

Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole-Source Award to, Women-Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the ~~Women-Owned~~ Women-Owned Small Business Program (~~Oct 2022~~ Deviation Date)

~~Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

#### Definition.

Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program (in accordance with ~~13 CFR~~ [13 CFR part 127](#)), as used in this clause, means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States, and the concern is certified by SBA or an approved ~~third-party~~ [thirdparty](#) certifier in accordance with [13 CFR 127.300](#) as a WOSB. A certified EDWOSB is automatically eligible as a certified WOSB.

~~WOSB Program Repository means a secure, Web-based application that collects, stores, and disseminates documents to the contracting community and SBA, which verify the eligibility of a business concern for a contract to be awarded under the WOSB Program.~~

Applicability. This clause applies only to ~~—~~

Contracts that have been set aside for, or awarded on a sole-source basis to, WOSB concerns eligible ~~under the WOSB Program~~ [under the WOSB Program](#);

Part or parts of a multiple-award contract that have been set aside for WOSB concerns eligible under ~~the WOSB Program~~ [the WOSB Program](#); and

Orders set aside for WOSB concerns eligible under the WOSB Program, under multiple-award contracts ~~as described in~~

~~and (b)(2)(i)(F); and~~

~~Orders issued directly to WOSB concerns eligible under the WOSB Program under multiple-award contracts as described in c(1)(ii).~~ [8.4 and 16.5.](#)

#### (c) General.

~~For WOSB set-aside procurements,~~ Offers are solicited only from certified WOSB concerns eligible under the ~~WOSB Program or WOSB concerns with a pending application for certification status in the Dynamic Small Business Search (DSBS).~~

~~For WOSB sole-source awards,~~ offers [WOSB Program. Offers received from concerns that](#) are solicited only from ~~not~~ certified WOSB concerns.

~~Offers received from other concerns~~ [eligible under the WOSB Program](#) shall not be considered.

Any award resulting from this solicitation will be made to a certified WOSB concern eligible under ~~the WOSB Program~~ [the WOSB Program](#).

#### (d) Joint venture. A joint venture may be considered a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program if—

At least one party to the joint venture complies with the criteria defined in paragraph (a) and (c)(~~3.1~~) of ~~this clause~~ [this clause](#), and [13 CFR 127.506\(c\)](#); and



Each party to the joint venture qualifies as small under the size standard for the solicitation, or the protégé ~~is small under~~ is small under the size standard for the solicitation in a joint venture comprised of a mentor and protégé with an approved ~~mentor-protégé~~ mentor-protégé agreement under the SBA mentor-protégé program.

(e) In a joint venture that complies with paragraph (d) of this clause, the WOSB party or parties to the joint venture shall perform at least 40 percent of the work performed by the joint venture. Work performed by the WOSB party or parties to the joint venture must be more than administrative functions.

(End of clause)

52.219-31 Notice of Small Business Reserve.

As prescribed in ~~g)(1)~~ 19.112(e), insert the following provision:

Notice of Small Business Reserve (Mar 2020)

This solicitation contains a reserve for one or more small business concerns identified at ~~19.000(a)(3)~~. ~~The small~~ The small business program eligibility requirements apply.

The small business concern(s) eligible for participation in the reserve shall submit one offer that ~~addresses each portion of~~ addresses each portion of the solicitation for which it wants to compete. Award of the contract will be based on criteria identified elsewhere in the solicitation.

(End of provision)

52.219-32 ~~Orders Issued Directly Under Small Business Reserves~~ [Reserved]

52.219-33 Nonmanufacturer Rule.

As prescribed in ~~g)(2)~~ 19.104-3(e)(1), insert the following clause:

~~Orders Issued Directly Under Small Business Reserves (Mar 2020)~~

~~Applicability. This clause applies only to contracts that were reserved for any of the small business concerns identified at a)(3).~~

~~If there is only one contract award to any one type of small business concern identified in a)(3) as a result of the reserve, the Contracting Officer may issue an order or orders directly to the concern.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.219-33 Nonmanufacturer Rule.

~~As prescribed in h), insert the following clause:~~

Nonmanufacturer Rule (~~Sep 2021~~ Deviation Date)

Definitions. As used in this clause—

Manufacturer means the concern that transforms raw materials, miscellaneous parts, or components into the end item. Concerns that only minimally alter the item being procured do not qualify as manufacturers of the end item. Concerns that add substances, parts, or components to an existing end item to modify its performance will not be considered the end item manufacturer, where those identical modifications can be performed by and are available from the manufacturer of the existing end item.

Nonmanufacturer means a concern, including a supplier, that provides an end item it did not manufacture, process, or produce.

Applicability.

This clause does not apply to contracts awarded pursuant to the unrestricted portion of a partial set-aside or ~~to a contractor~~ to a contractor that is the manufacturer of the product or end item.

This clause applies to—

~~(i)~~ Contracts that have been awarded pursuant to a set-aside, ~~in total or in part,~~ for any of the small business concerns identified ~~in~~ in 19.000(a)(3);

~~(ii)~~ Contracts that have been awarded on a sole-source basis in accordance with ~~subparts~~ sections 19.105, 19.106, 19.107, and 19.108;

~~(iii)~~ Orders expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold and that are —

~~(A)~~ set aside for small business ~~under multiple~~ under multiple-award contracts, as described in 8.4 and ~~b)(2)(i)(F);~~ or 16.5;

~~(B)~~ ~~issued directly to a small business concern under multiple award contracts as described in (c)(1)(ii);~~

~~(iv)~~ Orders, regardless of dollar value, that are —

~~(A)~~ set aside in accordance with subparts sections 19.105, 19.106, 19.107, and ~~under multiple award contracts as described in and (b)(2)(i)(F); or~~

~~(B)~~ ~~issued directly to concerns that qualify for the programs described in subparts , , , and 19.108~~ under multiple-award contracts as described in ~~c)(1)(ii);~~ 8.4 and 16.5; and

~~(v)~~ Contracts using the HUBZone price evaluation preference to award to a HUBZone concern unless ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor waived the evaluation preference.

(c) Requirements.

(1) The Contractor shall—

~~(i)~~ Provide an end item that a small business has manufactured, processed, or produced in the United States or ~~its outlying~~ its outlying areas; for kit assemblers who are nonmanufacturers, see paragraph (c)(2) of this clause instead;

~~(ii)~~ Be primarily engaged in the retail or wholesale trade and normally sell the type of item being supplied; and

~~(iii) Take ownership or possession of the item(s) with its personnel, equipment, or facilities in a manner consistent~~mannerconsistent with industry practice; for example, providing storage, transportation, or delivery.

(2) When the end item being acquired is a kit of supplies, at least 50 percent of the total cost of the components of the kit shall be manufactured, processed, or produced in the United States or its outlying areas by small business concerns. (End of clause)

~~52.220 [Reserved]~~

~~52.221 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222-1 Notice to the Government of Labor Disputes.~~

~~As prescribed in (a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Notice to the Government of Labor Disputes (Feb 1997)~~

~~If the Contractor has knowledge that any actual or potential labor dispute is delaying or threatens to delay the timely performance of this contract, the Contractor shall immediately give notice, including all relevant information, to the Contracting Officer.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-2 Payment for Overtime Premiums.~~

~~As prescribed in (b), insert the following clause:~~

~~Payment for Overtime Premiums (July 1990)~~

~~(a) The use of overtime is authorized under this contract if the overtime premium does not exceed \*\_\_\_\_\_ or the overtime premium is paid for work-~~

~~Necessary to cope with emergencies such as those resulting from accidents, natural disasters, breakdowns of production equipment, or occasional production bottlenecks of a sporadic nature;~~

~~By indirect labor employees such as those performing duties in connection with administration, protection, transportation, maintenance, standby plant protection, operation of utilities, or accounting;~~

~~To perform tests, industrial processes, laboratory procedures, loading or unloading of transportation conveyances, and operations in flight or afloat that are continuous in nature and cannot reasonably be interrupted or completed otherwise; or~~

~~That will result in lower overall costs to the Government.~~

~~(b) Any request for estimated overtime premiums that exceeds the amount specified above shall include all estimated overtime for contract completion and shall-~~

Identify the work unit; e.g., department or section in which the requested overtime will be used, together with present workload, staffing, and other data of the affected unit sufficient to permit the Contracting Officer to evaluate the necessity for the overtime;

Demonstrate the effect that denial of the request will have on the contract delivery or performance schedule;

Identify the extent to which approval of overtime would affect the performance or payments in connection with other Government contracts, together with identification of each affected contract; and

Provide reasons why the required work cannot be performed by using multishift operations or by employing additional personnel.

\* Insert either "zero" or the dollar amount agreed to during negotiations. The inserted figure does not apply to the exceptions in paragraph (a)(1) through (a)(4) of the clause.

{End of clause}

#### 52.222-3 Convict Labor.

As prescribed in , insert the following clause:

##### Convict Labor (June 2003)

Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this clause, the Contractor shall not employ in the performance of this contract any person undergoing a sentence of imprisonment imposed by any court of a State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, or the U.S. Virgin Islands.

~~The Contractor is not prohibited from employing persons-~~

~~On parole or probation to work at paid employment during the term of their sentence;~~

~~Who have been pardoned or who have served their terms; or~~

~~Confined for violation of the laws of any of the States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, or the U.S. Virgin Islands who are authorized to work at paid employment in the community under the laws of such jurisdiction, if-~~

~~The worker is paid or is in an approved work training program on a voluntary basis;~~

~~Representatives of local union central bodies or similar labor union organizations have been consulted;~~

~~Such paid employment will not result in the displacement of employed workers, or be applied in skills, crafts, or trades in which there is a surplus of available gainful labor in the locality, or impair existing contracts for services;~~

~~The rates of pay and other conditions of employment will not be less than those paid or provided for work of a similar nature in the locality in which the work is being performed; and~~

~~The Attorney General of the United States has certified that the work release laws or regulations of the jurisdiction involved are in conformity with the requirements of Executive Order 11755, as amended by Executive Orders 12608 and 12943.~~

(End of clause)

~~52.222-4 Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards—Overtime Compensation.~~

As prescribed in , insert the following clause:

~~Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards—Overtime Compensation (May 2018)~~

~~Overtime requirements. No Contractor or subcontractor employing laborers or mechanics (see Federal Acquisition Regulation ) shall require or permit them to work over 40 hours in any workweek unless they are paid at least 1 and 1/2 times the basic rate of pay for each hour worked over 40 hours.~~

~~Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. The responsible Contractor and subcontractor are liable for unpaid wages if they violate the terms in paragraph (a) of this clause. In addition, the Contractor and subcontractor are liable for liquidated damages payable to the Government. The Contracting Officer will assess liquidated damages at the rate specified at 29 CFR b)(2) per affected employee for each calendar day on which the employer required or permitted the employee to work in excess of the standard workweek of 40 hours without paying overtime wages required by the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards statute (found at . In accordance with the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990 (Note), the Department of Labor adjusts this civil monetary penalty for inflation no later than January 15 each year.~~

~~Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The Contracting Officer will withhold from payments due under the contract sufficient funds required to satisfy any Contractor or subcontractor liabilities for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. If amounts withheld under the contract are insufficient to satisfy Contractor or subcontractor liabilities, the Contracting Officer will withhold payments from other Federal or federally assisted contracts held by the same Contractor that are subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards statute~~

~~Payrolls and basic records.~~

~~The Contractor and its subcontractors shall maintain payrolls and basic payroll records for all laborers and mechanics working on the contract during the contract and shall make them available to the Government until 3 years after contract completion. The records shall contain the name and address of each employee, social security number, labor classifications, hourly rates of wages paid, daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid. The records need not duplicate those required for construction work by Department of Labor regulations at 29 CFR (a)(3) implementing the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute.~~

~~The Contractor and its subcontractors shall allow authorized representatives of the Contracting Officer or the Department of Labor to inspect, copy, or transcribe records maintained under paragraph (d)(1) of this clause. The~~

~~Contractor or subcontractor also shall allow authorized representatives of the Contracting Officer or Department of Labor to interview employees in the workplace during working hours.~~

~~(e) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the provisions set forth in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this clause in subcontracts that may require or involve the employment of laborers and mechanics and require subcontractors to include these provisions in any such lower tier subcontracts. The Contractor shall be~~

~~responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower-tier subcontractor with the provisions set forth in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this clause.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-5 Construction Wage Rate Requirements-Secondary Site of the Work.~~

~~As prescribed in h), insert the following provision:~~

~~Construction Wage Rate Requirements-Secondary Site of the Work (May 2014)~~

~~(a)~~

~~The offeror shall notify the Government if the offeror intends to perform work at any secondary site of the work, as defined in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of the FAR clause at 52.222-6, Construction Wage Rate Requirements, of this solicitation.~~

~~If the offeror is unsure if a planned work site satisfies the criteria for a secondary site of the work, the offeror shall request a determination from the Contracting Officer.~~

~~(b)~~

~~If the wage determination provided by the Government for work at the primary site of the work is not applicable to the secondary site of the work, the offeror shall request a wage determination from the Contracting Officer.~~

~~The due date for receipt of offers will not be extended as a result of an offeror's request for a wage determination for a secondary site of the work.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.222-6 Construction Wage Rate Requirements.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Construction Wage Rate Requirements (Aug 2018)~~

~~(a) Definition.—"Site of the work"—~~

~~(1) Means—~~

~~The primary site of the work. The physical place or places where the construction called for in the contract will remain when work on it is completed; and~~

~~The secondary site of the work, if any. Any other site where a significant portion of the building or work is constructed, provided that such site is—~~

~~Located in the United States; and~~

~~Established specifically for the performance of the contract or project;~~

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this definition, includes any fabrication plants, mobile factories, batch plants, borrow pits, job headquarters, tool yards, etc., provided-

They are dedicated exclusively, or nearly so, to performance of the contract or project; and

They are adjacent or virtually adjacent to the "primary site of the work" as defined in paragraph (a)(1)(i), or the "secondary site of the work" as defined in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this definition;

(3) Does not include permanent home offices, branch plant establishments, fabrication plants, or tool yards of a Contractor or subcontractor whose locations and continuance in operation are determined wholly without regard to a particular Federal contract or project. In addition, fabrication plants, batch plants, borrow pits, job headquarters, yards, etc., of a commercial or material supplier which are established by a supplier of materials for the project before opening of bids and not on the Project site, are not included in the "site of the work." Such permanent, previously established facilities are not a part of the "site of the work" even if the operations for a period of time may be dedicated exclusively or nearly so, to the performance of a contract.

(b)

All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR Part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, or as may be incorporated for a secondary site of the work, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the Contractor and such laborers and mechanics. Any wage determination incorporated for a secondary site of the work shall be effective from the first day on which work under the contract was performed at that site and shall be incorporated without any adjustment in contract price or estimated cost. Laborers employed by the construction Contractor or construction subcontractor that are transporting portions of the building or work between the secondary site of the work and the primary site of the work shall be paid in accordance with the wage determination applicable to the primary site of the work.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph (c) of this clause; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such period.

Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid not less than the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in the clause entitled Apprentices and Trainees. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein; provided that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed.

~~The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph (c) of this clause) and the Construction Wage Rate Requirements (Davis-Bacon Act) poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the Contractor and its subcontractors at the primary site of the work and the secondary site of the work, if any, in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.~~

~~(c)~~

~~(1) The Contracting Officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The Contracting Officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefor only when all the following criteria have been met:~~

~~(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination. (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry.~~

~~(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.~~

~~If the Contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the Contracting Officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the Contracting Officer to the Administrator of the:~~

~~Wage and Hour Division~~

~~U.S. Department of Labor~~

~~Washington, DC 20210~~

~~The Administrator or an authorized representative will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the Contracting Officer or will notify the Contracting Officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.~~

~~In the event the Contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification, or their representatives, and the Contracting Officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the Contracting Officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the Contracting Officer, to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the Contracting Officer or will notify the Contracting Officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.~~

~~The wage rate (including fringe benefits, where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs (c)(2) and (c)(3) of this clause shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.~~

~~Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the Contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.~~



If the Contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the Contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program; provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the Contractor, that the applicable standards of the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the Contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program. (End of clause)

#### 52.222-7 Withholding of Funds-

As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:

##### Withholding of Funds (May 2014)

The Contracting Officer shall, upon his or her own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the Contractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same Prime Contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same Prime Contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the Contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the Contracting Officer may, after written notice to the Contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

(End of clause)

#### 52.222-8 Payrolls and Basic Records-

As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:

##### Payrolls and Basic Records (Jul 2021)

(a) Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the Contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of 3 years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in (Construction Wage Rate Requirement statute)), daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made, and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found, under paragraph (d) of the clause entitled Construction Wage Rate Requirements, that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in , the Contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

(b)

The Contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the Contracting Officer. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph (a) of this clause, except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g., the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional is available for this purpose and may be obtained from the U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division website at: <http://www.dhs.gov/e-verify/>. The Prime Contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the Contracting Officer, the Contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a Prime Contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the Prime Contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the Contracting Officer.

Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the Contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify:

That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph (a) of this clause and that such information is correct and complete;

That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in the Regulations, 29 CFR Part 3; and

That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph (b)(2) of this clause.

The falsification of any of the certifications in this clause may subject the Contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under Section 1001 of Title 18 and Section 3729 of Title 31 of the United States Code.

(c) The Contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph (a) of this clause available for inspection, copying, or transcription by the Contracting Officer or authorized representatives of the Contracting Officer or the Department of Labor. The Contractor or subcontractor shall permit the Contracting Officer or representatives of the Contracting Officer or the Department of Labor to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the Contractor or subcontractor fails to submit required records or to make them available, the Contracting Officer may, after written notice to the Contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

(End of clause)

~~52.222-9 Apprentices and Trainees.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Apprentices and Trainees (July 2005) (a) Apprentices.~~

~~(1) An apprentice will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed when employed-~~

~~Pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of~~

~~Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer, and Labor Services (OATELS) or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OATELS; or~~

~~In the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, even though not individually registered in the program, if certified by the OATELS or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.~~

~~The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the Contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program.~~

~~Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.~~

~~Where a Contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the~~

~~Contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed. Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination.~~

~~Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.~~

~~In the event OATELS, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by OATELS, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.~~

~~(b) Trainees.~~

~~Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer, and Labor Services (OATELS). The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by OATELS.~~

~~Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed in the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate in the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the OATELS shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate in the wage determination for the work actually performed.~~

~~In the event OATELS withdraws approval of a training program, the Contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.~~

~~(c) Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees, and journeymen under this clause shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR Part 30.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-10 Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements (Feb 1988)~~

~~The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR Part 3, which are hereby incorporated by reference in this contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-11 Subcontracts (Labor Standards).~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Subcontracts (Labor Standards) (May 2014)~~

~~(a) Definition. "Construction, alteration or repair," as used in this clause, means all types of work done by laborers and mechanics employed by the construction Contractor or construction subcontractor on a particular building or work at the site thereof, including without limitation~~

~~(1) Altering, remodeling, installation (if appropriate) on the site of the work of items fabricated off-site; (2) Painting and decorating;~~

~~Manufacturing or furnishing of materials, articles, supplies, or equipment on the site of the building or work;~~

~~Transportation of materials and supplies between the site of the work within the meaning of paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (ii) of the "site of the work" as defined in the FAR clause at 52.222-6, Construction Wage Rate Requirements of this contract, and a facility which is dedicated to the construction of the building or work and is deemed part of the site of the work within the meaning of paragraph (2) of the "site of the work" definition; and~~

~~Transportation of portions of the building or work between a secondary site where a significant portion of the building or work is constructed, which is part of the "site of the work" definition in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of the FAR clause at 52.222-6, Construction Wage Rate Requirements, and the physical place or places where the building or work will remain (paragraph (a)(1)(i) of the FAR clause at 52.222-6, in the "site of the work" definition).~~

~~(b) The Contractor shall insert in any subcontracts for construction, alterations and repairs within the United States the clauses entitled-~~

~~Construction Wage Rate Requirements;~~

~~Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Overtime Compensation (if the clause is included in this contract);~~

~~Apprentices and Trainees;~~

~~Payrolls and Basic Records;~~

~~Compliance with Copeland Act Requirements;~~

~~Withholding of Funds;~~

~~Subcontracts (Labor Standards);~~

~~Contract Termination-Debarment;~~

~~Disputes Concerning Labor Standards;~~

~~Compliance with Construction Wage Rate Requirements and Related Regulations; and~~

~~Certification of Eligibility.~~

~~(c) The prime Contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor performing construction within the United States with all the contract clauses cited in paragraph (b).~~

~~(d)~~

~~Within 14 days after award of the contract, the Contractor shall deliver to the Contracting Officer a completed~~

~~Statement and Acknowledgment, for each subcontract for construction within the United States, including the subcontractor's signed and dated acknowledgment that the clauses set forth in paragraph (b) of this clause have been included in the subcontract.~~

~~Within 14 days after the award of any subsequently awarded subcontract the Contractor shall deliver to the Contracting Officer an updated completed for such additional subcontract.~~

~~(e) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e) in all subcontracts for construction within the United States.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-12 Contract Termination-Debarment.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Contract Termination-Debarment (May 2014)~~

~~A breach of the contract clauses entitled Construction Wage Rate Requirements, Contract Work Hours and Safety~~

~~Standards Overtime Compensation, Apprentices and Trainees, Payrolls and Basic Records, Compliance with Copeland Act~~

~~Requirements, Subcontracts (Labor Standards), Compliance with Construction Wage Rate Requirements and Related Regulations, or Certification of Eligibility may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a Contractor and subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-13 Compliance with Construction Wage Rate Requirements and Related Regulations.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Compliance with Construction Wage Rate Requirements and Related Regulations (May 2014)~~

~~All rulings and interpretations of the Construction Wage Rate Requirements and related statutes contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are hereby incorporated by reference in this contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-14 Disputes Concerning Labor Standards.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Disputes Concerning Labor Standards (Feb 1988)~~

~~The United States Department of Labor has set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7 procedures for resolving disputes concerning labor standards requirements. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with those procedures and not the Disputes clause of this contract. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives. (End of clause)~~

~~52.222-15 Certification of Eligibility.~~

As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:

~~Certification of Eligibility (May 2014)~~

~~By entering into this contract, the Contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the Contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).~~

~~No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).~~

~~The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, -. (End of clause)~~

~~52.222-16 Approval of Wage Rates.~~

As prescribed in b), insert the following clause:

~~Approval of Wage Rates (May 2014)~~

~~All straight time wage rates, and overtime rates based thereon, for laborers and mechanics engaged in work under this contract must be submitted for approval in writing by the head of the contracting activity or a representative expressly designated for this purpose, if the straight time wages exceed the rates for corresponding classifications contained in the applicable Construction Wage Rate Requirements minimum wage determination included in the contract. Any amount paid by the Contractor to any laborer or mechanic in excess of the agency approved wage rate shall be at the expense of the Contractor and shall not be reimbursed by the Government. If the Government refuses to authorize the use of the overtime, the Contractor is not released from the obligation to pay employees at the required overtime rates for any overtime actually worked.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-17 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222-18 Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products.~~

As prescribed in a), insert the following provision:

~~Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products (Feb 2021)~~

~~(a) Definition.~~

~~Forced or indentured child labor means all work or service-~~

~~Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or~~

~~Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.~~

~~Listed end products. The following end product(s) being acquired under this solicitation is (are) included in the List of Products Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor, identified by their~~

country of origin. There is a reasonable basis to believe that listed end products from the listed countries of origin may have been mined, produced, or manufactured by forced or indentured child labor.

\_\_\_\_\_ Listed End Product \_\_\_\_\_ Listed Countries of Origin

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Certification. The Government will not make award to an offeror unless the offeror, by checking the appropriate block, certifies to either paragraph (c)(1) or paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.

☐ The offeror will not supply any end product listed in paragraph (b) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in a corresponding country as listed for that end product.

☐ The offeror may supply an end product listed in paragraph (b) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. The offeror certifies that it has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture such end product. On the basis of those efforts, the offeror certifies that it is not aware of any such use of child labor.

(End of provision)

52.222-19 Child Labor Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies.

As prescribed in b), insert the following clause:

Child Labor Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (Jan 2025)

(a) Applicability. This clause does not apply to the extent that the Contractor is supplying end products mined, produced, or manufactured in-

Israel, and the anticipated value of the acquisition is \$50,000 or more;

Mexico, and the anticipated value of the acquisition is \$102,280 or more; or

Armenia, Aruba, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia,

Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Korea, Latvia, Liechtenstein,

Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Montenegro, Netherlands, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Singapore, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Ukraine, or the United Kingdom and the anticipated value of the acquisition is \$174,000 or more.

Cooperation with Authorities. To enforce the laws prohibiting the manufacture or importation of products mined, produced, or manufactured by forced or indentured child labor, authorized officials may need to conduct investigations to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any product furnished under this contract. If the solicitation includes the provision 52.222-18,



~~Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products, or the equivalent at 52.212-3(i), the Contractor agrees to cooperate fully with authorized officials of the contracting agency, the Department of the Treasury, or the Department of Justice by providing reasonable access to records, documents, persons, or premises upon reasonable request by the authorized officials.~~

~~Violations. The Government may impose remedies set forth in paragraph (d) for the following violations:~~

~~The Contractor has submitted a false certification regarding knowledge of the use of forced or indentured child labor for listed end products.~~

~~The Contractor has failed to cooperate, if required, in accordance with paragraph (b) of this clause, with an investigation of the use of forced or indentured child labor by an Inspector General, Attorney General, or the Secretary of the Treasury.~~

~~The Contractor uses forced or indentured child labor in its mining, production, or manufacturing processes.~~

~~The Contractor has furnished under the contract end products or components that have been mined, produced, or manufactured wholly or in part by forced or indentured child labor. (The Government will not pursue remedies at paragraph (d)(2) or paragraph (d)(3) of this clause unless sufficient evidence indicates that the Contractor knew of the violation.)~~

~~(d) Remedies.~~

~~The Contracting Officer may terminate the contract.~~

~~The suspending and debarring official may suspend the Contractor in accordance with procedures in FAR.~~

~~The suspending and debarring may debar the Contractor for a period not to exceed 3 years in accordance with the procedures in FAR.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-20 Contracts for Materials, Supplies, Articles, and Equipment.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts:~~

~~Contracts for Materials, Supplies, Articles, and Equipment (Jun-2020)~~

~~If this contract is for the manufacture or furnishing of materials, supplies, articles or equipment in an amount that exceeds or may exceed the threshold specified in Federal Acquisition Regulation on the date of award of this contract, and is subject to the following terms and conditions apply:~~

~~All stipulations required by and regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR Chapter 50) are incorporated by reference. These stipulations are subject to all applicable rulings and interpretations of the Secretary of Labor that are now, or may hereafter, be in effect.~~

~~All employees whose work relates to this contract shall be paid not less than the minimum wage prescribed by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 50-202.2). Learners, student learners, apprentices, and~~

~~workers with disabilities may be employed at less than the prescribed minimum wage (see 41 CFR 50-202.3) to the same extent that such employment is permitted under section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act ()).~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-21 Prohibition of Segregated Facilities.~~

~~As prescribed in a)(1), insert the following clause:~~

~~Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this clause~~

~~Gender identity has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at~~

~~Segregated facilities, means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees, that are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin because of written or oral policies or employee custom. The term does not include separate or single user rest rooms or necessary dressing or sleeping areas provided to assure privacy between the sexes.~~

~~Sexual orientation has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at~~

~~The Contractor agrees that it does not and will not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that it does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control where segregated facilities are maintained. The Contractor agrees that a breach of this clause is a violation of the Equal Opportunity clause in this contract.~~

~~The Contractor shall include this clause in every subcontract and purchase order that is subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-22 Previous Contracts and Compliance Reports.~~

~~As prescribed in a)(2), insert the following provision:~~

~~Previous Contracts and Compliance Reports (Feb 1999)~~

~~The offeror represents that~~

~~It ☐ has, ☐ has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation;~~

~~It ☐ has, ☐ has not filed all required compliance reports; and~~

~~Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained before subcontract awards.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.222-23 Notice of Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Employment Opportunity for Construction.~~

~~As prescribed in b), insert the following provision:~~

~~Notice of Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Employment Opportunity for Construction (Feb 1999)~~

~~The offeror's attention is called to the Equal Opportunity clause and the Affirmative Action Compliance Requirements for Construction clause of this solicitation.~~

~~The goals for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Goals for Minority Participation for Each Trade \_\_\_\_\_ Goals for Female Participation for Each Trade~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ [ Contracting Officer shall insert goals] \_\_\_\_\_ [ Contracting Officer shall insert goals]~~

~~These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work performed in the covered area. If the Contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, the Contractor shall apply the goals established for the geographical area where the work is actually performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form, and these notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs office.~~

~~The Contractor's compliance with Executive Order 11246, as amended, and the regulations in 41 CFR 60-4 shall be based on (1) its implementation of the Equal Opportunity clause, (2) specific affirmative action obligations required by the clause entitled "Affirmative Action Compliance Requirements for Construction," and (3) its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade. The Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor, or from project to project, for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, Executive Order 11246, as amended, and the regulations in 41 CFR 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.~~

~~The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Federal Contract Compliance, U.S. Department of Labor, within 10 working days following award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the-~~

~~Name, address, and telephone number of the subcontractor;~~

~~Employer's identification number of the subcontractor;~~

~~Estimated dollar amount of the subcontract;~~

~~Estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and~~

~~Geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.~~

~~(e) As used in this Notice, and in any contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is \_\_\_\_\_  
[Contracting Officer shall insert description of the geographical areas where the contract is to be performed,  
giving the state, county, and city].~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.222-24 Preaward On-Site Equal Opportunity Compliance Evaluation.~~

~~As prescribed in c), insert the following provision:~~

~~Preaward On-Site Equal Opportunity Compliance Evaluation (Feb 1999)~~

~~If a contract in the amount of \$10 million or more will result from this solicitation, the prospective Contractor and its known first-tier subcontractors with anticipated subcontracts of \$10 million or more shall be subject to a preaward compliance evaluation by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP), unless, within the preceding 24 months, OFCCP has conducted an evaluation and found the prospective Contractor and subcontractors to be in compliance with Executive Order 11246.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.222-25 Affirmative Action Compliance.~~

~~As prescribed in d), insert the following provision:~~

~~Affirmative Action Compliance (Apr 1984)~~

~~The offeror represents that-~~

~~It ☐ has developed and has on file, ☐ has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1 and 60-2); or~~

~~It ☐ has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.222-26 Equal Opportunity.~~

~~As prescribed in e), insert the following clause:~~

~~Equal Opportunity (Sept 2016)~~

~~(a) Definition. As used in this clause:~~

Compensation means any payments made to, or on behalf of, an employee or offered to an applicant as remuneration for employment, including but not limited to salary, wages, overtime pay, shift differentials, bonuses, commissions, vacation and holiday pay, allowances, insurance and other benefits, stock options and awards, profit sharing, and retirement.

Compensation information means the amount and type of compensation provided to employees or offered to applicants, including, but not limited to, the desire of the Contractor to attract and retain a particular employee for the value the employee is perceived to add to the Contractor's profit or productivity; the availability of employees with like skills in the marketplace; market research about the worth of similar jobs in the relevant marketplace; job analysis, descriptions, and evaluations; salary and pay structures; salary surveys; labor union agreements; and Contractor decisions, statements and policies related to setting or altering employee compensation.

Essential job functions means the fundamental job duties of the employment position an individual holds. A job function may be considered essential if-

The access to compensation information is necessary in order to perform that function or another routinely assigned business task; or

The function or duties of the position include protecting and maintaining the privacy of employee personnel records, including compensation information.

Gender identity has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at

Sexual orientation has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at

United States, means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and Wake Island.

(b)

If, during any 12-month period (including the 12 months preceding the award of this contract), the Contractor has been or is awarded nonexempt Federal contracts and/or subcontracts that have an aggregate value in excess of \$10,000, the Contractor shall comply with this clause, except for work performed outside the United States by employees who were not recruited within the United States. Upon request, the Contractor shall provide information necessary to determine the applicability of this clause.

If the Contractor is a religious corporation, association, educational institution, or society, the requirements of this clause do not apply with respect to the employment of individuals of a particular religion to perform work connected with the carrying on of the Contractor's activities (41 CFR 60-1.5).

(c)

The Contractor shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. However, it shall not be a violation of this clause for the Contractor to extend a publicly announced preference in employment to Indians living on or

~~near an Indian reservation, in connection with employment opportunities on or near an Indian reservation, as permitted by 41 CFR 60-1.5.~~

~~The Contractor shall take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.~~

~~This shall include, but not be limited to-~~

~~Employment;~~

~~Upgrading;~~

~~Demotion;~~

~~Transfer;~~

~~Recruitment or recruitment advertising;~~

~~Layoff or termination;~~

~~Rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and (viii) Selection for training, including apprenticeship.~~

~~The Contractor shall post in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment the notices to be provided by the Contracting Officer that explain this clause.~~

~~The Contractor shall, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.~~

~~(5)~~

~~The Contractor shall not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This prohibition against discrimination does not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the Contractor's legal duty to furnish information.~~

~~The Contractor shall disseminate the prohibition on discrimination in paragraph (c)(5)(i) of this clause, using language prescribed by the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP), to employees and applicants by-~~

~~Incorporation into existing employee manuals or handbooks; and~~

Electronic posting or by posting a copy of the provision in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

The Contractor shall send, to each labor union or representative of workers with which it has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, the notice to be provided by the Contracting Officer advising the labor union or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this clause, and post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

The Contractor shall comply with Executive Order 11246, as amended, and the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor.

The Contractor shall furnish to the contracting agency all information required by Executive Order 11246, as amended, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor. The Contractor shall also file Standard Form 100 (EEO-1), or any successor form, as prescribed in 41 CFR Part 60-1. Unless the Contractor has filed within the 12 months preceding the date of contract award, the Contractor shall, within 30 days after contract award, apply to either the regional Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) or the local office of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission for the necessary forms.

The Contractor shall permit access to its premises, during normal business hours, by the contracting agency or the OFCCP for the purpose of conducting on-site compliance evaluations and complaint investigations. The Contractor shall permit the Government to inspect and copy any books, accounts, records (including computerized records), and other material that may be relevant to the matter under investigation and pertinent to compliance with Executive Order 11246, as amended, and rules and regulations that implement the Executive Order.

If the OFCCP determines that the Contractor is not in compliance with this clause or any rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts, under the procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246, as amended. In addition, sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked against the Contractor as provided in Executive Order 11246, as amended; in the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor; or as otherwise provided by law.

The Contractor shall include the terms and conditions of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order that is not exempted by the rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued under Executive Order 11246, as amended, so that these terms and conditions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor.

The Contractor shall take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the Director of OFCCP may direct as a means of enforcing these terms and conditions, including sanctions for noncompliance, provided, that if the Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of any direction, the Contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

(d) Notwithstanding any other clause in this contract, disputes relative to this clause will be governed by the procedures in 41 CFR 60-1.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Feb 1999). As prescribed in (e), add the following as a preamble to the clause:

Notice: The following terms of this clause are waived for this contract: \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall list terms].

~~52.222-27 Affirmative Action Compliance Requirements for Construction.~~

As prescribed in f), insert the following clause:

~~Affirmative Action Compliance Requirements for Construction (Apr 2015)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-~~

~~Covered area means the geographical area described in the solicitation for this contract.~~

~~Deputy Assistant Secretary, means the Deputy Assistant Secretary for the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, U.S. Department of Labor, or a designee.~~

~~Employer identification number, means the Federal Social Security number used on the employer's quarterly Federal tax return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941.~~

~~Gender identity has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at~~

~~Minority, as used in this clause, means-~~

~~American Indian or Alaskan Native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification);~~

~~Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands);~~

~~Black (all persons having origins in any of the black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin); and~~

~~Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race);~~

~~Sexual orientation has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at~~

~~If the Contractor, or a subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, each such subcontract in excess of \$10,000 shall include this clause and the Notice containing the goals for minority and female participation stated in the solicitation for this contract.~~

~~If the Contractor is participating in a Hometown Plan (41 CFR 60-4) approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in a covered area, either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the plan area (including goals) shall comply with the plan for those trades that have unions participating in the plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate participation in, and compliance with, the provisions of the plan. Each Contractor or subcontractor participating in an approved plan is also required to comply with its obligations under the Equal Opportunity clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the plan in each~~



trade in which it has employees. The overall good-faith performance by other Contractors or subcontractors toward a goal in an approved plan does not excuse any Contractor's or subcontractor's failure to make good-faith efforts to achieve the plan's goals.

The Contractor shall implement the affirmative action procedures in paragraphs (g)(1) through (16) of this clause. The goals stated in the solicitation for this contract are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization that the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. If the Contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for the geographical area where that work is actually performed. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress toward its goals in each craft.

Neither the terms and conditions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under this clause, Executive Order 11246, as amended, or the regulations thereunder.

In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.

The Contractor shall take affirmative action to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with this clause shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully and implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:

Ensure a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites and in all facilities where the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, if possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall ensure that foremen, superintendents, and other onsite supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at these sites or facilities.

Establish and maintain a current list of sources for minority and female recruitment. Provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organizations' responses.

Establish and maintain a current file of the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant, referrals of minorities or females from unions, recruitment sources, or community organizations, and the action taken with respect to each individual. If an individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred back, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.

Immediately notify the Deputy Assistant Secretary when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred back to the Contractor a minority or woman sent by the

~~Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union-referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.~~

~~Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area that expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under paragraph (g)(2) of this clause.~~

~~Disseminate the Contractor's equal employment policy by-~~

~~Providing notice of the policy to unions and to training, recruitment, and outreach programs, and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its contract obligations;~~

~~Including the policy in any policy manual and in collective bargaining agreements;~~

~~Publicizing the policy in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.;~~

~~Reviewing the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and~~

~~Posting the policy on bulletin boards accessible to employees at each location where construction work is performed.~~

~~Review, at least annually, the Contractor's equal employment policy and affirmative action obligations with all employees having responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination, or other employment decisions. Conduct review of this policy with all on-site supervisory personnel before initiating construction work at a job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.~~

~~Disseminate the Contractor's equal employment policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media. Provide written notification to, and discuss this policy with, other Contractors and subcontractors with which the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.~~

~~Direct recruitment efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female, and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students, and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than 1 month before the date for acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or training by any recruitment source, send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.~~

~~Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit minority persons and women. Where reasonable, provide after-school, summer, and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the site and in other areas of the Contractor's workforce.~~

~~Validate all tests and other selection requirements where required under 41 CFR 60-3.~~

Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities. Encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., opportunities for promotion.

Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments, and other personnel practices do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the Contractor's obligations under this contract are being carried out.

Ensure that all facilities and company activities are nonsegregated except that separate or single-user rest rooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.

Maintain a record of solicitations for subcontracts for minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.

Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's equal employment policy and affirmative action obligations.

(h) The Contractor is encouraged to participate in voluntary associations that may assist in fulfilling one or more of the affirmative action obligations contained in paragraphs (g)(1) through (16) of this clause. The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor union, contractor community, or similar group of which the contractor is a member and participant may be asserted as fulfilling one or more of its obligations under paragraphs (g)(1) through (16) of this clause, provided, the Contractor-

Actively participates in the group;

Makes every effort to ensure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry;

Ensures that concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female workforce participation;

Makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables; and

Can provide access to documentation that demonstrates the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply is the Contractor's, and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.

A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women shall be established. The Contractor is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and nonminority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of Executive Order 11246, as amended, if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner.

The Contractor shall not use goals or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.

The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts under Executive Order 11246, as amended.

~~The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of this clause and of the Equal Opportunity clause, including suspension, termination, and cancellation of existing subcontracts, as may be imposed or ordered under Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations, by the OFCCP. Any failure to carry out these sanctions and penalties as ordered shall be a violation of this clause and Executive Order 11246, as amended.~~

~~The Contractor in fulfilling its obligations under this clause shall implement affirmative action procedures at least as extensive as those prescribed in paragraph (g) of this clause, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, the implementing regulations, or this clause, the Deputy Assistant Secretary shall take action as prescribed in 41 CFR 60-4.8.~~

~~The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to-~~

~~Monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the Contractor's equal employment policy is being carried out;~~

~~Submit reports as may be required by the Government; and~~

~~Keep records that shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone number, construction trade, union affiliation (if any), employee identification number, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g., mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, separate records are not required to be maintained.~~

~~(c) Nothing contained herein shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws that establish different standards of compliance or upon the requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-28 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222-29 Notification of Visa Denial.~~

~~As prescribed in g), insert the following clause:~~

~~Notification of Visa Denial (Apr 2015)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this clause-~~

~~Gender identity has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at~~

~~Sexual orientation has the meaning given by the Department of Labor's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, and is found at~~

~~Requirement to notify.~~

It is a violation of Executive Order 11246 for a Contractor to refuse to employ any applicant or not to assign any person hired in the United States, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Wake Island, on the basis that the individual's race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin is not compatible with the policies of the country where or for whom the work will be performed (41 CFR 60-1.10).

The Contractor shall notify the U.S. Department of State, Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Political-Military Affairs (PM), 2201 C Street NW, Room 6212, Washington, DC 20520, and the U.S. Department of Labor, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Federal Contract Compliance, when it has knowledge of any employee or potential employee being denied an entry visa to a country where this contract will be performed, and it believes the denial is attributable to the race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin of the employee or potential employee.

(End of clause)

~~52.222-30 Construction Wage Rate Requirements-Price Adjustment (None or Separately Specified Method).~~

~~As prescribed in e), insert the following clause:~~

~~Construction Wage Rate Requirements-Price Adjustment (None or Separately Specified Method) (Aug 2018)~~

~~The wage determination issued under the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute by the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, that is effective for an option to extend the term of the contract, will apply to that option period.~~

~~The Contracting Officer will make no adjustment in contract price, other than provided for elsewhere in this contract, to cover any increases or decreases in wages and benefits as a result of:~~

~~Incorporation of the Department of Labor's wage determination applicable at the exercise of the option to extend the term of the contract;~~

~~Incorporation of a wage determination otherwise applied to the contract by operation of law; or~~

~~An increase in wages and benefits resulting from any other requirement applicable to workers subject to the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute.~~

(End of clause)

~~52.222-31 Construction Wage Rate Requirements-Price Adjustment (Percentage Method).~~

~~As prescribed in f), insert the following clause:~~

~~Construction Wage Rate Requirements-Price Adjustment (Percentage Method) (Aug 2018)~~

~~The wage determination issued under the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute by the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, that is effective for an option to extend the term of the contract, will apply to that option period.~~

~~The Contracting Officer will adjust the portion of the contract price or contract unit price(s) containing the labor costs subject to the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute to provide for an increase in wages and fringe benefits at the exercise of each option to extend the term of the contract in accordance with the following procedures:~~

~~The Contracting Officer has determined that the portion of the contract price or contract unit price(s) containing labor costs subject to the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute is \_\_\_\_\_ {Contracting Officer insert percentage rate} percent.~~

~~The Contracting Officer will increase the portion of the contract price or contract unit price(s) containing the labor costs subject to the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute by the percentage rate published in \_\_\_\_\_ {Contracting Officer insert publication}.~~

~~(c) The Contracting Officer will make the price adjustment at the exercise of each option to extend the term of the contract. This adjustment is the only adjustment that the Contracting Officer will make to cover any increases in wages and benefits as a result of-~~

~~Incorporation of the Department of Labor's wage determination applicable at the exercise of the option to extend the term of the contract;~~

~~Incorporation of a wage determination otherwise applied to the contract by operation of law; or~~

~~An increase in wages and benefits resulting from any other requirement applicable to workers subject to the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-32 Construction Wage Rate Requirements-Price Adjustment (Actual Method).~~

~~As prescribed in g), insert the following clause:~~

~~Construction Wage Rate Requirements-Price Adjustment (Actual Method) (Aug 2018)~~

~~(a) The wage determination issued under the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute by the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, that is effective for an option to extend the term of the contract, will apply to that option period.~~

~~(b)~~

~~The Contractor states that if the prices in this contract contain an allowance for wage or benefit increases, such allowance will not be included in any request for contract price adjustment submitted under this clause.~~

~~The Contractor shall provide with each request for contract price adjustment under this clause a statement that the prices in the contract do not include any allowance for any increased cost for which adjustment is being requested.~~

~~(c) The Contracting Officer will adjust the contract price or contract unit price labor rates to reflect the Contractor's actual increase or decrease in wages and fringe benefits to the extent that the increase is made to comply with, or the decrease is voluntarily made by the Contractor as a result of—~~

~~Incorporation of the Department of Labor’s Construction Wage Rate Requirements wage determination applicable at the exercise of an option to extend the term of the contract; or~~

~~Incorporation of a Construction Wage Rate Requirements wage determination otherwise applied to the contract by operation of law.~~

~~Any adjustment will be limited to increases or decreases in wages and fringe benefits as described in paragraph (c) of this clause, and the accompanying increases or decreases in social security and unemployment taxes and workers’ compensation insurance, but will not otherwise include any amount for general and administrative costs, overhead, or profit.~~

~~The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer of any increase claimed under this clause within 30 days after receiving a revised wage determination unless this notification period is extended in writing by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer promptly of any decrease under this clause, but nothing in this clause precludes the Government from asserting a claim within the period permitted by law. The notice shall contain a statement of the amount claimed and any relevant supporting data, including payroll records that the Contracting Officer may reasonably require. Upon agreement of the parties, the Contracting Officer will modify the contract price or contract unit price in writing. The Contractor shall continue performance pending agreement on or determination of any such adjustment and its effective date.~~

~~Contract price adjustment computations shall be computed as follows:~~

~~Computation for contract unit price per single craft hour for schedule of indefinite quantity work. For each labor classification, the difference between the actual wage and benefit rates (combined) paid and the wage and benefit rates (combined) required by the new wage determination shall be added to the original contract unit price if the difference results in a combined increase. If the difference computed results in a combined decrease, the contract unit price shall be decreased by that amount if the Contractor provides notification as provided in paragraph (c) of this clause.~~

~~Computation for contract unit price containing multiple craft hours for schedule of indefinite quantity work. For each labor classification, the difference between the actual wage and benefit rates (combined) paid and the wage and benefit rates (combined) required by the new wage determination shall be multiplied by the actual number of hours expended for each craft involved in accomplishing the unit priced work item. The product of this computation will then be divided by the actual number of units ordered in the preceding contract period. The total of these computations for each craft will be added to the current contract unit price to obtain the new contract unit price. The extended amount for the line item will be obtained by multiplying the new unit price by the estimated quantity. If actual hours are not available from the preceding contract period for computation of the adjustment for a specific contract unit of work, the Contractor, in agreement with the Contracting Officer, shall estimate the total hours per craft per contract unit of work.~~

~~Example: Asphalt Paving Current Price \$3.38 per Square Yard~~

| DBA   | New | Actual units     |       |                      |                  |
|-------|-----|------------------|-------|----------------------|------------------|
|       |     | Hourly rate paid | Diff. | Actual Hrs (sq.yard) | Increase/sq.yard |
| Craft | WD  |                  |       |                      |                  |

|                 |         |   |         |   |       |   |              |                   |   |       |
|-----------------|---------|---|---------|---|-------|---|--------------|-------------------|---|-------|
| Equip. Opr.     | \$18.50 | - | \$18.00 | = | \$.50 | x | 600<br>hrs./ | 3,000-sq.<br>yrd. | = | \$.10 |
| Truck<br>Driver | \$19.00 | - | \$18.25 | = | \$.75 | x | 525<br>hrs./ | 3,000-sq.<br>yrd. | = | \$.13 |
|                 |         |   |         |   |       |   | 750<br>hrs./ | 3,000-sq.<br>yrd. |   |       |
| Laborer         | \$11.50 | - | \$11.25 | = | \$.25 | x | 750<br>hrs./ | 3,000-sq.<br>yrd. | = | \$.06 |

Example: Asphalt Paving Current Price \$3.38 per Square Yard

| Hourly                           | Diff. | Actual Hrs | Actual units | Increase/sqyard |
|----------------------------------|-------|------------|--------------|-----------------|
| DBA — New                        |       |            | (sq.yard)    |                 |
| rate                             |       |            |              |                 |
| Craft — WD                       |       |            |              |                 |
| paid                             |       |            |              |                 |
| Total increase per square yard = |       |            |              | \$.29*          |

\* Note: Adjustment for labor rate increases or decreases may be accompanied by social security and unemployment taxes and workers' compensation insurance.

Current unit price

\$3.38

(per square yard)

— Add DBA price adj. — +.29

New unit price (per

— = — \$3.67

square yard)

(End of clause)

52.222-33 Notice of Requirement for Project Labor Agreement.

As prescribed in a)(1), insert the following provision:

Notice of Requirement for Project Labor Agreement (Jan 2024)



~~(a) Definitions. As used in this provision, the following terms are defined in clause 52.222-34, Project Labor Agreement, of this solicitation "construction," "labor organization," "large scale construction project," and "project labor agreement." (b) Offerors shall —~~

~~Negotiate or become a party to a project labor agreement with one or more labor organizations for the term of the resulting construction contract; and~~

~~Require its subcontractors to become a party to the resulting project labor agreement.~~

~~(c) The project labor agreement reached pursuant to this provision shall —~~

~~Bind the Offeror and subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project to comply with the project labor agreement;~~

~~Allow the Offeror and all subcontractors to compete for contracts and subcontracts without regard to whether they are otherwise parties to collective bargaining agreements;~~

~~Contain guarantees against strikes, lockouts, and similar job disruptions;~~

~~Set forth effective, prompt, and mutually binding procedures for resolving labor disputes arising during the term of the project labor agreement;~~

~~Provide other mechanisms for labor management cooperation on matters of mutual interest and concern, including productivity, quality of work, safety, and health; and~~

~~Fully conform to all statutes, regulations, Executive orders, and agency requirements.~~

~~Any project labor agreement reached pursuant to this provision does not change the terms of the resulting contract or provide for any price adjustment by the Government.~~

~~The Offeror shall submit to the Contracting Officer a copy of the project labor agreement with its offer.~~

~~{End of Provision}~~

~~Alternate I (Jan 2024). As prescribed in (a)(2), substitute the following paragraphs (b) and (c) for paragraphs (b) and (c) of the basic provision:~~

~~(b) The apparent successful offeror shall —~~

~~Negotiate or become a party to a project labor agreement with one or more labor organizations for the term of the resulting construction contract; and~~

~~Require its subcontractors to become a party to the resulting project labor agreement.~~

~~(c) The apparent successful offeror shall submit to the Contracting Officer a copy of the project labor agreement prior to contract award.~~

~~Alternate II (Jan 2024). As prescribed in (a)(3), substitute the following paragraph (b) in lieu of paragraphs (b) through (c) of the basic provision:~~

~~(b) If awarded the contract, the Offeror shall—~~

~~Negotiate or become a party to a project labor agreement with one or more labor organizations for the term of the resulting construction contract; and~~

~~Require its subcontractors to become a party to the resulting project labor agreement.~~

~~Alternate III (Jan 2024). As prescribed in (a)(4), substitute the following paragraph (b) in lieu of paragraphs (b) through (c) of the basic provision:~~

~~(b)(1) If awarded the contract, the Offeror may be required by the agency to negotiate or become a party to a project labor agreement with one or more labor organizations for the term of the order. The Contracting Officer will require that an executed copy of the project labor agreement be submitted to the agency—~~

~~With the order offer;~~

~~Prior to award of the order; or (iii) After award of the order.~~

~~(2) The Offeror shall require its subcontractors to become a party to the resulting project labor agreement for the term of the order.~~

~~52.222-34 Project Labor Agreement.~~

~~As prescribed in b)(1), insert the following clause:~~

~~Project Labor Agreement (Jan 2024)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~Construction means construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, modernization, alteration, conversion, extension, repair, or improvement of buildings, structures, highways, or other real property.~~

~~Labor organization means a labor organization as defined in — of which building and construction employees are members.~~

~~Large-scale construction project means a Federal construction project within the United States for which the total estimated cost of the construction contract(s) to the Federal Government is \$35 million or more.~~

~~Project labor agreement means a pre-hire collective bargaining agreement with one or more labor organizations that establishes the terms and conditions of employment for a specific construction project and is an agreement described in—~~

~~The Contractor shall maintain in a current status throughout the life of the contract the project labor agreement entered into prior to the award of the contract.~~

~~Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in subcontracts with subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

Alternate I (Jan 2024). As prescribed in (b)(2), substitute the following paragraphs (b) through (f) for paragraphs (b) and (c) of the basic clause:

~~(b) The Contractor shall —~~

~~Negotiate or become a party to a project labor agreement with one or more labor organizations for the term of this construction contract; and~~

~~Submit an executed copy of the project labor agreement to the Contracting Officer as required in the solicitation.~~

~~(c) The project labor agreement reached pursuant to this clause shall —~~

~~Bind the Contractor and subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project to comply with the project labor agreement;~~

~~Allow the Contractor and all subcontractors to compete for contracts and subcontracts without regard to whether they are otherwise parties to collective bargaining agreements;~~

~~Contain guarantees against strikes, lockouts, and similar job disruptions;~~

~~Set forth effective, prompt, and mutually binding procedures for resolving labor disputes arising during the term of the project labor agreement;~~

~~Provide other mechanisms for labor management cooperation on matters of mutual interest and concern, including productivity, quality of work, safety, and health; and~~

~~Fully conform to all statutes, regulations, Executive orders, and agency requirements.~~

~~Any project labor agreement reached pursuant to this clause does not change the terms of this contract or provide for any price adjustment by the Government.~~

~~The Contractor shall maintain in a current status throughout the life of the contract the project labor agreement entered into pursuant to this clause.~~

~~Subcontracts. The Contractor shall require subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project to agree to any project labor agreement negotiated by the prime contractor pursuant to this clause, and shall include the substance of paragraphs (d) through (f) of this clause in subcontracts with subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project.~~

Alternate II (Jan 2024). As prescribed in (b)(3), substitute the following paragraphs (b) through (f) for paragraphs (b) through (f) of the basic clause:

~~(b) When notified by the agency (e.g., by the notice of intent to place an order under b)(1)) that this order will use a project labor agreement, the Contractor shall negotiate or become a party to a project labor agreement with one or more labor organizations for the term of the order. The Contracting Officer shall require that an executed copy of the project labor agreement be submitted to the agency —~~

~~With the order offer;~~

~~Prior to award of the order; or~~

~~After award of the order.~~

~~(c) The project labor agreement reached pursuant to this clause shall—~~

~~Bind the Contractor and subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project to comply with the project labor agreement;~~

~~Allow all contractors and subcontractors to compete for contracts and subcontracts without regard to whether they are otherwise parties to collective bargaining agreements;~~

~~Contain guarantees against strikes, lockouts, and similar job disruptions;~~

~~Set forth effective, prompt, and mutually binding procedures for resolving labor disputes arising during the term of the project labor agreement;~~

~~Provide other mechanisms for labor management cooperation on matters of mutual interest and concern, including productivity, quality of work, safety, and health; and~~

~~Fully conform to all statutes, regulations, Executive orders, and agency requirements.~~

~~Any project labor agreement reached pursuant to this clause does not change the terms of this contract or provide for any price adjustment by the Government.~~

~~The Contractor shall maintain in a current status throughout the life of the order any project labor agreement entered into pursuant to this clause.~~

~~Subcontracts. For each order that uses a project labor agreement, the Contractor shall—~~

~~Require subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project to agree to any project labor agreement negotiated by the prime contractor pursuant to this clause; and~~

~~Include the substance of paragraphs (d) through (f) of this clause in subcontracts with subcontractors engaged in construction on the construction project.~~

~~52.222-35 Equal Opportunity for Veterans.~~

~~As prescribed in a)(1), insert the following clause:~~

~~Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Jun 2020)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~"Active duty wartime or campaign badge veteran," "Armed Forces service medal veteran," "disabled veteran," "protected veteran," "qualified disabled veteran," and "recently separated veteran" have the meanings given at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR)~~

~~Equal opportunity clause. The Contractor shall abide by the requirements of the equal opportunity clause at 41 CFR 60300.5(a), as of March 24, 2014. This clause prohibits discrimination against qualified protected veterans;~~

~~and requires affirmative action by the Contractor to employ and advance in employment qualified protected veterans.~~

~~Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the terms of this clause in subcontracts valued at or above the threshold specified in FAR (a) on the date of subcontract award, unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance. Such necessary changes in language may be made as shall be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~Alternate I (Jul 2014). As prescribed in (a)(2), add the following as a preamble to the clause:~~

~~Notice: The following term(s) of this clause are waived for this contract: \_\_\_\_\_ [List term(s)].~~

~~52.222-36 Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 2020)~~

~~Equal opportunity clause. The Contractor shall abide by the requirements of the equal opportunity clause at 41 CFR 60741.5(a), as of March 24, 2014. This clause prohibits discrimination against qualified individuals on the basis of disability, and requires affirmative action by the Contractor to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities.~~

~~Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order in excess of the threshold specified in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) a) on the date of subcontract award, unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs of the U.S. Department of Labor, to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance. Such necessary changes in language may be made as shall be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~Alternate I (Jul 2014). As prescribed in (b), add the following as a preamble to the clause:~~

~~Notice: The following term(s) of this clause are waived for this contract: \_\_\_\_\_ [List term(s)].~~

~~52.222-37 Employment Reports on Veterans.~~

~~As prescribed in b), insert the following clause:~~

~~Employment Reports on Veterans (Jun 2020)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this clause, "active duty wartime or campaign badge veteran," "Armed Forces service medal veteran," "disabled veteran," "protected veteran," and "recently separated veteran," have the meanings given in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).~~

~~Unless the Contractor is a State or local government agency, the Contractor shall report at least annually, as required by the Secretary of Labor, on-~~

~~The total number of employees in the contractor's workforce, by job category and hiring location, who are protected veterans (i.e., active duty wartime or campaign badge veterans, Armed Forces service medal veterans, disabled veterans, and recently separated veterans);~~

~~The total number of new employees hired during the period covered by the report, and of the total, the number of protected veterans (i.e., active duty wartime or campaign badge veterans, Armed Forces service medal veterans, disabled veterans, and recently separated veterans); and~~

~~The maximum number and minimum number of employees of the Contractor or subcontractor at each hiring location during the period covered by the report.~~

~~The Contractor shall report the above items by filing the VETS-4212 "Federal Contractor Veterans' Employment Report" (see "VETS-4212 Federal Contractor Reporting" and "Filing Your VETS-4212 Report" at -~~

~~The Contractor shall submit VETS-4212 Reports no later than September 30 of each year.~~

~~The employment activity report required by paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this clause shall reflect total new hires, and maximum and minimum number of employees, during the most recent 12-month period preceding the ending date selected for the report. Contractors may select an ending date-~~

~~As of the end of any pay period between July 1 and August 31 of the year the report is due; or~~

~~As of December 31, if the Contractor has prior written approval from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to do so for purposes of submitting the Employer Information Report EEO-1 (Standard Form 100).~~

~~The number of veterans reported must be based on data known to the contractor when completing the VETS-4212. The contractor's knowledge of veterans status may be obtained in a variety of ways, including an invitation to applicants to self-identify (in accordance with 41 CFR 60-300.42), voluntary self-disclosure by employees, or actual knowledge of veteran status by the contractor. This paragraph does not relieve an employer of liability for discrimination under~~

~~The Contractor shall insert the terms of this clause in subcontracts valued at or above the threshold specified in FARa) on the date of subcontract award, unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor.~~

~~{End of clause}~~

~~52.222-38 Compliance with Veterans' Employment Reporting Requirements.~~

~~As prescribed in c), insert the following provision:~~

~~Compliance with Veterans' Employment Reporting Requirements (Feb 2016)~~

~~By submission of its offer, the offeror represents that, if it is subject to the reporting requirements of i.e., if it has any contract containing Federal Acquisition Regulation clause 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans), it has filed the most recent VETS 4212 Report required by that clause.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.222-39 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222-40 Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010)~~

~~(a) During the term of this contract, the Contractor shall post an employee notice, of such size and in such form, and containing such content as prescribed by the Secretary of Labor, in conspicuous places in and about its plants and offices where employees covered by the National Labor Relations Act engage in activities relating to the performance of the contract, including all places where notices to employees are customarily posted both physically and electronically, in the languages employees speak, in accordance with 29 CFR 471.2 (d) and (f).~~

~~Physical posting of the employee notice shall be in conspicuous places in and about the Contractor's plants and offices so that the notice is prominent and readily seen by employees who are covered by the National Labor Relations Act and engage in activities related to the performance of the contract.~~

~~If the Contractor customarily posts notices to employees electronically, then the Contractor shall also post the required notice electronically by displaying prominently, on any website that is maintained by the Contractor and is customarily used for notices to employees about terms and conditions of employment, a link to the Department of Labor's website that contains the full text of the poster. The link to the Department's website, as referenced in (b)(3) of this section, must read, "Important Notice about Employee Rights to Organize and Bargain Collectively with Their Employers."~~

~~(b) This required employee notice, printed by the Department of Labor, may be-~~

~~Obtained from the Division of Interpretations and Standards, Office of Labor-Management Standards, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Room N-5609, Washington, DC 20210, (202) 693-0123, or from any field office of the Office of Labor-Management Standards or Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs;~~

~~Provided by the Federal contracting agency if requested;~~

~~Downloaded from the Office of Labor-Management Standards Web site at or~~

~~Reproduced and used as exact duplicate copies of the Department of Labor's official poster.~~

~~The required text of the employee notice referred to in this clause is located at Appendix A, Subpart A, 29 CFR Part 471.~~

~~The Contractor shall comply with all provisions of the employee notice and related rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor.~~

~~In the event that the Contractor does not comply with the requirements set forth in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this clause, this contract may be terminated or suspended in whole or in part, and the Contractor may be suspended or debarred in accordance with 29 CFR 471.14 and subpart . Such other sanctions or remedies may be imposed as are provided by 29 CFR part 471, which implements Executive Order 13496 or as otherwise provided by law.~~

~~Subcontracts.~~

~~The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), in every subcontract that exceeds \$10,000 and will be performed wholly or partially in the United States, unless exempted by the rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 3 of Executive Order 13496 of January 30, 2009, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor.~~

~~The Contractor shall not procure supplies or services in a way designed to avoid the applicability of Executive Order 13496 or this clause.~~

~~The Contractor shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract as may be directed by the Secretary of Labor as a means of enforcing such provisions, including the imposition of sanctions for noncompliance.~~

~~However, if the Contractor becomes involved in litigation with a subcontractor, or is threatened with such involvement, as a result of such direction, the Contractor may request the United States, through the Secretary of Labor, to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-41 Service Contract Labor Standards.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Service Contract Labor Standards (Aug 2018)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~Contractor, when this clause is used in any subcontract, shall be deemed to refer to the subcontractor, except in the term "Government Prime Contractor."~~

~~Service employee means any person engaged in the performance of this contract other than any person employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity, as these terms are defined in Part 541 of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, as revised. It includes all such persons regardless of any contractual relationship that may be alleged to exist between a Contractor or subcontractor and such persons.~~

~~Applicability. This contract is subject to the following provisions and to all other applicable provisions of , Service Contract Labor Standards, and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (29 CFR Part 4). This clause does not apply to contracts or subcontracts administratively exempted by the Secretary of Labor or exempted by as interpreted in Subpart C of 29 CFR Part 4.~~



#### ~~Compensation.~~

~~(1) Each service employee employed in the performance of this contract by the Contractor or any subcontractor shall be paid not less than the minimum monetary wages and shall be furnished fringe benefits in accordance with the wages and fringe benefits determined by the Secretary of Labor, or authorized representative, as specified in any wage determination attached to this contract.~~

~~(2)~~

~~If a wage determination is attached to this contract, the Contractor shall classify any class of service employee which is not listed therein and which is to be employed under the contract (i.e., the work to be performed is not performed by any classification listed in the wage determination) so as to provide a reasonable relationship (i.e., appropriate level of skill comparison) between such unlisted classifications and the classifications listed in the wage determination. Such conformed class of employees shall be paid the monetary wages and furnished the fringe benefits as are determined pursuant to the procedures in this paragraph (c).~~

~~This conforming procedure shall be initiated by the Contractor prior to the performance of contract work by the unlisted class of employee. The Contractor shall submit , Request For Authorization of Additional Classification and Rate, to the Contracting Officer no later than 30 days after the unlisted class of employee performs any contract work. The Contracting Officer shall review the proposed classification and rate and promptly submit the completed (which must include information regarding the agreement or disagreement of the employees' authorized representatives or the employees themselves together with the agency recommendation), and all pertinent information to the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor. The Wage and Hour Division will approve, modify, or disapprove the action or render a final determination in the event of disagreement within 30 days of receipt or will notify the Contracting Officer within 30 days of receipt that additional time is necessary.~~

~~The final determination of the conformance action by the Wage and Hour Division shall be transmitted to the Contracting Officer who shall promptly notify the Contractor of the action taken. Each affected employee shall be furnished by the Contractor with a written copy of such determination or it shall be posted as a part of the wage determination.~~

~~(iv)~~

~~The process of establishing wage and fringe benefit rates that bear a reasonable relationship to those listed in a wage determination cannot be reduced to any single formula. The approach used may vary from wage determination to wage determination depending on the circumstances. Standard wage and salary administration practices which rank various job classifications by pay grade pursuant to point schemes or other job factors may, for example, be relied upon. Guidance may also be obtained from the way different jobs are rated under Federal pay systems (Federal Wage Board Pay System and the General Schedule) or from other wage determinations issued in the same locality. Basic to the establishment of any conformable wage rate(s) is the concept that a pay relationship should be maintained between job classifications based on the skill required and the duties performed.~~

~~In the case of a contract modification, an exercise of an option, or extension of an existing contract, or in any other case where a Contractor succeeds a contract under which the classification in question was previously conformed pursuant to paragraph (c) of this clause, a new conformed wage rate and fringe benefits may be~~

assigned to the conformed classification by indexing (i.e., adjusting) the previous conformed rate and fringe benefits by an amount equal to the average (mean) percentage increase (or decrease, where appropriate) between the wages and fringe benefits specified for all classifications to be used on the contract which are listed in the current wage determination, and those specified for the corresponding classifications in the previously applicable wage determination. Where conforming actions are accomplished in accordance with this paragraph prior to the performance of contract work by the unlisted class of employees, the Contractor shall advise the Contracting Officer of the action taken but the other procedures in subdivision (c)(2)(ii) of this clause need not be followed.

No employee engaged in performing work on this contract shall in any event be paid less than the currently applicable minimum wage specified under section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended.

The wage rate and fringe benefits finally determined under this paragraph (c)(2) of this clause shall be paid to all employees performing in the classification from the first day on which contract work is performed by them in the classification. Failure to pay the unlisted employees the compensation agreed upon by the interested parties and/or finally determined by the Wage and Hour Division retroactive to the date such class of employees commenced contract work shall be a violation of the Service Contract Labor Standards statute and this contract.

Upon discovery of failure to comply with paragraph (c)(2) of this clause, the Wage and Hour Division shall make a final determination of conformed classification, wage rate, and/or fringe benefits which shall be retroactive to the date such class or classes of employees commenced contract work.

(3) Adjustment of compensation. If the term of this contract is more than 1 year, the minimum monetary wages and fringe benefits required to be paid or furnished thereunder to service employees under this contract shall be subject to adjustment after 1 year and not less often than once every 2 years, under wage determinations issued by the Wage and Hour Division.

Obligation to furnish fringe benefits. The Contractor or subcontractor may discharge the obligation to furnish fringe benefits specified in the attachment or determined under paragraph (c)(2) of this clause by furnishing equivalent combinations of bona fide fringe benefits, or by making equivalent or differential cash payments, only in accordance with Subpart D of 29 CFR Part 4.

Minimum wage. In the absence of a minimum wage attachment for this contract, neither the Contractor nor any subcontractor under this contract shall pay any person performing work under this contract (regardless of whether the person is a service employee) less than the minimum wage specified by section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938. Nothing in this clause shall relieve the Contractor or any subcontractor of any other obligation under law or contract for payment of a higher wage to any employee.

Successor contracts. If this contract succeeds a contract subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute under which substantially the same services were furnished in the same locality and service employees were paid wages and fringe benefits provided for in a collective bargaining agreement, in the absence of the minimum wage attachment for this contract setting forth such collectively bargained wage rates and fringe benefits, neither the Contractor nor any subcontractor under this contract shall pay any service employee performing any of the contract work (regardless of whether or not such employee was employed under the predecessor contract), less than the wages and fringe benefits provided for in such collective bargaining agreement, to which such employee would have been entitled if employed under the predecessor contract, including accrued wages and fringe benefits and any prospective increases in wages and fringe benefits

provided for under such agreement. No Contractor or subcontractor under this contract may be relieved of the foregoing obligation unless the limitations of 29 CFR b(b) apply or unless the Secretary of Labor or the Secretary's authorized representative finds, after a hearing as provided in 29 CFR that the wages and/or fringe benefits provided for in such agreement are substantially at variance with those which prevail for services of a character similar in the locality, or determines, as provided in 29 CFR that the collective bargaining agreement applicable to service employees employed under the predecessor contract was not entered into as a result of arm's length negotiations. Where it is found in accordance with the review procedures provided in 29 CFR and/or and Parts 6 and 8 that some or all of the wages and/or fringe benefits contained in a predecessor Contractor's collective bargaining agreement are substantially at variance with those which prevail for services of a character similar in the locality, and/or that the collective bargaining agreement applicable to service employees employed under the predecessor contract was not entered into as a result of arm's length negotiations, the Department will issue a new or revised wage determination setting forth the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits. Such determination shall be made part of the contract or subcontract, in accordance with the decision of the Administrator, the Administrative Law Judge, or the Administrative Review Board, as the case may be, irrespective of whether such issuance occurs prior to or after the award of a contract or subcontract (53 Comp. Gen. 401

(1973)). In the case of a wage determination issued solely as a result of a finding of substantial variance, such determination shall be effective as of the date of the final administrative decision.

**Notification to employees.** The Contractor and any subcontractor under this contract shall notify each service employee commencing work on this contract of the minimum monetary wage and any fringe benefits required to be paid pursuant to this contract, or shall post the wage determination attached to this contract. The poster provided by the Department of Labor (Publication WH 1313) shall be posted in a prominent and accessible place at the work site. Failure to comply with this requirement is a violation of and of this contract.

**Safe and sanitary working conditions.** The Contractor or subcontractor shall not permit any part of the services called for by this contract to be performed in buildings or surroundings or under working conditions provided by or under the control or supervision of the Contractor or subcontractor which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to the health or safety of the service employees. The Contractor or subcontractor shall comply with the safety and health standards applied under 29 CFR Part 1925.

#### **Records:**

(1) The Contractor and each subcontractor performing work subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute shall make and maintain for 3 years from the completion of the work, and make them available for inspection and transcription by authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division, a record of the following:

(i) For each employee subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute-

Name and address and social security number;

Correct work classification or classifications, rate or rates of monetary wages paid and fringe benefits provided, rate or rates of payments in lieu of fringe benefits, and total daily and weekly compensation;

Daily and weekly hours worked by each employee; and

~~Any deductions, rebates, or refunds from the total daily or weekly compensation of each employee.~~

~~For those classes of service employees not included in any wage determination attached to this contract, wage rates or fringe benefits determined by the interested parties or by the Administrator or authorized representative under the terms of paragraph (c) of this clause. A copy of the report required by subdivision (c)(2)(ii) of this clause will fulfill this requirement.~~

~~Any list of the predecessor Contractor's employees which had been furnished to the Contractor as prescribed by paragraph (n) of this clause.~~

~~The Contractor shall also make available a copy of this contract for inspection or transcription by authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division.~~

~~Failure to make and maintain or to make available these records for inspection and transcription shall be a violation of the regulations and this contract, and in the case of failure to produce these records, the Contracting Officer, upon direction of the Department of Labor and notification to the Contractor, shall take action to cause suspension of any further payment or advance of funds until the violation ceases.~~

~~The Contractor shall permit authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division to conduct interviews with employees at the work site during normal working hours.~~

~~Pay periods. The Contractor shall unconditionally pay to each employee subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute all wages due free and clear and without subsequent deduction (except as otherwise provided by law or regulations, 29 CFR Part 4), rebate, or kickback on any account. These payments shall be made no later than one pay period following the end of the regular pay period in which the wages were earned or accrued. A pay period under this statute may not be of any duration longer than semi-monthly.~~

~~Withholding of payments and termination of contract. The Contracting Officer shall withhold or cause to be withheld from the Government Prime Contractor under this or any other Government contract with the Prime Contractor such sums as an appropriate official of the Department of Labor requests or such sums as the Contracting Officer decides may be necessary to pay underpaid employees employed by the Contractor or subcontractor. In the event of failure to pay any employees subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute all or part of the wages or fringe benefits due under the Service Contract Labor Standards statute, the Contracting Officer may, after authorization or by direction of the~~

~~Department of Labor and written notification to the Contractor, take action to cause suspension of any further payment or advance of funds until such violations have ceased. Additionally, any failure to comply with the requirements of this clause may be grounds for termination of the right to proceed with the contract work. In such event, the Government may enter into other contracts or arrangements for completion of the work, charging the Contractor in default with any additional cost.~~

~~Subcontracts. The Contractor agrees to insert this clause in all subcontracts subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute.~~

~~Collective bargaining agreements applicable to service employees. If wages to be paid or fringe benefits to be furnished any service employees employed by the Government Prime Contractor or any subcontractor under the contract are provided for in a collective bargaining agreement which is or will be effective during any period in which the contract is being performed, the Government Prime Contractor shall report such fact to the~~

Contracting Officer, together with full information as to the application and accrual of such wages and fringe benefits, including any prospective increases, to service employees engaged in work on the contract, and a copy of the collective bargaining agreement. Such report shall be made upon commencing performance of the contract, in the case of collective bargaining agreements effective at such time, and in the case of such agreements or provisions or amendments thereof effective at a later time during the period of contract performance such agreements shall be reported promptly after negotiation thereof.

Seniority list. Not less than 10 days prior to completion of any contract being performed at a Federal facility where service employees may be retained in the performance of the succeeding contract and subject to a wage determination which contains vacation or other benefit provisions based upon length of service with a Contractor (predecessor) or successor (29 CFR 4.173), the incumbent Prime Contractor shall furnish the Contracting Officer a certified list of the names of all service employees on the Contractor's or subcontractor's payroll during the last month of contract performance. Such list shall also contain anniversary dates of employment on the contract either with the current or predecessor Contractors of each such service employee. The Contracting Officer shall turn over such list to the successor Contractor at the commencement of the succeeding contract.

Rulings and interpretations. Rulings and interpretations of the Service Contract Labor Standards statute are contained in Regulations, 29 CFR Part 4.

Contractor's certification.

By entering into this contract, the Contractor (and officials thereof) certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has a substantial interest in the Contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of the sanctions imposed under

No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract under

The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code,.

(q) Variations, tolerances, and exemptions involving employment. Notwithstanding any of the provisions in paragraphs (b) through (e) of this clause, the following employees may be employed in accordance with the following variations, tolerances, and exemptions, which the Secretary of Labor, pursuant to prior to its amendment by Pub.L.92473, found to be necessary and proper in the public interest or to avoid serious impairment of the conduct of Government business:

Apprentices, student learners, and workers whose earning capacity is impaired by age, physical or mental deficiency, or injury may be employed at wages lower than the minimum wages otherwise required by without diminishing any fringe benefits or cash payments in lieu thereof required under in accordance with the conditions and procedures prescribed for the employment of apprentices, student learners, persons with disabilities, and disabled clients of work centers under section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, in the regulations issued by the Administrator (29 CFR parts 520, 521, 524, and 525).

The Administrator will issue certificates under the statute for the employment of apprentices, student learners, persons with disabilities, or disabled clients of work centers not subject to the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, or subject to different minimum rates of pay under the two statutes, authorizing appropriate rates of minimum wages (but without changing requirements concerning fringe benefits or supplementary cash payments in lieu

thereof), applying procedures prescribed by the applicable regulations issued under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 CFR parts 520, 521, 524, and 525).

The Administrator will also withdraw, annul, or cancel such certificates in accordance with the regulations in 29 CFR parts 525 and 528.

~~Apprentices. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with a State Apprenticeship Agency which is recognized by the U.S. Department of Labor, or if no such recognized agency exists in a State, under a program registered with the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer, and Labor Services (OATELS), U.S. Department of Labor. Any employee who is not registered as an apprentice in an approved program shall be paid the wage rate and fringe benefits contained in the applicable wage determination for the journeyman classification of work actually performed. The wage rates paid apprentices shall not be less than the wage rate for their level of progress set forth in the registered program, expressed as the appropriate percentage of the journeyman's rate contained in the applicable wage determination. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen employed on the contract work in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the Contractor as to his entire work force under the registered program.~~

~~Tips. An employee engaged in an occupation in which the employee customarily and regularly receives more than \$30 a month in tips may have the amount of these tips credited by the employer against the minimum wage required by in accordance with section 3(m) of the Fair Labor Standards Act and Regulations, 29 CFR Part 531. However, the amount of credit shall not exceed \$1.34 per hour beginning January 1, 1981. To use this provision-~~

~~The employer must inform tipped employees about this tip credit allowance before the credit is utilized;~~

~~The employees must be allowed to retain all tips (individually or through a pooling arrangement and regardless of whether the employer elects to take a credit for tips received);~~

~~The employer must be able to show by records that the employee receives at least the applicable Service Contract Labor Standards minimum wage through the combination of direct wages and tip credit; and~~

~~The use of such tip credit must have been permitted under any predecessor collective bargaining agreement applicable by virtue of~~

~~(t) Disputes concerning labor standards. The U.S. Department of Labor has set forth in 29 CFR parts 4, 6, and 8 procedures for resolving disputes concerning labor standards requirements. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with those procedures and not the Disputes clause of this contract. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-42 Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires.~~

~~As prescribed in b), insert the following clause:~~

In compliance with the Service Contract Labor Standards statute and the regulations of the Secretary of Labor (29 CFR Part 4), this clause identifies the classes of service employees expected to be employed under the contract and states the wages and fringe benefits payable to each if they were employed by the contracting agency subject to the provisions of ~~or 5-332.~~

| Employee Class | Monetary Wage-Fringe Benefits |
|----------------|-------------------------------|
|                |                               |

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| Employee Class | Monetary Wage-Fringe Benefits |
|----------------|-------------------------------|
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52.222-43 Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts).

~~Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts) (Aug 2018)~~

~~This clause applies to both contracts subject to area prevailing wage determinations and contracts subject to collective bargaining agreements.~~

~~The Contractor warrants that the prices in this contract do not include any allowance for any contingency to cover increased costs for which adjustment is provided under this clause.~~

~~The wage determination, issued under the Service Contract Labor Standards statute, (, by the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, current on the anniversary date of a multiple year contract or the beginning of each renewal option period, shall apply to this contract. If no such determination has been made applicable to this contract, then the Federal minimum wage as established by section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, (, current on the anniversary date of a multiple year contract or the beginning of each renewal option period, shall apply to this contract.~~

~~The contract price, contract unit price labor rates, or fixed hourly labor rates will be adjusted to reflect the Contractor's actual increase or decrease in applicable wages and fringe benefits to the extent that the increase is made to comply with or the decrease is voluntarily made by the Contractor as a result of:~~

~~The Department of Labor wage determination applicable on the anniversary date of the multiple year contract, or at the beginning of the renewal option period. For example, the prior year wage determination required a minimum wage rate of \$4.00 per hour. The Contractor chose to pay \$4.10. The new wage determination increases the minimum rate to \$4.50 per hour. Even if the Contractor voluntarily increases the rate to \$4.75 per hour, the allowable price adjustment is \$.40 per hour;~~

~~An increased or decreased wage determination otherwise applied to the contract by operation of law; or~~

~~An amendment to the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 that is enacted after award of this contract, affects the minimum wage, and becomes applicable to this contract under law.~~

~~Any adjustment will be limited to increases or decreases in wages and fringe benefits as described in paragraph (d) of this clause, and the accompanying increases or decreases in social security and unemployment taxes and workers' compensation insurance, but shall not otherwise include any amount for general and administrative costs, overhead, or profit.~~

~~The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer of any increase claimed under this clause within 30 days after receiving a new wage determination unless this notification period is extended in writing by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of any decrease under this clause, but nothing in the clause shall preclude the Government from asserting a claim within the period permitted by law. The notice shall contain a statement of the amount claimed and the change in fixed hourly rates (if this is a time and materials or labor hour contract), and any relevant supporting data, including payroll records, that the Contracting Officer may reasonably require. Upon agreement of the parties, the contract price, contract unit price labor rates, or fixed hourly rates shall be modified in writing. The Contractor shall continue performance pending agreement on or determination of any such adjustment and its effective date.~~

~~The Contracting Officer or an authorized representative shall have access to and the right to examine any directly pertinent books, documents, papers and records of the Contractor until the expiration of 3 years after final payment under the contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~



~~52.222-44 Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards Price Adjustment.~~

~~As prescribed in c)(2), insert the following clause:~~

~~Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Labor Standards Price Adjustment (May 2014)~~

~~This clause applies to both contracts subject to area prevailing wage determinations and contracts subject to Contractor collective bargaining agreements.~~

~~The Contractor warrants that the prices in this contract do not include any allowance for any contingency to cover increased costs for which adjustment is provided under this clause.~~

~~The contract price, contract unit price labor rates, or fixed hourly labor rates will be adjusted to reflect increases or decreases by the Contractor in wages and fringe benefits to the extent that these increases or decreases are made to comply with-~~

~~An increased or decreased wage determination applied to this contract by operation of law; or~~

~~An amendment to the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 that is enacted subsequent to award of this contract, affects the minimum wage, and becomes applicable to this contract under law.~~

~~Any such adjustment will be limited to increases or decreases in wages and fringe benefits as described in paragraph (c) of this clause, and to the accompanying increases or decreases in social security and unemployment taxes and workers' compensation insurance; it shall not otherwise include any amount for general and administrative costs, overhead, or profit.~~

~~The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer of any increase claimed under this clause within 30 days after the effective date of the wage change, unless this period is extended by the Contracting Officer in writing. The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of any decrease under this clause, but nothing in the clause shall preclude the Government from asserting a claim within the period permitted by law. The notice shall contain a statement of the amount and the change in fixed hourly rates (if this is a time and materials or labor hour contract) claimed and any relevant supporting data that the Contracting Officer may reasonably require. Upon agreement of the parties, the contract price, contract unit price labor rates, or fixed hourly rates shall be modified in writing. The Contractor shall continue performance pending agreement on or determination of any such adjustment and its effective date.~~

~~The Contracting Officer or an authorized representative shall, until the expiration of 3 years after final payment under the contract, have access to and the right to examine any directly pertinent books, documents, papers, and records of the Contractor.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-45 [Reserved]~~

~~52.222-46 Evaluation of Compensation for Professional Employees.~~

~~As prescribed in -, insert the following provision:~~

~~Evaluation of Compensation for Professional Employees (Feb 1993)~~

Recompetition of service contracts may in some cases result in lowering the compensation (salaries and fringe benefits) paid or furnished professional employees. This lowering can be detrimental in obtaining the quality of professional services needed for adequate contract performance. It is therefore in the Government's best interest that professional employees, as defined in 29 CFR 541, be properly and fairly compensated. As part of their proposals, offerors will submit a total compensation plan setting forth salaries and fringe benefits proposed for the professional employees who will work under the contract. The Government will evaluate the plan to assure that it reflects a sound management approach and understanding of the contract requirements. This evaluation will include an assessment of the offeror's ability to provide uninterrupted high-quality work. The professional compensation proposed will be considered in terms of its impact upon recruiting and retention, its realism, and its consistency with a total plan for compensation. Supporting information will include data, such as recognized national and regional compensation surveys and studies of professional, public and private organizations, used in establishing the total compensation structure.

The compensation levels proposed should reflect a clear understanding of work to be performed and should indicate the capability of the proposed compensation structure to obtain and keep suitably qualified personnel to meet mission objectives. The salary rates or ranges must take into account differences in skills, the complexity of various disciplines, and professional job difficulty. Additionally, proposals envisioning compensation levels lower than those of predecessor contractors for the same work will be evaluated on the basis of maintaining program continuity, uninterrupted high-quality work, and availability of required competent professional service employees. Offerors are cautioned that lowered compensation for essentially the same professional work may indicate lack of sound management judgment and lack of understanding of the requirement.

The Government is concerned with the quality and stability of the work force to be employed on this contract.

Professional compensation that is unrealistically low or not in reasonable relationship to the various job categories, since it may impair the Contractor's ability to attract and retain competent professional service employees, may be viewed as evidence of failure to comprehend the complexity of the contract requirements.

Failure to comply with these provisions may constitute sufficient cause to justify rejection of a proposal.

{End of provision}

52.222-47 [Reserved]

52.222-48 Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Certification.

As prescribed in e)(1), insert the following provision:

Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Certification (May 2014)

(a) The offeror shall check the following certification:

Certification

The offeror ☐ does ☐ does not certify that-

The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Government purposes, and are sold or traded by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontractor) in substantial quantities to the general public in the course of normal business operations;

The services will be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of equipment.

(i) An "established catalog price" is a price included in a catalog, price list, schedule, or other form that is regularly maintained by the manufacturer or the offeror, is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers, and states prices at which sales currently, or were last, made to a significant number of buyers constituting the general public. (ii) An "established market price" is a current price, established in the usual course of trade between buyers and sellers free to bargain, which can be substantiated from sources independent of the manufacturer or offeror; and

(3) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract are the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.

(b) Certification by the offeror as to its compliance with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it subcontracts out the exempt services. If the offeror certifies to the conditions in paragraph (a) of this provision, and the Contracting Officer determines in accordance with FAR c)(3) that the Service Contract Labor Standards statute-

Will not apply to this offeror, then the Service Contract Labor Standards clause in this solicitation will not be included in any resultant contract to this offeror; or

Will apply to this offeror, then the clause at 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Requirements, in this solicitation will not be included in any resultant contract awarded to this offeror, and the offeror may be provided an opportunity to submit a new offer on that basis.

(c) If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (a) of this provision-

The clause in this solicitation at 52.222-51, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Requirements, will not be included in any resultant contract awarded to this offeror; and

The offeror shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible, if the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Labor Standards wage determination to the solicitation.

(d) The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror, if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (a) of this provision or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (c) of this provision.

(End of provision)

52.222-49 Service Contract Labor Standards Place of Performance Unknown.

As prescribed in f), insert the following clause:

~~Service Contract Labor Standards Place of Performance Unknown (May 2014)~~

~~This contract is subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute, and the place of performance was unknown when the solicitation was issued. In addition to places or areas identified in wage determinations, if any, attached to the solicitation, wage determinations have also been requested for the following: \_\_\_\_\_ [insert places or areas]. The Contracting Officer will request wage determinations for additional places or areas of performance if asked to do so in writing by \_\_\_\_\_ [insert time and date].~~

~~Offerors who intend to perform in a place or area of performance for which a wage determination has not been attached or requested may nevertheless submit bids or proposals. However, a wage determination shall be requested and incorporated in the resultant contract retroactive to the date of contract award, and there shall be no adjustment in the contract price.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-50 Combating Trafficking in Persons.~~

~~As prescribed in a)(1), insert the following clause:~~

~~Combating Trafficking in Persons (Oct 2025)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-~~

~~Agent means any individual, including a director, an officer, an employee, or an independent contractor, authorized to act on behalf of the organization.~~

~~Coercion means-~~

~~Threats of serious harm to or physical restraint against any person;~~

~~Any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause a person to believe that failure to perform an act would result in serious harm to or physical restraint against any person; or~~

~~The abuse or threatened abuse of the legal process.~~

~~Commercial sex act means any sex act on account of which anything of value is given to or received by any person.~~

~~Commercially available off the shelf (COTS) item—~~

~~(1) Means any item of supply (including construction material) that is—~~

~~(i) A commercial product (as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition of “commercial product” at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR)~~

~~(ii) Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and~~

~~(iii) Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the same form in which it is sold in the commercial marketplace; and~~

~~(2) Does not include bulk cargo, as defined in , such as agricultural products and petroleum products.~~

~~Debt bondage means the status or condition of a debtor arising from a pledge by the debtor of his or her personal services or of those of a person under his or her control as a security for debt, if the value of those services as reasonably assessed is not applied toward the liquidation of the debt or the length and nature of those services are not respectively limited and defined.~~

~~Employee means an employee of the Contractor directly engaged in the performance of work under the contract who has other than a minimal impact or involvement in contract performance.~~

~~Forced Labor means knowingly providing or obtaining the labor or services of a person (1) By threats of serious harm to, or physical restraint against, that person or another person;~~

~~By means of any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause the person to believe that, if the person did not perform such labor or services, that person or another person would suffer serious harm or physical restraint; or~~

~~By means of the abuse or threatened abuse of law or the legal process.~~

~~Involuntary servitude includes a condition of servitude induced by means of~~

~~Any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause a person to believe that, if the person did not enter into or continue in such conditions, that person or another person would suffer serious harm or physical restraint; or~~

~~The abuse or threatened abuse of the legal process.~~

~~Recruitment fees means fees of any type, including charges, costs, assessments, or other financial obligations, that are associated with the recruiting process, regardless of the time, manner, or location of imposition or collection of the fee.~~

~~(1) Recruitment fees include, but are not limited to, the following fees (when they are associated with the recruiting process) for~~

~~Soliciting, identifying, considering, interviewing, referring, retaining, transferring, selecting, training, providing orientation to, skills testing, recommending, or placing employees or potential employees;~~

~~Advertising~~

~~Obtaining permanent or temporary labor certification, including any associated fees;~~

~~Processing applications and petitions;~~

~~Acquiring visas, including any associated fees;~~

~~Acquiring photographs and identity or immigration documents, such as passports, including any associated fees;~~

~~Accessing the job opportunity, including required medical examinations and immunizations; background, reference, and security clearance checks and examinations; and additional certifications;~~

~~An employer's recruiters, agents or attorneys, or other notary or legal fees;~~

~~Language interpretation or translation, arranging for or accompanying on travel, or providing other advice to employees or potential employees;~~

~~Government mandated fees, such as border crossing fees, levies, or worker welfare funds;~~

~~Transportation and subsistence costs-~~

~~While in transit, including, but not limited to, airfare or costs of other modes of transportation, terminal fees, and travel taxes associated with travel from the country of origin to the country of performance and the return journey upon the end of employment; and~~

~~From the airport or disembarkation point to the worksite;~~

~~Security deposits, bonds, and insurance; and~~

~~Equipment charges-~~

~~(2) A recruitment fee, as described in the introductory text of this definition, is a recruitment fee, regardless of whether the payment is-~~

~~Paid in property or money;~~

~~Deducted from wages;~~

~~Paid back in wage or benefit concessions;~~

~~Paid back as a kickback, bribe, in-kind payment, free labor, tip, or tribute; or~~

~~Collected by an employer or a third party, whether licensed or unlicensed, including, but not limited to-~~

~~Agents;~~

~~Labor brokers;~~

~~Recruiters;~~

~~Staffing firms (including private employment and placement firms);~~

~~Subsidiaries/affiliates of the employer; (F) Any agent or employee of such entities; and (G) Subcontractors at all tiers-~~

~~Severe forms of trafficking in persons means-~~

~~Sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age; or~~

~~The recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery-~~

~~"Sex trafficking" means the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for the purpose of a commercial sex act.~~

~~Subcontract means any contract entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of a prime contract or a subcontract.~~

~~Subcontractor means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm that furnishes supplies or services to or for a prime contractor or another subcontractor.~~

~~United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.~~

~~(b) Policy. The United States Government has adopted a policy prohibiting trafficking in persons including the trafficking related activities of this clause. Contractors, contractor employees, and their agents shall not-~~

~~Engage in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of performance of the contract;~~

~~Procure commercial sex acts during the period of performance of the contract;~~

~~Use forced labor in the performance of the contract;~~

~~Destroy, conceal, confiscate, or otherwise deny access by an employee to the employee's identity or immigration documents, such as passports or drivers' licenses, regardless of issuing authority;~~

~~(5)~~

~~Use misleading or fraudulent practices during the recruitment of employees or offering of employment, such as failing to disclose, in a format and language understood by the employee or potential employee, basic information or making material misrepresentations during the recruitment of employees regarding the key terms and conditions of employment, including wages and fringe benefits, the location of work, the living conditions, housing and associated costs (if employer or agent provided or arranged), any significant costs to be charged to the employee or potential employee, and, if applicable, the hazardous nature of the work;~~

~~Use recruiters that do not comply with local labor laws of the country in which the recruiting takes place;~~

~~(6) Charge employees or potential employees recruitment fees; (7)~~

~~(i) Fail to provide return transportation or pay for the cost of return transportation upon the end of employment-~~

~~For an employee who is not a national of the country in which the work is taking place and who was brought into that country for the purpose of working on a U.S. Government contract or subcontract (for portions of contracts performed outside the United States); or~~

~~For an employee who is not a United States national and who was brought into the United States for the purpose of working on a U.S. Government contract or subcontract, if the payment of such costs is required under existing temporary worker programs or pursuant to a written agreement with the employee (for portions of contracts performed inside the United States); except that-~~

~~(ii) The requirements of paragraphs (b)(7)(i) of this clause shall not apply to an employee who is-~~

~~Legally permitted to remain in the country of employment and who chooses to do so; or~~

~~Exempted by an authorized official of the contracting agency from the requirement to provide return transportation or pay for the cost of return transportation;~~

~~(iii) The requirements of paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this clause are modified for a victim of trafficking in persons who is seeking victim services or legal redress in the country of employment, or for a witness in an enforcement action related to trafficking in persons. The contractor shall provide the return transportation or pay the cost of return transportation in a way that does not obstruct the victim services, legal redress, or witness activity. For example, the contractor shall not only offer return transportation to a witness at a time when the witness is still needed to testify. This paragraph does not apply when the exemptions at paragraph (b)(7)(ii) of this clause apply.~~

~~Provide or arrange housing that fails to meet the host country housing and safety standards; or~~

~~If required by law or contract, fail to provide an employment contract, recruitment agreement, or other required work document in writing. Such written work document shall be in a language the employee understands. If the employee must relocate to perform the work, the work document shall be provided to the employee at least five days prior to the employee relocating. The employee's work document shall include, but is not limited to, details about work description, wages, prohibition on charging recruitment fees, work location(s), living accommodations and associated costs, time off, roundtrip transportation arrangements, grievance process, and the content of applicable laws and regulations that prohibit trafficking in persons.~~

~~(c) Contractor requirements. The Contractor shall~~

~~(1) Notify its employees and agents of~~

~~The United States Government's policy prohibiting trafficking in persons, described in paragraph (b) of this clause; and~~

~~The actions that will be taken against employees or agents for violations of this policy. Such actions for employees may include, but are not limited to, removal from the contract, reduction in benefits, or termination of employment; and~~

~~(2) Take appropriate action, up to and including termination, against employees, agents, or subcontractors that violate the policy in paragraph (b) of this clause.~~

~~(d) Notification.~~

~~(1) The Contractor shall inform the Contracting Officer and the agency Inspector General immediately of~~

~~Any credible information it receives from any source (including host country law enforcement) that alleges a Contractor employee, subcontractor, subcontractor employee, or their agent has engaged in conduct that violates the policy in paragraph (b) of this clause (see also Fraud in Foreign Labor Contracting, and 52.203-13(b)(3)(i)(A), if that clause is included in the solicitation or contract, which requires disclosure to the agency Office of the Inspector General when the Contractor has credible evidence of fraud); and~~

~~Any actions taken against a Contractor employee, subcontractor, subcontractor employee, or their agent pursuant to this clause.~~



~~(2) If the allegation may be associated with more than one contract, the Contractor shall inform the contracting officer for the contract with the highest dollar value.~~

~~(c) Remedies. In addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements of paragraphs (c), (d), (g), (h), or (i) of this clause may result in-~~

~~Requiring the Contractor to remove a Contractor employee or employees from the performance of the contract;~~

~~Requiring the Contractor to terminate a subcontract;~~

~~Suspension of contract payments until the Contractor has taken appropriate remedial action;~~

~~Loss of award fee, consistent with the award fee plan, for the performance period in which the Government determined Contractor non-compliance;~~

~~Declining to exercise available options under the contract;~~

~~Termination of the contract for default or cause, in accordance with the termination clause of this contract; or~~

~~Suspension or debarment.~~

~~(f) Mitigating and aggravating factors. When determining remedies, the Contracting Officer may consider the following:~~

~~Mitigating factors. The Contractor had a Trafficking in Persons compliance plan or an awareness program at the time of the violation, was in compliance with the plan, and has taken appropriate remedial actions for the violation, that may include reparation to victims for such violations.~~

~~Aggravating factors. The Contractor failed to abate an alleged violation or enforce the requirements of a compliance plan, when directed by the Contracting Officer to do so.~~

~~(g) Full cooperation.~~

~~(1) The Contractor shall, at a minimum-~~

~~Disclose to the agency Inspector General information sufficient to identify the nature and extent of an offense and the individuals responsible for the conduct;~~

~~Provide timely and complete responses to Government auditors' and investigators' requests for documents;~~

~~Cooperate fully in providing reasonable access to its facilities and staff (both inside and outside the U.S.) to allow contracting agencies and other responsible Federal agencies to conduct audits, investigations, or other actions to ascertain compliance with the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (, E.O. 13627, or any other applicable law or regulation establishing restrictions on trafficking in persons, the procurement of commercial sex acts, or the use of forced labor; and~~

~~Protect all employees suspected of being victims of or witnesses to prohibited activities, prior to returning to the country from which the employee was recruited, and shall not prevent or hinder the ability of these employees from cooperating fully with Government authorities.~~

~~(2) The requirement for full cooperation does not foreclose any Contractor rights arising in law, the FAR, or the terms of the contract. It does not-~~

~~Require the Contractor to waive its attorney client privilege or the protections afforded by the attorney work product doctrine;~~

~~Require any officer, director, owner, employee, or agent of the Contractor, including a sole proprietor, to waive his or her attorney client privilege or Fifth Amendment rights; or~~

~~Restrict the Contractor from-~~

~~Conducting an internal investigation; or~~

~~Defending a proceeding or dispute arising under the contract or related to a potential or disclosed violation.~~

~~(h) Compliance plan:~~

~~(1) This paragraph (h) applies to any portion of the contract that-~~

~~Is for supplies, other than commercially available off the shelf items, acquired outside the United States, or services to be performed outside the United States; and~~

~~Has an estimated value that exceeds \$700,000.~~

~~(2) The Contractor shall maintain a compliance plan during the performance of the contract that is appropriate (i) To the size and complexity of the contract; and~~

~~(ii) To the nature and scope of the activities to be performed for the Government, including the number of non-United States citizens expected to be employed and the risk that the contract or subcontract will involve services or supplies susceptible to trafficking in persons.~~

~~(3) Minimum requirements. The compliance plan must include, at a minimum, the following:~~

~~An awareness program to inform contractor employees about the Government's policy prohibiting trafficking-related activities described in paragraph (b) of this clause, the activities prohibited, and the actions that will be taken against the employee for violations. Additional information about Trafficking in Persons and examples of awareness programs can be found at the website for the Department of State's Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons at~~

~~A process for employees to report, without fear of retaliation, activity inconsistent with the policy prohibiting trafficking in persons, including a means to make available to all employees the hotline phone number of the Global Human Trafficking Hotline at 1-844-888-FREE and its email address at help@befree.org.~~

~~A recruitment and wage plan that only permits the use of recruitment companies with trained employees, prohibits charging recruitment fees to the employees or potential employees and ensures that wages meet applicable host country legal requirements or explains any variance.~~

~~A housing plan, if the Contractor or subcontractor intends to provide or arrange housing, that ensures that the housing meets host country housing and safety standards.~~

~~Procedures to prevent agents and subcontractors at any tier and at any dollar value from engaging in trafficking in persons (including activities in paragraph (b) of this clause) and to monitor, detect, and terminate any agents, subcontracts, or subcontractor employees that have engaged in such activities.~~

~~(4) Posting.~~

~~The Contractor shall post the relevant contents of the compliance plan, no later than the initiation of contract performance, at the workplace (unless the work is to be performed in the field or not in a fixed location) and on the Contractor's Web site (if one is maintained). If posting at the workplace or on the Web site is impracticable, the Contractor shall provide the relevant contents of the compliance plan to each worker in writing.~~

~~The Contractor shall provide the compliance plan to the Contracting Officer upon request.~~

~~(5) Certification. Annually after receiving an award, the Contractor shall submit a certification to the Contracting Officer that~~

~~(i) It has implemented a compliance plan to prevent any prohibited activities identified at paragraph (b) of this clause and to monitor, detect, and terminate any agent, subcontract or subcontractor employee engaging in prohibited activities; and (ii) After having conducted due diligence, either~~

~~To the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, neither it nor any of its agents, subcontractors, or their agents is engaged in any such activities; or~~

~~If abuses relating to any of the prohibited activities identified in paragraph (b) of this clause have been found, the Contractor or subcontractor has taken the appropriate remedial and referral actions.~~

~~(i) Subcontracts.~~

~~(1) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (i), in all subcontracts and in all contracts with agents. The requirements in paragraph (h) of this clause apply only to any portion of the subcontract that~~

~~Is for supplies, other than commercially available off the shelf items, acquired outside the United States, or services to be performed outside the United States; and~~

~~Has an estimated value that exceeds \$700,000.~~

~~(2) If any subcontractor is required by this clause to submit a certification, the Contractor shall require submission prior to the award of the subcontract and annually thereafter. The certification shall cover the items in paragraph (h)(5) of this clause.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~Alternate I (Mar 2015). As prescribed in (a)(2), substitute the following paragraph in place of paragraph (c)(1)(i) of the basic clause:~~

~~(i)(A) The United States Government's policy prohibiting trafficking in persons described in paragraph (b) of this clause; and~~

(B) The following directive(s) or notice(s) applicable to employees performing work at the contract place(s) of performance as indicated below:

| Document may be obtained |                  |                               |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| Document Title           | from:            | Applies to performance in/at: |
| <div>=====</div>         | <div>=====</div> | <div>=====</div>              |
| <div>=====</div>         | <div>=====</div> | <div>=====</div>              |

[Contracting Officer shall insert title of directive/notice; indicate the document is attached or provide source (such as website link) for obtaining document; and, indicate the contract performance location outside the United States, to which the document applies.]

52.222-51 Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Requirements.

As prescribed in e)(2), insert the following clause:

Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Requirements (May 2014)

The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Government purposes, and are sold or traded by the Contractor in substantial quantities to the general public in the course of normal business operations.

The services shall be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of equipment.

An "established catalog price" is a price included in a catalog, price list, schedule, or other form that is regularly maintained by the manufacturer or the Contractor, is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers, and states prices at which sales currently, or were last, made to a significant number of buyers constituting the general public.

An "established market price" is a current price, established in the usual course of trade between buyers and sellers free to bargain, which can be substantiated from sources independent of the manufacturer or Contractor.

The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract shall be the same as that used for these employees and for equivalent employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.

The Contractor is responsible for compliance with all the conditions of this exemption by its subcontractors. The Contractor shall determine the applicability of this exemption to any subcontract on or before subcontract award. In making a judgment that the exemption applies, the Contractor shall consider all factors and make an affirmative determination that all of the conditions in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this clause will be met.

If the Department of Labor determines that any conditions for exemption in paragraphs (a) through (c) of this clause have not been met, the exemption shall be deemed inapplicable, and the contract shall become subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute. In such case, the procedures at 29 CFR 4.123(e)(1)(iv) and 29 CFR 4.5(c) will be followed.

The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), in subcontracts for exempt services under this contract.

(End of clause)

#### 52.222-52 Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services Certification.

As prescribed in e)(3), insert the following provision:

##### Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services- Certification (May 2014)

(a) The offeror shall check the following certification:

###### Certification

The offeror ☐ does ☐ does not certify that-

The services under the contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers, and are provided by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) to the general public in substantial quantities in the course of normal business operations;

The contract services are furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices. An "established catalog price" is a price included in a catalog, price list, schedule, or other form that is regularly maintained by the manufacturer or the offeror, is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers, and states prices at which sales currently, or were last, made to a significant number of buyers constituting the general public. An "established market price" is a current price, established in the usual course of ordinary and usual trade between buyers and sellers free to bargain, which can be substantiated from sources independent of the manufacturer or offeror;

Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract; and

The offeror uses the same compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract as the offeror uses for these employees and for equivalent employees servicing commercial customers.

(b) Certification by the offeror as to its compliance with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it subcontracts out the exempt services. If the offeror certifies to the

~~conditions in paragraph (a) of this provision, and the Contracting Officer determines in accordance with FAR d)(3) that the Service Contract Labor Standards statute-~~

~~Will not apply to this offeror, then the Service Contract Labor Standards clause in this solicitation will not be included in any resultant contract to this offeror; or~~

~~Will apply to this offeror, then the clause at FAR 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services Requirements, in this solicitation will not be included in any resultant contract awarded to this offer, and the offeror may be provided an opportunity to submit a new offer on that basis.~~

~~(c) If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (a) of this provision-~~

~~The clause of this solicitation at 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to~~

~~Contracts for Certain Services Requirements, will not be included in any resultant contract to this offeror; and~~

~~The offeror shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible if the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Labor Standards wage determination to the solicitation.~~

~~(d) The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror, if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (a) of this provision or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (c) of this provision.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.222-53 Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services Requirements.~~

~~As prescribed in e)(4), insert the following clause:~~

~~Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services Requirements (May~~

~~2014)~~

~~The services under this contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers, and are provided by the Contractor to the general public in substantial quantities in the course of normal business operations.~~

~~The contract services are furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices. An~~

~~"established catalog price" is a price included in a catalog, price list, schedule, or other form that is regularly maintained by the manufacturer or the Contractor, is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers, and states prices at which sales currently, or were last, made to a significant number of buyers constituting the general public. An~~

~~"established market price" is a current price, established in the usual course of ordinary and usual trade between buyers and sellers free to bargain, which can be substantiated from sources independent of the manufacturer or Contractor.~~

~~Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract.~~

~~The Contractor uses the same compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract as the Contractor uses for these employees and for equivalent employees servicing commercial customers.~~

~~(e)~~

~~Except for services identified in FAR (d)(1)(iv), the subcontractor for exempt services shall be selected for award based on other factors in addition to price or cost with the combination of other factors at least as important as price or cost; or~~

~~A subcontract for exempt services shall be awarded on a sole source basis.~~

~~The Contractor is responsible for compliance with all the conditions of this exemption by its subcontractors. The Contractor shall determine in advance, based on the nature of the subcontract requirements and knowledge of the practices of likely subcontractors, that all or nearly all likely subcontractors will meet the conditions in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this clause. If the services are currently being performed under a subcontract, the Contractor shall consider the practices of the existing subcontractor in making a determination regarding the conditions in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this clause. If the Contractor has reason to doubt the validity of the certification, the requirements of the Service Contract Labor Standards statute shall be included in the subcontract.~~

~~If the Department of Labor determines that any conditions for exemption at paragraphs (a) through (e) of this clause have not been met, the exemption shall be deemed inapplicable, and the contract shall become subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute. In such case, the procedures in at 29 CFR 4.123(e)(2)(iii) and 29 CFR (e) will be followed.~~

~~The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (h), in subcontracts for exempt services under this contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-54 Employment Eligibility Verification.~~

~~As prescribed in , Insert the following clause:~~

~~Employment Eligibility Verification (Jan 2025)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~Commercially available off the shelf (COTS) item—~~

~~(1) Means any item of supply that is—~~

~~A commercial product (as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition of “commercial product” at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR);~~

~~Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and~~

~~Offered to the Government, without modification, in the same form in which it is sold in the commercial marketplace; and~~

~~(2) Does not include bulk cargo, as defined in , such as agricultural products and petroleum products. Per 46 CFR 525.1 (c)(2), "bulk cargo" means cargo that is loaded and carried in bulk onboard ship without mark or count, in a loose unpackaged form, having homogenous characteristics. Bulk cargo loaded into intermodal equipment, except LASH or Seabee barges, is subject to mark and count and, therefore, ceases to be bulk cargo.~~

~~Employee assigned to the contract means an employee who was hired after November 6, 1986 (after November 27, 2009 in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands), who is directly performing work, in the United States, under a contract that is required to include the clause prescribed at . An employee is not considered to be directly performing work under a contract if the employee—~~

~~Normally performs support work, such as indirect or overhead functions; and~~

~~Does not perform any substantial duties applicable to the contract.~~

~~Subcontract means any contract, as defined in , entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of a prime contract or a subcontract. It includes but is not limited to purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.~~

~~Subcontractor means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm that furnishes supplies or services to or for a prime Contractor or another subcontractor.~~

~~United States, as defined in , means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.~~

~~(b) Enrollment and verification requirements.~~

~~(1) If the Contractor is not enrolled as a Federal Contractor in E-Verify at time of contract award, the Contractor shall (i) Enroll. Enroll as a Federal Contractor in the E-Verify program within 30 calendar days of contract award;~~

~~Verify all new employees. Within 90 calendar days of enrollment in the E-Verify program, begin to use E-Verify to initiate verification of employment eligibility of all new hires of the Contractor, who are working in the United States, whether or not assigned to the contract, within 3 business days after the date of hire (but see paragraph (b)(3) of this section); and~~

~~Verify employees assigned to the contract. For each employee assigned to the contract, initiate verification within 90 calendar days after date of enrollment or within 30 calendar days of the employee's assignment to the contract, whichever date is later (but see paragraph (b)(4) of this section).~~



~~(2) If the Contractor is enrolled as a Federal Contractor in E-Verify at time of contract award, the Contractor shall use E-Verify to initiate verification of employment eligibility of-~~

~~(i) All new employees.~~

~~Enrolled 90 calendar days or more. The Contractor shall initiate verification of all new hires of the Contractor, who are working in the United States, whether or not assigned to the contract, within 3 business days after the date of hire (but see paragraph (b)(3) of this section); or~~

~~Enrolled less than 90 calendar days. Within 90 calendar days after enrollment as a Federal Contractor in E-Verify, the Contractor shall initiate verification of all new hires of the Contractor, who are working in the United States, whether or not assigned to the contract, within 3 business days after the date of hire (but see paragraph (b)(3) of this section); or~~

~~(ii) Employees assigned to the contract. For each employee assigned to the contract, the Contractor shall initiate verification within 90 calendar days after date of contract award or within 30 days after assignment to the contract, whichever date is later (but see paragraph (b)(4) of this section).~~

~~If the Contractor is an institution of higher education (as defined at ); a State or local government or the government of a Federally recognized Indian tribe; or a surety performing under a takeover agreement entered into with a Federal agency pursuant to a performance bond, the Contractor may choose to verify only employees assigned to the contract, whether existing employees or new hires. The Contractor shall follow the applicable verification requirements at (b)(1) or (b)(2) respectively, except that any requirement for verification of new employees applies only to new employees assigned to the contract.~~

~~Option to verify employment eligibility of all employees. The Contractor may elect to verify all existing employees hired after November 6, 1986 (after November 27, 2009, in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands), rather than just those employees assigned to the contract. The Contractor shall initiate verification for each existing employee working in the United States who was hired after November 6, 1986 (after November 27, 2009, in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands), within 180 calendar days of~~

~~Enrollment in the E-Verify program; or~~

~~Notification to E-Verify Operations of the Contractor's decision to exercise this option, using the contact information provided in the E-Verify program Memorandum of Understanding (MOU).~~

~~(5) The Contractor shall comply, for the period of performance of this contract, with the requirements of the E-Verify program MOU.~~

~~The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) or the Social Security Administration (SSA) may terminate the Contractor's MOU and deny access to the E-Verify system in accordance with the terms of the MOU. In such case, the Contractor will be referred to a suspending and debarring official.~~

~~During the period between termination of the MOU and a decision by the suspending and debarring official whether to suspend or debar, the Contractor is excused from its obligations under paragraph (b) of this clause. If the Contractor is not suspended, debarred, or subject to a voluntary exclusion, then the Contractor must reenroll in E-Verify.~~

~~Web site. Information on registration for and use of the E-Verify program can be obtained via the Internet at the Department of Homeland Security Web site:~~

~~Individuals previously verified. The Contractor is not required by this clause to perform additional employment verification using E-Verify for any employee-~~

~~Whose employment eligibility was previously verified by the Contractor through the E-Verify program;~~

~~Who has been granted and holds an active U.S. Government security clearance for access to confidential, secret, or topsecret information in accordance with the National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual; or~~

~~Who has undergone a completed background investigation and been issued credentials pursuant to Homeland Security Presidential Directive (HSPD) 12, Policy for a Common Identification Standard for Federal Employees and Contractors.~~

~~(e) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the requirements of this clause, including this paragraph (e) (appropriately modified for identification of the parties), in each subcontract that-~~

~~(1) Is for—~~

~~(i) Services (except for commercial services that are part of the purchase of a COTS item (or an item that would be a COTS item, but for minor modifications)), performed by the COTS provider, and are normally provided for that COTS item); or (ii) Construction;~~

~~Has a value of more than \$3,500; and~~

~~Includes work performed in the United States.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-55 Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive Order 14026.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers Under Executive Order 14026 (Jan 2022)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~United States means the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Johnston Island, Wake Island, and the outer Continental Shelf as defined in the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (-, et seq.);~~

~~Worker—~~

~~(1)~~

~~(i) Means any person engaged in performing work on, or in connection with, a contract covered by Executive Order 14026, and-~~

~~Whose wages under such contract are governed by the Fair Labor Standards Act (), the Service Contract Labor Standards statute (41 U.S.C. chapter 67), or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute subchapter IV),~~

~~Other than individuals employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity, as those terms are defined in 29 CFR part 541; and~~

~~Regardless of the contractual relationship alleged to exist between the individual and the employer.~~

~~Includes workers performing on, or in connection with, the contract whose wages are calculated pursuant to special certificates issued under~~

~~Also includes any person working on, or in connection with, the contract and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship or training program registered with the Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office of Apprenticeship.~~

(2)

~~A worker performs on a contract if the worker directly performs the specific services called for by the contract; and~~

~~A worker performs in connection with a contract if the worker's work activities are necessary to the performance of a contract but are not the specific services called for by the contract.~~

(b) Executive Order Minimum wage rate.

~~The Contractor shall pay to workers, while performing in the United States, and performing on, or in connection with, this contract, a minimum hourly wage rate of \$15.00 per hour beginning January 30, 2022.~~

~~The Contractor shall adjust the minimum wage paid, if necessary, beginning January 1, 2023, and annually thereafter, to meet the applicable annual E.O. minimum wage. The Administrator of the Department of Labor's Wage and Hour Division (the Administrator) will publish annual determinations in the Federal Register no later than 90 days before the effective~~

~~date of the new E.O. minimum wage rate. The Administrator will also publish the applicable E.O. minimum wage on (or any successor website), and a general notice on all wage determinations issued under the Service Contract Labor Standards statute or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute, that will provide information on the E.O. minimum wage and how to obtain annual updates. The applicable published E.O. minimum wage is incorporated by reference into this contract.~~

(3)

~~The Contractor may request a price adjustment only after the effective date of the new annual E.O. minimum wage determination. Prices will be adjusted only for increased labor costs (including subcontractor labor costs) as a result of an increase in the annual E.O. minimum wage, and for associated labor costs (including those for subcontractors). Associated labor costs shall include increases or decreases that result from changes in social security and unemployment taxes and workers' compensation insurance, but will not otherwise include any amount for general and administrative costs, overhead, or profit.~~

~~Subcontractors may be entitled to adjustments due to the new minimum wage, pursuant to paragraph (b)(2). Contractor shall consider any subcontractor requests for such price adjustment.~~

~~The Contracting Officer will not adjust the contract price under this clause for any costs other than those identified in paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this clause, and will not provide duplicate price adjustments with any price adjustment under clauses implementing the Service Contract Labor Standards statute or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute.~~

~~The Contractor warrants that the prices in this contract do not include allowance for any contingency to cover increased costs for which adjustment is provided under this clause.~~

~~A pay period under this clause may not be longer than semi-monthly, but may be shorter to comply with any applicable law or other requirement under this contract establishing a shorter pay period. Workers shall be paid no later than one pay period following the end of the regular pay period in which such wages were earned or accrued.~~

~~The Contractor shall pay, unconditionally to each worker, all wages due free and clear without subsequent rebate or kickback. The Contractor may make deductions that reduce a worker's wages below the E.O. minimum wage rate only if done in accordance with 29 CFR 23.230, Deductions.~~

~~The Contractor shall not discharge any part of its minimum wage obligation under this clause by furnishing fringe benefits or, with respect to workers whose wages are governed by the Service Contract Labor Standards statute, the cash equivalent thereof.~~

~~Nothing in this clause shall excuse the Contractor from compliance with any applicable Federal or State prevailing wage law or any applicable law or municipal ordinance or any applicable contract establishing a minimum wage higher than the E.O. 14026 minimum wage. However, wage increases under such other laws or municipal ordinances are not subject to price adjustment under this subpart.~~

~~The Contractor shall pay the E.O. minimum wage rate whenever it is higher than any applicable collective bargaining agreement(s) wage rate.~~

~~The Contractor shall follow the policies and procedures in 29 CFR 23.240(b) and 23.280 for treatment of workers engaged in an occupation in which they customarily and regularly receive more than \$30 a month in tips.~~

~~(c)~~

~~(1) This clause applies to workers as defined in paragraph (a). As provided in that definition—~~

~~Workers are covered regardless of the contractual relationship alleged to exist between the contractor or subcontractor and the worker;~~

~~Workers with disabilities whose wages are calculated pursuant to special certificates issued under are covered; and~~

~~Workers who are registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program or training program registered with the Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office of Apprenticeship, are covered.~~

~~(2) This clause does not apply to—~~

~~Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) covered individuals performing in connection with contracts covered by the E.O., i.e.~~

~~those individuals who perform duties necessary to the performance of the contract, but who are not directly engaged in performing the specific work called for by the contract, and who spend less than 20 percent of their hours worked in a particular workweek performing in connection with such contracts;~~

~~Individuals exempted from the minimum wage requirements of the FLSA under and 214(a) and (b), unless otherwise covered by the Service Contract Labor Standards statute, or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute. These individuals include but are not limited to—~~

~~Learners, apprentices, or messengers whose wages are calculated pursuant to special certificates issued under;~~

~~Students whose wages are calculated pursuant to special certificates issued under ; and~~

~~Those employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity and 29 CFR part 541).~~

~~Notice. The Contractor shall notify all workers performing work on, or in connection with, this contract of the applicable E.O. minimum wage rate under this clause. With respect to workers covered by the Service Contract Labor Standards statute or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute, the Contractor may meet this requirement by posting, in a prominent and accessible place at the worksite, the applicable wage determination under those statutes. With respect to workers whose wages are governed by the FLSA, the Contractor shall post notice, utilizing the poster provided by the Administrator, which can be obtained at, in a prominent and accessible place at the worksite. Contractors that customarily post notices to workers electronically may post the notice electronically provided the electronic posting is displayed prominently on any Web site that is maintained by the contractor, whether external or internal, and customarily used for notices to workers about terms and conditions of employment.~~

~~Payroll Records.~~

~~(1) The Contractor shall make and maintain records, for three years after completion of the work, containing the following information for each worker:~~

~~Name, address, and social security number;~~

~~The worker's occupation(s) or classification(s);~~

~~The rate or rates of wages paid;~~

~~The number of daily and weekly hours worked by each worker;~~

~~Any deductions made; and (vi) Total wages paid.~~

~~The Contractor shall make records pursuant to paragraph (c)(1) of this clause available for inspection and transcription by authorized representatives of the Administrator. The Contractor shall also make such records available upon request of the Contracting Officer.~~

~~The Contractor shall make a copy of the contract available, as applicable, for inspection or transcription by authorized representatives of the Administrator.~~

~~Failure to comply with this paragraph (c) shall be a violation of 29 CFR 23.260 and this contract. Upon direction of the Administrator or upon the Contracting Officer's own action, payment shall be withheld until such time as the noncompliance is corrected.~~

~~Nothing in this clause limits or otherwise modifies the Contractor's payroll and recordkeeping obligations, if any, under the Service Contract Labor Standards statute, the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute, the Fair Labor Standards Act, or any other applicable law.~~

~~Access. The Contractor shall permit authorized representatives of the Administrator to conduct investigations, including interviewing workers at the worksite during normal working hours.~~

~~Withholding. The Contracting Officer, upon his or her own action or upon written request of the Administrator, will withhold funds or cause funds to be withheld, from the Contractor under this or any other Federal contract with the same Contractor, sufficient to pay workers the full amount of wages required by this clause.~~

~~Disputes. Department of Labor has set forth in 29 CFR 23.510, Disputes concerning contractor compliance, the procedures for resolving disputes concerning a contractor's compliance with Department of Labor regulations at 29 CFR part 23. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with those procedures and not the Disputes clause of this contract. These disputes include disputes between the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the Department of Labor, or the workers or their representatives.~~

~~Anti-retaliation. The Contractor shall not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any worker because such worker has filed any complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding under or related to compliance with the E.O. or this clause, or has testified or is about to testify in any such proceeding.~~

~~Subcontractor compliance. The Contractor is responsible for subcontractor compliance with the requirements of this clause and may be held liable for unpaid wages due subcontractor workers.~~

~~Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (k) in all subcontracts, regardless of dollar value, that are subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute, and are to be performed in whole or in part in the United States.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.222-56 Certification Regarding Trafficking in Persons Compliance Plan.~~

~~As prescribed in b), insert the following provision:~~

~~Certification Regarding Trafficking in Persons Compliance Plan (Oct 2025)~~

~~The term "commercially available off the shelf (COTS) item," is defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Combating Trafficking in Persons" (FAR clause 52.222-50).~~

~~The apparent successful Offeror shall submit, prior to award, a certification, as specified in paragraph (c) of this provision, for the portion (if any) of the contract that~~

~~Is for supplies, other than commercially available off-the-shelf items, to be acquired outside the United States, or services to be performed outside the United States; and~~

~~Has an estimated value that exceeds \$700,000.~~

~~(c) The certification shall state that-~~

~~It has implemented a compliance plan to prevent any prohibited activities identified in paragraph (b) of the clause at 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons, and to monitor, detect, and terminate the contract with a subcontractor engaging in prohibited activities identified at paragraph (b) of the clause at 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons; and~~

~~After having conducted due diligence, either-~~

~~To the best of the Offeror's knowledge and belief, neither it nor any of its proposed agents, subcontractors, or their agents is engaged in any such activities; or~~

~~If abuses relating to any of the prohibited activities identified in 52.222-50(b) have been found, the Offeror or proposed subcontractor has taken the appropriate remedial and referral actions.~~

~~{End of provision}~~

~~52.222-57 [Reserved].~~

~~52.222-58 [Reserved].~~

~~52.222-59 [Reserved].~~

~~52.222-60 [Reserved].~~

~~52.222-61 [Reserved].~~

~~52.222-62 Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706.~~

~~As prescribed at -, insert the following clause:~~

~~Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (Jan 2022)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this clause (in accordance with 29 CFR)-~~

~~Child, "domestic partner", and "domestic violence" have the meaning given in 29 CFR~~

~~Employee-~~

~~(1)~~

~~(i) Means any person engaged in performing work on or in connection with a contract covered by Executive Order (E.O.) 13706; and~~

~~Whose wages under such contract are governed by the Service Contract Labor Standards statute (-~~

~~, the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute (, subchapter IV), or the Fair Labor Standards Act (;~~

~~Including employees who qualify for an exemption from the Fair Labor Standards Act's minimum wage and overtime provisions;~~

~~Regardless of the contractual relationship alleged to exist between the individual and the employer; and~~

~~(ii) Includes any person performing work on or in connection with the contract and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship or training program registered with the Department of Labor's Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office of Apprenticeship.~~

~~(2)~~

~~An employee performs "on" a contract if the employee directly performs the specific services called for by the contract; and~~

~~An employee performs "in connection with" a contract if the employee's work activities are necessary to the performance of a contract but are not the specific services called for by the contract.~~

~~Individual related by blood or affinity whose close association with the employee is the equivalent of a family relationship has the meaning given in 29 CFR.~~

~~Multiemployer plan means a plan to which more than one employer is required to contribute and which is maintained pursuant to one or more collective bargaining agreements between one or more employee organizations and more than one employer.~~

~~Paid sick leave means compensated absence from employment that is required by E.O. 13706 and 29 CFR Part 13.~~

~~Parent, "sexual assault", "spouse", and "stalking" have the meaning given in 29 CFR~~

~~United States means the 50 States and the District of Columbia.~~

~~(b) Executive Order 13706.~~

~~This contract is subject to E.O. 13706 and the regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor in 29 CFR Part 13 pursuant to the E.O.~~

~~If this contract is not performed wholly within the United States, this clause only applies with respect to that part of the contract that is performed within the United States.~~

~~(c) Paid sick leave. The Contractor shall~~

~~Permit each employee engaged in performing work on or in connection with this contract to earn not less than 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours worked;~~

~~Allow accrual and use of paid sick leave as required by E.O. 13706 and 29 CFR Part 13;~~



~~Comply with the accrual, use, and other requirements set forth in 29 CFR and 13.6, which are incorporated by reference in this contract;~~

~~Provide paid sick leave to all employees when due free and clear and without subsequent deduction (except as otherwise provided by 29 CFR 13.24), rebate, or kickback on any account;~~

~~Provide pay and benefits for paid sick leave used no later than one pay period following the end of the regular pay period in which the paid sick leave was taken; and~~

~~Be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor with the requirements of E.O. 13706, 29 CFR Part 13, and this clause.~~

~~Contractors may fulfill their obligations under E.O. 13706 and 29 CFR Part 13 jointly with other contractors through a multiemployer plan, or may fulfill their obligations through an individual fund, plan, or program (see 29 CFR 13.8).~~

~~Withholding. The Contracting Officer will, upon his or her own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the Contractor under this or any other Federal contract with the same Contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay employees the full amount owed to compensate for any violation of the requirements of E.O. 13706, 29 CFR Part 13, or this clause, including-~~

~~Any pay and/or benefits denied or lost by reason of the violation;~~

~~Other actual monetary losses sustained as a direct result of the violation; and~~

~~Liquidated damages.~~

~~(f) Payment suspension/contract termination/contractor debarment.~~

~~In the event of a failure to comply with E.O. 13706, 29 CFR Part 13, or this clause, the contracting agency may, on its own action or after authorization or by direction of the Department of Labor and written notification to the Contractor take action to cause suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.~~

~~Any failure to comply with the requirements of this clause may be grounds for termination for default or cause.~~

~~A breach of the contract clause may be grounds for debarment as a contractor and subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR~~

~~13.52.~~

~~The paid sick leave required by E.O. 13706, 29 CFR Part 13, and this clause is in addition to the Contractor's~~

~~obligations under the Service Contract Labor Standards statute and Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute, and the Contractor may not receive credit toward its prevailing wage or fringe benefit obligations under those Acts for any paid sick leave provided in satisfaction of the requirements of E.O. 13706 and 29 CFR Part 13.~~

Nothing in E.O. 13706 or 29 CFR Part 13 shall excuse noncompliance with or supersede any applicable Federal or State law, any applicable law or municipal ordinance, or a collective bargaining agreement requiring greater paid sick leave or leave rights than those established under E.O. 13706 and 29 CFR Part 13.

~~Recordkeeping.~~

~~(1) The Contractor shall make and maintain, for no less than three (3) years from the completion of the work on the contract, records containing the following information for each employee, which the Contractor shall make available upon request for inspection, copying, and transcription by authorized representatives of the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor:~~

~~Name, address, and social security number of each employee.~~

~~The employee's occupation(s) or classification(s).~~

~~The rate or rates of wages paid (including all pay and benefits provided).~~

~~The number of daily and weekly hours worked.~~

~~Any deductions made.~~

~~The total wages paid (including all pay and benefits provided) each pay period.~~

~~A copy of notifications to employees of the amount of paid sick leave the employee has accrued, as required under 29CFR (a)(2).~~

~~A copy of employees' requests to use paid sick leave, if in writing, or, if not in writing, any other records reflecting such employee requests.~~

~~Dates and amounts of paid sick leave taken by employees (unless the Contractor's paid time off policy satisfies the requirements of E.O. 13706 and 29 CFR Part 13 as described in 29 CFR f)(5), leave shall be designated in records as paid sick leave pursuant to E.O. 13706).~~

~~A copy of any written responses to employees' requests to use paid sick leave, including explanations for any denials of such requests, as required under 29 CFR (d)(3).~~

~~Any records reflecting the certification and documentation the Contractor may require an employee to provide under 29 CFR (e), including copies of any certification or documentation provided by an employee.~~

~~Any other records showing any tracking of or calculations related to an employee's accrual or use of paid sick leave.~~

~~The relevant contract.~~

~~The regular pay and benefits provided to an employee for each use of paid sick leave.~~

~~Any financial payment made for unused paid sick leave upon a separation from employment intended, pursuant to 29CFR (b)(5), to relieve the Contractor from the obligation to reinstate such paid sick leave as otherwise required by 29 CFR (b)(4).~~

(2)

If the Contractor wishes to distinguish between an employee's covered and noncovered work, the Contractor shall keep records or other proof reflecting such distinctions. Only if the Contractor adequately segregates the employee's time will time spent on noncovered work be excluded from hours worked counted toward the accrual of paid sick leave. Similarly, only if the Contractor adequately segregates the employee's time may the Contractor properly refuse an employee's request to use paid sick leave on the ground that the employee was scheduled to perform noncovered work during the time he or she asked to use paid sick leave.

If the Contractor estimates covered hours worked by an employee who performs work in connection with contracts covered by the E.O. pursuant to 29 CFR (a)(i) or (iii), the Contractor shall keep records or other proof of the verifiable information on which such estimates are reasonably based. Only if the Contractor relies on an estimate that is reasonable and based on verifiable information will an employee's time spent in connection with noncovered work be excluded from hours worked counted toward the accrual of paid sick leave. If the Contractor estimates the amount of time an employee spends performing in connection with contracts covered by the E.O., the Contractor shall permit the employee to use his or her paid sick leave during any work time for the Contractor.

(3) In the event the Contractor is not obligated by the Service Contract Labor Standards statute, the Wage Rate

Requirements (Construction) statute, or the Fair Labor Standards Act to keep records of an employee's hours worked, such as because the employee is exempt from the Fair Labor Standards Act's minimum wage and overtime requirements, and the Contractor chooses to use the assumption permitted by 29 CFR a)(1)(iii), the Contractor is excused from the requirement in paragraph (i)(1)(iv) of this clause and 29 CFR 13.25(a)(4) to keep records of the employee's number of daily and weekly hours worked.

(4)

Records relating to medical histories or domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, created for purposes of E.O. 13706, whether of an employee or an employee's child, parent, spouse, domestic partner, or other individual related by blood or affinity whose close association with the employee is the equivalent of a family relationship, shall be maintained as confidential records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files.

If the confidentiality requirements of the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (GINA), section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and/or the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) apply to records or documents created to comply with the recordkeeping requirements in this contract clause, the records and documents shall also be maintained in compliance with the confidentiality requirements of the GINA, section 503 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and/or ADA as described in 29 CFR 1635.9, 41 CFR 60-741.23(d), and 29 CFR 1630.14(c)(1), respectively.

The Contractor shall not disclose any documentation used to verify the need to use 3 or more consecutive days of paid sick leave for the purposes listed in 29 CFR c)(1)(iv) (as described in 29 CFR (e)(1)(iii)) and shall maintain confidentiality about any domestic abuse, sexual assault, or stalking, unless the employee consents or when disclosure is required by law.

The Contractor shall permit authorized representatives of the Wage and Hour Division to conduct interviews with employees at the worksite during normal working hours.

~~Nothing in this contract clause limits or otherwise modifies the Contractor's recordkeeping obligations, if any, under the Service Contract Labor Standards statute, the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute, the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Family and Medical Leave Act, E.O. 14026, their respective implementing regulations, or any other applicable law.~~

~~(j) Interference/discrimination.~~

~~(1) The Contractor shall not in any manner interfere with an employee's accrual or use of paid sick leave as required by~~

~~E.O. 13706 or 29 CFR Part 13. Interference includes, but is not limited to-~~

~~Miscalculating the amount of paid sick leave an employee has accrued;~~

~~Denying or unreasonably delaying a response to a proper request to use paid sick leave;~~

~~Discouraging an employee from using paid sick leave;~~

~~Reducing an employee's accrued paid sick leave by more than the amount of such leave used;~~

~~Transferring an employee to work on contracts not covered by the E.O. to prevent the accrual or use of paid sick leave;~~

~~Disclosing confidential information contained in certification or other documentation provided to verify the need to use paid sick leave; or~~

~~Making the use of paid sick leave contingent on the employee's finding a replacement worker or the fulfillment of the Contractor's operational needs.~~

~~(2) The Contractor shall not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee for—(i) Using, or attempting to use, paid sick leave as provided for under E.O. 13706 and 29 CFR Part 13;~~

~~Filing any complaint, initiating any proceeding, or otherwise asserting any right or claim under E.O. 13706 and 29 CFR~~

~~Part 13;~~

~~Cooperating in any investigation or testifying in any proceeding under E.O. 13706 and 29 CFR Part 13; or~~

~~Informing any other person about his or her rights under E.O. 13706 and 29 CFR Part 13.~~

~~Notice. The Contractor shall notify all employees performing work on or in connection with a contract covered by the E.O. of the paid sick leave requirements of E.O. 13706, 29 CFR Part 13, and this clause by posting a notice provided by the Department of Labor in a prominent and accessible place at the worksite so it may be readily seen by employees. Contractors that customarily post notices to employees electronically may post the notice electronically, provided such electronic posting is displayed prominently on any website that is maintained by the Contractor, whether external or internal, and customarily used for notices to employees about terms and conditions of employment.~~

~~Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes related to the application of E.O. 13706 to this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of the contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR Part 13. Disputes within the meaning of this contract clause include disputes between the Contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.~~

~~Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (m), in all subcontracts, regardless of dollar value, that are subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute, and are to be performed in whole or in part in the United States. (End of clause)~~

52.223 [Reserved]

52.223-1 Biobased Product Certification.

As prescribed in [23.108\(c\)\(1\)](#), insert the following provision:

Biobased Product Certification (~~May 2024~~[Deviation Date](#))

As required by the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 (~~7 U.S.C. 8101(4)~~) and the Energy Policy Act of 2005 ~~7 U.S.C. 8102(a)(2)(F)~~, the Offeror certifies, by signing this offer, that biobased products (within categories of products listed by the United States Department of Agriculture ~~in~~) at

<https://www.biopreferred.gov/resources/categories.html> to be used or delivered in the performance of the contract, other than biobased products that are not purchased by the Offeror as a direct result of this contract, will comply with the applicable specifications or other contractual requirements.

(End of provision)

52.223-2 Reporting of Biobased Products Under Service and Construction Contracts.

As prescribed in [23.108\(c\)\(2\)](#), insert the following clause:

Reporting of Biobased Products Under Service and Construction Contracts (~~May 2024~~[Deviation Date](#))

~~(a)~~ Definitions. As used in this clause—

Biobased product ~~means~~ a product determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) to be a commercial product or industrial product (other than food or feed) that is composed, in whole or in significant part, of biological products, including renewable domestic agricultural materials and forestry materials, or that is an intermediate ingredient or feedstock. The term includes, with respect to forestry materials, forest products that meet biobased content requirements, notwithstanding the market share the product holds, the age of the product, or whether the market for the product is new or emerging. ([7 U.S.C. 8101](#)) ([7 CFR 3201.2](#)).

USDA-designated product category ~~means~~ a generic grouping of [biobased](#) products that are ~~or can be made with biobased materials~~

~~That are~~ listed by USDA in a procurement guideline (~~47 CFR part 4270~~) and for which USDA has provided ~~purchasing recommendations (available at~~ minimum biobased content standards (see <https://www.biopreferred.gov/resources/categories.html>) ~~).~~

The Contractor shall report to <https://www.sam.gov>, with a copy to the Contracting Officer, on the product types and dollar value of any biobased products in USDA-designated product categories purchased by the Contractor during the previous Government fiscal year, between October 1 and September 30; and

~~Report to~~ <https://www.sam.gov>, with a copy to the Contracting Officer, on the product types and dollar value of any biobased products in USDA-designated product categories purchased by the Contractor during the previous Government fiscal year, between October 1 and September 30; and

Submit this report no later than—

October 31 of each year during contract performance; and

At the end of contract performance.

(End of clause)

52.223-3 Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data.

As prescribed in [23.304\(a\)\(1\)](#), insert the following clause:

Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data (~~Feb 2021~~ [DEVIATION DATE](#))

~~"Hazardous material,"~~ as used in this clause, includes any material defined as hazardous under the latest version ~~of Federal~~ [of Federal](#) Standard No. 313 (including revisions adopted during the term of the contract).

The Offeror must list any hazardous material, as defined in paragraph (a) of this clause, to be delivered ~~under this contract~~ [under this contract](#). The hazardous material shall be properly identified and include any applicable identification number, such as National Stock Number or Special Item Number. This information shall also be included on the ~~Material~~ Safety Data Sheet submitted under this contract.

~~Material (If none, insert None)~~ Identification No.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

[Material \(If none, insert None\) Identification No.](#)

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This list must be updated during performance of the contract whenever the Contractor determines that ~~any other material~~any other material to be delivered under this contract is hazardous.

The apparently successful offeror agrees to submit, for each item as required prior to award, a ~~Material~~ Safety Data Sheet, meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and the latest version of Federal Standard No. 313, for all hazardous material identified in paragraph (b) of this clause. Data shall be submitted in accordance with Federal Standard No. 313, whether or not the apparently successful offeror is the actual manufacturer of these items. Failure to submit the ~~Material~~ Safety Data Sheet prior to award may result in the apparently successful offeror being considered nonresponsible and ineligible for award.

If, after award, there is a change in the composition of the item(s) or a revision to Federal Standard No. 313, ~~which renders~~which renders incomplete or inaccurate the data submitted under paragraph (d) of this clause, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer and resubmit the data.

Neither the requirements of this clause nor any act or failure to act by the Government shall relieve ~~the Contractor of any~~the Contractor of any responsibility or liability for the safety of Government, Contractor, or subcontractor personnel or property.

Nothing contained in this clause shall relieve the Contractor from complying with applicable Federal, State, and ~~local laws~~local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations (including the obtaining of licenses and permits) in connection with hazardous material.

The Government's rights in data furnished under this contract with respect to hazardous material are ~~as follows~~as follows:

(1) To use, duplicate and disclose any data to which this clause is applicable. The purposes of this right are to ~~to~~

Apprise personnel of the hazards to which they may be exposed in using, handling, packaging, transporting, or ~~disposing of~~disposing of hazardous materials;

Obtain medical treatment for those affected by the material; and

Have others use, duplicate, and disclose the data for the Government for these purposes.

To use, duplicate, and disclose data furnished under this clause, in accordance with ~~paragraph~~subparagraph (h)(1) ~~of this~~of this clause, ~~in precedence~~in precedence over any other clause of this contract providing for rights in data.

The Government is not precluded from using similar or identical data acquired from other sources.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (~~July 1995~~ [Deviation Date](#)). As prescribed in ~~23.304~~(a)(2), add the following paragraph (i) to the basic clause:

(i) Except as provided in paragraph (i)(2), the Contractor shall prepare and submit a sufficient number of ~~Material~~-Safety Data Sheets (~~MSDS's~~ [SDS's](#)), meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and the latest version of Federal Standard No. 313, for all hazardous materials identified in paragraph (b) of this clause.

For items shipped to consignees, the Contractor shall include a copy of the ~~MSDS's~~ [SDS](#) with the packing list or othersuitable shipping document which accompanies each shipment. Alternatively, the Contractor is permitted to transmit ~~MSDS's~~ [SDS's](#) to consignees in advance of receipt of shipments by consignees, if authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer.

For items shipped to consignees identified by mailing address as agency depots, distribution centers ~~or customer supply centers~~ [or customer supply centers](#), the Contractor shall provide one copy of the ~~MSDS's~~ [SDS's](#) in or on each shipping container. If affixed to the outside of each container, the ~~MSDS's~~ [SDS](#) must be placed in a weather resistant envelope.

#### 52.223-4 Recovered Material Certification.

As prescribed in [23.108](#)(b)(1), insert the following provision:

##### Recovered Material Certification (May 2008)

As required by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 ([42 U.S.C. 6962\(c\)\(3\)\(A\)\(i\)](#)), the offeror certifies, by signing this offer, that the percentage of recovered materials content for EPA-designated items to be delivered or used in the performance of the contract will be at least the amount required by the applicable contract specifications or other contractual requirements.

(End of provision)

#### 52.223-5 Pollution Prevention and Right-to-Know Information.

As prescribed in ~~a)~~ [23.403](#), insert the following clause:

##### Pollution Prevention and Right-to-Know Information (May 2024)

Definitions. As used in this clause-

Toxic chemical means a chemical or chemical category listed in [40 CFR 372.65](#).

Federal facilities are required to comply with the provisions of the Emergency Planning and ~~Community Right~~ [Community Right](#)-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) ([42 U.S.C. 11001-11050](#)), and the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (PPA) ([42 U.S.C. 13101](#) ~~-~~ 13109).

The Contractor shall provide all information needed by the Federal facility to comply with the following:

The emergency planning reporting requirements of Section 302 of EPCRA.

The emergency notice requirements of Section 304 of EPCRA.



The list of Material Safety Data Sheets, required by Section 311 of EPCRA.

The emergency and hazardous chemical inventory forms of Section 312 of EPCRA.

The toxic chemical release inventory of Section 313 of EPCRA, which includes the reduction and ~~recycling information required~~ recycling information required by Section 6607 of PPA.

(End of clause)

52.223-6 [Reserved]

52.223-7 Notice of Radioactive Materials.

As prescribed in 23.304(b), insert the following clause:

Notice of Radioactive Materials (~~Jan 1997~~ DEVIATION DATE)

~~(a)~~ The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer or designee, in writing, \_\_\_\_\_\* days prior to the delivery of, or prior to completion of any servicing required by this contract of, items containing either (1) radioactive material requiring specific licensing under the regulations issued pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act ~~of 1954~~ of 1954, as amended, as set forth in title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, in effect on the date of this contract, or (2) other radioactive material not requiring specific licensing in which the specific activity is greater than 0.002 microcuries per gram or the activity per item equals or exceeds 0.01 microcuries. Such notice shall specify the part or parts of the items which contain radioactive materials, a description of the materials, the name and activity of the isotope, the manufacturer of the materials, and any other information known to the Contractor which will put users of the items on notice as to the hazards involved ~~(OMB No. 9000-0107)~~.

\* The Contracting Officer shall insert the number of days required in advance of delivery of the item or completion of the servicing to assure that required licenses are obtained and appropriate personnel are notified to institute any necessary safety and health precautions.

~~(b)~~ If there has been no change affecting the quantity of activity, or the characteristics and composition of ~~the radioactive~~ the radioactive material from deliveries under this contract or prior contracts, the Contractor may request that the Contracting Officer or designee waive the notice requirement in paragraph (a) of this clause. Any such request shall ~~(1) Be submitted in writing; —~~

Be submitted in writing;

State that the quantity of activity, characteristics, and composition of the radioactive material have ~~not changed~~ not changed; and

Cite the contract number on which the prior notification was submitted and the contracting office to which ~~it was submitted~~ it was submitted.

All items, parts, or subassemblies which contain radioactive materials in which the specific activity is ~~greater than 0.002 microcuries~~ greater than 0.002 microcuries per gram or activity per item equals or exceeds 0.01 microcuries, and all containers in which such items, parts or subassemblies are delivered to the Government shall be clearly marked and labeled as required by the latest revision of MIL-STD 129 in effect on the date of the contract.

This clause, including this paragraph (d), shall be inserted in all subcontracts for radioactive ~~materials meeting the criteria~~ materials meeting the criteria in paragraph (a) of this clause.

\* The Contracting Officer shall insert the number of days required in advance of delivery of the item or completion of the servicing to assure that required licenses are obtained and appropriate personnel are notified to institute any necessary safety and health precautions.

(End of clause)

52.223-8 [Reserved]

52.223-9 Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items.

As prescribed in 23.108(b)(2), insert the following clause:

Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items (May 2008)

Definitions. As used in this clause-

Postconsumer material means a material or finished product that has served its intended use and has been discarded for disposal or recovery, having completed its life as a consumer item. Postconsumer material is a part of the broader category of "recovered material."

"Recovered material" means waste materials and by-products recovered or diverted from solid waste, but the term does not include those materials and by-products generated from, and commonly reused within, an original manufacturing process.

The Contractor, on completion of this contract, shall-

Estimate the percentage of the total recovered material content for EPA-designated item(s) delivered and ~~or used in contract~~ used in contract performance, including, if applicable, the percentage of post-consumer material content; and

Submit this estimate to \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer complete in accordance with agency procedures].

(End of clause)

Alternate I (May 2008). As prescribed in 23.108(b)(2), redesignate paragraph (b) of the basic clause as paragraph (c) and add the following paragraph (b) to the basic clause:

(b) The Contractor shall execute the following certification required by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6962(i)(2)(C)):

Certification

I, \_\_\_\_\_ (name of certifier), am an officer or employee responsible for the performance of this contract and hereby certify that the percentage of recovered material content for EPA-designated items met the applicable contract specifications or other contractual requirements.

\_\_\_\_\_[Signature of the Officer or Employee]  
\_\_\_\_\_[Typed Name of the Officer or Employee]  
\_\_\_\_\_[Title]  
\_\_\_\_\_[Name of Company, Firm, or Organization]  
\_\_\_\_\_[Date]

(End of certification)

52.223-10 ~~Waste Reduction Program.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in c), insert the following clause:

~~Waste Reduction Program (May 2024)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this clause-~~

~~Recycling means the series of activities, including collection, separation, and processing, by which products or other materials are recovered from the solid waste stream for use in the form of raw materials in the manufacture of products other than fuel for producing heat or power by combustion.~~

~~Waste prevention means any change in the design, manufacturing, purchase, or use of materials or products (including packaging) to reduce their amount or toxicity before they are discarded. Waste prevention also refers to the reuse of products or materials.~~

~~Waste reduction means preventing or decreasing the amount of waste being generated through waste prevention, recycling, or purchasing recycled and environmentally preferable products.~~

~~Consistent with the requirements of section 207 of the Contractor shall establish a program to promote cost-effective waste reduction in all operations and facilities covered by this contract. The Contractor's programs shall comply with applicable Federal, State, and local requirements, specifically including Section 6002 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (-, etseq.) and implementing regulations (40 CFR Part 247).~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.223-11 ~~Ozone-Depleting Substances and High Global Warming Potential Hydrofluorocarbons.~~

As prescribed in [23.108](#)(d)(1), insert the following clause:

Ozone-Depleting Substances and High Global Warming Potential Hydrofluorocarbons (~~May 2024~~[DEVIATION DATE](#)) (a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

~~Global warming potential means how much a given mass of a chemical contributes to global warming over a given time period compared to the same mass of carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide's global warming potential is defined as 1.0.~~

~~High global warming potential hydrofluorocarbons means any hydrofluorocarbons in a particular end use for which EPA's Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program has identified other acceptable alternatives that have lower global warming potential. The SNAP list of alternatives is found at with supplemental tables of alternatives available at (-~~

~~Hydrofluorocarbons means compounds that only contain hydrogen, fluorine, and carbon.~~

Ozone-depleting substance, means any substance the Environmental Protection Agency designates in [40 CFR part 82](#) as ~~(1)~~ —

Class I, including, but not limited to, chlorofluorocarbons, halons, carbon tetrachloride, and ~~methyl chloroform~~ methylchloroform; or

~~(2)~~ Class II, including, but not limited to, hydrochlorofluorocarbons.

~~(b)~~ (b) Requirement. In accordance with [40 CFR 82.84\(a\)\(5\)](#), the Contractor shall label products that contain or are manufactured with ozone-depleting substances in the manner and to the extent required by [\(42 U.S.C. 7671j\)](#) (b), (c), (d), and (e) and ~~40 CFR part 82, subpart E~~ as follows:

Warning: Contains (or manufactured with, if applicable) \* \_\_\_\_\_, a substance(s) which harm(s) public health and environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere.

\* The Contractor shall insert the name of the substance(s).

~~(c) The Contractor shall refer to EPA's SNAP program to identify alternatives. The SNAP list of alternatives is found at with supplemental tables available at (End of clause)~~

52.223-12 Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners.

As prescribed in [23.108\(d\)\(2\)](#), insert the following clause:

Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners ~~(May 2024) (a)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this clause—~~[DEVIATION](#)

~~Global warming potential means how much a given mass of a chemical contributes to global warming over a given time period compared to the same mass of carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide's global warming potential is defined as 1.0.~~

~~High global warming potential hydrofluorocarbons means any hydrofluorocarbons in a particular end use for which EPA's Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program has identified other acceptable alternatives that have lower global warming potential. The SNAP list of alternatives is found at 40 CFR Part 82 subpart G with supplemental tables of alternatives available at (-~~

~~Hydrofluorocarbons means compounds that only contain hydrogen, fluorine, and carbon.~~

[DATE\)](#)

In accordance with 40 CFR 82.84(a)(3), the Contractor shall comply with the applicable requirements of ~~Sections 608~~sections 608 and 609 of the Clean Air Act (~~42 U.S.C. 7671g~~ and ~~h 7671h~~) as each or both apply to this contract.

~~Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Contractor shall reduce the use, release, or emissions of high global warming potential hydrofluorocarbons under this contract by—~~

~~Transitioning over time to the use of another acceptable alternative in lieu of high global warming potential hydrofluorocarbons in a particular end use for which EPA’s SNAP program has identified other acceptable alternatives that have lower global warming potential;~~

~~Preventing and repairing refrigerant leaks through service and maintenance during contract performance;~~

~~Implementing recovery, recycling, and responsible disposal programs that avoid release or emissions during equipment service and as the equipment reaches the end of its useful life; and~~

~~Using reclaimed hydrofluorocarbons to service and repair refrigeration and air conditioning equipment, where feasible.~~

~~(d) The Contractor shall refer to EPA’s SNAP program to identify alternatives. The SNAP list of alternatives is found at 40 CFR part 82 subpart G with supplemental tables available at (End of clause)~~

52.223-13 [Reserved]

52.223-14 [Reserved]

52.223-15 [Reserved]

52.223-16 [Reserved]

52.223-17 [Reserved]

52.223-18 [Reserved]

52.223-19 ~~Compliance with Environmental Management Systems~~.[Reserved]

~~As prescribed in b), insert the following clause:~~

~~Compliance with Environmental Management Systems (May 2011)~~

~~The Contractor’s work under this contract shall conform with all operational controls identified in the applicable agency or facility Environmental Management Systems and provide monitoring and measurement information necessary for the Government to address environmental performance relative to the goals of the Environmental Management Systems.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.223-20 ~~Aerosols~~.[Reserved]

~~As prescribed in d)(3), insert the following clause:~~

#### ~~Aerosols (May 2024)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~Global warming potential means how much a given mass of a chemical contributes to global warming over a given time period compared to the same mass of carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide's global warming potential is defined as 1.0.~~

~~High global warming potential hydrofluorocarbons means any hydrofluorocarbons in a particular end use for which EPA's Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program has identified other acceptable alternatives that have lower global warming potential. The SNAP list of alternatives is found at 40 CFR part 82 subpart G with supplemental tables of alternatives available at {.~~

~~Hydrofluorocarbons means compounds that only contain hydrogen, fluorine, and carbon.~~

~~Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Contractor shall reduce its use, release, or emissions of high global warming potential hydrofluorocarbons, when feasible, from aerosol propellants or solvents under this contract. When determining feasibility of using a particular alternative, the Contractor shall consider environmental, technical, and economic factors such as—~~

~~In-use emission rates, energy efficiency;~~

~~Safety, such as flammability or toxicity;~~

~~Ability to meet technical performance requirements; and~~

~~Commercial availability at a reasonable cost.~~

~~(c) The Contractor shall refer to EPA's SNAP program to identify alternatives. The SNAP list of alternatives is found at 40 CFR part 82 subpart G with supplemental tables available at {End of clause}~~

#### 52.223-21 Foams: [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in d)(4), insert the following clause:

#### ~~Foams (May 2024)~~

~~Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~Global warming potential means how much a given mass of a chemical contributes to global warming over a given time period compared to the same mass of carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide's global warming potential is defined as 1.0.~~

~~High global warming potential hydrofluorocarbons means any hydrofluorocarbons in a particular end use for which EPA's Significant New Alternatives Policy (SNAP) program has identified other acceptable alternatives that have lower global warming potential. The SNAP list of alternatives is found at 40 CFR part 82 subpart G with supplemental tables of alternatives available at {.~~

~~Hydrofluorocarbons means compounds that only contain hydrogen, fluorine, and carbon.~~

~~Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Contractor shall reduce its use, release, and emissions of high globalwarming potential hydrofluorocarbons and refrigerant blends containing hydrofluorocarbons, when feasible, from foam blowing agents, under this contract. When determining feasibility of using a particular alternative, the Contractor shall consider environmental, technical, and economic factors such as—~~

~~In use emission rates, energy efficiency, and safety;~~

~~Ability to meet performance requirements; and~~

~~Commercial availability at a reasonable cost.~~

~~(c) The Contractor shall refer to EPA's SNAP program to identify alternatives. The SNAP list of alternatives is found at 40 CFR part 82 subpart G with supplemental tables available at~~

~~{End of clause}~~

#### ~~52.223-22 Public Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduction Goals Representation.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following provision:~~

##### ~~Public Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduction Goals Representation (Dec 2016)~~

~~This representation shall be completed if the Offeror received \$7.5 million or more in Federal contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year. The representation is optional if the Offeror received less than \$7.5 million in Federal contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year.~~

~~Representation. [Offeror is to check applicable blocks in paragraphs (1) and (2).]~~

~~The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest level owner) ☐ does, ☐ does not publicly disclose greenhouse gas emissions, i.e., make available on a publicly accessible website the results of a greenhouse gas inventory, performed in accordance with an accounting standard with publicly available and consistently applied criteria, such as the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard.~~

~~The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest level owner) ☐ does, ☐ does not publicly disclose a quantitative greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal, i.e., make available on a publicly available website a target to reduce absolute emissions or emissions intensity by a specific quantity or percentage.~~

~~A publicly accessible website includes the Offeror's own website or a recognized, third-party greenhouse gas emissions reporting program.~~

~~(c) If the Offeror checked "does" in paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2) of this provision, respectively, the Offeror shall provide the publicly accessible website(s) where greenhouse gas emissions and/or reduction goals are reported: \_\_\_\_\_ . {End of provision}~~

#### [52.223-22 \[Reserved\]](#)

#### 52.223-23 Sustainable Products and Services.

As prescribed in [23.108\(a\)](#), insert the following clause:

## Sustainable Products and Services (~~May 2024~~[DEVIATION DATE](#))

### (a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

~~Biobased product means a product determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) to be a commercial product or industrial product (other than food or feed) that is composed, in whole or in significant part, of biological products, including renewable domestic agricultural materials and forestry materials, or that is an intermediate ingredient or feedstock. The term includes, with respect to forestry materials, forest products that meet biobased content requirements, notwithstanding the market share the product holds, the age of the product, or whether the market for the product is new or emerging. (—)~~

~~Recovered material means waste materials and by products recovered or diverted from solid waste, but the term does not include those materials and by products generated from, and commonly reused within, an original manufacturing process. (—)~~

~~Sustainable products and services means products and services that are subject to and meet the following applicable statutory mandates and directives for purchasing:~~

#### ~~(1) Statutory purchasing programs:~~

~~Products containing~~[Sustainable product means—](#)

~~A product that contains~~ recovered material designated by the ~~U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) under the Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines (—)~~[under the Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines \(42 U.S.C. 6962\) \(40 CFR part 247\) \(https://www.epa.gov/smm/comprehensive-procurementguideline-cpg-program#products\).](#)

~~Energy- and water-efficient products that are ENERGY STAR®-certified or Federal Energy Management Program (FEMP)-designated products (—)~~[An energy-efficient product or low standby power device \(42 U.S.C. 8259b\) \(10 CFR part 436, subpart C\) \(https://www.energy.gov/eere/femp/search-energy-efficient-products, and https://www.energystar.gov/products?s=mega, and https://www.energy.gov/femp/low-standby-power-product-list\).](#)

~~Biobased products meeting~~[A biobased product that meets](#) the content ~~requirement~~[requirements](#) of the USDA under the BioPreferred® program ~~(+) (7 U.S.C. 8102) (7 CFR Part 4270) (https://www.biopreferred.gov/).~~

~~Acceptable chemicals, products, and manufacturing processes listed under EPA's~~[A substance identified in the EPA's Significant New Alternatives Policy \(SNAP\) program, which ensures—as a safe and smooth transition away from substances that contribute to the depletion of stratospheric](#)~~alternativeto an ozone (—)~~[depleting substance \(42 U.S.C. 7671l\) \(40 CFR part 82, subpart G\) \(https://www.epa.gov/snap/unacceptable-and-acceptable-substitutes-tables\).](#)

#### ~~(2) Required EPA purchasing programs:~~

~~WaterSense®-labeled (water efficient) products and services (—)~~

~~Safer Choice-certified products (products that contain safer chemical ingredients) (—)~~



~~Product and services that meet EPA Recommendations of Specifications, Standards, and Ecolabels in effect as of October 2023 (-).~~

(b) Requirements. The ~~sustainable products and services, including the purchasing program and type of product or service, that are applicable to this contract, and any products or services that are not subject to this clause, will be set forth~~ Government has identified in the statement of work or elsewhere in the contract the sustainable products that are required during the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall ensure that ~~the~~ it provides sustainable products ~~and services as~~ required by this contract, when the products are—

Delivered to the Government;

Furnished for use by the Government;

Incorporated into the construction of a public building or public work; ~~and/or~~

(c) ~~Furnished for use in performing services under this contract, where the cost of the products is a direct cost to this contract (versus costs which are normally applied to the Contractor's general and administrative expenses or indirect costs). This includes services performed by contractors performing management and operation of Government-owned facilities to the same extent that, at the time of award, an agency would be required to comply if an agency operated or supported the facility~~ this contract.

~~(3)~~

~~Except as provided in paragraph (b)(3)(ii) of this clause, sustainable products and services must meet the applicable standards, specifications, or other program requirements at time of quote or offer submission; and~~

~~Sustainable products and services must meet the EPA Recommendations of Specifications, Standards, and Ecolabels in effect as of October 2023.~~

~~(c) Resource. The Green Procurement Compilation (GPC) available at [provides a comprehensive list of sustainable products and services and sustainable acquisition guidance. The Contractor should review the GPC when determining which purchasing programs apply to a specific product or service.](#) End of clause~~

52.224 [Reserved]

52.224-1 Privacy Act Notification.

As prescribed in 24.104, insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts, when the design, development, or operation of a system of records on individuals is required to accomplish an agency function:

Privacy Act Notification (Apr 1984)

The Contractor will be required to design, develop, or operate a system of records on individuals, to accomplish an agency function subject to the Privacy Act of 1974, Public Law 93-579, December 31, 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and applicable agency regulations. Violation of the Act may involve the imposition of criminal penalties.

(End of clause)

52.224-2 Privacy Act.

As prescribed in [24.104](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts, when the design, development, or operation of a system of records on individuals is required to accomplish an agency function: Privacy Act (Apr 1984)

(a) The Contractor agrees to-

(1) Comply with the Privacy Act of 1974 (the Act) and the agency rules and regulations issued under the Act in the design, development, or operation of any system of records on individuals to accomplish an agency function when the contract specifically identifies-

The systems of records; and

The design, development, or operation work that the contractor is to perform;

Include the Privacy Act notification contained in this contract in every solicitation and resulting ~~subcontract and in every subcontract~~ [subcontract and in every subcontract](#) awarded without a solicitation, when the work statement in the proposed subcontract requires the redesign, development, or operation of a system of records on individuals that is subject to the Act; and

Include this clause, including this paragraph (3), in all subcontracts awarded under this contract ~~which requires the design~~ [which requires the design](#), development, or operation of such a system of records.

(b) In the event of violations of the Act, a civil action may be brought against the agency involved when the violation concerns the design, development, or operation of a system of records on individuals to accomplish an agency function, and criminal penalties may be imposed upon the officers or employees of the agency when the violation concerns the operation of a system of records on individuals to accomplish an agency function. For purposes of the Act, when the contract is for the operation of a system of records on individuals to accomplish an agency function, the Contractor is considered to be an employee of the agency.

(c)

"Operation of a system of records," as used in this clause, means performance of any of the ~~activities associated with maintaining~~ [activities associated with maintaining](#) the system of records, including the collection, use, and dissemination of records.

"Record," as used in this clause, means any item, collection, or grouping of information about an ~~individual that is maintained~~ [individual that is maintained](#) by an agency, including, but not limited to, education, financial transactions, medical history, and criminal or employment history and that contains the person's name, or the identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual, such as a fingerprint or voiceprint or a photograph.

"System of records on individuals," as used in this clause, means a group of any records under the control ~~of any agency from~~ [of any agency from](#) which information is retrieved by the name of the individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual.

(End of clause)

52.224-3 Privacy Training.

As prescribed in [24.302\(a\)](#), insert the following clause:

Privacy Training (Jan 2017)

Definition. As used in this clause, "personally identifiable information" means information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity, either alone or when combined with other information that is linked or linkable to a specific individual. (See Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-130, Managing Federal Information as a Strategic Resource).

The Contractor shall ensure that initial privacy training, and annual privacy training thereafter, is ~~completed by contractor~~[completed by contractor](#) employees who-

Have access to a system of records;

Create, collect, use, process, store, maintain, disseminate, disclose, dispose, or otherwise handle ~~personally identifiable information~~[personally identifiable information](#) on behalf of an agency; or

Design, develop, maintain, or operate a system of records (see also FAR subpart [24.3](#) and [39.105](#)).

(c)

(1) "Privacy training shall address the key elements necessary for ensuring the safeguarding of personally identifiable information or a system of records. The training shall be role-based, provide foundational as well as more advanced levels of training, and have measures in place to test the knowledge level of users. At a minimum, the privacy training shall cover-

The provisions of the Privacy Act of 1974 ([5 U.S.C. 552a](#)), including penalties for violations of the Act;

The appropriate handling and safeguarding of personally identifiable information;

The authorized and official use of a system of records or any other personally identifiable information;

The restriction on the use of unauthorized equipment to create, collect, use, process, store, maintain, disseminate, disclose, dispose or otherwise access personally identifiable information;

The prohibition against the unauthorized use of a system of records or unauthorized disclosure, access, handling, or ~~use of~~[use of](#) personally identifiable information; and

The procedures to be followed in the event of a suspected or confirmed breach of a system of records or the unauthorized disclosure, access, handling, or use of personally identifiable information (see OMB guidance for Preparing for and Responding to a Breach of Personally Identifiable Information).

(2) Completion of an agency-developed or agency-conducted training course shall be deemed to satisfy these elements.

The Contractor shall maintain and, upon request, provide documentation of completion of privacy training ~~to the Contracting Officer~~[to the Contracting Officer](#).

The Contractor shall not allow any employee access to a system of records, or permit any employee to create, collect, use, process, store, maintain, disseminate, disclose, dispose or otherwise handle personally

identifiable information, or to design, develop, maintain, or operate a system of records unless the employee has completed privacy training, as required by this clause.

The substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), shall be included in all subcontracts under ~~this contract, when subcontractor~~ this contract, when subcontractor employees will-

Have access to a system of records;

Create, collect, use, process, store, maintain, disseminate, disclose, dispose, or otherwise handle ~~personally identifiable information~~ personally identifiable information; or

Design, develop, maintain, or operate a system of records.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Jan 2017). As prescribed in (24.302 (b)), if the agency specifies that only its agency-provided training is acceptable, substitute the following paragraph (c) for paragraph (c) of the basic clause:

(c) The contracting agency will provide initial privacy training, and annual privacy training thereafter, to Contractor employees for the duration of this contract.

52.225 [Reserved]

52.225-1 Buy American-Supplies

As prescribed in (25.601(a)(1)(i)), insert the following clause:

Buy American-Supplies (~~Oct 2022~~ DEVIATION DATE)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item—

(1) Means any item of supply (including construction material) that is—

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item—

(1) Means any item of supply (including construction material) that is—

A commercial product (as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition of “commercial product” at ~~Federal Acquisition Regulation~~ Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) ~~2.101~~);

Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and

Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and

~~same form in which~~ Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the same form in which it is sold in the commercial marketplace; and

(2) Does not include bulk cargo, as defined in [46 U.S.C. 40102\(4\)](#), such as agricultural products and petroleum products.

Component means an article, material, or supply incorporated directly into an end product.

Cost of components means—

For components purchased by the Contractor, the acquisition cost, including transportation costs to the ~~place of incorporation~~[place of incorporation](#) into the end product (whether or not such costs are paid to a domestic firm), and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free entry certificate is issued); or

For components manufactured by the Contractor, all costs associated with the manufacture of the component, ~~including transportation~~ costs as described in paragraph (1) of this definition, plus allocable overhead costs, but excluding profit. Cost of components does not include any costs associated with the manufacture of the end product.

Critical component means a component that is mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States and deemed critical to the U.S. supply chain. [including transportation costs as described in paragraph \(1\) of this definition, plus allocable overhead costs, but excluding profit. Cost of components does not include any costs associated with the manufacture of the end product.](#)

[Critical component means a component that is mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States and deemed critical to the U.S. supply chain.](#) The list of critical components is at FAR [25.105](#).

Domestic end product means—

(1) For an end product that does not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both-

An unmanufactured end product mined or produced in the United States;

An end product manufactured in the United States, if-

~~(A)~~ The cost of its components mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds 60 percent of ~~the cost~~ of all its components, except that the percentage will be 65 percent for items delivered in calendar years 2024 through 2028 and 75 percent for items delivered starting in calendar year 2029. Components of foreign origin of the same class or kind as those that the agency determines are not mined, produced, or manufactured in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality are treated as domestic. Components of unknown origin are treated as foreign. Scrap generated, collected, and prepared for processing in the United States is considered domestic; or [thecost](#) of all its components, except that the percentage will be 65 percent for items delivered in calendar years 2024 through 2028 and 75 percent for items delivered starting in calendar year 2029. Components of foreign origin of the same class or kind as those that the agency determines are not mined, produced, or manufactured in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality are treated as domestic. Components of unknown origin are treated as foreign. Scrap generated, collected, and prepared for processing in the United States is considered domestic; or

~~(B)~~ The end product is a COTS item; or

(2) For an end product that consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, an end product manufactured in the United States, if the cost of foreign iron and steel constitutes less than 5 percent of the cost of all the components used in the end product. The cost of foreign iron and steel includes but is not limited to the cost of foreign iron or steel mill products (such as bar, billet, slab, wire, plate, or sheet), castings, or forgings utilized in the manufacture of the end product and a good faith estimate of the cost of all foreign iron or steel components excluding COTS fasteners. Iron or steel components of unknown origin are treated as foreign. If the end product contains multiple components, the cost of all the materials used in such end product is calculated in accordance with the definition of "cost of components".

End product means those articles, materials, and supplies to be acquired under the contract for public use.

Fastener means a hardware device that mechanically joins or affixes two or more objects together. Examples of fasteners are nuts, bolts, pins, rivets, nails, clips, and screws.

Foreign end product means an end product other than a domestic end product.

Foreign iron and steel means iron or steel products not produced in the United States. Produced in the United States means that all manufacturing processes of the iron or steel must take place in the United States, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives. The origin of the elements of the iron or steel is not relevant to the determination of whether it is domestic or foreign.

Predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both means that the cost of the iron and steel content exceeds 50 percent of the total cost of all its components. The cost of iron and steel is the cost of the iron or steel mill products (such as bar, billet, slab, wire, plate, or sheet), castings, or forgings utilized in the manufacture of the product and a good faith estimate of the cost of iron or steel components excluding COTS fasteners.

Steel means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between 0.02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements.

United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

[41 U.S.C. chapter 83](#), Buy American, provides a preference for domestic end products for supplies acquired for use in the United States. In accordance with [41 U.S.C. 1907](#), the domestic content test of the Buy American statute is waived for an end product that is a COTS item (see [\(a\)\(1\)](#)), except that for an end product that consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the domestic content test is applied only to the iron and steel content of the end product, excluding COTS fasteners.

Offerors may obtain from the Contracting Officer a list of foreign articles that the Contracting Officer ~~will treat as domestic~~ [will treat as domestic](#) for this contract.

The Contractor shall deliver only domestic end products except to the extent that it specified delivery ~~of foreign end products~~ [offoreign end products](#) in the provision of the solicitation entitled "Buy American Certificate." (End of clause)

Alternate I (Oct 2022). As prescribed in [25.1101](#) (a)(1)(ii) substitute the following sentence for the first sentence of paragraph (1)(ii)(A) of the definition of "domestic end product" in paragraph (a):

(A) The cost of its components mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds \_\_ percent of the cost of all its components. [ Contracting officer to insert the percentage. ]

52.225-2 Buy American Certificate.

As prescribed in [25.1101\(a\)\(2\)](#), insert the following provision:

Buy American Certificate (Oct 2022)

(a)

The Offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (b) of this provision, is ~~a domestic endproduct~~[a domestic end product](#) and that each domestic end product listed in paragraph (c) of this provision contains a critical component.

The Offeror shall list as foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that ~~do not qualify as~~[do not qualify as](#) domestic end products. For those foreign end products that do not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the Offeror shall also indicate whether these foreign end products exceed 55 percent domestic content, except for those that are COTS items. If the percentage of the domestic content is unknown, select "no".

The Offeror shall separately list the line item numbers of domestic end products that contain a ~~critical component~~[critical component \(see FAR 25.105\)](#).

The terms "commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "critical component," "domestic [endproduct,](#)" ~~"end product,"~~["end product,"](#) and "foreign end product" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Supplies."

(b)Foreign End Products:

| Line Item No. | Country of Origin | Exceeds 55% domestic content<br>(yes/no) |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------------------------------|
| _____         | _____             | _____                                    |
| _____         | _____             | _____                                    |
| _____         | _____             | _____                                    |

(b)[List as necessary]

Domestic end products containing a critical component:

Line Item No. \_\_\_\_

[List as necessary]

The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of [part 25](#) of the ~~Federal Acquisition Regulation~~[Federal Acquisition Regulation](#).

(End of provision)

52.225-3 Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act.

As prescribed in [25.601](#)(b)(1)(i), insert the following clause:

Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act (~~Nov-2023~~[DEVIATION DATE](#))

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product means an article that— (1) Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of Bahrain, Morocco, Oman, Panama, or Peru; or

(2) In the case of an article that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has been substantially transformed in Bahrain, Morocco, Oman, Panama, or Peru into a new and different article of commerce with a name, character, or use distinct from that of the article or articles from which it was transformed. The term refers to a product offered for purchase under a supply contract, but for purposes of calculating the value of the end product includes services (except transportation services) incidental to the article, provided that the value of those incidental services does not exceed that of the article itself.

Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item—

(1) Means any item of supply (including construction material) that is-

A commercial product (as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition of “commercial product” at ~~Federal Acquisition Regulation~~[Federal Acquisition Regulation](#) (FAR) ~~§2.101~~;

Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and

Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and

Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the ~~same form in which~~[same form in which](#) it is sold in the commercial marketplace; and

(2) Does not include bulk cargo, as defined in [46 U.S.C. 40102\(4\)](#), such as agricultural products and petroleum products.

Component means an article, material, or supply incorporated directly into an end product.

Cost of components means—

For components purchased by the Contractor, the acquisition cost, including transportation costs to the ~~place of incorporation~~[place of incorporation](#) into the end product (whether or not such costs are paid to a domestic firm), and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free entry certificate is issued); or

For components manufactured by the Contractor, all costs associated with the manufacture of the component,[including transportation](#) costs as described in paragraph (1) of this definition, plus allocable



overhead costs, but excluding profit. Cost of components does not include any costs associated with the manufacture of the end product.

Critical component means a component that is mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States and deemed critical to the U.S. supply chain. ~~including transportation costs as described in paragraph (1) of this definition, plus allocable overhead costs, but excluding profit. Cost of components does not include any costs associated with the manufacture of the end product.~~

Critical component means a component that is mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States and deemed critical to the U.S. supply chain. The list of critical components is at FAR [25.105](#).

Domestic end product means—

(1) For an end product that does not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both—

An unmanufactured end product mined or produced in the United States;

An end product manufactured in the United States, if—

~~(A)~~ The cost of its components mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds 60 percent of [the cost](#) of all its components, except that the percentage will be 65 percent for items delivered in calendar years 2024 through 2028 and 75 percent for items delivered starting in calendar year 2029. Components of foreign origin of the same class or kind as those that the agency determines are not mined, produced, or manufactured in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality are treated as domestic. Components of unknown origin are treated as foreign. Scrap generated, collected, and prepared for processing in the United States is considered domestic; or

~~the cost~~ of all its components, except that the percentage will be 65 percent for items delivered in calendar years 2024 through 2028 and 75 percent for items delivered starting in calendar year 2029. Components of foreign origin of the same class or kind as those that the agency determines are not mined, produced, or manufactured in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality are treated as domestic. Components of unknown origin are treated as foreign. Scrap generated, collected, and prepared for processing in the United States is considered domestic; or ~~(B)~~ The end product is a COTS item; or

(2) For an end product that consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, an end product manufactured in the United States, if the cost of foreign iron and steel constitutes less than 5 percent of the cost of all the components used in the end product. The cost of foreign iron and steel includes but is not limited to the cost of foreign iron or steel mill products (such as bar, billet, slab, wire, plate, or sheet), castings, or forgings utilized in the manufacture of the end product and a good faith estimate of the cost of all foreign iron or steel components excluding COTS fasteners. Iron or steel components of unknown origin are treated as foreign. If the end product contains multiple components, the cost of all the materials used in such end product is calculated in accordance with the definition of "cost of components".

End product means those articles, materials, and supplies to be acquired under the contract for public use.

Fastener means a hardware device that mechanically joins or affixes two or more objects together. Examples of fasteners are nuts, bolts, pins, rivets, nails, clips, and screws.

Foreign end product means an end product other than a domestic end product.

Foreign iron and steel means iron or steel products not produced in the United States. Produced in the United States means that all manufacturing processes of the iron or steel must take place in the United States, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives. The origin of the elements of the iron or steel is not relevant to the determination of whether it is domestic or foreign.

Free Trade Agreement country means Australia, Bahrain, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Korea (Republic of), Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Oman, Panama, Peru, or Singapore.

Free Trade Agreement country end product means an article that-

Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a Free Trade Agreement country; or

In the case of an article that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has ~~been substantially transformed~~ been substantially transformed in a Free Trade Agreement country into a new and different article of commerce with a name, character, or use distinct from that of the article or articles from which it was transformed. The term refers to a product offered for purchase under a supply contract, but for purposes of calculating the value of the end product includes services (except transportation services) incidental to the article, provided that the value of those incidental services does not exceed that of the article itself.

~~transportation services) incidental to the article, provided that the value of those incidental services does not exceed that of the article itself.~~

Israeli end product means an article that—

Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of Israel; or

In the case of an article that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has ~~been substantially transformed~~ been substantially transformed in Israel into a new and different article of commerce with a name, character, or use distinct from that of the article or articles from which it was transformed.

Predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both means that the cost of the iron and steel content exceeds 50 percent of the total cost of all its components. The cost of iron and steel is the cost of the iron or steel mill products (such as bar, billet, slab, wire, plate, or sheet), castings, or forgings utilized in the manufacture of the product and a good faith estimate of the cost of iron or steel components excluding COTS fasteners.

Steel means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between 0.02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements.

United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

Components of foreign origin. Offerors may obtain from the Contracting Officer a list of foreign articles that the Contracting Officer will treat as domestic for this contract.

Delivery of end products. [41 U.S.C. chapter 83](#), Buy American statute, provides a preference for domestic end products for supplies acquired for use in the United States. In accordance with [41 U.S.C. 1907](#), the domestic content test of the Buy American statute is waived for an end product that is a COTS item (see (a)(1)), except that for an end product that consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the domestic content test is applied only to the iron and steel content of the end product, excluding COTS fasteners. Unless otherwise specified, these trade agreements apply to all items in the Schedule. The Contractor shall deliver under this contract only domestic end products except to the extent that, in its offer, it specified delivery of foreign end products in the provision entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate." If the Contractor specified in its offer that the Contractor would supply a Free Trade Agreement country end product (other than a Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product) or an Israeli end product, then the Contractor shall supply a Free Trade Agreement country end product (other than a Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product), an Israeli end product or, at the Contractor's option, a domestic end product.

(End of clause)

Alternate I [Reserved]

Alternate II (Jan 2025). As prescribed in [25.1101 \(b\)\(1\)\(ii\)](#), substitute the following paragraph (c) for paragraph (c) of the basic clause:

(c) Delivery of end products. [41 U.S.C. chapter 83](#) provides a preference for domestic end products for supplies acquired for use in the United States. In accordance with [41 U.S.C. 1907](#), the domestic content test of the Buy American statute is waived for an end product that is a COTS item (see 12.505(a)(1)), except that for an end product that consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the domestic content test is applied only to the iron and steel content of the end product, excluding COTS fasteners. In addition, the Contracting Officer has determined that the Israeli Trade Act applies to this acquisition. Unless otherwise specified, this trade agreement applies to all items in the Schedule. The Contractor shall deliver under this contract only domestic end products except to the extent that, in its offer, it specified delivery of foreign end products in the provision entitled "Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate." If the Contractor specified in its offer that the Contractor would supply an Israeli end product, then the Contractor shall supply an Israeli end product or, at the Contractor's option, a domestic end product.

Alternate III (Feb 2024). As prescribed in [25.1101 \(b\)\(1\)\(iii\)](#), delete the definition of "Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product" and add in its place the following definition of "Korean end product" in paragraph (a) of the basic clause; and substitute the following paragraph (c) for paragraph (c) of the basic clause:

["Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product" and add in its place the following definition of "Korean end product" in paragraph \(a\) of the basic clause; and substitute the following paragraph \(c\) for paragraph \(c\) of the basic clause:](#)

Korean end product means an article that—

Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of Korea (Republic of); or

In the case of an article that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has ~~been~~ [substantially transformed](#) ~~beensubstantially transformed~~ in Korea (Republic of) into a new and different article of

commerce with a name, character, or use distinct from that of the article or articles from which it was transformed. The term refers to a product offered for purchase under a supply contract, but for purposes of calculating the value of the end product includes services (except transportation services) incidental to the article, provided that the value of those incidental services does not exceed that of the article itself.

(c) Delivery of end products. [41 U.S.C. chapter 83](#) provides a preference for domestic end products for supplies acquired for use in the United States. In accordance with [41 U.S.C.1907](#), the domestic content test of the Buy American statute is waived for an end product that is a COTS item (see [\(a\)\(1\)](#)), except that for an end product that consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the domestic content test is applied only to the iron and steel content of the end product, excluding COTS fasteners. In addition, the Contracting Officer has determined that the Korea (Republic of) FTA and the Israeli Trade Act apply to this acquisition. Unless otherwise specified, these trade agreements apply to all items in the Schedule. The Contractor shall deliver under this contract only domestic end products except to the extent that, in its offer, it specified delivery of foreign end products in the provision entitled "Buy American—Free Trade ~~Agreements—~~ [Israeli Trade Act Certificate](#)." ~~If the Contractor specified in its offer that the Contractor would supply a Korean end product or an Israeli end product, then the Contractor shall supply a Korean end product, an Israeli end product, or at the Contractor's option, a domestic end product.~~

~~Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate." If the Contractor specified in its offer that the Contractor would supply a Korean end product or an Israeli end product, then the Contractor shall supply a Korean end product, an Israeli end product, or at the Contractor's option, a domestic end product.~~

Alternate IV (Oct 2022). As prescribed in [\(25.1101 \(b\)\(1\)\(iv\)\)](#) substitute the following sentence for the first sentence of paragraph (1)(ii)(A) of the definition of domestic end product in paragraph (a):

(A) The cost of its components mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds \_\_\_ percent of the cost of all its components. [ Contracting officer to insert the percentage. ] 52.225-4 Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate.

As prescribed in [25.601\(b\)\(2\)\(i\)](#), insert the following provision:

Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act Certificate (~~NOV-2023~~ [DEVIATION DATE](#))

(a)

The Offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (b) or (c)(1) of this provision, ~~is a domestic end~~ [is a domestic end](#) product and that each domestic end product listed in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision contains a critical component.

The terms "Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end product," "commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "critical component," "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," "Free Trade Agreement country," "Free Trade Agreement country end product," "Israeli end product," and

"United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade ~~Agreements—~~ [Israeli AgreementsIsraeli](#) Trade Act."

(b) The Offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act":

Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahraini, Moroccan, Omani, Panamanian, or Peruvian End Products) or Israeli End Products:

| Line Item No. | Country of Origin |
|---------------|-------------------|
|               |                   |
|               |                   |
|               |                   |

[List as necessary]

| Line Item No. | Country of Origin |
|---------------|-------------------|
|               |                   |
|               |                   |
|               |                   |
|               |                   |

[List as necessary]

(c)

The Offeror shall list those supplies that are foreign end products (other than those listed in paragraph (b) of this provision of this provision) as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Free Trade Agreements-Israeli Trade Act." The Offeror shall list as other foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products. For those foreign end products that do not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the Offeror shall also indicate whether these foreign end products exceed 55 percent domestic content, except for those that are COTS items. If the percentage of the domestic content is unknown, select "no".

Other Foreign End Products:

~~The Offeror shall list as other foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products. For those foreign end products that do not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the Offeror shall also indicate whether these foreign end products exceed 55 percent domestic content, except for those that are COTS items. If the percentage of the domestic content is unknown, select "no".~~

~~Other Foreign End Products:~~

| <del>Line Item No.</del> | <del>Country of Origin</del> | <del>Exceeds 55% domestic content (yes/no)</del> |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

~~[List as necessary]~~

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

~~[List as necessary]~~

The Offeror shall list the line item numbers of domestic end products that contain a critical component (~~see FAR~~[see FAR 25.105](#)).

Line Item No.     

~~[List as necessary]~~

~~}-~~

~~Line Item No.~~

~~[List as necessary]~~

(d) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of [part 25](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

(End of provision)

~~(End of provision)~~

Alternate I [Reserved]

Alternate II (Jan 2025). As prescribed in [25.1101](#) (b)(2)(ii), substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic provision:

(b) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act”.

Israeli End Products:

Line Item No.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

[List as necessary]

=====

~~[List as necessary]~~

Alternate III (Jan 2025). As prescribed in ~~(25.1101~~ (b)(2)(iii), substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic provision:

(b) The Offeror certifies that the following supplies are Korean end products or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled “Buy American—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act”.

Korean End Products or Israeli End Products:

Line Item No. Country of Origin

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

[List as necessary]

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~~[List as necessary]~~

52.225-5 Trade Agreements.

As prescribed in ~~(25.1101~~(c)(1), insert the following clause:

Trade Agreements (Nov 2023)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clauseCaribbean Basin country end product—

(1) Means an article that-

(i)

Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a Caribbean Basin country; or

In the case of an article that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has ~~been substantially transformed~~ been substantially transformed in a Caribbean Basin country into a new and different article of commerce with a name, character, or use distinct from that of the article or articles from which it was transformed; and

(ii) Is not excluded from duty-free treatment for Caribbean countries under 19 U.S.C.2703(b).

(A) For this reason, the following articles are not Caribbean Basin country end products:

Tuna, prepared or preserved in any manner in airtight containers;

Petroleum, or any product derived from petroleum;

Watches and watch parts (including cases, bracelets, and straps) of whatever type including, but not ~~limited to,~~ limited to, mechanical, quartz digital, or quartz analog, if such watches or watch parts contain any material that is the product of any country to which the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) column 2 rates of duty apply (i.e., Afghanistan, Cuba, Laos, North Korea, and Vietnam); and

Certain of the following: textiles and apparel articles; footwear, handbags, luggage, flat goods, work gloves, and ~~leather wearing~~ leather wearing apparel; or handloomed, handmade, and folklore articles;

(B) Access to the HTSUS to determine duty-free status of articles of these types is available at <https://usitc.gov/tata/hts/index.htm>. In particular, see the following:

General Note 3(c), Products Eligible for Special Tariff treatment.

General Note 17, Products of Countries Designated as Beneficiary Countries under the United States-Caribbean Basin Trade ~~Basin Trade~~ Basin Trade Partnership Act of 2000.

Section XXII, Chapter 98, Subchapter II, Articles Exported and Returned, Advanced or Improved Abroad, U.S. Note 7(b).

Section XXII, Chapter 98, Subchapter XX, Goods Eligible for Special Tariff Benefits under the ~~United States~~ United States-Caribbean Basin Trade Partnership Act; and

(2) Refers to a product offered for purchase under a supply contract, but for purposes of calculating the value of the acquisition, includes services (except transportation services) incidental to the article, provided that the value of those incidental services does not exceed that of the article itself.

Designated country means any of the following countries:

A World Trade Organization Government Procurement Agreement (WTO GPA) country (Armenia, Aruba, ~~Australia,~~

Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland,



France, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Korea (Republic of), Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Montenegro, Netherlands, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Singapore, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan (known in the World Trade Organization as "the Separate Customs Territory of Taiwan, Penghu, Kinmen and Matsu (Chinese Taipei)"), Ukraine, or United Kingdom);

A Free Trade Agreement (FTA) country (Australia, Bahrain, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, ~~Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Korea (Republic of), Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Oman, Panama, Peru, or Singapore~~);

~~Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Korea (Republic of), Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Oman, Panama, Peru, or Singapore~~);

A least developed country (Afghanistan, Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, ~~Cambodia, Cambodia~~, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of Congo, Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Kiribati, Laos, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar,

~~Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Kiribati, Laos, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar~~, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Nepal, Niger, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Sudan, Tanzania, Timor-Leste, Togo, Tuvalu, Uganda, Vanuatu, Yemen, or Zambia); or

A Caribbean Basin country (Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bonaire, ~~British Virgin~~ British Virgin Islands, Curacao, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, Jamaica, Montserrat, Saba, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Sint Eustatius, Sint Maarten, or Trinidad and Tobago).

Designated country end product means a WTO GPA country end product, an FTA country end product, a least developed country end product, or a Caribbean Basin country end product.

End product means those articles, materials, and supplies to be acquired under the contract for public use.

Free Trade Agreement country end product means an article that-

Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a Free Trade Agreement (FTA) country; or

In the case of an article that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has ~~been substantially transformed~~ been substantially transformed in an FTA country into a new and different article of commerce with a name, character, or use distinct from that of the article or articles from which it was transformed. The term refers to a product offered for purchase under a supply contract, but for purposes of calculating the value of the end product includes services (except transportation services) incidental to the article, provided that the value of those incidental services does not exceed that of the article itself. Least developed country end product means an article that-

Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a least developed country; or

In the case of an article that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has ~~been substantially transformed~~been substantially transformed in a least developed country into a new and different article of commerce with a name, character, or use distinct from that of the article or articles from which it was transformed. The term refers to a product offered for purchase under a supply contract, but for purposes of calculating the value of the end product, includes services (except transportation services) incidental to the article, provided that the value of those incidental services does not exceed that of the article itself.

United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

U.S.-made end product means an article that is mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States or that is substantially transformed in the United States into a new and different article of commerce with a name, character, or use distinct from that of the article or articles from which it was transformed.

WTO GPA country end product means an article that-

Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a WTO GPA country; or

In the case of an article that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has ~~been substantially transformed~~been substantially transformed in a WTO GPA country into a new and different article of commerce with a name, character, or use distinct from that of the article or articles from which it was transformed. The term refers to a product offered for purchase under a supply contract, but for purposes of calculating the value of the end product includes services, (except transportation services) incidental to the article, provided that the value of those incidental services does not exceed that of the article itself.

(b) Delivery of end products. The Contracting Officer has determined that the WTO GPA and FTAs apply to this acquisition. Unless otherwise specified, these trade agreements apply to all items in the Schedule. The Contractor shall deliver under this contract only U.S.-made or designated country end products except to the extent that, in its offer, it specified delivery of other end products in the provision entitled "Trade Agreements Certificate." ~~(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

52.225-6 Trade Agreements Certificate.

As prescribed in ~~25.1101~~25.1101(c)(2), insert the following provision:

Trade Agreements Certificate (Feb 2021)

The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (b) of this provision, is a U.S.-made ~~or designated~~or designated country end product, as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Trade Agreements."

The offeror shall list as other end products those supplies that are not U.S.-made or designated country ~~end products~~end products.

Other End Products:

Line Item No. Country of Origin

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[List as necessary]

**Other End Products:**

| <del>Line Item No.</del> | <del>Country of Origin</del> |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| <hr/> <hr/>              | <hr/> <hr/>                  |
| <hr/> <hr/>              | <hr/> <hr/>                  |
| <hr/> <hr/>              | <hr/> <hr/>                  |

[List as necessary]

The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of [part 25](#) of the ~~Federal Acquisition~~[Federal Acquisition](#) Regulation. For line items covered by the WTO GPA, the Government will evaluate offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products without regard to the restrictions of the Buy American statute. The Government will consider for award only offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products unless the Contracting Officer determines that there are no offers for such products or that the offers for those products are insufficient to fulfill the requirements of this solicitation.

(End of provision)

52.225-7 Waiver of Buy American Statute for Civil Aircraft and Related Articles.

As prescribed in ~~{~~[25.1101](#)(d), insert the following provision:

Waiver of Buy American Statute for Civil Aircraft and Related Articles (Feb 2016)

(a) Definition. "Civil aircraft and related articles," as used in this provision, means-

All aircraft other than aircraft to be purchased for use by the Department of Defense or the U.S. Coast Guard;

The engines (and parts and components for incorporation into the engines) of these aircraft;

Any other parts, components, and subassemblies for incorporation into the aircraft; and

Any ground flight simulators, and parts and components of these simulators, for use with respect to ~~the aircraft,~~  
~~whether to~~[the aircraft, whether to](#) be used as original or replacement equipment in the manufacture, repair,

maintenance, rebuilding, modification, or conversion of the aircraft, and without regard to whether the aircraft or articles receive duty-free treatment under section 601(a)(2) of the Trade Agreements Act.

The U.S. Trade Representative has waived the Buy American statute for acquisitions of civil aircraft ~~and related articles from~~ and related articles from countries that are parties to the Agreement on Trade in Civil Aircraft. Those countries are Albania, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Egypt, Estonia, ~~Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece,~~

Finland, France, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macao China, Malta, Montenegro, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan (Chinese Taipei), and the United Kingdom.

For the purpose of this waiver, an article is a product of a country only if-

It is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of that country; or

In the case of an article that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, it has ~~been substantially transformed~~ been substantially transformed into a new and different article of commerce with a name, character, or use distinct from that of the article or articles from which it was transformed.

(d) The waiver is subject to modification or withdrawal by the U.S. Trade Representative. (End of provision)

52.225-8 Duty-Free Entry.

As prescribed in ~~{25.1101}~~(e), insert the following clause:

Duty-Free Entry (Oct ~~2025~~2010)

Definition. "Customs territory of the United States" means the States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

Except as otherwise approved by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall not include in the ~~contract price~~ any amount ~~contract price~~ any amount for duties on supplies specifically identified in the Schedule to be accorded duty-free entry.

Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this clause or elsewhere in this contract, the following ~~procedures apply to supplies~~ procedures apply to supplies not identified in the Schedule to be accorded duty-free entry:

(1) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing of any purchase of foreign supplies (including, without limitation, raw materials, components, and intermediate assemblies) in excess of \$20,000 that are to be imported into the customs territory of the United States for delivery to the Government under this contract, either as end products or for incorporation into end products. The Contractor shall furnish the notice to the Contracting Officer at least 20 calendar days before the importation. The notice shall identify the- ~~(i) Foreign supplies;~~

~~Foreign supplies;~~

(ii) Estimated amount of duty; and (iii) Country of origin.

The Contracting Officer will determine whether any of these supplies should be accorded duty-free entry ~~and will notify the~~ and will notify the Contractor within 10 calendar days after receipt of the Contractor's notification.

Except as otherwise approved by the Contracting Officer, the contract price shall be reduced by (or ~~the allowable cost shall~~ the allowable cost shall not include) the amount of duty that would be payable if the supplies were not entered ~~duty-free~~ duty free.

(d) The Contractor is not required to provide the notification under paragraph (c) of this clause for purchases of foreign supplies if-

The supplies are identical in nature to items purchased by the Contractor or any subcontractor in ~~connection with its commercial~~ connection with its commercial business; and

Segregation of these supplies to ensure use only on Government contracts containing duty-free ~~entry provisions~~ entry provisions is ~~not economical~~ not economical or feasible.

The Contractor shall claim duty-free entry only for supplies to be delivered to the Government under ~~this contract~~ this contract, either as end products or incorporated into end products, and shall pay duty on supplies, or any portion of them, other than scrap, salvage, or competitive sale authorized by the Contracting Officer, diverted to nongovernmental use.

The Government will execute any required duty-free entry certificates for supplies to be accorded duty-free ~~entry and will~~ free entry and will assist the Contractor in obtaining duty-free entry for these supplies.

Shipping documents for supplies to be accorded duty-free entry shall consign the shipments to ~~the contracting~~ the contracting agency ~~in care~~ in care of the Contractor and shall include the-

Delivery address of the Contractor (or contracting agency, if appropriate);

Government prime contract number;

Identification of carrier;

Notation "UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, \_\_\_\_\_ [agency] \_\_\_\_\_, Duty-free entry to be claimed pursuant to Item No(s) \_\_\_\_\_ [from Tariff Schedules] \_\_\_\_\_, Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States. Upon arrival of shipment at port of entry, District Director of Customs, please release shipment under 19 CFR Part 142 and notify [cognizant contract administration office] for execution of Customs Forms 7501 and 7501-A and any required duty-free entry certificates.";

~~(5)~~ Gross weight in pounds (if freight is based on space tonnage, state cubic feet in addition to gross ~~shipping weight~~ shipping weight); and

~~(6)~~ Estimated value in United States dollars.

(h) The Contractor shall instruct the foreign supplier to-

Consign the shipment as specified in paragraph (g) of this clause;

Mark all packages with the words "UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT" and the title of the ~~contracting agency~~[contracting agency](#); and

Include with the shipment at least two copies of the bill of lading (or other shipping document) for use by ~~the District Director~~[the District Director](#) of Customs at the port of entry.

(i) The Contractor shall provide written notice to the cognizant contract administration office immediately after notification by the Contracting Officer that duty-free entry will be accorded foreign supplies or, for duty-free supplies identified in the Schedule, upon award by the Contractor to the overseas supplier. The notice shall identify the-

Foreign supplies;

Country of origin;

Contract number; and

Scheduled delivery date(s).

(j) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause in any subcontract if-

Supplies identified in the Schedule to be accorded duty-free entry will be imported into the customs ~~territory of the United~~[territory of the United](#) States; or

Other foreign supplies in excess of \$20,000 may be imported into the customs territory of the United States.

(End of clause)

52.225-9 Buy American-Construction Materials.

As prescribed in ~~(25.602)~~[\(a\)](#), insert the following clause:

Buy American-Construction Materials (~~Oct 2022~~[DEVIATION DATE](#))

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item—

(1) Means any item of supply (including construction material) that is—

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item—

(1) Means any item of supply (including construction material) that is—

A commercial product (as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition of "commercial product" at ~~Federal Acquisition Regulation~~[Federal Acquisition Regulation](#) (FAR) ~~;~~[2.101](#));

Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and

Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the ~~Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and~~

~~Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the same form in which~~ same form in which it is sold in the commercial marketplace; and

(2) Does not include bulk cargo, as defined in 46 U.S.C. 40102(4), such as agricultural products and petroleum products.

"Construction material" means an article, material, or supply brought to the construction site by the Contractor or a subcontractor for incorporation into the building or work. The term also includes an item brought to the site preassembled from articles, materials, or supplies. However, emergency life safety systems, such as emergency lighting, fire alarm, and audio evacuation systems, that are discrete systems incorporated into a public building or work and that are produced as complete systems, are evaluated as a single and distinct construction material regardless of when or how the individual parts or components of those systems are delivered to the construction site. Materials purchased directly by the Government are supplies, not construction material.

Cost of components means—

For components purchased by the Contractor, the acquisition cost, including transportation costs to the ~~place of~~ place of incorporation into the construction material (whether or not such costs are paid to a domestic firm), and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free entry certificate is issued); or

For components manufactured by the Contractor, all costs associated with the manufacture of the component, ~~including transportation~~ including transportation costs as described in paragraph (1) of this definition, plus allocable overhead costs, but excluding profit. Cost of components does not include any costs associated with the manufacture of the construction material.

Critical component means a component that is mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States and deemed critical to the U.S. supply chain. ~~Critical component means a component that is mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States and deemed critical to the U.S. supply chain.~~ The list of critical components is at FAR ~~25.105~~.

Critical item means a domestic construction material or domestic end product that is deemed critical to U.S. supply chain resiliency. The list of critical items is at FAR 25.105.

Domestic construction material means—

(1) For construction material that does not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both-

An unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in the United States; or

A construction material manufactured in the United States, if-

The cost of its components mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds 60 percent of ~~the cost~~ the cost of ~~all its~~ all its components, except that the percentage will be 65 percent for items delivered in

calendar years 2024 through 2028 and 75 percent for items delivered starting in calendar year 2029. Components of foreign origin of the same class or kind for which nonavailability determinations have been made are treated as domestic. Components of unknown origin are treated as foreign; or

The construction material is a COTS item; or

(2) For construction material that consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, a construction material manufactured in the United States if the cost of foreign iron and steel constitutes less than 5 percent of the cost of all components used in such construction material. The cost of foreign iron and steel includes but is not limited to the cost of foreign iron or steel mill products (such as bar, billet, slab, wire, plate, or sheet), castings, or forgings utilized in the manufacture of the construction material and a good faith estimate of the cost of all foreign iron or steel components excluding COTS fasteners. Iron or steel components of unknown origin are treated as foreign. If the construction material contains multiple components, the cost of all the materials used in such construction material is calculated in accordance with the definition of "cost of components".

Fastener means a hardware device that mechanically joins or affixes two or more objects together. Examples of fasteners are nuts, bolts, pins, rivets, nails, clips, and screws.

Foreign construction material means a construction material other than a domestic construction material.

Foreign iron and steel means iron or steel products not produced in the United States. Produced in the United States means that all manufacturing processes of the iron or steel must take place in the United States, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives. The origin of the elements of the iron or steel is not relevant to the determination of whether it is domestic or foreign.

Predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both means that the cost of the iron and steel content exceeds 50 percent of the total cost of all its components. The cost of iron and steel is the cost of the iron or steel mill products (such as bar, billet, slab, wire, plate, or sheet), castings, or forgings utilized in the manufacture of the product and a good faith estimate of the cost of iron or steel components excluding COTS fasteners.

Steel means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between 0.02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements.

"United States" means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

(b) Domestic preference.

This clause implements [41 U.S.C. chapter 83](#), Buy American, by providing a preference for domestic construction material. In accordance with [41 U.S.C. 1907](#), the domestic content test of the Buy American statute is waived for construction material that is a COTS item, except that for construction material that consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the domestic content test is applied only to the iron and steel content of the construction materials, excluding COTS fasteners. (See FAR [\(a\)\(2\)](#)). The Contractor shall use only domestic construction material in performing this contract, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(2) and (b)(3) of this clause.



This requirement does not apply to information technology that is a commercial product or to ~~the construction material~~the construction materials or components listed by the Government as follows:

\_\_\_\_\_[Contracting Officer to list applicable excepted materials or indicate "none"]

The Contracting Officer may add other foreign construction material to the list in paragraph (b)(2) of ~~this clause~~this clause if ~~the Government~~the Government determines that-

(i) The cost of domestic construction material would be unreasonable.

(A) For domestic construction material that is not a critical item or does not contain critical components.

The cost of a particular domestic construction material subject to the requirements of the Buy ~~American statute~~American statute is unreasonable when the cost of such material exceeds the cost of foreign material by more than 20 percent;

For construction material that is not a COTS item and does not consist wholly or predominantly of iron ~~or steel~~or steel or a combination of both, if the cost of a particular domestic construction material is determined to be unreasonable or there is no domestic offer received, and the low offer is for foreign construction material that is manufactured in the United States and does not exceed 55 percent domestic content, the Contracting Officer will treat the lowest offer of foreign construction material that exceeds 55 percent domestic content as a domestic offer and determine whether the cost of that offer is unreasonable by applying the evaluation factor listed in paragraph (b)(3)(i)(A)(1) of this clause.

The procedures in paragraph (b)(3)(i)(A)(2) of this clause will no longer apply as of January 1, 2030.

(B) For domestic construction material that is a critical item or contains critical components.

The cost of a particular domestic construction material that is a critical item or contains critical components, subject ~~to the~~to the requirements of the Buy American statute, is unreasonable when the cost of such material exceeds the cost of foreign material by more than 20 percent plus the additional preference factor identified for the critical item or construction material containing critical components listed at FAR 25.105.

For construction material that does not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination ~~of both~~of both, if ~~the cost~~the cost of a particular domestic construction material is determined to be unreasonable or there is no domestic offer received, and the low offer is for foreign construction material that does not exceed 55 percent domestic content, the Contracting Officer will treat the lowest foreign offer of construction material that is manufactured in the United States and exceeds 55 percent domestic content as a domestic offer, and determine whether the cost of that offer is unreasonable by applying the evaluation factor listed in paragraph (b)(3)(i)(B)(1) of this clause.

The procedures in paragraph (b)(3)(i)(B)(2) of this clause will no longer apply as of January 1, 2030.

The application of the restriction of the Buy American statute to a particular construction material would be impracticable or inconsistent with the public interest; or

The construction material is not mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient ~~and reasonably available~~and reasonably available commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality.

(c) Request for determination of inapplicability of the Buy American statute.

(1)

(i) Any Contractor request to use foreign construction material in accordance with paragraph (b)(3) of this clause shall include adequate information for Government evaluation of the request, including(A) A description of the foreign and domestic construction materials;

Unit of measure;

Quantity;

Price;

Time of delivery or availability;

Location of the construction project;

Name and address of the proposed supplier; and

A detailed justification of the reason for use of foreign construction materials cited in accordance ~~with~~ ~~paragraph~~with paragraph (b)(3) of this clause.

A request based on unreasonable cost shall include a reasonable survey of the market and a completed ~~price comparison table~~price comparison table in the format in paragraph (d) of this clause.

The price of construction material shall include all delivery costs to the construction site and any ~~applicable duty~~applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free certificate may be issued).

Any Contractor request for a determination submitted after contract award shall explain why the ~~Contractor could not reasonably foresee the need for such determination and could not have requested the determination before contract award. If the~~ Contractor ~~could not reasonably~~ foresee the need for such determination and could not have requested the determination before contract award. If the Contractor does not submit a satisfactory explanation, the Contracting Officer need not make a determination.

does not submit a satisfactory explanation, the Contracting Officer need not make a determination.

If the Government determines after contract award that an exception to the Buy American statute applies ~~and the Contracting and the Contracting~~ Officer and the Contractor negotiate adequate consideration, the Contracting Officer will modify the contract to allow use of the foreign construction material. However, when the basis for the exception is the unreasonable price of a domestic construction material, adequate consideration is not less than the differential established in paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this clause.

Unless the Government determines that an exception to the Buy American statute applies, use of ~~foreign construction material~~foreign construction material is noncompliant with the Buy American statute.

(d) Data. To permit evaluation of requests under paragraph (c) of this clause based on unreasonable cost, the Contractor shall include the following information and any applicable supporting data based on the survey of suppliers:

Foreign and Domestic Construction Materials Price Comparison

| Construction Material Description | Unit of Measure | Quantity | Price (dollars)* |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------|------------------|
| Item1:                            |                 |          |                  |
| Foreign construction material     |                 |          |                  |
| Domestic construction material    |                 |          |                  |
| Item2:                            |                 |          |                  |
| Item1:                            |                 |          |                  |
| Foreign construction material     |                 |          |                  |
| Domestic construction material    |                 |          |                  |
| Item2:                            |                 |          |                  |
| Foreign construction material     |                 |          |                  |
| Domestic construction material    |                 |          |                  |

[\* Include all delivery costs to the construction site and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free entry certificate is issued)].

[List name, address, telephone number, and contact for suppliers surveyed. Attach copy of response; if oral, attach summary.]

[Include other applicable supporting information.]

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Oct 2022). As prescribed in 25.1102 (a)(3) substitute the following sentence for the first sentence in paragraph (1)(ii)(A) of the definition of “domestic construction material” in paragraph (a):

(A) The cost of its components mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds \_\_ percent of the cost of all its components. [ Contracting officer to insert the percentage. ] 52.225-10 Notice of Buy American Requirement-Construction Materials.

As prescribed in 25.1102(b)(1), insert the following provision:

#### Notice of Buy American Requirement-Construction Materials (May 2014)

Definitions. "Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "construction material," "domestic construction material," and "foreign construction material," as used in this provision, are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Construction Materials" (Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clause 52.225-9).

Requests for determinations of inapplicability. An offeror requesting a determination regarding the inapplicability of the Buy American statute should submit the request to the Contracting Officer in time to allow a determination before submission of offers. The offeror shall include the information and applicable supporting data required by paragraphs (c) and (d) of the clause at FAR 52.225-9 in the request. If an offeror has not requested a determination regarding the inapplicability of the Buy American statute before submitting its offer, or has not received a response to a previous request, the offeror shall include the information and supporting data in the offer.

#### Evaluation of offers.

The Government will evaluate an offer requesting exception to the requirements of the Buy American statute, based on ~~enclamed~~ on claimed unreasonable cost of domestic construction material, by adding to the offered price the appropriate percentage of the cost of such foreign construction material, as specified in paragraph (b)(3)(i) of the clause at FAR 52.225-9.

If evaluation results in a tie between an offeror that requested the substitution of foreign construction ~~material based on unreasonable~~ material based on unreasonable cost and an offeror that did not request an exception, the Contracting Officer will award to the offeror that did not request an exception based on unreasonable cost.

#### (d) Alternate offers.

When an offer includes foreign construction material not listed by the Government in this solicitation ~~in paragraph (b)~~ in paragraph (b)

(2) of the clause at FAR 52.225-9, the offeror also may submit an alternate offer based on use of equivalent domestic construction material.

If an alternate offer is submitted, the offeror shall submit a separate Standard Form 1442 for the alternate offer, and a separate price comparison table prepared in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of the clause at FAR 52.225-9 for the offer that is based on the use of any foreign construction material for which the Government has not yet determined an exception applies.

If the Government determines that a particular exception requested in accordance with paragraph (c) of ~~the clause at FAR~~ the clause at FAR 52.225-9 does not apply, the Government will evaluate only those offers based on use of the equivalent domestic construction material, and the offeror shall be required to furnish such domestic construction material. An offer based on use of the foreign construction material for which an exception was requested-

Will be rejected as nonresponsive if this acquisition is conducted by sealed bidding; or

May be accepted if revised during negotiations.

(End of Provision)

Alternate I (May 2014). As prescribed in [25.1102](#) (b)(2), substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic provision:

(b) Requests for determinations of inapplicability. An offeror requesting a determination regarding the inapplicability of the Buy American statute shall submit the request with its offer, including the information and applicable supporting data required by paragraphs (c) and (d) of the clause at FAR 52.225-9.

52.225-11 Buy American-Construction Materials under Trade Agreements.

As prescribed in [25.602](#)(c), insert the following clause:

Buy American-Construction Materials under Trade Agreements (~~Nov 2023~~ [DEVIATION DATE](#))

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Caribbean Basin country construction material means a construction material that—

Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a Caribbean Basin country; or

In the case of a construction material that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, ~~has been substantially~~ [has been substantially](#) transformed in a Caribbean Basin country into a new and different construction material distinct from the materials from which it was transformed.

Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item—

(1) Means any item of supply (including construction material) that is—

~~Commercially available off the shelf (COTS) item—~~

~~(1) Means any item of supply (including construction material) that is—~~

A commercial product (as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition of “commercial product” at ~~Federal Acquisition Regulation~~ [Federal Acquisition Regulation](#) (FAR) ~~§2.101~~;

Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and

Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the ~~Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and~~

~~Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the same form in which~~ [same form in which](#) it is sold in the commercial marketplace; and

(2) Does not include bulk cargo, as defined in [46 U.S.C. 40102\(4\)](#), such as agricultural products and petroleum products.

Component means an article, material, or supply incorporated directly into a construction material.

Construction material means an article, material, or supply brought to the construction site by the Contractor or subcontractor for incorporation into the building or work. The term also includes an item brought to the site preassembled from articles, materials, or supplies. However, emergency life safety systems, such as emergency lighting, fire alarm, and audio evacuation systems, that are discrete systems incorporated into a public building or work and that are produced as complete systems, are evaluated as a single and distinct construction material regardless of when or how the individual parts or components of those systems are delivered to the construction site. Materials purchased directly by the Government are supplies, not construction material.

Cost of components means—

For components purchased by the Contractor, the acquisition cost, including transportation costs to the ~~place of~~ place of incorporation into the construction material (whether or not such costs are paid to a domestic firm), and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free entry certificate is issued); or

For components manufactured by the Contractor, all costs associated with the manufacture of the component, ~~including transportation~~ including transportation costs as described in paragraph (1) of this definition, plus allocable overhead costs, but excluding profit. Cost of components does not include any costs associated with the manufacture of the construction material.

Critical component means a component that is mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States and deemed critical to the U.S. supply chain. The list of critical components is at FAR ~~25.105~~.

Critical item means a domestic construction material or domestic end product that is deemed critical to U.S. supply chain resiliency. The list of critical items is at FAR 25.105.

Designated country means any of the following countries:

A World Trade Organization Government Procurement Agreement (WTO GPA) country (Armenia, Aruba, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Korea (Republic of), Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Montenegro, Netherlands, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Singapore, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Ukraine, or United Kingdom);

A Free Trade Agreement (FTA) country (Australia, Bahrain, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, ~~Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Korea (Republic of), Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Oman, Panama, Peru, or Singapore~~);

~~Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Korea (Republic of), Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Oman, Panama, Peru, or Singapore~~);

A least developed country (Afghanistan, Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, ~~Cambodia~~, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of Congo, Djibouti, Equatorial

Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Kiribati, Laos, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Nepal, Niger, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Sudan, Tanzania, Timor-Leste, Togo, Tuvalu, Uganda, Vanuatu, Yemen, or Zambia); or

A Caribbean Basin country (Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bonaire, ~~British Virgin~~[British Virgin](#) Islands, Curacao, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, Jamaica, Montserrat, Saba, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Sint Eustatius, Sint Maarten, or Trinidad and Tobago).

Designated country construction material means a construction material that is a WTO GPA country construction material, an FTA country construction material, a least developed country construction material, or a Caribbean Basin country construction material.

Domestic construction material means—

(1) For construction material that does not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both-

An unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in the United States; or

A construction material manufactured in the United States, if—

The cost of its components mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds 60 percent of ~~the cost~~[the cost](#) of ~~all its~~[all its](#) components, except that the percentage will be 65 percent for items delivered in calendar years 2024 through 2028 and 75 percent for items delivered starting in calendar year 2029.

The construction material is a COTS item; or

(2) For construction material that consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, a construction material manufactured in the United States if the cost of foreign iron and steel constitutes less than 5 percent of the cost of all components used in such construction material. The cost of foreign iron and steel includes but is not limited to the cost of foreign iron or steel mill products (such as bar, billet, slab, wire, plate, or sheet), castings, or forgings utilized in the manufacture of the construction material and a good faith estimate of the cost of all foreign iron or steel components excluding COTS fasteners. Iron or steel components of unknown origin are treated as foreign. If the construction material contains multiple components, the cost of all the materials used in such construction material is calculated in accordance with the definition of "cost of components".

Fastener means a hardware device that mechanically joins or affixes two or more objects together. Examples of fasteners are nuts, bolts, pins, rivets, nails, clips, and screws.

Foreign construction material means a construction material other than a domestic construction material.

Foreign iron and steel means iron or steel products not produced in the United States. Produced in the United States means that all manufacturing processes of the iron or steel must take place in the United States, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives. The origin of the elements of the iron or steel is not relevant to the determination of whether it is domestic or foreign.

Free Trade Agreement country construction material means a construction material that (1) Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a Free Trade Agreement (FTA) country; or

(2) In the case of a construction material that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has been substantially transformed in a FTA country into a new and different construction material distinct from the materials from which it was transformed.

Least developed country construction material means a construction material that-

Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a least developed country; or

In the case of a construction material that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, ~~has been substantially~~ has been substantially transformed in a least developed country into a new and different construction material distinct from the materials from which it was transformed.

Predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both means that the cost of the iron and steel content exceeds 50 percent of the total cost of all its components. The cost of iron and steel is the cost of the iron or steel mill products (such as bar, billet, slab, wire, plate, or sheet), castings, or forgings utilized in the manufacture of the product and a good faith estimate of the cost of iron or steel components excluding COTS fasteners.

Steel means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between 0.02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements.

United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

WTO GPA country construction material means a construction material that (1) Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a WTO GPA country; or

(2) In the case of a construction material that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has been substantially transformed in a WTO GPA country into a new and different construction material distinct from the materials from which it was transformed.

(b) Construction materials.

This clause implements [41 U.S.C. chapter 83](#), Buy American, by providing a preference for domestic construction material. In accordance with [41 U.S.C. 1907](#), the domestic content test of the Buy American statute is waived for construction material that is a COTS item, except that for construction material that consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the domestic content test is applied only to the iron and steel content of the construction material, excluding COTS fasteners. (See FAR [\(a\)\(2\)](#)). In addition, the Contracting Officer has determined that the WTO GPA and Free Trade Agreements (FTAs) apply to this acquisition. Therefore, the Buy American restrictions are waived for designated country construction materials.

The Contractor shall use only domestic or designated country construction material in performing ~~this contract,~~ this contract, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(3) and (b)(4) of this clause.

The requirement in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause does not apply to information technology that is ~~a commercial product~~ a commercial product or to the construction materials or components listed by the Government as follows:



[Contracting Officer to list applicable excepted materials or indicate "none"]

The Contracting Officer may add other foreign construction material to the list in paragraph (b)(3) of ~~this clause~~this clause if ~~the Government~~the Government determines that-

(i) The cost of domestic construction material would be unreasonable.

(A) For domestic construction material that is not a critical item or does not contain critical components.

The cost of a particular domestic construction material subject to the restrictions of the Buy American ~~statute~~is unreasonable~~statute is unreasonable~~ when the cost of such material exceeds the cost of foreign material by more than 20 percent;

For construction material that is not a COTS item and does not consist wholly or predominantly of iron ~~or steel~~or steel or a combination of both, if the cost of a particular domestic construction material is determined to be unreasonable or there is no domestic offer received, and the low offer is for foreign construction material that does not exceed 55 percent domestic content, the Contracting Officer will treat the lowest offer of foreign construction material that is manufactured in the United States and exceeds 55 percent domestic content as a domestic offer and determine whether the cost of that offer is unreasonable by applying the evaluation factor listed in paragraph (b)(4)(i)(A)(1) of this clause.

The procedures in paragraph (b)(4)(i)(A)(2) of this clause will no longer apply as of January 1, 2030.

(B) For domestic construction material that is a critical item or contains critical components.

The cost of a particular domestic construction material that is a critical item or contains critical components, ~~subject to the~~subject to the requirements of the Buy American statute, is unreasonable when the cost of such material exceeds the cost of foreign material by more than 20 percent plus the additional preference factor identified for the critical item or construction material containing critical components listed at FAR 25.105.

For construction material that does not consist wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination ~~of both~~of both, if ~~the cost~~the cost of a particular domestic construction material is determined to be unreasonable or there is no domestic offer received, and the low offer is for foreign construction material that does not exceed 55 percent domestic content, the Contracting Officer will treat the lowest offer of foreign construction material that is manufactured in the United States and exceeds 55 percent domestic content as a domestic offer, and determine whether the cost of that offer is unreasonable by applying the evaluation factor listed in paragraph (b)(4)(i)(B)(1) of this clause.

The procedures in paragraph (b)(4)(i)(B)(2) of this clause will no longer apply as of January 1, 2030.

The application of the restriction of the Buy American Act to a particular construction material would ~~be impracticable or~~be impracticable or inconsistent with the public interest; or

The construction material is not mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient ~~and reasonably available~~and reasonably available commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality.

(c) Request for determination of inapplicability of the Buy American statute.

(1)

(i) Any Contractor request to use foreign construction material in accordance with paragraph (b)(4) of this clause shall include adequate information for Government evaluation of the request, including(A) A description of the foreign and domestic construction materials;

Unit of measure;

Quantity;

Price;

Time of delivery or availability;

Location of the construction project;

Name and address of the proposed supplier; and

A detailed justification of the reason for use of foreign construction materials cited in accordance ~~with paragraph~~with paragraph (b)(3) of this clause.

A request based on unreasonable cost shall include a reasonable survey of the market and a completed ~~price comparison table~~price comparison table in the format in paragraph (d) of this clause.

The price of construction material shall include all delivery costs to the construction site and any ~~applicable duty~~applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free certificate may be issued).

Any Contractor request for a determination submitted after contract award shall explain why the ~~Contractor could not reasonably foresee the need for such determination and could~~Contractor could not reasonably foresee the need for such determination and could not have requested the determination before contract award. If the Contractor does not submit a satisfactory explanation, the Contracting Officer need not make a determination.

~~have requested the determination before contract award. If the Contractor does not submit a satisfactory explanation, the Contracting Officer need not make a determination.~~

If the Government determines after contract award that an exception to the Buy American statute applies ~~and the Contracting~~and the Contracting Officer and the Contractor negotiate adequate consideration, the Contracting Officer will modify the contract to allow use of the foreign construction material. However, when the basis for the exception is the unreasonable price of a domestic construction material, adequate consideration is not less than the differential established in paragraph (b)(4)(i) of this clause.

Unless the Government determines that an exception to the Buy American statute applies, use of ~~foreign construction material~~foreign construction material is noncompliant with the Buy American statute.

(d) Data. To permit evaluation of requests under paragraph (c) of this clause based on unreasonable cost, the Contractor shall include the following information and any applicable supporting data based on the survey of suppliers:

Foreign and Domestic Construction Materials Price Comparison

Construction Material Description Unit of Measure Quantity Price  
(Dollars)\*

Item1

Foreign construction material

Domestic construction material

Item1

~~Item1~~

Foreign construction material

Domestic construction material

[\* Include all delivery costs to the construction site and any applicable duty (whether or not a duty-free entry certificate is issued)].

[ List name, address, telephone number, and contact for suppliers surveyed. Attach copy of response; if oral, attach summary. ]

[ Include other applicable supporting information. ]

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Nov 2023) . As prescribed in [25.1102](#) (c)(3), add the following definition of "Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction material" to paragraph (a) of the basic clause, and substitute the following paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) for paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of the basic clause:

"Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction material" means a construction material that-

Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of Bahrain, Mexico, or Oman; or

In the case of a construction material that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, ~~has been substantially~~ [has been substantially](#) transformed in Bahrain, Mexico, or Oman into a new and different construction material distinct from the materials from which it was transformed.

(b) Construction materials. (1) This clause implements [41 U.S.C. chapter 83](#), Buy American, by providing a preference for domestic construction material. In accordance with [41 U.S.C. 1907](#), the domestic content test of the Buy American statute is waived for construction material that is a COTS item, except that for construction material that consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel or a combination of both, the domestic content test is applied only to the iron and steel content of the construction material, excluding COTS fasteners. (See [\(a\)\(2\)](#)). In addition, the Contracting Officer has determined that the WTO GPA and all the Free Trade Agreements, except the Bahrain FTA, United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement, and the Oman FTA apply to this acquisition.

Deleted Cells

Therefore, the Buy American statute restrictions are waived for designated country construction materials other than Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction materials.

(2) The Contractor shall use only domestic or designated country construction material other than Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction material in performing this contract, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(3) and (b)(4) of this clause.

Alternate II (Oct 2022). As prescribed in [25.1102](#) (c)(4) substitute the following sentence for the first sentence of paragraph (1)(ii)(A) of the definition of domestic construction material in paragraph (a):

(A) The cost of its components mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States exceeds \_\_\_ percent of the cost of all its components. [ Contracting officer to insert the percentage. ]

52.225-12 Notice of Buy American Requirement-Construction Materials Under Trade Agreements.

As prescribed in [25.1102\(d\)\(1\)](#), insert the following provision:

Notice of Buy American Requirement-Construction Materials Under Trade Agreements (May 2014)

Definitions. "Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "construction material," "designated country construction material," "domestic construction material," and "foreign construction material," as used in this provision, are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American-Construction Materials Under Trade Agreements" (Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clause 52.225-11).

Requests for determination of inapplicability. An offeror requesting a determination regarding the inapplicability of the Buy American statute should submit the request to the Contracting Officer in time to allow a determination before submission of offers. The offeror shall include the information and applicable supporting data required by paragraphs (c) and (d) of FAR clause 52.225-11 in the request. If an offeror has not requested a determination regarding the inapplicability of the Buy American statute before submitting its offer, or has not received a response to a previous request, the offeror shall include the information and supporting data in the offer.

Evaluation of offers.

The Government will evaluate an offer requesting exception to the requirements of the Buy American statute, based on ~~enclamed~~[on claimed](#) unreasonable cost of domestic construction materials, by adding to the offered price the appropriate percentage of the cost of such foreign construction material, as specified in paragraph (b)(4)(i) of FAR clause 52.225-11.

If evaluation results in a tie between an offeror that requested the substitution of foreign construction ~~material based on unreasonable~~[material based on unreasonable](#) cost and an offeror that did not request an exception, the Contracting Officer will award to the offeror that did not request an exception based on unreasonable cost.

(d) Alternate offers.

When an offer includes foreign construction material, other than designated country construction material, that is ~~not listed~~[not listed](#) by the Government in this solicitation in paragraph (b)(3) of FAR clause 52.225-11, the offeror also may submit an alternate offer based on use of equivalent domestic or designated country construction material.

If an alternate offer is submitted, the offeror shall submit a separate [Standard Form 1442](#) for the alternate offer, and a separate price comparison table prepared in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of FAR clause 52.225-11 for the offer that is based on the use of any foreign construction material for which the Government has not yet determined an exception applies.

If the Government determines that a particular exception requested in accordance with paragraph (c) of ~~FAR clause 52.225-11~~ [FAR clause 52.225-11](#) does not apply, the Government will evaluate only those offers based on use of the equivalent domestic or designated country construction material, and the offeror shall be required to furnish such domestic or designated country construction material. An offer based on use of the foreign construction material for which an exception was requested ~~(+)~~ [\(+\)](#)

Will be rejected as nonresponsive if this acquisition is conducted by sealed bidding; or

~~(+)~~ May be accepted if revised during negotiations.

(End of Provision)

Alternate I (May 2014). As prescribed in [25.1102](#) (d)(2), substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic provision:

(b) Requests for determination of inapplicability. An offeror requesting a determination regarding the inapplicability of the Buy American statute shall submit the request with its offer, including the information and applicable supporting data required by paragraphs (c) and (d) of FAR clause 52.225-11.

Alternate II (Nov 2023). As prescribed in ~~25.1102~~ [25.1102](#) (d)(3), add the definition of "Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction material" to paragraph (a) and substitute the following paragraph (d) for paragraph (d) of the basic provision:

(d) Alternate offers. (1) When an offer includes foreign construction material, except foreign construction material from a designated country other than Bahrain, Mexico, or Oman that is not listed by the Government in this solicitation in paragraph (b)(3) of FAR clause 52.225-11, the offeror also may submit an alternate offer based on use of equivalent domestic or designated country construction material other than Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction material.

If an alternate offer is submitted, the offeror shall submit a separate [Standard Form 1442](#) for the alternate offer, and a separate price comparison table prepared in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of FAR clause 52.225-11 for the offer that is based on the use of any foreign construction material for which the Government has not yet determined an exception applies.

If the Government determines that a particular exception requested in accordance with paragraph (c) of ~~FAR clause~~ [FAR clause](#)

[FAR clause](#) 52.225-11 does not apply, the Government will evaluate only those offers based on use of the equivalent domestic or designated country construction material other than Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction material. An offer based on use of the foreign construction material for which an exception was requested ~~-~~

(i) Will be rejected as nonresponsive if this acquisition is conducted by sealed bidding; or (ii) May be accepted if revised during negotiations.

52.225-13 ~~Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Restrictions on certain foreign purchases (Feb 2021)~~

~~Except as authorized by the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) in the Department of the Treasury, the Contractor shall not acquire, for use in the performance of this contract, any supplies or services if any proclamation, Executive order, or statute administered by OFAC, or if OFAC's implementing regulations at 31 CFR Chapter V, would prohibit such a transaction by a person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.~~

~~Except as authorized by OFAC, most transactions involving Cuba, Iran, and Sudan are prohibited, as are most imports from Burma or North Korea, into the United States or its outlying areas. Lists of entities and individuals subject to economic sanctions are included in OFAC's List of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons at~~

~~. More information about these restrictions, as well as updates, is available in the OFAC's regulations at 31 CFR Chapter V and/or on OFAC's website at~~

~~The Contractor shall insert this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.225-14 Inconsistency between English Version and Translation of Contract.

As prescribed at [25.1103\(b\)](#), insert the following clause:

Inconsistency Between English Version and Translation of Contract (Feb 2000)

In the event of inconsistency between any terms of this contract and any translation into another language, the English language meaning shall control.

(End of clause)

52.225-15 [Reserved]

52.225-16 [Reserved]

52.225-17 Evaluation of Foreign Currency Offers.

As prescribed in [25.1103 \(c\)](#), insert the following provision:

Evaluation of Foreign Currency Offers (Feb 2000)

If the Government receives offers in more than one currency, the Government will evaluate offers by converting the foreign currency to United States currency using [Contracting Officer to insert source of rate] in effect as follows:

For acquisitions conducted using sealed bidding procedures, on the date of bid opening.

For acquisitions conducted using negotiation procedures-

On the date specified for receipt of offers, if award is based on initial offers; otherwise

On the date specified for receipt of proposal revisions.

(End of provision)

52.225-18 Place of Manufacture.

As prescribed in [25.1101](#) (f), insert the following provision:

Place of Manufacture (Aug 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

Manufactured end product means any end product in product and service codes (PSCs) 1000-9999, except-

FPSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials;

Product or Service Group (PSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies;

PSG 88, Live Animals;

PSG 89, Subsistence;

PSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials;

PSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible;

PSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products;

PSC 9610, Ores;

PSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and

PSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.

Place of manufacture means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.

(b) For statistical purposes only, the offeror shall indicate whether the place of manufacture of the end products it expects to provide in response to this solicitation is predominantly-

☐ In the United States (Check this box if the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured in the United States exceeds the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured outside the United States); or

[States\); or](#)

☐ Outside the United States.

(End of provision)

52.225-19 Contractor Personnel in a Designated Operational Area or Supporting a Diplomatic or Consular Mission Outside the United States.

As prescribed in [25.301-4](#) , insert the following clause:

Contractor Personnel in a Designated Operational Area or Supporting a Diplomatic or Consular Mission Outside the United States (May 2020)

Definitions. As used in this clause-

Chief of mission means the principal officer in charge of a diplomatic mission of the United States or of a United States office abroad which is designated by the Secretary of State as diplomatic in nature, including any individual assigned under section 502(c) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (Public Law 96-465) to be temporarily in charge of such a mission or office.

Combatant commander means the commander of a unified or specified combatant command established in accordance with [10 U.S.C. 161](#).

Designated operational area means a geographic area designated by the combatant commander or subordinate joint force commander for the conduct or support of specified military operations.

"Supporting a diplomatic or consular mission" means performing outside the United States under a contract administered by Federal agency personnel who are subject to the direction of a chief of mission.

General.

(1) This clause applies when Contractor personnel are required to perform outside the United States-

(i) In a designated operational area during-

Contingency operations;

Humanitarian or peacekeeping operations; or

Other military operations; or military exercises, when designated by the Combatant Commander; or

(ii) When supporting a diplomatic or consular mission-

[\(A\)](#) That has been designated by the Department of State as a danger pay post (see <https://aoprals.state.gov/>); or [\(B\)](#) That the Contracting Officer has indicated is subject to this clause.

~~That the Contracting Officer has indicated is subject to this clause.~~



Contract performance may require work in dangerous or austere conditions. Except as otherwise provided ~~in the contract~~in the contract, the Contractor accepts the risks associated with required contract performance in such operations.

Contractor personnel are civilians.

Except as provided in paragraph (b)(3)(ii) of this clause, and in accordance with paragraph (i)(3) of ~~this clause~~this clause, Contractor personnel are only authorized to use deadly force in self-defense.

Contractor personnel performing security functions are also authorized to use deadly force when use of ~~such force~~reasonably such force appears necessary to execute their security mission to protect assets/persons, consistent with the terms and conditions contained in the contract or with their job description and terms of employment.

(4) Service performed by Contractor personnel subject to this clause is not active duty or service under 38 U.S.C. 106 note.

Support. Unless specified elsewhere in the contract, the Contractor is responsible for all logistical and security support required for Contractor personnel engaged in this contract.

Compliance with laws and regulations. The Contractor shall comply with, and shall ensure that its personnel in the designated operational area or supporting the diplomatic or consular mission are familiar with and comply with, all applicable-

United States, host country, and third country national laws;

Treaties and international agreements;

United States regulations, directives, instructions, policies, and procedures; and

Force protection, security, health, or safety orders, directives, and instructions issued by the Chief of ~~Mission or the Combatant~~Mission or the Combatant Commander; however, only the Contracting Officer is authorized to modify the terms and conditions of the contract.

(e) Preliminary personnel requirements.

Specific requirements for paragraphs (e)(2)(i) through (e)(2)(vi) of this clause will be set forth in ~~the statement~~the statement of work, or elsewhere in the contract.

Before Contractor personnel depart from the United States or a third country, and before ~~Contractor personnel residing in~~Contractor personnel residing in the host country begin contract performance in the designated operational area or supporting the diplomatic or consular mission, the Contractor shall ensure the following:

All required security and background checks are complete and acceptable.

All personnel are medically and physically fit and have received all required vaccinations.

All personnel have all necessary passports, visas, entry permits, and other documents required for ~~Contractor personnel~~Contractor personnel to enter and exit the foreign country, including those required for in-transit countries.

All personnel have received-

(A) A country clearance or special area clearance, if required by the chief of mission; and (B) Theater clearance, if required by the Combatant Commander.

(v) All personnel have received personal security training. The training must at a minimum-

Cover safety and security issues facing employees overseas;

Identify safety and security contingency planning activities; and

Identify ways to utilize safety and security personnel and other resources appropriately.

All personnel have received isolated personnel training, if specified in the contract. Isolated personnel ~~are military or civilian~~are military or civilian personnel separated from their unit or organization in an environment requiring them to survive, evade, or escape while awaiting rescue or recovery.

All personnel who are U.S. citizens are registered with the U.S. Embassy or Consulate with ~~jurisdiction over~~jurisdiction over the ~~area of~~area of operations on-line at <http://www.travel.state.gov>.

(3) The Contractor shall notify all personnel who are not a host country national or ordinarily resident in the host country that-

~~(i)~~ If this contract is with the Department of Defense, or the contract relates to supporting the mission of ~~the Department~~the Department of Defense outside the United States, such employees, and dependents residing with such employees, who engage in conduct outside the United States that would constitute an offense punishable by imprisonment for more than one year if the conduct had been engaged in within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, may potentially be subject to the criminal jurisdiction of the United States (see the Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act of 2000 ([18 U.S.C. 3261](#) et seq.);

Pursuant to the War Crimes Act, [18 U.S.C. 2441](#), Federal criminal jurisdiction also extends to conduct that is determined to constitute a war crime when committed by a civilian national of the United States; and

Other laws may provide for prosecution of U.S. nationals who commit offenses on the premises of ~~United States diplomatic~~United States diplomatic, consular, military or other United States Government missions outside the United States ( [18 U.S.C. 7\(9\)](#) )~~).~~

(f) Processing and departure points. The Contractor shall require its personnel who are arriving from outside the area of performance to perform in the designated operational area or supporting the diplomatic or consular mission to-

Process through the departure center designated in the contract or complete another process as directed by the Contracting Officer;

Use a specific point of departure and transportation mode as directed by the Contracting Officer; and

Process through a reception center as designated by the Contracting Officer upon arrival at the place of ~~performance~~of performance.

(g) Personnel data.

Unless personnel data requirements are otherwise specified in the contract, the Contractor shall establish ~~and maintain with~~and maintain with the designated Government official a current list of all Contractor personnel in the areas of performance. The Contracting Officer will inform the Contractor of the Government official designated to receive this data and the appropriate system to use for this effort.

The Contractor shall ensure that all employees on this list have a current record of emergency data, ~~for notification of next of kin~~for notification of next of kin, on file with both the Contractor and the designated Government official.

Contractor personnel. The Contracting Officer may direct the Contractor, at its own expense, to remove and replace any Contractor personnel who fail to comply with or violate applicable requirements of this contract. Such action may be taken at the Government's discretion without prejudice to its rights under any other provision of this contract, including termination for default or cause.

Weapons.

(1) If the Contracting Officer, subject to the approval of the Combatant Commander or the Chief of Mission, authorizes the carrying of weapons-

The Contracting Officer may authorize an approved Contractor to issue Contractor-owned weapons ~~and ammunition to specified~~and ammunition to specified employees; or

The \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer to specify individual, e.g., Contracting Officer Representative, Regional Security Officer, etc.] may issue Government-furnished weapons and ammunition to the Contractor for issuance to specified Contractor employees.

The Contractor shall provide to the Contracting Officer a specific list of personnel for whom authorization ~~to carry a weapon~~to carry a weapon is requested.

The Contractor shall ensure that its personnel who are authorized to carry weapons-

(i) Are adequately trained to carry and use them-

Safely;

With full understanding of, and adherence to, the rules of the use of force issued by the ~~Combatant Commander~~Combatant Commander or ~~the Chief~~the Chief of Mission; and

In compliance with applicable agency policies, agreements, rules, regulations, and other applicable law;

Are not barred from possession of a firearm by 18 U.S.C. 922; and

Adhere to all guidance and orders issued by the Combatant Commander or the Chief of Mission ~~regarding possession~~regarding possession, use, safety, and accountability of weapons and ammunition.

Upon revocation by the Contracting Officer of the Contractor's authorization to possess weapons, ~~the Contractor shall ensure~~ the Contractor shall ensure that all Government-furnished weapons and unexpended ammunition are returned as directed by the Contracting Officer.

Whether or not weapons are Government-furnished, all liability for the use of any weapon by ~~Contractor personnel rests solely~~ Contractor personnel rests solely with the Contractor and the Contractor employee using such weapon.

Vehicle or equipment licenses. Contractor personnel shall possess the required licenses to operate all vehicles or equipment necessary to perform the contract in the area of performance.

Military clothing and protective equipment.

Contractor personnel are prohibited from wearing military clothing unless specifically authorized by ~~the Combatant Commander~~ the Combatant Commander. If authorized to wear military clothing, Contractor personnel must wear distinctive patches, armbands, nametags, or headgear, in order to be distinguishable from military personnel, consistent with force protection measures.

Contractor personnel may wear specific items required for safety and security, such as ballistic, nuclear, biological, ~~or chemical~~ or chemical protective equipment.

(l) Evacuation.

If the Chief of Mission or Combatant Commander orders a mandatory evacuation of some or all personnel, ~~the Government~~ the Government will provide to United States and third country national Contractor personnel the level of assistance provided to private United States citizens.

In the event of a non-mandatory evacuation order, the Contractor shall maintain personnel on ~~location sufficient to meet contractual~~ locations sufficient to meet contractual obligations unless instructed to evacuate by the Contracting Officer.

(m) Personnel recovery.

In the case of isolated, missing, detained, captured or abducted Contractor personnel, the Government ~~will assist in personnel~~ will assist in personnel recovery actions.

Personnel recovery may occur through military action, action by non-governmental organizations, ~~other Government~~ other Government-approved action, diplomatic initiatives, or through any combination of these options.

The Department of Defense has primary responsibility for recovering DoD contract service employees and, ~~when requested~~ when requested, will provide personnel recovery support to other agencies in accordance with DoD Directive 2310.2, Personnel Recovery.

(n) Notification and return of personal effects.

(1) The Contractor shall be responsible for notification of the employee-designated next of kin, and notification as soon as possible to the U.S. Consul responsible for the area in which the event occurred, if the employee(i) Dies;

Requires evacuation due to an injury; or

Is isolated, missing, detained, captured, or abducted.

(2) The Contractor shall also be responsible for the return of all personal effects of deceased or missing Contractor personnel, if appropriate, to next of kin.

(o) Mortuary affairs. Mortuary affairs for Contractor personnel who die in the area of performance will be handled as follows:

(1) If this contract was awarded by DoD, the remains of Contractor personnel will be handled in accordance with DoD Directive 1300.22, Mortuary Affairs Policy.

(2)

If this contract was awarded by an agency other than DoD, the Contractor is responsible for the return of ~~the remains of Contractor~~ the remains of Contractor personnel from the point of identification of the remains to the location specified by the employee or next of kin, as applicable, except as provided in paragraph (o)(2)(ii) of this clause.

In accordance with 10 U.S.C. 1486, the Department of Defense may provide, on a reimbursable basis, mortuary support for the disposition of remains and personal effects of all U.S. citizens upon the request of the Department of State.

Changes. In addition to the changes otherwise authorized by the Changes clause of this contract, the Contracting Officer may, at any time, by written order identified as a change order, make changes in place of performance or Government-furnished facilities, equipment, material, services, or site. Any change order issued in accordance with this paragraph shall be subject to the provisions of the Changes clause of this contract.

~~Officer may, at any time, by written order identified as a change order, make changes in place of performance or Government-furnished facilities, equipment, material, services, or site. Any change order issued in accordance with this paragraph shall be subject to the provisions of the Changes clause of this contract.~~

Subcontracts. The Contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (q), in all subcontracts that require subcontractor personnel to perform outside the United States-

(1) In a designated operational area during-

Contingency operations;

Humanitarian or peacekeeping operations; or

Other military operations; or military exercises, when designated by the Combatant Commander; or

(2) When supporting a diplomatic or consular mission-

(i) That has been designated by the Department of State as a danger pay post (see <https://aoprals.state.gov/>); or

(ii) That the Contracting Officer has indicated is subject to this clause.

(End of clause)

~~52.225-20 Prohibition on Conducting Restricted Business Operations in Sudan Certification.~~

~~As prescribed at (d), insert the following provision:~~

~~Prohibition on Conducting Restricted Business Operations in Sudan Certification (Aug 2009)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-~~

Business operations means engaging in commerce in any form, including by acquiring, developing, maintaining, owning, selling, possessing, leasing, or operating equipment, facilities, personnel, products, services, personal property, real property, or any other apparatus of business or commerce.

~~Marginalized populations of Sudan means-~~

~~Adversely affected groups in regions authorized to receive assistance under section 8(c) of the Darfur Peace and Accountability Act (Pub. L. 109-344) (- note); and~~

~~Marginalized areas in Northern Sudan described in section 4(9) of such Act.~~

~~Restricted business operations means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate-~~

~~Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan;~~

~~Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;~~

~~Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;~~

~~Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;~~

~~Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or~~

~~Have been voluntarily suspended.~~

~~(b) Certification. By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan. (End of provision)~~

~~52.225-21 Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods-Buy American Statute-Construction Materials.~~

~~As prescribed in (e), insert the following clause:~~

~~Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods-Buy American Statute-Construction Materials (Jan 2021) (a) Definitions. As used in this clause-~~

~~Component means an article, material, or supply incorporated directly into a construction material.~~

~~Construction material means an article, material, or supply brought to the construction site by the Contractor or a subcontractor for incorporation into the building or work. The term also includes an item brought to the site preassembled from articles, materials, or supplies. However, emergency life safety systems, such as emergency lighting, fire alarm, and audio evacuation systems, that are discrete systems incorporated into a public building or work and that are produced as complete systems, are evaluated as a single and distinct construction material regardless of when or how the individual parts or components of those systems are delivered to the construction site.~~

~~Domestic construction material means the following-~~

~~An unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in the United States. (The Buy American statute applies.)~~

~~A manufactured construction material that is manufactured in the United States and, if the construction material consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel, the iron or steel was produced in the United States. (Section 1605 of the Recovery Act applies.)~~

~~Foreign construction material means a construction material other than a domestic construction material.~~

~~Manufactured construction material means any construction material that is not unmanufactured construction material.~~

~~Steel means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between 0.02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements.~~

~~United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.~~

~~Unmanufactured construction material means raw material brought to the construction site for incorporation into the building or work that has not been-~~

~~Processed into a specific form and shape; or~~

~~Combined with other raw material to create a material that has different properties than the properties of the individual raw materials.~~

~~(b) Domestic preference.~~

~~(1) This clause implements-~~

~~Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Recovery Act) (Pub. L. 111-5), by requiring, unless an exception applies, that all manufactured construction material in the project is manufactured in the United States and, if the construction material consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel, the iron or steel was produced in the United States (produced in the United States means that all manufacturing processes of the iron or steel must take place in the United States, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives); and~~

~~41 U.S.C chapter 83, Buy American, by providing a preference for unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in the United States over unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in a foreign country.~~

~~The Contractor shall use only domestic construction material in performing this contract, except as provided in paragraph (b)(3) and (b)(4) of this clause.~~

~~This requirement does not apply to the construction material or components listed by the Government as follows: \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer to list applicable excepted materials or indicate "none"]~~

~~The Contracting Officer may add other foreign construction material to the list in paragraph (b)(3) of this clause if the Government determines that-~~

~~(i) The cost of domestic construction material would be unreasonable;~~

~~The cost of domestic manufactured construction material, when compared to the cost of comparable foreign manufactured construction material, is unreasonable when the cumulative cost of such material will increase the cost of the contract by more than 25 percent;~~

~~The cost of domestic unmanufactured construction material is unreasonable when the cost of such material exceeds the cost of comparable foreign unmanufactured construction material by more than 20 percent;~~

~~The construction material is not mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality;~~

~~The application of the restriction of section 1605 of the Recovery Act to a particular manufactured construction material would be inconsistent with the public interest or the application of the Buy American statute to a particular unmanufactured construction material would be impracticable or inconsistent with the public interest.~~

~~(c) Request for determination of inapplicability of section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy American statute.~~

~~(1)~~

~~(i) Any Contractor request to use foreign construction material in accordance with paragraph (b)(4) of this clause shall include adequate information for Government evaluation of the request, including (A) A description of the foreign and domestic construction materials;~~

~~Unit of measure;~~

~~Quantity;~~

~~Cost;~~

~~Time of delivery or availability;~~

~~Location of the construction project;~~

~~Name and address of the proposed supplier; and~~



~~A detailed justification of the reason for use of foreign construction materials cited in accordance with paragraph (b)(4) of this clause.~~

~~A request based on unreasonable cost shall include a reasonable survey of the market and a completed cost comparison table in the format in paragraph (d) of this clause.~~

~~The cost of construction material shall include all delivery costs to the construction site and any applicable duty.~~

~~Any Contractor request for a determination submitted after contract award shall explain why the Contractor could not reasonably foresee the need for such determination and could not have requested the determination before contract award. If the Contractor does not submit a satisfactory explanation, the Contracting Officer need not make a determination.~~

~~If the Government determines after contract award that an exception to section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy~~  
~~Buy~~

~~American statute applies and the Contracting Officer and the Contractor negotiate adequate consideration, the Contracting Officer will modify the contract to allow use of the foreign construction material. However, when the basis for the exception is the unreasonable cost of a domestic construction material, adequate consideration is not less than the differential established in paragraph (b)(4)(i) of this clause.~~

~~Unless the Government determines that an exception to section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy American statute~~

~~applies, use of foreign construction material is noncompliant with section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act or the Buy American statute.~~

~~(d) Data. To permit evaluation of requests under paragraph (c) of this clause based on unreasonable cost, the Contractor shall include the following information and any applicable supporting data based on the survey of suppliers:~~

~~Foreign and Domestic Construction Materials Cost Comparison~~

~~Unit of~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Construction Material Description \_\_\_\_\_ Quantity \_\_\_\_\_ Cost (Dollars)\*~~

~~Measure~~

~~Item 1:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Foreign construction material \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Domestic construction material \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~Item 2:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Foreign construction material \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Domestic construction material \_\_\_\_\_~~

{List name, address, telephone number, and contact for suppliers surveyed. Attach copy of response; if oral, attach summary.}

{Include other applicable supporting information.}

{\* Include all delivery costs to the construction site.}

(End of clause)

~~52.225-22 Notice of Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods-Buy American Statute Construction Materials.~~

As prescribed in (e), insert the following provision:

~~Notice of Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods-Buy American Statute Construction Materials (Jan 2021)~~

~~Definitions. "Construction material," "domestic construction material," "foreign construction material,"~~

~~"manufactured construction material," "steel," and "unmanufactured construction material," as used in this provision, are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Required Use of Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods-Buy American statute Construction Materials" (Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clause 52.225-21).~~

~~Requests for determinations of inapplicability. An offeror requesting a determination regarding the inapplicability of section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-5) (Recovery Act) or the Buy American statute should submit the request to the Contracting Officer in time to allow a determination before submission of offers. The Offeror shall include the information and applicable supporting data required by paragraphs (c) and (d) of the clause at FAR 52.225-21 in the request. If an offeror has not requested a determination regarding the inapplicability of section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy American statute before submitting its offer, or has not received a response to a previous request, the Offeror shall include the information and supporting data in the offer.~~

~~Evaluation of offers.~~

~~(1) If the Government determines that an exception based on unreasonable cost of domestic construction material applies in accordance with FAR, the Government will evaluate an offer requesting exception to the requirements of section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy American statute by adding to the offered price of the contract-~~

~~25 percent of the offered price of the contract, if foreign manufactured construction material is incorporated in the offer based on an exception for unreasonable cost of comparable manufactured domestic construction material; and~~

~~20 percent of the cost of foreign unmanufactured construction material included in the offer based on an exception for the unreasonable cost of comparable domestic unmanufactured construction material.~~

~~If the solicitation specifies award on the basis of factors in addition to cost or price, the Contracting Officer will apply the evaluation factors as specified in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision and use the evaluated price in determining the offer that represents the best value to the Government.~~

~~Unless paragraph (c)(2) of this provision applies, if two or more offers are equal in price, the Contracting Officer will give preference to an offer that does not include foreign construction material excepted at the request of the Offeror on the basis of unreasonable cost of comparable domestic construction material.~~

~~(d) Alternate offers.~~

~~When an offer includes foreign construction material not listed by the Government in this solicitation in paragraph (b)(3) of the clause at FAR 52.225-21, the Offeror also may submit an alternate offer based on use of equivalent domestic construction material.~~

~~If an alternate offer is submitted, the Offeror shall submit a separate Standard Form 1442 for the alternate offer and a separate cost comparison table prepared in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of the clause at FAR 52.225-21 for the offer that is based on the use of any foreign construction material for which the Government has not yet determined an exception applies.~~

~~If the Government determines that a particular exception requested in accordance with paragraph (c) of the clause at FAR 52.225-21 does not apply, the Government will evaluate only those offers based on use of the equivalent domestic construction material, and the Offeror shall be required to furnish such domestic construction material. An offer based on use of the foreign construction material for which an exception was requested—~~

~~Will be rejected as nonresponsive if this acquisition is conducted by sealed bidding; or~~

~~May be accepted if revised during negotiations.~~

~~(End of Provision)~~

~~Alternate I (May 2014). As prescribed in (e), substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic provision:~~

~~(b) Requests for determinations of inapplicability. An offeror requesting a determination regarding the inapplicability of section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-5) (Recovery Act) or the Buy American statute shall submit the request with its offer, including the information and applicable supporting data required by paragraphs (c) and (d) of the clause at FAR 52.225-21.~~

~~52.225-23 Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods—Buy American Statute—Construction Materials under Trade Agreements.~~

~~As prescribed in (e), insert the following clause:~~

~~Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods—Buy American Statute—Construction Materials under Trade Agreements (Nov 2023)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—~~

~~Component means an article, material, or supply incorporated directly into a construction material.~~

~~Construction material means an article, material, or supply brought to the construction site by the Contractor or subcontractor for incorporation into the building or work. The term also includes an item brought to the site~~

preassembled from articles, materials, or supplies. However, emergency lifesafety systems, such as emergency lighting, fire alarm, and audio evacuation systems, that are discrete systems incorporated into a public building or work and that are produced as complete systems, are evaluated as a single and distinct construction material regardless of when or how the individual parts or components of those systems are delivered to the construction site.

Designated country means any of the following countries:

A World Trade Organization Government Procurement Agreement (WTO GPA) country (Armenia, Aruba, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany,

Greece, Hong Kong, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Korea (Republic of), Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania,

Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Montenegro, Netherlands, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Singapore, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Ukraine, or United Kingdom);

A Free Trade Agreement (FTA) country (Australia, Bahrain, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Korea (Republic of), Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Oman, Panama, Peru, or Singapore);

A least developed country (Afghanistan, Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of Congo, Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia,

Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Kiribati, Laos, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Nepal, Niger, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Sudan, Tanzania, Timor Leste, Togo, Tuvalu, Uganda, Vanuatu, Yemen, or Zambia); or

A Caribbean Basin country (Antigua and Barbuda, Aruba, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Bonaire, British Virgin Islands, Curacao, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, Jamaica, Montserrat, Saba, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Sint Eustatius, Sint Maarten, or Trinidad and Tobago).

Designated country construction material means a construction material that is a WTO GPA country construction material, an FTA country construction material, a least developed country construction material, or a Caribbean Basin country construction material.

Domestic construction material means the following:

An unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in the United States. (The Buy American statute applies.)

A manufactured construction material that is manufactured in the United States and, if the construction material consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel, the iron or steel was produced in the United States. (Section 1605 of the Recovery Act applies.)

Foreign construction material means a construction material other than a domestic construction material.

Free trade agreement (FTA) country construction material means a construction material that

is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of an FTA country; or

in the case of a construction material that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has been substantially transformed in an FTA country into a new and different construction material distinct from the materials from which it was transformed.

Least developed country construction material means a construction material that

is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a least developed country; or

in the case of a construction material that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has been substantially transformed in a least developed country into a new and different construction material distinct from the materials from which it was transformed.

Manufactured construction material means any construction material that is not unmanufactured construction material.

Nondesignated country means a country other than the United States or a designated country.

Recovery Act designated country means any of the following countries:

A World Trade Organization Government Procurement Agreement (WTO GPA) country (Armenia, Aruba, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany,

Greece, Hong Kong, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Korea (Republic of), Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania,

Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Montenegro, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Singapore, Slovak Republic, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Ukraine, or United Kingdom);

A Free Trade Agreement country (FTA) (Australia, Bahrain, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Korea (Republic of), Mexico, Morocco, Nicaragua, Oman, Panama, Peru, or Singapore); or

A least developed country (Afghanistan, Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia,

Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of Congo, Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia,

Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Kiribati, Laos, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Nepal, Niger, Rwanda, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Sudan, Tanzania, Timor Leste, Togo, Tuvalu, Uganda, Vanuatu, Yemen, or Zambia).

Recovery Act designated country construction material means a construction material that is a WTO-GPA country construction material, an FTA country construction material, or a least developed country construction material.

Steel means an alloy that includes at least 50 percent iron, between 0.02 and 2 percent carbon, and may include other elements.

United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

Unmanufactured construction material means raw material brought to the construction site for incorporation into the building or work that has not been-

Processed into a specific form and shape; or

Combined with other raw material to create a material that has different properties than the properties of the individual raw materials.

WTO-GPA country construction material means a construction material that (1) is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of a WTO-GPA country; or

(2) in the case of a construction material that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has been substantially transformed in a WTO-GPA country into a new and different construction material distinct from the materials from which it was transformed.

(b) Construction materials.

(1) The restrictions of section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-5) (Recovery Act) do not apply to Recovery Act designated country manufactured construction material. The restrictions of the Buy American statute do not apply to designated country unmanufactured construction material. Consistent with U.S. obligations under international agreements, this clause implements-

Section 1605 of the Recovery Act by requiring, unless an exception applies, that all manufactured construction material in the project is manufactured in the United States and, if the construction material consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel, the iron or steel was produced in the United States (produced in the United States means that all manufacturing processes of the iron or steel must take place in the United States, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives); and.

The Buy American statute by providing a preference for unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in the United States over unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in a nondesignated country.

The Contractor shall use only domestic construction material, Recovery Act designated country manufactured construction material, or designated country unmanufactured construction material in performing this contract, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(3) and (b)(4) of this clause.

~~The requirement in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause does not apply to the construction materials or components listed by the Government as follows:~~

~~[Contracting Officer to list applicable excepted materials or indicate "none".]~~

~~The Contracting Officer may add other construction material to the list in paragraph (b)(3) of this clause if the Government determines that-~~

~~(i) The cost of domestic construction material would be unreasonable;~~

~~The cost of domestic manufactured construction material is unreasonable when the cumulative cost of such material, when compared to the cost of comparable foreign manufactured construction material, other than Recovery Act designated country construction material, will increase the overall cost of the contract by more than 25 percent;~~

~~The cost of domestic unmanufactured construction material is unreasonable when the cost of such material exceeds the cost of comparable foreign unmanufactured construction material, other than designated country construction material, by more than 20 percent;~~

~~The construction material is not mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities of a satisfactory quality; or~~

~~The application of the restriction of section 1605 of the Recovery Act to a particular manufactured construction material would be inconsistent with the public interest or the application of the Buy American statute to a particular unmanufactured construction material would be impracticable or inconsistent with the public interest.~~

~~(c) Request for determination of inapplicability of section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy American statute.~~

~~(1)~~

~~(i) Any Contractor request to use foreign construction material in accordance with paragraph (b)(4) of this clause shall include adequate information for Government evaluation of the request, including (A) A description of the foreign and domestic construction materials;~~

~~Unit of measure;~~

~~Quantity;~~

~~Cost;~~

~~Time of delivery or availability;~~

~~Location of the construction project;~~

~~Name and address of the proposed supplier; and~~

~~A detailed justification of the reason for use of foreign construction materials cited in accordance with paragraph (b)(4) of this clause.~~

~~A request based on unreasonable cost shall include a reasonable survey of the market and a completed cost comparison table in the format in paragraph (d) of this clause.~~

~~The cost of construction material shall include all delivery costs to the construction site and any applicable duty.~~

~~Any Contractor request for a determination submitted after contract award shall explain why the Contractor could not reasonably foresee the need for such determination and could not have requested the determination before contract award. If the Contractor does not submit a satisfactory explanation, the Contracting Officer need not make a determination.~~

~~If the Government determines after contract award that an exception to section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy~~

~~American statute applies and the Contracting Officer and the Contractor negotiate adequate consideration, the Contracting Officer will modify the contract to allow use of the foreign construction material. However, when the basis for the exception is the unreasonable cost of a domestic construction material, adequate consideration is not less than the differential established in paragraph (b)(4)(i) of this clause.~~

~~Unless the Government determines that an exception to section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy American statute applies, use of foreign construction material other than manufactured construction material from a Recovery Act designated country or unmanufactured construction material from a designated country is noncompliant with the applicable statute.~~

~~(d) Data. To permit evaluation of requests under paragraph (c) of this clause based on unreasonable cost, the Contractor shall include the following information and any applicable supporting data based on the survey of suppliers:~~

~~Foreign (Nondesignated Country) and Domestic Construction Materials Cost Comparison~~

~~Unit of~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Construction Material Description \_\_\_\_\_ Quantity \_\_\_\_\_ Cost (Dollars)\*~~

~~Measure~~

~~Item 1:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Foreign construction material \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Domestic construction material \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~Item 2:~~

| <del>Construction Material Description</del> | <del>Unit of</del> | <del>Quantity</del> | <del>Cost (Dollars)*</del> |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
|                                              | <del>Measure</del> |                     |                            |



Foreign construction material

Domestic construction material

{List name, address, telephone number, and contact for suppliers surveyed. Attach copy of response; if oral, attach summary.}

{Include other applicable supporting information.}

{\* Include all delivery costs to the construction site.}

{End of clause}

Alternate I (Nov 2023) - As prescribed in (e), add the following definition of "Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction material" to paragraph (a) of the basic clause, and substitute the following paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) for paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of the basic clause:

Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction material means a construction material that-

(1)(1) Is wholly the growth, product, or manufacture of Bahrain, Mexico, or Oman; or

(2)(2) In the case of a construction material that consists in whole or in part of materials from another country, has been substantially transformed in Bahrain, Mexico, or Oman into a new and different construction material distinct from the materials from which it was transformed.

(b) Construction materials. (1) The restrictions of section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-5) (Recovery Act) do not apply to Recovery Act designated country manufactured construction material. The restrictions of the Buy American statute do not apply to designated country unmanufactured construction material. Consistent with U.S. obligations under international agreements, this clause implements-

Section 1605 of the Recovery Act, by requiring, unless an exception applies, that all manufactured construction material in the project is manufactured in the United States and, if the construction material consists wholly or predominantly of iron or steel, the iron or steel was produced in the United States (produced in the United States means that all

manufacturing processes of the iron or steel must take place in the United States, except metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives); and

The Buy American statute by providing a preference for unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in the United States over unmanufactured construction material mined or produced in a nondesignated country.

(2) The Contractor shall use only domestic construction material, Recovery Act designated country manufactured construction material, or designated country unmanufactured construction material, other than Bahraini, Mexican, or

Omani construction material, in performing this contract, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(3) and (b)(4) of this clause.

~~52.225-24 Notice of Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods-Buy American Statute Construction Materials Under Trade Agreements.~~

As prescribed in (e), insert the following provision:

~~Notice of Required Use of American Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods-Buy American Statute Construction Materials Under Trade Agreements (Jan 2021)~~

Definitions. "Construction material," "domestic construction material," "foreign construction material," "manufactured construction material," "Recovery Act designated country construction material," "steel," and "unmanufactured

construction material," as used in this provision, are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Required Use of Iron, Steel, and Manufactured Goods-Buy American statute Construction Materials Under Trade Agreements" (Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clause 52.225-23).

Requests for determination of inapplicability. An Offeror requesting a determination regarding the inapplicability of section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-5) (Recovery Act) or the Buy American statute should submit the request to the Contracting Officer in time to allow a determination before submission of offers. The Offeror shall include the information and applicable supporting data required by paragraphs (c) and (d) of FAR clause 52.225-23 in the request. If an Offeror has not requested a determination regarding the inapplicability of section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy American statute before submitting its offer, or has not received a response to a previous request, the Offeror shall include the information and supporting data in the offer.

Evaluation of offers.

(1) If the Government determines that an exception based on unreasonable cost of domestic construction material applies in accordance with FAR, the Government will evaluate an offer requesting exception to the requirements of section 1605 of the Recovery Act or the Buy American statute by adding to the offered price of the contract-

25 percent of the offered price of the contract, if foreign manufactured construction material is included in the offer based on an exception for the unreasonable cost of comparable manufactured domestic construction material; and

20 percent of the cost of foreign unmanufactured construction material included in the offer based on an exception for the unreasonable cost of comparable domestic unmanufactured construction material.

If the solicitation specifies award on the basis of factors in addition to cost or price, the Contracting Officer will apply the evaluation factors as specified in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision and use the evaluated cost or price in determining the offer that represents the best value to the Government.

Unless paragraph (c)(2) of this provision applies, if two or more offers are equal in price, the Contracting Officer will give preference to an offer that does not include foreign construction material excepted at the request of the Offeror on the basis of unreasonable cost.

(d) Alternate offers.

When an offer includes foreign construction material, other than Recovery Act designated country construction material, that is not listed by the Government in this solicitation in paragraph (b)(3) of FAR clause 52.225-23, the Offeror also may submit an alternate offer based on use of equivalent domestic or Recovery Act designated country construction material.

If an alternate offer is submitted, the Offeror shall submit a separate Standard Form 1442 for the alternate offer and a separate cost comparison table prepared in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of FAR clause 52.225-23 for the offer that is based on the use of any foreign construction material for which the Government has not yet determined an exception applies.

If the Government determines that a particular exception requested in accordance with paragraph (c) of FAR clause 52.225-23 does not apply, the Government will evaluate only those offers based on use of the equivalent domestic or

Recovery Act designated country construction material, and the Offeror shall be required to furnish such domestic or Recovery Act designated country construction material. An offer based on use of the foreign construction material for which an exception was requested-

Will be rejected as nonresponsive if this acquisition is conducted by sealed bidding; or

May be accepted if revised during negotiations.

(End of Provision)

Alternate I (May 2014). As prescribed in (e), substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic provision:

(b) Requests for determination of inapplicability. An offeror requesting a determination regarding the inapplicability of section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-5) (Recovery Act) or the Buy American statute shall submit the request with its offer, including the information and applicable supporting data required by paragraphs (c) and (d) of FAR clause 52.225-23.

Alternate II (Nov 2023). As prescribed in (e), add the definition of "Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction material" to paragraph (a) and substitute the following paragraph (d) for paragraph (d) of the basic provision:

(d) Alternate offers. (1) When an offer includes foreign construction material, except foreign construction material from a Recovery Act designated country other than Bahrain, Mexico, or Oman that is not listed by the Government in this solicitation in paragraph (b)(3) of FAR clause 52.225-23, the offeror also may submit an alternate offer based on use of equivalent domestic or Recovery Act designated country construction material other than Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction material.

If an alternate offer is submitted, the offeror shall submit a separate Standard Form 1442 for the alternate offer and a separate cost comparison table prepared in accordance with paragraphs (c) and (d) of FAR clause 52.225-

~~23 for the offer that is based on the use of any foreign construction material for which the Government has not yet determined an exception applies.~~

~~If the Government determines that a particular exception requested in accordance with paragraph (c) of FAR clause 52.225-23 does not apply, the Government will evaluate only those offers based on use of the equivalent domestic or Recovery Act designated country construction material other than Bahraini, Mexican, or Omani construction material. An offer based on use of the foreign construction material for which an exception was requested (i) Will be rejected as nonresponsive if this acquisition is conducted by sealed bidding; or (ii) May be accepted if revised during negotiations.~~

~~52.225-25 Prohibition on Contracting With Entities Engaging in Certain Activities or Transactions Relating to Iran —Representation and Certifications.~~

~~As prescribed at (e), insert the following provision:~~

~~Prohibition on Contracting With Entities Engaging in Certain Activities or Transactions Relating to Iran —Representation and Certifications (Jun 2020)~~

~~(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-~~

~~Person —(1) Means-~~

~~A natural person;~~

~~A corporation, business association, partnership, society, trust, financial institution, insurer, underwriter, guarantor, and any other business organization, any other nongovernmental entity, organization, or group, and any governmental entity operating as a business enterprise; and~~

~~Any successor to any entity described in paragraph (1)(ii) of this definition; and~~

~~(2) Does not include a government or governmental entity that is not operating as a business enterprise.~~

~~Sensitive technology-~~

~~(1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically-~~

~~To restrict the free flow of unbiased information in Iran; or~~

~~To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict speech of the people of Iran; and~~

~~(2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (b)(3)).~~

~~The offeror shall e-mail questions concerning sensitive technology to the Department of State at CISADA106@state.gov.~~

~~Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this provision or if a waiver has been granted in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) by submission of its offer, the offeror —~~

~~Represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror does not export any sensitive technology to the government of Iran or any entities or individuals owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf or at the direction of, the government of Iran;~~

~~Certifies that the offeror, or any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act. These sanctioned activities are in the areas of development of the petroleum resources of Iran, production of refined petroleum products in Iran, sale and provision of refined petroleum products to Iran, and contributing to Iran's ability to acquire or develop certain weapons or technologies; and~~

~~Certifies that the offeror, and any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not knowingly engage in any transaction that exceeds the threshold at FAR a)(2) with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates, the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (et seq.) (see OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List at ).~~

~~(d) Exception for trade agreements. The representation requirement of paragraph (c)(1) and the certification requirements of paragraphs (c)(2) and (c)(3) of this provision do not apply if-~~

~~This solicitation includes a trade agreements notice or certification (e.g., 52.225-4, 52.225-6, 52.225-12, 52.225-24, or comparable agency provision); and~~

~~The offeror has certified that all the offered products to be supplied are designated country end products or designated country construction material. (End of provision)~~

[52.225-20 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.225-21 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.225-22 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.225-23 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.225-24 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.225-25 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.225-26 Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States.

As prescribed in [25.302-6](#) insert the following clause:

Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside The United States (Oct 2016)

(a) Definition. As used in this clause-

Area of combat operations means an area of operations designated as such by the Secretary of Defense when enhanced coordination of contractors performing private security functions working for Government agencies is required. ~~Full cooperation-~~

[Full cooperation-](#)

Means disclosure to the Government of the information sufficient to identify the nature and extent of ~~the incident and~~ the incident and the individuals responsible for the conduct. It includes providing timely and complete responses to Government auditors' and investigators' requests for documents and access to employees with information;

Does not foreclose any Contractor rights arising in law, the FAR, or the terms of the contract. It does ~~not~~ require ~~not require~~—

The Contractor to waive its attorney-client privilege or the protections afforded by the attorney work ~~product doctrine~~; product doctrine; or

Any officer, director, owner, or employee of the Contractor, including a sole proprietor, to waive his or ~~her~~ attorney ~~her attorney~~-client privilege or Fifth Amendment rights; and

- (3) Does not restrict the Contractor from— (i) Conducting an internal investigation; or  
(ii) Defending a proceeding or dispute arising under the contract or related to a potential or disclosed violation.

Other significant military operations means activities, other than combat operations, as part of a contingency operation outside the United States that is carried out by United States Armed Forces in an uncontrolled or unpredictable high-threat environment where personnel performing security functions may be called upon to use deadly force.

Private security functions means activities engaged in by a Contractor, as follows:

Guarding of personnel, facilities, designated sites, or property of a Federal agency, the Contractor ~~or subcontractor, or a third~~ or subcontractor, or a third party.

Any other activity for which personnel are required to carry weapons in the performance of their duties ~~in accordance with~~ in accordance with the terms of this contract.

(b) Applicability. If this contract is performed both in a designated area and in an area that is not designated, the clause only applies to performance in the following designated areas—

Combat operations, as designated by the Secretary of Defense; or

Other significant military operations, as designated by the Secretary of Defense, and only upon agreement ~~of the Secretary~~ of the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of State.

(c) Requirements. The Contractor is required to—

(1) Ensure that all employees of the Contractor who are responsible for performing private security functions under this contract comply with 32 CFR part 159, and with any orders, directives, and instructions to Contractors performing private security functions that are identified in the contract for—

Registering, processing, accounting for, managing, overseeing, and keeping appropriate records of ~~personnel performing private~~ personnel performing private security functions;

Authorizing and accounting for weapons to be carried by or available to be used by personnel ~~performing private security~~performing private security functions;

Registering and identifying armored vehicles, helicopters, and other military vehicles operated ~~by Contractors performing~~by Contractors performing private security functions; and

Reporting incidents in which-

A weapon is discharged by personnel performing private security functions;

Personnel performing private security functions are attacked, killed, or injured;

Persons are killed or injured or property is destroyed as a result of conduct by Contractor personnel;

A weapon is discharged against personnel performing private security functions or personnel ~~performing such functions believe~~performing such functions believe a weapon was so discharged; or

Active, non-lethal countermeasures (other than the discharge of a weapon) are employed by ~~personnel performing private~~personnel performing private security functions in response to a perceived immediate threat;

(2) Ensure that the Contractor and all employees of the Contractor who are responsible for performing private security functions under this contract are briefed on and understand their obligation to comply with-

Qualification, training, screening (including, if applicable, thorough background checks), and ~~security requirements established~~security requirements established by 32 CFR part 159, Private Security Contractors Operating in Contingency Operations;

Applicable laws and regulations of the United States and the host country and applicable treaties ~~and international agreements~~and international agreements regarding performance of private security functions;

Orders, directives, and instructions issued by the applicable commander of a combatant command ~~or relevant~~or relevant Chief ~~of Mission~~of Mission relating to weapons, equipment, force protection, security, health, safety, or relations and interaction with locals; and

Rules on the use of force issued by the applicable commander of a combatant command or relevant Chief of ~~Mission for personnel performing private security functions; and~~  
Mission for personnel performing private security functions; and

(3) Provide full cooperation with any Government-authorized investigation of incidents reported pursuant to paragraph (c) ~~-(1)~~(1)(iv) of this clause and incidents of alleged misconduct by personnel performing private security functions under this contract by providing-

Access to employees performing private security functions; and

Relevant information in the possession of the Contractor regarding the incident concerned.

(d) Remedies. In addition to other remedies available to the Government-

The Contracting Officer may direct the Contractor, at its own expense, to remove and replace any ~~Contractor or subcontractor~~Contractor or subcontractor personnel performing private security functions who fail to comply with or violate applicable requirements of this clause or 32 CFR part 159. Such action may be taken at the Government's discretion without prejudice to its rights under any other provision of this contract.

The Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements of this clause will be included in ~~appropriate databases of past performance~~appropriatedatabases of past performance and considered in any responsibility determination or evaluation of past performance; and

If this is an award-fee contract, the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements of this clause ~~shall be considered~~shall be considered in the evaluation of the Contractor's performance during the relevant evaluation period, and the Contracting Officer may treat such failure to comply as a basis for reducing or denying award fees for such period or for recovering all or part of award fees previously paid for such period.

Rule of construction. The duty of the Contractor to comply with the requirements of this clause shall not ~~be reduced or diminished~~be reduced or diminished by the failure of a higher- or lower-tier Contractor or subcontractor to comply with the clause requirements or by a failure of the contracting activity to provide required oversight.

Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), in all subcontracts that will be performed outside the United States in areas of-

Combat operations, as designated by the Secretary of Defense; or

Other significant military operations, upon agreement of the Secretaries of Defense and State that the ~~clause applies in that~~clause applies in that area. (End of clause)

52.226 [Reserved]

52.226-1 Utilization of Indian Organizations and Indian-Owned Economic Enterprises.

As prescribed in ~~26.102-2~~, insert the following clause:

Utilization of Indian Organizations and Indian-Owned Economic Enterprises (~~June 2000~~DEVIATION DATE)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

Indian means any person who is a member of any Indian tribe, band, group, pueblo, or community that is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) ~~in accordance with~~ (see 25 U.S.C. 1452) and any ~~"Native"~~ "Native" as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act ~~(see 43 U.S.C. 1602)~~.

Indian organization means the governing body of any Indian tribe or entity established or recognized by the governing body of an Indian tribe for the purposes of 25 U.S.C., chapter 17.

Indian-owned economic enterprise means any Indian-owned (as determined by the Secretary of the Interior) commercial, industrial, or business activity established or organized for the purpose of profit, provided that Indian ownership constitutes not less than 51 percent of the enterprise.



Indian tribe means any Indian tribe, band, group, pueblo, or community, including native villages and native groups (including corporations organized by Kenai, Juneau, Sitka, and Kodiak) as defined in the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, that is recognized by the Federal Government as eligible for services from BIA ~~in accordance with~~. [See 25 U.S.C. 1452.](#)

Interested party means a prime contractor or an actual or prospective offeror whose direct economic interest would be affected by the award of a subcontract or by the failure to ~~award~~[receive](#) a subcontract.

~~(b)~~[\(b\) Opportunity to participate in subcontracts.](#) The Contractor shall use its best efforts to give Indian organizations and Indian-owned economic enterprises ~~(the maximum practicable opportunity to participate in the subcontracts it awards to the fullest extent consistent with efficient performance of~~ [while still efficiently performing](#) its contract.

The Contracting Officer and the Contractor, ~~acting in good faith,~~ may rely on the representation of an Indian organization ~~or Indian or Indian-~~owned economic enterprise as to its [own](#) eligibility, unless an interested party challenges its status or the Contracting Officer has independent reason to question that status. ~~In the event of a challenge to the representation of a subcontractor, the Contracting Officer will refer the matter to the U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) Attn: Chief, Division of Contracting and Grants Administration 1849 C Street, NW, MS-2626 MIB Washington, DC 20240-4000.~~

[If the representation of a subcontractor is challenged, the Contracting Officer will refer the matter to the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Indian Affairs \(BIA\), Acquisition Management Director \(https://www.bia.gov/as-%20ia/ocfo/acquisitions\)](#) ~~The~~.

BIA will determine the eligibility and notify the Contracting Officer. ~~No incentive~~ [The Contractor shall not make an incentive](#) payment ~~will be made~~ within 50 working days of subcontract award or while a challenge is pending. If a subcontractor is determined to be ~~an ineligible participant, no,~~ [the Contractor shall not make an](#) incentive payment ~~will be made~~ under the Indian Incentive Program.

The Contractor may request an adjustment under the Indian Incentive Program to the following:

The estimated cost of a cost-type [prime](#) contract.

The target cost of a cost-plus-incentive-fee prime contract.

The target cost and ceiling price of a fixed-price incentive prime contract.

The price of a firm-fixed-price prime contract.

~~(5)~~ [The amount of the adjustment to the prime contract is 5 percent of the estimated cost, target cost, or firm-fixed-price included](#) ~~firmfixed-price included~~ in the subcontract ~~initially~~ [first](#) awarded to the Indian organization or Indian-owned economic enterprise.

~~(6)~~ [The Contractor has the burden of proving must prove](#) the amount claimed ~~and~~ [They](#) must ~~assert its~~ request ~~for an adjustment prior to completion of~~ [before completing](#) contract performance.

~~(c)~~ [Incentive payment.](#) The Contracting Officer, subject to the terms and conditions of the contract and the availability of funds, will authorize an incentive payment of 5 percent of the amount paid to the subcontractor. ~~The Contracting Officer will seek funding in accordance with agency procedures.~~

(End of clause)

52.226-2 Historically Black College or University and Minority Institution Representation.

As prescribed in , insert the following provision:

Historically Black College or University and Minority Institution Representation (Oct 2014)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

Historically black college or university means an institution determined by the Secretary of Education to meet the requirements of 34 CFR 608.2.

Minority institution means an institution of higher education meeting the requirements of Section 365(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067k), including a Hispanic-serving institution of higher education, as defined in Section 502(a) of the Act (20 U.S.C. 1101a).

(b) Representation. The offeror represents that it— ☐ is ☐ is not a historically black college or university;

☐ is ☐ is not a minority institution.

(End of provision)

52.226-3 Disaster or Emergency Area Representation.

As prescribed in 26.206(a), insert the following provision:

Disaster or Emergency Area Representation (Nov 2007)

Set-aside area. The area covered in this contract is:

\_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer to fill in with definite geographic boundaries.]

Representations. The offeror represents that it ☐ does ☐ does not reside or primarily do business in the designated ~~setaside~~set-aside area.

An offeror is considered to be residing or primarily doing business in the set-aside area if, during the ~~last twelvemonths~~lasttwelve months—

The offeror had its main operating office in the area; and

That office generated at least half of the offeror's gross revenues and employed at least half of the ~~offeror's permanentemployees~~offeror'spermanent employees.

(d) If the offeror does not meet the criteria in paragraph (c) of this provision, factors to be considered in determining whether an offeror resides or primarily does business in the set-aside area include—

~~(1)~~ Physical location(s) of the offeror's permanent office(s) and date any office in the set-aside area(s) ~~was established~~; ~~(2)~~ wasestablished;

Current state licenses;

Record of past work in the set-aside area(s) (e.g., how much and for how long);

Contractual history the offeror has had with subcontractors and/or suppliers in the set-aside area;

Percentage of the offeror's gross revenues attributable to work performed in the set-aside area;

Number of permanent employees the offeror employs in the set-aside area;

Membership in local and state organizations in the set-aside area; and

Other evidence that establishes the offeror resides or primarily does business in the set-aside area. ~~For example, sole proprietorships~~ Forexample, sole proprietorships may submit utility bills and bank statements.

(e) If the offeror represents it resides or primarily does business in the set-aside area, the offeror shall furnish documentation to support its representation if requested by the Contracting Officer. The solicitation may require the offeror to submit with its offer documentation to support the representation.

~~documentation to support its representation if requested by the Contracting Officer. The solicitation may require the offeror to submit with its offer documentation to support the representation.~~

(End of provision)

52.226-4 Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside.

As prescribed in 26.206(b), insert the following clause:

Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area set-Aside (Nov 2007)

Set-aside area. Offers are solicited only from businesses residing or primarily doing business in \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer to fill in with definite geographic boundaries.] Offers received from other businesses shall not be considered.

This set-aside is in addition to any small business set-aside contained in this contract.

(End of clause)

52.226-5 Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area.

As prescribed in 26.206(c), insert the following clause:

Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area (Nov 2007)

Definitions. The definitions of the following terms used in this clause are found in the Small Business Administration regulations at 13 CFR 125.6(e): cost of the contract, cost of contract performance incurred for personnel, cost of manufacturing, cost of materials, personnel, and subcontracting.

The Contractor agrees that in performance of the contract in the case of a contract for-

Services (except construction). At least 50 percent of the cost of contract performance incurred for personnel shall be expended for employees of the Contractor or employees of other businesses residing or primarily doing business in the area designated in the clause at FAR 52.226-4, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside;

Supplies (other than procurement from a nonmanufacturer of such supplies). The Contractor or employees of other businesses residing or primarily doing business in the set-aside area shall perform work for at least 50 percent of the cost of manufacturing the supplies, not including the cost of materials;

General construction. The Contractor will perform at least 15 percent of the cost of the contract, not including the cost of materials, with its own employees or employees of other businesses residing or primarily doing business in the set-aside area; or

Construction by special trade Contractors. The Contractor will perform at least 25 percent of the cost of the contract, not including the cost of materials, with its own employees or employees of other businesses residing or primarily doing business in the set-aside area.

(End of clause)

52.226-6 Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations.

As prescribed in [26.402-2](#), insert the following clause:

Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (~~Jun-2020~~ [DEVIATION DATE](#))

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Apparently wholesome food means food that meets all quality and labeling standards imposed by Federal, State, and local laws and regulations even though the food may not be readily marketable due to appearance, age, freshness, grade, size, surplus, or other conditions.

Excess food means food that-

Is not required to meet the needs of the executive agencies; and

Would otherwise be discarded.

Food-insecure means inconsistent access to sufficient, safe, and nutritious food.

Nonprofit organization means any organization that is—

Described in section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and

Exempt from tax under section 501(a) of that Code.

~~In accordance with the Federal Food donation Act of 2008 ( ),~~ The Contractor is encouraged, ~~to the maximum extent practicable and safe,~~ to donate excess, apparently wholesome food to nonprofit organizations that ~~provide assistance to~~ [help](#) food-insecure people in the United States, [where practical and safe](#).

Costs.

The Contractor, including any subcontractors, shall assume the responsibility for all the costs and ~~the logistical support to collect, transport, maintain~~ logistics of collecting, transporting, maintaining the safety of, or ~~distributed~~ distributing the excess, apparently wholesome food to the nonprofit organization(s) ~~that provides assistance to~~ helping food-insecure people.

~~The Contractor will not be reimbursed for any~~ Costs incurred ~~or associated with the donation of excess foods.~~ ~~Any costs incurred~~ for excess food donations are unallowable and, as such, the Contractor will not be reimbursed for any associated costs.

(d) Liability. The Government and the Contractor, including any subcontractors, shall be exempt from civil and criminal liability to the extent provided under the Bill Emerson Good Samaritan Food Donation Act ~~(42 U.S.C. 1791).~~ Nothing in this clause shall ~~be construed to~~ supersede State or local health regulations (subsection (f) of 42 U.S.C. 1791). (End of clause)

~~Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert this clause in all contracts, task orders, delivery orders, purchase orders, and other similar instruments that exceed the threshold specified in Federal Acquisition Regulation on the date of subcontract award with its subcontractors or suppliers, at any tier, who will perform, under this contract, the provision, service, or sale of food in the United States.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

#### 52.226-7 Drug-Free Workplace.

As prescribed in , insert the following clause:

##### Drug-Free Workplace (May 2024)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Controlled substance means a controlled substance in schedules I through V of section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812) and as further defined in regulation at 21 CFR 1308.11 - 1308.15.

Conviction means a finding of guilt (including a plea of nolo contendere) or imposition of sentence, or both, by any judicial body charged with the responsibility to determine violations of the Federal or State criminal drug statutes.

Criminal drug statute means a Federal or non-Federal criminal statute involving the manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of any controlled substance.

Drug-free workplace means the site(s) for the performance of work done by the Contractor in connection with a specific contract where employees of the Contractor are prohibited from engaging in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance.

Employee means an employee of a Contractor directly engaged in the performance of work under a Government contract. "Directly engaged" is defined to include all direct cost employees and any other Contractor employee who has other than a minimal impact or involvement in contract performance.

~~"Directly engaged" is defined to include all direct cost employees and any other Contractor employee who has other than a minimal impact or involvement in contract performance.~~

Individual means an offeror/contractor that has no more than one employee including the offeror/contractor.

(b) The Contractor, if other than an individual, shall within 30 days after award (unless a longer period is agreed to in writing for contracts of 30 days or more performance duration), or as soon as possible for contracts of less than 30 days performance duration-

Publish a statement notifying its employees that the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or ~~use of~~ use of a controlled substance is prohibited in the Contractor's workplace and specifying the actions that will be taken against employees for violations of such prohibition;

Establish an ongoing drug-free awareness program to inform such employees about-

The dangers of drug abuse in the workplace;

The Contractor's policy of maintaining a drug-free workplace;

Any available drug counseling, rehabilitation, and employee assistance programs; and

The penalties that may be imposed upon employees for drug abuse violations occurring in the workplace;

Provide all employees engaged in performance of the contract with a copy of the statement required ~~by paragraph~~ by paragraph (b)(1) of this clause;

Notify such employees in writing in the statement required by paragraph (b)(1) of this clause that, as ~~a condition of continued~~ a condition of continued employment on this contract, the employee will-

Abide by the terms of the statement; and

Notify the employer in writing of the employee's conviction under a criminal drug statute for a ~~violation occurring in the~~ violation occurring in the workplace no later than 5 days after such conviction;

Notify the Contracting Officer in writing within 10 days after receiving notice under subdivision (b)(4)(ii) ~~of this clause of this clause~~, from an employee or otherwise receiving actual notice of such conviction. The notice shall include the position title of the employee;

Within 30 days after receiving notice under subdivision (b)(4)(ii) of this clause of a conviction, take one ~~of the following of the following~~ actions with respect to any employee who is convicted of a drug abuse violation occurring in the workplace:

Taking appropriate personnel action against such employee, up to and including termination; or

Require such employee to satisfactorily participate in a drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation ~~program approved for such~~ program approved for such purposes by a Federal, State, or local health, law enforcement, or other appropriate agency; and

(7) Make a good faith effort to maintain a drug-free workplace through implementation of paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(6) of this clause.

The Contractor, if an individual, agrees by award of the contract or acceptance of a purchase order, not ~~to engage~~to engage in ~~the unlawful~~the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of a controlled substance while performing this contract.

In addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contractor's failure to comply with ~~the requirements of paragraph~~the requirements of paragraph (b) or (c) of this clause may, pursuant to FAR ~~26.505~~26.505, render the Contractor subject to suspension of contract payments, termination of the contract or default, and suspension or debarment.

(End of clause)

52.226-8 Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging While Driving.

As prescribed in , insert the following clause:

Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging While Driving (MAY 2024)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Driving"-

Means operating a motor vehicle on an active roadway with the motor running, including while ~~temporarily stationary because~~temporarily stationary because of traffic, a traffic light, stop sign, or otherwise.

Does not include operating a motor vehicle with or without the motor running when one has pulled over ~~to the~~to the side of, or off, an active roadway and has halted in a location where one can safely remain stationary.

Text messaging means reading from or entering data into any handheld or other electronic device, including for the purpose of short message service texting, e-mailing, instant messaging, obtaining navigational information, or engaging in any other form of electronic data retrieval or electronic data communication. The term does not include glancing at or listening to a navigational device that is secured in a commercially designed holder affixed to the vehicle, provided that the destination and route are programmed into the device either before driving or while stopped in a location off the roadway where it is safe and legal to park.

This clause implements Executive Order 13513, Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging ~~While Driving,~~While Driving, dated October 1, 2009.

The Contractor is encouraged to-

(1) Adopt and enforce policies that ban text messaging while driving(i) Company-owned or rented vehicles or Government-owned vehicles; or

(ii) Privately-owned vehicles when on official Government business or when performing any work for or on behalf of the Government.

(2) Conduct initiatives in a manner commensurate with the size of the business, such as-

Establishment of new rules and programs or reevaluation of existing programs to prohibit text ~~messaging while~~messaging while driving; and

Education, awareness, and other outreach to employees about the safety risks associated with texting ~~while driving~~while driving.

(d) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts that exceed the micro-purchase threshold, as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation [2.101](#) on the date of subcontract award. (End of clause)

52.227 [Reserved]

52.227-1 Authorization and Consent.

As prescribed in [27.201-2\(a\)\(1\)](#), insert the following clause:

Authorization and Consent (Jun 2020)

(a) The Government authorizes and consents to all use and manufacture, in performing this contract or any subcontract at any tier, of any invention described in and covered by a United States patent-

Embodied in the structure or composition of any article the delivery of which is accepted by the ~~Government under this contract~~Government under this contract; or

Used in machinery, tools, or methods whose use necessarily results from compliance by the Contractor or a subcontractor with (i) specifications or written provisions forming a part of this contract or (ii) specific written instructions given by the Contracting Officer directing the manner of performance. the entire liability to the Government for infringement of a United States patent shall be determined solely by the provisions of the indemnity clause, if any, included in this contract or any subcontract hereunder (including any lower-tier subcontract), and the Government assumes liability for all other infringement to the extent of the authorization and consent hereinabove granted.

(b) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (b), in all subcontracts that are expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) [2.101](#) on the date of subcontract award. However, omission of this clause from any subcontract, including those at or below the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR [2.101](#) on the date of subcontract award, does not affect this authorization and consent.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). As prescribed in [27.201-2\(a\)\(2\)](#), substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

(a) The Government authorizes and consents to all use and manufacture of any invention described in and covered by a United States patent in the performance of this contract or any subcontract at any tier.

Alternate II (Apr 1984). As prescribed in [27.201-2\(a\)\(3\)](#), substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

(a) The Government authorizes and consents to all use and manufacture in the performance of any order at any tier or subcontract at any tier placed under this contract for communication services and facilities for which



rates, charges, and tariffs are not established by a government regulatory body, of any invention described in and covered by a United States patent-

Embodied in the structure or composition of any article the delivery of which is accepted by the ~~Government under this contract~~ Government under this contract; or

Used in machinery, tools, or methods whose use necessarily results from compliance by the Contractor or subcontractor with specifications or written provisions forming a part of this contract or with specific written instructions given by the Contracting Officer directing the manner of performance.

#### 52.227-2 Notice and Assistance Regarding Patent and Copyright Infringement.

As prescribed in 27.201-2(b), insert the following clause:

##### Notice and Assistance Regarding Patent and Copyright Infringement (Jun 2020)

The Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer, promptly and in reasonable written detail, each ~~notice or notice of~~ claim ~~of patent of patent~~ or copyright infringement based on the performance of this contract of which the Contractor has knowledge.

In the event of any claim or suit against the Government on account of any alleged patent or ~~copyright infringement arising~~ copyright infringement arising out of the performance of this contract or out of the use of any supplies furnished or work or services performed under this contract, the Contractor shall furnish to the Government, when requested by the Contracting Officer, all evidence and information in the Contractor's possession pertaining to such claim or suit. Such evidence and information shall be furnished at the expense of the Government except where the Contractor has agreed to indemnify the Government.

The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts ~~that are expected~~ that are expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 2.101 on the date of subcontract award.

(End of clause)

#### 52.227-3 Patent Indemnity.

As prescribed in 27.201-2(c)(1), insert the following clause:

##### Patent Indemnity (Apr 1984)

The Contractor shall indemnify the Government and its officers, agents, and employees against liability, including costs, for infringement of any United States patent (except a patent issued upon an application that is now or may hereafter be withheld from issue pursuant to a Secrecy Order under ~~35 U.S.C. 181~~) arising out of the manufacture or delivery of supplies, the performance of services, or the construction, alteration, modification, or repair of real property (hereinafter referred to as "construction work") under this contract, or out of the use or disposal by or for the account of the Government of such supplies or construction work.

~~referred to as "construction work") under this contract, or out of the use or disposal by or for the account of the Government of such supplies or construction work.~~

This indemnity shall not apply unless the Contractor shall have been informed as soon as practicable by ~~the Government~~[the Government](#) of the suit or action alleging such infringement and shall have been given such opportunity as is afforded by applicable laws, rules, or regulations to participate in its defense. Further, this indemnity shall not apply to—

An infringement resulting from compliance with specific written instructions of the Contracting ~~Officer directing a change~~[Officer directing a change](#) in the supplies to be delivered or in the materials or equipment to be used, or directing a manner of performance of the contract not normally used by the Contractor;

An infringement resulting from addition to or change in supplies or components furnished or ~~construction work performed~~[construction work performed](#) that was made subsequent to delivery or performance; or

A claimed infringement that is unreasonably settled without the consent of the Contractor, unless required ~~by final decree~~[by final decree](#) of a court of competent jurisdiction. ~~(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). As prescribed in ~~(27.201-2 (c)(2))~~[\(27.201-2 \(c\)\(2\)\)](#), add the following paragraph (c) to the basic clause:

(c) This patent indemnification shall not apply to the following items:

\_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer list and/or identify the items to be excluded from this indemnity.]

Alternate II (Apr 1984). As prescribed in [27.201-2 \(c\)\(2\)](#), add the following paragraph (c) to the basic clause:

(c) This patent indemnification shall cover the following items:

\_\_\_\_\_ [List and/or identify the items to be included under this indemnity.]

Alternate III (Jun 2020). As prescribed in ~~(27.201-2 (c)(3))~~[\(27.201-2 \(c\)\(3\)\)](#), add the following paragraph (c) to the basic clause:

( ) As to subcontracts at any tier for communication service, this clause shall apply only to individual communication service authorizations over the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation [2.101](#) on the date of subcontract award, issued under this contract and covering those communications services and facilities—

That are or have been sold or offered for sale by the Contractor to the public,

That can be provided over commercially available equipment, or

That involve relatively minor modifications.

52.227-4 Patent Indemnity-Construction Contracts.

As prescribed in ~~(27.201-2(d)(1))~~[\(27.201-2\(d\)\(1\)\)](#), insert the following clause:

Patent Indemnity-Construction Contracts (Dec 2007)

Except as otherwise provided, the Contractor shall indemnify the Government and its officers, agents, and employees against liability, including costs and expenses, for infringement of any United States patent (except a patent issued upon an application that is now or may hereafter be withheld from issue pursuant to a Secrecy Order under ( [35 U.S.C. 181](#)) arising out of performing this contract or out of the use or disposal by or for the account of the Government of supplies furnished or work performed under this contract.

(End of clause)

~~(End of clause)~~

Alternate I (Dec 2007). As prescribed in ~~(~~[27.201-2](#)~~)~~(d)(2), designate the first paragraph of the basic clause as paragraph (a) and add the following paragraph (b) to the basic clause:

(b) This patent indemnification shall not apply to the following items:

\_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer list the items to be excluded.]

52.227-5 Waiver of Indemnity.

As prescribed in ~~(~~[27.201-2](#)~~)~~(e), insert the following clause:

Waiver of Indemnity (Apr 1984)

Any provision or clause of this contract to the contrary notwithstanding, the Government hereby authorizes and consents to the use and manufacture, solely in performing this contract, of any invention covered by the United States patents identified below and waives indemnification by the Contractor with respect to such patents:

\_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer identify the patents by number or by other means if more appropriate.]

(End of clause)

52.227-6 Royalty Information.

As prescribed in ~~(~~[27.202-5](#)~~)~~(a)(1), insert the following provision:

Royalty Information (Apr 1984)

(a) Cost or charges for royalties. When the response to this solicitation contains costs or charges for royalties totaling more than \$250, the following information shall be included in the response relating to each separate item of royalty or license fee:

Name and address of licensor.

Date of license agreement.

Patent numbers, patent application serial numbers, or other basis on which the royalty is payable.

Brief description, including any part or model numbers of each contract item or component on which ~~the royalty is payable~~ [the royalty is payable](#).

Percentage or dollar rate of royalty per unit.

Unit price of contract item.

Number of units.

Total dollar amount of royalties.

(b) Copies of current licenses. In addition, if specifically requested by the Contracting Officer before execution of the contract, the offeror shall furnish a copy of the current license agreement and an identification of applicable claims of specific patents.

(End of Provision)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). As prescribed in ~~{27.202-5~~ (a)(2), substitute the following for the introductory portion of paragraph (a) of the basic provision:

When the response to this solicitation covers charges for special construction or special assembly that contain costs or charges for royalties totaling more than \$250, the following information shall be included in the response relating to each separate item of royalty or license fee:

52.227-7 ~~Patents Notice of Government Licensee.~~ [Reserved]

~~As prescribed at (b), insert the following provision:~~

~~Patents Notice of Government Licensee (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Government is obligated to pay a royalty applicable to the proposed acquisition because of a license agreement between the Government and the patent owner. The patent number is \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer fill in], and the royalty rate is \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer fill in]. If the offeror is the owner of, or a licensee under, the patent, indicate below:~~

~~☐ Owner ☐ Licensee~~

~~If an offeror does not indicate that it is the owner or a licensee of the patent, its offer will be evaluated by adding thereto an amount equal to the royalty.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

52.227-8 [Reserved]

52.227-9 Refund of Royalties.

As prescribed in ~~{27.202-5~~ (c), insert the following clause:

Refund of Royalties (Apr 1984)

The contract price includes certain amounts for royalties payable by the Contractor or subcontractors or both, ~~which amounts~~ which amounts have been reported to the Contracting Officer.

The term "royalties" as used in this clause refers to any costs or charges in the nature of royalties, ~~license fees~~license fees, patent ~~or license~~or license amortization costs, or the like, for the use of or for rights in patents and patent applications in connection with performing this contract or any subcontract hereunder.

The Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer, before final payment under this contract, a ~~statement of royalties paid~~statement of royalties paid or required to be paid in connection with performing this contract and subcontracts hereunder together with the reasons.

The Contractor will be compensated for royalties reported under paragraph (c) of this clause, only to ~~the extent that such~~the extent that such royalties were included in the contract price and are determined by the Contracting Officer to be properly chargeable to the Government and allocable to the contract. To the extent that any royalties that are included in the contract price are not in fact paid by the Contractor or are determined by the Contracting Officer not to be properly chargeable to the Government and allocable to the contract, the contract price shall be reduced. Repayment or credit to the Government shall be made as the Contracting Officer directs.

If, at any time within 3 years after final payment under this contract, the Contractor for any reason is ~~relieved in whole or~~relieved in whole or in part from the payment of the royalties included in the final contract price as adjusted pursuant to paragraph (d) of this clause, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of that fact and shall reimburse the Government in a corresponding amount.

The substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), shall be included in any subcontract in which ~~the amount of royalties~~the amount of royalties reported during negotiation of the subcontract exceeds \$250.

(End of clause)

52.227-10 Filing of Patent Applications-Classified Subject Matter.

As prescribed at [27.203-2](#) , insert the following clause:

Filing of Patent Applications-Classified Subject Matter (Dec 2007)

Before filing or causing to be filed a patent application in the United States disclosing any subject matter ~~of this contract classified~~of this contract classified "Secret" or higher, the Contractor shall, citing the 30-day provision below, transmit the proposed application to the Contracting Officer. The Government shall determine whether, for reasons of national security, the application should be placed under an order of secrecy, sealed in accordance with the provision of [35 U.S.C. 181-188](#), or the issuance of a patent otherwise delayed under pertinent United States statutes or regulations. The Contractor shall observe any instructions of the Contracting Officer regarding the manner of delivery of the patent application to the United States Patent Office, but the Contractor shall not be denied the right to file the application. If the Contracting Officer shall not have given any such instructions within 30 days from the date of mailing or other transmittal of the proposed application, the Contractor may file the application.

Before filing a patent application in the United States disclosing any subject matter of this contract classified "Confidential," the Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer a copy of the application for Government determination whether, for reasons of national security, the application should be placed under an order of secrecy or the issuance of a patent should be otherwise delayed under pertinent United States statutes or regulations.

Where the subject matter of this contract is classified for reasons of security, the Contractor shall not file, ~~or cause to be filed~~ or cause to be filed, in any country other than in the United States as provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this clause, an application or registration for a patent containing any of the subject matter of this contract without first obtaining written approval of the Contracting Officer.

When filing any patent application coming within the scope of this clause, the Contractor shall observe ~~all applicable security~~ all applicable security regulations covering the transmission of classified subject matter and shall promptly furnish to the Contracting Officer the serial number, filing date, and name of the country of any such application. When transmitting the application to the United States Patent Office, the Contractor shall by separate letter identify by agency and number the contract or contracts that require security classification markings to be placed on the application.

The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in all subcontracts ~~that cover or are~~ that cover or are likely to cover classified subject matter.

(End of clause)

52.227-11 Patent Rights-Ownership by the Contractor.

As prescribed in 27.303(b)(1), insert the following clause:

Patent Rights-Ownership by the Contractor (May 2014)

(a) As used in this clause-

Invention means any invention or discovery that is or may be patentable or otherwise protectable under title 35 of the U.S. Code, or any variety of plant that is or may be protectable under the Plant Variety Protection Act ~~(7 U.S.C. 2321, et seq.)~~

Made means-

When used in relation to any invention other than a plant variety, the conception or first actual reduction ~~to practice of the~~ topractice of the invention; or

When used in relation to a plant variety, that the Contractor has at least tentatively determined that the ~~variety has been reproduced~~ variety has been reproduced with recognized characteristics.

Nonprofit organization means a university or other institution of higher education or an organization of the type described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 ~~(26 U.S.C. 501(c))~~ and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code ~~(26 U.S.C. 501(a))~~, or any nonprofit scientific or educational organization qualified under a State nonprofit organization statute.

"Practical application" means to manufacture, in the case of a composition of product; to practice, in the case of a process or method; or to operate, in the case of a machine or system; and, in each case, under such conditions as to establish that the invention is being utilized and that its benefits are, to the extent permitted by law or Government regulations, available to the public on reasonable terms.

Subject invention means any invention of the Contractor made in the performance of work under this contract.

(b) Contractor's rights.

Ownership. The Contractor may retain ownership of each subject invention throughout the world in accordance with the provisions of this clause.

License.

The Contractor shall retain a nonexclusive royalty-free license throughout the world in each subject ~~invention to which the~~ invention to which the Government obtains title, unless the Contractor fails to disclose the invention within the times specified in paragraph (c) of this clause. The Contractor's license extends to any domestic subsidiaries and affiliates within the corporate structure of which the Contractor is a part, and includes the right to grant sublicenses to the extent the Contractor was legally obligated to do so at contract award. The license is transferable only with the written approval of the agency, except when transferred to the successor of that part of the Contractor's business to which the invention pertains.

The Contractor's license may be revoked or modified by the agency to the extent necessary to ~~achieve expeditious practical~~ achieve expeditious practical application of the subject invention in a particular country in accordance with the procedures in FAR ~~(27.302(i)(2) and (27.304-1(f)).~~

(c) Contractor's obligations.

The Contractor shall disclose in writing each subject invention to the Contracting Officer within 2 ~~months after the inventor~~ months after the inventor discloses it in writing to Contractor personnel responsible for patent matters. The disclosure shall identify the inventor(s) and this contract under which the subject invention was made. It shall be sufficiently complete in technical detail to convey a clear understanding of the subject invention. The disclosure shall also identify any publication, on sale (i.e., sale or offer for sale), or public use of the subject invention, or whether a manuscript describing the subject invention has been submitted for publication and, if so, whether it has been accepted for publication. In addition, after disclosure to the agency, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of the acceptance of any manuscript describing the subject invention for publication and any on sale or public use.

The Contractor shall elect in writing whether or not to retain ownership of any subject invention by ~~notifying the Contracting~~ notifying the Contracting Officer within 2 years of disclosure to the agency. However, in any case where publication, on sale, or public use has initiated the 1-year statutory period during which valid patent protection can be obtained in the United States, the period for election of title may be shortened by the agency to a date that is no more than 60 days prior to the end of the statutory period.

The Contractor shall file either a provisional or a nonprovisional patent application or a Plant Variety ~~Protection Application~~

Protection Application on an elected subject invention within 1 year after election. However, in any case where a publication, on sale, or public use has initiated the 1-year statutory period during which valid patent protection can be obtained in the United States, the Contractor shall file the application prior to the end of that statutory period. If the Contractor files a provisional application, it shall file a nonprovisional application within 10 months of the filing of the provisional application. The Contractor shall file patent applications in additional countries or international patent offices within either 10 months of the first filed patent application (whether provisional or nonprovisional) or 6 months from the date permission is granted by the Commissioner of Patents to file foreign patent applications where such filing has been prohibited by a Secrecy Order.

The Contractor may request extensions of time for disclosure, election, or filing under paragraphs (c)(1), ~~(c)(2), and (c)~~

~~(2)~~, and (c)(3) of this clause.

(d) Government's rights-

(1) Ownership. The Contractor shall assign to the agency, on written request, title to any subject invention-

If the Contractor fails to disclose or elect ownership to the subject invention within the times specified ~~in paragraph~~ in paragraph (c) of this clause, or elects not to retain ownership; provided, that the agency may request title only within 60 days after learning of the Contractor's failure to disclose or elect within the specified times.

In those countries in which the Contractor fails to file patent applications within the times specified ~~in paragraph~~ in paragraph (c) ~~of this~~ of this clause; provided, however, that if the Contractor has filed a patent application in a country after the times specified in paragraph (c) of this clause, but prior to its receipt of the written request of the agency, the Contractor shall continue to retain ownership in that country.

In any country in which the Contractor decides not to continue the prosecution of any application for, to ~~pay the maintenance~~ pay the maintenance fees on, or defend in reexamination or opposition proceeding on, a patent on a subject invention.

(2) License. If the Contractor retains ownership of any subject invention, the Government shall have a nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable, paid-up license to practice, or have practiced for or on its behalf, the subject invention throughout the world.

(e) Contractor action to protect the Government's interest.

(1) The Contractor shall execute or have executed and promptly deliver to the agency all instruments necessary to-

Establish or confirm the rights the Government has throughout the world in those subject inventions in ~~which the Contractor~~ which the Contractor elects to retain ownership; and

Assign title to the agency when requested under paragraph (d) of this clause and to enable the Government ~~to obtain patent~~ to obtain patent protection and plant variety protection for that subject invention in any country.

The Contractor shall require, by written agreement, its employees, other than clerical and ~~nontechnical employees, to disclose~~ nontechnical employees, to disclose promptly in writing to personnel identified as responsible for the administration of patent matters and in the Contractor's format, each subject invention in order that the Contractor can comply with the disclosure provisions of paragraph (c) of this clause, and to execute all papers necessary to file patent applications on subject inventions and to establish the Government's rights in the subject inventions. The disclosure format should require, as a minimum, the information required by paragraph (c)(1) of this clause. The Contractor shall instruct such employees, through employee agreements or other suitable educational programs, as to the importance of reporting inventions in sufficient time to permit the filing of patent applications prior to U.S. or foreign statutory bars.



The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer of any decisions not to file a nonprovisional ~~patent application~~, [patent application](#), continue the prosecution of a patent application, pay maintenance fees, or defend in a reexamination or opposition proceeding on a patent, in any country, not less than 30 days before the expiration of the response or filing period required by the relevant patent office.

The Contractor shall include, within the specification of any United States nonprovisional patent or ~~plant variety protection~~, [plant variety protection](#) application and any patent or plant variety protection certificate issuing thereon covering a subject invention, the following statement, "This invention was made with Government support under (identify the contract) awarded by (identify the agency). The Government has certain rights in the invention."

Reporting on utilization of subject inventions. The Contractor shall submit, on request, periodic reports no more frequently than annually on the utilization of a subject invention or on efforts at obtaining utilization of the subject invention that are being made by the Contractor or its licensees or assignees. The reports shall include information regarding the status of development, date of first commercial sale or use, gross royalties received by the Contractor, and other data and information as the agency may reasonably specify. The Contractor also shall provide additional reports as may be requested by the agency in connection with any march-in proceeding undertaken by the agency in accordance with paragraph (h) of this clause. The Contractor also shall mark any utilization report as confidential/proprietary to help prevent inadvertent release outside the Government. As required by [35 U.S.C. 202\(c\)\(5\)](#), the agency will not disclose that information to persons outside the Government without the Contractor's permission.

Preference for United States industry. Notwithstanding any other provision of this clause, neither the Contractor nor any assignee shall grant to any person the exclusive right to use or sell any subject invention in the United States unless the person agrees that any products embodying the subject invention or produced through the use of the subject invention will be manufactured substantially in the United States. However, in individual cases, the requirement for an agreement may be waived by the agency upon a showing by the Contractor or its assignee that reasonable but unsuccessful efforts have been made to grant licenses on similar terms to potential licensees that would be likely to manufacture substantially in the United States, or that under the circumstances domestic manufacture is not commercially feasible.

March-in rights. The Contractor acknowledges that, with respect to any subject invention in which it has retained ownership, the agency has the right to require licensing pursuant to [35 U.S.C. 203](#) and [210\(c\)](#), and in accordance with the procedures in 37 CFR 401.6 and any supplemental regulations of the agency in effect on the date of contract award.

Special provisions for contracts with nonprofit organizations. If the Contractor is a nonprofit organization, ~~it shall~~ [it shall](#).

Not assign rights to a subject invention in the United States without the written approval of the agency, except where ~~an assignment~~, [an assignment](#) is made to an organization that has as one of its primary functions the management of inventions, provided, that the assignee shall be subject to the same provisions as the Contractor;

Share royalties collected on a subject invention with the inventor, including Federal employee co-inventors (but ~~through their~~, [through their](#) agency if the agency deems it appropriate) when the subject invention is assigned in accordance with [35 U.S.C. 202\(e\)](#) and 37 CFR 401.10;

Use the balance of any royalties or income earned by the Contractor with respect to subject inventions, ~~after payment of expenses~~after payment of expenses (including payments to inventors) incidental to the administration of subject inventions for the support of scientific research or education; and

Make efforts that are reasonable under the circumstances to attract licensees of subject inventions that ~~are small business~~are small business concerns, and give a preference to a small business concern when licensing a subject invention if the Contractor determines that the small business concern has a plan or proposal for marketing the invention which, if executed, is equally as likely to bring the invention to practical application as any plans or proposals from applicants that are not small business concerns; provided, that the Contractor is also satisfied that the small business concern has the capability and resources to carry out its plan or proposal. The decision whether to give a preference in any specific case will be at the discretion of the Contractor.

Allow the Secretary of Commerce to review the Contractor's licensing program and decisions ~~regarding small business applicants~~regarding small business applicants, and negotiate changes to its licensing policies, procedures, or practices with the Secretary of Commerce when the Secretary's review discloses that the Contractor could take reasonable steps to more effectively implement the requirements of paragraph (i)(4) of this clause.

Communications. [Complete according to agency instructions.]

Subcontracts.

The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (k), in all subcontracts for experimental, developmental, or research work to be performed by a small business concern or nonprofit organization.

The Contractor shall include in all other subcontracts for experimental, developmental, or research work ~~the substance of~~the substance of the patent rights clause required by FAR subpart 27.3.

At all tiers, the patent rights clause must be modified to identify the parties as follows: references to the

Government ~~are not~~are not changed, and the subcontractor has all rights and obligations of the Contractor in the clause. The Contractor shall not, as part of the consideration for awarding the subcontract, obtain rights in the subcontractor's subject inventions.

In subcontracts, at any tier, the agency, the subcontractor, and the Contractor agree that the ~~mutual obligations~~mutual obligations of ~~the parties~~the parties created by this clause constitute a contract between the subcontractor and the agency with respect to the matters covered by the clause; provided, however, that nothing in this paragraph is intended to confer any jurisdiction under the Contract Disputes statute in connection with proceedings under paragraph (h) of this clause.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Jun 1989). As prescribed in (27.303 (b)(3)), add the following sentence at the end of paragraph (d)(2) of the basic clause:

The license shall include the right of the Government to sublicense foreign governments, their nationals and international organizations pursuant to the following treaties or international agreements: \_\_\_\_\_\*

[\*Contracting Officer complete with the names of applicable existing treaties or international agreements. The above language is not intended to apply to treaties or agreements that are in effect on the date of the award but are not listed.] ~~Alternate II (Dec 2007). As prescribed in (b)(4), add the following sentence at the end of paragraph (d)(2) of the basic clause:~~

Alternate II (Dec 2007). As prescribed in 27.303 (b)(4), add the following sentence at the end of paragraph (d)(2) of the basic clause:

The agency reserves the right to unilaterally amend this contract to identify specific treaties or international agreements entered into by the Government before or after the effective date of the contract and effectuate those license or other rights that are necessary for the Government to meet its obligations to foreign governments, their nationals, and international organizations under the treaties or international agreements with respect to subject inventions made after the date of the amendment.

Alternate III (Jun 1989). As prescribed in 27.303 (b)(5), substitute the following paragraph (i)(3) in place of paragraph ~~(i)(3)~~ of the basic clause:

(3) After payment of patenting costs, licensing costs, payments to inventors, and other expenses incidental to the administration of subject inventions, the balance of any royalties or income earned and retained by the

Contractor during any fiscal year on subject inventions under this or any successor contract containing the same requirement, up to any amount equal to 5 percent of the budget of the facility for that fiscal year, shall be used by the Contractor for the scientific research, development, and education consistent with the research and development mission and objectives of the facility, including activities that increase the licensing potential of other inventions of the facility. If the balance exceeds 5 percent, 75 percent of the excess above 5 percent shall be paid by the Contractor to the Treasury of the United States and the remaining 25 percent shall be used by the Contractor only for the same purposes as described above. To the extent it provides the most effective technology transfer, the licensing of subject inventions shall be administered by Contractor employees on location at the facility.

Alternate IV (Jun 1989). As prescribed in 27.303 (b)(6), include the following paragraph (e)(5) in paragraph (e) of the basic clause:

(5) The Contractor shall establish and maintain active and effective procedures to ensure that subject inventions are promptly identified and timely disclosed, and shall submit a description of the procedures to the Contracting Officer so that the Contracting Officer may evaluate and determine their effectiveness.

Alternate V (Dec 2007). As prescribed in 27.303 (b)(7), include the following paragraph (d)(3) in paragraph (d) of the basic clause:

(d)(3) CRADA licensing. If the Contractor performs services at a Government owned and operated laboratory or at a Government owned and Contractor operated laboratory directed by the Government to fulfill the

Government's obligations under a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) authorized by 15 U.S.C. 3710a, the Government may require the Contractor to negotiate an agreement with the CRADA collaborating party or parties regarding the allocation of rights to any subject invention the Contractor makes, solely or jointly, under the CRADA. The agreement shall be negotiated prior to the Contractor undertaking the CRADA work or, with the permission of the Government, upon the identification of a subject invention. In the

absence of such an agreement, the Contractor agrees to grant the collaborating party or parties an option for a license in its inventions of the same scope and terms set forth in the CRADA for inventions made by the Government.

52.227-12 [Reserved]

52.227-13 Patent Rights-Ownership by the Government.

As prescribed at [27.303\(e\)](#), insert the following clause:

Patent Rights-Ownership by the Government (Dec 2007)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Invention means any invention or discovery that is or may be patentable or otherwise protectable under title 35 of the U.S. Code or any variety of plant that is or may be protectable under the Plant Variety Protection Act (~~47~~ [U.S.C. 2321](#), et seq.)

Made means-

When used in relation to any invention other than a plant variety, means the conception or first ~~actual reduction to practice~~ [actual reduction to practice](#) of the invention; or

When used in relation to a plant variety, means that the Contractor has at least tentatively determined that ~~the variety has~~ [the variety has](#) been reproduced with recognized characteristics.

"Practical application" means to manufacture, in the case of a composition or product; to practice, in the case of a process or method; or to operate, in the case of a machine or system; and, in each case, under such conditions as to establish that the invention is being utilized and that its benefits are, to the extent permitted by law or Government regulations, available to the public on reasonable terms.

Subject invention means any invention of the Contractor made in the performance of work under this contract.

(b) Ownership.

Assignment to the Government. The Contractor shall assign to the Government title throughout the world to each subject invention, except to the extent that rights are retained under paragraphs (b)(2) and (d) of this clause.

Greater rights determinations.

The Contractor, or an employee-inventor after consultation with the Contractor, may request greater ~~rights than the nonexclusive right~~ [rights than the nonexclusive](#) license provided in paragraph (d) of this clause. The request for a greater rights must be submitted to the Contracting Officer at the time of the first disclosure of the subject invention pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this clause, or not later than 8 months thereafter, unless a longer period is authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer for good cause shown in writing by the Contractor. Each determination of greater rights under this contract normally shall be subject to paragraph (c) of this clause, and to the reservations and conditions deemed to be appropriate by the agency.

Upon request, the Contractor shall provide the filing date, serial number and title, a copy of the ~~patent application~~patent application (including an English-language version if filed in a language other than English), and patent number and issue date for any subject invention in any country for which the Contractor has retained title.

Upon request, the Contractor shall furnish the agency an irrevocable power to inspect and make copies ~~of the patent application~~of the patent application file.

(c) Minimum rights acquired by the Government.

(1) Regarding each subject invention to which the Contractor retains ownership, the Contractor agrees as follows:

The Government will have a nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable, paid-up license to practice, or ~~have practiced for~~have practiced for or on its behalf, the subject invention throughout the world.

The agency has the right to require licensing pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 203 and 210(c) and in accordance ~~with the~~with the procedures set forth in 37 CFR 401.6 and any supplemental regulations of the agency in effect on the date of the contract award.

Upon request, the Contractor shall submit periodic reports no more frequently than annually on ~~the utilization, or efforts~~the utilization, or efforts to obtain utilization, of a subject invention by the Contractor or its licensees or assignees. The reports shall include information regarding the status of development, date of first commercial sale or use, gross royalties received by the Contractor, and any other data and information as the agency may reasonably specify. The Contractor also shall provide additional reports as may be requested by the agency in connection with any march-in proceedings undertaken by the agency in accordance with paragraph (c)(1)(ii) of this clause. To the extent data or information supplied under this section is considered by the Contractor, or its licensees, or assignees to be privileged and confidential and is so marked, the agency, to the extent permitted by law, will not disclose such information to persons outside the Government.

When licensing a subject invention, the Contractor shall-

Ensure that no royalties are charged on acquisitions involving Government funds, including funds ~~derived through a Military Assistance Program of the Government or otherwise~~ derived through ~~a~~the Government;

~~Military Assistance Program of the Government or otherwise derived through the Government;~~

Refund any amounts received as royalty charges on a subject invention in acquisitions for, or on behalf of, ~~the Government~~the Government;

Provide for this refund in any instrument transferring rights in the subject invention to any party.

(v) When transferring rights in a subject invention, the Contractor shall provide for the Government's rights set forth in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) through (c)(1)(iv) of this clause.

(2) Nothing contained in paragraph (c) of this clause shall be deemed to grant to the Government rights in any invention other than a subject invention.

(d) Minimum rights to the Contractor.

The Contractor is hereby granted a revocable, nonexclusive, paid-up license in each patent application ~~filed in any country~~ filed in any country on a subject invention and any resulting patent in which the Government obtains title, unless the Contractor fails to disclose the subject invention within the times specified in paragraph (e)(2) of this clause. The Contractor's license extends to any of its domestic subsidiaries and affiliates within the corporate structure of which the Contractor is a part, and includes the right to grant sublicenses to the extent the Contractor was legally obligated to do so at contract award. The license is transferable only with the written approval of the agency except when transferred to the successor of that part of the Contractor's business to which the subject invention pertains.

The Contractor's license may be revoked or modified by the agency to the extent necessary to ~~achieve expeditious practical~~ achieve expeditious practical application of the subject invention in a particular country in accordance with the procedures in FAR ~~(27.302(i)(2) and (27.304-1(f))~~.

When the Government elects not to apply for a patent in any foreign country, the Contractor retains rights ~~in that foreign~~ in that foreign country to apply for a patent, subject to the Government's rights in paragraph (c)(1) of this clause.

(e) Invention identification, disclosures, and reports.

The Contractor shall establish and maintain active and effective procedures to educate its employees in ~~order to assure that~~ order to assure that subject inventions are promptly identified and disclosed to Contractor personnel responsible for patent matters. The procedures shall include the maintenance of laboratory notebooks or equivalent records and other records as are reasonably necessary to document the conception and/or the first actual reduction to practice of subject inventions, and records that show the procedures for identifying and disclosing subject inventions are followed. Upon request, the Contractor shall furnish the Contracting Officer a description of these procedures for evaluation and for a determination as to their effectiveness.

The Contractor shall disclose in writing each subject invention to the Contracting Officer within 2 ~~months after the inventor~~ months after the inventor discloses it in writing to Contractor personnel responsible for patent matters or, if earlier, within 6 months after the Contractor becomes aware that a subject invention has been made, but in any event before any on sale (i.e., sale or offer for sale), public use, or publication of the subject invention known to the Contractor. The disclosure shall identify the contract under which the subject invention was made and the inventor(s). It shall be sufficiently complete in technical detail to convey a clear understanding of the subject invention. The disclosure shall also identify any publication, on sale, or public use of the subject invention and whether a manuscript describing the subject invention has been submitted for publication and, if so, whether it has been accepted for publication. In addition, after disclosure to the agency, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of the acceptance of any manuscript describing the subject invention for publication and any on sale or public use.

The Contractor shall furnish the Contracting Officer the following:

Interim reports every 12 months (or a longer period as may be specified by the Contracting Officer) from ~~the date of the date of the contract~~ the date of the contract, listing subject inventions during that period, and stating that all subject inventions have been disclosed (or that there are none) and that the procedures required by paragraph (e)(1) of this clause have been followed.

A final report, within 3 months after completion of the contracted work, listing all subject inventions ~~or stating that there~~or stating that there were none, and listing all subcontracts at any tier containing a patent rights clause or stating that there were none.

The Contractor shall require, by written agreement, its employees, other than clerical and ~~nontechnical employees, to disclose~~nontechnical employees, to disclose promptly in writing to personnel identified as responsible for the administration of patent matters and in the Contractor's format each subject invention in order that the Contractor can comply with the disclosure provisions of paragraph (c) of this clause, and to execute all papers necessary to file patent applications on subject inventions and to establish the Government's rights in the subject inventions. This disclosure format should require, as a minimum, the information required by paragraph (e)(2) of this clause. The Contractor shall instruct such employees, through employee agreements or other suitable educational programs, as to the importance of reporting inventions in sufficient time to permit the filing of patent applications prior to U.S. or foreign statutory bars.

Subject to FAR (27.302(i)), the Contractor agrees that the Government may duplicate and disclose ~~subject invention~~subject invention disclosures and all other reports and papers furnished or required to be furnished pursuant to this clause.

(f) Examination of records relating to inventions.

(1) The Contracting Officer or any authorized representative shall, until 3 years after final payment under this contract, have the right to examine any books (including laboratory notebooks), records, and documents of the Contractor relating to the conception or first actual reduction to practice of inventions in the same field of technology as the work under this contract to determine whether-

Any inventions are subject inventions;

The Contractor has established and maintains the procedures required by paragraphs (e)(1) and (e)(4) of ~~this clause~~this clause; and

The Contractor and its inventors have complied with the procedures.

The Contractor shall disclose to the Contracting Officer, for the determination of ownership rights, ~~any unreported invention~~any unreported invention that the Contracting Officer believes may be a subject invention.

Any examination of records under paragraph (f) of this clause will be subject to appropriate conditions ~~to protect the confidentiality~~to protect the confidentiality of the information involved.

(g) Withholding of payment. (This paragraph does not apply to subcontracts.)

(1) Any time before final payment under this contract, the Contracting Officer may, in the Government's interest, withhold payment until a reserve not exceeding \$50,000 or 5 percent of the amount of this contract, whichever is less, shall have been set aside if, in the Contracting Office's opinion, the Contractor fails to-

Establish, maintain, and follow effective procedures for identifying and disclosing subject inventions ~~pursuant to paragraph~~pursuant to paragraph (e)(1) of this clause;

Disclose any subject invention pursuant to paragraph (e)(2) of this clause;

Deliver acceptable interim reports pursuant to paragraph (e)(3)(i) of this clause; or

Provide the information regarding subcontracts pursuant to paragraph (i)(4) of this clause.

The Contracting Officer will withhold the reserve or balance until the Contracting Officer has ~~determined that the Contractor~~ determined that the Contractor has rectified whatever deficiencies exist and has delivered all reports, disclosures, and other information required by this clause.

The Contracting Officer will not make final payment under this contract before the Contractor delivers to ~~the Contracting Officer~~ the Contracting Officer, as required by this clause, all disclosures of subject inventions, an acceptable final report, and all due confirmatory instruments.

The Contracting Officer may decrease or increase the sums withheld up to the maximum authorized. ~~The Contracting Officer~~ The Contracting Officer will not withhold any amount under this paragraph while the amount specified by this paragraph is being withheld under other provisions of the contract. The withholding of any amount or the subsequent payment shall not be construed as a waiver of any Government rights.

Preference for United States industry. Unless provided otherwise, neither the Contractor nor any assignee shall grant to any person the exclusive right to use or sell any subject invention in the United States unless the person agrees that any products embodying the subject invention or produced through the use of the subject invention will be manufactured substantially in the United States. However, in individual cases, the requirement may be waived by the agency upon a showing by the Contractor or assignee that reasonable but unsuccessful efforts have been made to grant licenses on similar terms to potential licensees that would be likely to manufacture substantially in the United States or that, under the circumstances, domestic manufacture is not commercially feasible.

#### Subcontracts.

The Contractor shall include the substance of the patent rights clause required by FAR subpart 27.3 in ~~all subcontracts~~ all subcontracts for experimental, developmental, or research work. The prescribed patent rights clause must be modified to identify the parties as follows: references to the Government are not changed, and the subcontractor has all rights and obligations of the Contractor in the clause. The Contractor shall not, as part of the consideration for awarding the subcontract, obtain rights in the subcontractor's subject inventions.

In the event of a refusal by a prospective subcontractor to accept the clause, the Contractor-

Shall promptly submit a written notice to the Contracting Officer setting forth the subcontractor's reasons ~~for such refusal~~ for such refusal and other pertinent information that may expedite disposition of the matter; and

Shall not proceed with such subcontract without the written authorization of the Contracting Officer.

In subcontracts at any tier, the agency, the subcontractor, and the Contractor agree that the mutual ~~obligations of the parties~~ obligations of the parties created by the patent rights clause constitute a contract between the subcontractor and the agency with respect to those matters covered by this clause.

The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer in writing upon the award of any subcontract ~~at any tier containing~~ at any tier containing a patent rights clause by identifying the subcontractor, the applicable patent rights clause, the work to be performed under the subcontract, and the dates of award and estimated



completion. Upon request of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall furnish a copy of such subcontract, and, no more frequently than annually, a listing of the subcontracts that have been awarded.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Jun 1989). As prescribed in ~~(27.303~~ (e) (4), add the following sentence at the end of paragraph (c)(1)~~(i)~~ of the basic clause:

The license will include the right of the Government to sublicense foreign governments, their nationals, and international organizations pursuant to the following treaties or international agreements:

\_\_\_\_\_ \* [\*Contracting Officer complete with the names of applicable existing treaties or international agreements. The above language is not intended to apply to treaties or agreements that are in effect on the date of the award but are not listed.]

Alternate II (Dec 2007). As prescribed in ~~(27.303~~ (e)(5), add the following sentence at the end of paragraph (c)(1)~~(i)~~ of the basic clause:

The agency reserves the right to unilaterally amend this contract to identify specific treaties or international agreements entered into by the Government before or after the effective date of this contract, and effectuate those license or other rights that are necessary for the Government to meet its obligations to foreign governments, their nationals, and international organizations under treaties or international agreements with respect to subject inventions made after the date of the amendment.

#### 52.227-14 Rights in Data-General.

As prescribed in 27.409(b)(1), insert the following clause with any appropriate alternates:

Rights in Data-General (May 2014)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Computer database or "database means" a collection of recorded information in a form capable of, and for the purpose of, being stored in, processed, and operated on by a computer. The term does not include computer software. ~~Computer software-~~

Computer software-

(1) Means

Computer programs that comprise a series of instructions, rules, routines, or statements, regardless of ~~the media in which~~ the media in which recorded, that allow or cause a computer to perform a specific operation or series of operations; and

Recorded information comprising source code listings, design details, algorithms, processes, flow charts, formulas, ~~and related~~ and related material that would enable the computer program to be produced, created, or compiled.

(2) Does not include computer databases or computer software documentation.

Computer software documentation means owner's manuals, user's manuals, installation instructions, operating instructions, and other similar items, regardless of storage medium, that explain the capabilities of the computer software or provide instructions for using the software.

Data means recorded information, regardless of form or the media on which it may be recorded. The term includes technical data and computer software. The term does not include information incidental to contract administration, such as financial, administrative, cost or pricing, or management information.

Form, fit, and function data means data relating to items, components, or processes that are sufficient to enable physical and functional interchangeability, and data identifying source, size, configuration, mating and attachment characteristics, functional characteristics, and performance requirements. For computer software it means data identifying source, functional characteristics, and performance requirements but specifically excludes the source code, algorithms, processes, formulas, and flow charts of the software.

Limited rights means the rights of the Government in limited rights data as set forth in the Limited Rights Notice of paragraph (g)(3) if included in this clause.

Limited rights data means data, other than computer software, that embody trade secrets or are commercial or financial and confidential or privileged, to the extent that such data pertain to items, components, or processes developed at private expense, including minor modifications.

Restricted computer software means computer software developed at private expense and that is a trade secret, is commercial or financial and confidential or privileged, or is copyrighted computer software, including minor modifications of the computer software.

Restricted rights, as used in this clause, means the rights of the Government in restricted computer software, as set forth in a Restricted Rights Notice of paragraph (g) if included in this clause, or as otherwise may be provided in a collateral agreement incorporated in and made part of this contract, including minor modifications of such computer software.

Technical data means recorded information (regardless of the form or method of the recording) of a scientific or technical nature (including computer databases and computer software documentation). This term does not include computer software or financial, administrative, cost or pricing, or management data or other information incidental to contract administration. The term includes recorded information of a scientific or technical nature that is included in computer databases (See ~~41~~[41 U.S.C. 116](#)).

Unlimited rights means the rights of the Government to use, disclose, reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and perform publicly and display publicly, in any manner and for any purpose, and to have or permit others to do so.

(b) Allocation of rights.

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this clause, the Government shall have unlimited rights in-

Data first produced in the performance of this contract;

Form, fit, and function data delivered under this contract;

Data delivered under this contract (except for restricted computer software) that constitute manuals ~~or instructional and training~~ or instructional and training material for installation, operation, or routine maintenance and repair of items, components, or processes delivered or furnished for use under this contract; and

All other data delivered under this contract unless provided otherwise for limited rights data or ~~restricted computer software~~ restricted computer software in accordance with paragraph (g) of this clause.

(2) The Contractor shall have the right to-

Assert copyright in data first produced in the performance of this contract to the extent provided in paragraph(c)(1) ~~of this~~ of this clause;

Use, release to others, reproduce, distribute, or publish any data first produced or specifically used by the Contractor in the ~~Contractor in the~~ performance of this contract, unless provided otherwise in paragraph (d) of this clause;

Substantiate the use of, add, or correct limited rights, restricted rights, or copyright notices and to take other appropriate action, in accordance with paragraphs (e) and (f) of this clause; and

Protect from unauthorized disclosure and use those data that are limited rights data or restricted ~~computer software to the~~ computer software to the extent provided in paragraph (g) of this clause.

(c) Copyright-

(1) Data first produced in the performance of this contract.

Unless provided otherwise in paragraph (d) of this clause, the Contractor may, without prior approval of ~~the Contracting Officer~~ the Contracting Officer, assert copyright in scientific and technical articles based on or containing data first produced in the performance of this contract and published in academic, technical or professional journals, symposia proceedings, or similar works. The prior, express written permission of the Contracting Officer is required to assert copyright in all other data first produced in the performance of this contract.

When authorized to assert copyright to the data, the Contractor shall affix the applicable copyright notices ~~of~~ of 17 U.S.C. 401 or 402, and an acknowledgment of Government sponsorship (including contract number).

For data other than computer software, the Contractor grants to the Government, and others acting on ~~its behalf~~ its behalf, a paid-up, nonexclusive, irrevocable, worldwide license in such copyrighted data to reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and perform publicly and display publicly by or on behalf of the Government. For computer software, the Contractor grants to the Government, and others acting on its behalf, a paid-up, nonexclusive, irrevocable, worldwide license in such copyrighted computer software to reproduce, prepare derivative works, and perform publicly and display publicly (but not to distribute copies to the public) by or on behalf of the Government.

(2) Data not first produced in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall not, without the prior written permission of the Contracting Officer, incorporate in data delivered under this contract any data not first produced in the performance of this contract unless the Contractor-

Identifies the data; and

Grants to the Government, or acquires on its behalf, a license of the same scope as set forth in paragraph (c)(1) of ~~this clause~~ [this clause](#) or, if such data are restricted computer software, the Government shall acquire a copyright license as set forth in paragraph (g)(4) of this clause (if included in this contract) or as otherwise provided in a collateral agreement incorporated in or made part of this contract.

(3) Removal of copyright notices. The Government will not remove any authorized copyright notices placed on data pursuant to this paragraph (c), and will include such notices on all reproductions of the data.

(d) Release, publication, and use of data. The Contractor shall have the right to use, release to others, reproduce, distribute, or publish any data first produced or specifically used by the Contractor in the performance of this contract, except-

(1) As prohibited by Federal law or regulation (e.g., export control or national security laws or regulations); (2) As expressly set forth in this contract; or

(3) If the Contractor receives or is given access to data necessary for the performance of this contract that contain restrictive markings, the Contractor shall treat the data in accordance with such markings unless specifically authorized otherwise in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(e) Unauthorized marking of data.

(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this contract concerning inspection or acceptance, if any data delivered under this contract are marked with the notices specified in paragraph (g)(3) or (g) (4) if included in this clause, and use of the notices is not authorized by this clause, or if the data bears any other restrictive or limiting markings not authorized by this contract, the Contracting Officer may at any time either return the data to the Contractor, or cancel or ignore the markings. However, pursuant to [41 U.S.C. 4703](#), the following procedures shall apply prior to canceling or ignoring the markings.

The Contracting Officer will make written inquiry to the Contractor affording the Contractor 60 days ~~from receipt~~ [from receipt](#) of ~~the inquiry~~ [the inquiry](#) to provide written justification to substantiate the propriety of the markings;

If the Contractor fails to respond or fails to provide written justification to substantiate the propriety of ~~the markings~~ [within the markings within](#) the 60-day period (or a longer time approved in writing by the Contracting Officer for good cause shown), the Government shall have the right to cancel or ignore the markings at any time after said period and the data will no longer be made subject to any disclosure prohibitions.

If the Contractor provides written justification to substantiate the propriety of the markings within the ~~period set in paragraph~~ [period set in paragraph](#) (e)(1)(i) of this clause, the Contracting Officer will consider such written justification and determine whether or not the markings are to be cancelled or ignored. If the Contracting Officer determines that the markings are authorized, the Contractor will be so notified in writing. If the Contracting Officer determines, with concurrence of the head of the contracting activity, that the markings are not authorized, the Contracting Officer will furnish the Contractor a written determination, which determination will become the final agency decision regarding the appropriateness of the markings unless the Contractor files suit in a court of competent jurisdiction within 90 days of receipt of the Contracting Officer's decision. The Government will continue to abide by the markings under this paragraph (e)(1)(iii) until final resolution of the matter either by the

Contracting Officer's determination becoming final (in which instance the Government will thereafter have the right to cancel or ignore the markings at any time and the data will no longer be made subject to any disclosure prohibitions), or by final disposition of the matter by court decision if suit is filed.

The time limits in the procedures set forth in paragraph (e)(1) of this clause may be modified in ~~accordance with agency regulations~~ accordance with agency regulations implementing the Freedom of Information Act ( 5 U.S.C. 552) if necessary to respond to a request thereunder.

Except to the extent the Government's action occurs as the result of final disposition of the matter by a ~~court of competent~~ court of competent jurisdiction, the Contractor is not precluded by paragraph (e) of the clause from bringing a claim, in accordance with the Disputes clause of this contract, that may arise as the result of the Government removing or ignoring authorized markings on data delivered under this contract.

(f) Omitted or incorrect markings.

Data delivered to the Government without any restrictive markings shall be deemed to have been ~~furnished with unlimited~~ furnished with unlimited rights. The Government is not liable for the disclosure, use, or reproduction of such data.

If the unmarked data has not been disclosed without restriction outside the Government, the Contractor ~~may request, may request,~~ within 6 months (or a longer time approved by the Contracting Officer in writing for good cause shown) after delivery of the data, permission to have authorized notices placed on the data at the Contractor's expense. The Contracting Officer may agree to do so if the Contractor-

(i) Identifies the data to which the omitted notice is to be applied;

Demonstrates that the omission of the notice was inadvertent;

Establishes that the proposed notice is authorized; and

Acknowledges that the Government has no liability for the disclosure, use, or reproduction of any data ~~made prior to the~~ made prior to the addition of the notice or resulting from the omission of the notice.

(3) If data has been marked with an incorrect notice, the Contracting Officer may-

Permit correction of the notice at the Contractor's expense if the Contractor identifies the data ~~and demonstrates~~ and demonstrates that ~~the correct~~ the correct notice is authorized; or

Correct any incorrect notices.

(g) Protection of limited rights data and restricted computer software.

(1) The Contractor may withhold from delivery qualifying limited rights data or restricted computer software that are not data identified in paragraphs (b)(1)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this clause. As a condition to this withholding, the Contractor shall ~~(i) Identify the data being withheld; and~~

~~(ii) Identify the data being withheld; and~~

Furnish form, fit, and function data instead.

Limited rights data that are formatted as a computer database for delivery to the Government shall be ~~treated as limited rights~~treated as limited rights data and not restricted computer software.

[Reserved]

Subcontracting. The Contractor shall obtain from its subcontractors all data and rights therein necessary to fulfill the Contractor's obligations to the Government under this contract. If a subcontractor refuses to accept terms affording the Government those rights, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of the refusal and shall not proceed with the subcontract award without authorization in writing from the Contracting Officer.

Relationship to patents or other rights. Nothing contained in this clause shall imply a license to the Government under any patent or be construed as affecting the scope of any license or other right otherwise granted to the Government.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Dec 2007). As prescribed in 27.409 (b)(2), substitute the following definition for "limited rights data" in paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

Limited rights data means data, other than computer software, developed at private expense that embody trade secrets or are commercial or financial and confidential or privileged.

Alternate II (Dec 2007). As prescribed in ~~27.409~~ (b)(3), insert the following paragraph (g)(3) in the basic clause:

(g)(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (g)(1) of this clause, the contract may identify and specify the delivery of limited rights data, or the Contracting Officer may require by written request the delivery of limited rights data that has been withheld or would otherwise be entitled to be withheld. If delivery of that data is required, the Contractor shall affix the following "Limited Rights Notice" to the data and the Government will treat the data, subject to the provisions of paragraphs (e) and (f) of this clause, in accordance with the notice:

Limited Rights Notice (Dec 2007)

These data are submitted with limited rights under Government Contract No. \_\_\_\_\_ (and subcontract \_\_\_\_\_, if appropriate). These data may be reproduced and used by the Government with the express limitation that they will not, without written permission of the Contractor, be used for purposes of manufacture nor disclosed outside the Government; except that the Government may disclose these data outside the Government for the following purposes, if any; provided that the Government makes such disclosure subject to prohibition against further use and disclosure: [Agencies may list additional purposes as set forth in ~~27.404-2~~(c)(1) or if none, so state.]

This notice shall be marked on any reproduction of these data, in whole or in part.

(End of notice)

Alternate III (Dec 2007). As prescribed in ~~27.409~~ (b)(4), insert the following paragraph (g)(4) in the basic clause:

(g)(4)(i) Notwithstanding paragraph (g)(1) of this clause, the contract may identify and specify the delivery of restricted computer software, or the Contracting Officer may require by written request the delivery of

restricted computer software that has been withheld or would otherwise be entitled to be withheld. If delivery of that computer software is required, the Contractor shall affix the following "Restricted Rights Notice" to the computer software and the Government will treat the computer software, subject to paragraphs (e) and (f) of this clause, in accordance with the notice:

#### Restricted Rights Notice (Dec 2007)

This computer software is submitted with restricted rights under Government Contract No. \_\_\_\_\_ (and subcontract \_\_\_\_\_, if appropriate). It may not be used, reproduced, or disclosed by the Government except as provided in paragraph (b) of this notice or as otherwise expressly stated in the contract.

This computer software may be-

Used or copied for use with the computer(s) for which it was acquired, including use at any ~~Government installation to which~~ [Government installation to which](#) the computer(s) may be transferred;

Used or copied for use with a backup computer if any computer for which it was acquired is inoperative;

Reproduced for safekeeping (archives) or backup purposes;

Modified, adapted, or combined with other computer software, provided that the modified, adapted, or combined portions of the derivative software incorporating any of the delivered, restricted computer software shall be subject to the same restricted rights;

Disclosed to and reproduced for use by support service Contractors or their subcontractors in ~~accordance with paragraphs~~ [accordance with paragraphs](#) (b)(1) through (4) of this notice; and

Used or copied for use with a replacement computer.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if this computer software is copyrighted computer software, it is licensed ~~to the Government~~ [to the Government](#) with the minimum rights set forth in paragraph (b) of this notice.

Any other rights or limitations regarding the use, duplication, or disclosure of this computer software are ~~to be expressly stated~~ [to be expressly stated](#) in, or incorporated in, the contract.

This notice shall be marked on any reproduction of this computer software, in whole or in part, [\(End of notice\)](#)

~~(End of notice)~~

Where it is impractical to include the Restricted Rights Notice on restricted computer software, the ~~following short form~~ [following short form](#) notice may be used instead:

#### Restricted Rights Notice Short Form (Jun 1987)

Use, reproduction, or disclosure is subject to restrictions set forth in Contract No. \_\_\_\_\_ (and subcontract, if appropriate) with \_\_\_\_\_ (name of Contractor and subcontractor).

(End of notice)

If restricted computer software is delivered with the copyright notice of [17 U.S.C. 401](#), it will be ~~presumed to be~~ [presumed to](#) be licensed to the Government without disclosure prohibitions, with the minimum rights set forth in paragraph (b) of this clause.

Alternate IV (Dec 2007). As prescribed in [\(27.409 \(b\)\(5\)\)](#), substitute the following paragraph (c)(1) for paragraph (c)(1) of the basic clause:

(c) Copyright-(1) Data first produced in the performance of the contract. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this contract, the Contractor may assert copyright in any data first produced in the performance of this contract. When asserting copyright, the Contractor shall affix the applicable copyright notice of [17 U.S.C. 401](#) or 402, and an acknowledgment of Government sponsorship (including contract number), to the data when such data are delivered to the Government, as well as when the data are published or deposited for registration as a published work in the U.S. Copyright Office. For data other than computer software, the Contractor grants to the Government, and others acting on its behalf, a paid-up, nonexclusive, irrevocable, worldwide license for all such data to reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and perform publicly and display publicly, by or on behalf of the Government. For computer software, the Contractor grants to the Government and others acting on its behalf, a paid-up, nonexclusive, irrevocable, worldwide license for all such computer software to reproduce, prepare derivative works, and perform publicly and display publicly (but not to distribute copies to the public), by or on behalf of the Government.

Alternate V (Dec 2007). As prescribed in [27.409 \(b\)\(6\)](#), add the following paragraph (j) to the basic clause:

(j) The Contractor agrees, except as may be otherwise specified in this contract for specific data deliverables listed as not subject to this paragraph, that the Contracting Officer may, up to three years after acceptance of all deliverables under this contract, inspect at the Contractor's facility any data withheld pursuant to paragraph ~~(g)(1)~~ (1) of this clause, for purposes of verifying the Contractor's assertion of limited rights or restricted rights status

of the data or for evaluating work performance. When the Contractor whose data are to be inspected demonstrates to the Contracting Officer that there would be a possible conflict of interest if a particular representative made the inspection, the Contracting Officer shall designate an alternate inspector.

52.227-15 Representation of Limited Rights Data and Restricted Computer Software.

As prescribed in [27.409\(c\)](#), insert the following provision:

Representation of Limited Rights Data and Restricted Computer Software (Dec 2007)

This solicitation sets forth the Government's known delivery requirements for data (as defined in the ~~clause at clause~~ [52.227-14](#) ~~227-14~~, Rights in Data-General). Any resulting contract may also provide the Government the option to order additional data under the Additional Data Requirements clause at 52.227-16, if included in the contract. Any data delivered under the resulting contract will be subject to the Rights in Data-General clause at 52.227-14 included in this contract. Under the latter clause, a Contractor may withhold from delivery data that qualify as limited rights data or restricted computer software, and deliver form, fit, and function data instead. The latter clause also may be used with its Alternates II and/or III to obtain delivery of limited rights data or restricted computer software, marked with limited rights or restricted rights notices, as appropriate. In addition, use of Alternate V with this latter clause provides the Government the right to inspect such data at the Contractor's facility.



By completing the remainder of this paragraph, the offeror represents that it has reviewed the ~~requirements for the delivery~~requirements for the delivery of technical data or computer software and states [offeror check appropriate block]-

☐ None of the data proposed for fulfilling the data delivery requirements qualifies as limited rights data or restricted computer software; or

☐ Data proposed for fulfilling the data delivery requirements qualify as limited rights data or restricted computer software and are identified as follows:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Any identification of limited rights data or restricted computer software in the offeror's response is ~~not determinative of the~~not determinative of the status of the data should a contract be awarded to the offeror.

(End of provision)

#### 52.227-16 Additional Data Requirements.

As prescribed in 27.409(d), insert the following clause:

##### Additional Data Requirements (June 1987)

In addition to the data (as defined in the clause at 52.227-14, Rights in Data-General clause or ~~other equivalent~~other equivalent included in this contract) specified elsewhere in this contract to be delivered, the Contracting Officer may, at any time during contract performance or within a period of 3 years after acceptance of all items to be delivered under this contract, order any data first produced or specifically used in the performance of this contract.

The Rights in Data-General clause or other equivalent included in this contract is applicable to all ~~data ordered under this~~data ordered under this Additional Data Requirements clause. Nothing contained in this clause shall require the Contractor to deliver any data the withholding of which is authorized by the Rights in Data-General or other equivalent clause of this contract, or data which are specifically identified in this contract as not subject to this clause.

When data are to be delivered under this clause, the Contractor will be compensated for converting the ~~data into the prescribed data~~data into the prescribed form, for reproduction, and for delivery.

The Contracting Officer may release the Contractor from the requirements of this clause for ~~specifically identified data items~~specifically identified data items at any time during the 3-year period set forth in paragraph (a) of this clause.

(End of clause)

#### 52.227-17 Rights in Data-Special Works.

As prescribed in [27.409\(e\)](#), insert the following clause:

Rights in Data-Special Works (Dec 2007)

Definitions. As used in this clause-

Data means recorded information, regardless of form or the media on which it may be recorded. The term includes technical data and computer software. The term does not include information incidental to contract administration, such as financial, administrative, cost or pricing, or management information.

Unlimited rights means the rights of the Government to use, disclose, reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and perform publicly and display publicly, in any manner and for any purpose, and to have or permit others to do so.

Allocation of Rights.

(1) The Government shall have-

Unlimited rights in all data delivered under this contract, and in all data first produced in the performance of ~~this contract~~ [of this contract](#), except as provided in paragraph (c) of this clause.

The right to limit assertion of copyright in data first produced in the performance of this contract, and ~~to obtain assignment~~ [to obtain assignment](#) of copyright in that data, in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this clause.

The right to limit the release and use of certain data in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause.

(2) The Contractor shall have, to the extent permission is granted in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, the right to assert claim to copyright subsisting in data first produced in the performance of this contract.

(c) Copyright-

(1) Data first produced in the performance of this contract.

The Contractor shall not assert or authorize others to assert any claim to copyright subsisting in any data ~~first produced in~~ [first produced in](#) the performance of this contract without prior written permission of the Contracting Officer. When copyright is asserted, the Contractor shall affix the appropriate copyright notice of [17 U.S.C. 401](#) or 402 and acknowledgment of Government sponsorship (including contract number) to the data when delivered to the Government, as well as when the data are published or deposited for registration as a published work in the U.S. Copyright Office. The Contractor grants to the Government, and others acting on its behalf, a paid-up, nonexclusive, irrevocable, worldwide license for all delivered data to reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and perform publicly and display publicly, by or on behalf of the Government.

If the Government desires to obtain copyright in data first produced in the performance of this contract ~~and permission has~~ [and permission has](#) not been granted as set forth in paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this clause, the Contracting Officer shall direct the Contractor to assign (with or without registration), or obtain the assignment of, the copyright to the Government or its designated assignee.

(2) Data not first produced in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall not, without prior written permission of the Contracting Officer, incorporate in data delivered under this contract any data not first produced in the performance of this contract and that contain the copyright notice of [17 U.S.C. 401](#) or 402, unless the Contractor identifies such data and grants to the Government, or acquires on its behalf, a license of the same scope as set forth in paragraph (c)(1) of this clause.

Release and use restrictions. Except as otherwise specifically provided for in this contract, the Contractor shall not use, release, reproduce, distribute, or publish any data first produced in the performance of this contract, nor authorize others to do so, without written permission of the Contracting Officer.

Indemnity. The Contractor shall indemnify the Government and its officers, agents, and employees acting for the Government against any liability, including costs and expenses, incurred as the result of the violation of trade secrets, copyrights, or right of privacy or publicity, arising out of the creation, delivery, publication, or use of any data furnished under this contract; or any libelous or other unlawful matter contained in such data. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply unless the Government provides notice to the Contractor as soon as practicable of any claim or suit, affords the Contractor an opportunity under applicable laws, rules, or regulations to participate in the defense of the claim or suit, and obtains the Contractor's consent to the settlement of any claim or suit other than as required by final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction; and these provisions do not apply to material furnished to the Contractor by the Government and incorporated in data to which this clause applies.

(End of clause)

52.227-18 ~~Rights in Data Existing Works~~. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in f), insert the following clause:

~~Rights in Data Existing Works (Dec 2007)~~

~~Except as otherwise provided in this contract, the Contractor grants to the Government, and others acting on its behalf, a paid-up nonexclusive, irrevocable, worldwide license to reproduce, prepare derivative works, and perform publicly and display publicly, by or on behalf of the Government, for all the material or subject matter called for under this contract, or for which this clause is specifically made applicable.~~

~~The Contractor shall indemnify the Government and its officers, agents, and employees acting for the Government against any liability, including costs and expenses, incurred as the result of (1) the violation of trade secrets, copyrights, or right of privacy or publicity, arising out of the creation, delivery, publication or use of any data furnished under this contract; or (2) any libelous or other unlawful matter contained in such data. The provisions of this paragraph do not apply unless the Government provides notice to the Contractor as soon as practicable of any claim or suit, affords the Contractor an opportunity under applicable laws, rules, or regulations to participate in the defense of the claim or suit, and obtains the Contractor's consent to the settlement of any claim or suit other than as required by final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction; and do not apply to material furnished to the Contractor by the Government and incorporated in data to which this clause applies.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.227-19 ~~Commercial Computer Software License~~. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in g), insert the following clause:

~~Commercial Computer Software License (Dec 2007)~~

~~(a) Notwithstanding any contrary provisions contained in the Contractor's standard commercial license or lease agreement, the Contractor agrees that the Government will have the rights that are set forth in paragraph (b) of this clause to use, duplicate or disclose any commercial computer software delivered under this contract. The terms and provisions of this contract shall comply with Federal laws and the Federal Acquisition Regulation.~~

~~(b)~~

~~(1) The commercial computer software delivered under this contract may not be used, reproduced, or disclosed by the Government except as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause or as expressly stated otherwise in this contract. (2) The commercial computer software may be-~~

~~Used or copied for use with the computer(s) for which it was acquired, including use at any Government installation to which the computer(s) may be transferred;~~

~~Used or copied for use with a backup computer if any computer for which it was acquired is inoperative;~~

~~Reproduced for safekeeping (archives) or backup purposes;~~

~~Modified, adapted, or combined with other computer software, provided that the modified, adapted, or combined portions of the derivative software incorporating any of the delivered, commercial computer software shall be subject to same restrictions set forth in this contract;~~

~~Disclosed to and reproduced for use by support service Contractors or their subcontractors, subject to the same restrictions set forth in this contract; and~~

~~Used or copied for use with a replacement computer.~~

~~(3) If the commercial computer software is otherwise available without disclosure restrictions, the Contractor licenses it to the Government without disclosure restrictions.~~

~~(c) The Contractor shall affix a notice substantially as follows to any commercial computer software delivered under this contract:~~

~~Notice-Notwithstanding any other lease or license agreement that may pertain to, or accompany the delivery of, this computer software, the rights of the Government regarding its use, reproduction and disclosure are as set forth in Government Contract No. \_\_\_\_\_.~~

~~{End of clause}~~

52.227-20 Rights in Data-SBIR Program.

As prescribed in [27.409\(h\)](#), insert the following clause:

Rights in Data-SBIR Program (May 2014)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Computer database or "database" means a collection of recorded information in a form capable of, and for the purpose of, being stored in, processed, and operated on by a computer. The term does not include computer software. ~~Computer software-~~

#### Computer software-

(1) Means.

Computer programs that comprise a series of instructions, rules, routines, or statements, regardless of ~~the media in which~~ the media in which recorded, that allow or cause a computer to perform a specific operation or series of operations; and

Recorded information comprising source code listings, design details, algorithms, processes, flow charts, formulas, ~~and related~~ and related material that would enable the computer program to be produced, created, or compiled.

(2) Does not include computer databases or computer software documentation.

Computer software documentation means owner's manuals, user's manuals, installation instructions, operating instructions, and other similar items, regardless of storage medium, that explain the capabilities of the computer software or provide instructions for using the software.

Data means recorded information, regardless of form or the media on which it may be recorded. The term includes technical data and computer software. The term does not include information incidental to contract administration, such as financial, administrative, cost or pricing or management information.

Form, fit, and function data means data relating to items, components, or processes that are sufficient to enable physical and functional interchangeability, and data identifying source, size, configuration, mating and attachment characteristics, functional characteristics, and performance requirements. For computer software it means data identifying source, functional characteristics, and performance requirements but specifically excludes the source code, algorithms, processes, formulas, and flow charts of the software.

Limited rights data means data (other than computer software) developed at private expense that embody trade secrets or are commercial or financial and confidential or privileged.

Restricted computer software means computer software developed at private expense and that is a trade secret, is commercial or financial and confidential or privileged, or is copyrighted computer software, including minor modifications of the computer software.

SBIR data means data first produced by a Contractor that is a small business concern in performance of a small business innovation research contract issued under the authority of 15 U.S.C. 638, which data are not generally known, and which data without obligation as to its confidentiality have not been made available to others by the Contractor or are not already available to the Government.

SBIR rights means the rights in SBIR data set forth in the SBIR Rights Notice of paragraph (d) of this clause.

Technical data means recorded information (regardless of the form or method of the recording) of a scientific or technical nature (including computer databases and computer software documentation). This term does not include computer software or financial, administrative, cost or pricing, or management data or other

information incidental to contract administration. The term includes recorded information of a scientific or technical nature that is included in computer databases. (See ~~41 U.S.C. 116.~~)

Unlimited rights means the right of the Government to use, disclose, reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and perform publicly and display publicly, in any manner and for any purpose whatsoever, and to have or permit others to do so.

(b) Allocation of rights.

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this clause regarding copyright, the Government shall have unlimited rights in-

Data specifically identified in this contract as data to be delivered without restriction;

Form, fit, and function data delivered under this contract;

Data delivered under this contract (except for restricted computer software) that constitute manuals ~~or instructional and training~~ instructional and training material for installation, operation, or routine maintenance and repair of items, components, or processes delivered or furnished for use under this contract; and

All other data delivered under this contract unless provided otherwise for SBIR data in accordance ~~with paragraph~~ with paragraph (d) of this clause or for limited rights data or restricted computer software in accordance with paragraph (f) of this clause.

(2) The Contractor shall have the right to-

Assert copyright in data first produced in the performance of this contract to the extent provided in paragraph(c)(1) ~~of this~~ of this clause;

Protect SBIR rights in SBIR data delivered under this contract in the manner and to the extent provided ~~in paragraph~~ in paragraph (d) of this clause;

Substantiate use of, add, or correct SBIR rights or copyright notices and to take other appropriate action, ~~in accordance with~~ in accordance with paragraph (e) of this clause; and

Withhold from delivery those data which are limited rights data or restricted computer software to the ~~extent provided in~~ extent provided in paragraph (f) of this clause.

(c) Copyright-

(1) Data first produced in the performance of this contract.

Except as otherwise specifically provided in this contract, the Contractor may assert copyright subsisting ~~in any data first~~ in any data first produced in the performance of this contract.

When asserting copyright, the Contractor shall affix the applicable copyright notice of 17 U.S.C. 401 or ~~402 and 402~~ and 402 and an acknowledgment of Government sponsorship (including contract number).

For data other than computer software, the Contractor grants to the Government, and others acting on ~~its behalf~~ its behalf, a paid-up nonexclusive, irrevocable, worldwide license to reproduce, prepare derivative works,

distribute copies to the public, and perform publicly and display publicly, by or on behalf of the Government. For computer software, the Contractor grants to the Government, and others acting on its behalf, a paid-up, nonexclusive, irrevocable, worldwide license in such copyrighted computer software to reproduce, prepare derivative works, and perform publicly and display publicly, by or on behalf of the Government.

Data not first produced in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall not, without prior written permission of the Contracting Officer, incorporate in data delivered under this contract any data that are not first produced in the performance of this contract unless the Contractor (i) identifies such data and (ii) grants to the Government, or acquires on its behalf, a license of the same scope as set forth in paragraph (c)(1) of this clause.

Removal of copyright notices. The Government will not remove any copyright notices placed on data pursuant to this paragraph (c), and will include such notices on all reproductions of the data.

(d) Rights to SBIR data.

The Contractor is authorized to affix the following "SBIR Rights Notice" to SBIR data delivered under ~~this contract and the~~ this contract and the Government will treat the data, subject to the provisions of paragraphs (e) and (f) of this clause, in accordance with the notice:

SBIR Rights Notice (Dec 2007)

These SBIR data are furnished with SBIR rights under Contract No. \_\_\_\_\_ (and subcontract \_\_\_\_\_, if appropriate). For a period of 4 years, unless extended in accordance with FAR ~~(27.409(h))~~ (27.409(h)), after acceptance of all items to be delivered under this contract, the Government will use these data for Government purposes only, and they shall not be disclosed outside the Government (including disclosure for procurement purposes) during such period without permission of the Contractor, except that, subject to the foregoing use and disclosure prohibitions, these data may be disclosed for use by support Contractors. After the protection period, the Government has a paid-up license to use, and to authorize others to use on its behalf, these data for Government purposes, but is relieved of all disclosure prohibitions and assumes no liability for unauthorized use of these data by third parties. This notice shall be affixed to any reproductions of these data, in whole or in part.

(End of notice)

The Government's sole obligation with respect to any SBIR data shall be as set forth in this paragraph (d).

(e) Omitted or incorrect markings.

Data delivered to the Government without any notice authorized by paragraph (d) of this clause shall ~~be deemed~~ be deemed to ~~have been~~ have been furnished with unlimited rights. The Government assumes no liability for the disclosure, use, or reproduction of such data.

If the unmarked data has not been disclosed without restriction outside the Government, the Contractor ~~may request~~ may request, within 6 months (or a longer time approved by the Contracting Officer in writing for good cause shown) after delivery of the data, permission to have authorized notices placed on the data at the Contractor's expense, and the Contracting Officer may agree to do so if the Contractor-

(i) Identifies the data to which the omitted notice is to be applied;

Demonstrates that the omission of the notice was inadvertent;

Establishes that the use of the proposed notice is authorized; and

Acknowledges that the Government has no liability with respect to the disclosure or use of any such ~~data made~~data made prior ~~to the~~to the addition of the notice or resulting from the omission of the notice.

(3) If the data has been marked with an incorrect notice, the Contracting Officer may-

Permit correction of the notice at the Contractor's expense, if the Contractor identifies the data ~~and demonstrates~~and demonstrates that ~~the correct~~the correct notice is authorized; or

Correct any incorrect notices.

Protection of limited rights data and restricted computer software. The Contractor may withhold from delivery qualifying limited rights data and restricted computer software that are not identified in paragraphs (b)(1)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this clause. As a condition to this withholding, the Contractor shall identify the data being withheld, and furnish form, fit, and function data instead.

Subcontracting. The Contractor shall obtain from its subcontractors all data and rights therein necessary to fulfill the Contractor's obligations to the Government under this contract. If a subcontractor refuses to accept terms affording the Government those rights, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of the refusal and not proceed with the subcontract award without further authorization in writing from the Contracting Officer.

Relationship to patents. Nothing contained in this clause shall imply a license to the Government under any patent or be construed as affecting the scope of any license or other right otherwise granted to the Government.

(End of clause)

52.227-21 Technical Data Declaration, Revision, and Withholding of Payment-Major Systems.

As prescribed in [27.409\(j\)](#), insert the following clause:

Technical Data Declaration, Revision, and Withholding of Payment-Major Systems (May 2014)

Scope of declaration. The Contractor shall provide, in accordance with [41 U.S.C. 2302\(e\)\(7\)](#), the following declaration with respect to all technical data that relate to a major system and that are delivered or required to be delivered under this contract or that are delivered within 3 years after acceptance of all items (other than technical data) delivered under this contract unless a different period is set forth in the contract. The Contracting Officer may release the Contractor from all or part of the requirements of this clause for specifically identified technical data items at any time during the period covered by this clause.

Technical data declaration.

All technical data that are subject to this clause shall be accompanied by the following declaration ~~upon~~upon delivery:



#### Technical Data Declaration (Jan 1997)

The Contractor, \_\_\_\_\_, hereby declares that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, the technical data delivered herewith under Government contract No. \_\_\_\_\_ (and subcontract

\_\_\_\_\_, if appropriate) are complete, accurate, and comply with the requirements of the contract concerning such technical data.

(End of declaration)

The Government may, at any time during the period covered by this clause, direct correction of ~~any deficiencies~~any deficiencies that ~~are not~~are not in compliance with contract requirements. The corrections shall be made at the expense of the Contractor. Unauthorized markings on data shall not be considered a deficiency for the purpose of this clause, but will be treated in accordance with paragraph (e) of the Rights in Data-General clause included in this contract.

Technical data revision. The Contractor also shall, at the request of the Contracting Officer, revise technical data that are subject to this clause to reflect engineering design changes made during the performance of this contract and affecting the form, fit, and function of any item (other than technical data) delivered under this contract. The Contractor may submit a request for an equitable adjustment to the terms and conditions of this contract for any revisions to technical data made pursuant to this paragraph.

Withholding of payment.

(1) At any time before final payment under this contract the Contracting Officer may withhold payment as a reserve up to an amount not exceeding \$100,000 or 5 percent of the amount of this contract, whichever is less, if the Contractor fails to ~~(i) Make timely delivery of the technical data;~~

~~(ii) Make timely delivery of the technical data;~~

Provide the declaration required by paragraph (b)(1) of this clause; ~~(i) Make the corrections required by paragraph (b)(2) of this clause;~~ or

(iv) Make revisions requested under paragraph (c) of this clause.

The Contracting Officer may withhold the reserve until the Contractor has complied with the direction ~~or requests~~or requests of ~~the Contracting~~the Contracting Officer or determines that the deficiencies relating to delivered data, arose out of causes beyond the control of the Contractor and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor.

The withholding of any reserve under this clause, or the subsequent payment of the reserve, shall not ~~be construed~~be construed as ~~a waiver~~a waiver of any Government rights.

(End of clause)

52.227-22 Major System-Minimum Rights.

As prescribed in 27.409(k), insert the following clause:

#### Major System-Minimum Rights (June 1987)

Notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, the Government shall have unlimited rights in any technical data, other than computer software, developed in the performance of this contract and relating to a major system or supplies for a major system procured or to be procured by the Government, to the extent that delivery of such technical data is required as an element of performance under this contract. The rights of the Government under this clause are in addition to and not in lieu of its rights under the other provisions of this contract.

(End of clause)

52.227-23 ~~Rights to Proposal Data (Technical)~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in I), insert the following clause:~~

~~Rights to Proposal Data (Technical) (June 1987)~~

~~Except for data contained on pages \_\_\_\_\_, it is agreed that as a condition of award of this contract, and notwithstanding the conditions of any notice appearing thereon, the Government shall have unlimited rights (as defined in the "Rights in Data General" clause contained in this contract) in and to the technical data contained in the proposal dated \_\_\_\_\_, upon which this contract is based.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.228 [Reserved]

52.228-1 Bid Guarantee.

As prescribed in [28.101-2](#), insert a provision or clause substantially as follows:

Bid Guarantee (Sept 1996)

Failure to furnish a bid guarantee in the proper form and amount, by the time set for opening of bids, may ~~be cause for rejection~~ [because for rejection](#) of the bid.

The bidder shall furnish a bid guarantee in the form of a firm commitment, e.g., bid bond supported by good and sufficient surety or sureties acceptable to the Government, postal money order, certified check, cashier's check, irrevocable letter of credit, or, under Treasury Department regulations, certain bonds or notes of the United States. The Contracting Officer will return bid guarantees, other than bid bonds-

To unsuccessful bidders as soon as practicable after the opening of bids; and

To the successful bidder upon execution of contractual documents and bonds (including any ~~necessary coinsurance or reinsurance~~ [necessary coinsurance or reinsurance](#) agreements), as required by the bid as accepted.

The amount of the bid guarantee shall be \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the bid price or \$\_\_\_\_\_, whichever is less.

If the successful bidder, upon acceptance of its bid by the Government within the period specified ~~for acceptance, fails to~~for acceptance, fails to execute all contractual documents or furnish executed bond(s) within 10 days after receipt of the forms by the bidder, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract for default.

In the event the contract is terminated for default, the bidder is liable for any cost of acquiring the work ~~that exceeds the amount~~that exceeds the amount of its bid, and the bid guarantee is available to offset the difference.

(End of clause)

#### 52.228-2 Additional Bond Security.

As prescribed in 28.106-4(a), insert the following clause:

##### Additional Bond Security (Oct 1997)

The Contractor shall promptly furnish additional security required to protect the Government and persons supplying labor or materials under this contract if-

Any surety upon any bond, or issuing financial institution for other security, furnished with this ~~contract becomes unacceptable~~contract becomes unacceptable to the Government;

Any surety fails to furnish reports on its financial condition as required by the Government;

The contract price is increased so that the penal sum of any bond becomes inadequate in the opinion of ~~the Contracting~~the Contracting Officer; or

~~Officer; or~~

An irrevocable letter of credit (ILC) used as security will expire before the end of the period of ~~required security. If the Contractor~~required security. If the Contractor does not furnish an acceptable extension or replacement ILC or other acceptable substitute, at least 30 days before an ILC's scheduled expiration, the Contracting officer has the right to immediately draw on the ILC.

(End of clause)

#### 52.228-3 Workers' Compensation Insurance (Defense Base Act).

As prescribed in 28.309(a), insert the following clause:

##### Workers' Compensation Insurance (Defense Base Act) (Jul 2014)

(a) The Contractor shall

Before commencing performance under this contract, establish provisions to provide for the payment ~~of disability compensation~~of disability compensation and medical benefits to covered employees and death benefits to their eligible survivors, by purchasing workers' compensation insurance or qualifying as a self-insurer under the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 932) as extended by the Defense Base Act (42 U.S.C. 1651, etseq.), and continue to maintain provisions to provide such Defense Base Act benefits until contract performance is completed;

Within ten days of an employee's injury or death or from the date the Contractor has knowledge of the ~~injury~~ ~~of injury~~ death, submit Form LS-202 (Employee's First Report of Injury or Occupational Illness) to the Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act ([33 U.S.C. 930\(a\)](#)), 20 CFR 702.201 to 702.203);

Pay all compensation due for disability or death within the time frames required by the Longshore ~~and Harbor~~ ~~Workers' Compensation~~ [and Harbor Workers' Compensation](#) Act ([33 U.S.C. 914](#), 20 CFR 702.231 and 703.232);

Provide for medical care as required by the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act ([33 U.S.C. 907](#)), 20 CFR 702.402 and 702.419);

If controverting the right to compensation, submit Form LS-207 (Notice of Controversion of Right to Compensation) ~~to the~~ [to the](#) Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act ([33 U.S.C. 914\(d\)](#)), 20 CFR 702.251);

Immediately upon making the first payment of compensation in any case, submit Form LS-206 (Payment Of Compensation Without Award) to the Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act ([33 U.S.C. 914\(c\)](#)), 20 CFR 702.234);

When payments are suspended or when making the final payment, submit Form LS-208 (Notice of ~~Final~~ ~~Payment~~ [Final Payment](#) or Suspension of Compensation Payments) to the Department of Labor in accordance with the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act ([33 U.S.C. 914\(c\)](#)) and (g), 20 CFR 702.234 and 702.235); and

Adhere to all other provisions of the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act as extended by ~~the~~ ~~Defense Base~~ [the Defense Base](#) Act, and Department of Labor regulations at 20 CFR Parts 701 to 704.

For additional information on the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act requirements see <http://www.dol.gov/owcp/dlhwc/lbdba.htm>.

The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts ~~to which~~ ~~the Defense~~ [to which the Defense](#) Base Act applies.

(End of clause)

52.228-4 Workers' Compensation and War-Hazard Insurance Overseas.

As prescribed in [28.309\(b\)](#), insert the following clause:

Workers' Compensation and War-Hazard Insurance Overseas (Apr 1984)

This paragraph applies if the Contractor employs any person who, but for a waiver granted by the ~~Secretary~~ ~~of~~ [Secretary of](#) Labor, would be subject to workers' compensation insurance under the Defense Base Act ([42 U.S.C. 1651](#), etseq.). On behalf of employees for whom the applicability of the Defense Base Act has been waived, the Contractor shall (1) provide, before commencing performance under this contract, at least that workers' compensation insurance or the equivalent as the laws of the country of which these employees are

nationals may require, and (2) continue to maintain it until performance is completed. The Contractor shall insert, in all subcontracts under this contract to which the Defense Base Act would apply but for the waiver, a clause similar to this paragraph (a) (including this sentence) imposing upon those subcontractors this requirement to provide such workers' compensation insurance coverage.

This paragraph applies if the Contractor or any subcontractor under this contract employs any person who, but for ~~awaiver~~ a waiver granted by the Secretary of Labor, would be subject to the War Hazards Compensation Act (42 U.S.C. 1701, et seq.). On behalf of employees for whom the applicability of the Defense Base Act (and hence that of the War Hazards Compensation Act) has been waived, the Contractor shall, subject to reimbursement as provided elsewhere in this contract, afford the same protection as that provided in the War Hazards Compensation Act, except that the level of benefits shall conform to any law or international agreement controlling the benefits to which the employees may be entitled. In all other respects, the standards of the War Hazards Compensation Act shall apply; e.g., the definition of war-hazard risks (injury, death, capture, or detention as the result of a war hazard as defined in the Act), proof of loss, and exclusion of benefits otherwise covered by workers' compensation insurance or the equivalent. Unless the Contractor elects to assume directly the liability to subcontractor employees created by this clause, the Contractor shall insert, in all subcontracts under this contract to which the War Hazards Compensation Act would apply but for the waiver, a clause similar to this paragraph (b) (including this sentence) imposing upon those subcontractors this requirement to provide war-hazard benefits. ~~(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

#### 52.228-5 Insurance-Work on a Government Installation.

As prescribed in 28.310, insert the following clause:

##### Insurance-Work on a Government Installation (Jan 1997)

The Contractor shall, at its own expense, provide and maintain during the entire performance of this contract, ~~at least the~~ least the kinds and minimum amounts of insurance required in the Schedule or elsewhere in the contract.

Before commencing work under this contract, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in ~~writing that~~ there required writing that the required insurance has been obtained. The policies evidencing required insurance shall contain an endorsement to the effect that any cancellation or any material change adversely affecting the Government's interest shall not be effective-

For such period as the laws of the State in which this contract is to be performed prescribe; or

Until 30 days after the insurer or the Contractor gives written notice to the Contracting Officer, ~~whichever period is longer~~ whichever period is longer.

(c) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in subcontracts under this contract that require work on a Government installation and shall require subcontractors to provide and maintain the insurance required in the Schedule or elsewhere in the contract. The Contractor shall maintain a copy of all subcontractors' proofs of required insurance, and shall make copies available to the Contracting Officer upon request. ~~(End of clause)~~

[\(End of clause\)](#)

52.228-6 [Reserved]

52.228-7 Insurance-Liability to Third Persons.

As prescribed in [,28.311-1](#), insert the following clause:

Insurance-Liability to Third Persons (Mar 1996)

(a)

Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this clause, the Contractor shall provide and maintain ~~workers' compensation,~~[workers' compensation](#), employer's liability, comprehensive general liability (bodily injury), comprehensive automobile liability (bodily injury and property damage) insurance, and such other insurance as the Contracting Officer may require under this contract.

The Contractor may, with the approval of the Contracting Officer, maintain a self-insurance program, provided that, with respect to workers' compensation, the Contractor is qualified pursuant to statutory authority.

All insurance required by this paragraph shall be in a form and amount and for those periods as ~~the Contracting Officer may~~[the Contracting Officer may](#) require or approve and with insurers approved by the Contracting Officer.

[\(b\)](#) The Contractor agrees to submit for the Contracting Officer's approval, to the extent and in the manner required by ~~the Contracting~~[the Contracting](#) Officer, any other insurance that is maintained by the Contractor in connection with the performance of this contract and for which the Contractor seeks reimbursement. [\(c\)](#) The Contractor shall be reimbursed-

(1) For that portion-

Of the reasonable cost of insurance allocable to this contract; and

Required or approved under this clause; and

(2) For certain liabilities (and expenses incidental to such liabilities) to third persons not compensated by insurance or otherwise without regard to and as an exception to the limitation of cost or the limitation of funds clause of this contract. These liabilities must arise out of the performance of this contract, whether or not caused by the negligence of the Contractor or of the Contractor's agents, servants, or employees, and must be represented by final judgments or settlements approved in writing by the Government. These liabilities are for-

Loss of or damage to property (other than property owned, occupied, or used by the Contractor, rented to ~~the Contractor,~~[the Contractor](#), or in the care, custody, or control of the Contractor); or

Death or bodily injury.

The Government's liability under paragraph (c) of this clause is subject to the availability of ~~appropriated funds~~[appropriated funds](#) at ~~the time~~[the time](#) a contingency occurs. Nothing in this contract shall be construed as implying that the Congress will, at a later date, appropriate funds sufficient to meet deficiencies.

The Contractor shall not be reimbursed for liabilities (and expenses incidental to such liabilities)-

For which the Contractor is otherwise responsible under the express terms of any clause specified in ~~the Schedule or elsewhere~~the Schedule or elsewhere in the contract;

For which the Contractor has failed to insure or to maintain insurance as required by the Contracting Officer; or

That result from willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of any of the Contractor's directors, officers, managers, superintendents, or other representatives who have supervision or direction of-

All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;

All or substantially all of the Contractor's operations at any one plant or separate location in which ~~this contract~~this contract is ~~being performed~~being performed; or

A separate and complete major industrial operation in connection with the performance of this contract.

The provisions of paragraph (e) of this clause shall not restrict the right of the Contractor to be reimbursed ~~for the cost of~~for the cost of insurance maintained by the Contractor in connection with the performance of this contract, other than insurance required in accordance with this clause; provided, that such cost is allowable under the Allowable Cost and Payment clause of this contract.

If any suit or action is filed or any claim is made against the Contractor, the cost and expense of which ~~may be reimbursable~~maybe reimbursable to the Contractor under this contract, and the risk of which is then uninsured or is insured for less than the amount claimed, the Contractor shall-

Immediately notify the Contracting Officer and promptly furnish copies of all pertinent papers received;

Authorize Government representatives to collaborate with counsel for the insurance carrier in settling ~~or defending the claim~~or defending the claim when the amount of the liability claimed exceeds the amount of coverage; and

Authorize Government representatives to settle or defend the claim and to represent the Contractor in or ~~to take charge of~~to take charge of any litigation, if required by the Government, when the liability is not insured or covered by bond. The Contractor may, at its own expense, be associated with the Government representatives in any such claim or litigation.

(End of clause)

#### 52.228-8 Liability and Insurance-Leased Motor Vehicles.

As prescribed in 28.312, insert the following clause:

Liability and Insurance-Leased Motor Vehicles (May 1999)

(a) The Government shall be responsible for loss of or damage to-

(1) Leased vehicles, except for ~~(i)~~-

Normal wear and tear; and

~~(ii)~~-Loss or damage caused by the negligence of the Contractor, its agents, or employees; and

(2) Property of third persons, or the injury or death of third persons, if the Government is liable for such loss, damage, injury, or death under the Federal Tort Claims Act (~~28 U.S.C. 2671-2680-~~).

The Contractor shall be liable for, and shall indemnify and hold harmless the Government against, all ~~actions or claims for~~ actions or claims for loss of or damage to property or the injury or death of persons, resulting from the fault, negligence, or wrongful act or omission of the Contractor, its agents, or employees.

The Contractor shall provide and maintain insurance covering its liabilities under paragraph (b) of this clause, ~~in amounts~~ in amounts of at least \$200,000 per person and \$500,000 per occurrence for death or bodily injury and \$20,000 per occurrence for property damage or loss.

Before commencing work under this contract, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in ~~writing that~~ there required writing that the required insurance has been obtained. The policies evidencing required insurance shall contain an endorsement to the effect that any cancellation or any material change adversely affecting the interests of the Government shall not be effective (1) for such period as the laws of the State in which this contract is to be performed prescribe or (2) until 30 days after written notice to the Contracting Officer, whichever period is longer. The policies shall exclude any claim by the insurer for subrogation against the Government by reason of any payment under the policies.

The contract price shall not include any costs for insurance or contingency to cover losses, damage, injury, ~~or death for which~~ or death for which the Government is responsible under paragraph (a) of this clause.

(End of clause)

52.228-9 Cargo Insurance.

As prescribed in 28.313(a), insert the following clause:

Cargo Insurance (May 1999)

The Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, shall provide and maintain, during the continuance of ~~this contract,~~ cargo insurance this contract, cargo insurance of \$\_\_\_\_\_ per vehicle to cover the value of property on each vehicle and of \$\_\_\_\_\_ to cover the total value of the property in the shipment.

All insurance shall be written on companies acceptable to \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency], and policies shall include such terms and conditions as required by \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency]. The Contractor shall provide evidence of acceptable cargo insurance to \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency] before commencing operations under this contract.

Each cargo insurance policy shall include the following statement:

"It is a condition of this policy that the Company shall furnish-

Written notice to \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name and address of contracting agency], 30 days in advance of the effective date of any reduction in, or cancellation of, this policy; and

Evidence of any renewal policy to the address specified in paragraph (1) of this statement, not less than 15 days prior ~~to the~~ to the expiration of any current policy on file with \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of contracting agency]."~~(End of clause)~~



(End of clause)

#### 52.228-10 Vehicular and General Public Liability Insurance.

As prescribed in [28.313\(b\)](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when the contracting officer determines that vehicular liability or general public liability insurance required by law is not sufficient:

##### Vehicular and General Public Liability Insurance (Apr 1984)

(a) The Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, agrees to maintain, during the continuance of this contract, vehicular liability and general public liability insurance with limits of liability for-

Bodily injury of not less than \$\_\_\_\_\_ for each person and \$\_\_\_\_\_ for each occurrence; and

Property damage of not less than \$\_\_\_\_\_ for each accident and \$\_\_\_\_\_ in the aggregate.

(b) The Contractor also agrees to maintain workers' compensation and other legally required insurance with respect to the Contractor's own employees and agents.

(End of clause)

#### 52.228-11 Individual Surety—Pledge of Assets.

As prescribed in [28.203-4](#) (b), insert the following clause:

##### Individual Surety—Pledge of Assets (Feb 2021)

(a) The Contractor shall obtain from each person acting as an individual surety on a performance bond or a payment bond—

(1) A pledge of assets that meets the eligibility, valuation, and security requirements described in the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) ~~28.203-1~~; and

(2) Standard Form 28, Affidavit of Individual Surety.

(b) The Contracting Officer may release a portion of the security interest on the individual surety's assets based upon substantial performance of the Contractor's obligations under its performance bond. The security interest in support of a performance bond shall be maintained—

Contracts for the construction, alteration, or repair of any public building or public work of the Federal Government exceeding \$150,000 (40 U.S.C. 3131). Until completion of any warranty period, or for 1 year following final payment, whichever is later.

Contracts subject to alternative payment protection (see FAR [28.102-1\(b\)\(1\)](#)). For the full contract performance period plus 1 year.

Other contracts not subject to the requirements of paragraph (b)(1) of this clause. Until completion of any warranty period, or for 90 days following final payment, whichever is later.

(c) A surety's assets pledged in support of a payment bond may be released to a subcontractor or supplier upon Government receipt of a Federal district court judgment, or a sworn statement by the subcontractor or supplier that the claim is correct along with a notarized authorization of the release by the surety stating that it approves of such release. The security interest on the individual surety's assets in support of a payment bond shall be maintained—

Contracts for the construction, alteration, or repair of any public building or public work of the Federal Government exceeding \$150,000 which require performance and payment bonds (40 U.S.C. 3131). For 1 year following final payment, or until resolution of all pending claims filed against the payment bond during the ~~1-~~ 1 year period following final payment, whichever is later.

Contracts subject to alternative payment protection (see FAR 28.102-1(b)(1)). For the full contract performance period plus 1 year.

(3) Other contracts not subject to the requirements of paragraph (c)(1) of this clause. For 90 days following final payment.

(d) The Contracting Officer may allow the Contractor to substitute an individual surety, for a performance or payment bond, after contract award. The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of paragraph (a) of this clause within the timeframe established by the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

#### 52.228-12 Prospective Subcontractor Requests for Bonds.

As prescribed in 28.106-4(b), use the following clause:

##### Prospective Subcontractor Requests for Bonds (Dec 2022)

In accordance with section 806(a)(3) of Pub. L. 102-190, as amended by sections 2091 and 8105 of Pub. L. ~~103-355~~ 103355 (10 U.S.C. 4601 note prec.), upon the request of a prospective subcontractor or supplier offering to furnish labor or material for the performance of this contract for which a payment bond has been furnished to the Government pursuant to 40 U.S.C. chapter 31, subchapter III, Bonds, the Contractor shall promptly provide a copy of such payment bond to the requester. ~~(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

#### 52.228-13 Alternative Payment Protections.

As prescribed in 28.102-3(b), insert the following clause:

##### Alternative Payment Protections (July 2000)

The Contractor shall submit one of the following payment protections:

---

The amount of the payment protection shall be 100 percent of the contract price.

The submission of the payment protection is required within \_\_\_\_\_ days of contract award.

The payment protection shall provide protection for the full contract performance period plus a one-~~year period~~year period.

Except for escrow agreements and payment bonds, which provide their own protection procedures, ~~the Contracting Officer~~the Contracting Officer is authorized to access funds under the payment protection when it has been alleged in writing by a supplier of labor or material that a nonpayment has occurred, and to withhold such funds pending resolution by administrative or judicial proceedings or mutual agreement of the parties.

When a tripartite escrow agreement is used, the Contractor shall utilize only suppliers of labor and ~~material that signed the~~material that signed the escrow agreement.

(End of clause)

52.228-14 Irrevocable Letter of Credit.

As prescribed in 28.204-4, insert the following clause:

Irrevocable Letter of Credit (Nov 2014)

"Irrevocable letter of credit" (ILC), as used in this clause, means a written commitment by a federally ~~insured financial institution~~insured financial institution to pay all or part of a stated amount of money, until the expiration date of the letter, upon presentation by the Government (the beneficiary) of a written demand therefor. Neither the financial institution nor the offeror/Contractor can revoke or condition the letter of credit.

If the offeror intends to use an ILC in lieu of a bid bond, or to secure other types of bonds such as ~~as performance and payment~~as performance and payment bonds, the letter of credit and letter of confirmation formats in paragraphs (e) and (f) of this clause shall be used.

The letter of credit shall be irrevocable, shall require presentation of no document other than a ~~written demand~~written demand and ~~the ILC~~the ILC (including confirming letter, if any), shall be issued/confirmed by an acceptable federally insured financial institution as provided in paragraph (d) of this clause, and-

If used as a bid guarantee, the ILC shall expire no earlier than 60 days after the close of the bid ~~acceptance period~~acceptance period;

If used as an alternative to corporate or individual sureties as security for a performance or payment bond, ~~the offeror~~the offeror/Contractor may submit an ILC with an initial expiration date estimated to cover the entire period for which financial security is required or may submit an ILC with an initial expiration date that is a minimum period of one year from the date of issuance. The ILC shall provide that, unless the issuer provides the beneficiary written notice of ~~nonrenewal~~non-renewal at least 60 days in advance of the current expiration date, the ILC is automatically extended without amendment for one year from the expiration date, or any future expiration date, until the period of required coverage is completed and the Contracting Officer provides the financial institution with a written statement waiving the right to payment. The period of required coverage shall be:

(i) For contracts subject to 40 U.S.C. chapter 31, subchapter III, Bonds, the later of-

One year following the expected date of final payment;

For performance bonds only, until completion of any warranty period; or

For payment bonds only, until resolution of all claims filed against the payment bond during the one-~~year~~  
~~period following~~ year period following final payment.

(ii) For contracts not subject to 40 U.S.C. chapter 31, subchapter III, Bonds, the later of-  
90 days following final payment; or

For performance bonds only, until completion of any warranty period.

(d)

Only federally insured financial institutions rated investment grade by a commercial rating service shall ~~issue~~  
~~or confirm~~ issue or confirm the ILC.

Unless the financial institution issuing the ILC had letter of credit business of at least \$25 million in the ~~past year,~~  
~~ILCs over~~ past year, ILCs over \$5 million must be confirmed by another acceptable financial institution that had  
letter of credit business of at least \$25 million in the past year.

The Offeror/Contractor shall provide the Contracting Officer a credit rating that indicates the ~~financial~~  
~~institutions have the~~ financial institutions have the required credit rating as of the date of issuance of the ILC.

The current rating for a financial institution is available through any of the following rating ~~services~~  
~~registered~~ services registered with ~~the~~ the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as a Nationally  
Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO). NRSRO's can be located at the website  
<http://www.sec.gov/answers/nrsro.htm> maintained by the SEC.

(e) The following format shall be used by the issuing financial institution to create an ILC:

\_\_\_\_\_ [Issuing Financial Institution's Letterhead  
or Name and Address]

Issue Date \_\_\_\_\_

Irrevocable Letter of Credit No. \_\_\_\_\_

Account party's name \_\_\_\_\_

Account party's address \_\_\_\_\_

For Solicitation No. \_\_\_\_\_ (for reference only)

To: [U.S. Government agency]

[U.S. Government agency's address]

We hereby establish this irrevocable and transferable Letter of Credit in your favor for one or more ~~drawings up~~  
~~to United~~ drawings up to United States \$ \_\_\_\_\_. This Letter of Credit is payable at [issuing financial institution's  
and, if any, confirming financial institution's] office at [issuing financial institution's address and, if any,

confirming financial institution's address] and expires with our close of business on \_\_\_\_\_, or any automatically extended expiration date.

We hereby undertake to honor your or the transferee's sight draft(s) drawn on the issuing or, if any, ~~the confirming financial~~ the confirming financial institution, for all or any part of this credit if presented with this Letter of Credit and confirmation, if any, at the office specified in paragraph 1 of this Letter of Credit on or before the expiration date or any automatically extended expiration date.

[This paragraph is omitted if used as a bid guarantee, and subsequent paragraphs are renumbered.] It is a condition of this Letter of Credit that it is deemed to be automatically extended without amendment for one year from the expiration date hereof, or any future expiration date, unless at least 60 days prior to any expiration date, we notify you or the transferee by registered mail, or other receipted means of delivery, that we elect not to consider this Letter of Credit renewed for any such additional period. At the time we notify you, we also agree to notify the account party (and confirming financial institution, if any) by the same means of delivery.

This Letter of Credit is transferable. Transfers and assignments of proceeds are to be effected without ~~charge to~~ charge to either ~~the beneficiary~~ the beneficiary or the transferee/assignee of proceeds. Such transfer or assignment shall be only at the written direction of the Government (the beneficiary) in a form satisfactory to the issuing financial institution and the confirming financial institution, if any.

This Letter of Credit is subject to the Uniform Customs and Practice (UCP) for Documentary Credits, International Chamber of Commerce Publication No. \_\_\_\_\_ (Insert version in effect at the time of ILC issuance, e.g., "Publication 600, 2006 edition") and to the extent not inconsistent therewith, to the laws of \_\_\_\_\_ [State of confirming financial institution, if any, otherwise State of issuing financial institution].

If this credit expires during an interruption of business of this financial institution as described in Article 17 ~~of~~ the of the UCP, the financial institution specifically agrees to effect payment if this credit is drawn against within 30 days after the resumption of our business.

Sincerely,

\_\_\_\_\_ [Issuing financial institution]

(f) The following format shall be used by the financial institution to confirm an ILC:

[Confirming Financial Institution's Letterhead or Name and Address]

\_\_\_\_\_

(Date) \_\_\_\_\_

Our Letter of Credit Advice Number \_\_\_\_\_

Beneficiary: \_\_\_\_\_ [U.S. Government agency]

Issuing Financial Institution: \_\_\_\_\_

Issuing Financial Institution's LC No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Gentlemen:

We hereby confirm the above indicated Letter of Credit, the original of which is attached, issued by

\_\_\_\_\_ [name of issuing financial institution] for drawings of up to United States dollars

\_\_\_\_\_/U.S. \$ \_\_\_\_\_ and expiring with our close of business on \_\_\_\_\_ [the expiration date], or any automatically extended expiration date.

Draft(s) drawn under the Letter of Credit and this Confirmation are payable at our office located at \_\_\_\_\_.

We hereby undertake to honor sight draft(s) drawn under and presented with the Letter of Credit and ~~this Confirmation at our~~ this Confirmation at our offices as specified herein.

[This paragraph is omitted if used as a bid guarantee, and subsequent paragraphs are renumbered.] It is a condition of this confirmation that it be deemed automatically extended without amendment for one year from the expiration date hereof, or any automatically extended expiration date, unless:

At least 60 days prior to any such expiration date, we shall notify the Contracting Officer, or the ~~transferee and the issuing~~ transferee and the issuing financial institution, by registered mail or other receipted means of delivery, that we elect not to consider this confirmation extended for any such additional period; or

The issuing financial institution shall have exercised its right to notify you or the transferee, the ~~account party, and ourselves~~ account party, and ourselves, of its election not to extend the expiration date of the Letter of Credit.

This confirmation is subject to the Uniform Customs and Practice (UCP) for Documentary Credits, International Chamber of Commerce Publication No. \_\_\_\_\_ (Insert version in effect at the time of ILC issuance, e.g., "Publication 600, 2006 edition") and to the extent not inconsistent therewith, to the laws of \_\_\_\_\_ [State of confirming financial institution].

If this confirmation expires during an interruption of business of this financial institution as described in ~~Article~~ Article 17 of the UCP, we specifically agree to effect payment if this credit is drawn against within 30 days after the resumption of our business.

Sincerely,

\_\_\_\_\_ [Confirming financial institution]

(g) The following format shall be used by the Contracting Officer for a sight draft to draw on the Letter of Credit:

Sight Draft

\_\_\_\_\_ [City, State]

(Date) \_\_\_\_\_ [Name and address of financial institution]

Pay to the order of \_\_\_\_\_ [Beneficiary Agency] \_\_\_\_\_ the sum of United States  
\$ \_\_\_\_\_. This draft is drawn under Irrevocable Letter of Credit No. \_\_\_\_\_.  
\_\_\_\_\_ [Beneficiary Agency] \_\_\_\_\_ [By] (End of  
clause)

#### 52.228-15 Performance and Payment Bonds-Construction.

As prescribed in [\(28.102-3\(a\)\)](#), insert a clause substantially as follows:

##### Performance and Payment Bonds-Construction (Jun 2020)

Definitions. As used in this clause-

Original contract price means the award price of the contract; or, for requirements contracts, the price payable for the estimated total quantity; or, for indefinite-quantity contracts, the price payable for the specified minimum quantity. Original contract price does not include the price of any options, except those options exercised at the time of contract award.

Amount of required bonds. Unless the resulting contract price is valued at or below the threshold specified in Federal Acquisition Regulation [\(28.102-1\(a\)\)](#) on the date of award of this contract, the successful offeror shall furnish performance and payment bonds to the Contracting Officer as follows:

Performance bonds ([Standard Form 25](#)). The penal amount of performance bonds at the time of contract award shall be 100 percent of the original contract price.

Payment Bonds ([Standard Form 25A](#)). The penal amount of payment bonds at the time of contract award shall be 100 percent of the original contract price.

Additional bond protection.

The Government may require additional performance and payment bond protection if the contract price ~~is increased.~~ ~~The increase~~ [is increased. The increase](#) in protection generally will equal 100 percent of the increase in contract price.

The Government may secure the additional protection by directing the Contractor to increase the ~~penal amount~~ ~~penal amount~~ [of the existing the existing](#) bond or to obtain an additional bond.

Furnishing executed bonds. The Contractor shall furnish all executed bonds, including any necessary reinsurance agreements, to the Contracting Officer, within the time period specified in the Bid Guarantee provision of the solicitation, or otherwise specified by the Contracting Officer, but in any event, before starting work.

Surety or other security for bonds. The bonds shall be in the form of firm commitment, supported by corporate sureties whose names appear on the list contained in Treasury Department Circular 570, individual sureties, or by other acceptable security such as postal money order, certified check, cashier's check, irrevocable letter of credit, or, in accordance with Treasury Department regulations, certain bonds or notes of the United States. Treasury Circular 570 is published in the Federal Register or may be obtained from the:

U.S. Department of the Treasury,  
Financial Management,  
Service Surety Bond Branch,  
3700 East West Highway,  
Room 6 F01,  
Hyattsville, MD 20782.

Or via the internet at <http://www.fms.treas.gov/c570/>.

(e) Notice of subcontractor waiver of protection (40 U.S.C. 3133(c)). Any waiver of the right to sue on the payment bond is void unless it is in writing, signed by the person whose right is waived, and executed after such person has first furnished labor or material for use in the performance of the contract.

(End of clause)

#### 52.228-16 Performance and Payment Bonds-Other Than Construction.

As prescribed in [28.103-4](#) , insert a clause substantially as follows:

##### Performance and Payment Bonds-Other Than Construction (Nov 2006)

Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Original contract price" means the award price of the contract or, for requirements contracts, the price payable for the estimated quantity; or, for indefinite-quantity contracts, the price payable for the specified minimum quantity. Original contract price does not include the price of any options, except those options exercised at the time of contract award.

The Contractor shall furnish a performance bond ([Standard Form 1418](#)) for the protection of the Government in an amount equal to \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the original contract price and a payment bond [Standard Form 1416](#) ) in an amount equal to \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the original contract price.

The Contractor shall furnish all executed bonds, including any necessary reinsurance agreements, to ~~the Contracting Officer~~ [the Contracting Officer](#), within \_\_\_\_\_ days, but in any event, before starting work.

The Government may require additional performance and payment bond protection if the contract price ~~is increased~~ [is increased](#). The Government may secure the additional protection by directing the Contractor to increase the penal amount of the existing bonds or to obtain additional bonds.

The bonds shall be in the form of firm commitment, supported by corporate sureties whose names appear ~~on the list contained on the list contained~~ [on the list contained](#) in Treasury Department Circular 570, individual sureties, or by other acceptable security such as postal money order, certified check, cashier's check, irrevocable letter of credit, or, in accordance with Treasury Department regulations, certain bonds or notes of the United States. Treasury Circular 570 is published in the Federal Register, or may be obtained from the:



U.S. Department of the Treasury,  
Financial Management Service,  
Surety Bond Branch,  
3700 East West Highway,  
Room 6 F01  
Hyattsville, MD 20782.

Or via the internet at <http://www.fms.treas.gov/c570/>.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (July 2000). As prescribed in [28.103-4](#), substitute the following paragraphs (b) and (d) for paragraphs (b) and (d) of the basic clause:

(b) The Contractor shall furnish a performance bond ([Standard Form 1418](#)) for the protection of the Government in an amount equal to \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the original contract price.

(d) The Government may require additional performance bond protection if the contract price is increased. The Government may secure the additional protection by directing the Contractor to increase the penal amount of the existing bond or to obtain an additional bond.

#### 52.228-17 Individual Surety—Pledge of Assets (Bid Guarantee).

As prescribed in [28.203-4](#) (a), insert the following provision:

##### Individual Surety—Pledge of Assets (Feb 2021)

(a) Offerors shall obtain from each person acting as an individual surety on a bid guarantee—

(1) A pledge of assets that meets the eligibility, valuation, and security requirements described in the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) [28.203-1](#); and

(2) Standard Form 28, Affidavit of Individual Surety.

(b) The Offeror shall include with its offer the information required at paragraph (a) of this provision within the timeframe specified in the provision at FAR 52.228-1, Bid Guarantee, or as otherwise established by the Contracting Officer.

(c) The Contracting Officer may release the security interest on the individual surety's assets in support of a bid guarantee based upon evidence that the offer supported by the individual surety will not result in contract award. (End of provision)

#### 52.229 [Reserved]

##### 52.229-1 State and Local Taxes.

As prescribed in [29.401-1](#) , insert the following clause:

State and Local Taxes (Apr 1984)

Notwithstanding the terms of the Federal, State, and Local Taxes clause, the contract price excludes all State and local taxes levied on or measured by the contract or sales price of the services or completed supplies furnished under this contract. The Contractor shall state separately on its invoices taxes excluded from the contract price, and the Government agrees either to pay the amount of the taxes to the Contractor or provide evidence necessary to sustain an exemption.

(End of clause)

52.229-2 North Carolina State and Local Sales and Use Tax.

As prescribed in [29.401-2](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for construction to be performed in North Carolina:

North Carolina State and Local Sales and Use Tax (APR 1984)

"Materials," as used in this clause, means building materials, supplies, fixtures, and equipment that become ~~a part~~[part](#) ~~of or are~~[or are](#) annexed to any building or structure erected, altered, or repaired under this contract.

If this is a fixed-price contract, the contract price includes North Carolina State and local sales and use ~~taxes~~[taxes](#) ~~to be paid on~~[paid on](#) materials, notwithstanding any other provision of this contract. If this is a cost-reimbursement contract, any North Carolina State and local sales and use taxes paid by the Contractor on materials shall constitute an allowable cost under this contract.

At the time specified in paragraph (d) of this section, the Contractor shall furnish the Contracting ~~Officer~~[Officer](#) ~~certified statements~~[certified statements](#) setting forth the cost of the materials purchased from each vendor and the amount of North Carolina State and local sales and use taxes paid. In the event the Contractor makes several purchases from the same vendor, the certified statement shall indicate the invoice numbers, the inclusive dates of the invoices, the total amount of the invoices, and the North Carolina State and local sales and use taxes paid. The statement shall also include the cost of any tangible personal property withdrawn from the Contractor's warehouse stock and the amount of North Carolina State and local sales or use tax paid on this property by the Contractor. Any local sales or use taxes included in the Contractor's statements must be shown separately from the State sales or use taxes. The Contractor shall furnish any additional information the Commissioner of Revenue of the State of North Carolina may require to substantiate a refund claim for sales or use taxes. The Contractor shall also obtain and furnish to the Contracting Officer similar certified statements by its subcontractors.

If this contract is completed before the next October 1, the certified statements to be furnished pursuant ~~to~~[to](#) ~~paragraph~~[paragraph](#) (c) of this clause shall be submitted within 60 days after completion. If this contract is not completed before the next October 1, the certified statements shall be submitted on or before November 30 of each year and shall cover taxes paid during the 12-month period that ended the preceding September 30.

The certified statements to be furnished pursuant to paragraph (c) of this clause shall be in the ~~following~~[following](#) ~~form~~[form](#):

I hereby certify that during the period \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ [insert dates], \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of Contractor or subcontractor] paid North Carolina State and local sales and use taxes aggregating \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (State) and \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (local), with respect to building materials, supplies, fixtures, and equipment that have become a part of or annexed to a building or structure erected, altered, or repaired by \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of Contractor or subcontractor] for the United States of America, and that the vendors from whom the property was purchased, the dates and numbers of the invoices covering the purchases, the total amount of the invoices of each vendor, the North Carolina State and local sales and use taxes paid on the property (shown separately), and the cost of property withdrawn from warehouse stock and North Carolina State and local sales or use taxes paid on this property are as set forth in the attachments.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the requirement is for vessel repair to be performed in North Carolina, substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

(a) "Materials," as used in this clause, means materials, supplies, fixtures, and equipment that become a part of or are annexed to any vessel altered or repaired under this contract.

52.229-3 Federal, State, and Local Taxes.

As prescribed in [29.401-3](#), insert the following clause:

Federal, State, and Local Taxes (FEB 2013)

(a) As used in this clause-

After-imposed Federal tax means any new or increased Federal excise tax or duty, or tax that was exempted or excluded on the contract date but whose exemption was later revoked or reduced during the contract period, on the transactions or property covered by this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date. It does not include social security tax or other employment taxes.

After-relieved Federal tax means any amount of Federal excise tax or duty, except social security or other employment taxes, that would otherwise have been payable on the transactions or property covered by this contract, but which the Contractor is not required to pay or bear, or for which the Contractor obtains a refund or drawback, as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

All applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties means all taxes and duties, in effect on the contract date, that the taxing authority is imposing and collecting on the transactions or property covered by this contract.

Contract date means the date set for bid opening or, if this is a negotiated contract or a modification, the effective date of this contract or modification.

Local taxes includes taxes imposed by a possession or territory of the United States, Puerto Rico, or the Northern Mariana Islands, if the contract is performed wholly or partly in any of those areas.

(b)

The contract price includes all applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties, except as provided ~~in subparagraph~~ in subparagraph (b)(2)(i) of this clause.

Taxes imposed under 26 U.S.C. 5000 C may not be (i) Included in the contract price; nor (ii) Reimbursed.

The contract price shall be increased by the amount of any after-imposed Federal tax, provided the ~~Contractor warrants in~~ Contractor warrants in writing that no amount for such newly imposed Federal excise tax or duty or rate increase was included in the contract price, as a contingency reserve or otherwise.

The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any after-relieved Federal tax.

The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any Federal excise tax or duty, except social ~~security or other employment~~ security or other employment taxes, that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, or does not obtain a refund of, through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer.

No adjustment shall be made in the contract price under this clause unless the amount of the ~~adjustment exceeds~~ adjustment exceeds \$250.

The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of all matters relating to any Federal excise ~~tax or duty that~~ tax or duty that reasonably may be expected to result in either an increase or decrease in the contract price and shall take appropriate action as the Contracting Officer directs.

The Government shall, without liability, furnish evidence appropriate to establish exemption from ~~any Federal~~ any Federal, State, ~~or local or local~~ or local or local tax when the Contractor requests such evidence and a reasonable basis exists to sustain the exemption.

(End of clause)

52.229-4 Federal, State, and Local Taxes (State and Local Adjustments).

As prescribed in 29.401-3, insert the following clause:

Federal, State, and Local Taxes (State and Local Adjustments) (FEB 2013)

(a) As used in this clause-

After-imposed tax means any new or increased Federal, State, or local tax or duty, or tax that was excluded on the contract date but whose exclusion was later revoked or amount of exemption reduced during the contract period, other than an excepted tax, on the transactions or property covered by this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

After-relieved tax means any amount of Federal, State, or local tax or duty, other than an excepted tax, that would otherwise have been payable on the transactions or property covered by this contract, but which the Contractor is not required to pay or bear, or for which the Contractor obtains a refund or drawback, as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

All applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties means all taxes and duties, in effect on the contract date, that the taxing authority is imposing and collecting on the transactions or property covered by this contract.

Contract date means the effective date of this contract and, for any modification to this contract, the effective date of the modification.

Excepted tax means social security or other employment taxes, net income and franchise taxes, excess profits taxes, capital stock taxes, transportation taxes, unemployment compensation taxes, and property taxes. "Excepted tax" does not include gross income taxes levied on or measured by sales or receipts from sales, property taxes assessed on completed supplies covered by this contract, or any tax assessed on the Contractor's possession of, interest in, or use of property, title to which is in the Government.

Local taxes includes taxes imposed by a possession or territory of the United States, Puerto Rico, or the Northern Mariana Islands, if the contract is performed wholly or partly in any of those areas.

(b)

Unless otherwise provided in this contract, the contract price includes all applicable Federal, State, and ~~local taxes and duties~~ local taxes and duties, except as provided in subparagraph (b)(2)(i) of this clause.

Taxes imposed under 26 U.S.C. 5000 C may not be (i) Included in the contract price; nor

(ii) Reimbursed.

The contract price shall be increased by the amount of any after-imposed tax, or of any tax or ~~duty specifically excluded from~~ duty specifically excluded from the contract price by a term or condition of this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, including any interest or penalty, if the Contractor states in writing that the contract price does not include any contingency for such tax and if liability for such tax, interest, or penalty was not incurred through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer.

The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any after-relieved tax. The Government shall ~~be entitled to interest~~ be entitled to interest received by the Contractor incident to a refund of taxes to the extent that such interest was earned after the Contractor was paid by the Government for such taxes. The Government shall be entitled to repayment of any penalty refunded to the Contractor to the extent that the penalty was paid by the Government.

The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any Federal, State, or local tax, other than an ~~excepted tax, that was~~ excepted tax, that was included in the contract price and that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, or does not obtain a refund of, through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer.

No adjustment shall be made in the contract price under this clause unless the amount of the ~~adjustment exceeds~~ adjustment exceeds \$250.

The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of all matters relating to Federal, State, ~~and local and local~~ taxes ~~and duties and duties~~ that reasonably may be expected to result in either an increase or decrease in the contract price and shall take appropriate action as the Contracting Officer directs. The contract

price shall be equitably adjusted to cover the costs of action taken by the Contractor at the direction of the Contracting Officer, including any interest, penalty, and reasonable attorneys' fees.

The Government shall furnish evidence appropriate to establish exemption from any Federal, State, or ~~local~~ local tax when-

The Contractor requests such exemption and states in writing that it applies to a tax excluded from ~~the contract~~ the contract price; and

A reasonable basis exists to sustain the exemption.

(End of clause)

52.229-5 [Reserved]

52.229-6 Taxes-Foreign Fixed-Price Contracts.

As prescribed in 29.402-1(a), insert the following clause:

Taxes-Foreign Fixed-Price Contracts (FEB 2013)

To the extent that this contract provides for furnishing supplies or performing services outside the ~~United States~~ United States and ~~its outlying~~ its outlying areas, this clause applies in lieu of any Federal, State, and local taxes clause of the contract.

Definitions. As used in this clause-

Contract date means the date set for bid opening or, if this is a negotiated contract or a modification, the effective date of this contract or modification.

Country concerned means any country, other than the United States and its outlying areas, in which expenditures under this contract are made.

Tax and "taxes" include fees and charges for doing business that are levied by the government of the country concerned or by its political subdivisions.

All applicable taxes and duties means all taxes and duties, in effect on the contract date, that the taxing authority is imposing and collecting on the transactions or property covered by this contract, pursuant to written ruling or regulation in effect on the contract date.

After-imposed tax means any new or increased tax or duty, or tax that was exempted or excluded on the contract date but whose exemption was later revoked or reduced during the contract period, other than excepted tax, on the transactions or property covered by this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

After-relieved tax means any amount of tax or duty, other than an excepted tax, that would otherwise have been payable on the transactions or property covered by this contract, but which the Contractor is not required to pay or bear, or for which the Contractor obtains a refund, as the result of legislative, judicial, or administrative action taking effect after the contract date.

Excepted tax means social security or other employment taxes, net income and franchise taxes, excess profits taxes, capital stock taxes, transportation taxes, unemployment compensation taxes, and property taxes. "Excepted tax" does not include gross income taxes levied on or measured by sales or receipts from sales, property taxes assessed on completed supplies covered by this contract, or any tax assessed on the Contractor's possession of, interest in, or use of property, title to which is in the U.S. Government.

(c)

Unless otherwise provided in this contract, the contract price includes all applicable taxes and duties, ~~except taxes and duties~~ except taxes and duties that the Government of the United States and the government of the country concerned have agreed shall not be applicable to expenditures in such country by or on behalf of the United States, except as provided in subparagraph (c)(2) of this clause.

Taxes imposed under 26 U.S.C. 5000 C may not be (i) Included in the contract price; nor

(ii) Reimbursed.

(d)

Except as provided in subparagraph (d)(2) of this clause, the contract price shall be increased by the ~~amount of any after~~ amount of any after-imposed tax or of any tax or duty specifically excluded from the contract price by a provision of this contract that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, including any interest or penalty, if the Contractor states in writing that the contract price does not include any contingency for such tax and if liability for such tax, interest, or penalty was not incurred through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer or to comply with the provisions of paragraph (i) of this clause.

The contract price may not be increased to offset taxes imposed under 26 U.S.C. 5000 C.

The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any after-relieved tax, including any interest ~~or penalty.~~ The Government or penalty. The Government of the United States shall be entitled to interest received by the Contractor incident to a refund of taxes to the extent that such interest was earned after the Contractor was paid by the Government of ~~the United States for such taxes.~~

the United States for such taxes. The Government of the United States shall be entitled to repayment of any penalty refunded to the Contractor to the extent that the penalty was paid by the Government.

The contract price shall be decreased by the amount of any tax or duty, other than an excepted tax, that ~~was included in the~~ was included in the contract and that the Contractor is required to pay or bear, or does not obtain a refund of, through the Contractor's fault, negligence, or failure to follow instructions of the Contracting Officer or to comply with the provisions of paragraph (i) of this clause.

No adjustment shall be made in the contract price under this clause unless the amount of the ~~adjustment exceeds~~ adjustment exceeds \$250.

If the Contractor obtains a reduction in tax liability under the United States Internal Revenue Code (Title 26, U.S. Code) because of the payment of any tax or duty that either was included in the contract price or was the basis of an increase in the contract price, the amount of the reduction shall be paid or credited to the Government of the United States as the Contracting Officer directs.

The Contractor shall take all reasonable action to obtain exemption from or refund of any taxes or duties, ~~including interest~~ including interest or penalty, from which the United States Government, the Contractor, any subcontractor, or the transactions or property covered by this contract are exempt under the laws of the country concerned or its political subdivisions or which the governments of the United States and of the country concerned have agreed shall not be applicable to expenditures in such country by or on behalf of the United States.

The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer of all matters relating to taxes or duties ~~that reasonably may~~ that reasonably may be expected to result in either an increase or decrease in the contract price and shall take appropriate action as the Contracting Officer directs. The contract price shall be equitably adjusted to cover the costs of action taken by the Contractor at the direction of the Contracting Officer, including any interest, penalty, and reasonable attorneys' fees.

(End of clause)

#### 52.229-7 Taxes-Fixed-Price Contracts with Foreign Governments.

As prescribed in ~~{~~ 29.402-1(b), insert the following clause:

Taxes-Fixed-Price Contracts with Foreign Governments (FEB 2013)

(a) "Contract date," as used in this clause, means the date set for bid opening or, if this is a negotiated contract or a modification, the effective date of this contract or modification.

(b)

The contract price, including the prices in any subcontracts under this contract, does not include any tax ~~or duty~~ or duty that ~~the Government~~ the Government of the United States and the Government of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of the foreign government] have agreed shall not apply to expenditures made by the United States in \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of country], or any tax or duty not applicable to this contract or any subcontracts under this contract, pursuant to the laws of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of country]. If any such tax or duty has been included in the contract price, through error or otherwise, the contract price shall be correspondingly reduced.

Taxes imposed under 26 U.S.C. 5000 C may not be included in the contract price.

If, after the contract date, the Government of the United States and the Government of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of the foreign government] agree that any tax or duty included in the contract price shall not apply to expenditures by the United States in \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of country], the contract price shall be reduced accordingly.

No adjustment shall be made in the contract price under this clause unless the amount of the ~~adjustment exceeds~~ adjustment exceeds \$250. ~~(End of clause).~~

(End of clause)

#### 52.229-8 Taxes-Foreign Cost-Reimbursement Contracts.

As prescribed in ~~{~~ 29.402-2(a), insert the following clause:

Taxes-Foreign Cost-Reimbursement Contracts (MAR 1990)



Any tax or duty from which the United States Government is exempt by agreement with the Government of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of the foreign government], or from which the Contractor or any subcontractor under this contract is exempt under the laws of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of country], shall not constitute an allowable cost under this contract.

If the Contractor or subcontractor under this contract obtains a foreign tax credit that reduces its ~~Federal income tax liability~~ Federal income tax liability under the United States Internal Revenue Code (~~Title 26~~ Title 26, U.S. Code) because of the payment of any tax or duty that was reimbursed under this contract, the amount of the reduction shall be paid or credited at the time of such offset to the Government of the United States as the Contracting Officer directs.

(End of clause)

#### 52.229-9 Taxes-Cost-Reimbursement Contracts with Foreign Governments.

As prescribed in ~~(29.402-2)~~ (b), insert the following clause:

##### Taxes-Cost-Reimbursement Contracts with Foreign Governments (MAR 1990)

Any tax or duty from which the United States Government is exempt by agreement with the Government of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of the foreign government], or from which any subcontractor under this contract is exempt under the laws of \_\_\_\_\_ [insert name of country], shall not constitute an allowable cost under this contract.

If any subcontractor obtains a foreign tax credit that reduces its Federal income tax liability under the United ~~States Internal~~ States Internal Revenue Code (Title 26, U.S. Code) because of the payment of any tax or duty that was reimbursed under this contract, the amount of the reduction shall be paid (not credited to the contract) to the Treasurer of the United States at the time the Federal income tax return is filed.

(End of clause)

#### 52.229-10 State of New Mexico Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax.

As prescribed in ~~(29.401-4)~~ (b), insert the following clause:

##### State of New Mexico Gross Receipts and Compensating Tax (APR 2003)

Within thirty (30) days after award of this contract, the Contractor shall advise the State of New Mexico ~~of this contract by~~ of this contract by registering with the State of New Mexico, Taxation and Revenue Department, Revenue Division, pursuant to the Tax Administration Act of the State of New Mexico and shall identify the contract number.

The Contractor shall pay the New Mexico gross receipts taxes, pursuant to the Gross Receipts and

Compensating ~~Tax Act~~ Tax Act of New Mexico, assessed against the contract fee and costs paid for performance of this contract, or of any part or portion thereof, within the State of New Mexico. The allowability of any gross receipts taxes or local option taxes lawfully paid to the State of New Mexico by the Contractor or its

subcontractors will be determined in accordance with the Allowable Cost and Payment clause of this contract except as provided in paragraph (d) of this clause.

The Contractor shall submit applications for Nontaxable Transaction Certificates, Form CSR-3 C, to the:

State of New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Dept. Revenue Division PO Box 630 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87509

When the Type 15 Nontaxable Transaction Certificate is issued by the Revenue Division, the Contractor shall use these certificates strictly in accordance with this contract, and the agreement between the (\* \_\_\_\_\_) and the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department.

The Contractor shall provide Type 15 Nontaxable Transaction Certificates to each vendor in New ~~Mexico~~ ~~selling tangible~~ ~~Mexico~~ ~~selling tangible~~ personal property to the Contractor for use in the performance of this contract. Failure to provide a Type 15 Nontaxable Transaction Certificate to vendors will result in the vendor's liability for the gross receipt taxes and those taxes, which are then passed on to the Contractor, shall not be reimbursable as an allowable cost by the Government.

The Contractor shall pay the New Mexico compensating user tax for any tangible personal property which ~~is purchased pursuant~~ ~~is~~ ~~purchased pursuant~~ to a Nontaxable Transaction Certificate if such property is not used for Federal purposes.

Out-of-state purchase of tangible personal property by the Contractor which would be otherwise subject to compensation tax shall be governed by the principles of this clause. Accordingly, compensating tax shall be due from the contractor only if such property is not used for Federal purposes.

The (\* \_\_\_\_\_) may receive information regarding the Contractor from the Revenue Division of the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department and, at the discretion of the (\* \_\_\_\_\_), may participate in any matters or proceedings pertaining to this clause or the abovementioned Agreement. This shall not preclude the Contractor from having its own representative nor does it obligate the (\* \_\_\_\_\_) to represent its Contractor.

The Contractor agrees to insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (h), in each ~~subcontract~~ ~~which meets~~ ~~subcontract~~ ~~which meets~~ the criteria in [29.401-4](#)(b)(1) through (3) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, 48 CFR Part 29.

Paragraphs (a) through (h) of this clause shall be null and void should the Agreement referred to in paragraph (c) of ~~this clause~~ ~~this clause~~ be terminated; provided, however, that such termination shall not nullify obligations already incurred prior to the date of termination.

[\*Insert appropriate agency name in blanks.]

(End of clause)

52.229-11 Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements—Notice and Representation.

As prescribed in [29.402-3\(a\)](#), insert the following provision:

Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements—Notice and Representation (JUN 2020)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

Foreign person means any person other than a United States person.

Specified Federal procurement payment means any payment made pursuant to a contract with a foreign contracting party that is for goods, manufactured or produced, or services provided in a foreign country that is not a party to an international procurement agreement with the United States. For purposes of the prior sentence, a foreign country does not include an outlying area.

United States person as defined in [26 U.S.C. 7701\(a\)\(30\)](#) means

A citizen or resident of the United States;

A domestic partnership;

A domestic corporation;

Any estate (other than a foreign estate, within the meaning of [26 U.S.C. 701\(a\)\(31\)](#)); and (5) Any trust if—

A court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust; and

One or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.

Unless exempted, there is a 2 percent tax of the amount of a specified Federal procurement payment on ~~any foreign person~~ [any foreign person](#) receiving such payment. See [26 U.S.C. 5000C](#) and its implementing regulations at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1 through 1.5000C-7.

Exemptions from withholding under this provision are described at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1(d)(5) through (7). The ~~Offeror would~~

[Offeror would](#) claim an exemption from the withholding by using the Department of the Treasury Internal

Revenue Service Form W-14, Certificate of Foreign Contracting Party Receiving Federal Procurement Payments, available via the internet at [www.irs.gov/w14](http://www.irs.gov/w14). Any exemption claimed and self-certified on the IRS Form W-14 is subject to audit by the IRS. Any disputes regarding the imposition and collection of the [26 U.S.C. 5000C](#) tax are adjudicated by the IRS as the [26 U.S.C. 5000C](#) tax is a tax matter, not a contract issue. The IRS Form W-14 is provided to the acquiring agency rather than to the IRS.

For purposes of withholding under [26 U.S.C. 5000C](#), the Offeror represents that

It ☐ is ☐ is not a foreign person; and

If the Offeror indicates "is" in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision, then the Offeror represents that—I ~~am claiming~~ [am claiming](#) on ~~the IRS~~ [the IRS](#) Form W-14 ☐ a full exemption, or ☐ partial or no exemption [Offeror shall select one] from the excise tax.

(e) If the Offeror represents it is a foreign person in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision, then—

The clause at FAR 52.229-12, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements, will be included in any ~~resulting contract~~ [resulting contract](#); and

The Offeror shall submit with its offer the IRS Form W-14. If the IRS Form W-14 is not submitted with ~~the offer,~~the offer, exemptions will not be applied to any resulting contract and the Government will withhold a full 2 percent of each payment.

If the Offeror selects "is" in paragraph (d)(1) and "partial or no exemption" in paragraph (d)(2) of ~~this provision,~~the Offeror this provision, the Offeror will be subject to withholding in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.229-12, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements, in any resulting contract.

A taxpayer may, for a fee, seek advice from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as to the proper tax ~~treatment of a transaction~~treatment of a transaction. This is called a private letter ruling. Also, the IRS may publish a revenue ruling, which is an official interpretation by the IRS of the Internal Revenue Code, related statutes, tax treaties, and regulations. A revenue ruling is the conclusion of the IRS on how the law is applied to a specific set of facts. For questions relating to the interpretation of the IRS regulations go to <https://www.irs.gov/help/tax-law-questions>.

(End of provision)

52.229-12 Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements.

As prescribed in ~~(29.402-3(b))~~, insert the following clause:

Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements—Notice and Representation (FEB 2021)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Foreign person means any person other than a United States person.

United States person, as defined in [26 U.S.C. 7701\(a\)\(30\)](#), means—

A citizen or resident of the United States;

A domestic partnership;

A domestic corporation;

Any estate (other than a foreign estate, within the meaning of [26 U.S.C. 7701\(a\)\(31\)](#)); and (5) Any trust if—

A court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust; and

One or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.

(b) This clause applies only to foreign persons. It implements [26 U.S.C. 5000C](#) and its implementing regulations at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1 through 1.5000C-7.

(c)

If the Contractor is a foreign person and has only a partial or no exemption to the withholding, the ~~Contractor shall include~~Contractor shall include the Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Form W-14, Certificate of Foreign Contracting Party Receiving Federal Procurement Payments, with each voucher or invoice submitted under this contract throughout the period in which this status is applicable. The excise tax

withholding is applied at the payment level, not at the contract level. The Contractor should revise each IRS Form W-14 submission to reflect the exemption (if any) that applies to that particular invoice, such as a different exemption applying. In the absence of a completed IRS Form W-14 accompanying a payment request, the default withholding percentage is 2 percent for the section 5000C withholding for that payment request. Information about IRS Form W-14 and its separate instructions is available via the internet at [www.irs.gov/w14](http://www.irs.gov/w14).

If the Contractor is a foreign person and has indicated in its offer in the provision 52.229-11, Tax on ~~Certain Foreign~~[Certain Foreign](#) Procurements—Notice and Representation, that it is fully exempt from the withholding, and certified the full exemption on the IRS Form W-14, and if that full exemption no longer applies due to a change in circumstances during the performance of the contract that causes the Contractor to become subject to the withholding for the 2 percent excise tax then the [Contractor shall—](#)

~~Contractor shall—~~

Notify the Contracting Officer within 30 days of a change in circumstances that causes the Contractor to ~~be subject to the~~[be subject to the](#) excise tax withholding under [26 U.S.C. 5000C](#); and

Comply with paragraph (c)(1) of this clause.

The Government will withhold a full 2 percent of each payment unless the Contractor claims an exemption. If ~~the Contractor~~[the Contractor](#) enters a ratio in Line 12 of the IRS Form W-14, the result of Line 11 divided by Line 10, the Government will withhold from each payment an amount equal to 2 percent multiplied by the contract ratio. If the Contractor marks box 9 of the IRS Form W-14 (rather than completes Lines 10 through 12), the Contractor must identify and enter the specific exempt and nonexempt amounts in Line 15 of the IRS Form W-14; the Government will then withhold 2 percent only from the nonexempt amount. See the IRS Form W-14 and its instructions.

Exemptions from the withholding under this clause are described at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1(d)(5) through (7). ~~Any exemption~~[Any exemption](#) claimed and self-certified on the IRS Form W-14 is subject to audit by the IRS. Any disputes regarding the imposition and collection of the [26 U.S.C. 5000C](#) tax are adjudicated by the IRS as the [26 U.S.C. 5000C](#) tax is a tax matter, not a contract issue.

Taxes imposed under [26 U.S.C. 5000C](#) may not be— (1) Included in the contract price; nor

(2) Reimbursed.

(g) A taxpayer may, for a fee, seek advice from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as to the proper tax treatment of a transaction. This is called a private letter ruling. Also, the IRS may publish a revenue ruling, which is an official interpretation by the IRS of the Internal Revenue Code, related statutes, tax treaties, and regulations. A revenue ruling is the conclusion of the IRS on how the law is applied to a specific set of facts. For questions relating to the interpretation of the IRS regulations go to <https://www.irs.gov/help/tax-law-questions>. [\(End of clause\)](#)

~~(End of clause)~~

52.229-13 ~~Taxes—Foreign Contracts in Afghanistan.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (a), use the following clause:~~

~~Taxes—Foreign Contracts in Afghanistan (Nov 2021)~~

~~Definition. U.S. Forces, as used in this clause, means the entity comprising the members of the force and of the civilian component, and all property, equipment, and materiel of the United States Armed Forces present in the territory of Afghanistan.~~

~~Tax exemption. This acquisition is covered by the Security and Defense Cooperation Agreement (the Agreement) between the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan (Afghanistan) and the United States of America signed on September 30, 2014, and entered into force on January 1, 2015.~~

~~The Agreement exempts the United States Government, and its contractors and subcontractors (other than those that are Afghan legal entities or residents), from paying any tax or similar charge assessed by the Government of Afghanistan on activities associated with this contract within Afghanistan if the activities are on behalf of or in support of U.S. Forces. The Agreement also exempts the acquisition, importation, exportation, reexportation, transportation, and use of supplies and services in Afghanistan, on behalf of or in support of U.S. Forces, from any taxes, customs, duties, fees, or similar charges imposed by the Government of Afghanistan.~~

~~The Contractor shall exclude any Afghan taxes, customs, duties, fees, or similar charges from the contract price, other than those charged to Afghan legal entities or residents.~~

~~The Agreement does not exempt Afghan employees of Government contractors and subcontractors from Afghan tax laws. To the extent required by Afghan law, the Contractor shall withhold tax from the wages of these employees and remit those payments to the appropriate Afghan taxing authority. These withholdings are an individual's liability, not a tax against the Contractor.~~

~~(c) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts including subcontracts for commercial products or commercial services.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.229-14 Taxes—Foreign Contracts in Afghanistan (North Atlantic Treaty Organization Status of Forces Agreement).~~

~~As prescribed in (b), use the following clause:~~

~~Taxes—Foreign Contracts in Afghanistan (North Atlantic Treaty Organization Status of Forces Agreement) (Nov 2021)~~

~~Definition. North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Forces, as used in this clause, means the Members of the Force, Members of the Civilian Component, NATO Personnel and all property, equipment, and materiel of NATO, NATO Member States, and Operational Partners present in the territory of Afghanistan.~~

~~Tax exemption. This acquisition is covered by the Status of Forces Agreement (SOFA) entered into between NATO and the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan (Afghanistan) issued on September 30, 2014, and entered into force on January 1, 2015.~~

~~The SOFA exempts NATO Forces and its contractors and subcontractors (other than those that are Afghan legal entities or residents) from paying any tax or similar charge assessed by the Government of Afghanistan within Afghanistan if the activities are on behalf of or in support of NATO Forces. The SOFA also exempts the~~

~~acquisition, importation, exportation, reexportation, transportation, and use of supplies and services in Afghanistan on behalf of or in support of NATO Forces from all Afghan taxes, customs, duties, fees, or similar charges.~~

~~The Contractor shall exclude any Afghan taxes, customs, duties, fees or similar charges from the contract price, other than those charged to Afghan legal entities or residents.~~

~~Afghan citizens employed by NATO contractors and subcontractors are subject to Afghan tax laws. To the extent required by Afghan law, the Contractor shall withhold tax from the wages of these employees and remit those withholdings to the appropriate Afghan taxing authority. These withholdings are an individual's liability, not a tax against the Contractor.~~

~~(c) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts including subcontracts for commercial products or commercial services.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

[52.229-14 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.230 [Reserved]

52.230-1 Cost Accounting Standards Notices and Certification.

As prescribed in [30.204](#)(a), insert the following provision:

Cost Accounting Standards Notices and Certification (~~Jun-2020~~[Date](#))

Note: This notice does not apply to small businesses or foreign governments. This notice is in three parts, identified by Roman numerals I through III.

Offerors shall examine each part and provide the requested information in order to determine Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) requirements applicable to any resultant contract.

If the offeror is an educational institution, part II does not apply unless the contemplated contract will be subject to full or modified CAS coverage pursuant to 48 CFR 9903.201-2(c)(5) or 9903.201-2(c)(6), respectively.

I. Disclosure Statement-Cost Accounting Practices and Certification

~~(a) Any contract in excess of the lower CAS threshold specified in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 30.201-4205(b) resulting from this solicitation will be subject to the requirements of the Cost Accounting Standards Board (48 CFR chapter 99), except for those contracts which are exempt as specified in 48 CFR 9903.201-1. (b) Any offeror submitting a proposal which, if accepted, will result in a contract subject to the requirements of~~

~~48 CFR chapter 99~~ Any offeror submitting a proposal which, if accepted, will result in a contract subject to the requirements of [48 CFR chapter 99](#) must, as a condition of contracting, submit a Disclosure Statement as required by 48 CFR 9903.202. When required, the Disclosure Statement must be submitted as a part of the offeror's proposal under this solicitation unless the offeror has already submitted a Disclosure Statement disclosing the practices used in connection with the pricing of this proposal. If an applicable Disclosure Statement has already been

submitted, the offeror may satisfy the requirement for submission by providing the information requested in paragraph (c) of part I of this provision.

Caution: In the absence of specific regulations or agreement, a practice disclosed in a Disclosure Statement shall not, by virtue of such disclosure, be deemed to be a proper, approved, or agreed-to practice for pricing proposals or accumulating and reporting contract performance cost data.

(c) Check the appropriate box below:

(1) ☐ Certificate of Concurrent Submission of Disclosure Statement. The offeror hereby certifies that, as a part of the offer, copies of the Disclosure Statement have been submitted as follows:

Original and one copy to the cognizant Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) or cognizant ~~Federal agency official authorized~~ Federal agency official authorized to act in that capacity (Federal official), as applicable; and

One copy to the cognizant Federal auditor.

(Disclosure must be on Form No. CASB DS-1 or CASB DS-2, as applicable. Forms may be obtained from the cognizant ACO or Federal official.)

Date of Disclosure Statement: \_\_\_\_\_ Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Filed: \_\_\_\_\_

The offeror further certifies that the practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices disclosed in the Disclosure Statement.

☐ Certificate of Previously Submitted Disclosure Statement. The offeror hereby certifies that the required Disclosure Statement was filed as follows:

Date of Disclosure Statement: \_\_\_\_\_ Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Filed: \_\_\_\_\_

The offeror further certifies that the practices used in estimating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the cost accounting practices disclosed in the applicable Disclosure Statement.

☐ Certificate of Monetary Exemption. The offeror hereby certifies that the offeror, together with all divisions, subsidiaries, and affiliates under common control, did not receive net awards of negotiated prime contracts and subcontracts subject to CAS totaling \$50 million or more in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

☐ Certificate of Interim Exemption. The offeror hereby certifies that (i) the offeror first exceeded the monetary exemption for disclosure, as defined in (3) of this subsection, in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this offer was submitted and (ii) in accordance with 48 CFR 9903.202-1, the offeror is not yet required to submit a Disclosure Statement. The offeror further certifies that if an award resulting from this proposal has not been made within 90 days after the end of that period, the offeror will immediately submit a revised certificate to the Contracting Officer, in the form specified under paragraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of ~~Part~~ part I of this provision, as appropriate, to verify submission of a completed Disclosure Statement.



Caution: Offerors currently required to disclose because they were awarded a CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more in the current cost accounting period may not claim this exemption (4). Further, the exemption applies only in connection with proposals submitted before expiration of the 90-day period following the cost accounting period in which the monetary exemption was exceeded.

## II. Cost Accounting Standards-Eligibility for Modified Contract Coverage

If the offeror is eligible to use the modified provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) and elects to do so, the offeror shall indicate by checking the box below. Checking the box below shall mean that the resultant contract is subject to the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause in lieu of the Cost Accounting Standards clause.

☐ The offeror hereby claims an exemption from the Cost Accounting Standards clause under the provisions of 48 CFR

9903.201-2(b) and certifies that the offeror is eligible for use of the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause because during the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted, the offeror received less than \$50 million in awards of CAS-covered prime contracts and subcontracts. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

Caution: An offeror may not claim the above eligibility for modified contract coverage if this proposal is expected to result in the award of a CAS-covered contract of \$50 million or more or if, during its current cost accounting period, the offeror has been awarded a single CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more.

## III. Additional Cost Accounting Standards Applicable to Existing Contracts

The offeror shall indicate below whether award of the contemplated contract would, in accordance with paragraph (a)(3) of the Cost Accounting Standards clause, require a change in established cost accounting practices affecting existing contracts and subcontracts.

☐ Yes ☐ No

(End of provision)

~~Alternate I (Apr 1996). As prescribed in (b), add the following paragraph (c)(5) to Part I of the basic provision:~~

~~☐ (5) Certificate of Disclosure Statement Due Date by Educational Institution. If the offeror is an educational institution that, under the transition provisions of 48 CFR 9903.202-1(f), is or will be required to submit a Disclosure Statement after receipt of this award, the offeror hereby certifies that (check one and complete):~~

~~☐ (i) A Disclosure Statement Filing Due Date of \_\_\_\_\_ has been established with the cognizant Federal agency.~~

~~☐ (ii) The Disclosure Statement will be submitted within the 6 month period ending \_\_\_\_\_ months after receipt of this award.~~

~~Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Disclosure Statement is to be Filed:~~

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52.230-2 Cost Accounting Standards.

As prescribed in ~~30.205(a)~~(1), insert the following clause:

Cost Accounting Standards (~~Jun-2020~~Date)

(a) Unless the contract is exempt under 48 CFR 9903.201-1 and 9903.201-2, the provisions of 48 CFR Part 9903 are incorporated herein by reference and the Contractor, in connection with this contract, shall-

(CAS-covered Contracts Only) By submission of a Disclosure Statement, disclose in writing the Contractor's cost accounting practices as required by 48 CFR 9903.202-1 through 9903.202-5, including methods of distinguishing direct costs from indirect costs and the basis used for allocating indirect costs. The practices disclosed for this contract shall be the same as the practices currently disclosed and applied on all other contracts and subcontracts being performed by the Contractor and which contain a Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) clause. If the Contractor has notified the Contracting Officer that the Disclosure Statement contains trade secrets and commercial or financial information which is privileged and confidential, the Disclosure Statement shall be protected and shall not be released outside of the Government.

Follow consistently the Contractor's cost accounting practices in accumulating and reporting ~~contract performance cost data~~contract performance cost data concerning this contract. If any change in cost accounting practices is made for the purposes of any contract or subcontract subject to CAS requirements, the change must be applied prospectively to this contract and the Disclosure Statement must be amended accordingly. If the contract price or cost allowance of this contract is affected by such changes, adjustment shall be made in accordance with paragraph (a)(4) or (a)(5) of this clause, as appropriate.

Comply with all CAS, including any modifications and interpretations indicated thereto contained in 48 CFR Part 9904, in effect on the date of award of this contract or, if the Contractor has submitted certified cost or pricing data, on the date of final agreement on price as shown on the Contractor's signed certificate of current cost or pricing data. The Contractor shall also comply with any CAS (or modifications to CAS) which hereafter become applicable to a contract or subcontract of the Contractor. Such compliance shall be required prospectively from the date of applicability to such contract or subcontract.

(4)

(Agree to an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract if the contract cost ~~is affected~~is affected by ~~a change~~a change which, pursuant to paragraph (a)(3) of this clause, the Contractor is required to make to the Contractor's established cost accounting practices.

Negotiate with the Contracting Officer to determine the terms and conditions under which a change may ~~be made~~be made to ~~a cost~~a cost accounting practice, other than a change made under other provisions of paragraph (a)(4) of this clause; provided that no agreement may be made under this provision that will increase costs paid by the United States.

When the parties agree to a change to a cost accounting practice, other than a change under subdivision (a)(4)(i) of ~~this clause~~ this clause, negotiate an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract.

(5) Agree to an adjustment of the contract price or cost allowance, as appropriate, if the Contractor or a subcontractor fails to comply with an applicable Cost Accounting Standard, or to follow any cost accounting practice consistently and such failure results in any increased costs paid by the United States. Such adjustment shall provide for recovery of the increased costs to the United States, together with interest thereon computed at the annual rate established under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2)) for such period, from the time the payment by the United States was made to the time the adjustment is effected. In no case shall the Government recover costs greater than the increased cost to the Government, in the aggregate, on the relevant contracts subject to the price adjustment, unless the Contractor made a change in its cost accounting practices of which it was aware or should have been aware at the time of price negotiations and which it failed to disclose to the Government.

If the parties fail to agree whether the Contractor or a subcontractor has complied with an applicable CAS ~~in 48 CFR 9904~~ in 48 CFR 9904 or a CAS rule or regulation in 48 CFR 9903 and as to any cost adjustment demanded by the United States, such failure to agree will constitute a dispute under 41 U.S.C. chapter 71, Contract Disputes.

The Contractor shall permit any authorized representatives of the Government to examine and make copies ~~of any documents~~ of any documents, papers, or records relating to compliance with the requirements of this clause.

The Contractor shall include in all negotiated subcontracts which the Contractor enters into, the substance ~~of this~~ of this clause, except paragraph (b), and shall require such inclusion in all other subcontracts, of any tier, including the obligation to comply with all CAS in effect on the subcontractor's award date or if the subcontractor has submitted certified cost or pricing data, on the date of final agreement on price as shown on the subcontractor's signed Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data. If the subcontract is awarded to a business unit which pursuant to 48 CFR 9903.201-2 is subject to other types of CAS coverage, the substance of the applicable clause set forth in subsection 30.205 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) shall be inserted. This requirement shall apply only to negotiated subcontracts in excess of the lower CAS threshold specified in FAR 30.~~201-4~~ 205(b) on the date of subcontract award, except that the requirement shall not apply to negotiated subcontracts otherwise exempt from the requirement to include a CAS clause as specified in 48 CFR 9903.201-1.

(End of clause)

#### 52.230-3 Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices.

As prescribed in 30.205(b)(1), insert the following clause:

Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices (~~Jun 2020~~ Date)

(a) The Contractor, in connection with this contract, shall-

Comply with the requirements of 48 CFR 9904.401, Consistency in Estimating, Accumulating, and ~~Reporting Costs~~; ~~48~~

[Reporting Costs](#); 48 CFR 9904.402, Consistency in Allocating Costs Incurred for the Same Purpose; 48 CFR 9904.405, Accounting for Unallowable Costs; and 48 CFR 9904.406, Cost Accounting Standard-Cost Accounting Period, in effect on the date of award of this contract as indicated in 48 CFR Part 9904.

(CAS-covered Contracts Only) If it is a business unit of a company required to submit a Disclosure

Statement, disclose in writing its cost accounting practices as required by 48 CFR 9903.202-1 through 9903.202-52025. If the Contractor has notified the Contracting Officer that the Disclosure Statement contains trade secrets and commercial or financial information which is privileged and confidential, the Disclosure Statement shall be protected and shall not be released outside of the Government.

(3)

Follow consistently the Contractor's cost accounting practices. A change to such practices may be proposed, however, by either the Government or the Contractor, and the Contractor agrees to negotiate with the ~~Contracting Officer the terms and conditions under which a change may be made. After the terms and conditions under which the change is to be made have been agreed to, the change must be applied prospectively to this contract, and the Disclosure Statement, if affected, must be amended accordingly.~~

[Contracting Officer the terms and conditions under which a change may be made. After the terms and conditions under which the change is to be made have been agreed to, the change must be applied prospectively to this contract, and the Disclosure Statement, if affected, must be amended accordingly.](#)

The Contractor shall, when the parties agree to a change to a cost accounting practice and the ~~Contracting Officer has made~~ [Contracting Officer has made](#) the finding required in 48 CFR 9903.201-6(c), that the change is desirable and not detrimental to the interests of the Government, negotiate an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract. In the absence of the required finding, no agreement may be made under this contract clause that will increase costs paid by the United States.

(4) Agree to an adjustment of the contract price or cost allowance, as appropriate, if the Contractor or a subcontractor fails to comply with the applicable CAS or to follow any cost accounting practice, and such failure results in any increased costs paid by the United States. Such adjustment shall provide for recovery of the increased costs to the United States together with interest thereon computed at the annual rate established under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 ([26 U.S.C. 6621\(a\)\(2\)](#)), from the time the payment by the United States was made to the time the adjustment is effected.

If the parties fail to agree whether the Contractor has complied with an applicable CAS, rule, or regulation ~~as specified in~~ [as specified in](#) 48 CFR 9903 and 9904 and as to any cost adjustment demanded by the United States, such failure to agree will constitute a dispute under [41 U.S.C. chapter 71](#), Contract Disputes.

The Contractor shall permit any authorized representatives of the Government to examine and make copies ~~of any documents~~ [of any documents](#), papers, and records relating to compliance with the requirements of this clause.

The Contractor shall include in all negotiated subcontracts, which the Contractor enters into, the substance ~~of this clause~~ [of this clause](#), except paragraph (b), and shall require such inclusion in all other subcontracts of any tier, except that-

If the subcontract is awarded to a business unit which pursuant to 48 CFR 9903.201-2 is subject to other types of CAS coverage, the substance of the applicable clause set forth in section [30.205](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) shall be inserted.

The requirement in this paragraph (d) shall apply only to negotiated subcontracts in excess of the lower ~~CAS threshold specified~~ [CAS threshold specified](#) in FAR ~~(30.205)~~(b) on the date of subcontract award.

The requirement shall not apply to negotiated subcontracts otherwise exempt from the requirement to ~~include a CAS clause~~ [include a CAS clause](#) as specified in 48 CFR 9903.201-1.

(End of clause)

#### 52.230-4 Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices-Foreign Concerns.

As prescribed in [30.205\(c\)\(1\)](#), insert the following clause:

Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices-Foreign Concerns (~~Jun-2020~~ [Date](#))

(a) The Contractor, in connection with this contract, shall-

Comply with the requirements of 48 CFR 9904.401, Consistency in Estimating, Accumulating, and Reporting Costs; and 48 CFR 9904.402, Consistency in Allocating Costs Incurred for the Same Purpose, in effect on the date of award of this contract, as indicated in 48 CFR 9904.

(Cost Accounting Standard (CAS)-covered Contracts Only). If it is a business unit of a company required ~~to submit~~ [to submit](#) a Disclosure Statement, disclose in writing its cost accounting practices as required by 48 CFR 9903.~~202-1~~ [2021](#) through 48 CFR 9903.202-5. If the Contractor has notified the Contracting Officer that the Disclosure Statement contains trade secrets and commercial or financial information which is privileged and confidential, the Disclosure Statement shall be protected and shall not be released outside of the U.S. Government.

(3)

Follow consistently the Contractor's cost accounting practices. A change to such practices may be proposed, however, by either the U.S. Government or the Contractor, and the Contractor agrees to negotiate with the Contracting Officer the terms and conditions under which a change may be made. After the terms and conditions under which the change is to be made have been agreed to, the change must be applied prospectively to this contract, and the Disclosure Statement, if affected, must be amended accordingly.

The Contractor shall, when the parties agree to a change to a cost accounting practice and the ~~Contracting Officer has made~~ [Contracting Officer has made](#) the finding required in 48 CFR 9903.201-6(c) that the change is desirable and not detrimental to the interests of the U.S. Government, negotiate an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract. In the absence of the required finding, no agreement may be made under this contract clause that will increase costs paid by the U.S. Government.

(4) Agree to an adjustment of the contract price or cost allowance, as appropriate, if the Contractor or a subcontractor fails to comply with the applicable CAS or to follow any cost accounting practice, and such failure results in any increased costs paid by the U.S. Government. Such adjustment shall provide for recovery of the increased costs to the U.S. Government, together with interest thereon computed at the annual rate established

under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 ([26 U.S.C. 6621\(a\)\(2\)](#)) for such period, from the time the payment by the U.S. Government was made to the time the adjustment is effected.

If the parties fail to agree whether the Contractor has complied with an applicable CAS rule, or regulation ~~as specified in~~ [as specified in](#) 48 CFR 9903 and 48 CFR 9904 and as to any cost adjustment demanded by the U.S. Government, such failure to agree will constitute a dispute under [41 U.S.C. chapter 71](#), Contract Disputes.

The Contractor shall permit any authorized representatives of the U.S. Government to examine and ~~make copies~~ [make copies](#) of ~~any documents~~ [any documents](#), papers, and records relating to compliance with the requirements of this clause.

The Contractor shall include in all negotiated subcontracts, which the Contractor enters into, the substance ~~of this clause of this clause~~, except paragraph (b), and shall require such inclusion in all other subcontracts of any tier, except that—

—

If the subcontract is awarded to a business unit which pursuant to 48 CFR 9903.201-2 is subject to other types of CAS coverage, the substance of the applicable clause prescribed in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) [30.205](#) shall be inserted.

The requirement in this paragraph (d) shall apply only to negotiated subcontracts in excess of the lower ~~CAS threshold specified~~ [CAS threshold specified](#) in FAR ~~{30.205}~~ (b) on the date of subcontract award.

The requirement shall not apply to negotiated subcontracts otherwise exempt from the requirement to ~~include a CAS clause~~ [include a CAS clause](#) as specified in 48 CFR 9903.201-1.

(End of clause)

[\(End of clause\)](#)

52.230-5 Cost Accounting Standards-Educational Institution.

As prescribed in [30.205](#)(e)(1), insert the following clause:

Cost Accounting Standards-Educational Institution (~~Jun-2020~~ [Date](#))

(a) Unless the contract is exempt under 48 CFR 9903.201-1 and 9903.201-2, the provisions of 48 CFR 9903 are incorporated herein by reference and the Contractor, in connection with this contract, shall-

(CAS-covered Contracts Only). If a business unit of an educational institution (defined as an institution of higher education in the OMB Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR part 200, subpart A and [20 U.S.C. 1001](#)) is required to submit a Disclosure Statement, disclose in writing the Contractor's cost accounting practices as required by 48 CFR 9903.202-1 through 9903.202-5, including methods of distinguishing direct costs from indirect costs and the basis used for accumulating and allocating indirect costs. The practices disclosed for this contract shall be the same as the practices currently disclosed and applied on all other contracts and subcontracts being performed by the Contractor and which contain a Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) clause. If the Contractor has notified the Contracting Officer that the Disclosure Statement contains trade secrets, and commercial or financial

information which is privileged and confidential, the Disclosure Statement shall be protected and shall not be released outside of the Government.

Follow consistently the Contractor's cost accounting practices in accumulating and reporting ~~contract performance cost data~~ contract performance cost data concerning this contract. If any change in cost accounting practices is made for the purposes of any contract or subcontract subject to CAS requirements, the change must be applied prospectively to this contract and the Disclosure Statement, if required, must be amended accordingly. If an accounting principle change mandated under OMB Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR part 200, subpart E and appendix III, requires that a change in the Contractor's cost accounting practices be made after the date of this contract award, the change must be applied prospectively to this contract and the Disclosure Statement, if required, must be amended accordingly. If the contract price or cost allowance of this contract is affected by such changes, adjustment shall be made in accordance with paragraph (a)(4) or (a)(5) of this clause, as appropriate.

Comply with all CAS, including any modifications and interpretations indicated thereto contained in 48 CFR 9905 in effect on the date of award of this contract or, if the Contractor has submitted certified cost or pricing data, on the date of final agreement on price as shown on the Contractor's signed certificate of current cost or pricing data. The Contractor shall also comply with any CAS (or modifications to CAS) which hereafter become applicable to a contract or subcontract of the Contractor. Such compliance shall be required prospectively from the date of applicability to such contract or subcontract.

(4)

Agree to an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract if the contract cost ~~is affected~~ is affected by ~~a change~~ a change which, pursuant to paragraph (a)(3) of this clause, the Contractor is required to make to the Contractor's established cost accounting practices.

Negotiate with the Contracting Officer to determine the terms and conditions under which a change may ~~be made~~ be made to ~~a cost~~ a cost accounting practice, other than a change made under other provisions of paragraph (a)(4) of this clause; provided that no agreement may be made under this provision that will increase costs paid by the United States.

When the parties agree to a change to a cost accounting practice, other than a change under subdivision (a)(4)(i) or (a)(4)(iv) of this clause, negotiate an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract.

Agree to an equitable adjustment as provided in the Changes clause of this contract, if the contract cost ~~is materially affected~~ is materially affected by an accounting principle amendment required under the OMB Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR part 200, subpart E and appendix III, which, on becoming effective after the date of contract award, requires the Contractor to make a change to the Contractor's established cost accounting practices.

(5) Agree to an adjustment of the contract price or cost allowance, as appropriate, if the Contractor or a subcontractor fails to comply with an applicable Cost Accounting Standard, or to follow any cost accounting practice consistently and such failure results in any increased costs paid by the United States. Such adjustment shall provide for recovery of the increased costs to the United States, together with interest thereon computed at the annual rate established under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 6621(a)(2)) for such period, from the time the payment by the United States was made to the time the adjustment is

effected. In no case shall the Government recover costs greater than the increased cost to the Government, in the aggregate, on the relevant contracts subject to the price adjustment, unless the Contractor made a change in its cost accounting practices of which it was aware or should have been aware at the time of price negotiations and which it failed to disclose to the Government.

If the parties fail to agree whether the Contractor or a subcontractor has complied with an applicable CAS ~~or~~ ~~or~~ ~~rule or~~ ~~rule or~~ regulation in 48 CFR 9903 and as to any cost adjustment demanded by the United States, such failure to agree will constitute a dispute under 41 U.S.C. chapter 71, Contract Disputes.

The Contractor shall permit any authorized representatives of the Government to examine and make copies ~~of~~ ~~any documents~~ ~~of any documents~~, papers, or records relating to compliance with the requirements of this clause.

The Contractor shall include in all negotiated subcontracts which the Contractor enters into, the substance ~~of~~ ~~this of this~~ clause, except paragraph (b), and shall require such inclusion in all other subcontracts, of any tier, including the obligation to comply with all applicable CAS in effect on the subcontractor's award date or, if the subcontractor has submitted certified cost or pricing data, on the date of final agreement on price as shown on the subcontractor's signed Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, except that-

If the subcontract is awarded to a business unit which pursuant to 48 CFR 9903.201-2 is subject to other types of CAS coverage, the substance of the applicable clause set forth in 48 CFR 9903.201-4 shall be inserted;

The requirement in this paragraph (d) shall apply only to negotiated subcontracts in excess of the lower ~~CAS~~ ~~threshold specified~~ ~~CAS threshold specified~~ in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) ~~(30.205(b))~~ on the date of subcontract award; and

The requirement shall not apply to negotiated subcontracts otherwise exempt from the requirement to ~~include~~ ~~a CAS clause~~ ~~include a CAS clause~~ as specified in 48 CFR 9903.201-1.

(End of clause)

~~(End of clause)~~

#### 52.230-6 Administration of Cost Accounting Standards.

As prescribed in ~~{30.205(d)(1)}~~, insert the following clause:

Administration of Cost Accounting Standards (~~June 2010~~ Date)

For the purpose of administering the Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) requirements under this contract, the Contractor shall take the steps outlined in paragraphs (b) through (i) and (k) through (n) of this clause:

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Affected CAS-covered contract or subcontract means a contract or subcontract subject to CAS rules and regulations for which a Contractor or subcontractor-

Used one cost accounting practice to estimate costs and a changed cost accounting practice to ~~accumulate and~~ ~~report costs~~ ~~accumulate and report costs~~ under the contract or subcontract; or



Used a noncompliant practice for purposes of estimating or accumulating and reporting costs under ~~the contract or subcontract~~ the contract or subcontract.

Cognizant Federal agency official (CFAO) means the Contracting Officer assigned by the cognizant Federal agency to administer the CAS.

Desirable change means a compliant change to a Contractor's established or disclosed cost accounting practices that the CFAO finds is desirable and not detrimental to the Government and is, therefore, not subject to the no increased cost prohibition provisions of CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts affected by the change.

Fixed-price contracts and subcontracts means—

(1) The following types of fixed-price contracts and subcontracts ~~described at FAR , ,~~ —

Firm-fixed-price contracts;

Fixed-priced contracts with economic price adjustment (except when price adjustments are based on ~~actual costs~~ actual costs of labor or material, ~~described at (a)(2)),~~; and;

Firm-fixed-price, level-of-effort term contracts.

Fixed-price incentive contracts and subcontracts where the price is not adjusted based on actual ~~costs~~ incurred costs incurred (FAR ~~;~~ part 16);

Orders issued under indefinite-delivery contracts and subcontracts where final payment is not based on ~~actual costs~~ actual costs incurred (FAR ~~;~~ part 16); and

The fixed-hourly rate portion of time-and-materials and labor-hours contracts and subcontracts (FAR ~~;~~ part 16).

Flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts means—

(1) The following types of fixed-price contracts and subcontracts ~~described at FAR (a)(2),~~ —

(i) Fixed-price contracts with economic price adjustment based on actual costs of labor or material; (ii) Fixed-price incentive contract;

Fixed-price contracts with prospective price redetermination.; and

Fixed-ceiling-price contracts with retroactive price redetermination.

Cost-reimbursement contracts and subcontracts (FAR ~~;~~ part 16);

Incentive contracts and subcontracts where the price may be adjusted based on actual costs incurred (FAR ~~;~~ part 16);

Orders issued under indefinite-delivery contracts and subcontracts where final payment is based on ~~actual costs~~ actual costs incurred (FAR ~~;~~ part 16); and

The materials portion of time-and-materials contracts and subcontracts (FAR ~~;~~ part 16).

Noncompliance means a failure in estimating, accumulating, or reporting costs to-

Comply with applicable CAS; or

Consistently follow disclosed or established cost accounting practices.

Required change means-

A change in cost accounting practice that a Contractor is required to make in order to comply with ~~applicable Standards;~~applicable Standards, modifications or interpretations thereto, that subsequently become applicable to existing ~~CAS-covered~~CAScovered contracts or subcontracts due to the receipt of another CAS-covered contract or subcontract; or

A prospective change to a disclosed or established cost accounting practice when the CFAO determines ~~that the former practice~~that the former practice was in compliance with applicable CAS and the change is necessary for the Contractor to remain in compliance.

Unilateral change means a change in cost accounting practice from one compliant practice to another compliant practice that a Contractor with a CAS-covered contract(s) or subcontract(s) elects to make that has not been deemed a desirable change by the CFAO and for which the Government will pay no aggregate increased costs.

(b) Submit to the CFAO a description of any cost accounting practice change as outlined in paragraphs (b)(1) through (3) of this clause (including revisions to the Disclosure Statement, if applicable), and any written statement that the cost impact of the change is immaterial. If a change in cost accounting practice is implemented without submitting the notice required by this paragraph, the CFAO may determine the change to be a failure to follow paragraph (a)(2) of the clause at FAR 52.230-2, Cost Accounting Standards; paragraph (a)(4) of the clause at FAR 52.230-3, Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices; paragraph (a)(4) of the clause at FAR 52.230-4, Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices–Foreign Concerns; or paragraph (a)(~~4~~)(2) of the clause at FAR 52.230-5, Cost Accounting Standards–Educational Institution.

When a description has been submitted for a change in cost accounting practice that is dependent on ~~a contract award and~~a contact award and that contract is subsequently awarded, notify the CFAO within 15 days after such award.

For any change in cost accounting practice not covered by (b)(1) of this clause that is required in ~~accordance with paragraphs~~accordance with paragraphs (a)(3) and (a)(4)(i) of the clause at FAR 52.230-2; or paragraphs (a)(3), (a)(4)(i), or (a)(4)(iv) of the clause at FAR 52.230-5; submit a description of the change to the CFAO not less than 60 days (or such other date as may be mutually agreed to by the CFAO and the Contractor) before implementation of the change.

For any change in cost accounting practices proposed in accordance with paragraph (a)(4)(ii) or (iii) of ~~the clauses at FAR~~the clauses at FAR 52.230-2 and FAR 52.230-5; or with paragraph (a)(3) of the clauses at FAR 52.230-3 and FAR 52.230-4, submit a description of the change not less than 60 days (or such other date as may be mutually agreed to by the CFAO and the Contractor) before implementation of the change. If the change includes a proposed retroactive date submit supporting rationale.

Submit a description of the change necessary to correct a failure to comply with an applicable CAS or ~~to follow a disclosed~~ to follow a disclosed practice (as contemplated by paragraph (a)(5) of the clause at FAR 52.230-2 and FAR 52.~~230-5~~ 2305; or by paragraph (a)(4) of the clauses at FAR 52.230-3 and FAR 52.230-4)-

Within 60 days (or such other date as may be mutually agreed to by the CFAO and the Contractor) after ~~the date of agreement~~ the date of agreement with the CFAO that there is a noncompliance; or

In the event of Contractor disagreement, within 60 days after the CFAO notifies the Contractor of ~~the determination of noncompliance~~ the determination of noncompliance.

(c) When requested by the CFAO, submit on or before a date specified by the CFAO-

A general dollar magnitude (GDM) proposal in accordance with paragraph (d) or (g) of this clause. ~~The Contractor may submit~~ The Contractor may submit a detailed cost-impact (DCI) proposal in lieu of the requested GDM proposal provided the DCI proposal is in accordance with paragraph (e) or (h) of this clause;

A detailed cost-impact (DCI) proposal in accordance with paragraph (e) or (h) of this clause;

For any request for a desirable change that is based on the criteria in FAR 30.302-2(b)(3)(ii), the ~~data necessary~~ data necessary to demonstrate the required cost savings; and

For any request for a desirable change that is based on criteria other than that in FAR 30.302-2(b)(3)(ii), ~~a GDM~~ a GDM proposal and any other data necessary for the CFAO to determine if the change is a desirable change.

(d) For any change in cost accounting practice subject to paragraph (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3) of this clause, the GDM proposal shall-

) Calculate the cost impact in accordance with paragraph (f) of this clause;

Use one or more of the following methods to determine the increase or decrease in cost accumulations:

A representative sample of affected CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts.

The change in indirect rates multiplied by the total estimated base computed for each of the ~~following groups~~ following groups:

Fixed-price contracts and subcontracts.

Flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts.

(iii) Any other method that provides a reasonable approximation of the total increase or decrease in cost accumulations for all affected fixed-price and flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts;

(3) Use a format acceptable to the CFAO but, as a minimum, include the following data:

(i) The estimated increase or decrease in cost accumulations by Executive agency, including any impact the change may have on contract and subcontract incentives, fees, and profits, for each of the following groups:

Fixed-price contracts and subcontracts.

Flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts.

(ii) For unilateral changes, the increased or decreased costs to the Government for each of the following groups:

Fixed-price contracts and subcontracts.

Flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts; and

(4) When requested by the CFAO, identify all affected CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts.

(e) For any change in cost accounting practice subject to paragraph (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(3) of this clause, the DCI proposal shall-

Show the calculation of the cost impact in accordance with paragraph (f) of this clause;

Show the estimated increase or decrease in cost accumulations for each affected CAS-covered contract ~~and subcontract unless~~ and subcontract unless the CFAO and Contractor agree to include-

Only those affected CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts having an estimate to complete exceeding ~~a specified amount~~ specified amount; and

An estimate of the total increase or decrease in cost accumulations for all affected CAS-covered ~~contracts and subcontracts~~ contracts and subcontracts, using the results in paragraph (e)(2)(i) of this clause;

Use a format acceptable to the CFAO but, as a minimum, include the information in paragraph (d)(3) of ~~this clause~~ this clause; and

When requested by the CFAO, identify all affected CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts.

(f) For GDM and DCI proposals that are subject to the requirements of paragraph (d) or (e) of this clause, calculate the cost impact as follows:

The cost impact calculation shall include all affected CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts regardless ~~of their~~ of their status (i.e., open or closed) or the fiscal year in which the costs were incurred (i.e., whether or not the final indirect rates have been established).

For unilateral changes-

(i) Determine the increased or decreased cost to the Government for flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts as follows:

When the estimated cost to complete using the changed practice exceeds the estimated cost to ~~complete using the current~~ complete using the current practice, the difference is increased cost to the Government.

When the estimated cost to complete using the changed practice is less than the estimated cost to ~~complete using the current~~ complete using the current practice, the difference is decreased cost to the Government;

(ii) Determine the increased or decreased cost to the Government for fixed-priced contracts and subcontracts as follows:

When the estimated cost to complete using the changed practice is less than the estimated cost to ~~complete using the current~~complete using the current practice, the difference is increased cost to the Government.

When the estimated cost to complete using the changed practice exceeds the estimated cost to ~~complete using the current~~complete using the current practice, the difference is decreased cost to the Government;

Calculate the total increase or decrease in contract and subcontract incentives, fees, and profits ~~associated with the increased~~associated with the increased or decreased costs to the Government in accordance with 48 CFR 9903.306(c). The associated increase or decrease is based on the difference between the negotiated incentives, fees, and profits and the amounts that would have been negotiated had the cost impact been known at the time the contracts and subcontracts were negotiated; and

Calculate the increased cost to the Government in the aggregate.

(3) For equitable adjustments for required or desirable changes-

~~(i)~~ Estimated increased cost accumulations are the basis for increasing contract prices, target prices and ~~cost ceilings~~cost ceilings; and

~~(ii)~~ Estimated decreased cost accumulations are the basis for decreasing contract prices, target prices and ~~cost ceilings~~cost ceilings.

(g) For any noncompliant cost accounting practice subject to paragraph (b)(4) of this clause, prepare the GDM proposal as follows:

Calculate the cost impact in accordance with paragraph (i) of this clause.

Use one or more of the following methods to determine the increase or decrease in contract and ~~subcontract prices or cost~~subcontract prices or cost accumulations, as applicable:

A representative sample of affected CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts.

When the noncompliance involves cost accumulation the change in indirect rates multiplied by the ~~applicable base for only~~applicable base for only flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts.

Any other method that provides a reasonable approximation of the total increase or decrease.

(3) Use a format acceptable to the CFAO but, as a minimum, include the following data:

(i) The total increase or decrease in contract and subcontract price and cost accumulations, as applicable, by Executive agency, including any impact the noncompliance may have on contract and subcontract incentives, fees, and profits, for each of the following groups:

Fixed-price contracts and subcontracts.

Flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts.

(ii) The increased or decreased cost to the Government for each of the following groups:

Fixed-price contracts and subcontracts.

Flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts.

(iii) The total overpayments and underpayments made by the Government during the period of noncompliance.

(4) When requested by the CFAO, identify all CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts.

(h) For any noncompliant practice subject to paragraph (b)(4) of this clause, prepare the DCI proposal as follows:

Calculate the cost impact in accordance with paragraph (i) of this clause.

Show the increase or decrease in price and cost accumulations for each affected CAS-covered contract ~~and subcontract unless~~ and subcontract unless the CFAO and Contractor agree to-

(i) Include only those affected CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts having-

Contract and subcontract values exceeding a specified amount when the noncompliance involves ~~estimating costs~~ estimating costs; and

Incurred costs exceeding a specified amount when the noncompliance involves accumulating costs; and

(ii) Estimate the total increase or decrease in price and cost accumulations for all affected CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts using the results in paragraph (h)(2)(i) of this clause.

Use a format acceptable to the CFAO that, as a minimum, include the information in paragraph (g)(3) of ~~this clause~~ this clause.

When requested by the CFAO, identify all CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts.

(i) For GDM and DCI proposals that are subject to the requirements of paragraph (g) or (h) of this clause, calculate the cost impact as follows:

The cost impact calculation shall include all affected CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts regardless ~~of their~~ of their status (i.e., open or closed) or the fiscal year in which the costs are incurred (i.e., whether or not the final indirect rates have been established).

For noncompliances that involve estimating costs, determine the increased or decreased cost to ~~the Government for fixed~~ the Government for fixed-price contracts and subcontracts as follows:

When the negotiated contract or subcontract price exceeds what the negotiated price would have been had the Contractor used a compliant practice, the difference is increased cost to the Government.

When the negotiated contract or subcontract price is less than what the negotiated price would have been ~~had the Contractor~~ had the Contractor used a compliant practice, the difference is decreased cost to the Government.

(3) For noncompliances that involve accumulating costs, determine the increased or decreased cost to the Government for flexibly-priced contracts and subcontracts as follows:

When the costs that were accumulated under the noncompliant practice exceed the costs that would have been accumulated using a compliant practice (from the time the noncompliant practice was first implemented

until the date the noncompliant practice was replaced with a compliant practice), the difference is increased cost to the Government.

When the costs that were accumulated under the noncompliant practice are less than the costs that ~~would have been accumulated~~ would have been accumulated using a compliant practice (from the time the noncompliant practice was first implemented until the date the noncompliant practice was replaced with a compliant practice), the difference is decreased cost to the Government.

Calculate the total increase or decrease in contract and subcontracts incentives, fees, and profits ~~associated with the increased~~ associated with the increased or decreased cost to the Government in accordance with 48 CFR 9903.306(c). The associated increase or decrease is based on the difference between the negotiated incentives, fees, and profits and the amounts that would have been negotiated had the Contractor used a compliant practice.

Calculate the increased cost to the Government in the aggregate.

(j) If the Contractor does not submit the information required by paragraph (b) or (c) of this clause within the specified time, or any extension granted by the CFAO, the CFAO may take one or both of the following actions:

Withhold an amount not to exceed 10 percent of each subsequent amount payment to the ~~Contractor's affected~~ Contractor's affected CAS-covered contracts, (up to the estimated ~~general dollar magnitude~~ GDM of the cost impact), until such time as the Contractor provides the required information to the CFAO.

Issue a final decision in accordance with FAR part 33 and unilaterally adjust the contract(s) by the ~~estimated amount~~ estimated amount of the cost impact.

(k) Agree to-

Contract modifications to reflect adjustments required in accordance with paragraph (a)(4)(ii) or (a)(5) of ~~the clauses at FAR~~ the clauses at FAR 52.230-2 and 52.230-5; or with paragraph (a)(3)(i) or (a)(4) of the clauses at FAR 52.230-3 and FAR 52.230-4; and

Repay the Government for any aggregate increased cost paid to the Contractor.

(l) For all subcontracts subject to the clauses at FAR 52.230-2, 52.230-3, 52.230-4, or 52.230-5-

So state in the body of the subcontract, in the letter of award, or in both (do not use self-deleting clauses);

Include the substance of this clause in all negotiated subcontracts; and

Within 30 days after award of the subcontract, submit the following information to the Contractor's CFAO:

Subcontractor's name and subcontract number.

Dollar amount and date of award.

Name of Contractor making the award.

(m) Notify the CFAO in writing of any adjustments required to subcontracts under this contract and agree to an adjustment to this contract price or estimated cost and fee. The Contractor shall-

Provide this notice within 30 days after the Contractor receives the proposed subcontract adjustments; and

Include a proposal for adjusting the higher-tier subcontract or the contract appropriately.

(n) For subcontracts containing the clause or substance of the clause at FAR 52.230-2, FAR 52.230-3, FAR

52.230-4, or FAR 52.230-5, require the subcontractor to comply with all Standards in effect on the date of award or of final agreement on price, as shown on the subcontractor's signed Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, whichever is earlier.

(End of clause)

52.230-7 Proposal Disclosure-Cost Accounting Practice Changes.

As prescribed in ~~30.204~~(c), insert the following provision:

Proposal Disclosure-Cost Accounting Practice Changes (Apr 2005)

The offeror shall check "yes" below if the contract award will result in a required or unilateral change in cost accounting practice, including unilateral changes requested to be desirable changes.

☐ Yes ☐ No

If the offeror checked "Yes" above, the offeror shall-

Prepare the price proposal in response to the solicitation using the changed practice for the period ~~of performance for which~~ of performance for which the practice will be used; and

Submit a description of the changed cost accounting practice to the Contracting Officer and the ~~Cognizant Federal Agency~~ Cognizant Federal Agency Official as pricing support for the proposal.

(End of provision)

52.231 [Reserved]

52.~~232~~233 [Reserved]

52.233-1 Disputes.

As prescribed in 33.205-9(a) , insert the following clause:

Disputes (Deviation Date)

Definitions. ~~52.232-1 Payments.~~

~~As prescribed in a)(1), insert the following clause, appropriately modified with respect to payment due date in accordance with agency regulations, in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price supply contract, a fixed-price service contract, or a contract for nonregulated communication services is contemplated:~~

~~Payments (Apr 1984)~~



~~The Government shall pay the Contractor, upon the submission of proper invoices or vouchers, the prices stipulated in this contract for supplies delivered and accepted or services rendered and accepted, less any deductions provided in this contract. Unless otherwise specified in this contract, payment shall be made on partial deliveries accepted by the Government if-~~

~~The amount due on the deliveries warrants it; or~~

~~The Contractor requests it and the amount due on the deliveries is at least \$1,000 or 50 percent of the total contract price.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-2 Payments under Fixed-Price Research and Development Contracts.~~

~~As prescribed in a)(2), insert the following clause, as appropriately modified with respect to payment due dates in accordance with agency regulations, in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price research and development contract is contemplated:~~

~~Payments under Fixed-Price Research and Development Contracts (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Government shall pay the Contractor, upon submission of proper invoices or vouchers, the prices stipulated in this contract for work delivered or rendered and accepted, less any deductions provided in this contract. Unless otherwise specified, payment shall be made upon acceptance of any portion of the work delivered or rendered for which a price is separately stated in the contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-3 Payments under Personal Services Contracts.~~

~~As prescribed in a)(3), insert the following clause, appropriately modified with respect to payment due dates in accordance with agency regulations, in solicitations and contracts for personal services:~~

~~Payments under Personal Services Contracts (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Government shall pay the Contractor for the services performed by the Contractor, as set forth in the Schedule of this contract, at the rates prescribed, upon the submission by the Contractor of proper invoices or time statements to the office or officer designated and at the time provided for in this contract. The Government shall also pay the Contractor-~~

~~A per diem rate in lieu of subsistence for each day the Contractor is in a travel status away from home or regular place of employment in accordance with Federal Travel Regulations (41 CFR 101-7) as authorized in appropriate Travel Orders; and~~

~~Any other transportation expenses if provided for in the Schedule.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-4 Payments under Transportation Contracts and Transportation-Related Services Contracts.~~

As prescribed in a)(4), insert the following clause, appropriately modified with respect to payment due dates in accordance with agency regulations, in solicitations and contracts for transportation or transportation-related services:

~~Payments under Transportation Contracts and Transportation-Related Services Contracts (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Government shall pay the Contractor upon the submission of properly certified invoices or vouchers, the amount due for services rendered and accepted, less deductions, if any, as herein provided.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-5 Payments under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts.~~

As prescribed in a)(5), insert the following clause:

~~Payments under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts (May 2014)~~

~~Payment of price. The Government shall pay the Contractor the contract price as provided in this contract.~~

~~Progress payments. The Government shall make progress payments monthly as the work proceeds, or at more frequent intervals as determined by the Contracting Officer, on estimates of work accomplished which meets the standards of quality established under the contract, as approved by the Contracting Officer.~~

~~(1) The Contractor's request for progress payments shall include the following substantiation:~~

~~An itemization of the amounts requested, related to the various elements of work required by the contract covered by the payment requested.~~

~~A listing of the amount included for work performed by each subcontractor under the contract.~~

~~A listing of the total amount of each subcontract under the contract.~~

~~A listing of the amounts previously paid to each such subcontractor under the contract.~~

~~Additional supporting data in a form and detail required by the Contracting Officer.~~

~~(2) In the preparation of estimates, the Contracting Officer may authorize material delivered on the site and preparatory work done to be taken into consideration. Material delivered to the Contractor at locations other than the site also may be taken into consideration if-~~

~~Consideration is specifically authorized by this contract; and~~

~~The Contractor furnishes satisfactory evidence that it has acquired title to such material and that the material will be used to perform this contract.~~

~~(c) Contractor certification. Along with each request for progress payments, the Contractor shall furnish the following certification, or payment shall not be made: (However, if the Contractor elects to delete paragraph (c)(4) from the certification, the certification is still acceptable.)~~

~~I hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that-~~

Title, liability, and reservation of rights. All material and work covered by progress payments made shall, at the time of payment, become the sole property of the Government, but this shall not be construed as-

~~Relieving the Contractor from the sole responsibility for all material and work upon which payments have been made or the restoration of any damaged work; or~~

~~Waiving the right of the Government to require the fulfillment of all of the terms of the contract.~~

~~Reimbursement for bond premiums. In making these progress payments, the Government shall, upon request, reimburse the Contractor for the amount of premiums paid for performance and payment bonds (including coinsurance and reinsurance agreements, when applicable) after the Contractor has furnished evidence of full payment to the surety. The retainage provisions in paragraph (c) of this clause shall not apply to that portion of progress payments attributable to bond premiums.~~

~~Final payment. The Government shall pay the amount due the Contractor under this contract after-~~

~~Completion and acceptance of all work;~~

~~Presentation of a properly executed voucher; and~~

~~Presentation of release of all claims against the Government arising by virtue of this contract, other than claims, instated amounts, that the Contractor has specifically excepted from the operation of the release. A release may also be required of the assignee if the Contractor's claim to amounts payable under this contract has been assigned under the Assignment of Claims Act of 1940 ( and ).~~

~~Limitation because of undefinitized work. Notwithstanding any provision of this contract, progress payments shall not exceed 80 percent on work accomplished on undefinitized contract actions. A "contract action" is any action resulting in a contract, as defined in FAR, including contract modifications for additional supplies or services, but not including contract modifications that are within the scope and under the terms of the contract, such as contract modifications issued pursuant to the Changes clause, or funding and other administrative changes.~~

~~Interest computation on unearned amounts. In accordance with , the amount payable under paragraph (d)(2) of this clause shall be-~~

~~Computed at the rate of average bond equivalent rates of 91-day Treasury bills auctioned at the most recent auction of such bills prior to the date the Contractor receives the unearned amount; and~~

~~Deducted from the next available payment to the Contractor.(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-6 Payment under Communication Service Contracts with Common Carriers.~~

~~As prescribed in a)(6), insert the following clause, appropriately modified with respect to payment due dates in accordance with agency regulations, in solicitations and contracts for regulated communication services by common carriers:~~

~~Payment under Communication Service Contracts with Common Carriers (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Government shall pay the Contractor, in arrears, upon submission of invoices for services and facilities furnished in accordance with the terms of CSAs issued under this contract, the rates and charges for the services and facilities as set forth in the clause entitled "Rates, Charges and Services."~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-7 Payments under Time and Materials and Labor Hour Contracts.~~

~~As prescribed in a)(7), insert the following clause:~~

~~Payments under Time and Materials and Labor Hour Contracts (Nov 2021)~~

~~The Government will pay the Contractor as follows upon the submission of vouchers approved by the Contracting Officer or the authorized representative:~~

~~(a) Hourly rate.~~

~~(1) Hourly rate means the rate(s) prescribed in the contract for payment for labor that meets the labor category qualifications of a labor category specified in the contract that are-~~

~~Performed by the Contractor;~~

~~Performed by the subcontractors; or~~

~~Transferred between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor under a common control.~~

~~The amounts shall be computed by multiplying the appropriate hourly rates prescribed in the Schedule by the number of direct labor hours performed.~~

~~The hourly rates shall be paid for all labor performed on the contract that meets the labor qualifications specified in the contract. Labor hours incurred to perform tasks for which labor qualifications were specified in the contract will not be paid to the extent the work is performed by employees that do not meet the qualifications specified in the contract, unless specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer.~~

~~The hourly rates shall include wages, indirect costs, general and administrative expense, and profit. Fractional parts of an hour shall be payable on a prorated basis.~~

~~Vouchers may be submitted not more than once every two weeks, to the Contracting Officer or authorized representative. A small business concern may receive more frequent payments than every two weeks. The Contractor shall substantiate vouchers (including any subcontractor hours reimbursed at the hourly rate in the schedule) by evidence of actual payment and by-~~

~~Individual daily job timekeeping records;~~

~~Records that verify the employees meet the qualifications for the labor categories specified in the contract; or (iii) Other substantiation approved by the Contracting Officer.~~

~~Promptly after receipt of each substantiated voucher, the Government shall, except as otherwise provided in this contract, and subject to the terms of paragraph (e) of this clause, pay the voucher as approved by the Contracting Officer or authorized representative.~~

~~Unless otherwise prescribed in the Schedule, the Contracting Officer may unilaterally issue a contract modification requiring the Contractor to withhold amounts from its billings until a reserve is set aside in an amount that the Contracting Officer considers necessary to protect the Government's interests. The Contracting~~

~~Officer may require a withhold of 5 percent of the amounts due under paragraph (a) of this clause, but the total amount withheld for the contract shall not exceed \$50,000. The amounts withheld shall be retained until the Contractor executes and delivers the release required by paragraph (g) of this clause.~~

~~Unless the Schedule prescribes otherwise, the hourly rates in the Schedule shall not be varied by virtue of the Contractor having performed work on an overtime basis. If no overtime rates are provided in the Schedule and overtime work is approved in advance by the Contracting Officer, overtime rates shall be negotiated. Failure to agree upon these overtime rates shall be treated as a dispute under the Disputes clause of this contract. If the Schedule provides rates for overtime, the premium portion of those rates will be reimbursable only to the extent the overtime is approved by the Contracting Officer.~~

~~(b) Materials.~~

~~(1) For the purposes of this clause-~~

~~Direct materials means those materials that enter directly into the end product, or that are used or consumed directly in connection with the furnishing of the end product or service.~~

~~Materials means-~~

~~Direct materials, including supplies transferred between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor under a common control;~~

~~Subcontracts for supplies and incidental services for which there is not a labor category specified in the contract;~~

~~Other direct costs (e.g., incidental services for which there is not a labor category specified in the contract, travel, computer usage charges, etc.); and (D) Applicable indirect costs.~~

~~(2) If the Contractor furnishes its own materials that meet the definition of a commercial product or commercial service in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) the price to be paid for such materials shall not exceed the Contractor's established catalog or market price, adjusted to reflect the~~

~~Quantities being acquired; and~~

~~Actual cost of any modifications necessary because of contract requirements.~~

~~(3) Except as provided for in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause, the Government will reimburse the Contractor for allowable cost of materials provided the Contractor-~~

~~Has made payments for materials in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement or invoice; or~~

~~Ordinarily makes these payments within 30 days of the submission of the Contractor's payment request to the Government and such payment is in accordance with the terms and conditions of the agreement or invoice.~~

~~Payment for materials is subject to the Allowable Cost and Payment clause of this contract. The Contracting Officer will determine allowable costs of materials in accordance with FAR in effect on the date of this contract.~~

~~The Contractor may include allocable indirect costs and other direct costs to the extent they are (i) Comprised only of costs that are clearly excluded from the hourly rate;~~

~~Allocated in accordance with the Contractor's written or established accounting practices; and~~

~~Indirect costs are not applied to subcontracts that are paid at the hourly rates.~~

~~(6) To the extent able, the Contractor shall-~~

~~Obtain materials at the most advantageous prices available with due regard to securing prompt delivery of satisfactory materials; and~~

~~Take all cash and trade discounts, rebates, allowances, credits, salvage, commissions, and other benefits. When unable to take advantage of the benefits, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer and give the reasons. The Contractor shall give credit to the Government for cash and trade discounts, rebates, scrap, commissions, and other amounts that have accrued to the benefit of the Contractor, or would have accrued except for the fault or neglect of the Contractor. The Contractor shall not deduct from gross costs the benefits lost without fault or neglect on the part of the Contractor, or lost through fault of the Government.~~

~~(7) Except as provided for in e) and (f), the Government will not pay profit or fee to the prime Contractor on materials.~~

~~If the Contractor enters into any subcontract that requires consent under the clause at 52.244-2, Subcontracts, without obtaining such consent, the Government is not required to reimburse the Contractor for any costs incurred under the subcontract prior to the date the Contractor obtains the required consent. Any reimbursement of subcontract costs incurred prior to the date the consent was obtained shall be at the sole discretion of the Government.~~

~~Total cost. It is estimated that the total cost to the Government for the performance of this contract shall not exceed the ceiling price set forth in the Schedule, and the Contractor agrees to use its best efforts to perform the work specified in the Schedule and all obligations under this contract within such ceiling price. If at any time the Contractor has reason to believe that the hourly rate payments and material costs that will accrue in performing this contract in the next succeeding 30 days, if added to all other payments and costs previously accrued, will exceed 85 percent of the ceiling price in the Schedule, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer giving a revised estimate of the total price to the Government for performing this contract with supporting reasons and documentation. If at any time during performing this contract, the Contractor has reason to believe that the total price to the Government for performing this contract will be substantially greater or less than the then stated ceiling price, the Contractor shall so notify the Contracting Officer, giving a revised estimate of the total price for performing this contract, with supporting reasons and documentation. If at any time during performing this contract, the Government has reason to believe that the work to be required in performing this contract will be substantially greater or less than the stated ceiling price, the Contracting Officer will so advise the Contractor, giving the then revised estimate of the total amount of effort to be required under the contract.~~

~~Ceiling price. The Government will not be obligated to pay the Contractor any amount in excess of the ceiling price in the Schedule, and the Contractor shall not be obligated to continue performance if to do so would exceed the ceiling price set forth in the Schedule, unless and until the Contracting Officer notifies the Contractor in writing that the ceiling price has been increased and specifies in the notice a revised ceiling that shall~~

~~constitute the ceiling price for performance under this contract. When and to the extent that the ceiling price set forth in the Schedule has been increased, any hours expended and material costs incurred by the Contractor in excess of the ceiling price before the increase shall be allowable to the same extent as if the hours expended and material costs had been incurred after the increase in the ceiling price.~~

~~Audit. At any time before final payment under this contract, the Contracting Officer may request audit of the vouchers and supporting documentation. Each payment previously made shall be subject to reduction to the extent of amounts, on preceding vouchers, that are found by the Contracting Officer or authorized representative not to have been properly payable and shall also be subject to reduction for overpayments or to increase for underpayments. Upon receipt and approval of the voucher designated by the Contractor as the "completion voucher" and supporting documentation, and upon compliance by the Contractor with all terms of this contract (including, without limitation, terms relating to patents and the terms of paragraph (g) of this clause), the Government shall promptly pay any balance due the Contractor. The completion voucher, and supporting documentation, shall be submitted by the Contractor as promptly as practicable following completion of the work under this contract, but in no event later than 120 days (or such longer period as the Contracting Officer may approve in writing) from the date of completion.~~

~~Assignment and Release of Claims. The Contractor, and each assignee under an assignment entered into under this contract and in effect at the time of final payment under this contract, shall execute and deliver, at the time of and as a condition precedent to final payment under this contract, a release discharging the Government, its officers, agents, and employees of and from all liabilities, obligations, and claims arising out of or under this contract, subject only to the following exceptions:~~

~~Specified claims in stated amounts, or in estimated amounts if the amounts are not susceptible of exact statement by the Contractor.~~

~~Claims, together with reasonable incidental expenses, based upon the liabilities of the Contractor to third parties arising out of performing this contract, that are not known to the Contractor on the date of the execution of the release, and of which the Contractor gives notice in writing to the Contracting Officer not more than 6 years after the date of the release or the date of any notice to the Contractor that the Government is prepared to make final payment, whichever is earlier.~~

~~Claims for reimbursement of costs (other than expenses of the Contractor by reason of its indemnification of the Government against patent liability), including reasonable incidental expenses, incurred by the Contractor under the terms of this contract relating to patents.~~

~~(h) Interim payments on contracts for other than services.~~

~~Interim payments made prior to the final payment under the contract are contract financing payments. Contract financing payments are not subject to the interest penalty provisions of the Prompt Payment Act.~~

~~The designated payment office will make interim payments for contract financing on the \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert day as prescribed by agency head; if not prescribed, insert "30th "] day after the designated billing office receives a proper payment request. In the event that the Government requires an audit or other review of a specific payment request to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, the designated payment office is not compelled to make payment by the specified due date.~~



~~(i) Interim payments on contracts for services. For interim payments made prior to the final payment under this contract, the Government will make payment in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act ( ) and prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR part 1315.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-8 Discounts for Prompt Payment.~~

~~As prescribed in b)(1), insert the following clause:~~

~~Discounts for Prompt Payment (Feb 2002)~~

~~Discounts for prompt payment will not be considered in the evaluation of offers. However, any offered discount will form a part of the award, and will be taken if payment is made within the discount period indicated in the offer by the offeror. As an alternative to offering a discount for prompt payment in conjunction with the offer, offerors awarded contracts may include discounts for prompt payment on individual invoices.~~

~~In connection with any discount offered for prompt payment, time shall be computed from the date of the invoice. If the Contractor has not placed a date on the invoice, the due date shall be calculated from the date the designated billing office receives a proper invoice, provided the agency annotates such invoice with the date of receipt at the time of receipt. For the purpose of computing the discount earned, payment shall be considered to have been made on the date that appears on the payment check or, for an electronic funds transfer, the specified payment date. When the discount date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday when Federal Government offices are closed and Government business is not expected to be conducted, payment may be made on the following business day.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-9 Limitation on Withholding of Payments.~~

~~As prescribed in b)(2), insert a clause substantially as follows, appropriately modified with respect to payment due dates in accordance with agency regulations, in solicitations and contracts when a supply contract, service contract, time and materials contract, labor-hour contract, or research and development contract is contemplated that includes two or more terms authorizing the temporary withholding of amounts otherwise payable to the contractor for supplies delivered or services performed:~~

~~Limitation on Withholding of Payments (Apr 1984)~~

~~If more than one clause or Schedule term of this contract authorizes the temporary withholding of amounts otherwise payable to the Contractor for supplies delivered or services performed, the total of the amounts withheld at any one time shall not exceed the greatest amount that may be withheld under any one clause or Schedule term at that time; provided, that this limitation shall not apply to-~~

~~Withholdings pursuant to any clause relating to wages or hours of employees;~~

~~Withholdings not specifically provided for by this contract;~~

~~The recovery of overpayments; and~~

~~Any other withholding for which the Contracting Officer determines that this limitation is inappropriate. (End of clause)~~

~~52.232-10 Payments under Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts.~~

~~As prescribed in c)(1), insert the following clause:~~

~~Payments under Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts (Apr 2010)~~

~~Estimates shall be made monthly of the amount and value of the work and services performed by the Contractor under this contract which meet the standards of quality established under this contract. The estimates, along with any supporting data required by the Contracting Officer, shall be prepared by the Contractor and submitted along with its voucher.~~

~~After receipt of each substantiated voucher, the Government shall pay the voucher as approved by the Contracting Officer or authorized representative. The Contracting Officer shall require a withholding from amounts due under paragraph (a) of this clause of up to 10 percent only if the Contracting Officer determines that such a withholding is necessary to protect the Government's interest and ensure satisfactory completion of the contract. The amount withheld shall be determined based upon the Contractor's performance record under this contract. Whenever the Contracting Officer determines that the work is substantially complete and that the amount retained is in excess of the amount adequate for the protection of the Government, the Contracting Officer shall release the excess amount to the Contractor.~~

~~Upon satisfactory completion by the Contractor and final acceptance by the Contracting Officer of all the work done by the Contractor under the "Statement of Architect-Engineer Services", the Contractor will be paid the unpaid balance of any money due for work under the statement, including all withheld amounts.~~

~~Before final payment under the contract, or before settlement upon termination of the contract, and as a condition precedent thereto, the Contractor shall execute and deliver to the Contracting Officer a release of all claims against the Government arising under or by virtue of this contract, other than any claims that are specifically excepted by the Contractor from the operation of the release in amounts stated in the release.~~

~~Notwithstanding any other provision in this contract, and specifically paragraph (b) of this clause, progress payments shall not exceed 80 percent on work accomplished on undefinitized contract actions. A "contract action" is any action resulting in a contract, as defined in FAR including contract modifications for additional supplies or services, but not including contract modifications that are within the scope and under the terms of the contract, such as contract modifications issued pursuant to the Changes clause, or funding and other administrative changes. (End of clause)~~

~~52.232-11 Extras.~~

~~As prescribed in c)(2), insert the following clause, appropriately modified with respect to payment due dates in accordance with agency regulations, in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price supply contract, fixed-price service contract, or transportation contract is contemplated:~~

~~Extras (Apr 1984)~~

Except as otherwise provided in this contract, no payment for extras shall be made unless such extras and the price therefor have been authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

#### 52.232-12 Advance Payments.

As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:

##### Advance Payments (May 2001)

**Requirements for payment.** Advance payments will be made under this contract (1) upon submission of properly certified invoices or vouchers by the Contractor, and approval by the administering office, \_\_\_\_\_ [insert the name of the office designated under agency procedures], or (2) under a letter of credit. The amount of the invoice or voucher submitted plus all advance payments previously approved shall not exceed \$ \_\_\_\_\_. If a letter of credit is used, the Contractor shall withdraw cash only when needed for disbursements acceptable under this contract and report cash disbursements and balances as required by the administering office. The Contractor shall apply terms similar to this clause to any advance payments to subcontractors.

**Special account.** Until (1) the Contractor has liquidated all advance payments made under the contract and related interest charges and (2) the administering office has approved in writing the release of any funds due and payable to the Contractor, all advance payments and other payments under this

contract shall be made by check payable to the Contractor marked for deposit only in the Contractor's special account with the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert the name of the financial institution]. None of the funds in the special account shall be mingled with other funds of the Contractor. Withdrawals from the special account may be made only by check of the Contractor countersigned by the Contracting Officer or a Government countersigning agent designated in writing by the Contracting Officer.

**Use of funds.** The Contractor may withdraw funds from the special account only to pay for properly allocable, allowable, and reasonable costs for direct materials, direct labor, and indirect costs. Other withdrawals require approval in writing by the administering office. Determinations of whether costs are properly allocable, allowable, and reasonable shall be in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, subject to any applicable subparts of of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

**Repayment to the Government.** At any time, the Contractor may repay all or any part of the funds advanced by the

Government. Whenever requested in writing to do so by the administering office, the Contractor shall repay to the Government any part of unliquidated advance payments considered by the administering office to exceed the Contractor's current requirements or the amount specified in paragraph (a) of this clause. If the Contractor fails to repay the amount requested by the administering office, all or any part of the unliquidated advance payments may be withdrawn from the special account by check signed by only the countersigning agent and applied to reduction of the unliquidated advance payments under this contract.

**Maximum payment.** When the sum of all unliquidated advance payments, unpaid interest charges, and other payments exceed \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the contract price, the Government shall withhold further payments to the Contractor. On completion or termination of the contract, the Government shall deduct from the amount due to

the Contractor all unliquidated advance payments and all interest charges payable. If previous payments to the Contractor exceed the amount due, the excess amount shall be paid to the Government on demand. For purposes of this paragraph, the contract price shall be considered to be the stated contract price of \$ \_\_\_\_\_, less any subsequent price reductions under the contract, plus (1) any price increases resulting from any terms of this contract for price redetermination or escalation, and (2) any other price increases that do not, in the aggregate, exceed \$ \_\_\_\_\_ [insert an amount not higher than 10 percent of the stated contract amount inserted in this paragraph]. Any payments withheld under this paragraph shall be applied to reduce the unliquidated advance payments. If full liquidation has been made, payments under the contract shall resume.

Interest.

(1) The Contractor shall pay interest to the Government on the daily unliquidated advance payments at the daily rate specified in paragraph (f)(3) of this clause. Interest shall be computed at the end of each calendar month for the actual number of days involved. For the purpose of computing the interest charge—

Advance payments shall be considered as increasing the unliquidated balance as of the date of the advance payment check;

Repayments by Contractor check shall be considered as decreasing the unliquidated balance as of the date on which the check is received by the Government authority designated by the Contracting Officer; and

Liquidations by deductions from Government payments to the Contractor shall be considered as decreasing the unliquidated balance as of the date of the check for the reduced payment.

Interest charges resulting from the monthly computation shall be deducted from payments, other than advance payments, due the Contractor. If the accrued interest exceeds the payment due, any excess interest shall be carried forward and deducted from subsequent payments. Interest carried forward shall not be compounded. Interest on advance payments shall cease to accrue upon satisfactory completion or termination of the contract for the convenience of the Government. The Contractor shall charge interest on advance payments to subcontractors in the manner described above and credit the interest to the Government. Interest need not be charged on advance payments to nonprofit educational or research subcontractors for experimental, developmental, or research work.

If interest is required under the contract, the Contracting Officer shall determine a daily interest rate based on the higher of (i) the published prime rate of the financial institution (depository) in which the special account is established or (ii) the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under Pub.L. 92-41 (50 U.S.C. App. 1215(b)(2)). The Contracting Officer shall revise the daily interest rate during the contract period in keeping with any changes in the cited interest rates.

If the full amount of interest charged under this paragraph has not been paid by deduction or otherwise upon completion or termination of this contract, the Contractor shall pay the remaining interest to the Government on demand.

Financial institution agreement. Before an advance payment is made under this contract, the Contractor shall transmit to the administering office, in the form prescribed by the administering office, an agreement in triplicate from the financial institution in which the special account is established, clearly setting forth the special character of the account and the responsibilities of the financial institution under the account. The Contractor shall select a financial institution that is a member bank of the Federal Reserve System, an "insured"

bank within the meaning of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Act (1), or a credit union insured by the National Credit Union Administration.

Lien on special bank account. The Government shall have a lien upon any balance in the special account paramount to all other liens. The Government lien shall secure the repayment of any advance payments made under this contract and any related interest charges.

Lien on property under contract.

All advance payments under this contract, together with interest charges, shall be secured, when made, by a lien in favor of the Government, paramount to all other liens, on the supplies or other things covered by this contract and on material and other property acquired for or allocated to the performance of this contract, except to the extent that the Government by virtue of any other terms of this contract, or otherwise, shall have valid title to the supplies, materials, or other property as against other creditors of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall identify, by marking or segregation, all property that is subject to a lien in favor of the Government by virtue of any terms of this contract in such a way as to indicate that it is subject to a lien and that it has been acquired for or allocated to performing this contract. If, for any reason, the supplies, materials, or other property are not identified by marking or segregation, the Government shall be considered to have a lien to the extent of the Government's interest under this contract on any mass of property with which the supplies, materials, or other property are commingled. The Contractor shall maintain adequate accounting control over the property on its books and records.

If, at any time during the progress of the work on the contract, it becomes necessary to deliver to a third person any items or materials on which the Government has a lien, the Contractor shall notify the third person of the lien and shall obtain from the third person a receipt in duplicate acknowledging the existence of the lien. The Contractor shall provide a copy of each receipt to the Contracting Officer.

If, under the termination clause, the Contracting Officer authorizes the Contractor to sell or retain termination inventory, the approval shall constitute a release of the Government's lien to the extent that

The termination inventory is sold or retained; and

The sale proceeds or retention credits are applied to reduce any outstanding advance payments.

(j) Insurance.

(1) The Contractor shall maintain with responsible insurance carriers

Insurance on plant and equipment against fire and other hazards, to the extent that similar properties are usually insured by others operating plants and properties of similar character in the same general locality;

Adequate insurance against liability on account of damage to persons or property; and

Adequate insurance under all applicable workers' compensation laws.

(2) Until work under this contract has been completed and all advance payments made under the contract have been liquidated, the Contractor shall

~~Maintain this insurance;~~

~~Maintain adequate insurance on any materials, parts, assemblies, subassemblies, supplies, equipment, and other property acquired for or allocable to this contract and subject to the Government lien under paragraph (i) of this clause; and (iii) Furnish any evidence with respect to its insurance that the administering office may require.~~

~~(k) Default.~~

~~(1) If any of the following events occurs, the Government may, by written notice to the Contractor, withhold further withdrawals from the special account and further payments on this contract:~~

~~Termination of this contract for a fault of the Contractor.~~

~~A finding by the administering office that the Contractor has failed to-~~

~~Observe any of the conditions of the advance payment terms;~~

~~Comply with any material term of this contract;~~

~~Make progress or maintain a financial condition adequate for performance of this contract;~~

~~Limit inventory allocated to this contract to reasonable requirements; or~~

~~Avoid delinquency in payment of taxes or of the costs of performing this contract in the ordinary course of business.~~

~~The appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator for all or a substantial part of the Contractor's property, or the institution of proceedings by or against the Contractor for bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, or liquidation.~~

~~The service of any writ of attachment, levy of execution, or commencement of garnishment proceedings concerning the special account.~~

~~The commission of an act of bankruptcy.~~

~~(2) If any of the events described in paragraph (k)(1) of this clause continue for 30 days after the written notice to the Contractor, the Government may take any of the following additional actions:~~

~~Withdraw by checks payable to the Treasurer of the United States, signed only by the countersigning agency, all or any part of the balance in the special account and apply the amounts to reduce outstanding advance payments and any other claims of the Government against the Contractor.~~

~~Charge interest, in the manner prescribed in paragraph (f) of this clause, on outstanding advance payments during the period of any event described in paragraph (k)(1) of this clause.~~

~~Demand immediate repayment by the Contractor of the unliquidated balance of advance payments.~~

~~Take possession of and, with or without advertisement, sell at public or private sale all or any part of the property on which the Government has a lien under this contract and, after deducting any expenses incident to~~

the sale, apply the net proceeds of the sale to reduce the unliquidated balance of advance payments or other Government claims against the Contractor.

(3) The Government may take any of the actions described in paragraphs (k)(1) and (2) of this clause it considers appropriate at its discretion and without limiting any other rights of the Government.

Prohibition against assignment. Notwithstanding any other terms of this contract, the Contractor shall not assign this contract, any interest therein, or any claim under the contract to any party.

Information and access to records. The Contractor shall furnish to the administering office (1) monthly or at other intervals as required, signed or certified balance sheets and profit and loss statements together with a report on the operation of the special account in the form prescribed by the administering office; and (2) if requested, other information concerning the operation of the Contractor's business. The Contractor shall provide the authorized Government representatives proper facilities for inspection of the Contractor's books, records, and accounts.

Other security. The terms of this contract are considered to provide adequate security to the Government for advance payments; however, if the administering office considers the security inadequate, the Contractor shall furnish additional security satisfactory to the administering office, to the extent that the security is available.

Representations. The Contractor represents the following:

The balance sheet, the profit and loss statement, and any other supporting financial statements furnished to the administering office fairly reflect the financial condition of the Contractor at the date shown or the period covered, and there has been no subsequent materially adverse change in the financial condition of the Contractor.

No litigation or proceedings are presently pending or threatened against the Contractor, except as shown in the financial statements.

The Contractor has disclosed all contingent liabilities, except for liability resulting from the renegotiation of defense production contracts, in the financial statements furnished to the administering office.

None of the terms in this clause conflict with the authority under which the Contractor is doing business or with the provision of any existing indenture or agreement of the Contractor.

The Contractor has the power to enter into this contract and accept advance payments, and has taken all necessary action to authorize the acceptance under the terms of this contract.

The assets of the Contractor are not subject to any lien or encumbrance of any character except for current taxes not delinquent, and except as shown in the financial statements furnished by the Contractor. There is no current assignment of claims under any contract affected by these advance payment provisions.

All information furnished by the Contractor to the administering office in connection with each request for advance payments is true and correct.

These representations shall be continuing and shall be considered to have been repeated by the submission of each invoice for advance payments.

~~(p) Covenants. To the extent the Government considers it necessary while any advance payments made under this contract remain outstanding, the Contractor, without the prior written consent of the administering office, shall not-~~

~~Mortgage, pledge, or otherwise encumber or allow to be encumbered, any of the assets of the Contractor now owned or subsequently acquired, or permit any preexisting mortgages, liens, or other encumbrances to remain on or attach to any assets of the Contractor which are allocated to performing this contract and with respect to which the Government has a lien under this contract;~~

~~Sell, assign, transfer, or otherwise dispose of accounts receivable, notes, or claims for money due or to become due;~~

~~Declare or pay any dividends, except dividends payable in stock of the corporation, or make any other distribution on account of any shares of its capital stock, or purchase, redeem, or otherwise acquire for value any of its stock, except as required by sinking fund or redemption arrangements reported to the administering office incident to the establishment of these advance payment provisions;~~

~~Sell, convey, or lease all or a substantial part of its assets;~~

~~Acquire for value the stock or other securities of any corporation, municipality, or governmental authority, except direct obligations of the United States;~~

~~Make any advance or loan or incur any liability as guarantor, surety, or accommodation endorser for any party;~~

~~Permit a writ of attachment or any similar process to be issued against its property without getting a release or bonding the property within 30 days after the entry of the writ of attachment or other process;~~

~~Pay any remuneration in any form to its directors, officers, or key employees higher than rates provided in existing agreements of which notice has been given to the administering office; accrue excess remuneration without first obtaining an agreement subordinating it to all claims of the Government; or employ any person at a rate of compensation over~~

~~\$ \_\_\_\_\_ a year;~~

~~Change substantially the management, ownership, or control of the corporation;~~

~~Merge or consolidate with any other firm or corporation, change the type of business, or engage in any transaction outside the ordinary course of the Contractor's business as presently conducted;~~

~~Deposit any of its funds except in a bank or trust company insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or a credit union insured by the National Credit Union Administration;~~

~~Create or incur indebtedness for advances, other than advances to be made under the terms of this contract, or for borrowings;~~

~~Make or covenant for capital expenditures exceeding \$ \_\_\_\_\_ in total;~~

~~Permit its net current assets, computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, to become less than \$ \_\_\_\_\_; or~~



Make any payments on account of the obligations listed below, except in the manner and to the extent provided in this contract:

[List the pertinent obligations]

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the agency desires to waive the countersignature requirement because of the Contractor's financial strength, good performance record, and favorable experience concerning cost disallowances, add the following sentence, if appropriate, to paragraph (b) of the basic clause:

However, for this contract, countersignature on behalf of the Government will not be required unless it is determined necessary by the administering office.

Alternate II (May 2001). If used in a cost reimbursement contract, substitute the following paragraphs (c) and (e), and paragraphs (f)(1) and (f)(2) for paragraphs (c) and (e) and paragraphs (f)(1) and (2) of the basic clause:

(c) Use of funds. The Contractor shall withdraw funds from the special account only to pay for allowable costs as prescribed by the \_\_\_\_\_ clause of this contract. Payment for any other types of expenses shall be approved in writing by the administering office.

Maximum payment. When the sum of all unliquidated advance payments, unpaid interest charges, and other payments equal the total estimated cost of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (not including fixed fee, if any) for the work under this contract, the Government shall withhold further payments to the Contractor. Upon completion or termination of the contract, the Government shall deduct from the amount due to the Contractor all unliquidated advance payments and interest charges payable. The Contractor shall pay any deficiency to the Government upon demand. For purposes of this paragraph, the estimated cost shall be considered to be the stated estimated cost, less any subsequent reductions of the estimated cost, plus any increases in the estimated costs that do not, in the aggregate, exceed \$ \_\_\_\_\_. [Insert an amount not higher than 10 percent of the stated estimated cost inserted in this paragraph]. The estimated cost shall include, without limitation, any reimbursable cost (as estimated by the Contracting Officer) incident to a termination for the convenience of the Government. Any payments withheld under this paragraph shall be applied to reduce the unliquidated advance payments. If full liquidation has been made, payments under the contract shall resume.

Interest. (1) The Contractor shall pay interest to the Government on the daily unliquidated advance payments at the daily rate specified in paragraph (f)(3) of this clause. Interest shall be computed at the end of each calendar month for the actual number of days involved. For the purpose of computing the interest charge, the following shall be observed:

Advance payments shall be considered as increasing the unliquidated balance as of the date of the advance payment check.

Repayments by Contractor check shall be considered as decreasing the unliquidated balance as of the date on which the check is received by the Government authority designated by the Contracting Officer.

Liquidations by deductions from payments to the Contractor shall be considered as decreasing the unliquidated balance as of the dates on which the Contractor presents to the Contracting Officer full and accurate data for the preparation of each voucher. Credits resulting from these deductions shall be made upon the approval of the

reimbursement vouchers by the Disbursing Officer, based upon the Contracting Officer's certification of the applicable dates.

(2) Interest charges resulting from the monthly computation shall be deducted from any payments on account of the fixed fee due to the Contractor. If the accrued interest exceeds the payment due, any excess interest shall be carried forward and deducted from subsequent payments of the contract price or fixed fee. Interest carried forward shall not be compounded. Interest on advance payments shall cease to accrue upon (i) satisfactory completion or (ii) termination of the contract for the convenience of the Government. The Contractor shall charge interest on advance payments to subcontractors in the manner described above and credit the interest to the Government. Interest need not be charged on advance payments to nonprofit educational or research subcontractors for experimental, developmental, or research work.

Alternate III (Apr 1984). If the agency considers a more rapid liquidation appropriate, add the following sentence as the first sentence of paragraph (e) of the basic clause with the appropriate percentage specified:

To liquidate the principal amount of any advance payment made to the Contractor, there shall be deductions of \_\_\_\_\_ percent from all payments made by the Government under the contracts involved.

Alternate IV (Apr 1984). If the agency provides advance payments under the contract at no interest to the prime contractor, add the following sentences as the beginning sentences of paragraph (f) of the clause:

No interest shall be charged to the prime Contractor for advance payments except for interest charged during a period of default. The terms of this paragraph concerning interest charges for advance payments shall not apply to the prime Contractor.

Alternate V (May 2001). If the requirement for a special account is eliminated in accordance with e) or (g), insert the clause set forth below instead of the basic clause.

If this Alternate is used in combination with Alternate II, disregard the instructions concerning paragraph (e), Use of funds, in Alternate II; substitute paragraph (e), Maximum payment, in Alternate II for paragraph (d) below; and substitute paragraph (f), Interest, in Alternate II for paragraph (e) below and change the reference to paragraph (f)(3) in the first sentence of paragraph (f) of Alternate II to (e)(3).

If this Alternate is used in combination with Alternate III, insert the additional sentence set forth in Alternate III as the first sentence of paragraph (d) of this Alternate.

If this Alternate is used in combination with Alternate IV, insert the additional sentences set forth in Alternate IV as the beginning sentences of paragraph (e) of this Alternate.

#### Advance Payments Without Special Account (May 2001)

Requirements for payment. Advance payments will be made under this contract (1) upon submission of properly certified invoices or vouchers by the contractor, and approval by the administering office, \_\_\_\_\_ [insert the name of the office designated under agency procedures], or (2) under a letter of credit. The amount of the invoice or voucher submitted plus all advance payments previously approved shall not exceed \$ \_\_\_\_\_. If a letter of credit is used, the Contractor shall withdraw cash only when needed for disbursements acceptable under this contract and report cash disbursements and balances as required by the administering office. The Contractor shall apply terms similar to this clause to any advance payments to subcontractors.

~~Use of funds. The Contractor may use advance payment funds only to pay for properly allocable, allowable, and reasonable costs for direct materials, direct labor, and indirect costs. Determinations of whether costs are properly allocable, allowable, and reasonable shall be in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, subject to any applicable subparts of of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.~~

~~Repayment to the Government. At any time, the Contractor may repay all or any part of the funds advanced by the~~

~~Government. Whenever requested in writing to do so by the administering office, the Contractor shall repay to the Government any part of unliquidated advance payments considered by the administering office to exceed the Contractor's current requirements or the amount specified in paragraph (a) of this clause.~~

~~Maximum payment. When the sum of all unliquidated advance payments, unpaid interest charges, and other payments exceed \_\_\_\_ percent of the contract price, the Government shall withhold further payments to the Contractor. On completion or termination of the contract, the Government shall deduct from the amount due to the Contractor all unliquidated advance payments and all interest charges payable. If previous payments to the Contractor exceed the amount due, the excess amount shall be paid to the Government on demand. For purposes of this paragraph, the contract price shall be considered to be the stated contract price of \$\_\_\_\_, less any subsequent price reductions under the contract, plus (1) any price increases resulting from any terms of this contract for price redetermination or escalation, and (2) any other price increases that do not, in the aggregate, exceed \$\_\_\_\_ [insert an amount not higher than 10 percent of the stated contract amount inserted in this paragraph]. Any payments withheld under this paragraph shall be applied to reduce the unliquidated advance payments. If full liquidation has been made, payments under the contract shall resume.~~

~~(e)Interest. (1) The Contractor shall pay interest to the Government on the daily unliquidated advance payments at the daily rate in paragraph (e)(3) of this clause. Interest shall be computed at the end of each calendar month for the actual number of days involved. For the purpose of computing the interest charge-~~

~~Advance payments shall be considered as increasing the unliquidated balance as of the date of the advance payment check;~~

~~Repayments by Contractor check shall be considered as decreasing the unliquidated balance as of the date on which the check is received by the Government authority designated by the Contracting Officer; and~~

~~Liquidations by deductions from Government payments to the Contractor shall be considered as decreasing the unliquidated balance as of the date of the check for the reduced payment.~~

~~Interest charges resulting from the monthly computation shall be deducted from payments, other than advance payments, due the Contractor. If the accrued interest exceeds the payment due, any excess interest shall be carried forward and deducted from subsequent payments. Interest carried forward shall not be compounded. Interest on advance payments shall cease to accrue upon satisfactory completion or termination of the contract for the convenience of the Government. The Contractor shall charge interest on advance payments to subcontractors in the manner described above and credit the interest to the Government. Interest need not be charged on advance payments to nonprofit educational or research subcontractors, for experimental, developmental, or research work.~~

~~If interest is required under the contract, the Contracting Officer shall determine a daily interest rate based on the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under Pub.L. 92-41 (50 U.S.C. App., 1215(b)(2)). The~~

~~Contracting Officer shall revise the daily interest rate during the contract period in keeping with any changes in the cited interest rate.~~

~~If the full amount of interest charged under this paragraph has not been paid by deduction or otherwise upon completion or termination of this contract, the Contractor shall pay the remaining interest to the Government on demand.~~

~~(f) Lien on property under contract. (1) All advance payments under this contract, together with interest charges, shall be secured, when made, by a lien in favor of the Government, paramount to all other liens, on the supplies or other things covered by this contract and on all material and other property acquired for or allocated to the performance of this contract, except to the extent that the Government by virtue of any other terms of this contract, or otherwise, shall have valid title to the supplies, materials, or other property as against other creditors of the Contractor.~~

~~The Contractor shall identify, by marking or segregation, all property that is subject to a lien in favor of the Government by virtue of any terms of this contract in such a way as to indicate that it is subject to a lien and that it has been acquired for or allocated to performing this contract. If, for any reason, the supplies, materials, or other property are not identified by marking or segregation, the Government shall be considered to have a lien to the extent of the Government's interest under this contract on any mass of property with which the supplies, materials, or other property are commingled. The Contractor shall maintain adequate accounting control over the property on its books and records.~~

~~If, at any time during the progress of the work on the contract, it becomes necessary to deliver to a third person any items or materials on which the Government has a lien, the Contractor shall notify the third person of the lien and shall obtain from the third person a receipt in duplicate acknowledging the existence of the lien. The Contractor shall provide a copy of each receipt to the Contracting Officer.~~

~~If, under the termination clause, the Contracting Officer authorizes the contractor to sell or retain termination inventory, the approval shall constitute a release of the Government's lien to the extent that~~

~~The termination inventory is sold or retained; and~~

~~The sale proceeds or retention credits are applied to reduce any outstanding advance payments.~~

~~(g) Insurance. (1) The Contractor shall maintain with responsible insurance carriers-~~

~~Insurance on plant and equipment against fire and other hazards, to the extent that similar properties are usually insured by others operating plants and properties of similar character in the same general locality;~~

~~Adequate insurance against liability on account of damage to persons or property; and~~

~~Adequate insurance under all applicable workers' compensation laws.~~

~~(2) Until work under this contract has been completed and all advance payments made under the contract have been liquidated, the Contractor shall-~~

~~Maintain this insurance;~~

~~Maintain adequate insurance on any materials, parts, assemblies, subassemblies, supplies, equipment, and other property acquired for or allocable to this contract and subject to the Government lien under paragraph (f) of this clause; and~~

~~Furnish any evidence with respect to its insurance that the administering office may require.~~

~~Default. (1) If any of the following events occur, the Government may, by written notice to the Contractor, withhold further payments on this contract:~~

~~Termination of this contract for a fault of the Contractor.~~

~~(ii) A finding by the administering office that the Contractor has failed to-~~

~~Observe any of the conditions of the advance payment terms;~~

~~Comply with any material term of this contract;~~

~~Make progress or maintain a financial condition adequate for performance of this contract;~~

~~Limit inventory allocated to this contract to reasonable requirements; or~~

~~Avoid delinquency in payment of taxes or of the costs of performing this contract in the ordinary course of business.~~

~~The appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator for all or a substantial part of the Contractor's property, or the institution of proceedings by or against the Contractor for bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, or liquidation.~~

~~The commission of an act of bankruptcy.~~

~~(2) If any of the events described in paragraph (h)(1) of this clause continue for 30 days after the written notice to the Contractor, the Government may take any of the following additional actions:~~

~~Charge interest, in the manner prescribed in paragraph (e) of this clause, on outstanding advance payments during the period of any event described in paragraph (h)(1) of this clause.~~

~~Demand immediate repayment by the Contractor of the unliquidated balance of advance payments.~~

~~Take possession of and, with or without advertisement, sell at public or private sale all or any part of the property on which the Government has a lien under this contract and, after deducting any expenses incident to the sale, apply the net proceeds of the sale to reduce the unliquidated balance of advance payments or other Government claims against the Contractor.~~

~~(3) The Government may take any of the actions described in paragraphs (h)(1) and (h)(2) of this clause it considers appropriate at its discretion and without limiting any other rights of the Government.~~

~~Prohibition against assignment. Notwithstanding any other terms of this contract, the Contractor shall not assign this contract, any interest therein, or any claim under the contract to any party.~~

~~Information and access to records. The Contractor shall furnish to the administering office (1) monthly or at other intervals as required, signed or certified balance sheets and profit and loss statements, and, (2) if requested, other information concerning the operation of the contractor's business. The Contractor shall provide the authorized Government representatives proper facilities for inspection of the Contractor's books, records, and accounts.~~

~~Other security. The terms of this contract are considered to provide adequate security to the Government for advance payments; however, if the administering office considers the security inadequate, the Contractor shall furnish additional security satisfactory to the administering office, to the extent that the security is available.~~

~~Representations. The Contractor represents the following:~~

~~The balance sheet, the profit and loss statement, and any other supporting financial statements furnished to the administering office fairly reflect the financial condition of the Contractor at the date shown or the period covered, and there has been no subsequent materially adverse change in the financial condition of the Contractor.~~

~~No litigation or proceedings are presently pending or threatened against the Contractor, except as shown in the financial statements.~~

~~The Contractor has disclosed all contingent liabilities, except for liability resulting from the renegotiation of defense production contracts, in the financial statements furnished to the administering office.~~

~~None of the terms in this clause conflict with the authority under which the Contractor is doing business or with the provision of any existing indenture or agreement of the Contractor.~~

~~The Contractor has the power to enter into this contract and accept advance payments, and has taken all necessary action to authorize the acceptance under the terms of this contract.~~

~~The assets of the Contractor are not subject to any lien or encumbrance of any character except for current taxes not delinquent, and except as shown in the financial statements furnished by the Contractor. There is no current assignment of claims under any contract affected by these advance payment provisions.~~

~~All information furnished by the Contractor to the administering office in connection with each request for advance payments is true and correct.~~

~~These representations shall be continuing and shall be considered to have been repeated by the submission of each invoice for advance payments.~~

~~(m) Covenants. To the extent the Government considers it necessary while any advance payments made under this contract remain outstanding, the Contractor, without the prior written consent of the administering office, shall not-~~

~~Mortgage, pledge, or otherwise encumber or allow to be encumbered, any of the assets of the Contractor now owned or subsequently acquired, or permit any preexisting mortgages, liens, or other encumbrances to remain on or attach to any assets of the Contractor which are allocated to performing this contract and with respect to which the Government has a lien under this contract;~~

~~Sell, assign, transfer, or otherwise dispose of accounts receivable, notes, or claims for money due or to become due;~~

~~Declare or pay any dividends, except dividends payable in stock of the corporation, or make any other distribution on account of any shares of its capital stock, or purchase, redeem, or otherwise acquire for value any of its stock, except as required by sinking fund or redemption arrangements reported to the administering office incident to the establishment of these advance payment provisions;~~

~~Sell, convey, or lease all or a substantial part of its assets;~~

~~Acquire for value the stock or other securities of any corporation, municipality, or Governmental authority, except direct obligations of the United States;~~

~~Make any advance or loan or incur any liability as guarantor, surety, or accommodation endorser for any party;~~

~~Permit a writ of attachment or any similar process to be issued against its property without getting a release or bonding the property within 30 days after the entry of the writ of attachment or other process;~~

~~Pay any remuneration in any form to its directors, officers, or key employees higher than rates provided in existing agreements of which notice has been given to the administering office, accrue excess remuneration without first obtaining an agreement subordinating it to all claims of the Government, or employ any person at a rate of compensation over \$\_\_\_\_\_ a year;~~

~~Change substantially the management, ownership, or control of the corporation;~~

~~Merge or consolidate with any other firm or corporation, change the type of business, or engage in any transaction outside the ordinary course of the Contractor's business as presently conducted;~~

~~Deposit any of its funds except in a bank or trust company insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or a credit union insured by the National Credit Union Administration;~~

~~Create or incur indebtedness for advances, other than advances to be made under the terms of this contract, or for borrowings;~~

~~Make or covenant for capital expenditures exceeding \$\_\_\_\_\_ in total;~~

~~Permit its net current assets, computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, to become less than \$\_\_\_\_\_; or~~

~~Make any payments on account of the obligations listed below, except in the manner and to the extent provided in this contract:~~

~~{List the pertinent obligations}~~

#### ~~52.232-13 Notice of Progress Payments:~~

~~As prescribed in (a), insert the following provision in invitations for bids and requests for proposals that include a Progress Payments clause:~~

~~Notice of Progress Payments (Apr 1984)~~

~~The need for customary progress payments conforming to the regulations in of the Federal Acquisition~~

~~Regulation (FAR) will not be considered as a handicap or adverse factor in the award of the contract. The Progress Payments clause included in this solicitation will be included in any resulting contract, modified or altered if necessary in accordance with subsection 52.232-16 and its Alternate I of the FAR. Even though the clause is included in the contract, the clause shall be inoperative during any time the contractor's accounting system and controls are determined by the Government to be inadequate for segregation and accumulation of contract costs.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-14 Notice of Availability of Progress Payments Exclusively for Small Business Concerns.~~

~~As prescribed in (b)(2), insert the following provision in invitations for bids if it is anticipated that (a) both small business concerns and others may submit bids in response to the same invitation and (b) only the small business bidders would need progress payments:~~

~~Notice of Availability of Progress Payments Exclusively for Small Business Concerns (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Progress Payments clause will be available only to small business concerns. Any bid conditioned upon inclusion of a progress payment clause in the resulting contract will be rejected as nonresponsive if the bidder is not a small business concern.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-15 Progress Payments Not Included.~~

~~As prescribed in (c), insert the following provision in invitations for bids if the solicitation will not contain one of the provisions prescribed in (a) and (b):~~

~~Progress Payments Not Included (Apr 1984)~~

~~A progress payments clause is not included in this solicitation, and will not be added to the resulting contract at the time of award. Bids conditioned upon inclusion of a progress payment clause in the resulting contract will be rejected as nonresponsive.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-16 Progress Payments.~~

~~As prescribed in (a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Progress Payments (Nov 2021)~~

~~The Government will make progress payments to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but not more frequently than monthly, in amounts of \$2,500 or more approved by the Contracting Officer, under the following conditions:~~

~~(a) Computation of amounts.~~



Unless the Contractor requests a smaller amount, the Government will compute each progress payment as 80 percent of the Contractor's total costs incurred under this contract whether or not actually paid, plus financing payments to subcontractors (see paragraph (j) of this clause), less the sum of all previous progress payments made by the Government under this contract. The Contracting Officer will consider cost of money that would be allowable under Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) as an incurred cost for progress payment purposes.

The amount of financing and other payments for supplies and services purchased directly for the contract are limited to the amounts that have been paid by cash, check, or other forms of payment, or that are determined due and will be paid to subcontractors-

In accordance with the terms and conditions of a subcontract or invoice; and

Ordinarily within 30 days of the submission of the Contractor's payment request to the Government.

(3) The Government will exclude accrued costs of Contractor contributions under employee pension plans until actually paid unless-

The Contractor's practice is to make contributions to the retirement fund quarterly or more frequently; and

The contribution does not remain unpaid 30 days after the end of the applicable quarter or shorter payment period (any contribution remaining unpaid shall be excluded from the Contractor's total costs for progress payments until paid).

(4) The Contractor shall not include the following in total costs for progress payment purposes in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause:

Costs that are not reasonable, allocable to this contract, and consistent with sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices.

Costs incurred by subcontractors or suppliers.

Costs ordinarily capitalized and subject to depreciation or amortization except for the properly depreciated or amortized portion of such costs.

Payments made or amounts payable to subcontractors or suppliers, except for-

Completed work, including partial deliveries, to which the Contractor has acquired title; and

Work under cost reimbursement or time and material subcontracts to which the Contractor has acquired title.

The amount of unliquidated progress payments may exceed neither (i) the progress payments made against incomplete work (including allowable unliquidated progress payments to subcontractors) nor (ii) the value, for progress payment purposes, of the incomplete work. Incomplete work shall be considered to be the supplies and services required by this contract, for which delivery and invoicing by the Contractor and acceptance by the Government are incomplete.

The total amount of progress payments shall not exceed 80 percent of the total contract price.

~~If a progress payment or the unliquidated progress payments exceed the amounts permitted by paragraphs (a)(4) or (a)(5) of this clause, the Contractor shall repay the amount of such excess to the Government on demand.~~

~~Notwithstanding any other terms of the contract, the Contractor agrees not to request progress payments in dollar amounts of less than \$2,500. The Contracting Officer may make exceptions.~~

~~The costs applicable to items delivered, invoiced, and accepted shall not include costs in excess of the contract price of the items.~~

~~Liquidation. Except as provided in the Termination for Convenience of the Government clause, all progress payments shall be liquidated by deducting from any payment under this contract, other than advance or progress payments, the unliquidated progress payments, or 80 percent of the amount invoiced, whichever is less. The Contractor shall repay to the Government any amounts required by a retroactive price reduction, after computing liquidations and payments on past invoices at the reduced prices and adjusting the unliquidated progress payments accordingly. The Government reserves the right to unilaterally change from the ordinary liquidation rate to an alternate rate when deemed appropriate for proper contract financing.~~

~~Reduction or suspension. The Contracting Officer may reduce or suspend progress payments, increase the rate of liquidation, or take a combination of these actions, after finding on substantial evidence any of the following conditions:~~

~~The Contractor failed to comply with any material requirement of this contract (which includes paragraphs (f) and (g) of this clause).~~

~~Performance of this contract is endangered by the Contractor's —~~

~~Failure to make progress; or~~

~~Unsatisfactory financial condition.~~

~~Inventory allocated to this contract substantially exceeds reasonable requirements.~~

~~The Contractor is delinquent in payment of the costs of performing this contract in the ordinary course of business.~~

~~The fair value of the undelivered work is less than the amount of unliquidated progress payments for that work.~~

~~The Contractor is realizing less profit than that reflected in the establishment of any alternate liquidation rate in paragraph (b) of this clause, and that rate is less than the progress payment rate stated in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause.~~

~~(d) Title.~~

~~Title to the property described in this paragraph (d) shall vest in the Government. Vestiture shall be immediately upon the date of this contract, for property acquired or produced before that date. Otherwise, vestiture shall occur when the property is or should have been allocable or properly chargeable to this contract.~~

~~"Property," as used in this clause, includes all of the below-described items acquired or produced by the Contractor that are or should be allocable or properly chargeable to this contract under sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices:~~

~~Parts, materials, inventories, and work in process;~~

~~Special tooling and special test equipment to which the Government is to acquire title;~~

~~Nondurable (i.e., noncapital) tools, jigs, dies, fixtures, molds, patterns, taps, gauges, test equipment, and other similar manufacturing aids, title to which would not be obtained as special tooling under paragraph (d)(2)(ii) of this clause; and (iv) Drawings and technical data, to the extent the Contractor or subcontractors are required to deliver them to the Government by other clauses of this contract.~~

~~Although title to property is in the Government under this clause, other applicable clauses of this contract; e.g., the termination clauses, shall determine the handling and disposition of the property.~~

~~The Contractor may sell any scrap resulting from production under this contract without requesting the Contracting Officer's approval, but the proceeds shall be credited against the costs of performance.~~

~~To acquire for its own use or dispose of property to which title is vested in the Government under this clause, the Contractor must obtain the Contracting Officer's advance approval of the action and the terms. The Contractor shall (i) exclude the allocable costs of the property from the costs of contract performance, and (ii) repay to the Government any amount of unliquidated progress payments allocable to the property. Repayment may be by cash or credit memorandum.~~

~~When the Contractor completes all of the obligations under this contract, including liquidation of all progress payments, title shall vest in the Contractor for all property (or the proceeds thereof) not-~~

~~Delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract; or~~

~~Incorporated in supplies delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract and to which title is vested in the Government under this clause.~~

~~(7) The terms of this contract concerning liability for Government-furnished property shall not apply to property to which the Government acquired title solely under this clause.~~

~~Risk of loss. Before delivery to and acceptance by the Government, the Contractor shall bear the risk of loss for property, the title to which vests in the Government under this clause, except to the extent the Government expressly assumes the risk. The Contractor shall repay the Government an amount equal to the unliquidated progress payments that are based on costs allocable to property that is lost (see-~~

~~Control of costs and property. The Contractor shall maintain an accounting system and controls adequate for the proper administration of this clause.~~

~~Reports, forms, and access to records:~~

~~The Contractor shall promptly furnish reports, certificates, financial statements, and other pertinent information (including estimates to complete) reasonably requested by the Contracting Officer for the~~

administration of this clause. Also, the Contractor shall give the Government reasonable opportunity to examine and verify the Contractor's books, records, and accounts.

The Contractor shall furnish estimates to complete that have been developed or updated within six months of the date of the progress payment request. The estimates to complete shall represent the Contractor's best estimate of total costs to complete all remaining contract work required under the contract. The estimates shall include sufficient detail to permit Government verification.

Each Contractor request for progress payment shall:

Be submitted on Standard Form 1443, Contractor's Request for Progress Payment, or the electronic equivalent as required by agency regulations, in accordance with the form instructions and the contract terms; and

Include any additional supporting documentation requested by the Contracting Officer.

Special terms regarding default. If this contract is terminated under the Default clause, (i) the Contractor shall, on demand, repay to the Government the amount of unliquidated progress payments and (ii) title shall vest in the Contractor, on full liquidation of progress payments, for all property for which the Government elects not to require delivery under the Default clause. The Government shall be liable for no payment except as provided by the Default clause.

Reservations of rights.

(1) No payment or vesting of title under this clause shall

Excuse the Contractor from performance of obligations under this contract; or

Constitute a waiver of any of the rights or remedies of the parties under the contract.

(2) The Government's rights and remedies under this clause

Shall not be exclusive but rather shall be in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or this contract; and

Shall not be affected by delayed, partial, or omitted exercise of any right, remedy, power, or privilege, nor shall such exercise or any single exercise preclude or impair any further exercise under this clause or the exercise of any other right, power, or privilege of the Government.

(j) Financing payments to subcontractors. The financing payments to subcontractors mentioned in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this clause shall be all financing payments to subcontractors or divisions, if the following conditions are met:

(1) The amounts included are limited to-

The unliquidated remainder of financing payments made; plus

Any unpaid subcontractor requests for financing payments.

The subcontract or interdivisional order is expected to involve a minimum of approximately 6 months between the beginning of work and the first delivery; or, if the subcontractor is a small business concern, 4 months.

~~If the financing payments are in the form of progress payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning progress payments-~~

~~Are substantially similar to the terms of this clause for any subcontractor that is a large business concern, or this clause with its Alternate I for any subcontractor that is a small business concern;~~

~~Are at least as favorable to the Government as the terms of this clause;~~

~~Are not more favorable to the subcontractor or division than the terms of this clause are to the Contractor;~~

~~Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR e); and~~

~~Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the~~

~~Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if-~~

~~The Contractor defaults; or~~

~~The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.~~

~~(4) If the financing payments are in the form of performance-based payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning payments-~~

~~Are substantially similar to the Performance-Based Payments clause at FAR 52.232-32 and meet the criteria for, and definition of, performance-based payments in FAR~~

~~Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR (f); and~~

~~Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if-~~

~~The Contractor defaults; or~~

~~The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.~~

~~(5) If the financing payments are in the form of commercial product or commercial service financing payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning payments-~~

~~Are constructed in accordance with FAR c) and included in a subcontract for a commercial product or commercial service purchase that meets the definition and standards for acquisition of commercial products and commercial services in FAR and~~

~~Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR (g); and~~

~~Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if-~~

~~The Contractor defaults; or~~

~~The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.~~

~~If financing is in the form of progress payments, the progress payment rate in the subcontract is the customary rate used by the contracting agency, depending on whether the subcontractor is or is not a small business concern.~~

~~Concerning any proceeds received by the Government for property to which title has vested in the Government under the subcontract terms, the parties agree that the proceeds shall be applied to reducing any unliquidated financing payments by the Government to the Contractor under this contract.~~

~~If no unliquidated financing payments to the Contractor remain, but there are unliquidated financing payments that the Contractor has made to any subcontractor, the Contractor shall be subrogated to all the rights the Government obtained through the terms required by this clause to be in any subcontract, as if all such rights had been assigned and transferred to the Contractor.~~

~~To facilitate small business participation in subcontracting under this contract, the Contractor shall provide financing payments to small business concerns, in conformity with the standards for customary contract financing payments stated in FAR. The Contractor shall not consider the need for such financing payments as a handicap or adverse factor in the award of subcontracts.~~

~~Limitations on undefinitized contract actions. Notwithstanding any other progress payment provisions in this contract, progress payments may not exceed 80 percent of costs incurred on work accomplished under undefinitized contract actions. A "contract action" is any action resulting in a contract, as defined in , including contract modifications for additional supplies or services, but not including contract modifications that are within the scope and under the terms of the contract, such as contract modifications issued pursuant to the Changes clause, or funding and other administrative changes. This limitation shall apply to the costs incurred, as computed in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, and shall remain in effect until the contract action is definitized. Costs incurred which are subject to this limitation shall be segregated on Contractor progress payment requests and invoices from those costs eligible for higher progress payment rates. For purposes of progress payment liquidation, as described in paragraph (b) of this clause, progress payments for undefinitized contract actions shall be liquidated at 80 percent of the amount invoiced for work performed under the undefinitized contract action as long as the contract action remains undefinitized. The amount of unliquidated progress payments for undefinitized contract actions shall not exceed 80 percent of the maximum liability of the Government under the undefinitized contract action or such lower limit specified elsewhere in the contract. Separate limits may be specified for separate actions.~~

~~Due date. The designated payment office will make progress payments on the \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert date as prescribed by agency head; if not prescribed, insert "30th"] day after the designated billing office receives a proper progress payment request. In the event that the Government requires an audit or other review of a specific progress payment request to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, the designated payment office is not compelled to make payment by the specified due date. Progress payments are considered contract financing and are not subject to the interest penalty provisions of the Prompt Payment Act.~~

~~Progress payments under indefinite delivery contracts. The Contractor shall account for and submit progress payment requests under individual orders as if the order constituted a separate contract, unless otherwise specified in this contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~Alternate I (Mar 2000). If the contract is with a small business concern, change each mention of the progress payment and liquidation rates excepting paragraph (k) to the customary rate of 85 percent for small business concerns (see FAR ).~~

~~Alternate II (Apr 2003). If the contract is a letter contract, add paragraphs (n) and (o). The amount specified in paragraph (o) shall not exceed 80 percent of the maximum liability of the Government under the letter contract. The contracting officer may specify separate limits for separate parts of the work.~~

~~The Contracting Officer will liquidate progress payments made under this letter contract, unless previously liquidated under paragraph (b) of this clause, using the following procedures:~~

~~If this letter contract is superseded by a definitive contract, unliquidated progress payments made under this letter contract shall be liquidated by deducting the amount from the first progress or other payments made under the definitive contract.~~

~~If this letter contract is not superseded by a definitive contract calling for the furnishing of all or part of the articles or services covered under the letter contract, unliquidated progress payments made under the letter contract shall be liquidated by deduction from the amount payable under the Termination clause.~~

~~If this letter contract is partly terminated and partly superseded by a contract, the Government will allocate the unliquidated progress payments to the terminated and unterminated portions as the Government deems equitable, and will liquidate each portion under the relevant procedure in paragraphs (n)(1) and (n)(2) of this clause.~~

~~If the method of liquidating progress payments provided in this clause does not result in full liquidation, the Contractor shall immediately pay the unliquidated balance to the Government on demand.~~

~~(o) The amount of unliquidated progress payments shall not exceed \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer specify dollar amount].~~

~~Alternate III (Jun 2020). As prescribed in (d), add the following paragraph (n) to the basic clause. If Alternate II is also being used, redesignate the following paragraph as paragraph (p):~~

~~(n) The provisions of this clause will not be applicable to individual orders at or below the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR on the date of individual order award.~~

~~52.232-17 Interest.~~

~~As prescribed in (a) and (b), insert the following clause:~~

~~Interest (May 2014)~~

~~Except as otherwise provided in this contract under a Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data clause or a Cost Accounting Standards clause, all amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in \_\_\_\_\_ which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, as provided in paragraph (e) of~~

~~this clause, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid.~~

~~The Government may issue a demand for payment to the Contractor upon finding a debt is due under the contract.~~

~~Final Decisions. The Contracting Officer will issue a final decision as required by if-~~

~~The Contracting Officer and the Contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of a debt in a timely manner;~~

~~The Contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer within the timeline specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the Contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or~~

~~The Contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer (see~~

~~).~~

~~If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.~~

~~Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:~~

~~The date fixed under this contract.~~

~~The date of the first written demand for payment, including any demand for payment resulting from a default termination.~~

~~(f) The interest charge shall be computed for the actual number of calendar days involved beginning on the due date and ending on-~~

~~The date on which the designated office receives payment from the Contractor;~~

~~The date of issuance of a Government check to the Contractor from which an amount otherwise payable has been withheld as a credit against the contract debt; or~~

~~The date on which an amount withheld and applied to the contract debt would otherwise have become payable to the Contractor.~~

~~(g) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in of the Federal Acquisition Regulation in effect on the date of this contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-18 Availability of Funds.~~

~~As prescribed in (a), insert the following clause:~~



~~Availability of Funds (Apr 1984)~~

~~Funds are not presently available for this contract. The Government's obligation under this contract is contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds from which payment for contract purposes can be made. No legal liability on the part of the Government for any payment may arise until funds are made available to the Contracting Officer for this contract and until the Contractor receives notice of such availability, to be confirmed in writing by the Contracting Officer.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-19 Availability of Funds for the Next Fiscal Year.~~

~~As prescribed in (b), insert the following clause:~~

~~Availability of Funds for the Next Fiscal Year (Apr 1984)~~

~~Funds are not presently available for performance under this contract beyond \_\_\_\_\_. The Government's obligation for performance of this contract beyond that date is contingent upon the availability of appropriated funds from which payment for contract purposes can be made. No legal liability on the part of the Government for any payment may arise for performance under this contract beyond \_\_\_\_\_, until funds are made available to the Contracting Officer for performance and until the Contractor receives notice of availability, to be confirmed in writing by the Contracting Officer. (End of clause)~~

~~52.232-20 Limitation of Cost.~~

~~As prescribed in (a), insert the following clause. The 60 day period may be varied from 30 to 90 days and the 75 percent from 75 to 85 percent. "Task Order" or other appropriate designation may be substituted for "Schedule," wherever that word appears in the clause:~~

~~Limitation of Cost (Apr 1984)~~

~~The parties estimate that performance of this contract, exclusive of any fee, will not cost the Government more than (1)the estimated cost specified in the Schedule or, (2)if this is a cost-sharing contract, the Government's share of the estimated cost specified in the Schedule. The Contractor agrees to use its best efforts to perform the work specified in the Schedule and all obligations under this contract within the estimated cost, which, if this is a cost-sharing contract, includes both the Government's and the Contractor's share of the cost.~~

~~The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing whenever it has reason to believe that-~~

~~The costs the Contractor expects to incur under this contract in the next 60 days, when added to all costs previously incurred, will exceed 75 percent of the estimated cost specified in the Schedule; or~~

~~The total cost for the performance of this contract, exclusive of any fee, will be either greater or substantially less than had been previously estimated.~~

~~As part of the notification, the Contractor shall provide the Contracting Officer a revised estimate of the total cost of performing this contract.~~

~~Except as required by other provisions of this contract, specifically citing and stated to be an exception to this clause-~~

~~The Government is not obligated to reimburse the Contractor for costs incurred in excess of (i) the estimated costs specified in the Schedule or, (ii) if this is a cost sharing contract, the estimated cost to the Government specified in the Schedule; and~~

~~The Contractor is not obligated to continue performance under this contract (including actions under the Termination clause of this contract) or otherwise incur costs in excess of the estimated cost specified in the Schedule, until the Contracting Officer (i) notifies the Contractor in writing that the estimated cost has been increased and (ii) provides a revised estimated total cost of performing this contract. If this is a cost-sharing contract, the increase shall be allocated in accordance with the formula specified in the Schedule.~~

~~No notice, communication, or representation in any form other than that specified in paragraph (d)(2) of this clause, or from any person other than the Contracting Officer, shall affect this contract's estimated cost to the Government. In the absence of the specified notice, the Government is not obligated to reimburse the Contractor for any costs in excess of the estimated cost or, if this is a cost-sharing contract, for any costs in excess of the estimated cost to the Government specified in the Schedule, whether those excess costs were incurred during the course of the contract or as a result of termination.~~

~~If the estimated cost specified in the Schedule is increased, any costs the Contractor incurs before the increase that are in excess of the previously estimated cost shall be allowable to the same extent as if incurred afterward, unless the~~

~~Contracting Officer issues a termination or other notice directing that the increase is solely to cover termination or other specified expenses.~~

~~Change orders shall not be considered an authorization to exceed the estimated cost to the Government specified in the Schedule, unless they contain a statement increasing the estimated cost.~~

~~If this contract is terminated or the estimated cost is not increased, the Government and the Contractor shall negotiate an equitable distribution of all property produced or purchased under the contract, based upon the share of costs incurred by each.~~

~~{End of clause}~~

~~52.232-21 {Reserved}~~

~~52.232-22 Limitation of Funds.~~

~~As prescribed in (b), insert the following clause. The 60-day period may be varied from 30 to 90 days and the 75 percent from 75 to 85 percent. "Task Order" or other appropriate designation may be substituted for "Schedule" wherever that word appears in the clause:~~

~~Limitation of Funds (Apr 1984)~~

~~The parties estimate that performance of this contract will not cost the Government more than (1) the estimated costs specified in the Schedule or, (2) if this is a cost-sharing contract, the Government's share of the estimated cost specified in the Schedule. The Contractor agrees to use its best efforts to perform the work~~

~~specified in the Schedule and all obligations under this contract within the estimated cost, which, if this is a cost-sharing contract, includes both the Government's and the Contractor's share of the cost.~~

~~The Schedule specifies the amount presently available for payment by the Government and allotted to this contract, the items covered, the Government's share of the cost if this is a cost-sharing contract, and the period of performance it is estimated the allotted amount will cover. The parties contemplate that the Government will allot additional funds incrementally to the contract up to the full estimated cost to the Government specified in the Schedule, exclusive of any fee. The Contractor agrees to perform, or have performed, work on the contract up to the point at which the total amount paid and payable by the Government under the contract approximates but does not exceed the total amount actually allotted by the Government to the contract.~~

~~The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing whenever it has reason to believe that the costs it expects to incur under this contract in the next 60 days, when added to all costs previously incurred, will exceed 75 percent of (1) the total amount so far allotted to the contract by the Government or, (2) if this is a cost-sharing contract, the amount then allotted to the contract by the Government plus the Contractor's corresponding share. The notice shall state the estimated amount of additional funds required to continue performance for the period specified in the Schedule.~~

~~Sixty days before the end of the period specified in the Schedule, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing of the estimated amount of additional funds, if any, required to continue timely performance under the contract or for any further period specified in the Schedule or otherwise agreed upon, and when the funds will be required.~~

~~If, after notification, additional funds are not allotted by the end of the period specified in the Schedule or another agreed-upon date, upon the Contractor's written request the Contracting Officer will terminate this contract on that date in accordance with the provisions of the Termination clause of this contract. If the Contractor estimates that the funds available will allow it to continue to discharge its obligations beyond that date, it may specify a later date in its request, and the Contracting Officer may terminate this contract on that later date.~~

~~Except as required by other provisions of this contract, specifically citing and stated to be an exception to this clause-~~

~~The Government is not obligated to reimburse the Contractor for costs incurred in excess of the total amount allotted by the Government to this contract; and~~

~~The Contractor is not obligated to continue performance under this contract (including actions under the Termination clause of this contract) or otherwise incur costs in excess of (i) The amount then allotted to the contract by the Government or;~~

~~(ii) If this is a cost-sharing contract, the amount then allotted by the Government to the contract plus the Contractor's corresponding share, until the Contracting Officer notifies the Contractor in writing that the amount allotted by the Government has been increased and specifies an increased amount, which shall then constitute the total amount allotted by the Government to this contract.~~

~~The estimated cost shall be increased to the extent that (1) the amount allotted by the Government or, (2) if this is a cost-sharing contract, the amount then allotted by the Government to the contract plus the Contractor's~~

corresponding share, exceeds the estimated cost specified in the Schedule. If this is a cost-sharing contract, the increase shall be allocated in accordance with the formula specified in the Schedule.

No notice, communication, or representation in any form other than that specified in paragraph (f)(2) of this clause, or from any person other than the Contracting Officer, shall affect the amount allotted by the Government to this contract. In the absence of the specified notice, the Government is not obligated to reimburse the Contractor for any costs in excess of the total amount allotted by the Government to this contract, whether incurred during the course of the contract or as a result of termination.

When and to the extent that the amount allotted by the Government to the contract is increased, any costs the Contractor incurs before the increase that are in excess of

The amount previously allotted by the Government or;

If this is a cost sharing contract, the amount previously allotted by the Government to the contract plus the Contractor's corresponding share, shall be allowable to the same extent as if incurred afterward, unless the Contracting Officer issues a termination or other notice and directs that the increase is solely to cover termination or other specified expenses.

Change orders shall not be considered an authorization to exceed the amount allotted by the Government specified in the Schedule, unless they contain a statement increasing the amount allotted.

Nothing in this clause shall affect the right of the Government to terminate this contract. If this contract is terminated, the Government and the Contractor shall negotiate an equitable distribution of all property produced or purchased under the contract, based upon the share of costs incurred by each.

If the Government does not allot sufficient funds to allow completion of the work, the Contractor is entitled to a percentage of the fee specified in the Schedule equalling the percentage of completion of the work contemplated by this contract.

(End of clause)

#### ~~52.232-23 Assignment of Claims.~~

As prescribed in a)(1), insert the following clause:

#### Assignment of Claims (May 2014)

The Contractor, under the Assignment of Claims Act, as amended, (hereafter referred to as "the Act"), may assign its rights to be paid amounts due or to become due as a result of the performance of this contract to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency. The assignee under such an assignment may thereafter further assign or reassign its right under the original assignment to any type of financing institution described in the preceding sentence.

Any assignment or reassignment authorized under the Act and this clause shall cover all unpaid amounts payable under this contract, and shall not be made to more than one party, except that an assignment or reassignment may be made to one party as agent or trustee for two or more parties participating in the financing of this contract.

~~The Contractor shall not furnish or disclose to any assignee under this contract any classified document (including this contract) or information related to work under this contract until the Contracting Officer authorizes such action in writing.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~Alternate I (Apr 1984). If a no-setoff commitment is to be included in the contract (see and (d)), add the following sentence at the end of paragraph (a) of the basic clause:~~

~~Unless otherwise stated in this contract, payments to an assignee of any amounts due or to become due under this contract shall not, to the extent specified in the Act, be subject to reduction or setoff.~~

~~52.232-24 Prohibition of Assignment of Claims.~~

~~As prescribed in b), insert the following clause:~~

~~Prohibition of Assignment of Claims (May 2014)~~

~~The assignment of claims under the Assignment of Claims Act of 1940 "( " is prohibited for this contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-25 Prompt Payment.~~

~~As prescribed in c), insert the following clause:~~

~~Prompt Payment (Jan 2017)~~

~~Notwithstanding any other payment clause in this contract, the Government will make invoice payments under the terms and conditions specified in this clause. The Government considers payment as being made on the day a check is dated or the date of an electronic funds transfer (EFT). Definitions of pertinent terms are set forth in sections , , and~~

~~of the Federal Acquisition Regulation. All days referred to in this clause are calendar days, unless otherwise specified. (However, see paragraph (a)(4) of this clause concerning payments due on Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays.)~~

~~(a) Invoice payments-~~

~~(1) Due date.~~

~~(i) Except as indicated in paragraphs (a)(2) and (c) of this clause, the due date for making invoice payments by the designated payment office is the later of the following two events:~~

~~The 30 th day after the designated billing office receives a proper invoice from the Contractor (except as provided in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this clause).~~

~~The 30 th day after Government acceptance of supplies delivered or services performed. For a final invoice, when the payment amount is subject to contract settlement actions, acceptance is deemed to occur on the effective date of the contract settlement.~~

(ii) If the designated billing office fails to annotate the invoice with the actual date of receipt at the time of receipt, the invoice payment due date is the 30 thday after the date of the Contractor's invoice, provided the designated billing office receives a proper invoice and there is no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with contract requirements.

~~(2) Certain food products and other payments.~~

~~(i) Due dates on Contractor invoices for meat, meat food products, or fish; perishable agricultural commodities; and dairy products, edible fats or oils, and food products prepared from edible fats or oils are-~~

~~For meat or meat food products, as defined in section 2(a)(3) of the Packers and Stockyard Act of 1921 (, and as further defined in Pub.L.98-181, including any edible fresh or frozen poultry meat, any perishable poultry meat food product, fresh eggs, and any perishable egg product, as close as possible to, but not later than, the 7 thday after product delivery.~~

~~For fresh or frozen fish, as defined in section 204(3) of the Fish and Seafood Promotion Act of 1986 (, as close as possible to, but not later than, the 7 thday after product delivery.~~

~~For perishable agricultural commodities, as defined in section 1(4) of the Perishable Agricultural Commodities Act of 1930 (4)), as close as possible to, but not later than, the 10 thday after product delivery, unless another date is specified in the contract.~~

~~For dairy products, as defined in section 111(e) of the Dairy Production Stabilization Act of 1983 (, edible fats or oils, and food products prepared from edible fats or oils, as close as possible to, but not later than, the 10 thday after the date on which a proper invoice has been received. Liquid milk, cheese, certain processed cheese products, butter, yogurt, ice cream, mayonnaise, salad dressings, and other similar products, fall within this classification. Nothing in the Act limits this classification to refrigerated products. When questions arise regarding the proper classification of a specific product, prevailing industry practices will be followed in specifying a contract payment due date. The burden of proof that a classification of a specific product is, in fact, prevailing industry practice is upon the Contractor making the representation.~~

~~(ii) If the contract does not require submission of an invoice for payment (e.g., periodic lease payments), the due date will be as specified in the contract.~~

~~(3) Contractor's invoice. The Contractor shall prepare and submit invoices to the designated billing office specified in the contract. A proper invoice must include the items listed in paragraphs (a)(3)(i) through (a)(3)(x) of this clause. If the invoice does not comply with these requirements, the designated billing office will return it within 7 days after receipt (3 days for meat, meat food products, or fish; 5 days for perishable agricultural commodities, dairy products, edible fats or oils, and food products prepared from edible fats or oils), with the reasons why it is not a proper invoice. The Government will take into account untimely notification when computing any interest penalty owed the Contractor.~~

~~Name and address of the Contractor.~~

~~Invoice date and invoice number. (The Contractor should date invoices as close as possible to the date of the mailing or transmission.)~~

~~Contract number or other authorization for supplies delivered or services performed (including order number and line item number).~~

~~Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price, and extended price of supplies delivered or services performed.~~

~~Shipping and payment terms (e.g., shipment number and date of shipment, discount for prompt payment terms). Bill of lading number and weight of shipment will be shown for shipments on Government bills of lading.~~

~~Name and address of Contractor official to whom payment is to be sent (must be the same as that in the contract or in a proper notice of assignment).~~

~~Name (where practicable), title, phone number, and mailing address of person to notify in the event of a defective invoice.~~

~~Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.~~

~~Electronic funds transfer (EFT) banking information.~~

~~The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.~~

~~If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the~~

~~Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision~~

~~(e.g., 52.232-38, Submission of Electronic Funds Transfer Information with Offer), contract clause (e.g., 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer System for Award Management, or 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other Than System for Award Management), or applicable agency procedures.~~

~~(C) EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.~~

~~(x) Any other information or documentation required by the contract (e.g., evidence of shipment).~~

~~(4) Interest penalty. The designated payment office will pay an interest penalty automatically, without request from the Contractor, if payment is not made by the due date and the conditions listed in paragraphs (a)(4)(i) through (a)(4)(iii) of this clause are met, if applicable. However, when the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the designated payment office may make payment on the following working day without incurring a late payment interest penalty.~~

~~The designated billing office received a proper invoice.~~

~~The Government processed a receiving report or other Government documentation authorizing payment, and there was no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with any contract term or condition.~~

~~In the case of a final invoice for any balance of funds due the Contractor for supplies delivered or services performed, the amount was not subject to further contract settlement actions between the Government and the Contractor.~~

~~(5) Computing penalty amount. The Government will compute the interest penalty in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.~~

~~For the sole purpose of computing an interest penalty that might be due the Contractor, Government acceptance is deemed to occur constructively on the 7 th day (unless otherwise specified in this contract) after the Contractor delivers the supplies or performs the services in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract, unless there is a disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with a contract provision. If actual acceptance occurs within the constructive acceptance period, the Government will base the determination of an interest penalty on the actual date of acceptance. The constructive acceptance requirement does not, however, compel Government officials to accept supplies or services, perform contract administration functions, or make payment prior to fulfilling their responsibilities.~~

~~The prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR 1315.10(c) do not require the Government to pay interest penalties if payment delays are due to disagreement between the Government and the Contractor over the payment amount or other issues involving contract compliance, or on amounts temporarily withheld or retained in accordance with the terms of the contract. The Government and the Contractor shall resolve claims involving disputes and any interest that may be payable in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.233-1, Disputes.~~

~~Discounts for prompt payment. The designated payment office will pay an interest penalty automatically, without request from the Contractor, if the Government takes a discount for prompt payment improperly. The Government will calculate the interest penalty in accordance with the prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.~~

~~Additional interest penalty.~~

~~(i) The designated payment office will pay a penalty amount, calculated in accordance with the prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315 in addition to the interest penalty amount only if-~~

~~The Government owes an interest penalty of \$1 or more;~~

~~The designated payment office does not pay the interest penalty within 10 days after the date the invoice amount is paid; and~~

~~The Contractor makes a written demand to the designated payment office for additional penalty payment, in accordance with paragraph (a)(7)(ii) of this clause, postmarked not later than 40 days after the invoice amount is paid.~~

~~(ii)~~

~~(A) The Contractor shall support written demands for additional penalty payments with the following data. The Government will not request any additional data. The Contractor shall-~~

~~Specifically assert that late payment interest is due under a specific invoice, and request payment of all overdue late payment interest penalty and such additional penalty as may be required;~~



~~Attach a copy of the invoice on which the unpaid late payment interest is due; and~~

~~State that payment of the principal has been received, including the date of receipt.~~

~~(B) If there is no postmark or the postmark is illegible-~~

~~The designated payment office that receives the demand will annotate it with the date of receipt, provided the demand is received on or before the 40th day after payment was made; or~~

~~If the designated payment office fails to make the required annotation, the Government will determine the demand's validity based on the date the Contractor has placed on the demand, provided such date is no later than the 40th day after payment was made.~~

~~(iii) The additional penalty does not apply to payments regulated by other Government regulations (e.g., payments under utility contracts subject to tariffs and regulation).~~

~~Contract financing payment. If this contract provides for contract financing, the Government will make contract financing payments in accordance with the applicable contract financing clause.~~

~~Fast payment procedure due dates. If this contract contains the clause at 52.213-1, Fast Payment Procedure, payments will be made within 15 days after the date of receipt of the invoice.~~

~~Overpayments. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the~~

~~Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall-~~

~~(1) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the-~~

~~Circumstances of the overpayment (e.g., duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);~~

~~Affected contract number and delivery order number if applicable;~~

~~Affected line item or subline item, if applicable; and~~

~~Contractor point of contact.~~

~~(2) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~Alternate I (Feb 2002). As prescribed in (c)(3), add the following paragraph (e) to the basic clause:~~

~~(e) Invoices for interim payments. For interim payments under this cost reimbursement contract for services-~~

~~Paragraphs (a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(4)(ii), (a)(4)(iii), and (a)(5)(i) do not apply;~~

~~For purposes of computing late payment interest penalties that may apply, the due date for payment is the 30 thday afterthe designated billing office receives a proper invoice; and~~

~~The contractor shall submit invoices for interim payments in accordance with paragraph (a) of FAR 52.216-7, Allowable Cost and Payment. If the invoice does not comply with contract requirements, it will be returned within 7 days after the date the designated billing office received the invoice.~~

~~52.232-26 Prompt Payment for Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts.~~

~~As prescribed in a), insert the following clause:~~

~~Prompt Payment for Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer Contracts (Jan 2017)~~

~~Notwithstanding any other payment terms in this contract, the Government will make invoice payments under the terms and conditions specified in this clause. The Government considers payment as being made on the day a check is dated or the date of an electronic funds transfer. Definitions of pertinent terms are set forth in sections , , and of the Federal Acquisition Regulation. All days referred to in this clause are calendar days, unless otherwise specified. (However, see paragraph (a)(3) of this clause concerning payments due on Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays.) (a) Invoice payments-~~

~~(1) Due date. The due date for making invoice payments is-~~

~~(i) For work or services completed by the Contractor, the later of the following two events:~~

~~The 30th day after the designated billing office receives a proper invoice from the Contractor (except as provided in paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of this clause);~~

~~The 30th day after Government acceptance of the work or services completed by the Contractor. For a final invoice, when the payment amount is subject to contract settlement actions (e.g., release of claims), acceptance is deemed to occur on the effective date of the settlement.~~

~~The due date for progress payments is the 30 thday after Government approval of Contractor estimates of work orservices accomplished.~~

~~If the designated billing office fails to annotate the invoice or payment request with the actual date of receipt at the time of receipt, the payment due date is the 30 thday after the date of the Contractor's invoice or payment request, provided the designated billing office receives a proper invoice or payment request and there is no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with contract requirements.~~

~~(2) Contractor's invoice. The Contractor shall prepare and submit invoices to the designated billing office specified in the contract. A proper invoice must include the items listed in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) through (a)(2)(x) of this clause. If the invoice does not comply with these requirements, the designated billing office will return it within 7 days after receipt, with the reasons why it is not a proper invoice. When computing any interest penalty owed the Contractor, the Government will take into account if the Government notifies the Contractor of an improper invoice in an untimely manner.~~

~~Name and address of the Contractor.~~

~~Invoice date and invoice number. (The Contractor should date invoices as close as possible to the date of mailing or transmission.)~~

~~Contract number or other authorization for work or services performed (including order number and line item number).~~

~~Description of work or services performed.~~

~~Delivery and payment terms (e.g., discount for prompt payment terms).~~

~~Name and address of Contractor official to whom payment is to be sent (must be the same as that in the contract or in a proper notice of assignment).~~

~~Name (where practicable), title, phone number, and mailing address of person to notify in the event of a defective invoice.~~

~~Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.~~

~~Electronic funds transfer (EFT) banking information.~~

~~The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.~~

~~If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the~~

~~Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision~~

~~(e.g., 52.232-38, Submission of Electronic Funds Transfer Information with Offer), contract clause (e.g., 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer System for Award Management, or 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other Than System for Award Management), or applicable agency procedures.~~

~~(C) EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.~~

~~(x) Any other information or documentation required by the contract.~~

~~(3) Interest penalty. The designated payment office will pay an interest penalty automatically, without request from the Contractor, if payment is not made by the due date and the conditions listed in paragraphs (a)(3)(i) through (a)(3)(iii) of this clause are met, if applicable. However, when the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the designated payment office may make payment on the following working day without incurring a late payment interest penalty.~~

~~The designated billing office received a proper invoice.~~

~~The Government processed a receiving report or other Government documentation authorizing payment and there was no disagreement over quantity, quality, Contractor compliance with any contract term or condition, or requested progress payment amount.~~

~~In the case of a final invoice for any balance of funds due the Contractor for work or services performed, the amount was not subject to further contract settlement actions between the Government and the Contractor.~~

~~(4) Computing penalty amount. The Government will compute the interest penalty in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.~~

~~(i) For the sole purpose of computing an interest penalty that might be due the Contractor, Government acceptance or approval is deemed to occur constructively as shown in paragraphs (a)(4)(i)(A) and (B) of this clause. If actual acceptance or approval occurs within the constructive acceptance or approval period, the Government will base the determination of an interest penalty on the actual date of acceptance or approval. Constructive acceptance or constructive approval requirements do not apply if there is a disagreement over quantity, quality, Contractor compliance with a contract provision, or requested progress payment amounts. These requirements also do not compel Government officials to accept work or services, approve Contractor estimates, perform contract administration functions, or make payment prior to fulfilling their responsibilities.~~

~~For work or services completed by the Contractor, Government acceptance is deemed to occur constructively on the 7th day after the Contractor completes the work or services in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract.~~

~~For progress payments, Government approval is deemed to occur on the 7th day after the designated billing officer receives the Contractor estimates.~~

~~(ii) The prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR 1315.10(c) do not require the Government to pay interest penalties if payment delays are due to disagreement between the Government and the Contractor over the payment amount or other issues involving contract compliance, or on amounts temporarily withheld or retained in accordance with the terms of the contract. The Government and the Contractor shall resolve claims involving disputes, and any interest that may be payable in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.233-1, Disputes.~~

~~Discounts for prompt payment. The designated payment office will pay an interest penalty automatically, without request from the Contractor, if the Government takes a discount for prompt payment improperly. The Government will calculate the interest penalty in accordance with 5 CFR Part 1315.~~

~~Additional interest penalty.~~

~~(i) The designated payment office will pay a penalty amount, calculated in accordance with the prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315, in addition to the interest penalty amount only if-~~

~~The Government owes an interest penalty of \$1 or more;~~

~~The designated payment office does not pay the interest penalty within 10 days after the date the invoice amount is paid; and~~

~~The contractor makes a written demand to the designated payment office for additional penalty payment, in accordance with paragraph (a)(6)(ii) of this clause, postmarked not later than 40 days after the date the invoice amount is paid.~~

~~(ii)~~

~~(A) The Contractor shall support written demands for additional penalty payments with the following data. The~~

~~Government will not request any additional data. The Contractor shall-~~

~~Specifically assert that late payment interest is due under a specific invoice, and request payment of all overdue late payment interest penalty and such additional penalty as may be required;~~

~~Attach a copy of the invoice on which the unpaid late payment interest is due; and~~

~~State that payment of the principal has been received, including the date of receipt.~~

~~(B) If there is no postmark or the postmark is illegible-~~

~~The designated payment office that receives the demand will annotate it with the date of receipt, provided the demand is received on or before the 40 th day after payment was made; or~~

~~If the designated payment office fails to make the required annotation, the Government will determine the demand's validity based on the date the Contractor has placed on the demand, provided such date is no later than the 40 th day after payment was made.~~

~~(iii) The additional penalty does not apply to payments regulated by other Government regulations (e.g., payments under utility contracts subject to tariffs and regulation).~~

~~Contract financing payments. If this contract provides for contract financing, the Government will make contract financing payments in accordance with the applicable contract financing clause.~~

~~Overpayments. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the~~

~~Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall-~~

~~(1) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the-~~

~~Circumstances of the overpayment (e.g., duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);~~

~~Affected contract number and delivery order number if applicable;~~

~~Affected line item or subline item, if applicable; and~~

~~Contractor point of contact.~~

~~(2) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-27 Prompt Payment for Construction Contracts.~~

~~As prescribed in b), insert the following clause:~~

~~Prompt Payment for Construction Contracts (Jan 2017)~~

Notwithstanding any other payment terms in this contract, the Government will make invoice payments under the terms and conditions specified in this clause. The Government considers payment as being made on the day a check is dated or the date of an electronic funds transfer. Definitions of pertinent terms are set forth in sections 101-11.6, 101-11.7, and 101-11.8 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation. All days referred to in this clause are calendar days, unless otherwise specified. (However, see paragraph (a)(3) concerning payments due on Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays.) (a) Invoice payments-

(1) Types of invoice payments. For purposes of this clause, there are several types of invoice payments that may occur under this contract, as follows:

(i) Progress payments, if provided for elsewhere in this contract, based on Contracting Officer approval of the estimated amount and value of work or services performed, including payments for reaching milestones in any project.

The due date for making such payments is 14 days after the designated billing office receives a proper payment request. If the designated billing office fails to annotate the payment request with the actual date of receipt at the time of receipt, the payment due date is the 14 thday after the date of the Contractor's payment request, provided the designated billing office receives a proper payment request and there is no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with contract requirements.

The due date for payment of any amounts retained by the Contracting Officer in accordance with the clause at 52.2325, Payments Under Fixed-Price Construction Contracts, is as specified in the contract or, if not specified, 30 days after approval by the Contracting Officer for release to the Contractor.

(ii) Final payments based on completion and acceptance of all work and presentation of release of all claims against the Government arising by virtue of the contract, and payments for partial deliveries that have been accepted by the Government (e.g., each separate building, public work, or other division of the contract for which the price is stated separately in the contract).

(A) The due date for making such payments is the later of the following two events:

The 30 thday after the designated billing office receives a proper invoice from the Contractor.

The 30 thday after Government acceptance of the work or services completed by the Contractor. For a final invoice when the payment amount is subject to contract settlement actions (e.g., release of claims), acceptance is deemed to occur on the effective date of the contract settlement.

(B) If the designated billing office fails to annotate the invoice with the date of actual receipt at the time of receipt, the invoice payment due date is the 30 thday after the date of the Contractor's invoice, provided the designated billing office receives a proper invoice and there is no disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with contract requirements.

(2) Contractor's invoice. The Contractor shall prepare and submit invoices to the designated billing office specified in the contract. A proper invoice must include the items listed in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) through (a)(2)(xi) of this clause. If the invoice does not comply with these requirements, the designated billing office must return it within 7 days after receipt, with the reasons why it is not a proper invoice. When computing any interest penalty owed the Contractor, the Government will take into account if the Government notifies the Contractor of an improper invoice in an untimely manner.

~~Name and address of the Contractor.~~

~~Invoice date and invoice number. (The Contractor should date invoices as close as possible to the date of mailing or transmission.)~~

~~Contract number or other authorization for work or services performed (including order number and line item number).~~

~~Description of work or services performed.~~

~~Delivery and payment terms (e.g., discount for prompt payment terms).~~

~~Name and address of Contractor official to whom payment is to be sent (must be the same as that in the contract or in a proper notice of assignment).~~

~~Name (where practicable), title, phone number, and mailing address of person to notify in the event of a defective invoice.~~

~~For payments described in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this clause, substantiation of the amounts requested and certification in accordance with the requirements of the clause at 52.232-5, Payments Under Fixed Price Construction Contracts.~~

~~Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.~~

~~Electronic funds transfer (EFT) banking information.~~

~~The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.~~

~~If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the~~

~~Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision~~

~~(e.g., 52.232-38, Submission of Electronic Funds Transfer Information with Offer), contract clause (e.g., 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer System for Award Management, or 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other Than System for Award Management), or applicable agency procedures.~~

~~(C) EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.~~

~~(xi) Any other information or documentation required by the contract.~~

~~(3) Interest penalty. The designated payment office will pay an interest penalty automatically, without request from the Contractor, if payment is not made by the due date and the conditions listed in paragraphs (a)(3)(i) through (a)(3)(iii) of this clause are met, if applicable. However, when the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, the designated payment office may make payment on the following working day without incurring a late payment interest penalty.~~

~~The designated billing office received a proper invoice.~~

~~The Government processed a receiving report or other Government documentation authorizing payment and there was no disagreement over quantity, quality, Contractor compliance with any contract term or condition, or requested progress payment amount.~~

~~In the case of a final invoice for any balance of funds due the Contractor for work or services performed, the amount was not subject to further contract settlement actions between the Government and the Contractor.~~

~~(4) Computing penalty amount. The Government will compute the interest penalty in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.~~

~~For the sole purpose of computing an interest penalty that might be due the Contractor for payments described in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this clause, Government acceptance or approval is deemed to occur constructively on the 7<sup>th</sup> day after the Contractor has completed the work or services in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract. If actual acceptance or approval occurs within the constructive acceptance or approval period, the Government will base the determination of an interest penalty on the actual date of acceptance or approval. Constructive acceptance or constructive approval requirements do not apply if there is a disagreement over quantity, quality, or Contractor compliance with a contract provision. These requirements also do not compel Government officials to accept work or services, approve Contractor estimates, perform contract administration functions, or make payment prior to fulfilling their responsibilities.~~

~~The prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR 1315.10(c) do not require the Government to pay interest penalties if payment delays are due to disagreement between the Government and the Contractor over the payment amount or other issues involving contract compliance, or on amounts temporarily withheld or retained in accordance with the terms of the contract. The Government and the Contractor shall resolve claims involving disputes, and any interest that may be payable in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.233-1, Disputes.~~

~~Discounts for prompt payment. The designated payment office will pay an interest penalty automatically, without request from the Contractor, if the Government takes a discount for prompt payment improperly. The Government will calculate the interest penalty in accordance with the prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.~~

~~Additional interest penalty.~~

~~(i) The designated payment office will pay a penalty amount, calculated in accordance with the prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315 in addition to the interest penalty amount only if-~~

~~The Government owes an interest penalty of \$1 or more;~~

~~The designated payment office does not pay the interest penalty within 10 days after the date the invoice amount is paid; and~~

~~The Contractor makes a written demand to the designated payment office for additional penalty payment, in accordance with paragraph (a)(6)(ii) of this clause, postmarked not later than 40 days after the date the invoice amount is paid.~~

~~(ii)~~

~~(A) The Contractor shall support written demands for additional penalty payments with the following data. The~~



~~Government will not request any additional data. The Contractor shall-~~

~~Specifically assert that late payment interest is due under a specific invoice, and request payment of all overdue late payment interest penalty and such additional penalty as may be required;~~

~~Attach a copy of the invoice on which the unpaid late payment interest was due; and~~

~~State that payment of the principal has been received, including the date of receipt.~~

~~(B) If there is no postmark or the postmark is illegible-~~

~~The designated payment office that receives the demand will annotate it with the date of receipt provided the demand is received on or before the 40 th day after payment was made; or~~

~~If the designated payment office fails to make the required annotation, the Government will determine the demand's validity based on the date the Contractor has placed on the demand, provided such date is no later than the 40 th day after payment was made.~~

~~Contract financing payments. If this contract provides for contract financing, the Government will make contract financing payments in accordance with the applicable contract financing clause.~~

~~Subcontract clause requirements. The Contractor shall include in each subcontract for property or services (including a material supplier) for the purpose of performing this contract the following:~~

~~Prompt payment for subcontractors. A payment clause that obligates the Contractor to pay the subcontractor for satisfactory performance under its subcontract not later than 7 days from receipt of payment out of such amounts as are paid to the Contractor under this contract.~~

~~Interest for subcontractors. An interest penalty clause that obligates the Contractor to pay to the subcontractor an interest penalty for each payment not made in accordance with the payment clause-~~

~~For the period beginning on the day after the required payment date and ending on the date on which payment of the amount due is made; and~~

~~Computed at the rate of interest established by the Secretary of the Treasury, and published in the Federal Register, for interest payments under in effect at the time the Contractor accrues the obligation to pay an interest penalty.~~

~~(3) Subcontract clause flowdown. A clause requiring each subcontractor to-~~

~~Include a payment clause and an interest penalty clause conforming to the standards set forth in paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this clause in each of its subcontracts; and~~

~~Require each of its subcontractors to include such clauses in their subcontracts with each lower tier subcontractor or supplier.~~

~~(d) Subcontract clause interpretation. The clauses required by paragraph (c) of this clause shall not be construed to impair the right of the Contractor or a subcontractor at any tier to negotiate, and to include in their subcontract, provisions that-~~

~~Retainage permitted. Permit the Contractor or a subcontractor to retain (without cause) a specified percentage of each progress payment otherwise due to a subcontractor for satisfactory performance under the subcontract without incurring any obligation to pay a late payment interest penalty, in accordance with terms and conditions agreed to by the parties to the subcontract, giving such recognition as the parties deem appropriate to the ability of a subcontractor to furnish a performance bond and a payment bond;~~

~~Withholding permitted. Permit the Contractor or subcontractor to make a determination that part or all of the subcontractor's request for payment may be withheld in accordance with the subcontract agreement; and~~

~~Withholding requirements. Permit such withholding without incurring any obligation to pay a late payment penalty if-~~

~~A notice conforming to the standards of paragraph (g) of this clause previously has been furnished to the subcontractor; and~~

~~The Contractor furnishes to the Contracting Officer a copy of any notice issued by a Contractor pursuant to paragraph (d)(3)(i) of this clause.~~

~~(e) Subcontractor withholding procedures. If a Contractor, after making a request for payment to the Government but before making a payment to a subcontractor for the subcontractor's performance covered by the payment request, discovers that all or a portion of the payment otherwise due such subcontractor is subject to withholding from the subcontractor in accordance with the subcontract agreement, then the Contractor shall-~~

~~Subcontractor notice. Furnish to the subcontractor a notice conforming to the standards of paragraph (g) of this clause as soon as practicable upon ascertaining the cause giving rise to a withholding, but prior to the due date for subcontractor payment;~~

~~Contracting Officer notice. Furnish to the Contracting Officer, as soon as practicable, a copy of the notice furnished to the subcontractor pursuant to paragraph (e)(1) of this clause;~~

~~Subcontractor progress payment reduction. Reduce the subcontractor's progress payment by an amount not to exceed the amount specified in the notice of withholding furnished under paragraph (e)(1) of this clause;~~

~~Subsequent subcontractor payment. Pay the subcontractor as soon as practicable after the correction of the identified subcontract performance deficiency, and-~~

~~(i) Make such payment within-~~

~~Sevendays after correction of the identified subcontract performance deficiency (unless the funds therefor must be recovered from the Government because of a reduction under paragraph (e)(5)(ii) of this clause; or~~

~~Sevendays after the Contractor recovers such funds from the Government; or~~

~~(ii) Incur an obligation to pay a late payment interest penalty computed at the rate of interest established by the Secretary of the Treasury, and published in the Federal Register, for interest payments under in effect at the time the Contractor accrues the obligation to pay an interest penalty;~~

~~(5) Notice to Contracting Officer. Notify the Contracting Officer upon-~~

~~Reduction of the amount of any subsequent certified application for payment; or~~

~~Payment to the subcontractor of any withheld amounts of a progress payment, specifying-~~

~~The amounts withheld under paragraph (e)(1) of this clause; and~~

~~The dates that such withholding began and ended; and~~

~~(6) Interest to Government. Be obligated to pay to the Government an amount equal to interest on the withheld payments (computed in the manner provided in ), from the 8 th day after receipt of the withheld amounts from the Government until-~~

~~The day the identified subcontractor performance deficiency is corrected; or~~

~~The date that any subsequent payment is reduced under paragraph (e)(5)(i) of this clause.~~

~~(f) Third-party deficiency reports-~~

~~(1) Withholding from subcontractor. If a Contractor, after making payment to a first-tier subcontractor, receives from a supplier or subcontractor of the first tier subcontractor (hereafter referred to as a "second-tier subcontractor") a written notice in accordance with , asserting a deficiency in such first-tier subcontractor's performance under the contract for which the Contractor may be ultimately liable, and the Contractor determines that all or a portion of future payments otherwise due such first-tier subcontractor is subject to withholding in accordance with the subcontract agreement, the Contractor may, without incurring an obligation to pay an interest penalty under paragraph (e)(6) of this clause-~~

~~Furnish to the first-tier subcontractor a notice conforming to the standards of paragraph (g) of this clause as soon as practicable upon making such determination; and~~

~~Withhold from the first-tier subcontractor's next available progress payment or payments an amount not to exceed the amount specified in the notice of withholding furnished under paragraph (f)(1)(i) of this clause.~~

~~(2) Subsequent payment or interest charge. As soon as practicable, but not later than 7 days after receipt of satisfactory written notification that the identified subcontract performance deficiency has been corrected, the Contractor shall-~~

~~Pay the amount withheld under paragraph (f)(1)(ii) of this clause to such first-tier subcontractor; or~~

~~Incur an obligation to pay a late payment interest penalty to such first-tier subcontractor computed at the rate of interest established by the Secretary of the Treasury, and published in the Federal Register, for interest payments under in effect at the time the Contractor accrues the obligation to pay an interest penalty.~~

~~(g) Written notice of subcontractor withholding. The Contractor shall issue a written notice of any withholding to a subcontractor (with a copy furnished to the Contracting Officer), specifying-~~

~~The amount to be withheld;~~

~~The specific causes for the withholding under the terms of the subcontract; and~~

~~The remedial actions to be taken by the subcontractor in order to receive payment of the amounts withheld.~~

~~Subcontractor payment entitlement. The Contractor may not request payment from the Government of any amount withheld or retained in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause until such time as the Contractor has determined and certified to the Contracting Officer that the subcontractor is entitled to the payment of such amount.~~

~~Prime-subcontractor disputes. A dispute between the Contractor and subcontractor relating to the amount or entitlement of a subcontractor to a payment or a late payment interest penalty under a clause included in the subcontract pursuant to paragraph (c) of this clause does not constitute a dispute to which the Government is a party. The Government may not be interpleaded in any judicial or administrative proceeding involving such a dispute.~~

~~Preservation of prime-subcontractor rights. Except as provided in paragraph (i) of this clause, this clause shall not limit or impair any contractual, administrative, or judicial remedies otherwise available to the Contractor or a subcontractor in the event of a dispute involving late payment or nonpayment by the Contractor or deficient subcontract performance or nonperformance by a subcontractor.~~

~~Non-recourse for prime contractor interest penalty. The Contractor's obligation to pay an interest penalty to a subcontractor pursuant to the clauses included in a subcontract under paragraph (c) of this clause shall not be construed to be an obligation of the Government for such interest penalty. A cost reimbursement claim may not include any amount for reimbursement of such interest penalty.~~

~~Overpayments. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the~~

~~Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall-~~

~~(1) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the-~~

~~Circumstances of the overpayment (e.g., duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);~~

~~Affected contract number and delivery order number if applicable;~~

~~Affected line item or subline item, if applicable; and~~

~~Contractor point of contact.~~

~~(2) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.~~

~~{End of clause}~~

~~52.232-28 Invitation to Propose Performance-Based Payments.~~

~~As prescribed in b)(1), insert the following provision:~~

~~Invitation to Propose Performance-Based Payments (Mar 2000)~~

~~The Government invites the offeror to propose terms under which the Government will make performance-based contract financing payments during contract performance. The Government will consider performance-based payment financing terms proposed by the offeror in the evaluation of the offeror's proposal. The Contracting Officer will incorporate the financing terms of the successful offeror and the FAR clause, Performance-Based Payments, at FAR 52.232-32, in any resulting contract.~~

~~In the event of any conflict between the terms proposed by the offeror and the terms in the clause at FAR 52.232-32, Performance-Based Payments, the terms of the clause at FAR 52.232-32 shall govern.~~

~~The Contracting Officer will not accept the offeror's proposed performance-based payment financing if the financing does not conform to the following limitations:~~

~~The Government will make delivery payments only for supplies delivered and accepted, or services rendered and accepted in accordance with the payment terms of this contract.~~

~~The terms and conditions of the performance-based payments must-~~

~~Comply with FAR;~~

~~Be reasonable and consistent with all other technical and cost information included in the offeror's proposal; and~~

~~Their total shall not exceed 90 percent of the contract price if on a whole contract basis, or 90 percent of the delivery item price if on a delivery item basis.~~

~~(3) The terms and conditions of the performance-based financing must be in the best interests of the Government.~~

~~(d) The offeror's proposal of performance-based payment financing shall include the following:~~

~~The proposed contractual language describing the performance-based payments (see FAR for appropriate criteria for establishing performance bases and performance-based finance payment amounts).~~

~~A listing of-~~

~~The projected performance-based payment dates and the projected payment amounts; and~~

~~The projected delivery date and the projected payment amount.~~

~~(3) Information addressing the Contractor's investment in the contract.~~

~~Evaluation of the offeror's proposed prices and financing terms will include whether the offeror's proposed performance-based payment events and payment amounts are reasonable and consistent with all other terms and conditions of the offeror's proposal. (End of Provision)~~

~~Alternate I (Mar 2000). As prescribed in FAR (b)(2), add the following paragraph (f) to the basic provision:~~

~~The Government will adjust each proposed price to reflect the cost of providing the proposed performance-based payments to determine the total cost to the Government of that particular combination of price and~~

~~performance-based financing. The Government will make the adjustment using the procedure described in FAR (c).~~

~~52.232-29 Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Products and Commercial Services.~~

~~As prescribed in b)(2), insert the following clause:~~

~~Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Products and Commercial Services (Nov 2021)~~

~~Contractor entitlement to financing payments. The Contractor may request, and the Government shall pay, a contract financing payment as specified elsewhere in this contract when: the payment requested is properly due in accordance with this contract; the supplies deliverable or services due under the contract will be delivered or performed in accordance with the contract; and there has been no impairment or diminution of the Government's security under this contract.~~

~~Special terms regarding termination for cause. If this contract is terminated for cause, the Contractor shall, on demand, repay to the Government the amount of unliquidated contract financing payments. The Government shall be liable for no payment except as provided by the Termination for Cause paragraph of the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.212-4, Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.~~

~~Security for Government financing. In the event the Contractor fails to provide adequate security, as required in this contract, no financing payment shall be made under this contract. Upon receipt of adequate security, financing payments shall be made, including all previous payments to which the Contractor is entitled, in accordance with the terms of the provisions for contract financing. If at any time the Contracting Officer determines that the security provided by the Contractor is insufficient, the Contractor shall promptly provide such additional security as the Contracting Officer determines necessary. In the event the Contractor fails to provide such additional security, the Contracting Officer may collect or liquidate such security that has been provided and suspend further payments to the Contractor; and the Contractor shall repay to the Government the amount of unliquidated financing payments as the Contracting Officer at his sole discretion deems repayable.~~

~~Reservation of rights.~~

~~(1) No payment or other action by the Government under this clause shall (i) Excuse the Contractor from performance of obligations under this contract; or~~

~~(ii) Constitute a waiver of any of the rights or remedies of the parties under the contract.~~

~~(2) The Government's rights and remedies under this clause—~~

~~Shall not be exclusive, but rather shall be in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or this contract; and~~

~~Shall not be affected by delayed, partial, or omitted exercise of any right, remedy, power, or privilege, nor shall such exercise or any single exercise preclude or impair any further exercise under this clause or the exercise of any other right, power, or privilege of the Government.~~

~~(e) Content of Contractor's request for financing payment. The Contractor's request for financing payment shall contain the following:~~

~~The name and address of the Contractor;~~

~~The date of the request for financing payment;~~

~~The contract number and/or other identifier of the contract or order under which the request is made; and~~

~~An appropriately itemized and totaled statement of the financing payments requested and such other information as is necessary for computation of the payment, prepared in accordance with the direction of the Contracting Officer.~~

~~Limitation on frequency of financing payments. Contractor financing payments shall be provided no more frequently than monthly.~~

~~Dates for payment. A payment under this clause is a contract financing payment and not subject to the interest penalty provisions of the Prompt Payment Act. The designated payment office will pay approved payment requests within 30 days of submittal of a proper request for payment.~~

~~Conflict between terms of offeror and clause. In the event of any conflict between the terms proposed by the offeror in response to an invitation to propose financing terms (FAR 52.232-31) and the terms in this clause, the terms of this clause shall govern.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-30 Installment Payments for Commercial Products and Commercial Services.~~

~~As prescribed in g), insert the following clause:~~

~~Installment Payments for Commercial Products and Commercial Services (Nov 2021)~~

~~Contractor entitlement to financing payments. The Contractor may request, and the Government shall pay, a contract financing installment payment as specified in this contract when: the payment requested is properly due in accordance with this contract; the supplies deliverable or services due under the contract will be delivered or performed in accordance with the contract; and there has been no impairment or diminution of the Government's security under this contract.~~

~~Computation of amounts. Installment payment financing shall be paid to the Contractor when requested for each separately priced unit of supply (but not for services) of each line item in amounts approved by the Contracting Officer pursuant to this clause.~~

~~Number of installment payments for each line item. Each separately priced unit of each line item is authorized a fixed number of monthly installment payments. The number of installment payments authorized for each unit of a line item is equal to the number of months from the date of contract award to the date one month before the first delivery of the first separately priced unit of the line item. For example, if the first scheduled delivery of any separately priced unit of a line item is 9 months after award of the contract, all separately priced units of that line item are authorized 8 installment payments.~~

~~Amount of each installment payment. The amount of each installment payment for each separately priced unit of each line item is equal to 70 percent of the unit price divided by the number of installment payments authorized for that unit.~~

~~Date of each installment payment. Installment payments for any particular separately priced unit of a line item begin the number of months prior to the delivery of that unit that are equal to the number of installment payments authorized for that unit. For example, if 8 installment payments are authorized for each separately priced unit of a line item, the first installment payment for any particular unit of that line item would be 8 months before the scheduled delivery date for that unit. The last installment payment would be 1 month before scheduled delivery of a unit.~~

~~Limitation on payment. Prior to the delivery payment for a separately priced unit of a line item, the sum of all installment payments for that unit shall not exceed 70 percent of the price of that unit.~~

~~Contractor request for installment payment. The Contractor may submit requests for payment of installment payments not more frequently than monthly, in a form and manner acceptable to the Contracting Officer. Unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer, all installment payments in any month for which payment is being requested shall be included in a single request, appropriately itemized and totaled.~~

~~Dates for payment. An installment payment under this clause is a contract financing payment under the Prompt Payment clause of this contract, and except as provided in paragraph (e) of this clause, approved requests shall be paid within 30 days of submittal of a proper request for payment.~~

~~Liquidation of installment payments. Installment payments shall be liquidated by deducting from the delivery payment of each item the total unliquidated amount of installment payments made for that separately priced unit of that line item. The liquidation amounts for each unit of each line item shall be clearly delineated in each request for delivery payment submitted by the Contractor.~~

~~Security for installment payment financing. In the event the Contractor fails to provide adequate security as required in this contract, no financing payment shall be made under this contract. Upon receipt of adequate security, financing payments shall be made, including all previous payments to which the Contractor is entitled, in accordance with the terms of the contract. If at any time the Contracting Officer determines that the security provided by the Contractor is insufficient, the Contractor shall promptly provide such additional security as the Contracting Officer determines necessary. In the event the Contractor fails to provide such additional security, the Contracting Officer may collect or liquidate such security that has been provided, and suspend further payments to the Contractor; the Contractor shall repay to the Government the amount of unliquidated financing payments as the Contracting Officer at his sole discretion deems repayable.~~

~~Special terms regarding termination for cause. If this contract is terminated for cause, the Contractor shall, on demand, repay to the Government the amount of unliquidated installment payments. The Government shall be liable for no payment except as provided by the Termination for Cause paragraph of the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation 52.212-4, Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Products and Commercial Services.~~

~~Reservation of rights.~~

~~(1) No payment, vesting of title under this clause, or other action taken by the Government under this clause shall~~



~~Excuse the Contractor from performance of obligations under this contract; or~~

~~Constitute a waiver of any of the rights or remedies of the parties under the contract.~~

~~(2) The Government's rights and remedies under this clause-~~

~~Shall not be exclusive, but rather shall be in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or this contract; and~~

~~Shall not be affected by delayed, partial, or omitted exercise of any right, remedy, power, or privilege, nor shall such exercise or any single exercise preclude or impair any further exercise under this clause or the exercise of any other right, power, or privilege of the Government.~~

~~(i) Content of Contractor's request for installment payment. The Contractor's request for installment payment shall contain the following:~~

~~The name and address of the Contractor;~~

~~The date of the request for installment payment;~~

~~The contract number and/or other identifier of the contract or order under which the request is made; and~~

~~An itemized and totaled statement of the items, installment payment amount, and month for which payment is being requested, for each separately priced unit of each line item.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-31 Invitation to Propose Financing Terms.~~

~~As prescribed in (b) and , insert the following provision:~~

~~Invitation to Propose Financing Terms (Dec 2022)~~

~~The offeror is invited to propose terms under which the Government shall make contract financing payments during contract performance. The financing terms proposed by the offeror shall be a factor in the evaluation of the offeror's proposal. The financing terms of the successful offeror and the clause, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Products and Commercial Services, at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.232-29, shall be incorporated in any resulting contract.~~

~~The offeror agrees that in the event of any conflict between the terms proposed by the offeror and the terms in the clause at FAR 52.232-29, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Products and Commercial Services, the terms of the clause at FAR 52.232-29 shall govern.~~

~~Because of statutory limitations ( and , the offeror's proposed financing shall not be acceptable if it does not conform to the following limitations:~~

~~Delivery payments shall be made only for supplies delivered and accepted, or services rendered and accepted in accordance with the payment terms of this contract;~~

~~Contract financing payments shall not exceed 15 percent of the contract price in advance of any performance of work under the contract;~~

~~The terms and conditions of the contract financing must be appropriate or customary in the commercial marketplace; and~~

~~The terms and conditions of the contract financing must be in the best interests of the United States.~~

~~(d) The offeror's proposal of financing terms shall include the following:~~

~~The proposed contractual language describing the contract financing (see FAR for appropriate definitions of types of payments); and~~

~~A listing of the earliest date and greatest amount at which each contract financing payment may be payable and the amount of each delivery payment. Any resulting contract shall provide that no contract financing payment shall be made at any earlier date or in a greater amount than shown in the offeror's listing.~~

~~(e) The offeror's proposed prices and financing terms shall be evaluated to determine the cost to the United States of the proposal using the interest rate and delivery schedule specified elsewhere in this solicitation.~~

~~{End of provision}~~

#### ~~52.232-32 Performance-Based Payments.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

##### ~~Performance-Based Payments (Apr 2012)~~

~~Amount of payments and limitations on payments. Subject to such other limitations and conditions as are specified in this contract and this clause, the amount of payments and limitations on payments shall be specified in the contract's description of the basis for payment.~~

~~Contractor request for performance-based payment. The Contractor may submit requests for payment of performance-based payments not more frequently than monthly, in a form and manner acceptable to the Contracting Officer. Unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer, all performance-based payments in any period for which payment is being requested shall be included in a single request, appropriately itemized and totaled. The Contractor's request shall contain the information and certification detailed in paragraphs (l) and (m) of this clause.~~

##### ~~Approval and payment of requests.~~

~~The Contractor shall not be entitled to payment of a request for performance-based payment prior to successful accomplishment of the event or performance criterion for which payment is requested. The Contracting Officer shall determine whether the event or performance criterion for which payment is requested has been successfully accomplished in accordance with the terms of the contract. The Contracting Officer may, at any time, require the Contractor to substantiate the successful performance of any event or performance criterion which has been or is represented as being payable.~~

~~A payment under this performance-based payment clause is a contract financing payment under the Prompt Payment clause of this contract and not subject to the interest penalty provisions of the Prompt Payment Act. The designated payment office will pay approved requests on the \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert day as prescribed by agency head; if not prescribed, insert "30th"] day after receipt of the request for performance-based payment by the designated payment office. However, the designated payment office is not required to provide payment if the Contracting Officer requires substantiation as provided in paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, or inquires into the status of an event or performance criterion, or into any of the conditions listed in paragraph (e) of this clause, or into the Contractor certification. The payment period will not begin until the Contracting Officer approves the request.~~

~~The approval by the Contracting Officer of a request for performance-based payment does not constitute an acceptance by the Government and does not excuse the Contractor from performance of obligations under this contract.~~

~~(d) Liquidation of performance-based payments.~~

~~Performance-based finance amounts paid prior to payment for delivery of an item shall be liquidated by deducting a percentage or a designated dollar amount from the delivery payment. If the performance-based finance payments are on a delivery item basis, the liquidation amount for each such line item shall be the percent of that delivery item price that was previously paid under performance-based finance payments or the designated dollar amount. If the performance-based finance payments are on a whole contract basis, liquidation shall be by either predesignated liquidation amounts or a liquidation percentage.~~

~~If at any time the amount of payments under this contract exceeds any limitation in this contract, the Contractor shall repay to the Government the excess. Unless otherwise determined by the Contracting Officer, such excess shall be credited as a reduction in the unliquidated performance-based payment balance(s), after adjustment of invoice payments and balances for any retroactive price adjustments.~~

~~(e) Reduction or suspension of performance-based payments. The Contracting Officer may reduce or suspend performance-based payments, liquidate performance-based payments by deduction from any payment under the contract, or take a combination of these actions after finding upon substantial evidence any of the following conditions:~~

~~The Contractor failed to comply with any material requirement of this contract (which includes paragraphs (h) and (i) of this clause).~~

~~Performance of this contract is endangered by the Contractor's-~~

~~Failure to make progress; or~~

~~Unsatisfactory financial condition.~~

~~(3) The Contractor is delinquent in payment of any subcontractor or supplier under this contract in the ordinary course of business.~~

~~(f) Title.~~

~~Title to the property described in this paragraph (f) shall vest in the Government. Vestiture shall be immediately upon the date of the first performance-based payment under this contract, for property acquired or produced before that date.~~

~~Otherwise, vestiture shall occur when the property is or should have been allocable or properly chargeable to this contract.~~

~~"Property," as used in this clause, includes all of the following described items acquired or produced by the Contractor that are or should be allocable or properly chargeable to this contract under sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices:~~

~~Parts, materials, inventories, and work in process;~~

~~Special tooling and special test equipment to which the Government is to acquire title;~~

~~Non-durable (i.e., noncapital) tools, jigs, dies, fixtures, molds, patterns, taps, gauges, test equipment and other similar manufacturing aids, title to which would not be obtained as special tooling under paragraph (f)(2)(ii) of this clause; and~~

~~Drawings and technical data, to the extent the Contractor or subcontractors are required to deliver them to the Government by other clauses of this contract.~~

~~Although title to property is in the Government under this clause, other applicable clauses of this contract (e.g., the termination clauses) shall determine the handling and disposition of the property.~~

~~The Contractor may sell any scrap resulting from production under this contract, without requesting the Contracting Officer's approval, provided that any significant reduction in the value of the property to which the Government has title under this clause is reported in writing to the Contracting Officer.~~

~~In order to acquire for its own use or dispose of property to which title is vested in the Government under this clause, the Contractor shall obtain the Contracting Officer's advance approval of the action and the terms. If approved, the basis for payment (the events or performance criteria) to which the property is related shall be deemed to be not in compliance with the terms of the contract and not payable (if the property is part of or needed for performance), and the Contractor shall refund the related performance-based payments in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause.~~

~~When the Contractor completes all of the obligations under this contract, including liquidation of all performance-based payments, title shall vest in the Contractor for all property (or the proceeds thereof) not-~~

~~Delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract; or~~

~~Incorporated in supplies delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract and to which title is vested in the Government under this clause.~~

~~(7) The terms of this contract concerning liability for Government furnished property shall not apply to property to which the Government acquired title solely under this clause.~~

~~Risk of loss. Before delivery to and acceptance by the Government, the Contractor shall bear the risk of loss for property, the title to which vests in the Government under this clause, except to the extent the Government~~

~~expressly assumes the risk. If any property is lost (see ), the basis of payment (the events or performance criteria) to which the property is related shall be deemed to be not in compliance with the terms of the contract and not payable (if the property is part of or needed for performance), and the Contractor shall refund the related performance-based payments in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause.~~

~~Records and controls. The Contractor shall maintain records and controls adequate for administration of this clause. The Contractor shall have no entitlement to performance-based payments during any time the Contractor's records or controls are determined by the Contracting Officer to be inadequate for administration of this clause.~~

~~Reports and Government access. The Contractor shall promptly furnish reports, certificates, financial statements, and other pertinent information requested by the Contracting Officer for the administration of this clause and to determine that an event or other criterion prompting a financing payment has been successfully accomplished. The Contractor shall give the Government reasonable opportunity to examine and verify the Contractor's records and to examine and verify the Contractor's performance of this contract for administration of this clause.~~

~~Special terms regarding default. If this contract is terminated under the Default clause, (1) the Contractor shall, on demand, repay to the Government the amount of unliquidated performance-based payments, and (2) title shall vest in the Contractor, on full liquidation of all performance-based payments, for all property for which the Government elects not to require delivery under the Default clause of this contract. The Government shall be liable for no payment except as provided by the Default clause.~~

~~Reservation of rights.~~

~~(1) No payment or vesting of title under this clause shall~~

~~Excuse the Contractor from performance of obligations under this contract; or~~

~~Constitute a waiver of any of the rights or remedies of the parties under the contract.~~

~~(2) The Government's rights and remedies under this clause~~

~~Shall not be exclusive, but rather shall be in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or this contract; and~~

~~Shall not be affected by delayed, partial, or omitted exercise of any right, remedy, power, or privilege, nor shall such exercise or any single exercise preclude or impair any further exercise under this clause or the exercise of any other right, power, or privilege of the Government.~~

~~(l) Content of Contractor's request for performance-based payment. The Contractor's request for performance-based payment shall contain the following:~~

~~The name and address of the Contractor;~~

~~The date of the request for performance-based payment;~~

~~The contract number and/or other identifier of the contract or order under which the request is made;~~

~~Such information and documentation as is required by the contract's description of the basis for payment; and~~

~~A certification by a Contractor official authorized to bind the Contractor, as specified in paragraph (m) of this clause.~~

~~(m) Content of Contractor's certification. As required in paragraph (l)(5) of this clause, the Contractor shall make the following certification in each request for performance-based payment:~~

~~I certify to the best of my knowledge and belief that-~~

~~This request for performance-based payment is true and correct; this request (and attachments) has been prepared from the books and records of the Contractor, in accordance with the contract and the instructions of the Contracting Officer;~~

~~(Except as reported in writing on \_\_\_\_\_), all payments to subcontractors and suppliers under this contract have been paid, or will be paid, currently, when due in the ordinary course of business;~~

~~There are no encumbrances (except as reported in writing on \_\_\_\_\_) against the property acquired or produced for, and allocated or properly chargeable to, the contract which would affect or impair the Government's title;~~

~~There has been no materially adverse change in the financial condition of the Contractor since the submission by the Contractor to the Government of the most recent written information dated \_\_\_\_\_; and~~

~~After the making of this requested performance-based payment, the amount of all payments for each deliverable item for which performance-based payments have been requested will not exceed any limitation in the contract, and the amount of all payments under the contract will not exceed any limitation in the contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-33 Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer System for Award Management.~~

~~As prescribed in a)(1), insert the following clause:~~

~~Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer System for Award Management (Oct 2018)~~

~~(a) Method of payment.~~

~~All payments by the Government under this contract shall be made by electronic funds transfer (EFT), except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this clause. As used in this clause, the term "EFT" refers to the funds transfer and may also include the payment information transfer.~~

~~In the event the Government is unable to release one or more payments by EFT, the Contractor agrees to either-~~

~~Accept payment by check or some other mutually agreeable method of payment; or~~

~~Request the Government to extend the payment due date until such time as the Government can make payment by EFT (but see paragraph (d) of this clause).~~

~~Contractor's EFT information. The Government shall make payment to the Contractor using the EFT information contained in the System for Award Management (SAM). In the event that the EFT information changes, the Contractor shall be responsible for providing the updated information to SAM.~~

~~Mechanisms for EFT payment. The Government may make payment by EFT through either the Automated Clearing House (ACH) network, subject to the rules of the National Automated Clearing House Association, or the Fedwire Transfer System. The rules governing Federal payments through the ACH are contained in 31 CFR Part 210.~~

~~Suspension of payment. If the Contractor's EFT information in the SAM is incorrect, then the Government need not make payment to the Contractor under this contract until correct EFT information is entered into the SAM; and any invoice or contract financing request shall be deemed not to be a proper invoice for the purpose of prompt payment under this contract. The prompt payment terms of the contract regarding notice of an improper invoice and delays in accrual of interest penalties apply.~~

~~Liability for uncompleted or erroneous transfers.~~

~~(1) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Government used the Contractor's EFT information incorrectly, the Government remains responsible for~~

~~Making a correct payment;~~

~~Paying any prompt payment penalty due; and (iii) Recovering any erroneously directed funds.~~

~~(2) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Contractor's EFT information was incorrect, or was revised within 30 days of Government release of the EFT payment transaction instruction to the Federal Reserve System, and~~

~~If the funds are no longer under the control of the payment office, the Government is deemed to have made payment and the Contractor is responsible for recovery of any erroneously directed funds; or~~

~~If the funds remain under the control of the payment office, the Government shall not make payment, and the provisions of paragraph (d) of this clause shall apply.~~

~~EFT and prompt payment. A payment shall be deemed to have been made in a timely manner in accordance with the prompt payment terms of this contract if, in the EFT payment transaction instruction released to the Federal Reserve System, the date specified for settlement of the payment is on or before the prompt payment due date, provided the specified payment date is a valid date under the rules of the Federal Reserve System.~~

~~EFT and assignment of claims. If the Contractor assigns the proceeds of this contract as provided for in the assignment of claims terms of this contract, the Contractor shall require as a condition of any such assignment, that the assignee shall register separately in SAM and shall be paid by EFT in accordance with the terms of this clause. Notwithstanding any other requirement of this contract, payment to an ultimate recipient other than the Contractor, or a financial institution properly recognized under an assignment of claims pursuant to , is not permitted. In all respects, the requirements of this clause shall apply to the assignee as if it were the Contractor. EFT information that shows the ultimate recipient of the transfer to be other than the Contractor, in the absence of a proper assignment of claims acceptable to the Government, is incorrect EFT information within the meaning of paragraph (d) of this clause.~~

~~Liability for change of EFT information by financial agent. The Government is not liable for errors resulting from changes to EFT information made by the Contractor's financial agent.~~

~~Payment information. The payment or disbursing office shall forward to the Contractor available payment information that is suitable for transmission as of the date of release of the EFT instruction to the Federal Reserve System. The Government may request the Contractor to designate a desired format and method(s) for delivery of payment information from a list of formats and methods the payment office is capable of executing. However, the Government does not guarantee that any particular format or method of delivery is available at any particular payment office and retains the latitude to use the format and delivery method most convenient to the Government. If the Government makes payment by check in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government shall mail the payment information to the remittance address contained in SAM. (End of clause)~~

~~52.232-34 Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other than System for Award Management.~~

~~As prescribed in a)(2), insert the following clause:~~

~~Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other than System for Award Management (Jul 2013)~~

~~(a) Method of payment.~~

~~All payments by the Government under this contract shall be made by electronic funds transfer (EFT) except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this clause. As used in this clause, the term "EFT" refers to the funds transfer and may also include the payment information transfer.~~

~~In the event the Government is unable to release one or more payments by EFT, the Contractor agrees to either-~~

~~Accept payment by check or some other mutually agreeable method of payment; or~~

~~Request the Government to extend payment due dates until such time as the Government makes payment by EFT (but see paragraph (d) of this clause).~~

~~(b) Mandatory submission of Contractor's EFT information.~~

~~The Contractor is required to provide the Government with the information required to make payment by EFT (see paragraph (j) of this clause). The Contractor shall provide this information directly to the office designated in this contract to receive that information (hereafter: "designated office") by \_\_\_\_\_ [the Contracting Officer shall insert date, days after award, days before first request, the date specified for receipt of offers if the provision at 52.232-38 is utilized, or "concurrent with first request" as prescribed by the head of the agency; if not prescribed, insert "no later than 15 days prior to submission of the first request for payment"]. If not otherwise specified in this contract, the payment office is the designated office for receipt of the Contractor's EFT information. If more than one designated office is named for the contract, the Contractor shall provide a separate notice to each office. In the event that the EFT information changes, the Contractor shall be responsible for providing the updated information to the designated office(s).~~

~~If the Contractor provides EFT information applicable to multiple contracts, the Contractor shall specifically state the applicability of this EFT information in terms acceptable to the designated office. However, EFT information~~



supplied to a designated office shall be applicable only to contracts that identify that designated office as the office to receive EFT information for that contract.

**Mechanisms for EFT payment.** The Government may make payment by EFT through either the Automated Clearing House (ACH) network, subject to the rules of the National Automated Clearing House Association, or the Fedwire Transfer System. The rules governing Federal payments through the ACH are contained in 31 CFR Part 210.

**Suspension of payment.**

The Government is not required to make any payment under this contract until after receipt, by the designated office, of the correct EFT payment information from the Contractor. Until receipt of the correct EFT information, any invoice or contract financing request shall be deemed not to be a proper invoice for the purpose of prompt payment under this contract. The prompt payment terms of the contract regarding notice of an improper invoice and delays in accrual of interest penalties apply.

If the EFT information changes after submission of correct EFT information, the Government shall begin using the changed EFT information no later than 30 days after its receipt by the designated office to the extent payment is made by EFT. However, the Contractor may request that no further payments be made until the updated EFT information is implemented by the payment office. If such suspension would result in a late payment under the prompt payment terms of this contract, the Contractor's request for suspension shall extend the due date for payment by the number of days of the suspension.

**(e) Liability for uncompleted or erroneous transfers.**

(1) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Government used the Contractor's EFT information incorrectly, the Government remains responsible for-

**Making a correct payment;**

Paying any prompt payment penalty due; and (iii) Recovering any erroneously directed funds.

(2) If an uncompleted or erroneous transfer occurs because the Contractor's EFT information was incorrect, or was revised within 30 days of Government release of the EFT payment transaction instruction to the Federal Reserve System, and-

If the funds are no longer under the control of the payment office, the Government is deemed to have made payment and the Contractor is responsible for recovery of any erroneously directed funds; or

If the funds remain under the control of the payment office, the Government shall not make payment and the provisions of paragraph (d) shall apply.

**EFT and prompt payment.** A payment shall be deemed to have been made in a timely manner in accordance with the prompt payment terms of this contract if, in the EFT payment transaction instruction released to the Federal Reserve System, the date specified for settlement of the payment is on or before the prompt payment due date, provided the specified payment date is a valid date under the rules of the Federal Reserve System.

**EFT and assignment of claims.** If the Contractor assigns the proceeds of this contract as provided for in the assignment of claims terms of this contract, the Contractor shall require as a condition of any such assignment,

~~that the assignee shall provide the EFT information required by paragraph (j) of this clause to the designated office, and shall be paid by EFT in accordance with the terms of this clause. In all respects, the requirements of this clause shall apply to the assignee as if it were the Contractor. EFT information that shows the ultimate recipient of the transfer to be other than the Contractor, in the absence of a proper assignment of claims acceptable to the Government, is incorrect EFT information within the meaning of paragraph (d) of this clause.~~

~~Liability for change of EFT information by financial agent. The Government is not liable for errors resulting from changes to EFT information provided by the Contractor's financial agent.~~

~~Payment information. The payment or disbursing office shall forward to the Contractor available payment information that is suitable for transmission as of the date of release of the EFT instruction to the Federal Reserve System. The Government may request the Contractor to designate a desired format and method(s) for delivery of payment information from a list of formats and methods the payment office is capable of executing. However, the Government does not guarantee that any particular format or method of delivery is available at any particular payment office and retains the latitude to use the format and delivery method most convenient to the Government. If the Government makes payment by check in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, the Government shall mail the payment information to the remittance address in the contract.~~

~~EFT information. The Contractor shall provide the following information to the designated office. The Contractor may supply this data for this or multiple contracts (see paragraph (b) of this clause). The Contractor shall designate a single financial agent per contract capable of receiving and processing the EFT information using the EFT methods described in paragraph (c) of this clause.~~

~~The contract number (or other procurement identification number).~~

~~The Contractor's name and remittance address, as stated in the contract(s).~~

~~The signature (manual or electronic, as appropriate), title, and telephone number of the Contractor official authorized to provide this information.~~

~~The name, address, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the Contractor's financial agent.~~

~~The Contractor's account number and the type of account (checking, saving, or lockbox).~~

~~If applicable, the Fedwire Transfer System telegraphic abbreviation of the Contractor's financial agent.~~

~~If applicable, the Contractor shall also provide the name, address, telegraphic abbreviation, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the correspondent financial institution receiving the wire transfer payment if the Contractor's financial agent is not directly on-line to the Fedwire Transfer System; and, therefore, not the receiver of the wire transfer payment.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-35 Designation of Office for Government Receipt of Electronic Funds Transfer Information.~~

~~As prescribed in c), insert the following clause:~~

~~Designation of Office for Government Receipt of Electronic Funds Transfer Information (Jul 2013)~~

~~As provided in paragraph (b) of the clause at 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-Other than System for Award Management, the Government has designated the office cited in paragraph (c) of this clause as the office to receive the Contractor's electronic funds transfer (EFT) information, in lieu of the payment office of this contract.~~

~~The Contractor shall send all EFT information, and any changes to EFT information to the office designated in paragraph (c) of this clause. The Contractor shall not send EFT information to the payment office, or any other office than that designated in paragraph (c). The Government need not use any EFT information sent to any office other than that designated in paragraph (c).~~

~~Designated Office:~~

~~Name:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Mailing Address:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Telephone Number:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Person to Contact:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Electronic Address:~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~

~~{End of clause}~~

~~52.232-36 Payment by Third Party.~~

~~As prescribed in d), insert the following clause:~~

~~Payment by Third Party (May 2014) (a) General.~~

~~Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this clause, the Contractor agrees to accept payments due under this contract, through payment by a third party in lieu of payment directly from the Government, in accordance with the terms of this clause. The third party and, if applicable, the particular Governmentwide commercial purchase card to be used are identified elsewhere in this contract.~~

~~The Governmentwide commercial purchase card is not authorized as a method of payment during any period the System for Award Management (SAM) indicates that the Contractor has delinquent debt that is subject to collection under the Treasury Offset Program (TOP). Information on TOP is available at . If the SAM subsequently indicates that the Contractor no longer has delinquent debt, the Contractor may request the Contracting Officer to authorize payment by Governmentwide commercial purchase card.~~

~~(b) Contractor payment request.~~

~~Except as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause, the Contractor shall make payment requests through a charge to the Government account with the third party, at the time and for the amount due in accordance with~~

~~those clauses of this contract that authorize the Contractor to submit invoices, contract financing requests, other payment requests, or as provided in other clauses providing for payment to the Contractor.~~

~~When the Contracting Officer has notified the Contractor that the Governmentwide commercial purchase card is no longer an authorized method of payment, the Contractor shall make such payment requests in accordance with instructions provided by the Contracting Officer during the period when the purchase card is not authorized.~~

~~Payment. The Contractor and the third party shall agree that payments due under this contract shall be made upon submittal of payment requests to the third party in accordance with the terms and conditions of an agreement between the Contractor, the Contractor's financial agent (if any), and the third party and its agents (if any). No payment shall be due the Contractor until such agreement is made. Payments made or due by the third party under this clause are not payments made by the Government and are not subject to the Prompt Payment Act or any implementation thereof in this contract.~~

~~Documentation. Documentation of each charge against the Government's account shall be provided to the Contracting Officer upon request.~~

~~Assignment of claims. Notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, if any payment is made under this clause, then no payment under this contract shall be assigned under the provisions of the assignment of claims terms of this contract or the Assignment of Claims Act of 1940 (-.~~

~~Other payment terms. The other payment terms of this contract shall govern the content and submission of payment requests. If any clause requires information or documents in or with the payment request, that is not provided in the third party agreement referenced in paragraph (c) of this clause, the Contractor shall obtain instructions from the Contracting Officer before submitting such a payment request.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

#### ~~52.232-37 Multiple Payment Arrangements.~~

~~As prescribed in e), insert the following clause:~~

##### ~~Multiple Payment Arrangements (May 1999)~~

~~This contract or agreement provides for payments to the Contractor through several alternative methods. The applicability of specific methods of payment and the designation of the payment office(s) are either stated-~~

~~Elsewhere in this contract or agreement; or~~

~~In individual orders placed under this contract or agreement.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

#### ~~52.232-38 Submission of Electronic Funds Transfer Information with Offer.~~

~~As prescribed in g), insert the following provision:~~

##### ~~Submission of Electronic Funds Transfer Information with Offer (Jul 2013)~~

~~The offeror shall provide, with its offer, the following information that is required to make payment by electronic funds transfer (EFT) under any contract that results from this solicitation. This submission satisfies the requirement to provide EFT information under paragraphs (b)(1) and (j) of the clause at 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer Other than System for Award Management.~~

~~The solicitation number (or other procurement identification number).~~

~~The offeror's name and remittance address, as stated in the offer.~~

~~The signature (manual or electronic, as appropriate), title, and telephone number of the offeror's official authorized to provide this information.~~

~~The name, address, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the offeror's financial agent.~~

~~The offeror's account number and the type of account (checking, savings, or lockbox).~~

~~If applicable, the Fedwire Transfer System telegraphic abbreviation of the offeror's financial agent.~~

~~If applicable, the offeror shall also provide the name, address, telegraphic abbreviation, and 9-digit Routing Transit Number of the correspondent financial institution receiving the wire transfer payment if the offeror's financial agent is not directly on line to the Fedwire and, therefore, not the receiver of the wire transfer payment.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.232-39 Unenforceability of Unauthorized Obligations.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Unenforceability of Unauthorized Obligations (Jun 2013)~~

~~(a) Except as stated in paragraph (b) of this clause, when any supply or service acquired under this contract is subject to any End User License Agreement (EULA), Terms of Service (TOS), or similar legal instrument or agreement, that includes any clause requiring the Government to indemnify the Contractor or any person or entity for damages, costs, fees, or any other loss or liability that would create an Anti-Deficiency Act violation (, the following shall govern:~~

~~Any such clause is unenforceable against the Government.~~

~~Neither the Government nor any Government authorized end user shall be deemed to have agreed to such clause by virtue of it appearing in the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement. If the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement is invoked through an "I agree" click box or other comparable mechanism (e.g., "click wrap" or "browse wrap" agreements), execution does not bind the Government or any Government authorized end user to such clause.~~

~~Any such clause is deemed to be stricken from the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement.~~

~~(b) Paragraph (a) of this clause does not apply to indemnification by the Government that is expressly authorized by statute and specifically authorized under applicable agency regulations and procedures.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.232-40 Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (Mar 2023)~~

~~(a)~~

~~In accordance with and within 15 days after receipt of accelerated payments from the Government, the Contractor shall make accelerated payments to its small business subcontractors under this contract, to the maximum extent practicable and prior to when such payment is otherwise required under the applicable contract or subcontract, after receipt of a proper invoice and all other required documentation from the small business subcontractor.~~

~~The Contractor agrees to make such payments to its small business subcontractors without any further consideration from or fees charged to the subcontractor.~~

~~The acceleration of payments under this clause does not provide any new rights under the Prompt Payment Act.~~

~~Include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts with small business concerns, including subcontracts with small business concerns for the acquisition of commercial products or commercial services. (End of clause) 52.233 [Reserved]~~

~~52.233-1 Disputes.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Disputes (May 2014)~~

~~This contract is subject to 41 U.S.C chapter 71, Contract Disputes.~~

~~Except as provided in 41 U.S.C chapter 71, all disputes arising under or relating to this contract shall be resolved under this clause.~~

~~"As used in this clause-~~

~~Claim," as used in this clause,~~ means a written demand or written assertion by one of the contracting parties seeking, ~~as a~~as a matter of right, the payment of money in a sum certain, the adjustment or interpretation of contract terms, or other relief arising under or relating to this contract. However, a written demand or written assertion by the Contractor seeking the payment of money exceeding \$100,000 is not a claim under 41 U.S.C. chapter 71 until certified. A voucher, invoice, or other routine request for payment that is not in dispute when submitted is not a claim under 41 U.S.C. chapter 71. The submission may be converted to a claim under 41 U.S.C. chapter 71, by complying with the submission and certification requirements of this clause, if it is disputed either as to liability or amount or is not acted upon in a reasonable time.

Defective certification means a certification that alters or otherwise deviates from the language in paragraph (d)(2)(iii) of this clause or which is not executed by a person authorized to bind the contractor with respect to the claim. Failure to certify must not be deemed to be a defective certification.

This contract is subject to 41 U.S.C. chapter 71, Contract Disputes.

Except as provided in 41 U.S.C. chapter 71, all disputes arising under or relating to this contract must be resolved under this clause.

(d)

(1) A claim by the Contractor ~~shall~~must be made in writing and, unless otherwise stated in this contract, submitted within 6 years after accrual of the claim to the Contracting Officer for a written decision. A claim by the Government against the Contractor ~~shall~~must be subject to a written decision by the Contracting Officer.

(2)

The Contractor ~~shall~~must provide the certification specified in paragraph (d)(2)(iii) of this clause when ~~submitting any claim exceeding~~submitting any claim exceeding \$100,000.

The certification requirement does not apply to issues in controversy that have not been submitted as all ~~or part~~or part of ~~a claim~~a claim.

The certification ~~shall~~must state as follows: ~~"I certify that the claim is made in good faith; that the supporting data are accurate~~supporting data are accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief; that the amount requested accurately reflects the contract adjustment for which the Contractor believes the Government is liable; and that I am authorized to certify the claim on behalf of the Contractor."

(3) The certification may be executed by any person authorized to bind the Contractor with respect to the claim.

For Contractor claims of \$100,000 or less, the Contracting Officer must, if requested in writing by the

Contractor, render a decision within 60 days of the request. For Contractor-certified claims over \$100,000, the Contracting Officer must, within 60 days, decide the claim or notify the Contractor of the date by which the decision will be made.

The Contracting ~~Officer's~~Officer's decision ~~shall~~must be final unless the Contractor appeals or files a suit as provided in ~~41 U.S.C. chapter~~41 U.S.C. chapter 71.

If the claim by the Contractor is submitted to the Contracting Officer or a claim by the Government ~~is presented~~is presented to ~~the Contractor~~the Contractor, the parties, by mutual consent, may agree to use alternative dispute resolution (ADR). If the Contractor refuses an offer for ADR, the Contractor ~~shall~~must inform the Contracting Officer, in writing, of the ~~Contractor's~~Contractor's specific reasons for rejecting the offer.

(h)

(1) The Government ~~shall~~must pay interest on the amount found due and unpaid from ~~(1)~~the date that

The Contracting ~~Officer receives~~Officer receives the claim (certified, if required); or

~~(2) the date that~~ Payment otherwise would be due, if that date is later, until the date of payment. ~~With regard to~~

(2) For claims having defective certifications, ~~as defined in FAR~~ interest ~~shall~~ must be paid from the date that the Contracting Officer initially receives the claim. Simple interest on claims ~~shall~~ must be paid at the rate, fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in the Act, which ~~is applicable~~ applies to the period during which the Contracting Officer receives the claim and then at the rate ~~applicable~~ that applies for each 6-month period as fixed by the Treasury Secretary ~~during the pendency of~~ while the claim is pending.

~~The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any request for relief, claim, appeal, or action arising under the contract, and comply with any decision of the Contracting Officer.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~Alternate I (Dec 1991). As prescribed in , substitute the following paragraph (i) for paragraph (i) of the basic clause:~~

(i) The Contractor ~~shall~~ must proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any request for relief, claim, appeal, or action arising under ~~or relating to the contract, and~~ The Contractor must comply with any decision of the Contracting Officer.

~~(End of clause)~~

Alternate I (Deviation Date). As prescribed in 33.205-9(a), substitute the following paragraph (i) for paragraph (i) of the basic clause:

(i) The Contractor must proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any request for relief, claim, appeal, or action arising under or relating to the contract, and comply with any decision of the Contracting Officer.

#### 52.233-2 Service of Protest.

As prescribed in 33.107(a), insert the following provision:

Service of Protest (~~Sept 2006~~ Deviation Date)

Protests, ~~(as defined in section of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, FAR 33.102)~~, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that ~~are filed~~ are filed with the Government Accountability Office (GAO), ~~shall~~ must be served on the Contracting Officer ~~(addressed as follows)~~ identified in the solicitation by obtaining written and dated acknowledgment of receipt from \_\_\_\_\_. ~~[Contracting Officer designate the official or location where a protest may be served on the Contracting Officer.]~~ them.

The copy of any protest ~~shall~~ must be received in the office designated above within ~~oneday~~ one day of filing a ~~protest with~~ protest with the GAO ~~to~~.

~~(End of provision)~~

#### 52.233-3 Protest after Award.



As prescribed in [33.107\(b\)](#), insert the following clause:

Protest after Award (~~Aug 1996~~[Deviation Date](#))

~~(a) Upon receipt of a notice of protest (as defined in FAR ) or a determination that a protest is likely (see FAR (d)), the Contracting Officer may, by written stop-work order to the Contractor, direct the Contractor to stop performance of the work called for by this contract. The order shall be specifically identified as a stop-work order issued under this clause. Upon receipt of the order, the Contractor shall~~[must](#) ~~immediately comply with its terms and take all reasonable~~[all reasonable](#) ~~steps to minimize the incurrence of incurring costs allocable to the work covered by the order during the period of work stoppage. Upon receipt of stoppage. After receiving the final decision in the protest, the Contracting Officer shall~~[must](#) ~~either-~~

~~— (1) Cancel the stop-work order; or~~

~~(2) Terminate the work covered by the order as provided in the Default, or the Termination for Convenience of the Government~~[the Government](#), clause of this contract.

~~(b) If a stop-work order issued under this clause is canceled either before or after a final decision in the protest, the Contractor shall~~[must](#) ~~resume work. The Contracting Officer shall~~[must](#) ~~make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or contract price, or both, and the contract shall~~[must](#) ~~be modified, in writing, accordingly, if-~~

The stop-work order results in an increase in the time required for, or in the ~~Contractor's~~[Contractor's](#) cost ~~properly allocable~~[properly allocable](#) to, ~~the performance~~[the performance](#) of any part of this contract; and

The Contractor asserts its right to an adjustment within 30 days after the end of the period of work stoppage; provided, that if the Contracting Officer decides the facts justify the action, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal [submitted](#) at any time before final payment under this contract.

If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for the convenience ~~of the Government~~[of the Government](#), the Contracting Officer ~~shall~~[must](#) allow reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order in arriving at the termination settlement.

If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for default, ~~the Contracting Officer shall~~[the Contracting Officer must](#) allow, by equitable adjustment or otherwise, reasonable costs resulting from the ~~stop-work~~[stopwork](#) order.

The ~~Government's~~[Government's](#) rights to terminate this contract at any time are not affected by action taken under ~~this clause~~[this clause](#).

If, as the result of the ~~Contractor's~~[Contractor's](#) intentional or negligent misstatement, misrepresentation, or miscertification, a ~~protest related~~[protest related](#) to this contract is sustained, and the Government pays costs, ~~as provided in FAR (b)(2) or (h)(1),~~ the Government may require the Contractor to reimburse the Government the amount of such costs. In addition to any other remedy available, and pursuant to the requirements of [subpart 32.6](#), the Government may collect this debt by offsetting the amount against any payment due the Contractor under any contract between the Contractor and the Government.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (~~June 1985~~ [Deviation Date](#)). As prescribed in [33.107\(b\)](#), substitute in paragraph (a)(2) the words ~~"the~~

Termination clause of this contract~~"~~ for the words ~~"the Default, or the Termination for Convenience of the Government clause of this contract."~~ In paragraph (b) substitute the words ~~"an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule, the estimated cost, the fee, or a combination thereof, and in any other terms of the contract that may be affected"~~ for the words ~~"an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or contract price, or both."~~

52.233-4 Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim.

As prescribed in [33.205-9\(b\)](#), insert the following clause:

Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (~~Oct 2004~~ [Deviation Date](#))

United States law will apply to resolve any claim of breach of this contract.

(End of clause)

52.234 [Reserved]

52.234-1 Industrial Resources Developed Under Title III, [of the](#) Defense Production Act.

As prescribed at [34.105](#), insert the following clause:

Industrial Resources Developed Under Title III [of the](#) Defense Production Act (~~Sept 2016~~ [Deviation Date](#))

Definitions.

~~"Title III industrial resource"~~ means materials, services, processes, or manufacturing equipment (including the processes, technologies, and ancillary services for the use of such equipment) established or maintained under the authority of Title III, [of the](#) Defense Production Act (50 U.S.C. ~~App. 2091-2093~~, [4531 et seq.](#)).

Title III project contractor means a contractor that has received assistance for the development or manufacture of an industrial resource under Title III of [the](#) Defense Production Act (50 U.S.C. ~~App. 2091-2093~~, [4531 et seq.](#)).

The Contractor ~~shall~~ [must](#) refer any request from a Title III project contractor for testing and qualification of ~~a Title III industrial~~ [a Title III industrial](#) resource to the Contracting Officer.

~~Upon the direction of~~ The Contracting Officer, [will modify](#) the ~~Contractor shall~~ [contract to—](#)

[Authorize testing and qualification of the Title III industrial resource; and](#)

[Provide an equitable adjustment for the costs to test and qualify the Title III industrial resource.](#)

[\(d\) Upon receipt of a contract modification and the](#) Title III industrial resources, [the Contractor must—](#)

[Test the Title III industrial resources](#) for qualification. ~~The Contractor shall; and,~~

Provide the test results to the Defense Production Act Office, Title III Program, located at Wright ~~Patterson~~  
~~Air~~PattersonAir Force Base, Ohio 45433-7739.

~~When the Contracting Officer modifies the contract to direct testing pursuant to this clause, the Government will provide the Title III industrial resource to be tested and will make an equitable adjustment in the contract for the costs of testing and qualification of the Title III industrial resource.~~

(e) The Contractor agrees to insert the substance of this clause, including paragraph (e), in every subcontract issued ~~in performance~~in performance of this contract.

(End of clause)

~~52.234-2 Notice of Earned Value Management System-Preaward Integrated Baseline Review.~~

~~As prescribed in (a) use the following provision:~~

~~Notice of Earned Value Management System-Preaward Integrated Baseline Review. (Nov 2016)~~

~~The offeror shall provide documentation that the Cognizant Federal Agency has determined that the proposed earnedvalue management system (EVMS) complies with the EVMS guidelines in Electronic Industries Alliance Standard 748(EIA-748) (current version at time of solicitation).~~

~~If the offeror proposes to use a system that has not been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of paragraph (a) of this provision, the offeror shall submit a comprehensive plan for compliance with the EVMS guidelines.~~

~~(1) The plan shall-~~

~~(i) Describe the EVMS the offeror intends to use in performance of the contracts;~~

~~Distinguish between the offeror's existing management system and modifications proposed to meet the guidelines;~~

~~(iii) Describe the management system and its application in terms of the EVMS guidelines;~~

~~(iv) Describe the proposed procedure for administration of the guidelines, as applied to subcontractors; and~~

~~(v) Provide documentation describing the process and results of any third-party or self-evaluation of the system's compliance with the EVMS guidelines.~~

~~The offeror shall provide information and assistance as required by the Contracting Officer to support review of the plan.~~

~~The Government will review and approve the offeror's plan for an EVMS before contract award.~~

~~The offeror's EVMS plan must provide milestones that indicate when the offeror anticipates that the EVM system will be compliant with the EIA-748 guidelines.~~

~~Offerors shall identify the major subcontractors, or major subcontracted effort if major subcontractors have not been selected subject to the guidelines. The prime Contractor and the Government shall agree to subcontractors selected for application of the EVMS guidelines.~~

~~The Government will conduct an Integrated Baseline Review (IBR), as designated by the agency, prior to contract award. The objective of the IBR is for the Government and the Contractor to jointly assess technical areas, such as the Contractor's planning, to ensure complete coverage of the contract requirements, logical scheduling of the work activities, adequate resources, methodologies for earned value (budgeted cost for work performed (BCWP)), and identification of inherent risks.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~52.234-3 Notice of Earned Value Management System Post Award Postaward Integrated Baseline Review.~~

~~As prescribed in (b) use the following provision:~~

~~Notice of Earned Value Management System Post Award Postaward Integrated Baseline Review (Nov 2016)~~

~~The offeror shall provide documentation that the Cognizant Federal Agency has determined that the proposed earned value management system (EVMS) complies with the EVMS guidelines in Electronic Industries Alliance Standard 748 (EIA 748) (current version at time of solicitation).~~

~~If the offeror proposes to use a system that has not been determined to be in compliance with the requirements of paragraph (a) of this provision, the offeror shall submit a comprehensive plan for compliance with the EVMS guidelines.~~

~~(1) The plan shall-~~

~~Describe the EVMS the offeror intends to use in performance of the contracts;~~

~~Distinguish between the offeror's existing management system and modifications proposed to meet the guidelines;~~

~~Describe the management system and its application in terms of the EVMS guidelines;~~

~~Describe the proposed procedure for administration of the guidelines, as applied to subcontractors; and~~

~~Provide documentation describing the process and results of any third-party or self-evaluation of the system's compliance with the EVMS guidelines.~~

~~The offeror shall provide information and assistance as required by the Contracting Officer to support review of the plan~~

~~The Government will review and approve the offeror's plan for an EVMS before contract award.~~

~~The offeror's EVMS plan must provide milestones that indicate when the offeror anticipates that the EVM system will be compliant with the EIA-748 guidelines.~~

~~(c) Offerors shall identify the major subcontractors, or major subcontracted effort if major subcontractors have not been selected, planned for application of the guidelines. The prime Contractor and the Government shall agree to subcontractors selected for application of the EVMS guidelines.~~

~~(End of provision)~~

[52.234-2 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.234-3 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.234-4 Earned Value Management System.

As prescribed in ~~e)~~[34.203](#), insert the following clause:

Earned Value Management System (~~Nov-2016~~[Deviation Date](#))

The Contractor ~~shall~~[must](#) use an earned value management system (EVMS) that has been determined by the Cognizant Federal Agency (CFA) to be compliant with the guidelines in Electronic Industries Alliance Standard 748 (EIA-748) (current version at the time of award) to manage this contract. If the ~~Contractor's~~[Contractor's](#) current EVMS has not been determined compliant at the time of award, see paragraph (b) of this clause. The Contractor ~~shall~~[must](#) submit [EVMS](#) reports ~~in accordance with~~[as required by](#) the ~~requirements of this~~ contract.

~~If, at the time of award, the Contractor's~~[Contractor's](#) EVM System ~~has~~[is](#) not ~~been determined by the CFA as complying with EVMS guidelines compliant with the requirements in paragraph (a) of this clause, or the Contractor does not have an~~[the Contractor's](#) existing cost/schedule control system ~~that is~~[not](#) compliant with the guidelines in EIA-748 (current version at time of award), the Contractor ~~shall~~[must](#)—

Apply the current system to the contract; and

Take necessary actions to meet the milestones in the ~~Contractor's EVMS plan~~[Contractor's](#) approved ~~by the Contracting Officer~~[EVMS plan](#).

~~(c) The~~ [When an EVMS is required](#), the Government will conduct an Integrated Baseline ~~Review~~[Reviews](#) (IBR). ~~If a pre-award IBR has not been conducted, a postaward IBR shall be conducted as early as practicable after contract award.~~

~~The Contracting Officer~~[Agencies](#) may require an [additional](#) IBR at—

Exercise of significant options; or

Incorporation of major modifications.

~~(d) Unless~~ [the CFA grants](#) a waiver ~~is granted by the CFA~~, Contractor ~~proposed~~ EVMS changes require [CFA](#) approval ~~of the CFA prior to implementation.~~[to implementation](#).

The CFA will ~~advise~~[notify](#) the Contractor of [its acceptance or rejection of](#) the ~~acceptability of such~~[proposed](#) [EVMS](#) changes within ~~30 calendar days after~~[30 days of](#) receipt ~~of the notice of proposed changes from the Contractor.~~

If the ~~CFA waives the~~ advance approval requirements ~~are waived by the CFA~~, the Contractor ~~shall~~must disclose EVMS changes to ~~the CFA~~the CFA at least 14 ~~calendar~~ days prior to the effective date of implementation.

The Contractor ~~shall~~must provide the Government access to all pertinent records and data ~~requested by the Contracting Officer or a authorized representative as necessary to permit Government surveillance to ensure~~conducts surveillance and validate that the EVMS ~~conforms, and continues to conform,~~complies with the ~~performance criteria referenced~~requirements in paragraph (a) of this clause for the duration of the contract.

The Contractor ~~shall~~must require the subcontractors specified below to comply with the requirements of ~~this clause: [Insert list~~this clause: [Insert list of applicable subcontractors.]

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

(End of clause)

52.235 [Reserved]

52.236 [Reserved]

52.236-1 ~~Performance of Work by the Contractor.~~[Reserved]

~~As prescribed in b), insert the following clause: [Complete the clause by inserting the appropriate percentage consistent with the complexity and magnitude of the work and customary or necessary specialty subcontracting (see~~

~~(a)).]~~

~~Performance of Work by the Contractor (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Contractor shall perform on the site, and with its own organization, work equivalent to at least \_\_\_\_\_ [insert the appropriate number in words followed by numerals in parentheses] percent of the total amount of work to be performed under the contract. This percentage may be reduced by a supplemental agreement to this contract if, during performing the work, the Contractor requests a reduction and the Contracting Officer determines that the reduction would be to the advantage of the Government.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.236-2 Differing Site Conditions.

As prescribed in ,36.101-7(a), insert the following clause:

Differing Site Conditions (~~Apr 1984~~Date)

(a) The Contractor shall promptly, and before the conditions are disturbed, give a written notice to the Contracting Officer of-

~~Subsurface or~~ Latent physical conditions or subsurface conditions at the site which differ materially from those indicated ~~in this~~in this contract; or

Unknown physical conditions at the site, of an unusual nature, which differ materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as ~~inhering~~inherent in work of the character provided for in the contract.

(b)

The Contracting Officer ~~shall~~will investigate the site conditions promptly after receiving ~~the~~such a notice.

If the conditions ~~do materially~~materially so differ and cause an increase or decrease in the ~~Contractor's~~Contractor's cost of, or the ~~time required~~time required for, performing any part of the work under this contract, ~~whether or not changed as a result of the conditions,~~ an equitable adjustment ~~shall~~must be made under this clause ~~and the contract modified in writing accordingly.~~

No request ~~by the Contractor~~ for an equitable adjustment to the contract under this clause ~~shall~~will be allowed, unless ~~the Contractor has~~the Contractor has given the written notice required; ~~provided, that the time prescribed in paragraph (a) of this clause for giving written notice may be extended by the Contracting Officer.~~

No request ~~by the Contractor~~ for an equitable adjustment to the contract for differing site conditions ~~shall~~will be allowed ~~if made after~~if made after final payment under this contract.

(End of clause)

#### 52.236-3 Site Investigation and Conditions Affecting the Work.

As prescribed in ,36.101-7(a), insert the following clause:

Site Investigation and Conditions Affecting the Work (~~Apr 1984~~Date)

(a) The Contractor acknowledges that it has taken steps reasonably necessary to ascertain the nature and location of ~~the work~~the work, and that it has investigated and satisfied itself as to the general and local conditions which can affect the work or its cost, including ~~but not limited to (1) —~~

Conditions bearing upon transportation, disposal, handling, and storage of materials;

~~(2)~~ The availability of labor, water, electric power, and roads;

~~(3)~~ Uncertainties of weather, river stages, tides, or similar physical conditions at the site;

~~(4)~~ The conformation and conditions of the ground; and

~~(5)~~ The character of equipment and facilities needed preliminary to and during work performance.

The Contractor also acknowledges that it has satisfied itself as to the character, quality, and quantity ~~of~~ surfaceof surface and subsurface materials or obstacles to be encountered insofar as this information is reasonably ascertainable from an inspection of the site, including all exploratory work done by the Government, as well as from the drawings and specifications made a part of this contract. Any failure of the Contractor to take the actions described and acknowledged in this paragraph will not relieve the Contractor from

responsibility for estimating properly the difficulty and cost of successfully performing the work, or for proceeding to successfully perform the work without additional expense to the Government.

The Government assumes no responsibility for any conclusions or interpretations made by the ~~Contractor based~~Contractor based on ~~the information~~the information made available by the Government. Nor does the Government assume responsibility for any understanding reached or representation made concerning conditions which can affect the work by any of its officers or agents before the execution of this contract, unless that understanding or representation is expressly stated in this contract. ~~(End of clause)~~

#### ~~52.236-4 Physical Data.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price construction contract is contemplated and physical data (e.g., test borings, hydrographic, weather conditions data) will be furnished or made available to offerors. All information to be furnished or made available to offerors before award that pertains to the performance of the work should be identified in the clause. When paragraphs are not applicable they may be deleted.~~

#### ~~Physical Data (Apr 1984)~~

~~Data and information furnished or referred to below is for the Contractor's information. The Government shall not be responsible for any interpretation of or conclusion drawn from the data or information by the Contractor.~~

~~The indications of physical conditions on the drawings and in the specifications are the result of site investigations by \_\_\_\_\_ [insert a description of investigational methods used, such as surveys, auger borings, core borings, test pits, probings, test tunnels].~~

~~Weather conditions \_\_\_\_\_ [insert a summary of weather records and warnings].~~

~~Transportation facilities \_\_\_\_\_ [insert a summary of transportation facilities providing access from the site, including information about their availability and limitations].~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ [insert other pertinent information].~~

(End of clause)

#### 52.236-4 [Reserved]

#### 52.236-5 Material and Workmanship.

As prescribed in ,36.101-7(b), insert the following clause:

Material and Workmanship (~~Apr 1984~~Date)

#### ~~All~~(a)

Equipment, material, and articles incorporated into the work covered by this contract shall be new and of ~~the most suitable~~the most suitable grade for the purpose intended, unless otherwise specifically provided in this contract.



References in the specifications to equipment, material, articles, or patented processes by trade name, make, or catalog number, shall be regarded as establishing a standard of quality and shall not be construed as limiting competition. ~~The Contractor may, at its option, use any equipment, material, article, or process that, in the judgment of the Contracting Officer, is equal to that named in the specifications, unless otherwise specifically provided in this contract.~~

The Contractor may, at its option, use any equipment, material, article, or process that, in the judgment of the Contracting Officer, is equal to that named in the specifications, unless otherwise specifically provided in this contract.

(b) The Contractor shall obtain the Contracting ~~Officer's~~Officer's approval of the machinery ~~and~~ mechanical, and other equipment ~~to be~~to be incorporated into the work.

When requesting approval, the Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer the name of ~~the manufacturer~~the manufacturer, the model number, and other information concerning the performance, capacity, nature, and rating of the machinery and mechanical and other equipment.

When required by this contract or by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall also obtain the ~~Contracting Officer's~~Contracting Officer's approval of the material or articles which the Contractor contemplates incorporating into the work.

When requesting approval, the Contractor shall provide ~~full~~appropriate and required information concerning ~~the material~~the material or articles.

When directed to do so, the Contractor shall submit samples for approval at the Contractor's expense, ~~with all shipping~~with shipping charges prepaid. Machinery, equipment, material, and articles that do not have the required approval ~~shall be~~are installed or used at the risk of subsequent rejection.

~~All~~(c) Work under this contract shall be performed in a skillful and workmanlike manner. The Contracting Officer ~~may require~~may require, in writing, that the Contractor remove from the work any employee the Contracting Officer deems incompetent, careless, or otherwise objectionable.

(End of clause)

52.236-6 Superintendence by the Contractor.

As prescribed in 36.101-7(a), insert the following clause:

Superintendence by the Contractor (~~Apr 1984~~Date)

~~At all times~~ During performance of this contract and until the work is completed and accepted, the Contractor shall directly

superintend the work or assign and have on ~~the worksite~~site a competent superintendent who is satisfactory to the Contracting Officer and has authority to act for the Contractor.

(End of clause)

52.236-7 Permits and Responsibilities.

As prescribed in [36.101-7\(c\)](#), insert the following clause:

Permits and Responsibilities (~~Nov 1991~~[Date](#))

The Contractor shall, without additional expense to the Government, be responsible for obtaining ~~any necessary~~[any necessary](#) licenses and permits, and for complying with any Federal, State, and municipal laws, codes, and regulations applicable to the performance of the work.

The Contractor shall ~~also~~ be responsible for all damages to persons or property that occur as a result of ~~the Contractor's~~ [the Contractor's](#) fault or negligence.

The Contractor shall ~~also~~ be responsible for all materials delivered and work performed until completion ~~and acceptance~~[and acceptance](#) of the entire work, except for any completed unit of work which may have been accepted under the contract.

(End of clause)

52.236-8 Other Contracts.

As prescribed in [36.101-7\(a\)](#), insert the following clause:

Other Contracts (~~Apr 1984~~[Date](#))

[\(a\)](#) The Government may ~~undertake or~~ award other contracts for ~~additional~~ work at or near the site of the work under this contract. The Contractor shall ~~fully~~ cooperate [and coordinate](#) with ~~the other~~ [Other](#)

[contractors](#); and

~~with Government employees and~~

[\(b\)](#) [The Contractor](#) shall ~~carefully~~ adapt scheduling and ~~performing performance of~~ the work under this contract to accommodate the ~~additional work, heeding any direction that may be provided by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall~~ [performance of other contractors. The Contractor's scheduling and performance shall](#) not ~~commit or permit any act that will~~ [delay or](#) interfere with the performance of work by ~~any other contractor~~ [contractors](#) or ~~by~~ Government employees.

(End of clause)

52.236-9 Protection of Existing Vegetation, Structures, Equipment, Utilities, and Improvements.

As prescribed in [36.101-7\(a\)](#), insert the following clause:

Protection of Existing Vegetation, Structures, Equipment, Utilities, and Improvements (~~Apr 1984~~[Date](#))

The Contractor shall preserve and protect ~~all~~ structures, equipment, and vegetation (such as trees, shrubs, ~~and grass~~) ~~one or~~ [and grass](#) on or adjacent to the work site, which are not to be removed, and which do not unreasonably interfere with the work required under this contract. The Contractor shall only remove trees when specifically authorized to do so, ~~and shall avoid damaging vegetation that will remain in place.~~ If any limbs or branches of trees are broken during contract performance, ~~or by the careless operation of equipment, or by~~

~~workmen~~, the Contractor shall trim those limbs or branches with a clean cut and paint the cut with a tree-pruning compound as directed by the Contracting Officer.

The Contractor shall protect from damage ~~all~~ and, in the event of damage resulting from non-compliance with this contract or failure to exercise reasonable care in performing the work, shall promptly repair existing improvements and utilities ~~(1) at or near the work site, and (2) on adjacent~~ on adjacent property of a third party, ~~the locations of which are made known to or should be known by the Contractor, and on or near transportation paths and routes.~~ The Contractor shall repair any damage ~~to those facilities,~~ including those that are the property of a third party, ~~resulting from failure to comply with the requirements of this contract or failure to exercise reasonable care in performing the work.~~

If the Contractor fails or refuses to repair the damage promptly, the Contracting Officer may have ~~the necessary~~ the necessary work performed and charge the cost to the Contractor.

(End of clause)

#### 52.236-10 Operations and Storage Areas.

As prescribed in 36.101-7(a), insert the following clause:

##### Operations and Storage Areas (~~Apr 1984~~ Date)

The Contractor shall confine all activities and operations ~~(including storage of materials)~~ on Government premises ~~site~~ to areas ~~authorized or~~ authorized or approved by ~~the Contracting~~ the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall hold and save the Government, its officers and agents, free and harmless from liability of any nature occasioned by the ~~Contractor's~~ Contractor's performance.

Temporary buildings (e.g., storage sheds, shops, offices) and utilities may be erected by the Contractor only with the approval of the Contracting Officer and shall be built with labor and materials furnished by the Contractor without expense to the Government. The temporary buildings and utilities shall remain the property of the Contractor and shall be removed by the Contractor at its expense upon completion of the work. With the written consent of the Contracting Officer, the buildings and utilities may be abandoned and need not be removed.

##### (1) Temporary buildings (e.g., storage sheds, shops, offices) and utilities—

May be erected by the Contractor only with the approval of the Contracting Officer; and

Shall only be built with labor and materials furnished by the Contractor without additional expense to the Government.

The temporary buildings and utilities are the property of the Contractor and shall, under regulations be removed by the Contractor at its expense upon completion of the work.

The temporary buildings and utilities may be abandoned and need not be removed, with written consent of the Contracting Officer.

(c) The Contractor shall, as prescribed by the Contracting Officer, use only established roadways, or ~~use temporary~~ use temporary roadways constructed by the Contractor when and as authorized by the

Contracting Officer. When materials are transported in prosecuting the work, vehicles shall not be loaded beyond the loading capacity recommended by the manufacturer of the vehicle or prescribed by any Federal, State, or local law or regulation. ~~When it is necessary to cross curbs or sidewalks, the Contractor shall protect them from damage. The Contractor shall repair or pay for the repair of any damaged curbs, sidewalks, or roads.~~

(End of clause)

#### 52.236-11 Use and Possession Prior to Completion.

As prescribed in ~~36.101-7(d)~~, insert the following clause:

Use and Possession Prior to Completion (~~Apr 1984~~Date)

(a) The Government ~~shall have~~has the right to take possession of or use any completed or partially completed part of the work.

Before taking possession of or using any work, the Contracting Officer ~~shall~~will furnish the Contractor a list ~~of items~~of items of work remaining to be performed or corrected on those portions of the work that the Government intends to take possession of or use.

~~However,~~ Failure of the Contracting Officer to list any item of work shall not relieve the Contractor of ~~responsibility for~~responsibility for complying with the terms of the contract.

The ~~Government's~~Government's possession or use shall not be deemed an acceptance of any work under the contract.

(b)

While the Government has such possession or use, the Contractor ~~shall be~~is relieved of the responsibility for the ~~loss of or~~loss of or damage to the work resulting from the Government's possession or use, notwithstanding the terms of the clause in this contract entitled ~~"Permits and Responsibilities."~~

If prior possession or use by the Government delays the progress of the work or causes additional expense ~~to the~~to the Contractor, an equitable adjustment shall be made in the contract price or the time of completion, and the contract shall be modified in writing accordingly.

(End of clause)

#### 52.236-12 Cleaning Up.

As prescribed in ~~36.101-7(a)~~, insert the following clause:

Cleaning Up (~~Apr 1984~~Date)

The Contractor shall ~~at all times~~ keep the work area, including storage areas, ~~free from~~in a clean, neat, orderly condition, and free from accumulations of waste materials.

Before completing the work, the Contractor shall remove from the ~~work and premises~~site any rubbish, tools, scaffolding, equipment, and materials that are not the property of the Government.

~~Upon completing the work, the Contractor shall leave the work area in a clean, neat, and orderly condition satisfactory to the Contracting Officer.~~ (End of clause)

52.236-13 Accident Prevention.

As prescribed in ~~36.101-7(e)~~, insert the following clause:

Accident Prevention (~~Nov 1991~~Date)

(a) The Contractor shall provide and maintain work environments and procedures ~~which will~~ that—

Safeguard the public and Government personnel, property, materials, supplies, and equipment exposed ~~to Contractor operations~~ to Contractor operations and activities;

Avoid interruptions of Government operations and delays in project completion dates; and

Control costs in the performance of this contract.

(b) ~~For these purposes on~~ In addition, for contracts for construction or dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements, the Contractor shall ~~—~~

Provide appropriate safety barricades, signs, and signal lights;

Comply with the standards issued by the Secretary of Labor at 29 CFR Part 1926 and 29 CFR Part 1910 ; and

Ensure that any additional measures the Contracting Officer determines to be reasonably necessary for ~~the purposes are taken~~ the purposes are taken.

If this contract is for construction or dismantling, demolition or removal of improvements with ~~any Department of Defense~~ any Department of Defense agency or component, the Contractor shall comply with all pertinent provisions of the latest version of U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Safety and Health Requirements Manual, EM 385-1-1, in effect on the date of the solicitation.

Whenever the Contracting Officer becomes aware of any noncompliance with these requirements or ~~any condition which~~ any condition which poses a serious or imminent danger to the health or safety of the public or Government personnel, the Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor orally, with written confirmation, and request immediate initiation of corrective action. This notice, when delivered to the Contractor or the Contractor's representative at the work site, shall be deemed sufficient notice of the noncompliance and that corrective action is required. After receiving the notice, the Contractor shall immediately take corrective action. If the Contractor fails or refuses to promptly take corrective action, the Contracting Officer may issue an order stopping all or part of the work until satisfactory corrective action has been taken. ~~The Contractor shall not be entitled to any equitable adjustment of the contract price or extension of the performance schedule on any stop work order issued under this clause.~~

If the Contracting Officer becomes aware of any noncompliance with these requirements or any condition that poses a serious or imminent danger to the health or safety of the public or Government personnel, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor orally, with written confirmation, and request immediate initiation of corrective action.

This notice, when delivered to the Contractor or the Contractor's representative at the work site, shall be deemed sufficient notice of the noncompliance and that corrective action is required.

After receiving the notice, the Contractor shall immediately take corrective action.

If the Contractor fails or refuses to promptly take corrective action, the Contracting Officer may issue an order stopping all or part of the work until satisfactory corrective action has been taken.

The Contractor shall not be entitled to any equitable adjustment of the contract price or extension of ~~the performance~~the performance schedule on any stop-work order issued under this clause.

The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e), ~~with appropriate changes in the designation of the parties,~~ in subcontracts.

(End of clause)

Alternate I ( Nov 1991). If the contract will involve (a) work of a long duration or hazardous nature, or (b) performance on a Government facility that on the advice of technical representatives involves hazardous materials or operations that might endanger the safety of the public and/or Government personnel or property, add the following paragraph (f) to the basic clause:

Before commencing the work, the Contractor shall-

Submit a written proposed plan for implementing this clause. The plan shall include an analysis of ~~the significant hazards~~the significant hazards to life, limb, and property inherent in contract work performance and a plan for controlling these hazards; and

Meet with representatives of the Contracting Officer to discuss and develop a mutual understanding ~~relative to administration~~relative to administration of the overall safety program.

52.236-14 Availability and Use of Utility Services.

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price construction contract or a fixed-price dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements contract is contemplated, the contract is to be performed on Government sites when the contracting officer decides (a) that the existing utility system is adequate for the needs of both the Government and the contractor, and (b) furnishing it is in the Government's interest. When this clause is used, the contracting officer shall list the available utilities in the contract.~~

As prescribed in 36.101-7(f), insert the following clause:

Availability and Use of Utility Services (~~Apr 1984~~Date)

The Government ~~shall will~~ make all reasonably required ~~amounts of~~ utilities available to the Contractor from existing outlets and supplies, as specified in the contract. ~~Unless otherwise provided in the contract, the amount of each utility service consumed shall be charged to or paid for by the Contractor at prevailing rates charged to the Government or, where the utility is produced by the Government, at reasonable rates determined by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall carefully conserve any utilities furnished without charge.~~

Unless otherwise provided in the contract, the Contractor shall pay for all utility costs.

The Contractor, at its expense and in a workmanlike manner ~~satisfactory to the Contracting Officer~~, shall install ~~and maintain~~ and maintain all ~~necessary temporary~~ necessary temporary connections ~~and~~, distribution lines, and all meters required to measure the amount of each utility used for the purpose of determining charges.

Before final acceptance ~~of the work~~ by the Government, the Contractor shall remove ~~all~~ the temporary connections, distribution lines, meters, and associated paraphernalia.

(End of clause)

52.236-15 Schedules for Construction Contracts.

As prescribed in ~~36.101-7(g)~~, insert the following clause:

Schedules for Construction Contracts (~~Apr 1984~~ Date)

~~The Contractor shall,~~ (a)

Within five days after the work commences on the contract or another period of time ~~determined by the Contracting Officer~~ determined by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Contracting Officer for approval ~~three copies of~~ a practicable schedule showing the order in which the Contractor proposes to perform the work, and the dates on which the Contractor contemplates starting and completing the ~~several salient features of the~~ work (including acquiring materials, plant, and equipment).

The schedule shall be in the form of a progress chart of suitable scale to indicate appropriately the ~~percentage of~~ percentage of work scheduled for completion by any given date during the period. ~~If the Contractor fails to submit a schedule within the time prescribed, the Contracting Officer may withhold approval of progress payments until the Contractor submits the required schedule.~~

If the Contractor fails to submit a schedule within the time prescribed, the Contracting Officer may withhold approval of progress payments until the Contractor submits the required schedule.

The Contractor shall enter continually update the actual progress on the chart in the schedule and shall submit it to the Contracting Officer by the means prescribed in the contract for transmittals or as directed by the Contracting Officer, ~~and upon doing so shall immediately deliver three copies of the annotated schedule to the Contracting Officer. If, in the opinion of the~~

~~Contracting Officer, the Contractor falls behind the approved schedule, the Contractor shall take steps necessary to improve its progress, including those that may be required by the Contracting Officer, without additional cost to the Government. In this circumstance, the Contracting Officer may require the Contractor to increase the number of shifts, overtime operations, days of work, and/or the amount of construction plant, and to submit for approval any supplementary schedule or schedules in chart form as the Contracting Officer deems necessary to demonstrate how the approved rate of progress will be regained.~~

Failure of the Contractor to comply with the requirements of the Contracting Officer under this clause ~~shall be grounds for~~ shall be grounds for a determination by the Contracting Officer that the Contractor is not prosecuting the work with sufficient diligence to ensure completion within the time specified in the contract. Upon making

this determination, the Contracting Officer may terminate the Contractor's right to proceed with the work, or any separable part of it, in accordance with the default terms of this contract.

If the Contractor falls behind the approved schedule, the Contractor shall take steps necessary to recover lost time and execute in accordance with the approved schedule, without additional cost to the Government.

Such steps may include increasing the number of shifts, overtime operations, days of work, and/or the amount of construction plant.

The Contractor shall submit, for approval, supplementary schedule(s) that demonstrate how the lost time will be recovered.

(d) If the Contractor does not recover the lost time, the Contracting Officer may determine that the Contractor is not prosecuting the work with sufficient diligence to ensure completion within the time specified in the contract. Upon making this determination, the Contracting Officer may terminate the Contractor's right to proceed with the work, or any separable part of it, in accordance with the default terms of this contract.

(End of clause)

#### 52.236-16 Quantity Surveys.

As prescribed in ~~the contracting officer may~~ 36.101-7(h), insert the following clause ~~in solicitations and contracts when:~~

##### Quantity Surveys (Date)

~~(a fixed price construction contract providing for unit pricing of items and for payment based on)~~ Quantity surveys ~~is contemplated:~~

##### ~~Quantity Surveys (Apr 1984)~~

~~Quantity surveys~~ shall be conducted, and the data derived from these surveys shall be used in computing the ~~quantities of~~ quantities of work performed and the actual construction completed and in place.

(1) The Government ~~shall~~ will conduct the original and final surveys and make the computations based on them.

(2)

The ~~Contractor shall~~ Contractor shall conduct the surveys for any periods for which progress payments are requested and ~~shall make~~ shall make the computations based on these surveys.

All surveys conducted by the Contractor shall be conducted under the direction of a representative of ~~the Contracting~~ the Contracting Officer, unless the Contracting Officer waives this requirement in a specific instance.

~~Promptly~~ Upon completing a survey, the Contractor shall ~~furnish~~ promptly provide the originals of all field notes and all ~~other records relating~~ other records relating to the survey or to the layout of the work to the Contracting Officer, ~~who shall use them as necessary~~ which may be used by the Contracting Officer to determine the amount of progress payments.



Upon completing a survey, the Contractor shall ~~retain copies~~ promptly provide the originals of all ~~such material furnished~~ field notes and all other records relating to the survey or to the layout of the work to the Contracting Officer, which may be used by the Contracting Officer to determine the amount of progress payments.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If it is determined at a level above that of the Contracting Officer that it is impracticable for Government personnel to perform the original and final surveys, and the Government wishes the Contractor to perform these surveys, substitute the following paragraph (b) for paragraph (b) of the basic clause:

(b) The Contractor shall conduct the original and final surveys and surveys for any periods for which progress payments are requested. All these surveys shall be conducted under the direction of a representative of the Contracting Officer, unless the Contracting Officer waives this requirement in a specific instance. The Government shall make such computations as are necessary to determine the quantities of work performed or finally in place. The Contractor shall make the computations based on the surveys for any periods for which progress payments are requested.

52.236-17 Layout of Work.

As prescribed in 36.101-7(i), insert the following clause ~~in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price construction contract is contemplated and use of this clause is appropriate due to a need for accurate work layout and for siting verification during work performance:~~

Layout of Work (~~Apr 1984~~ Date)

The Contractor shall lay out its work from Government established base lines and bench marks indicated on the drawings, and shall be responsible for all measurements in connection with the layout. The Contractor shall furnish, at its own expense, all stakes, templates, platforms, equipment, tools, materials, and labor required to lay out any part of the work. The Contractor shall be responsible for executing the work to the lines and grades that may be established or indicated by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall also be responsible for maintaining and preserving all stakes and other marks established by the Contracting Officer until authorized to remove them. If such marks are destroyed by the Contractor or through its negligence before their removal is authorized, the Contracting Officer may replace them and deduct the expense of the replacement from any amounts due or to become due to the Contractor.

The Contractor shall lay out its work from Government-established base lines and benchmarks provided on the drawings.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all measurements in connection with the layout.

The Contractor shall furnish, at its own expense, all stakes, templates, platforms, equipment, tools, materials, and labor required for the layout.

The Contractor shall be responsible for executing the work to the lines and grades that may be established or indicated by the Contracting Officer.

(e)

The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining and preserving all stakes and other marks established by the Contracting Officer until authorized to remove them.

If such marks are destroyed by the Contractor, the Contracting Officer may replace them and deduct the expense of the replacement from any amounts due or to become due to the Contractor.

(End of clause)

#### 52.236-18 Work Oversight in Cost-Reimbursement Construction Contracts.

As prescribed in [36.101-7\(i\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when cost-reimbursement construction contracts are contemplated:

##### Work Oversight in Cost-Reimbursement Construction Contracts (Apr 1984)

The extent and character of the work to be done by the Contractor shall be subject to the general supervision, direction, control, and approval of the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

#### 52.236-19 ~~Organization and Direction of the Work.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a cost reimbursement construction contract is contemplated:~~

##### ~~Organization and Direction of the Work (Apr 1984)~~

~~When this contract is executed, the Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer a chart showing the general executive and administrative organization, the personnel to be employed in connection with the work under this contract, and their respective duties. The Contractor shall keep the data furnished current by supplementing it as additional information becomes available.~~

~~Work performance under this contract shall be under the full-time resident direction of (1) the Contractor, if the Contractor is an individual; (2) one or more principal partners, if the Contractor is a partnership; or (3) one or more senior officers, if Contractor is a corporation, association, or similar legal entity. However, if the Contracting Officer approves, the Contractor may be represented in the direction of the work by a specific person or persons holding positions other than those identified in this paragraph.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

#### 52.236-20 [Reserved]

#### 52.236-21 Specifications and Drawings for Construction.

As prescribed in [36.101-7\(k\)](#), insert the following clause:

##### Specifications and Drawings for Construction (~~Feb 1997~~ [Date](#))

The Contractor shall keep ~~on~~ [at](#) the ~~work~~ site a copy of the drawings and specifications and shall at all times give the Contracting Officer access thereto.

Anything mentioned in the specifications and not shown on the drawings, or shown on the drawings and ~~not mentioned~~not mentioned in the specifications, shall be of like effect as if shown or mentioned in both.

In case of difference between drawings and specifications, the specifications shall govern.

In case of discrepancy in the figures, in the drawings, or in the specifications, the matter shall be ~~promptly submitted~~promptly submitted to the Contracting Officer, who shall promptly make a determination in writing.

Any adjustment by the Contractor without such a determination shall be at its own risk and expense.

(c) The Contracting Officer ~~shall~~will furnish from time to time such detailed drawings and other information as considered necessary, unless otherwise provided.

~~Wherever in the specifications or upon the drawings the words "~~(d)

~~Words, such as, "directed," "required," "ordered," "designated,"~~

~~"prescribed,"~~ or words of like import when used, in the specifications or on the drawings are ~~used, it shall be understood that intended to mean~~ the ~~"direction," "requirement," "order,"~~

~~"designation," or "prescription,"~~ of the Contracting Officer ~~is intended and similarly the words "~~

~~Words, such as, "approved," "acceptable,"~~

~~"satisfactory,"~~ or words of like import shall mean ~~"approved by," "acceptable to," or "satisfactory to"~~ the Contracting Officer, unless otherwise expressly stated.

Where ~~"as shown," "as indicated," "as detailed,"~~ or words of similar import are used, it shall be ~~understood that the reference~~understood that the reference is made to the drawings accompanying this contract unless stated otherwise. The word ~~"provided"~~ as used herein shall be understood to mean ~~"provide complete in place,"~~ that is ~~"furnished and installed."~~

Shop drawings means drawings, submitted to the Government by the Contractor, subcontractor, or any ~~lower tier subcontractor~~lower tier subcontractor pursuant to a construction contract, showing in detail (1) the proposed fabrication and assembly of structural elements, and (2) the installation (i.e., form, fit, and attachment details) of materials or equipment. It includes drawings, diagrams, layouts, schematics, descriptive literature, illustrations, schedules, performance and test data, and similar materials furnished by the contractor to explain in detail specific portions of the work required by the contract. The Government may duplicate, use, and disclose in any manner and for any purpose shop drawings delivered under this contract.

(g)

If this contract requires shop drawings, the Contractor shall coordinate all such drawings, and review ~~them~~for them for accuracy, completeness, and compliance with contract requirements and shall indicate its approval thereon as evidence of such coordination and review.

Shop drawings submitted to the Contracting Officer without evidence of the ~~Contractor's~~Contractor's approval may ~~be returned~~be returned for resubmission.

(h) The Contracting Officer will indicate an approval or disapproval of the shop drawings and if not approved as submitted shall indicate the ~~Government's reasons therefor. Any work done before such approval shall be at the Contractor's risk. Approval by the Contracting Officer shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for any errors or omissions in such drawings, nor from responsibility for complying with the requirements of this contract, except with respect to variations described and approved in accordance with (f) of this clause~~Government's reasons therefor.

Any work done before such approval shall be at the Contractor's risk.

Approval by the Contracting Officer shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for any errors or omissions in such drawings, nor from responsibility for complying with the requirements of this contract, except with respect to variations described and approved in accordance with paragraph (i) of this clause.

(i)

If shop drawings show variations from the contract requirements, the Contractor shall describe ~~such variations in writing~~such variations in writing, separate from the drawings, at the time of submission.

If the Contracting Officer approves any such variation, the Contracting Officer ~~shall~~will issue an ~~appropriate contract~~appropriate contract modification, except that, if the variation is minor or does not involve a change in price or in time of performance, a modification need not be issued.

(j) The Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer for approval four copies (unless otherwise indicated) of all ~~shop drawings~~shop drawings as called for under the various headings of these specifications. Three sets (unless otherwise indicated) of all shop drawings, will be retained by the Contracting Officer and one set will be returned to the Contractor.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). When record shop drawings are required and reproducible shop drawings are needed, add the following sentences to paragraph (g) of the basic clause:

Upon completing the work under this contract, the Contractor shall furnish a complete set of all shop drawings as finally approved. These drawings shall show all changes and revisions made up to the time the equipment is completed and accepted.

Alternate II (Apr 1984). When record shop drawings are required and reproducible shop drawings are not needed, the following sentences shall be added to paragraph (g) of the basic clause:

Upon completing the work under this contract, the Contractor shall furnish \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer complete by inserting desired amount] sets of prints of all shop drawings as finally approved. These drawings shall show changes and revisions made up to the time the equipment is completed and accepted.

52.236-22 Design Within Funding Limitations.

As prescribed in ~~(e36.102-4(a))~~, insert the following clause:

Design Within Funding Limitations (~~Apr 1984~~Date)

(a) The Contractor shall accomplish the design services required under this contract ~~so as to~~ permit the award of a contract, using standard Federal Acquisition Regulation procedures for the construction of the facilities designed at a price that does not exceed the estimated construction contract price as set forth in paragraph (e) of this clause.

When bids or proposals for the construction contract are received that exceed the estimated price, ~~the contractor~~ the Contractor shall perform such redesign and other services as are necessary to permit contract award within the funding limitation.

These additional services shall be performed at no increase in the price of this contract.

~~However,~~ The Contractor shall not be required to perform such additional services at no cost to the Government if ~~the unfavorable~~ the unfavorable bids or proposals are the result of conditions beyond its reasonable control.

(b) The Contractor will promptly ~~advise~~ provide written notice to the Contracting Officer if it finds that the project ~~being designed~~ will exceed or ~~is likely~~ is likely to exceed the funding limitations and it is unable to design a usable facility within these limitations.

Upon receipt of such ~~information~~ written notice, the Contracting Officer will review the ~~Contractor's~~ Contractor's revised estimate ~~of construction~~ of construction cost.

The Government may, if it determines that the estimated construction contract price set forth in this ~~contract~~ is contract is so low that award of a construction contract not in excess of such estimate is improbable, ~~it~~ it

Authorize a change in scope or materials as required to reduce the estimated construction cost to an ~~amount~~ amount within ~~the estimated construction contract price set forth in paragraph (e) of this clause,~~ or

The Government may adjust such estimated construction contract price.

When bids or proposals are not solicited or are unreasonably delayed, the Government shall prepare ~~an~~ an estimate ~~estimate~~ of constructing the design submitted and such estimate shall be used in lieu of bids or proposals to determine compliance with the funding limitation.

The estimated construction contract price for the project described in this contract is \$\_\_\_\_\_.

(End of clause)

52.236-23 Responsibility of the Architect-Engineer Contractor.

As prescribed in {36.102-4(b)}, insert the following clause:

Responsibility of the Architect-Engineer Contractor (Apr 1984)

The Contractor shall be responsible for the professional quality, technical accuracy, and the coordination ~~of~~ of all ~~of all~~ designs, drawings, specifications, and other services furnished by the Contractor under this contract.

The Contractor shall, without additional compensation, correct or revise any errors or deficiencies in ~~its~~ its designs ~~its designs~~, drawings, specifications, and other services.

Neither the Government's review, approval or acceptance of, nor payment for, the services required ~~under this contract shall~~under this contract shall be construed to operate as a waiver of any rights under this contract or of any cause of action arising out of the performance of this contract,~~and~~.

The Contractor shall be and remain liable to the Government<sup>2</sup> in accordance with applicable law<sup>2</sup> for ~~all damages~~all damages to the Government caused by the Contractor's negligent performance of any of the services ~~furnished~~provided under this contract.

The rights and remedies of the Government provided for under this contract are in addition to any other ~~rights and remedies~~rights and remedies provided by law.

If the Contractor is comprised of more than one legal entity, each such entity shall be jointly and ~~severally liable hereunder~~severally liable hereunder.

(End of clause)

#### 52.236-24 Work Oversight in Architect-Engineer Contracts.

As prescribed in ~~7~~36.102-4(c), insert the following clause:

##### Work Oversight in Architect-Engineer Contracts (Apr 1984)

The extent and character of the work to be done by the Contractor shall be subject to the general oversight, supervision, direction, control, and approval of the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

#### 52.236-25 Requirements for Registration of Designers.

As prescribed in ~~7~~36.102-4(d), insert the following clause:

##### Requirements for Registration of Designers (June 2003)

Architects or engineers registered to practice in the particular professional field involved in a State, the District of Columbia, or an outlying area of the United States shall prepare or review and approve the design of architectural, structural, mechanical, electrical, civil, or other engineering features of the work.

(End of clause)

#### 52.236-26 ~~Preconstruction Conference~~[Reserved]

~~As prescribed in 7, insert the following clause:~~

##### ~~Preconstruction Conference (Feb 1995)~~

~~If the Contracting Officer decides to conduct a preconstruction conference, the successful offeror will be notified and will be required to attend. The Contracting Officer's notification will include specific details regarding the date, time, and location of the conference, any need for attendance by subcontractors, and information regarding the items to be discussed. (End of clause)~~

52.236-27 ~~Site Visit (Construction)~~, [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in , insert a provision substantially the same as the following:

~~Site Visit (Construction) (Feb 1995)~~

~~The clauses at 52.236-2, Differing Site Conditions, and 52.236-3, Site Investigations and Conditions Affecting the Work, will be included in any contract awarded as a result of this solicitation. Accordingly, offerors or quoters are urged and expected to inspect the site where the work will be performed.~~

Site visits may be arranged during normal duty hours by contacting:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Telephone: \_\_\_\_\_

~~(End of Provision)~~

~~Alternate I (Feb 1995). If an organized site visit will be conducted, substitute a paragraph substantially the same as the following for paragraph (b) of the basic provision: (b) An organized site visit has been scheduled for~~

\_\_\_\_\_ [Insert date and time]

~~Participants will meet at-~~

\_\_\_\_\_ [Insert location]

52.236-28 ~~Preparation of Proposals Construction~~, [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in , insert the following provision:

~~Preparation of Proposals Construction (Oct 1997)~~

~~Proposals must be (1) submitted on the forms furnished by the Government or on copies of those forms; and (2) manually signed. The person signing a proposal must initial each erasure or change appearing on any proposal form.~~

~~The proposal form may require offerors to submit proposed prices for one or more items on various bases, including-~~

~~Lump sum price;~~

~~Alternate prices;~~

~~Units of construction; or~~

~~Any combination of paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(3) of this provision.~~

~~If the solicitation requires submission of a proposal on all items, failure to do so may result in the proposal being rejected without further consideration. If a proposal on all items is not required, offerors should insert the words "no proposal" in the space provided for any item on which no price is submitted.~~

~~Alternate proposals will not be considered unless this solicitation authorizes their submission. (End of provision)~~

52.237 [Reserved]

52.237-1 Site Visit.

As prescribed in [37.802-5\(a\)](#), insert the following provision:

Site Visit (Apr 1984)

Offerors or quoters are urged and expected to inspect the site where services are to be performed and to satisfy themselves regarding all general and local conditions that may affect the cost of contract performance, to the extent that the information is reasonably obtainable. In no event shall failure to inspect the site constitute grounds for a claim after contract award.

(End of provision)

52.237-2 Protection of Government Buildings, Equipment, and Vegetation.

As prescribed in [37.802-5\(b\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for services to be performed on Government installations, unless a construction contract is contemplated:

Protection of Government Buildings, Equipment, and Vegetation (Apr 1984)

The Contractor shall use reasonable care to avoid damaging existing buildings, equipment, and vegetation on the Government installation. If the Contractor's failure to use reasonable care causes damage to any of this property, the Contractor shall replace or repair the damage at no expense to the Government as the Contracting Officer directs. If the Contractor fails or refuses to make such repair or replacement, the Contractor shall be liable for the cost, which may be deducted from the contract price.

(End of clause)

52.237-3 Continuity of Services.

As prescribed in [37.802-5\(c\)](#), insert the following clause:

Continuity of Services (Jan 1991)

(a) The Contractor recognizes that the services under this contract are vital to the Government and must be continued without interruption and that, upon contract expiration, a successor, either the Government or another contractor, may continue them. The Contractor agrees to ~~(1) Furnish phase-in training; and~~

~~(2) [Furnish phase-in training; and](#)~~

Exercise its best efforts and cooperation to effect an orderly and efficient transition to a successor.



The Contractor shall, upon the Contracting Officer's written notice, (1) furnish phase-in, phase-out ~~services~~ ~~for services for~~ up to ~~90 days~~ 90 days after this contract expires and (2) negotiate in good faith a plan with a successor to determine the nature and extent of phase-in, phase-out services required. The plan shall specify a training program and a date for transferring responsibilities for each division of work described in the plan, and shall be subject to the Contracting Officer's approval. The Contractor shall provide sufficient experienced personnel during the ~~phase-in~~ phase in, phase-out period to ensure that the services called for by this contract are maintained at the required level of proficiency.

The Contractor shall allow as many personnel as practicable to remain on the job to help the ~~successor maintain the continuity~~ successor maintain the continuity and consistency of the services required by this contract. The Contractor also shall disclose necessary personnel records and allow the successor to conduct on-site interviews with these employees. If selected employees are agreeable to the change, the Contractor shall release them at a mutually agreeable date and negotiate transfer of their earned fringe benefits to the successor.

The Contractor shall be reimbursed for all reasonable phase-in, phase-out costs (i.e., costs incurred within the agreed period after contract expiration that result from phase-in, phase-out operations) and a fee (profit) not to exceed a pro rata portion of the fee (profit) under this contract. (End of clause)

~~(End of clause)~~

#### 52.237-4 Payment by Government to Contractor.

As prescribed in 37.701-4(a), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts solely for dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements whenever the contracting officer determines that the Government shall make payment to the contractor in addition to any title to property that the contractor may receive under the contract:

##### Payment by Government to Contractor (Apr 1984)

In \_\_\_\_\_ [insert "full" if Alternate I is used; otherwise insert "partial"] consideration of the performance of the work called for in the Schedule, the Government will pay to the Contractor \_\_\_\_\_ [fill in amount].

The Government shall make progress payments monthly as the work proceeds, or at more frequent ~~intervals~~ ~~as determined~~ intervals as determined by the Contracting Officer, on estimates approved by the Contracting Officer. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this clause, in making progress payments the Contracting Officer shall retain 10 percent of the estimated payment until final completion and acceptance of the contract work. However, if the Contracting Officer finds that satisfactory progress was achieved during any period for which a progress payment is to be made, the Contracting Officer may authorize such payment in full, without retaining a percentage. Also, on completion and acceptance of each unit or division for which the price is stated separately, the Contracting Officer may authorize full payment for that unit or division without retaining a percentage.

When the work is substantially completed, the Contracting Officer shall retain an amount ~~considered adequate~~ considered adequate for ~~the protection~~ the protection of the Government and, at the Contracting Officer's discretion, may release all or a portion of any excess amount.

In further consideration of performance, the Contractor shall receive title to all property to be dismantled ~~or demolished that~~ or demolished that is not specifically designated as being retained by the Government. The title shall vest in the Contractor immediately upon the Government's issuing the notice of award, or if a performance

bond is to be furnished after award, upon the Government's issuance of a notice to proceed with the work. The Government shall not be responsible for the condition of, or any loss or damage to, the property. If the Contractor does not wish to remove from the site any of the property acquired, the Contracting Officer may, upon written request, grant the Contractor permission to leave the property on the premises. As a condition to the granting of this permission, the Contractor agrees to waive any right, title, claim, or interest in and to the property.

Upon completion and acceptance of all work and receipt of a properly executed voucher, the ~~Government shall make final~~ Government shall make final payment of the amount due the Contractor under this contract. If requested, the Contractor shall release all claims against the Government arising under this contract, other than any claims the Contractor specifically excepts, in stated amounts, from operation of this release.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the contracting officer determines that the Government shall retain all material resulting from the dismantling or demolition work, delete paragraph (d) from the basic clause and renumber the remaining paragraphs.

#### 52.237-5 Payment by Contractor to Government.

As prescribed in 37.701-4(b), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements whenever the contractor is to receive title to dismantled or demolished property and a net amount of compensation is due to the Government, except if the contracting officer determines that it would be advantageous to the Government for the contractor to pay in increments and the Government to transfer title to the contractor for increments of property only upon receipt of those payments:

##### Payment by Contractor to Government (Apr 1984)

The Contractor shall receive title to all property to be dismantled, demolished, or removed under this ~~contract and not specifically~~ contract and not specifically designated in the Schedule as being retained by the Government. The title shall vest in the Contractor immediately upon the Government's issuing the notice of award, or if a performance bond is to be furnished, upon the Government's issuing a notice to proceed with the work. The Government shall not be responsible for the condition of, or any loss or damage to, the property.

The Contractor shall promptly remove from the site all property acquired by the Contractor. The ~~Government shall not permit~~ Government shall not permit storage of property on the site beyond the completion date. If the Contractor does not wish to remove from the site any of the property acquired, the Contracting Officer may, upon written request, grant the Contractor permission to leave the property on the premises. As a condition of the granting of the permission, the Contractor agrees to waive any right, title, claim, or interest in and to the property.

The Contractor shall perform the work called for under this contract and within \_\_\_\_\_ days of receipt of notice of award, unless otherwise provided in the Schedule and before proceeding with the work, shall pay \_\_\_\_\_ [fill in amount]. Checks shall be made payable to the office designated in the contract and shall be forwarded to the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.237-6 Incremental Payment by Contractor to Government.

As prescribed in [37.701-4\(c\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements (a) if the Contractor is to receive title to dismantled or demolished property and a net amount of compensation is due the Government; and (b) if the Contracting Officer determines that it would be advantageous to the Government for the Contractor to pay in increments, and for the

Government to transfer title to the Contractor for increments of property, only upon receipt of those payment:

Incremental Payment by Contractor to Government (Apr 1984)

The Contractor shall perform the work called for under this contract and within \_\_\_\_\_ days of receipt of notice of award, unless otherwise provided in the Schedule, and before proceeding with the work, shall pay \_\_\_\_\_ [fill in amount]. Thereafter, the Contractor shall make payment to the Government in the amount and frequency specified in the Schedule. Checks shall be made payable to the office designated in the contract and shall be forwarded to the Contracting Officer.

Upon the Government's receipt of each increment of payment, the Contractor shall receive title to ~~such property~~ [such property](#) as ~~the Contracting Officer~~ [the Contracting Officer](#) determines to be fair and reasonable for that increment of payment. Upon receipt of the Contractor's final payment, all title that has not passed to the Contractor shall vest in the Contractor, unless specifically designated in the Schedule as being retained by the Government. The Government shall not be responsible for the condition of, or any loss or damage to, the property.

The Contractor shall promptly remove from the site all property acquired by the Contractor. The ~~Government will not permit~~ [Government will not permit](#) storage of property on the site beyond the completion date. If the Contractor does not wish to remove from the site any of the property acquired, the Contracting Officer may, upon written request, grant the Contractor permission to leave the property on the premises. As a condition of the granting of this permission, the Contractor agrees to waive any right, title, claim, or interest in and to the property.

(End of clause)

52.237-7 Indemnification and Medical Liability Insurance.

As prescribed in [37.601-3](#), insert the following clause:

Indemnification and Medical Liability Insurance (~~Jan 1997~~ [Deviation Date](#))

It is expressly agreed and understood that this is a nonpersonal services contract, ~~as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR)~~

professional services rendered by the Contractor are rendered in its capacity as an independent contractor. The Government may evaluate the quality of professional and administrative services provided, but retains no control over professional aspects of the services rendered, including by example, the ~~Contractor's~~ [Contractor's](#) professional medical judgment, diagnosis, or specific medical treatments. The Contractor shall be solely liable for and expressly agrees to indemnify the Government with respect to any liability producing acts or omissions

by it or by its employees or agents. The Contractor shall maintain during the term of this contract liability insurance issued by a responsible insurance carrier of not less than the following amount(s) per specialty per occurrence: \*                     .

An apparently successful offeror, upon request by the Contracting Officer, shall furnish prior to ~~contract award~~ evidence of contract award evidence of its insurability concerning the medical liability insurance required by paragraph (a) of this clause.

Liability insurance may be on either an occurrences basis or on a claims-made basis. If the policy is on ~~a claims-made basis~~ a claims-made basis, an extended reporting endorsement (tail) for a period of not less than 3 years after the end of the contract term must also be provided.

Evidence of insurance documenting the required coverage for each health care provider who will ~~perform under this contract~~ perform under this contract shall be provided to the Contracting Officer prior to the commencement of services under this contract. If the insurance is on a claims-made basis and evidence of an extended reporting endorsement is not provided prior to the commencement of services, evidence of such endorsement shall be provided to the Contracting Officer prior to the expiration of this contract. Final payment under this contract shall be withheld until evidence of the extended reporting endorsement is provided to the Contracting Officer.

The policies evidencing required insurance shall also contain an endorsement to the effect that ~~any cancellation or material~~ any cancellation or material change adversely affecting the ~~Government's~~ Government's interest shall not be effective until 30 days after the insurer or the Contractor gives written notice to the Contracting Officer. If, during the performance period of the contract the Contractor changes insurance providers, the Contractor must provide evidence that the Government will be indemnified to the limits specified in paragraph (a) of this clause, for the entire period of the contract, either under the new policy, or a combination of old and new policies.

The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), in all subcontracts ~~under this contract~~ under this contract for health care services and shall require such subcontractors to provide evidence of and maintain insurance in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause. At least 5 days before the commencement of work by any subcontractor, the Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer evidence of such insurance.

~~\* Contracting Officer insert the dollar value(s) of standard coverage(s) prevailing within the local community as to the specific medical specialty, or specialties, concerned, or such higher amount as the Contracting Officer deems necessary to protect the Government's interests.~~

(End of clause)

52.237-8 Restriction on Severance Payments to Foreign Nationals.

As prescribed in [37.113-2\(a\)](#), use the following provision:

Restriction on Severance Payments to Foreign Nationals (~~Aug 2003~~ Deviation Date)

The Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), at ~~g~~ 31.205-6(f)(6), limits the cost allowability of ~~severance payments~~ severance payments to foreign nationals employed under a service contract performed outside the United States unless the agency grants a waiver pursuant to FAR [37.802-3](#) before contract award.

In making the determination concerning the granting of a waiver, the agency will determine that—

~~(1)~~ The application of the severance pay limitations to the contract would adversely affect the continuation of a ~~program~~ program, project, or activity that provides significant support services for—

(i) members of the armed forces stationed or deployed outside the United States; or (ii) employees of an executive agency posted outside the United States;

The Contractor has taken (or has established plans to take) appropriate actions within its control to ~~minimize the amount and~~ minimize the amount and number of incidents of the payment of severance pay to employees under the contract who are foreign nationals; and

The payment of severance pay is necessary in order to comply with a law that is generally applicable to a ~~significant number~~ significant number of businesses in the country in which the foreign national receiving the payment performed services under the contract, or is necessary to comply with a collective bargaining agreement.

(End of provision)

#### 52.237-9 Waiver of Limitation on Severance Payments to Foreign Nationals.

As prescribed in ~~b~~ 37.802-5(e), use the following clause:

Waiver of Limitation on Severance Payments to Foreign Nationals (~~Dec-2022~~ Deviation Date)

Pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 3744(b) or 41 U.S.C. 4304(b)(1), as applicable, the cost allowability limitations in FAR ~~(§31.205-6(f))~~ (6) are waived.

This clause may be incorporated into subcontracts issued under this contract, if approved by the ~~Contracting Officer~~ (Contracting Officer).

(End of clause)

#### 52.237-10 Identification of Uncompensated Overtime.

As prescribed in ~~37.802-5(f)~~ 37.802-5(f), insert the following provision:

Identification of Uncompensated Overtime (Mar 2015)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision—

Adjusted hourly rate (including uncompensated overtime) is the rate that results from multiplying the hourly rate for a ~~40-hour~~ 40-hour work week by 40, and then dividing by the proposed hours per week which includes uncompensated overtime hours over and above the standard 40-hour work week. For example, 45 hours proposed on a 40-hour work week basis at \$20 per hour would be converted to an uncompensated overtime rate of \$17.78 per hour (\$20.00 x 40 divided by 45 = \$17.78).

Uncompensated overtime means the hours worked without additional compensation in excess of an average of 40 hours per week by direct charge employees who are exempt from the Fair Labor Standards Act.

Compensated personal absences such as holidays, vacations, and sick leave shall be included in the normal work week for purposes of computing uncompensated overtime hours.

(b)

Whenever there is uncompensated overtime, the adjusted hourly rate (including uncompensated overtime), rather than the ~~hourly~~ hourly rate, shall be applied to all proposed hours, whether regular or overtime hours.

All proposed labor hours subject to the adjusted hourly rate (including uncompensated overtime) shall ~~be identified as either~~ be identified as either regular or overtime hours, by labor categories, and described at the same level of detail. This is applicable to all proposals whether the labor hours are at the prime or subcontract level. This includes uncompensated overtime hours that are in indirect cost pools for personnel whose regular hours are normally charged direct.

The offeror's accounting practices used to estimate uncompensated overtime must be consistent with its ~~cost accounting practices~~ cost accounting practices used to accumulate and report uncompensated overtime hours.

Proposals that include unrealistically low labor rates, or that do not otherwise demonstrate cost realism, ~~will be considered~~ will be considered in a risk assessment and will be evaluated for award in accordance with that assessment.

The offeror shall include a copy of its policy addressing uncompensated overtime with its proposal. (End of provision)

~~52.238 [Reserved]~~

52.239 [Reserved]

52.239-1 ~~Privacy or Security Safeguards~~, [Reserved]

~~As prescribed in , insert a clause substantially the same as the following:~~

~~Privacy or Security Safeguards (Aug 1996)~~

~~The Contractor shall not publish or disclose in any manner, without the Contracting Officer's written consent, the details of any safeguards either designed or developed by the Contractor under this contract or otherwise provided by the Government.~~

~~To the extent required to carry out a program of inspection to safeguard against threats and hazards to the security, integrity, and confidentiality of Government data, the Contractor shall afford the Government access to the Contractor's facilities, installations, technical capabilities, operations, documentation, records, and databases.~~

~~If new or unanticipated threats or hazards are discovered by either the Government or the Contractor, or if existing safeguards have ceased to function, the discoverer shall immediately bring the situation to the attention of the other party. (End of clause)~~

52.240 [Reserved]

52.240-1 ~~Prohibition on Unmanned Aircraft Systems Manufactured or Assembled by American~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

[52.240-90 Security Drone Act](#) ~~Covered Foreign Entities~~ [Prohibitions and Exclusions Representations and Certifications](#).

As prescribed in [40.205\(a\)](#), insert the following ~~clause~~ [provision](#):

~~Prohibition on Unmanned Aircraft Systems Manufactured or Assembled by American Security Drone Act- Covered Foreign~~

~~Entities (Nov 2024)~~

[Security Prohibitions and Exclusions Representations and Certifications \(Date\)](#)

(a) Definitions. As used in this ~~clause—~~ [provision—](#)

~~American Security Drone Act-Backhaul~~, covered ~~foreign entity~~ means an entity included on a list developed and maintained by the Federal Acquisition Security Council (FASC) ~~article~~, covered telecommunications equipment or services, critical technology, FASCSA order, Intelligence community, interconnection arrangements, national security system, roaming, sensitive compartmented information, sensitive compartmented information system, source, and substantial or essential component have the meanings provided in the clause 52.240-91, [Security Prohibitions and Exclusions](#).

Business operations means engaging in commerce in any form, including by acquiring, developing, maintaining, owning, selling, possessing, leasing, or operating equipment, facilities, personnel, products, services, personal property, real property, or any other apparatus of business or commerce.

Marginalized populations of Sudan means ~~—~~

[Adversely affected groups in regions authorized to receive assistance under section 8\(c\) of the Darfur Peace and Accountability Act \(Pub. L. 109-344\) \(50 U.S.C. 1701 note\); and](#)

Marginalized areas in Northern Sudan described in section 4(9) of such Act.

Restricted business operations means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate—

Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan;

[Are conducted under specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury](#), or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;

Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;

Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;

Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or

Have been voluntarily suspended.

Sensitive technology—

(1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically—

To restrict the free flow of unbiased information in Iran; or

To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict speech of the people of Iran; and

~~published~~ (2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702(b)(3)).

(b) Procedures.

Covered telecommunications and video surveillance. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) at <https://www.sam.gov> for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for “covered telecommunications equipment or services.”

FASCSA Orders.

The Offeror shall search in SAM for the phrase “FASCSA order” for any covered article, or any products or services produced or provided by a source, if there is an applicable FASCSA order described in paragraph (e) of FAR 52.240-91, Security Prohibitions and Exclusions.

The Offeror shall review the solicitation for any FASCSA orders that are not in SAM but are effective and apply to the solicitation and resultant contract (see FAR 40.204-1(c)(2)).

FASCSA orders issued after the date of solicitation do not apply unless added by an amendment to the solicitation.

(c) Covered telecommunications equipment or services representations. By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that, after conducting a reasonable inquiry (that looks at any information in the Offeror’s possession but does not need to include an internal or third-party audit)—

It will not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract or other contractual instrument resulting from this solicitation, except as waived by the solicitation, or as disclosed in paragraph (g); and

It does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or use any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services, except as waived by the solicitation, or as disclosed in paragraph (g).



FASCSA Representation. By submission of this offer, the offeror represents that it has conducted a reasonable inquiry, and that the offeror does not propose to provide or use in response to this solicitation any covered article, or any products or services produced or provided by a source, if the covered article or the source is prohibited by an applicable FASCSA order in effect on the date the solicitation was issued, except as waived by the solicitation, or as disclosed in paragraph (g). A reasonable inquiry will look at any information in the offeror's possession but does not need to include an internal or third-party audit.

Sudan certification. By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies, after conducting a reasonable inquiry (that looks at any information in the offeror's possession but does not need to include an internal or third-party audit), that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan.

#### Iran Representation and Certifications.

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision or if a waiver has been granted in accordance with FAR 40.203-3, the offeror, after conducting a reasonable inquiry (that looks at any information in the offeror's possession but does not need to include an internal or third-party audit), by submission of its offer—

Represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror does not export any sensitive technology to the government of Iran or any entities or individuals owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf or at the direction of, the government of Iran;

Certifies that the offeror, or any person (as defined at section 15 of the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-172, 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Act. These sanctioned activities are in the areas of development of the petroleum resources of Iran, production of refined petroleum products in Iran, sale and provision of refined petroleum products to Iran, and contributing to Iran's ability to acquire or develop certain weapons or technologies; and

Certifies that the offeror, and any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not knowingly engage in any transaction that exceeds \$15,000 with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates, the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency

Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) (see OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked

Persons List at <https://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/SDN-List/Pages/default.aspx> (section 1822 of the National

(2) Exception for trade agreements. The representation and certification requirements of paragraph (f)(1) of this provision do not apply if—

This solicitation includes a trade agreements notice or certification (e.g., 52.225-6, Trade Agreements Certificate); and

The offeror has certified that all the offered products to be supplied are designated country end products or designated country construction material.

The offeror shall email questions concerning sensitive technology to the Department of State at [CISADA106@state.gov](mailto:CISADA106@state.gov).

(g) Disclosure.

(1) If the Offeror is not able to represent compliance with the prohibitions in paragraphs (c) or (d), then the Offeror shall disclose within 72 hours to the contracting office identified in paragraph (g)(2) the following information for each product or service not compliant:

Contract number and order number, if applicable;

Identification of whether this disclosure relates to paragraph (c) on covered telecommunication equipment or services, or to paragraph (d) on FASCSA orders;

A description of the products or services that the Contractor identifies or has reason to suspect is prohibited (include brand; model number, such as the original equipment manufacturer (OEM) number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable);

The entity that produced the product or service (include entity name, unique entity identifier, Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) code, facilities responsible for design, fabrication, assembly, packaging, and test of the product, and whether the entity was the OEM or a distributor (provide manufacturer codes and distributor codes used for the product));

Description of the functionality of the product or service and how that functionality impacts the risk to the product or service;

An explanation of any factors relevant to determining if the product or service should be permitted by an applicable exception, exemption, or waiver (if the offeror would like the Government to consider a waiver);

(vii) Whether alternative products or services are available that would be compliant with the prohibition;

(viii) If the product or service is related to item maintenance, include the following information on the item being maintained:

Brand;

Model number, OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and

Item description, as applicable.

(ix) Any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.

(2) If a disclosure is required to be submitted to a contracting office, the offeror shall submit the disclosure as follows:

If a Department of Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024, Pub. L. 118-31, note prec.), contracting office, the offeror shall submit the disclosure to the website at <https://dibnet.dod.mil>.

For all other contracting offices, the Offeror shall submit the disclosure to the Contracting Officer.

(3) If the disclosure provided does not contain any of the information required by paragraph (1), and the Offeror later discovers new information that is required by paragraph (1), then the Offeror shall submit a subsequent disclosure within 72 hours of discovering the new information.

[\(h\) Executive agency review of disclosures. The Contracting Officer will review disclosures provided in paragraph \(g\) to determine if any applicable waiver may be sought. The Contracting Officer may choose not to pursue a waiver and may instead make an award to an Offeror that does not require a waiver.](#)

[\(End of provision\)](#)

[52.240-91 Security Prohibitions and Exclusions.](#)

[As prescribed in 40.205\(b\), insert the following clause:](#)

[Security Prohibitions and Exclusions \(Date\)](#)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

[American Security Drone Act-covered foreign entity means an entity included on a list that the Federal Acquisition Security Council \(FASC\) develops and maintains and publishes in the System for Award Management \(SAM\) at <https://www.sam.gov> \(section 1822 of Pub. L. 118-31, 41 U.S.C. 3901 note prec.\).](#)

Backhaul means intermediate links between the core network, or backbone network, and the small subnetworks at the edge of the network (e.g., connecting cell phones/towers to the core telephone network). Backhaul can be wireless (e.g., microwave) or wired (e.g., fiber optic, coaxial cable, Ethernet).

Covered application means the social networking service TikTok or any successor application or service developed or provided by ByteDance Limited or an entity owned by ByteDance Limited.

[Covered article, as defined in 41 U.S.C. 4713\(k\), means:](#)

[Information technology, as defined in 40 U.S.C. 11101, including cloud computing services of all types;](#)

[Telecommunications equipment or telecommunications service, as those terms are defined in section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934 \(47 U.S.C. 153\);](#)

[The processing of information on a Federal or non-Federal information system, subject to the requirements of the Controlled Unclassified Information program \(see 32 CFR part 2002\); or](#)

[Hardware, systems, devices, software, or services that include embedded or incidental information technology.](#)

Covered foreign country means The People's Republic of China.

Covered telecommunications equipment or services means—

[Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation \(or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities\);](#)

[For the purpose of public safety, security of Government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company \(or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities\);](#)

[Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment; or](#)

Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

Critical technology means—

Defense articles or defense services included on the United States Munitions List set forth in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations under subchapter M of chapter I of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations;

Items included on the Commerce Control List set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, and controlled—

Pursuant to multilateral regimes, including for reasons relating to national security, chemical and biological weapons proliferation, nuclear nonproliferation, or missile technology; or

For reasons relating to regional stability or surreptitious listening;

Specially designed and prepared nuclear equipment, parts and components, materials, software, and technology covered by part 810 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to assistance to foreign atomic energy activities);

Nuclear facilities, equipment, and material covered by part 110 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to export and import of nuclear equipment and material);

Select agents and toxins covered by part 331 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, part 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code; or

Emerging and foundational technologies controlled pursuant to section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4817).

FASC-prohibited unmanned aircraft ~~system means~~ system means an unmanned aircraft system manufactured or assembled by an American Security Drone Act—covered foreign entity.

FASCSA order means any of the following orders issued under the Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act (FASCSA) requiring removing covered articles from executive agency information systems or excluding one or more named sources or named covered articles from executive agency procurement actions, as described in 41 CFR 201-1.303(d) and (e):

The Secretary of Homeland Security may issue FASCSA orders that apply to civilian agencies, to the extent not covered by paragraph (2) or (3) of this definition. This type of FASCSA order may be referred to as a Department of Homeland Security (DHS) FASCSA order.

[The Secretary of Defense may issue FASCSA orders that apply to the Department of Defense \(DoD\) and national security systems other than sensitive compartmented information systems.](#) This type of FASCSA order may be referred to as a DoD FASCSA order.

[The Director of National Intelligence \(DNI\) may issue FASCSA orders that apply to the intelligence community and sensitive compartmented information systems, to the extent not covered by paragraph \(2\) of this definition.](#) This type of FASCSA order may be referred to as a DNI FASCSA order.

[Information technology, as defined in 40 U.S.C. 11101\(6\)—](#)

(1) Means any equipment or interconnected system or subsystem of equipment, used in the automatic acquisition, storage, analysis, evaluation, manipulation, management, movement, control, display, switching, interchange, transmission, or reception of data or information by the executive agency, if the equipment is used by the executive agency directly or is used by a contractor under a contract with the executive agency that requires the use—

Of that equipment; or

Of that equipment to a significant extent in the performance of a service or the furnishing of a product;

(2)

Includes computers, ancillary equipment (including imaging peripherals, input, output, and storage devices necessary for security and surveillance), peripheral equipment designed to be controlled by the central processing unit of a computer, software, firmware and similar procedures, services (including support services), and related resources; but

(3) Does not include any equipment acquired by a Federal contractor incidental to a Federal contract.

Intelligence community, as defined by 50 U.S.C. 3003(4), means the following—

The Office of the Director of National Intelligence;

The Central Intelligence Agency;

The National Security Agency;

The Defense Intelligence Agency;

The National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency;

The National Reconnaissance Office;

Other offices within the Department of Defense for the collection of specialized national intelligence through reconnaissance programs;

The intelligence elements of the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, the Marine Corps, the Coast Guard, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Drug Enforcement Administration, and the Department of Energy;

The Bureau of Intelligence and Research of the Department of State;

The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of the Treasury;

The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security; or

Such other elements of any department or agency as may be designated by the President, or designated jointly by the Director of National Intelligence and the head of the department or agency concerned, as an element of the intelligence community.

Interconnection arrangements means arrangements governing the physical connection of two or more networks to allow the use of another's network to hand off traffic where it is ultimately delivered (e.g., connecting a customer of telephone provider A to a customer of telephone company B) or sharing data and other information resources.

Kaspersky Lab-covered article means any hardware, software, or service that—

Is developed or provided by a Kaspersky Lab-covered entity;

Includes any hardware, software, or service developed or provided in whole or in part by a Kaspersky Lab-covered entity; or

Contains components using any hardware or software developed in whole or in part by a Kaspersky Lab-covered entity.

(2)

Kaspersky Lab-covered entity means—

(1) Kaspersky Lab;

Any successor entity to Kaspersky Lab, including any change in name, e.g., “Kaspersky”; (3) Any entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with Kaspersky Lab; or

(4) Any entity of which Kaspersky Lab has a majority ownership.

National security system, as defined in 44 U.S.C. 3552, means any information system (including any telecommunications system) used or operated by an agency or by a contractor of an agency, or other organization on behalf of an agency—

The function, operation, or use of which involves intelligence activities; involves cryptologic activities related to national security; involves command and control of military forces; involves equipment that is an integral part of a weapon or weapons system; or is critical to the direct fulfillment of military or intelligence missions, but does not include a system that is to be used for routine administrative and business applications (including payroll, finance, logistics, and personnel management applications); or

Is protected at all times by procedures established for information that have been specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order or an Act of Congress to be kept classified in the interest of national defense or foreign policy.

Roaming means cellular communications services (e.g., voice, video, data) received from a visited network when unable to connect to the facilities of the home network either because signal coverage is too weak or because traffic is too high.

Sensitive compartmented information means classified information concerning or derived from intelligence sources, methods, or analytical processes, which is required to be handled within formal access control systems established by the Director of National Intelligence.

Sensitive compartmented information system means a national security system authorized to process or store sensitive compartmented information.

Source means a non-Federal supplier, or potential supplier, of products or services, at any tier.

Subsidiary means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned directly by a parent corporation or through another subsidiary of a parent corporation.

Substantial or essential component means any component necessary for the proper function or performance of a piece of equipment, system, or service.

Unmanned ~~aircraft means~~ aircraft means an aircraft that is operated without the possibility of direct human intervention from within or on the aircraft ~~(49 U.S.C. 44801(11)).~~

Unmanned aircraft ~~system means~~ system means an unmanned aircraft and associated elements (including communication links and the components that control the unmanned aircraft) that are required for the operator to operate safely and efficiently in the national airspace system ~~(49 U.S.C. 44801(12)).~~

(2)

(b) Prohibitions on providing or using specific products or services in performance of contract. Unless a waiver or exception applies, the Contractor is prohibited from providing any products or services to the Government or using in the performance of the contract any of the following:

(1) A covered application on any information technology owned or managed by the Government, or on any information technology used or provided by the Contractor under this contract, including equipment provided by the Contractor's employees (section 102 of Division R of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 (Pub. L.

117-328));

A Kaspersky Lab-covered article (Section 1634 of Division A of the National Defense Authorization Act for

Fiscal Year 2018 (Pub. L. 115-91));

(3) Covered telecommunications equipment or services used as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system (paragraphs (a)(1)(A) of section 889 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. ~~(b)~~115-232)). This does not prohibit contractors from providing—

A service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or

Telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

(c) Prohibition on unmanned aircraft systems manufactured or assembled by American Security Drone Act—covered foreign entities.

(1) Prohibition. The Contractor is prohibited from—

Delivering any FASC-prohibited unmanned aircraft system, which includes unmanned aircraft (i.e., drones) ~~and associated~~ and associated elements (sections 1823 and 1826 of American Security Drone Act of 2023, within the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024, Pub. L. 118-31, Div. A, Title XVIII, Subtitle B, 41 U.S.C. 3901 note prec.);

On or after December 22, 2025, operating a FASC-prohibited unmanned aircraft system in the ~~performance of the contract~~ performance of the contract (section 1824 of Pub. L. 118-31, ~~note prec.~~); and

On or after December 22, 2025, using Federal funds ~~for the procurement to procure~~ or ~~operation of~~ operate a FASC-prohibited unmanned aircraft system (section 1825 of Pub. L. 118-31, ~~note prec.~~).

Procedures. The Contractor shall search SAM ~~at~~ for the FASC-maintained list of American Security Drone Act- covered foreign entities ~~prior to~~ before proposing, or using in performance of the contract, any unmanned aircraft system. ~~Additionally~~ Also, the Contractor shall ensure any effort or expenditure associated with a FASC-prohibited unmanned aircraft system is consistent with a corresponding exemption, exception, or waiver determination expressly stated in the contract.

Exemptions, exceptions, and waivers. The prohibitions in paragraph (c) of this clause do not apply where the agency has determined an exemption, exception, or waiver applies, and the contract indicates that such a



(2)  
determination has been made. ~~See~~ sections 1823 through 1825 and 1832 of Public Law 118-31 ~~(note prec.)~~ for statutory requirements pertaining to exemptions, exceptions, and waivers~~.~~

(d) Prohibition on using or providing specific products or services or conducting certain transactions regardless of connection to contract.

(1) Certain telecommunications and video surveillance equipment, systems, or services.

Unless an applicable waiver has been issued by the Government, the Contractor cannot use any equipment, systems, or services that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system (paragraph (a)(1)(B) of section 889 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232)).

This prohibition applies to using covered telecommunications equipment or services, regardless of whether that use is in performance of work under a Federal contract. This does not prohibit the contractor from using—

A service that connects to the facilities of a third party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or

[Telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.](#)

## [\(2\) Office of Foreign Assets Control Restrictions.](#)

Except as authorized by the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) in the Department of the Treasury, the

[Contractor shall not acquire, for use in the performance of this contract, any supplies or services if any proclamation, Executive order, or statute administered by OFAC, or if OFAC's implementing regulations at 31 CFR chapter V, would prohibit such a transaction by a person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.](#)

[Except as authorized by OFAC, most transactions involving Cuba, Iran, and Sudan are prohibited, as are most imports from Burma or North Korea, into the United States or its outlying areas.](#)

[For lists of entities and individuals subject to economic sanctions, see OFAC's List of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons at <https://home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/financial-sanctions/specially-designated-nationals-and-blocked-persons-list-sdn-human-readable-lists>.](#)

[For more information about these restrictions, as well as updates, see OFAC's regulations at 31 CFR chapter V and at <https://home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/office-of-foreign-assets-control-sanctions-programs-and-information>.](#)

[To conduct electronic screens of potential parties to regulated transactions, see the consolidated screening list at <https://www.trade.gov/consolidated-screening-list>, which consolidates multiple export screening lists of the Departments of Commerce, State, and the Treasury.](#)

[Sudan prohibition. The Contractor is prohibited from conducting any restricted business operations in Sudan in accordance with Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 \(Pub. L. 110-174\).](#)

### [Iran prohibitions.](#)

[Unless an exception applies according to paragraph \(d\)\(4\)\(iii\) or the Government grants a waiver, the contractor shall not engage in certain activities or transactions relating to Iran \(section 6\(b\)\(1\)\(A\) of Iran Sanctions Act \(50 U.S.C. 1701 note\)\).](#)

[Unless an exception applies according to paragraph \(d\)\(4\)\(iii\) or the Government grants a waiver, contractor shall not export certain sensitive technology to Iran, as determined by the President, and has an active exclusion in SAM \(22 U.S.C. 8515\).](#)

[The prohibition in paragraphs \(d\)\(4\)\(i\) and \(d\)\(4\)\(ii\) do not apply if the acquisition is subject to trade agreements and the offeror certifies that all the offered products are designated country end products or designated country construction material \(see part 25\).](#)

[Unless an exception applies or the Government grants a waiver, contractors are prohibited from knowingly engaging in any significant transaction \(i.e., over \\$15,000\) with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates, the property and interests in property of which are blocked according to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act \(section 6\(b\)\(1\)\(B\) of Iran Sanctions Act \(50 U.S.C. 1701 note\)\).](#)

(e) Governmentwide exclusion and removal orders.

(1) Unless the Government has issued an applicable waiver, contractors shall not provide or use as part of the performance of the contract any covered article, or any products or services produced or provided by a source, if the covered article or the source is prohibited by an applicable FASCSA order as follows:

For solicitations and contracts awarded by a Department of Defense contracting office, DoD FASCSA orders apply.

For all other solicitations and contracts, DHS FASCSA orders apply.

The Contractor shall search for the phrase "FASCSA order" in the System for Award Management (SAM) at <https://www.sam.gov> to locate applicable FASCSA orders.

The Government may identify in the solicitation other FASCSA orders that are not in SAM, which are effective and apply to the solicitation and resulting contract.

A FASCSA order issued after the date of solicitation applies to this contract only if added by an amendment to the solicitation or modification to the contract (see FAR 40.204-1(c)).

Reasonable inquiry. The contractor shall conduct a reasonable inquiry to determine if there are any prohibited products or services. The inquiry will look at any information in the entity's possession but does not need to include an internal or third-party audit.

Removal of prohibited products and services. For Federal Supply Schedules, Governmentwide acquisition contracts, multi-agency contracts or any other procurement instrument intended for use by multiple agencies, upon notification from the Contracting Officer, during the performance of the contract, the Contractor shall promptly make any necessary changes or modifications to remove any product or service produced or provided by a source that this clause prohibits.

General report.

(1) If the Contractor identifies or is notified by any source, (including a subcontractor at any tier), that any product or service provided or used (or to be provided or used) during contract performance does not comply with any prohibition in this clause, then the Contractor shall report the following information, or as much information is known, in writing to the contracting office as identified in paragraph (h)(2) within 72 hours:

Contract number and order number, if applicable;

The specific prohibition the product or service is not complying with;

A description of the products or services that the Contractor identifies or has reason to suspect is prohibited (include brand; model number, such as the original equipment manufacturer (OEM) number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable);

The entity that produced the product or service (include entity name, unique entity identifier, Contractor and Government Entity (CAGE) code, facilities responsible for design, fabrication, assembly, packaging, and test of the product, and whether the entity was the OEM or a distributor (provide manufacturer codes and distributor codes used for the product));

Description of the functionality of the product or service and how that functionality impacts the risk to the product or service;

An explanation of any factors relevant to determining if the product or service should be permitted by an applicable exception, exemption, or waiver (if the contractor would like the Government to consider a waiver, and asks for such a waiver);

Whether alternative products or services are available that would comply with the prohibition;

If the product or service is related to item maintenance, include the following information on the item being maintained:

**Brand;**

Model number, OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and

Item description, as applicable.

(ix) Any readily available information about mitigation actions implemented or recommended.

(2) If a report must be submitted to a contracting office, the Contractor shall submit the report as follows:

If a Department of Defense contracting office, the Contractor shall report to the website at <https://dibnet.dod.mil>.

For all other contracting offices, the Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer.

For indefinite delivery contracts, the Contractor shall report to both the contracting office for the indefinite delivery contract and the contracting office for any affected order.

If the report provided does not contain any of the information required by paragraph (h)(1) of this clause, and the contractor later discovers new information that is required by paragraph (h)(1) of this clause, then the contractor shall submit a subsequent report within 72 hours of discovering the new information.

The contractor shall also report the information in paragraph (h)(1) if the contractor wishes to ask for a waiver of the requirements of a new FASCSA order being applied through modification.

(i) New FASCSA orders report.

During contract performance, the Contractor shall review SAM at least once every three months, or as advised by the Contracting Officer, to check for covered articles subject to FASCSA order(s), or for products or services produced by a source subject to FASCSA order(s) not currently identified under paragraph (e) of this clause.

If the Contractor identifies a new FASCSA order(s) that could impact their supply chain, then the Contractor shall conduct a reasonable inquiry to identify whether a covered article or product or service produced or provided by a source subject to the FASCSA order(s) was provided to the Government or used during contract performance. The inquiry will look at any information in the entity's possession but does not need to include an internal or third-party audit.

The Contractor shall submit a report to the contracting office identified in paragraph (h)(2) of this clause if the Contractor identifies, including through any notification by a subcontractor at any tier, that a covered article or product or service produced or provided by a source was provided to the Government or used during contract performance and is subject to a FASCSA order(s). For indefinite delivery contracts, the Contractor shall report to both the contracting office for the indefinite delivery contract and the contracting office for any affected order. The Contractor shall report the following information within 72 hours for each covered article or each product or service produced or provided by a source, where the covered article or source is subject to a FASCSA order:

Contract number and order number, if applicable;

Name of the covered article or source subject to a FASCSA order; (iii) The specific FASCSA order the product or service does not comply with;

(iv) The elements of (h)(1)(iii) through (ix) of this clause.

(i) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e) but excluding subparagraphs (d)(1) and (i)(1), in all subcontracts and other contractual instruments, including subcontracts for ~~the acquisition of~~ acquiring commercial products or commercial services.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (DATE XXXX). As prescribed in 40.205(b), substitute the following paragraph (e)(1) for paragraph (e)(1) of the basic clause:

(e) Governmentwide exclusion and removal orders.

(1) Contractors are prohibited from providing or using as part of the performance of the contract any covered article, or any products or services produced or provided by a source, if the covered article or the source is prohibited by any applicable FASCSA orders identified by the checkbox(es) in this paragraph (e)(1). [Contracting Officer must select either "yes" or "no" for each of the following types of FASCSA orders:]

Yes ☐ No ☐ DHS FASCSA Order

Yes ☐ No ☐ DoD FASCSA Order

Yes ☐ No ☐ DNI FASCSA Order

52.240-92 Security Requirements.

As prescribed in 40.302-3, insert the following clause:

Security Requirements (Date)

This clause applies to the extent that this contract involves access to information classified Confidential, Secret, or Top Secret.

The Contractor shall comply with—

The Security Agreement (DD Form 441), including the National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual (32 CFR part 117); and

Any revisions to that manual, notice of which has been furnished to the Contractor.

(c) If, after the date of this contract, the security classification or security requirements under this contract are changed by the Government and if the changes cause an increase or decrease in security costs or otherwise affect any other term or condition of this contract, the contract must be subject to an equitable adjustment as if the changes were directed under the Changes clause of this contract

(d) The Contractor agrees to insert terms that conform substantially to the language of this clause, including this paragraph (d) but excluding any reference to the Changes clause of this contract, in all subcontracts under this contract that involve access to classified information.

(e) A subcontractor requiring access to classified information under a contract shall be identified with a CAGE code on the DD Form 254. The Contractor shall require a subcontractor requiring access to classified information to provide its CAGE code with its name and location address or otherwise include it prominently in the proposal. Each location of subcontractor performance listed on the DD Form 254 is required to reflect a corresponding unique CAGE code for each listed location unless the work is being performed at a Government facility, in which case the agency location code shall be used. The CAGE code must be for that name and location address. Insert the word "CAGE" before the number. The CAGE code is required prior to award. The contractor shall ensure that subcontractors maintain their CAGE code(s) throughout the life of the contract.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (DATE). If a cost contract for research and development with an educational institution is contemplated, add the following paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) to the basic clause:

(f)(1) If a change in security requirements, as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), results in a change in the security classification of this contract or any of its elements from an unclassified status or a lower classification to a higher classification, or in more restrictive area controls than previously required, then the Contractor must exert every reasonable effort compatible with the Contractor's established policies to continue performing the work under the contract to comply with the change in security classification or requirements.

(2) If, despite reasonable efforts, the Contractor determines that continuing work under this contract is not practical because of the change in security classification or requirements, the Contractor shall notify the

Contracting Officer in writing. Until the Contracting Officer resolves this problem, the Contractor shall continue safeguarding all classified material as required by this contract.

After receiving the written notification, the Contracting Officer shall explore the circumstances surrounding the proposed change in security classification or requirements and must try to work out a mutually satisfactory method so the Contractor can continue doing the work under this contract.

If, 15 days after receipt by the Contracting Officer of the notification of the Contractor's stated inability to proceed, the application to this contract of the change in security classification or requirements has not been withdrawn or a mutually satisfactory method for continuing performance of work under this contract has not been agreed upon, the Contractor may request the Contracting Officer to terminate the contract in whole or in part. The Contracting Officer shall terminate the contract in whole or in part, as may be appropriate, and the termination must be deemed a termination under the terms of the Termination for the Convenience of the Government clause.

[Alternate II \(DATE\). If employee identification is required for security or other reasons in a construction contract or architect-engineer contract, add the following paragraph \(f\) to the basic clause:](#)

[\(f\) The Contractor is responsible for furnishing to each employee, and for requiring each employee engaged on the work to display, such identification as may be approved and directed by the Contracting Officer. All](#) prescribed identification shall immediately be delivered to the Contracting Officer, for cancellation upon the release of any employee. When required by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall obtain and submit fingerprints of all persons employed or to be employed on the project.

[52.240-93 Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information Systems.](#)

[As prescribed in 40.303-2, insert the following clause:](#)

[Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information Systems \(Date\)](#)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Covered contractor information system means an information system that is owned or operated by a contractor that processes, stores, or transmits Federal contract information.

[Federal contract information—](#)

[Means information, not intended for public release, that is provided by or generated for the Government under a contract to develop or deliver a product or service to the Government; but](#)

[Does not include information provided by the Government to the public \(such as on public websites\) or simple transactional information \(such as information necessary to process payments\).](#)

Information means any communication or representation of knowledge such as facts, data, or opinions, in any medium or form, including textual, numerical, graphic, cartographic, narrative, or audiovisual (Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSSI) 4009).

Information system means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information [\(44 U.S.C. 3502\)](#).

Safeguarding means measures or controls that are prescribed to protect information systems.

(b) Safeguarding requirements.

[\(1\) Basic requirements. The Contractor shall safeguard its covered contractor information systems by implementing, at minimum, the following security controls:](#)

[Limit information system access to authorized users, processes acting on behalf of authorized users, or devices \(including other information systems\).](#)

[Limit information system access to the types of transactions and functions that authorized users are permitted to execute.](#)

Verify and control/limit connections to and use of external information systems.

Control information posted or processed on publicly accessible information systems.

Identify information system users, processes acting on behalf of users, or devices.

Authenticate (or verify) the identities of those users, processes, or devices, as a prerequisite to [allowing access to organizational information systems](#).

[Sanitize or destroy information system media containing Federal Contract Information before disposal or release for reuse.](#)

[Limit physical access to organizational information systems, equipment, and the respective operating environments to authorized individuals.](#)

[Escort visitors and monitor visitor activity; maintain audit logs of physical access; and control and manage physical access devices.](#)

Monitor, control, and protect organizational communications (i.e., [information transmitted or received by organizational information systems](#)) at the external boundaries and key internal boundaries of the information systems.

[Implement subnetworks for publicly accessible system components that are physically or logically separated from internal networks.](#)

Identify, report, and correct information and information system flaws in a timely manner.

Provide protection from malicious code at appropriate locations within organizational information systems.

Update malicious code protection mechanisms when new releases are available.

Perform periodic scans of the information system and real-time scans of files from external sources as [files are downloaded, opened, or executed](#).

(2) Other requirements. [This clause does not relieve the Contractor of any other specific safeguarding requirements specified by Federal departments and agencies](#) relating to covered contractor information systems generally or other Federal safeguarding requirements for controlled unclassified information (CUI) as established by Executive Order 13556.

(c) Subcontracts. [The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph \(c\), in subcontracts under this contract \(including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial products, other than commercially available off-the-shelf items, or commercial services\), in which the subcontractor may have Federal contract information residing in or transiting through its information system.](#)

(End of clause)

52.241 Utility Services Provisions and Clauses.

52.241-1 Electric Service Territory Compliance Representation.

As prescribed in [41.501\(b\)](#), insert a provision substantially the same as the following:



Electric Service Territory Compliance Representation (May 1999)

Section 8093 of Public Law 100-202 generally requires purchases of electricity by any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States to be consistent with State law governing the provision of electric utility service, including State utility commission rulings and electric utility franchises or service territories established pursuant to State statute, State regulation, or State-approved territorial agreements.

By signing this offer, the offeror represents that this offer to sell electricity is consistent with Section 8093 of Public Law 100-202.

Upon request of the Contracting Officer, the offeror shall submit supporting legal and factual rationale for this representation.

(End of clause)

52.241-2 Order of Precedence-Utilities.

As prescribed in 41.501(c)(1), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

Order of Precedence-Utilities (Feb 1995)

In the event of any inconsistency between the terms of this contract (including the specifications) and any rate schedule, rider, or exhibit incorporated in this contract by reference or otherwise, or any of the Contractor's rules and regulations, the terms of this contract shall control.

(End of clause)

52.241-3 Scope and Duration of Contract.

As prescribed in 41.501(c)(2), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

Scope and Duration of Contract (Feb 1995)

For the period \_\_\_\_\_, [insert period of service] the Contractor agrees to furnish and the Government agrees to purchase \_\_\_\_\_ [insert type of service] utility service in accordance with the applicable tariff(s), rules, and regulations as approved by the applicable governing regulatory body and as set forth in the contract.

It is expressly understood that neither the Contractor nor the Government is under any obligation to ~~continue any service~~ continue any service under the terms and conditions of this contract beyond the expiration date.

The Contractor shall provide the Government with one complete set of rates, terms, and conditions of ~~service which are in~~ service which are in effect as of the date of this contract and any subsequently approved rates.

The Contractor shall be paid at the applicable rate(s) under the tariff and the Government shall be liable ~~for the minimum~~ for the minimum monthly charge, if any, specified in this contract commencing with the period in which service is initially furnished and continuing for the term of this contract. Any minimum monthly charge specified in this contract shall be equitably prorated for the periods in which commencement and termination of this contract become effective. (End of clause)

[\(End of clause\)](#)

52.241-4 Change in Class of Service.

As prescribed in [41.501\(c\)\(3\)](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

Change in Class of Service (Feb 1995)

In the event of a change in the class of service, such service shall be provided at the Contractor's ~~lowest available rate schedule~~ [lowest available rate schedule](#) applicable to the class of service furnished.

Where the Contractor does not have on file with the regulatory body approved rate schedules applicable ~~to services provided~~ [to services provided](#), no clause in this contract shall preclude the parties from negotiating a rate schedule applicable to the class of service furnished.

[\(End of clause\)](#)

52.241-5 Contractor's Facilities.

As prescribed in [41.501\(c\)\(4\)](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

Contractor's Facilities (Feb 1995)

The Contractor, at its expense, unless otherwise provided for in this contract, shall furnish, install, operate, and ~~maintain~~ [maintain all](#) facilities required to furnish service hereunder, and measure such service at the point of delivery

specified in the Service Specifications. Title to all such facilities shall remain with the Contractor and the Contractor shall be responsible for loss or damage to such facilities, except that the Government shall be responsible to the extent that loss or damage has been caused by the Government's negligent acts or omissions.

Notwithstanding any terms expressed in this clause, the Contractor shall obtain approval from the

Contracting ~~Officer~~ [Officer prior](#) to any equipment installation, construction, or removal. The Government hereby grants to the Contractor, free of any rental or similar charge, but subject to the limitations specified in this contract, a revocable permit or license to enter the service location for any proper purpose under this contract. This permit or license includes use of the site or sites agreed upon by the parties hereto for the installation, operation, maintenance, and repair of the facilities of the Contractor required to be located upon Government premises. All applicable taxes and other charges in connection therewith, together with all liability of the Contractor in construction, operation, maintenance and repair of such facilities, shall be the obligation of the Contractor.

Authorized representatives of the Contractor will be allowed access to the facilities on Government ~~premises~~ [at reasonable premises at reasonable](#) times to perform the obligations of the Contractor regarding such facilities. It is expressly understood that the Government may limit or restrict the right of access herein granted in any manner considered necessary (e.g., national security, public safety).

Unless otherwise specified in this contract, the Contractor shall, at its expense, remove such facilities ~~and restore Government~~ and restore Government premises to their original condition as near as practicable within a reasonable time after the Government terminates this contract. In the event such termination of this contract is due to the fault of the Contractor, such facilities may be retained in place at the option of the Government for a reasonable time while the Government attempts to obtain service elsewhere comparable to that provided for hereunder. (End of clause)

#### 52.241-6 Service Provisions.

As prescribed in 41.501(c)(5), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

##### Service Provisions (Feb 1995)

###### (a) Measurement of service.

All service furnished by the Contractor shall be measured by suitable metering equipment of ~~standard manufacture, to be~~ standard manufacture, to be furnished, installed, maintained, repaired, calibrated, and read by the Contractor at its expense. When more than a single meter is installed at a service location, the readings thereof may be billed conjunctively, if appropriate. In the event any meter fails to register (or registers incorrectly) the service furnished, the parties shall agree upon the length of time of meter malfunction and the quantity of service delivered during such period of time. An appropriate adjustment shall be made to the next invoice for the purpose of correcting such errors. However, any meter which registers not more than \_\_\_\_ percent slow or fast shall be deemed correct.

The Contractor shall read all meters at periodic intervals of approximately 30 days or in accordance with ~~the policy of the~~ the policy of the cognizant regulatory body or applicable bylaws. All billings based on meter readings of less than \_\_\_\_ days shall be prorated accordingly.

###### (b) Meter test.

The Contractor, at its expense, shall periodically inspect and test Contractor-installed meters at intervals ~~not exceeding~~ not exceeding \_\_\_\_ year(s). The Government has the right to have representation during the inspection and test.

At the written request of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall make additional tests of any or all ~~such meters in the~~ such meters in the presence of Government representatives. The cost of such additional tests shall be borne by the Government if the percentage of errors is found to be not more than \_\_\_\_ percent slow or fast.

No meter shall be placed in service or allowed to remain in service which has an error in registration ~~in excess~~ in excess of \_\_\_\_ percent under normal operating conditions.

Change in volume or character. Reasonable notice shall be given by the Contracting Officer to the Contractor regarding any material changes anticipated in the volume or characteristics of the utility service required at each location.

Continuity of service and consumption. The Contractor shall use reasonable diligence to provide a regular and uninterrupted supply of service at each service location, but shall not be liable for damages, breach of contract or otherwise, to the Government for failure, suspension, diminution, or other variations of service occasioned

by or in consequence of any cause beyond the control of the Contractor, including but not limited to acts of God or of the public enemy, fires, floods, earthquakes, or other catastrophe, strikes, or failure or breakdown of transmission or other facilities. If any such failure, suspension, diminution, or other variation of service shall aggregate more than \_\_\_\_\_ hour(s) during any billing period hereunder, an equitable adjustment shall be made in the monthly billing specified in this contract (including the minimum monthly charge).

(End of clause)

#### 52.241-7 Change in Rates or Terms and Conditions of Service for Regulated Services.

As prescribed in [41.501\(d\)\(1\)](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

##### Change in Rates or Terms and Conditions of Service for Regulated Services (Feb 1995)

This clause applies to the extent services furnished under this contract are subject to regulation by a ~~regulatory~~[regulatory](#) body. The Contractor agrees to give \* \_\_\_\_\_ written notice of (1) the filing of an application for change in rates or terms and conditions of service concurrently with the filing of the application and (2) any changes pending with the regulatory body as of the date of contract award. Such notice shall fully describe the proposed change. If, during the term of this contract, the regulatory body having jurisdiction approves any changes, the Contractor shall forward to the Contracting Officer a copy of such changes within 15 days after the effective date thereof. The Contractor agrees to continue furnishing service under this contract in accordance with the amended tariff, and the Government agrees to pay for such service at the higher or lower rates as of the date when such rates are made effective.

The Contractor agrees that throughout the life of this contract the applicable published and unpublished ~~rate schedule~~[rateschedule](#)(s) shall not be in excess of the lowest cost published and unpublished rate schedule(s) available to any other customers of the same class under similar conditions of use and service.

In the event that the regulatory body promulgates any regulation concerning matters other than rates ~~which affects this contract~~[which affects this contract](#), the Contractor shall immediately provide a copy to the Contracting Officer. The Government shall not be bound to accept any new regulation inconsistent with Federal laws or regulations.

Any changes to rates or terms and conditions of service shall be made a part of this contract by the ~~issuance of a contract~~[issuance of a contract](#) modification unless otherwise specified in the contract. The effective date of the change shall be the effective date by the regulatory body. Any factors not governed by the regulatory body will have an effective date as agreed to by the parties.

\* Note: Insert language prescribed in [41.501\(d\)\(1\)](#).

(End of clause)

#### 52.241-8 Change in Rates or Terms and Conditions of Service for Unregulated Services.

As prescribed in [41.501\(d\)\(2\)](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

##### Change in Rates or Terms and Conditions of Service for Unregulated Services (Feb 1995)

This clause applies to the extent that services furnished hereunder are not subject to regulation by a ~~regulatory~~regulatory body.

After \_\_\_\_\_ [insert date], either party may request a change in rates or terms and conditions of service, unless otherwise provided in this contract. Both parties agree to enter in negotiations concerning such changes upon receipt of a written request detailing the proposed changes and specifying the reasons for the proposed changes.

The effective date of any change shall be as agreed to by the parties. The Contractor agrees that ~~throughout the~~throughout the life ~~of this~~of this contract the rates so negotiated will not be in excess of published and unpublished rates charged to any other customer of the same class under similar terms and conditions of use and service.

The failure of the parties to agree upon any change after a reasonable period of time shall be a dispute ~~under the~~Disputes under the Disputes clause of this contract.

Any changes to rates, terms, or conditions as a result of such negotiations shall be made a part of this ~~contract~~by the issuance contract by the issuance of a contract modification.

(End of clause)

#### 52.241-9 Connection Charge.

As prescribed in 41.501(d)(3), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

##### Connection Charge (Feb 1995)

Charge. In consideration of the Contractor furnishing and installing at its expense the new connection facilities described herein, the Government shall pay the Contractor a connection charge. The payment shall be in the form of progress payments, advance payments or as a lump sum, as agreed to by the parties and as permitted by applicable law. The total amount payable shall be either the estimated cost of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ less the agreed to salvage value of \$ \_\_\_\_\_, or the actual cost less the salvage value, whichever is less. As a condition precedent to final payment, the Contractor shall execute a release of any claims against the Government arising under or by the virtue of such installation.

Ownership, operation, maintenance and repair of new facilities to be provided. The facilities to be supplied by the Contractor under this clause, notwithstanding the payment by the Government of a connection charge, shall be and remain the property of the Contractor and shall, at all times during the life of this contract or any renewals thereof, be operated, maintained, and repaired by the Contractor at its expense. All taxes and other charges in connection therewith, together with all liability arising out of the construction, operations, maintenance, or repair of such facilities, shall be the obligation of the Contractor.

##### Credits.

The Contractor agrees to allow the Government, on each monthly bill for service furnished under ~~this contract~~this contract to ~~the service~~the service location, a credit of \_\_\_\_\_ percent of the amount of each such bill as rendered until the accumulation of credits shall equal the amount of such connection charge, provided that the Contractor may at any time allow a credit up to 100 percent of the amount of each such bill.

In the event the Contractor, before any termination of this contract but after completion of the ~~facilities provided~~facilities provided for ~~in this~~in this clause, serves any customer other than the Government (regardless of whether the Government is being served simultaneously, intermittently, or not at all) by means of these facilities, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Government in writing. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties in writing at that time, the Contractor shall promptly accelerate the credits provided for under paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, up to 100 percent of each monthly bill until there is refunded the amount that reflects the Government's connection costs for that portion of the facilities used in serving others.

In the event the Contractor terminates this contract, or defaults in performance, prior to full credit of ~~any connection charge~~any connection charge paid by the Government, the Contractor shall pay to the Government an amount equal to the uncredited balance of the connection charge as of the date of the termination or default.

Termination before completion of facilities. The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract at any time before completion of the facilities with respect to which the Government is to pay a connection charge. In the event the Government exercises this right, the Contractor shall be paid the cost of any work accomplished, including direct and indirect costs reasonably allocable to the completed work prior to the time of termination by the Government, plus the cost of removal, less the salvage value.

Termination after completion of facilities. In the event the Government terminates this contract after completion of the facilities with respect to which the Government has paid a connection charge, but before the crediting in full by the Contractor of any connection charge in accordance with the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall have the following options:

(1) To retain in place for \_\_\_\_\_ months after the notice of termination by the Government such facilities on condition that-

If, during such \_\_\_\_\_ month period, the Contractor serves any other customer by means of such facilities, the Contractor, shall, in lieu of allowing credits, pay the Government during such period installments in like amount, manner, and extent as the credit provided for under paragraph (c) of this clause before such termination; and

Immediately after such \_\_\_\_\_ month period the Contractor shall promptly pay in full to the Government the uncredited balance of the connection charge.

(2) To remove such facilities at the Contractor's own expense within \_\_\_\_\_ months after the effective date of the termination by the Government. If the Contractor elects to remove such facilities, the Government shall then have the option of purchasing such facilities at the agreed salvage value set forth herein; and provided further,

that the Contractor shall, at the direction of the Government, leave in place such facilities located on Government property which the Government elects to purchase at the agreed salvage value.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Feb 1995). If the Contracting Officer determines that a nonrefundable charge is to be paid and no credits are due the Government, delete paragraphs (c) and (e), renumber paragraph (d) as (c) and add the following as paragraph (d):

(d) Termination after completion of facilities. In the event the Government terminates this contract after completion of the facilities with respect to which the Government is to pay a connection charge, the Contractor shall have the following options:

To retain in place for \_\_\_\_\_ months after the notice of termination by the Government. If the Contractor and the Government have not agreed on terms for retention in place beyond \_\_\_\_\_ months, then the Contractor must remove the facilities pursuant to the terms of paragraph (d)(2) of this clause.

To remove such facilities at the Contractor's own expense within \_\_\_\_\_ months after the effective date of the termination by the Government. If the Contractor elects to remove such facilities, the Government shall then have the option of purchasing such facilities at the agreed salvage value set forth herein; and provided further, ~~that the Contractor shall, at the direction of the Government, leave in place such facilities located on Government property which the Government elects to purchase at the agreed salvage value.~~

that the Contractor shall, at the direction of the Government, leave in place such facilities located on Government property which the Government elects to purchase at the agreed salvage value.

#### 52.241-10 Termination Liability.

As prescribed in 41.501(d)(4), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

#### Termination Liability (Feb 1995)

If the Government discontinues utility service under this contract before completion of the facilities ~~cost~~ ~~recovery period~~ cost recovery period specified in paragraph (b) of this clause, in consideration of the Contractor furnishing and installing at its expense, the new facility described herein, the Government shall pay termination charges, calculated as set forth in this clause.

Facility cost recovery period. The period of time, not exceeding the term of this contract, during which the net cost of the new facility shall be recovered by the Contractor is \_\_\_\_\_ months. [Insert negotiated duration.]

Net facility cost. The cost of the new facility, less the agreed upon salvage value of such facility, is \$\_\_\_\_\_.

[Insert appropriate dollar amount.]

Monthly facility cost recovery rate. The monthly facility cost recovery rate which the Government shall pay the Contractor whether or not service is received is \$\_\_\_\_\_. [Divide the net facility cost in paragraph (c) of this clause by the facility's cost recovery period in paragraph (b) of this clause and insert the resultant figure.]

Termination charges. Termination charges = \$\_\_\_\_\_. [Multiply the remaining months of the facility's cost recovery period specified in paragraph (b) of this clause by the monthly facility cost recovery rate in paragraph (d) of this clause and insert the resultant figure.]

If the Contractor has recovered its capital costs at the time of termination there will be no termination ~~liability~~ ~~charge.~~ ~~(End of clause)~~ liability charge.

(End of clause)

#### 52.241-11 Multiple Service Locations.

As prescribed in [41.501\(d\)\(5\)](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

Multiple Service Locations (Feb 1995)

At any time by written order, the Contracting Officer may designate any location within the service area ~~of the Contractor~~[of the Contractor](#) at which utility service shall commence or be discontinued. Any changes to the service specifications shall be made a part of the contract by the issuance of a contract modification to include the name and location of the service, specifying any different rate, the point of delivery, different service specifications, and any other terms and conditions.

The applicable monthly charge specified in this contract shall be equitably prorated from the period in which commencement or discontinuance of service at any service location designated under the Service Specifications shall become effective.

(End of clause)

52.241-12 Nonrefundable, Nonrecurring Service Charge.

As prescribed in [41.501\(d\)\(6\)](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

Nonrefundable, Nonrecurring Service Charge (Feb 1995)

As provided herein, the Government will pay a nonrefundable, nonrecurring charge when the rules and regulations of a Contractor require that a customer pay (1)a charge for the initiation of service, (2)a contribution in aid of construction, or (3)a nonrefundable membership fee. This charge may be in addition to or in lieu of a connection charge. Therefore, there is hereby added to the Contractor's schedule a nonrefundable, nonrecurring charge for \_\_\_\_\_ in the amount of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ [dollars payable .\[specify dates or schedules\]](#)  
(End of clause)

~~\$ \_\_\_\_\_ dollars payable .[specify dates or schedules]~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.241-13 Capital Credits.

As prescribed in [41.501\(d\)\(7\)](#), insert a clause substantially the same as the following:

Capital Credits (Feb 1995)

The Government is a member of the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert cooperative name], and as any other member, is entitled to capital credits consistent with the bylaws of the cooperative, which states the obligation of the Contractor to pay capital credits and which specifies the method and time of payment.

The Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer, or the designated representative of the ~~Contracting Officer, in writing~~[Contracting Officer, in writing](#), on an \_\_\_\_\_ basis [insert period of time] a list of accrued credits by contract number, year, and delivery point.

Payment of capital credits will be made by check, payable to the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert agency name], and forwarded to the Contracting Officer at \_\_\_\_\_ [insert agency address], unless otherwise directed



in writing by the Contracting Officer. Checks shall cite the current or last contract number and indicate whether the check is partial or final payment for all capital credits accrued. ~~(End of clause)~~

(End of clause)

52.242 [Reserved]

52.242-1 Notice of Intent to Disallow Costs.

As prescribed in 42.802, insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a cost-reimbursement contract, a fixed-price incentive contract, or a contract providing for price redetermination is contemplated:

Notice of Intent to Disallow Costs (Apr 1984)

(a) Notwithstanding any other clause of this contract-

The Contracting Officer may at any time issue to the Contractor a written notice of intent to ~~disallow specified costs incurred~~ disallow specified costs incurred or planned for incurrence under this contract that have been determined not to be allowable under the contract terms; and

The Contractor may, after receiving a notice under paragraph (a)(1) of this clause, submit a written ~~response~~ to response to the Contracting Officer, with justification for allowance of the costs. If the Contractor does respond within 60 days, the Contracting Officer ~~shall will~~, within 60 days of receiving the response, either make a written withdrawal of the notice or issue a written decision.

(b) Failure to issue a notice under this Notice of Intent to Disallow Costs clause ~~shall does~~ not affect the Government's rights to take exception to incurred costs.

(End of clause)

52.242-2 Production Progress Reports.

As prescribed in 42.1107(a), insert the following clause:

Production Progress Reports (Apr 1991)

The Contractor ~~shall must~~ prepare and submit to the Contracting Officer the production progress reports ~~specified in the contract~~ specified in the contract Schedule.

During any delay in furnishing a production progress report required under this contract, the ~~Contracting Officer may withhold~~ Contracting Officer may withhold from payment an amount not exceeding \$25,000 or 5 percent of the amount of this contract, whichever is less.

(End of clause)

52.242-3 Penalties for Unallowable Costs.

As prescribed in 42.508-7, use the following clause:

Penalties for Unallowable Costs (~~Dec 2022~~ DATE)

(a) Definition. Proposal, as used in this clause, means either—

(1) A final indirect cost rate proposal submitted by the Contractor after the expiration of its fiscal year which—

Relates to any payment made on the basis of billing rates; or

Will be used in negotiating the final contract price; or

(2) The final statement of costs incurred and estimated to be incurred under the Incentive Price Revision clause (if applicable), which is used to establish the final contract price.

(b) Contractors which include unallowable indirect costs in a proposal may be subject to penalties. The penalties ~~are prescribed~~ are prescribed in 10 U.S.C. 3748 10 U.S.C. 3748 or 41 U.S.C. chapter 43 41 U.S.C. chapter 43, as applicable, which is implemented in section 42.508 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).

The Contractor ~~shall~~ will not include in any proposal any cost that is unallowable, ~~as defined in subpart of the FAR,~~ or an ~~executive agency~~ executive agency supplement to the FAR.

If the Contracting Officer determines that a cost submitted by the Contractor in its proposal is ~~expressly unallowable under~~ expressly unallowable under a cost principle in the FAR, or an executive agency supplement to the FAR, that defines the allowability of specific selected costs, the Contractor ~~shall~~ must be assessed a penalty equal to—

The amount of the disallowed cost allocated to this contract; plus

Simple interest, to be computed—

On the amount the Contractor was paid (whether as a progress or billing payment) in excess of the amount ~~to which the Contractor~~ to which the Contractor was entitled; and

Using the applicable rate effective for each six-month interval prescribed by the Secretary of the ~~Treasury pursuant to Pub. L. 92-41 (85 Stat. 97).~~ Treasury pursuant to 41 U.S.C. 7109.

If the Contracting Officer determines that a cost submitted by the Contractor in its proposal includes a ~~cost previously determined~~ cost previously determined to be unallowable for that Contractor, then the Contractor will be assessed a penalty in an amount equal to two times the amount of the disallowed cost allocated to this contract.

Determinations under paragraphs (d) and (e) of this clause are final decisions within the meaning of ~~41 of 41~~ 41 of 41 U.S.C. ~~chapter 71~~ chapter 71, Contract Disputes.

Pursuant to the criteria in FAR 42.709-6, the Contracting Officer may waive the penalties in paragraph (d) or (e) of this clause.

Payment by the Contractor of any penalty assessed under this clause does not constitute repayment to ~~the Government of~~ the Government of any unallowable cost which has been paid by the Government to the Contractor.

(End of clause)

52.242-4 Certification of Final Indirect Costs.

As prescribed in [42.703-2\(f\)](#), insert the following clause:

Certification of Final Indirect Costs (Jan 1997)

(a) The Contractor shall-

Certify any proposal to establish or modify final indirect cost rates;

Use the format in paragraph (c) of this clause to certify; and

Have the certificate signed by an individual of the Contractor's organization at a level no lower than a ~~vice president or chief~~[vice president or chief](#) financial officer of the business segment of the Contractor that submits the proposal.

Failure by the Contractor to submit a signed certificate, as described in this clause, may result in final ~~indirect costs at rates~~[indirect costs at rates](#) unilaterally established by the Contracting Officer.

The certificate of final indirect costs shall read as follows:

Certificate of Final Indirect Costs

This is to certify that I have reviewed this proposal to establish final indirect cost rates and to the best of my knowledge and belief:

All costs included in this proposal (identify proposal and date) to establish final indirect cost rates for (~~identify period covered~~[identify period covered](#) by rate) are allowable in accordance with the cost principles of the Federal Acquisition

Regulation (FAR) and its supplements applicable to the contracts to which the final indirect cost rates will apply; and

This proposal does not include any costs which are expressly unallowable under applicable cost principles ~~of the FAR or its~~[of the FAR or its](#) supplements.

Firm: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Certifying Official: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Execution: \_\_\_\_\_

(End of clause)

52.242-5 Payments to Small Business Subcontractors.

As prescribed in [42.1504](#), insert the following clause:

#### Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (Jan 2017)

Definitions. As used in this clause-

Reduced payment means a payment that is for less than the amount agreed upon in a subcontract in accordance with its terms and conditions, for supplies and services for which the Government has paid the prime contractor.

Untimely payment means a payment that is more than 90 days past due under the terms and conditions of a subcontract, for supplies and services for which the Government has paid the prime contractor.

Notice. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, not later than 14 days after-

~~(1)~~ A small business subcontractor was entitled to payment under the terms and conditions of the subcontract; and

~~(2)~~ The Contractor-

Made a reduced or untimely payment to the small business subcontractor; or

Failed to make a payment, which is now untimely.

(c) Content of notice. The Contractor shall include the reason(s) for making the reduced or untimely payment in any notice required under paragraph (b) of this clause.

(End of clause)

52.242-6 [Reserved]

52.242-7 [Reserved]

52.242-8 [Reserved]

52.242-9 [Reserved]

52.242-10 [Reserved]

52.242-11 [Reserved]

52.242-12 [Reserved]

52.242-13 Bankruptcy.

As prescribed in ~~42.903~~, insert the following clause:

Bankruptcy (July 1995)

In the event the contractor enters into proceedings relating to bankruptcy, whether voluntary or involuntary, the contractor agrees to furnish, by certified mail or electronic commerce method authorized by the contract, written notification of the bankruptcy to the contracting officer responsible for administering the contract. This notification shall be furnished within five days of the initiation of the proceedings relating to bankruptcy filing.

This notification shall include the date on which the bankruptcy petition was filed, the identity of the court in which the bankruptcy petition was filed, and a listing of government contract numbers and contracting offices for all government contracts against which final payment has not been made. This obligation remains in effect until final payment under this contract.

(End of clause)

#### 52.242-14 Suspension of Work.

As prescribed in [42.1305\(a\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price construction or architect-engineer contract is contemplated:

##### Suspension of Work (Apr 1984)

The Contracting Officer may order the Contractor, in writing, to suspend, delay, or interrupt all or any part ~~of the work of the work~~ of this contract for the period of time that the Contracting Officer determines appropriate for the convenience of the Government.

If the performance of all or any part of the work is, for an unreasonable period of time, suspended, delayed, ~~or interrupted~~ [or interrupted](#) (1) by an act of the Contracting Officer in the administration of this contract, or (2) by the Contracting Officer's failure to act within the time specified in this contract (or within a reasonable time if not specified), an adjustment shall be made for any increase in the cost of performance of this contract (excluding profit) necessarily caused by the unreasonable suspension, delay, or interruption, and the contract modified in writing accordingly. However, no adjustment shall be made under this clause for any suspension, delay, or interruption to the extent that performance would have been so suspended, delayed, or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the Contractor, or for which an equitable adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other term or condition of this contract.

A claim under this clause shall not be allowed-

For any costs incurred more than 20 days before the Contractor shall have notified the Contracting Officer ~~in writing of the~~ [in writing of the](#) act or failure to act involved (but this requirement shall not apply as to a claim resulting from a suspension order); and

Unless the claim, in an amount stated, is asserted in writing as soon as practicable after the termination of the suspension, delay, or interruption, but not later than the date of final payment under the contract. (End of clause)

#### 52.242-15 Stop-Work Order.

As prescribed in [42.1305\(b\)](#), insert the following clause. The "90-day" period stated in the clause may be reduced to less than 90 days.

##### Stop-Work Order (Aug 1989)

(a) The Contracting Officer may, at any time, by written order to the Contractor, require the Contractor to stop all, or any part, of the work called for by this contract for a period of 90 days after the order is delivered to the Contractor, and for any further period to which the parties may agree. The order shall be specifically identified as a stop-work order issued under this clause. Upon receipt of the order, the Contractor shall immediately

comply with its terms and take all reasonable steps to minimize the incurrence of costs allocable to the work covered by the order during the period of work stoppage. Within a period of 90 days after a stop-work is delivered to the Contractor, or within any extension of that period to which the parties shall have agreed, the Contracting Officer shall either-

Cancel the stop-work order; or

Terminate the work covered by the order as provided in the Default, or the Termination for Convenience ~~of the Government~~of the Government, clause of this contract.

(b) If a stop-work order issued under this clause is canceled or the period of the order or any extension thereof expires, the Contractor shall resume work. The Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or contract price, or both, and the contract shall be modified, in writing, accordingly, if-

~~Contractor shall resume work. The Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or contract price, or both, and the contract shall be modified, in writing, accordingly, if-~~

The stop-work order results in an increase in the time required for, or in the Contractor's cost ~~properly allocable~~properly allocable to, ~~the performance~~the performance of any part of this contract; and

The Contractor asserts its right to the adjustment within 30 days after the end of the period of work stoppage; provided, that, if the Contracting Officer decides the facts justify the action, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon the claim submitted at any time before final payment under this contract.

If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for the convenience ~~of the Government~~of the Government, the Contracting Officer shall allow reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order in arriving at the termination settlement.

If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for default, the

Contracting ~~Officers~~Officer shall allow, by equitable adjustment or otherwise, reasonable costs resulting from the ~~stop-work~~stopwork order.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If this clause is inserted in a cost-reimbursement contract, substitute in paragraph (a)(2) the words "the Termination clause of this contract" for the words "the Default, or the Termination for Convenience of the Government clause of this contract." In paragraph (b) substitute the words "an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule, the estimated cost, the fee, or a combination thereof, and in any other terms of the contract that may be affected" for the words "an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule or contract price, or both."

52.242-16 [Reserved]

52.242-17 Government Delay of Work.

As prescribed in 42.1305(c), insert the following clause:

Government Delay of Work (Apr 1984)

If the performance of all or any part of the work of this contract is delayed or interrupted (1) by an act of ~~the Contracting Officer~~ the Contracting Officer in the administration of this contract that is not expressly or impliedly authorized by this contract, or (2) by a failure of the Contracting Officer to act within the time specified in this contract, or within a reasonable time if not specified, an adjustment (excluding profit) shall be made for any increase in the cost of performance of this contract caused by the delay or interruption and the contract shall be modified in writing accordingly. Adjustment shall also be made in the delivery or performance dates and any other contractual term or condition affected by the delay or interruption. However, no adjustment shall be made under this clause for any delay or interruption to the extent that performance would have been delayed or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the Contractor, or for which an adjustment is provided or excluded under any other term or condition of this contract.

A claim under this clause shall not be allowed-

For any costs incurred more than 20 days before the Contractor shall have notified the Contracting Officer ~~in writing of the~~ in writing of the act or failure to act involved; and

Unless the claim, in an amount stated, is asserted in writing as soon as practicable after the termination of ~~the delay or interruption~~ the delay or interruption, but not later than the day of final payment under the contract.  
(End of clause)

52.243 [Reserved]

52.243-1 Changes-Fixed-Price.

As prescribed in 43.305(a)(1), insert the following clause. Agency procedures may vary the 30-day period ~~may be varied according to agency procedures.~~

Changes-Fixed Price (~~Aug 1987~~ Deviation Date)

(a)

(1) At any time, the Contracting Officer may ~~at any time, by~~ issue a written order, ~~and without notice to the sureties, if any, make~~ making changes within the ~~general~~ scope of this contract ~~in any one or more of the following~~ related to:

Drawings, designs, or specifications ~~when the~~ which require special manufacturing of supplies ~~to be furnished are to be specially manufactured for the Government in accordance with the drawings, designs, or specifications.~~ the Government.

The method of shipment or packing, ~~or~~

Place of delivery.

(2) If ~~any such change causes~~ there are any sureties, the Contracting Officer does not need to notify them of a written order.

Whether or not changed by the order, if any of the changes cause an increase or decrease in the cost of, or ~~the time~~ the time required for, performance of ~~any part of the work~~ the work under this contract, ~~whether or not~~

~~changed by the order,~~ the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the contract price, the delivery schedule, or both, and shall modify the contract.

The Contractor must assert its right to an adjustment under this clause within 30 days from the date of ~~receipt of the written order~~. However, if the Contracting Officer decides that the facts justify it, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal submitted before final payment of the contract.

receipt of the written order. However, if the Contracting Officer decides that the facts justify it, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal submitted before final payment of the contract.

If the ~~Contractor's~~ Contractor's proposal includes the cost of property made obsolete or has become excess by the change, the ~~Contracting Officer~~ Contracting Officer shall have the right to prescribe the manner of the disposition of the property.

Failure to agree to any adjustment shall be a dispute under the Disputes clause. However, nothing in ~~this clause shall excuse~~ this clause shall excuse the Contractor from proceeding with the contract as changed.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (~~Apr 1984~~ If Deviation Date). If no supplies are to be furnished and the requirement is for services, other than architect-engineer or other professional services, ~~and no supplies are to be furnished, substitute the following paragraph (a) will be substituted~~ for paragraph (a) ~~of~~ in the basic clause:

~~(a)~~ The Contracting Officer may at any time, by written order, and without notice to the sureties, if any, make changes within the general scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:

Description of services to be performed.

Time of performance (i.e., hours of the day, days of the week, etc.).

Place of performance of the services.

(a)(1) At any time, the Contracting Officer may issue a written order making changes within the scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:

Description of services to be performed.

Time of performance (i.e., hours of the day, days of the week, etc.).

Place of performance of the services.

(2) If there are any sureties, the Contracting Officer does not need to notify them of a written order.

Alternate II (~~Apr 1984~~ Deviation Date). If the requirement is for services (other than architect-engineer services, transportation, or research and development) and supplies are to be furnished, substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

~~(a)~~ The Contracting Officer may at any time, by written order, and without notice to the sureties, if any, make changes within the general scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:



Description of services to be performed.

Time of performance (i.e., hours of the day, days of the week, etc.).

Place of performance of the services.

(a)(1) At any time, the Contracting Officer may issue a written order making changes within the scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:

Description of services to be performed.

Time of performance (i.e., hours of the day, days of the week, etc.).

Place of performance of the services.

Drawings, designs, or specifications ~~when the~~ which require special manufacturing of supplies ~~to be furnished are to be specially manufactured for the Government, in accordance with the drawings, designs, or specifications~~ the Government.

Method of shipment or packing of supplies.

Place of delivery.

(2) If there are any sureties, the Contracting Officer does not need to notify them of a written order.

Alternate III (~~Apr 1984~~ Deviation Date). If the requirement is for architect-engineer or other professional services, substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause and add the following paragraph (f):

~~(a)~~ (1) At any time, the Contracting Officer may ~~at any time, by~~ issue a written order, ~~and without notice to the sureties, if any,~~ make changes within the ~~general~~ scope of this contract in the services to be performed.

(2) If there are any sureties, the Contracting Officer does not need to notify them of a written order.

(f) No services for which an additional cost or fee will be charged by the Contractor shall be furnished without the prior written authorization of the Contracting Officer.

Alternate IV (~~Apr 1984~~ Deviation Date). If the requirement is for transportation services, substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

~~(a)~~ (1) At any time, the Contracting Officer may ~~at any time, by~~ issue a written order, ~~and without notice to the sureties, if any,~~ make changes within the ~~general~~ scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:

Specifications.

Work or services.

Place of origin.

Place of delivery.

Tonnage to be shipped.

Amount of Government-furnished property.

(2) If there are any sureties, the Contracting Officer does not need to notify them of a written order.

Alternate V (~~Apr 1984~~Deviation Date). If the requirement is for research and development and it is desired to include the clause, substitute the following ~~paragraphs~~subparagraphs (a)(1)(i) and (a)(~~3~~1)(iii) and paragraph (b) for ~~paragraphs~~subparagraphs (a)(1)(i) and (a)(~~3~~1)(iii) and paragraph (b) of the basic clause:

(a) ~~\*\*\*~~

~~(1)~~

(i) Drawings, designs, or specifications.

~~(3)~~iii Place of inspection, delivery, or acceptance.

(3) Place of inspection, delivery, or acceptance.

(b) If any such change causes an increase or decrease in the cost of, or time required for, performing this contract, whether or not changed by the order, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in ~~in~~  
in

The contract price, the time of performance, or both; and

Other affected terms of the contract, and shall modify the contract accordingly.

52.243-2 Changes-Cost-Reimbursement.

As prescribed in 43.305(b)(1), insert the following clause. The 30-day period may be varied according to agency procedures.

Changes-Cost-Reimbursement (~~Aug 1987~~Deviation Date)

(a)

(1) At any time, the Contracting Officer may ~~at any time, by~~issue a written order, ~~and without notice to the sureties, if any,~~ make changes within the ~~general~~ scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:

Drawings, designs, or specifications when the supplies to be furnished are to be specially manufactured ~~for the Government~~for the Government in accordance with the drawings, designs, or specifications.

Method of shipment or packing.

Place of delivery.

Place of delivery.

(2) If there are any sureties, the Contracting Officer does not need to notify them of a written order.

(b) If any such change causes an increase or decrease in the estimated cost of, or the time required for, performance of any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed by the order, or otherwise affects any other terms and conditions of this contract, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the—

Estimated cost, delivery or completion schedule, or both;

Amount of any fixed fee; and

Other affected terms and shall modify the contract accordingly.

The Contractor must assert its right to an adjustment under this clause within 30 days from the date of [receipt of the written order](#). However, if the Contracting Officer decides that the facts justify it, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal submitted before final payment of the contract.

~~receipt of the written order~~. However, if the Contracting Officer decides that the facts justify it, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal submitted before final payment of the contract.

Failure to agree to any adjustment shall be a dispute under the Disputes clause. However, nothing in ~~this clause~~ [shall excuse this clause shall excuse](#) the Contractor from proceeding with the contract as changed.

Notwithstanding the terms and conditions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this clause, the estimated cost of ~~this contract and~~ [this contract and](#), if this contract is incrementally funded, the funds allotted for the performance of this contract, shall not be increased or considered to be increased except by specific written modification of the contract indicating the new contract estimated cost and, if this contract is incrementally funded, the new amount allotted to the contract. Until this modification is made, the Contractor shall not be obligated to continue performance or incur costs beyond the point established in the Limitation of Cost or Limitation of Funds clause of this contract.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (~~Apr 1984~~ [Deviation Date](#)). If the requirement is for services and no supplies are to be furnished, substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

[\(a\)\(1\)](#) The Contracting Officer may at any time, by written order, and without notice to the sureties, if any, make changes within the general scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:

Description of services to be performed.

Time of performance (i.e., hours of the day, days of the week, etc.).

Place of performance of the services.

~~(a) The Contracting Officer may at any time, by written order, and without notice to the sureties, if any, make changes within the general scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:~~

~~Description of services to be performed.~~

~~Time of performance (i.e., hours of the day, days of the week, etc.).~~

~~Place of performance of the services.~~

Alternate II (~~Apr 1984~~[Deviation Date](#)). If the requirement is for services and supplies are to be furnished, substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

[\(a\)\(1\)](#) The Contracting Officer may at any time, by written order, and without notice to the sureties, if any, make changes within the general scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:

Description of services to be performed.

Time of performance (i.e., hours of the day, days of the week, etc.).

Place of performance of the services.

~~(a) The Contracting Officer may at any time, by written order, and without notice to the sureties, if any, make changes within the general scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:~~

~~Description of services to be performed.~~

~~Time of performance (i.e., hours of the day, days of the week, etc.).~~

~~Place of performance of the services.~~

Drawings, designs, or specifications when the supplies to be furnished are to be specially manufactured ~~for the Government~~[for the Government](#) in accordance with the drawings, designs, or specifications.

Method of shipment or packing of supplies.

Place of delivery.

Alternate III (~~Apr 1984~~[Deviation Date](#)). If the requirement is for construction, substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

~~(a)(1)~~ [\(1\)](#) At any time, the Contracting Officer may ~~at any time, by~~[issue a](#) written order, ~~and without notice to the sureties, if any,~~ make changes within the ~~general~~ scope of this contract in the plans and specifications or instructions incorporated in the contract.

[\(2\)](#) If there are any sureties, the Contracting Officer does not need to notify them of a written order.

Alternate IV [Reserved]

Alternate V (~~Apr 1984~~[Deviation Date](#)). If the requirement is for research and development, and it is desired to include the clause, substitute the following ~~paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(3) for paragraphs~~[subparagraphs](#) [\(a\)\(1\)\(i\)](#) and [\(a\)\(1\)\(iii\)](#) ~~for subparagraphs (a)(1)(i) and (a)(1)(iii)~~ of the basic clause: ~~(a) \*\*\*~~

[\(a\)\(1\)\(i\)](#) Drawings, designs, or specifications.

[\(3\)\(iii\)](#) Place of inspection, delivery, or acceptance.

52.243-3 Changes-Time-and-Materials or Labor-Hours.

As prescribed in [43.305\(c\)](#), insert the following clause:

Changes-Time-and-Materials or Labor-Hours (~~Sept 2009~~[Deviation Date](#))

(a)

[\(1\) At any time](#), the Contracting Officer may ~~at any time, by~~ [issue a](#) written order, ~~and without notice to the sureties, if any,~~ make changes [in](#) within the ~~general~~ scope of this contract in any one or more of the following:

Description of services to be performed.

Time of performance (i.e., hours of the day, days of the week, etc.).

Place of performance of the services.

Drawings, designs, or specifications ~~when the~~ [which require special manufacturing of](#) supplies ~~to be furnished are to be specially manufactured for the Government in accordance with the drawings, designs, or specifications.~~

[the Government.](#) [\(v\)](#) Method of shipment or packing of supplies.

Place of delivery.

~~Place of delivery.~~

Amount of Government-furnished property.

[\(2\) If there are any sureties, the Contracting Officer does not need to notify them of a written order.](#)

(b) If any change causes an increase or decrease in any hourly rate, the ceiling price, or the time required for performance of any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed by the order, or otherwise affects any other terms and conditions of this contract, the Contracting Officer will make an equitable adjustment in any one or more of the following and will modify the contract accordingly:

Ceiling price.

Hourly rates.

Delivery schedule.

Other affected terms.

The Contractor shall assert its right to an adjustment under this clause within 30 days from the date of [receipt of the written order](#). However, if the Contracting Officer decides that the facts justify it, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal submitted before final payment of the contract.

~~receipt of the written order. However, if the Contracting Officer decides that the facts justify it, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon a proposal submitted before final payment of the contract.~~

Failure to agree to any adjustment will be a dispute under the Disputes clause. However, nothing in ~~this clause excuses the~~ this clause excuses the Contractor from proceeding with the contract as changed.

(End of clause)

52.243-4 Changes.

As prescribed in 43.305(d), insert the following clause: Agency procedures may vary the 30-day period ~~may be varied according to agency procedures.~~

Changes (~~June 2007~~ Deviation Date)

(a)

(1) At any time, the Contracting Officer may, ~~at any time, without notice to the sureties, if any, by~~ issue a written order ~~designated or indicated to be a~~ identified as a change order, to make changes in the work within the ~~general~~ scope of the contract, including changes ~~—~~

In the specifications (including drawings and designs);

In the method or manner of performance of the work;

;(iii) In the Government-furnished property or services; or

(iv) Directing acceleration in the performance of the work.

(2) If there are any sureties, the Contracting Officer does not need to notify them of a written order.

(b) Any other written or oral order (which, as used in this paragraph (b), includes direction, instruction, interpretation, or determination) from the Contracting Officer that causes a change shall be treated as a change order under this clause; provided, that the Contractor gives the Contracting Officer written notice stating ~~—~~

The date, circumstances, and source of the order; and

That the Contractor regards the order as a change order.

Except as provided in this clause, no order, statement, or conduct of the Contracting Officer shall be ~~treated as~~ treated as a change under this clause or entitle the Contractor to an equitable adjustment.

If any change under this clause causes an increase or decrease in the ~~Contractor's~~ Contractor's cost of, or the time ~~required for, the performance~~ required for, the performance of any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed by any such order, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment and modify the contract in writing. However, except for an adjustment based on defective specifications, no adjustment for any change under paragraph (b) of this clause shall be made for any costs incurred more than 20 days before the Contractor gives written notice as required. In the case of defective specifications for which the Government is responsible, the equitable adjustment shall include any increased cost reasonably incurred by the Contractor in attempting to comply with the defective specifications.

(e)

(1) The Contractor must assert its right to an adjustment under this clause ~~within 30 days after (1) receipt of a written change order under paragraph (a) of this clause or (2) the furnishing of a written notice under paragraph (b) of this clause~~, by submitting to the Contracting Officer a written statement describing the general nature and amount of ~~the proposal~~ within 30 days, unless this period is extended by the Government; ~~after—~~

Receipt of a written change order under paragraph (a) of this clause; or

The furnishing of a written notice under paragraph (b) of this clause.

(2) The statement of proposal for adjustment may be included in the notice under paragraph (b) of this clause.

(f) No proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment shall be allowed if asserted after final payment under ~~this contract~~ this contract.

(End of clause)

#### 52.243-5 Changes and Changed Conditions.

As prescribed in 43.305(e), insert the following clause:

Changes and Changed Conditions (~~Apr 1984~~ Deviation Date)

The Contracting Officer may, ~~in writing~~, order changes in the drawings and specifications within the ~~general scope of the contract~~ of the contract in writing.

The Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, of subsurface or latent ~~physical conditions differing~~ physical conditions differing materially from those indicated in this contract or unknown unusual physical conditions at the site before proceeding with the work.

If changes under paragraph (a) of this clause or conditions under paragraph (b) of this clause increase ~~or decrease~~ or decrease the cost of, or time required ~~for performing~~ for performing the work, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment (see paragraph (d)) of this clause upon submittal of a "proposal for adjustment" (hereafter referred to as proposal) by the Contractor before final payment under the contract.

The Contracting Officer shall not make an equitable adjustment under paragraph (b) of this clause unless—

The Contractor has submitted the required written notice and the Contracting Officer has received the ~~required written~~ notice; or

The Contracting Officer waives the requirement for ~~the~~ written notice.

(e) Failure to agree to any adjustment shall be a dispute under the Disputes clause.

(End of clause)

#### 52.243-6 Change Order Accounting.

As prescribed in 43.305(f), the contracting officer may insert a clause, substantially the same as follows:

Change Order Accounting (~~Apr 1984~~ Deviation Date)

The Contracting Officer may require change order accounting whenever the estimated cost of a change or series of related changes exceeds \$100,000. The Contractor, for each change or series of related changes, shall maintain separate accounts, by job order or other suitable accounting procedure, of all incurred segregable, direct costs (less allocable credits) of work, both changed and not changed, allocable to the change. The Contractor shall maintain such accounts until the parties agree to an equitable adjustment for the changes ordered by the Contracting Officer or the matter is conclusively disposed of in accordance with the Disputes clause. [\(End of clause\)](#)

~~(End of clause)~~

52.243-7 Notification of Changes.

As prescribed in [43.206](#), insert the following clause:

Notification of Changes (~~Jan 2017~~ [Deviation Date](#))

Definitions.

~~"Contracting Officer,"~~ as used in this clause, does not include any representative of the Contracting Officer.

~~"Specifically Authorized Representative (SAR),"~~ as used in this clause, means any person the Contracting Officer has ~~so~~ designated by written notice (a copy ~~of which~~ shall be provided to the Contractor) ~~which~~ [that](#) shall refer to this ~~paragraph~~ [subparagraph](#) and shall be issued to the designated representative before the SAR exercises such authority.

Notice. The primary purpose of this clause is to obtain prompt reporting of Government conduct that the Contractor considers to constitute a change to this contract. Except for changes identified ~~as such~~ in writing and signed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall notify the Administrative Contracting Officer in writing promptly, within \_\_\_\_\_ (to be negotiated) calendar days from the date that the Contractor identifies any Government conduct (~~including actions, inactions, and written or oral communications~~) that the Contractor regards as a change to the contract terms and conditions. [Examples of conduct that may be regarded as a change to terms and conditions include actions, inactions, and written or oral communications.](#) On the basis of the most accurate information available to the Contractor, the notice shall state-

=

The date, nature, and circumstances of the conduct regarded as a change;

The name, function, and activity of each Government individual and Contractor official or ~~employee~~ [involved employee involved](#) in ~~or knowledgeable~~ [or knowledgeable](#) about such conduct;

The identification of any documents and the substance of any oral communication involved in such conduct;

In the instance of alleged acceleration of scheduled performance or delivery, the basis upon which it arose;

The particular elements of contract performance for which the Contractor may seek an equitable ~~adjustment~~ [under this clause adjustment under this clause](#), including ~~—~~

What line items have been or may be affected by the alleged change;



What labor or materials or both have been or may be added, deleted, or wasted by the alleged change;

To the extent practicable, what delay and disruption in the manner and sequence of performance and ~~effect~~ ~~on continued~~ effect on continued performance have been or may be caused by the alleged change;

What adjustments to contract price, delivery schedule, and other provisions affected by the alleged ~~change~~ ~~are estimated~~ change are estimated; and

(6) The Contractor's estimate of the time by which the Government must respond to the Contractor's notice to minimize cost, delay or disruption of performance.

Continued performance. Following submission of the notice required by paragraph (b) of this clause, the Contractor shall diligently continue performance of this contract to the maximum extent possible in accordance with its terms and conditions as construed by the Contractor, unless the notice reports a direction of the Contracting Officer or a communication from a SAR of the Contracting Officer, in either of which events the Contractor shall continue performance; ~~provided, however, that~~ However, if the Contractor regards the direction or communication as a change as described in paragraph (b) of this clause, notice shall be given in the manner provided. All directions, communications, interpretations, orders and similar actions of the SAR shall be reduced to writing promptly and copies furnished to the Contractor and to the Contracting Officer. The Contracting Officer shall promptly countermand any action which exceeds the authority of the SAR.

~~SAR:~~

Government response. The Contracting Officer shall promptly, within \_\_\_\_\_ (to be negotiated) calendar days after receipt of notice, respond to the notice in writing. In responding, the Contracting Officer shall either ~~—~~

Confirm that the conduct of which the Contractor gave notice constitutes a change and when necessary ~~direct~~ ~~the mode of~~ direct the mode of further performance;

Countermand any communication regarded as a change;

Deny that the conduct of which the Contractor gave notice constitutes a change and when necessary ~~direct~~ ~~the direct~~ the mode of further performance; or

In the event the ~~Contractor's~~ Contractor's notice information is inadequate to make a decision under ~~paragraphs (d)(1), (2), or (3) of this~~ paragraph (d) of this clause, advise the Contractor what additional information is required, and establish the date by which it should be furnished and the date thereafter by which the Government will respond.

(e) Equitable adjustments.

(1) If the Contracting Officer confirms that Government conduct effected a change as alleged by the Contractor, and the conduct causes an increase or decrease in the ~~Contractor's~~ Contractor's cost of, or the time required for, performance of any part of the work under this contract, whether changed or not changed by such conduct, an equitable adjustment shall be made ~~(i) in the contract price or delivery schedule or both; and~~ —

~~(ii) in the contract price or delivery schedule or both; and~~ —

In such other provisions of the contract as may be affected.

(2) The contract shall be modified in writing accordingly. In the case of drawings, designs or specifications which are defective and for which the Government is responsible, the equitable adjustment shall include the cost and time extension for delay reasonably incurred by the Contractor in attempting to comply with the defective drawings, designs or specifications before the Contractor identified, or reasonably should have identified, such defect. When the cost of property made obsolete or excess as a result of a change confirmed by the Contracting Officer under this clause is included in the equitable adjustment, the Contracting Officer shall have the right to prescribe the manner of disposition of the property. The equitable adjustment shall not include increased costs or time extensions for delay resulting from the ~~Contractor's~~[Contractor's](#) failure to provide notice or to continue performance as provided, respectively, in paragraphs(b) and (c) of this clause.

Note: The phrases "~~contract price~~" and "~~cost~~" wherever they appear in the clause, may be appropriately modified to apply to cost-reimbursement or incentive contracts, or to combinations thereof.

(End of clause)

52.244 [Reserved]

52.244-1 [Reserved]

52.244-2 Subcontracts.

As prescribed in [44.201-5\(a\)](#)(1), insert the following clause:

Subcontracts (Jun 2020)

Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Approved purchasing system" means a Contractor's purchasing system that has been reviewed and approved in accordance with [part 44](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).

"Consent to subcontract" means the Contracting Officer's written consent for the Contractor to enter into a particular subcontract.

Subcontract means any contract, as defined in FAR [subpart 2.1](#), entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of the prime contract or a subcontract. It includes, but is not limited to, purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.

When this clause is included in a fixed-price type contract, consent to subcontract is required only ~~on unpriced contract actions~~[on unpriced contract actions](#) (including unpriced modifications or unpriced delivery orders), and only if required in accordance with paragraph (c) or (d) of this clause.

If the Contractor does not have an approved purchasing system, consent to subcontract is required for ~~any subcontract that~~[any subcontract that](#)-

Is of the cost-reimbursement, time-and-materials, or labor-hour type; or

Is fixed-price and exceeds-

For a contract awarded by the Department of Defense, the Coast Guard, or the National Aeronautics ~~and Space Administration~~ and Space Administration, the greater of the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101 on the date of subcontract award, or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of the contract; or

For a contract awarded by a civilian agency other than the Coast Guard and the National Aeronautics ~~and Space Administration~~ and Space Administration, either the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101 on the date of subcontract award, or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of the contract.

(d) If the Contractor has an approved purchasing system, the Contractor nevertheless shall obtain the Contracting Officer's written consent before placing the following subcontracts:

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(e)

(1) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of placing any subcontract or modification thereof for which consent is required under paragraph (b), (c), or (d) of this clause, including the following information:

A description of the supplies or services to be subcontracted.

Identification of the type of subcontract to be used.

Identification of the proposed subcontractor.

The proposed subcontract price.

The subcontractor's current, complete, and accurate certified cost or pricing data and Certificate of ~~Current Cost or Pricing~~ Current Cost or Pricing Data, if required by other contract provisions.

The subcontractor's Disclosure Statement or Certificate relating to Cost Accounting Standards when ~~such data are required~~ such data are required by other provisions of this contract.

A negotiation memorandum reflecting-

The principal elements of the subcontract price negotiations;

The most significant considerations controlling establishment of initial or revised prices;

The reason certified cost or pricing data were or were not required;

The extent, if any, to which the Contractor did not rely on the subcontractor's certified cost or pricing data indetermining the price objective and in negotiating the final price;

The extent to which it was recognized in the negotiation that the subcontractor's certified cost or pricing ~~data were not accurate~~ data were not accurate, complete, or current; the action taken by the Contractor and the subcontractor; and the effect of any such defective data on the total price negotiated;

The reasons for any significant difference between the Contractor's price objective and the price negotiated; and

A complete explanation of the incentive fee or profit plan when incentives are used. The explanation ~~shall identify each critical~~ shall identify each critical performance element, management decisions used to quantify each incentive element, reasons for the incentives, and a summary of all trade-off possibilities considered.

(2) The Contractor is not required to notify the Contracting Officer in advance of entering into any subcontract for which consent is not required under paragraph (b), (c), or (d) of this clause.

(f) Unless the consent or approval specifically provides otherwise, neither consent by the Contracting Officer to any subcontract nor approval of the Contractor's purchasing system shall constitute a determination-

Of the acceptability of any subcontract terms or conditions;

Of the allowability of any cost under this contract; or

To relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for performing this contract.

No subcontract or modification thereof placed under this contract shall provide for payment on a cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost basis, and any fee payable under cost-reimbursement type subcontracts shall not exceed the fee limitations in FAR ~~15.404-4~~ (c)(4)(i).

The Contractor shall give the Contracting Officer immediate written notice of any action or suit filed ~~and prompt notice of~~ and prompt notice of any claim made against the Contractor by any subcontractor or vendor that, in the opinion of the Contractor, may result in litigation related in any way to this contract, with respect to which the Contractor may be entitled to reimbursement from the Government.

The Government reserves the right to review the Contractor's purchasing system as set forth in FAR ~~subpart 44.3.~~

Paragraphs (c) and (e) of this clause do not apply to the following subcontracts, which were evaluated during negotiations:

(End of clause)

~~(End of clause)~~

Alternate I (June 2020). As prescribed in 44.201-5(a)(2), substitute the following paragraph (e)(2) for paragraph (e)(2) of the basic clause:

(e)(2) If the Contractor has an approved purchasing system and consent is not required under paragraph (c), or (d) of this clause, the Contractor nevertheless shall notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of entering into any (i) ~~cost plus~~ cost-plus-fixed-fee subcontract, or (ii) fixed-price subcontract that exceeds either the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101 on the date of subcontract award, or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of this contract. The notification shall include the information required by paragraphs (e)(1) ~~(i)~~ through (iv) of this clause. 52.244-3 [Reserved]

52.244-4 Subcontractors and Outside Associates and Consultants (Architect-Engineer Services).

As prescribed in 44.201-5(b), insert the following clause:

Subcontractors and Outside Associates and Consultants (Architect-Engineer Services) (Aug 1998)

Any subcontractors and outside associates or consultants required by the Contractor in connection with the services covered by the contract will be limited to individuals or firms that were specifically identified and agreed to during negotiations. The Contractor shall obtain the Contracting Officer’s written consent before making any substitution for these subcontractors, associates, or consultants.

(End of clause)

52.244-5 Competition in Subcontracting.

As prescribed in [44.201-5\(c\)](#), insert the following clause:

Competition in Subcontracting (Aug 2024)

The Contractor shall select subcontractors (including suppliers) on a competitive basis to the ~~maximum practical extent consistent~~[maximum practical extent consistent](#) with the objectives and requirements of the contract.

If the Contractor is an approved mentor under the DoD Mentor-Protégé Program ([10 U.S.C. 4902](#)), the Contractor may award subcontracts under this contract on a noncompetitive basis to its protégés.

(End of clause)

52.244-6 Subcontracts for Commercial Products and Commercial Services.

As prescribed in ~~44.403~~, insert the following clause:

Subcontracts for Commercial Products and Commercial Services (~~Oct~~[Jan](#) 2025)

Definitions. As used in this clause—

Commercial product, commercial service and ~~commercially available off the shelf~~[nondevelopmental](#) item have the meanings contained in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) [2.101](#). Subcontract ~~includes a transfer of commercial products or commercial services between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor or subcontractor~~[has the meaning at any tier](#)[FAR 44.401](#)

[Requirements.](#)

To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall incorporate, and require its subcontractors at all ~~tiers~~[tiers](#) ~~to incorporate~~[to incorporate](#), commercial products, commercial services, or non-developmental items as components of items to be supplied under this contract.

(e)

~~(1) If a clause in the following table is included in the contract,~~ the Contractor shall insert the ~~following clauses in subcontracts~~[clause in subcontracts](#) for commercial products or commercial services [and must flow down the requirements of the clause to subcontracts as indicated in the specific clause:](#)

| Number | Title | Date |
|--------|-------|------|
|--------|-------|------|

[NOV](#)

[52.203-13 Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct](#)

~~202152.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Nov 2021) (41 U.S.C. 3509), if the subcontract exceeds the threshold specified in FAR (a) on the date of subcontract award, and has a performance period of more than 120 days. In altering this clause to identify the appropriate parties, all disclosures of violation of the civil False Claims Act or of Federal criminal law shall be directed to the agency Office of the Inspector General, with a copy to the Contracting Officer.~~

~~52.203-15, Whistleblower Protections Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (Jun 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5), if the subcontract is funded under the Recovery Act.~~

[NOV](#)

~~52.203-17~~ ~~-Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights~~

~~(Nov 2023) (- this clause does not apply to contracts of DoD, NASA, the Coast Guard, or applicable elements of the intelligence community—see FAR (a).~~

[JAN](#)

~~52.203-19~~ ~~-Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements~~

~~(Jan 2017).~~

[JAN](#)

[52.204-9 Personal Identity Verification of Contractor Personnel](#)

~~201152.204-21, Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information Systems (Nov 2021), other than subcontracts for commercially available off the shelf items, if flow down is required in accordance with paragraph (c) of FAR clause~~

~~52.204-21.~~

~~52.204-23, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab Covered Entities (Dec 2023) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).~~

~~52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (Nov 2021) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).~~

~~52.204-27, Prohibition on a ByteDance Covered Application (Jun 2023) (Section 102 of Division R of Pub. L. 117328).~~

~~(ix)~~

~~52.204-30, Federal Acquisition Supply Chain Security Act Orders—Prohibition. (Dec 2023) ( title II).~~

~~Alternate I (Dec 2023) of 52.204-30.~~

[JAN](#)

52.219-8~~7~~<sup>\*</sup> Utilization of Small Business Concerns

~~Jan~~ 2025

[JUN](#)

[52.222-35 Equal Opportunity for Veterans](#)

2020

[JUN](#)

[52.222-36 Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities](#)

2020

[JUN](#)

[52.222-37 Employment Reports on Veterans](#)

2020

[DEC](#)

[52.222-40 Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act](#)

2010

[AUG](#)

[52.222-41 Service Contract Labor Standards](#)

2018

[NOV](#)

[52.222-50 Combating Trafficking in Persons](#)

2021

[52.222-50 MAR](#)

[Combating Trafficking in Persons, with its Alternate I](#)

[with Alt I 2015](#)

Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for MAY

52.222-51

Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment—Requirements 2014

Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for MAY

52.222-53) (d)(2) and (3))

Certain Services—Requirements 2014

52.222-54 Employment Eligibility Verification JAN  
2025

52.222-62 Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 JAN  
2022

52.224-3 Privacy Training JAN  
2017

52.224-3 with JAN  
Privacy Training, with Alternate I 2017

Alt I

52.225-26 Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States OCT  
2016

52.232-40 Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors MAR  
2023

52.240-3 Security Prohibitions and Exclusions DATE

52.240-3 with DATE  
Security Prohibitions and Exclusions, with its Alternate I Alt I

52.240-4 Security Requirements DATE

52.240-4 with DATE  
Security Requirements, with its Alternate II Alt II

52.247-64 Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels NOV  
2021



\* [Include only](#) if the subcontract offers further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds the applicable threshold specified in FAR [\(19.702\(a\)\)](#) on the date of subcontract award, the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.

~~52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).~~

~~52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Sept 2016) (E.O. 11246).~~

~~52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Jun 2020) (38 U.S.C.4212(a));~~

~~52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (Jun 2020)(29 U.S.C.793).~~

~~52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Jun 2020) (38 U.S.C.4212).~~

~~52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496), if flow down is required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.~~

~~(xvii)~~

~~52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Oct 2025) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).~~

~~Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50(22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627).~~

~~52.222-55, Minimum Wages for Contractor Workers under Executive Order 14026 (Jan 2022), if flow down is required in accordance with paragraph (k) of FAR clause 52.222-55.~~

~~52.222-62, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (Jan 2022) (E.O. 13706), if flow down is required in accordance with paragraph (m) of FAR clause 52.222-62.~~

~~(xx)~~

~~52.224-3, Privacy Training (Jan 2017) ( ) if flow down is required in accordance with 52.224-3(f).~~

~~Alternate I (Jan 2017) of 52.224-3, if flow down is required in accordance with 52.224-3(f) and the agency specifies that only its agency provided training is acceptable).~~

~~52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (Oct 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. Subtitle A, Part V, Subpart G Note).~~

~~52.232-40, Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (Mar 2023), if flow down is required in accordance with paragraph (c) of FAR clause 52.232-40.~~

~~52.240-1, Prohibition on Unmanned Aircraft Systems Manufactured or Assembled by American Security Drone Act Covered Foreign Entities (Nov 2024) (Sections 1821-1826, Pub. L. 118-31, 41 U.S.C. 3901 note prec.).~~

~~52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S. Flag Commercial Vessels (Nov 2021) ( and 10 U.S.C.2631), if flow down is required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.~~

~~(2) While not required, the Contractor may flow down to subcontracts for commercial products or commercial services a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.~~

~~(d)~~(c) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause, including this paragraph ~~(d)~~(c), in subcontracts awarded under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.245 [Reserved]

52.245-1 Government Property.

As prescribed in [45.107\(a\)](#), insert the following clause:

Government Property (Sep 2021)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Cannibalize means to remove parts from Government property for use or for installation on other Government property.

Contractor-acquired property means property acquired, fabricated, or otherwise provided by the Contractor for performing a contract, and to which the Government has title.

Contractor inventory means-

Any property acquired by and in the possession of a Contractor or subcontractor under a contract for ~~which title is vested~~which title is vested in the Government and which exceeds the amounts needed to complete full performance under the entire contract;

Any property that the Government is obligated or has the option to take over under any type of contract, e.g., as a ~~result either~~result either of any changes in the specifications or plans thereunder or of the termination of the contract (or subcontract thereunder), before completion of the work, for the convenience or at the option of the Government; and

Government-furnished property that exceeds the amounts needed to complete full performance under ~~the entire contract~~the entire contract.

Contractor's managerial personnel means the Contractor's directors, officers, managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of ~~(1) All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;~~

All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;

All or substantially all of the Contractor's operation at any one plant or separate location; or

A separate and complete major industrial operation.

Demilitarization means rendering a product unusable for, and not restorable to, the purpose for which it was designed or is customarily used.

Discrepancies incident to shipment means any differences (e.g., count or condition) between the items documented to have been shipped and items actually received.

Equipment means a tangible item that is functionally complete for its intended purpose, durable, nonexpendable, and needed for the performance of a contract. Equipment is not intended for sale, and does not ordinarily lose its identity or become a component part of another article when put into use. Equipment does not include material, real property, special test equipment or special tooling.

Government-furnished property means property in the possession of, or directly acquired by, the Government and subsequently furnished to the Contractor for performance of a contract. Government-furnished property includes, but is not limited to, spares and property furnished for repair, maintenance, overhaul, or modification. Government-furnished property also includes contractor-acquired property if the contractor-acquired property is a deliverable under a cost contract when accepted by the Government for continued use under the contract.

Government property means all property owned or leased by the Government. Government property includes both Government-furnished and Contractor-acquired property. Government property includes material, equipment, special tooling, special test equipment, and real property. Government property does not include intellectual property and software.

Loss of Government property means unintended, unforeseen or accidental loss, damage or destruction to

Government property that reduces the Government's expected economic benefits of the property. Loss of Government property does not include purposeful destructive testing, obsolescence, normal wear and tear or manufacturing defects. Loss of Government property includes, but is not limited to-

[\(1\)](#) Items that cannot be found after a reasonable search;

Theft;

Damage resulting in unexpected harm to property requiring repair to restore the item to usable condition; or

Destruction resulting from incidents that render the item useless for its intended purpose or ~~beyond economical~~[beyond economical](#) repair.

Material means property that may be consumed or expended during the performance of a contract, component parts of a higher assembly, or items that lose their individual identity through incorporation into an end item.

Material does not include equipment, special tooling, special test equipment or real property.

Nonseverable means property that cannot be removed after construction or installation without substantial loss of value or damage to the installed property or to the premises where installed.

Precious metals means silver, gold, platinum, palladium, iridium, osmium, rhodium, and ruthenium.

Production scrap means unusable material resulting from production, engineering, operations and maintenance, repair, and research and development contract activities. Production scrap may have value when re-melted or reprocessed, e.g., textile and metal clippings, borings, and faulty castings and forgings.

Property means all tangible property, both real and personal.

Property Administrator means an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer appointed in accordance with agency procedures, responsible for administering the contract requirements and obligations relating to Government property in the possession of a Contractor.

Property records means the records created and maintained by the contractor in support of its stewardship responsibilities for the management of Government property.

Provide means to furnish, as in Government-furnished property, or to acquire, as in contractor-acquired property.

Real property See Federal Management Regulation 102-71.20 (41 CFR 102-71.20).

Sensitive property means property potentially dangerous to the public safety or security if stolen, lost, or misplaced, or that shall be subject to exceptional physical security, protection, control, and accountability. Examples include weapons, ammunition, explosives, controlled substances, radioactive materials, hazardous materials or wastes, or precious metals.

Unit acquisition cost means-

For Government-furnished property, the dollar value assigned by the Government and identified in ~~the contract~~the contract; and

For contractor-acquired property, the cost derived from the Contractor's records that reflect ~~consistently applied~~generally consistently applied generally accepted accounting principles.

(b) Property management.

The Contractor shall have a system of internal controls to manage (control, use, preserve, protect, repair, ~~and maintain~~)

and maintain) Government property in its possession. The system shall be adequate to satisfy the requirements of this clause. In doing so, the Contractor shall initiate and maintain the processes, systems, procedures, records, and methodologies necessary for effective and efficient control of Government property. The Contractor shall disclose any significant changes to its property management system to the Property Administrator prior to implementation of the changes. The Contractor may employ customary commercial practices, voluntary consensus standards, or industry-leading practices and standards that provide effective and efficient Government property management that are necessary and appropriate for the performance of this contract (except where inconsistent with law or regulation).

The Contractor's responsibility extends from the initial acquisition and receipt of property, ~~through stewardship~~through stewardship, custody, and use until formally relieved of responsibility by authorized means, including delivery, consumption, expending, sale (as surplus property), or other disposition, or via a completed investigation, evaluation, and final determination for lost property. This requirement applies to all Government property under the Contractor's accountability, stewardship, possession or control, including its vendors or subcontractors (see paragraph (f)(1)(v) of this clause).

The Contractor shall include the requirements of this clause in all subcontracts under which ~~Government property is acquired~~ Government property is acquired or furnished for subcontract performance.

The Contractor shall establish and maintain procedures necessary to assess its property management system effectiveness and shall perform periodic internal reviews, surveillances, self assessments, or audits. Significant findings or results of such reviews and audits pertaining to Government property shall be made available to the Property Administrator. ~~(c) Use of Government property.~~

(c) Use of Government property.

The Contractor shall use Government property, either furnished or acquired under this contract, only ~~for performing this contract~~ for performing this contract, unless otherwise provided for in this contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.

Modifications or alterations of Government property are prohibited, unless they are-

Reasonable and necessary due to the scope of work under this contract or its terms and conditions;

Required for normal maintenance; or

Otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

(3) The Contractor shall not cannibalize Government property unless otherwise provided for in this contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.

(d) Government-furnished property.

The Government shall deliver to the Contractor the Government-furnished property described in ~~this contract.~~ ~~The Government~~ this contract. The Government shall furnish related data and information needed for the intended use of the property. The warranties of suitability of use and timely delivery of Government-furnished property do not apply to property acquired or fabricated by the Contractor as contractor-acquired property and subsequently transferred to another contract with this Contractor.

The delivery and/or performance dates specified in this contract are based upon the expectation that ~~the Government~~ the Government-furnished property will be suitable for contract performance and will be delivered to the Contractor by the dates stated in the contract.

If the property is not delivered to the Contractor by the dates stated in the contract, the Contracting ~~Officer shall, upon the~~ Officers shall, upon the Contractor's timely written request, consider an equitable adjustment to the contract.

In the event property is received by the Contractor, or for Government-furnished property after receipt ~~and installation,~~ and installation, in a condition not suitable for its intended use, the Contracting Officer shall, upon the Contractor's timely written request, advise the Contractor on a course of action to remedy the problem. Such action may include repairing, replacing, modifying, returning, or otherwise disposing of the property at the Government's expense. Upon completion of the required action(s), the Contracting Officer shall consider an equitable adjustment to the contract (see also paragraph (f)(1)(ii)(A) of this clause).

The Government may, at its option, furnish property in an "as-is" condition. The Contractor will be given the opportunity to inspect such property prior to the property being provided. In such cases, the Government makes no warranty with respect to the serviceability and/or suitability of the property for contract performance. Any repairs, replacement, and/or refurbishment shall be at the Contractor's expense.

(3)

(i) The Contracting Officer may by written notice, at any time-

Increase or decrease the amount of Government-furnished property under this contract;

Substitute other Government-furnished property for the property previously furnished, to be furnished, or ~~to be acquired~~ to be acquired by the Contractor for the Government under this contract; or

Withdraw authority to use property.

(ii) Upon completion of any action(s) under paragraph (d)(3)(i) of this clause, and the Contractor's timely written request, the Contracting Officer shall consider an equitable adjustment to the contract.

(e) Title to Government property.

All Government-furnished property and all property acquired by the Contractor, title to which vests in ~~the Government under~~ the Government under this paragraph (collectively referred to as "Government property"), is subject to the provisions of this clause. The Government shall retain title to all Government-furnished property. Title to Government property shall not be affected by its incorporation into or attachment to any property not owned by the Government, nor shall Government property become a fixture or lose its identity as personal property by being attached to any real property.

Title vests in the Government for all property acquired or fabricated by the Contractor in accordance with ~~the financing provisions~~ the financing provisions or other specific requirements for passage of title in the contract. Under fixed price type contracts, in the absence of financing provisions or other specific requirements for passage of title in the contract, the Contractor retains title to all property acquired by the Contractor for use on the contract, except for property identified as a deliverable end item. If a deliverable item is to be retained by the Contractor for use after inspection and acceptance by the Government, it shall be made accountable to the contract through a contract modification listing the item as Government-furnished property.

Title under Cost-Reimbursement or Time-and-Material Contracts or Cost-Reimbursable line items under Fixed-Price contracts.

Title to all property purchased by the Contractor for which the Contractor is entitled to be reimbursed as ~~a direct~~ direct item ~~of cost~~ of cost under this contract shall pass to and vest in the Government upon the vendor's delivery of such property.

Title to all other property, the cost of which is reimbursable to the Contractor, shall pass to and vest in ~~the Government upon~~ the Government upon-

Issuance of the property for use in contract performance;

Commencement of processing of the property for use in contract performance; or(C) Reimbursement of the cost of the property by the Government, whichever occurs first.

(f) Contractor plans and systems.

(1) Contractors shall establish and implement property management plans, systems, and procedures at the contract, program, site or entity level to enable the following outcomes:

Acquisition of Property. The Contractor shall document that all property was acquired consistent with its engineering, production planning, and property control operations.

Receipt of Government Property. The Contractor shall receive Government property and document the receipt, record the information necessary to meet the record requirements of paragraph (f)(1)(iii)(A)(1) through (5) of this clause, identify as Government owned in a manner appropriate to the type of property (e.g., stamp, tag, mark, or other identification), and manage any discrepancies incident to shipment.

Government-furnished property. The Contractor shall furnish a written statement to the Property

Administrator containing all relevant facts, such as cause or condition and a recommended course(s) of action, if overages, shortages, or damages and/or other discrepancies are discovered upon receipt of ~~Government-furnished~~Governmentfurnished property.

Contractor-acquired property. The Contractor shall take all actions necessary to adjust for overages, shortages, damage and/or other discrepancies discovered upon receipt, in shipment of Contractor-acquired property from a vendor or supplier, so as to ensure the proper allocability and allowability of associated costs.

(iii) Records of Government property. The Contractor shall create and maintain records of all Government property accountable to the contract, including Government-furnished and Contractor-acquired property.

(A) Property records shall enable a complete, current, auditable record of all transactions and shall, unless otherwise approved by the Property Administrator, contain the following:

The name, part number and description, National Stock Number (if needed for additional item ~~identification tracking and~~identificationtracking and/or disposition), and other data elements as necessary and required in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract.

Quantity received (or fabricated), issued, and balance-on-hand.

Unit acquisition cost.

Unique-item identifier or equivalent (if available and necessary for individual item tracking).

Unit of measure.

Accountable contract number or equivalent code designation.

Location.

Disposition.

Posting reference and date of transaction.

Date placed in service (if required in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract).

(B) Use of a Receipt and Issue System for Government Material. When approved by the Property Administrator, the Contractor may maintain, in lieu of formal property records, a file of appropriately cross-referenced documents evidencing receipt, issue, and use of material that is issued for immediate consumption.

Physical inventory. The Contractor shall periodically perform, record, and disclose physical inventory results. A final physical inventory shall be performed upon contract completion or termination. The Property Administrator may waive this final inventory requirement, depending on the circumstances (e.g., overall reliability of the Contractor's system or the property is to be transferred to a follow-on contract).

Subcontractor control.

The Contractor shall award subcontracts that clearly identify items to be provided and the extent of ~~any restrictions or limitations~~ any restrictions or limitations on their use. The Contractor shall ensure appropriate flow down of contract terms and conditions (e.g., extent of liability for loss of Government property).

The Contractor shall assure its subcontracts are properly administered and reviews are ~~periodically performed to determine~~ periodically performed to determine the adequacy of the subcontractor's property management system.

Reports. The Contractor shall have a process to create and provide reports of discrepancies, loss of Government property, physical inventory results, audits and self-assessments, corrective actions, and other property-related reports as directed by the Contracting Officer.

Relief of stewardship responsibility and liability. The Contractor shall have a process to enable the prompt recognition, investigation, disclosure and reporting of loss of Government property, including losses that occur at subcontractor or alternate site locations.

This process shall include the corrective actions necessary to prevent recurrence.

Unless otherwise directed by the Property Administrator, the Contractor shall investigate and report to ~~the Government~~ the Government all incidents of property loss as soon as the facts become known. Such reports shall, at a minimum, contain the following information:

Date of incident (if known).

The data elements required under (f)(1)(iii)(A).

Quantity.

Accountable contract number.

A statement indicating current or future need.

Unit acquisition cost, or if applicable, estimated sales proceeds, estimated repair or replacement costs.



All known interests in commingled material of which includes Government material.

Cause and corrective action taken or to be taken to prevent recurrence.

A statement that the Government will receive compensation covering the loss of Government property, in ~~the event~~ the ~~event the Contractor~~ Contractor was or will be reimbursed or compensated.

Copies of all supporting documentation.

Last known location.

A statement that the property did or did not contain sensitive, export controlled, hazardous, or ~~toxic material~~ toxic material, and ~~that the~~ that the appropriate agencies and authorities were notified.

(C) Unless the contract provides otherwise, the Contractor shall be relieved of stewardship responsibility and liability for property when-

Such property is consumed or expended, reasonably and properly, or otherwise accounted for, in the performance of the ~~performance of the contract~~ contract, including reasonable inventory adjustments of material as determined by the Property Administrator;

Property Administrator grants relief of responsibility and liability for loss of Government property;

Property is delivered or shipped from the Contractor's plant, under Government instructions, except ~~when shipment~~ when shipment is ~~to~~ a subcontractor or other location of the Contractor; or

Property is disposed of in accordance with paragraphs (j) and (k) of this clause.

(viii) Utilizing Government property.

The Contractor shall utilize, consume, move, and store Government Property only as authorized under ~~this contract~~ this contract. The Contractor shall promptly disclose and report Government property in its possession that is excess to contract performance.

Unless otherwise authorized in this contract or by the Property Administrator the Contractor shall ~~not commingle Government~~ not commingle Government material with material not owned by the Government.

Maintenance. The Contractor shall properly maintain Government property. The Contractor's maintenance program shall enable the identification, disclosure, and performance of normal and routine preventative maintenance and repair. The Contractor shall disclose and report to the Property Administrator the need for replacement and/or capital rehabilitation.

Property closeout. The Contractor shall promptly perform and report to the Property Administrator contract property closeout, to include reporting, investigating and securing closure of all loss of Government property cases; physically inventorying all property upon termination or completion of this contract; and disposing of items at the time they are determined to be excess to contractual needs.

(2) The Contractor shall establish and maintain Government accounting source data, as may be required by this contract, particularly in the areas of recognition of acquisitions, loss of Government property, and disposition of material and equipment.

(g) Systems analysis.

The Government shall have access to the Contractor's premises and all Government property, at ~~reasonable times, for the~~ reasonable times, for the purposes of reviewing, inspecting and evaluating the Contractor's property management plan(s), systems, procedures, records, and supporting documentation that pertains to Government property. This access includes all site locations and, with the Contractor's consent, all subcontractor premises.

Records of Government property shall be readily available to authorized Government personnel and shall be appropriately safeguarded.

Should it be determined by the Government that the Contractor's (or subcontractor's) property ~~management practices are~~ management practices are inadequate or not acceptable for the effective management and control of Government property under this contract, or present an undue risk to the Government, the Contractor shall prepare a corrective action plan when requested by the Property Administrator and take all necessary corrective actions as specified by the schedule within the corrective action plan.

(h) Contractor Liability for Government Property.

(1) Unless otherwise provided for in the contract, the Contractor shall not be liable for loss of Government property furnished or acquired under this contract, except when any one of the following applies-

The risk is covered by insurance or the Contractor is otherwise reimbursed (to the extent of such insurance or reimbursement). The allowability of insurance costs shall be determined in accordance with -31.205-19.

Loss of Government property that is the result of willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of ~~the Contractor's managerial~~ the Contractor's managerial personnel.

The Contracting Officer has, in writing, revoked the Government's assumption of risk for loss ~~of Government property due~~ of Government property due to a determination under paragraph (g) of this clause that the Contractor's property management practices are inadequate, and/or present an undue risk to the Government, and the Contractor failed to take timely corrective action. If the Contractor can establish by clear and convincing evidence that the loss of Government property occurred while the Contractor had adequate property management practices or the loss did not result from the Contractor's failure to maintain adequate property management practices, the Contractor shall not be held liable.

The Contractor shall take all reasonable actions necessary to protect the property from further loss. ~~The Contractor shall separate~~ The Contractor shall separate the damaged and undamaged property, place all the affected property in the best possible order, and take such other action as the Property Administrator directs.

The Contractor shall do nothing to prejudice the Government's rights to recover against third parties for ~~any loss of Government~~ any loss of Government property.

The Contractor shall reimburse the Government for loss of Government property, to the extent that ~~the Contractor is financially~~ the Contractor is financially liable for such loss, as directed by the Contracting Officer.

Upon the request of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall, at the Government's expense, furnish to ~~the Government~~ the Government all reasonable assistance and cooperation, including the prosecution of suit and the execution of instruments of assignment in favor of the Government in obtaining recovery.

(i) Equitable adjustment. Equitable adjustments under this clause shall be made in accordance with the procedures of the Changes clause. However, the Government shall not be liable for breach of contract for the following:

Any delay in delivery of Government-furnished property.

Delivery of Government-furnished property in a condition not suitable for its intended use.

An increase, decrease, or substitution of Government-furnished property.

Failure to repair or replace Government property for which the Government is responsible.

(j) Contractor inventory disposal. Except as otherwise provided for in this contract, the Contractor shall not dispose of Contractor inventory until authorized to do so by the Plant Clearance Officer or authorizing official.

(1) Predisposal requirements.

If the Contractor determines that the property has the potential to fulfill requirements under other contracts, the Contractor, in consultation with the Property Administrator, shall request that the Contracting Officer transfer the property to the contract in question, or provide authorization for use, as appropriate. In lieu of transferring the property, the Contracting Officer may authorize the Contractor to credit the costs of Contractor-acquired property (material only) to the losing contract, and debit the gaining contract with the corresponding cost, when such material is needed for use on another contract. Property no longer needed shall be considered contractor inventory.

For any remaining Contractor-acquired property, the Contractor may purchase the property at the ~~unit acquisition~~ unit acquisition cost ~~if desired~~ if desired or make reasonable efforts to return unused property to the appropriate supplier at fair market value (less, if applicable, a reasonable restocking fee that is consistent with the supplier's customary practices.)

(2) Inventory disposal schedules.

(i) Absent separate contract terms and conditions for property disposition, and provided the property was not reutilized, transferred, or otherwise disposed of, the Contractor, as directed by the Plant Clearance Officer or authorizing official, shall use Standard Form 1428, Inventory Disposal Schedule or electronic equivalent, to identify and report-

Government-furnished property that is no longer required for performance of this contract;

Contractor-acquired property, to which the Government has obtained title under paragraph (e) of this clause, which ~~is no~~ is no longer required for performance of that contract; and

Termination inventory.

The Contractor may annotate inventory disposal schedules to identify property the Contractor wishes ~~to purchase from the~~topurchase from the Government, in the event that the property is offered for sale.

Separate inventory disposal schedules are required for aircraft in any condition, flight safety critical ~~aircraft parts, and other~~aircraft parts, and other items as directed by the Plant Clearance Officer.

The Contractor shall provide the information required by FAR 52.245-1(f)(1)(iii) along with the following:

Any additional information that may facilitate understanding of the property's intended use.

For work-in-progress, the estimated percentage of completion.

For precious metals in raw or bulk form, the type of metal and estimated weight.

For hazardous material or property contaminated with hazardous material, the type of hazardous material.

For metals in mill product form, the form, shape, treatment, hardness, temper, specification (commercial or Government) and dimensions (thickness, width and length).

Property with the same description, condition code, and reporting location may be grouped in a single ~~line item~~line item.

Scrap should be reported by "lot" along with metal content, estimated weight and estimated value.

(3) Submission requirements.

(i) The Contractor shall submit inventory disposal schedules to the Plant Clearance Officer no later than-

30 days following the Contractor's determination that a property item is no longer required for ~~performance of this contract~~performance of this contract;

60 days, or such longer period as may be approved by the Plant Clearance Officer, following completion of ~~contract deliveries~~of contract deliveries or performance; or

120 days, or such longer period as may be approved by the Termination Contracting Officer, ~~following contract termination~~following contract termination in whole or in part.

(ii) Unless the Plant Clearance Officer determines otherwise, the Contractor need not identify or report production scrap on inventory disposal schedules, and may process and dispose of production scrap in accordance with its own internal scrap procedures. The processing and disposal of other types of ~~Government-owned~~Government-owned scrap will be conducted in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract or Plant Clearance Officer direction, as appropriate.

(4) Corrections. The Plant Clearance Officer may-

Reject a schedule for cause (e.g., contains errors, determined to be inaccurate); and

Require the Contractor to correct an inventory disposal schedule.

Postsubmission adjustments. The Contractor shall notify the Plant Clearance Officer at least 10 working days in advance of its intent to remove an item from an approved inventory disposal schedule. Upon approval of the Plant Clearance Officer, or upon expiration of the notice period, the Contractor may make the necessary adjustments to the inventory schedule.

#### Storage.

The Contractor shall store the property identified on an inventory disposal schedule pending receipt ~~of disposal instructions.~~ of disposal instructions. The Government's failure to furnish disposal instructions within 120 days following acceptance of an inventory disposal schedule may entitle the Contractor to an equitable adjustment for costs incurred to store such property on or after the 121 st day.

The Contractor shall obtain the Plant Clearance Officer's approval to remove property from the ~~premises where the property~~ premises where the property is currently located prior to receipt of final disposition instructions. If approval is granted, any costs incurred by the Contractor to transport or store the property shall not increase the price or fee of any Government contract. The storage area shall be appropriate for assuring the property's physical safety and suitability for use. Approval does not relieve the Contractor of any liability for such property under this contract.

#### (7) Disposition instructions.

The Contractor shall prepare for shipment, deliver f.o.b. origin, or dispose of Contractor inventory as ~~directed by~~ directed by the Plant Clearance Officer. Unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer or by the Plant Clearance Officer, the Contractor shall remove and destroy any markings identifying the property as U.S. ~~Government-owned~~ Government owned property prior to its disposal.

The Contracting Officer may require the Contractor to demilitarize the property prior to shipment or disposal. ~~In such cases~~ such cases, the Contractor may be entitled to an equitable adjustment under paragraph (i) of this clause.

Disposal proceeds. As directed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall credit the net proceeds from the disposal of Contractor inventory to the contract, or to the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

Subcontractor inventory disposal schedules. The Contractor shall require its Subcontractors to submit inventory disposal schedules to the Contractor in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (j)(3) of this clause.

#### (k) Abandonment of Government property.

The Government shall not abandon sensitive property or termination inventory without the ~~Contractor's written~~ Contractor's written consent.

The Government, upon notice to the Contractor, may abandon any nonsensitive property in place, at ~~which time all obligations~~ which time all obligations of the Government regarding such property shall cease.

Absent contract terms and conditions to the contrary, the Government may abandon parts removed ~~and replaced from property~~ and replaced from property as a result of normal maintenance actions, or removed from property as a result of the repair, maintenance, overhaul, or modification process.

The Government has no obligation to restore or rehabilitate the Contractor's premises under ~~any circumstances;~~ any circumstances; however, if Government-furnished property is withdrawn or is unsuitable for the intended use, or if other Government property is substituted, then the equitable adjustment under paragraph (i) of this clause may properly include restoration or rehabilitation costs.

Communication. All communications under this clause shall be in writing.

Contracts outside the United States. If this contract is to be performed outside of the United States and its outlying areas, the words "Government" and "Government-furnished" (wherever they appear in this clause) shall be construed as "United States Government" and "United States Government-furnished," respectively.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 2012). As prescribed in [45.107](#) (a)(2), substitute the following for paragraph (h)(1) of the basic clause:

(h)(1) The Contractor assumes the risk of, and shall be responsible for, any loss of Government property upon its delivery to the Contractor as Government-furnished property. However, the Contractor is not responsible for reasonable wear and tear to Government property or for Government property properly consumed in performing this contract.

Alternate II (Apr 2012). As prescribed in ~~45.107~~ [45.107](#) (a)(3), substitute the following for paragraph (e)(3) of the basic clause:

(e)(3) Title to property (and other tangible personal property) purchased with funds available for research and having a unit acquisition cost of less than \$5,000 shall vest in the Contractor upon acquisition or as soon thereafter as feasible; provided that the Contractor obtained the Contracting Officer's approval before each acquisition. Title to property purchased with funds available for research and having a unit acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more shall vest as set forth in this contract. If title to property vests in the Contractor under this paragraph, the Contractor agrees that no costs shall be allowed for any depreciation, amortization, or use under any existing or future Government contract or subcontract thereunder. The Contractor shall furnish the

Contracting Officer a list of all property to which title is vested in the Contractor under this paragraph within 10 days following the end of the calendar quarter during which it was received. Vesting title under this paragraph is subject to civil rights legislation, [42 U.S.C. 2000d](#). Before title is vested and by signing this contract, the Contractor accepts and agrees that-

"No person in the United States or its outlying areas shall, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under this contemplated financial assistance (title to property)."

52.245-2 Government Property Installation Operation Services.

As prescribed in [45.107](#) (b), insert the following clause:

Government Property Installation Operation Services (Apr 2012)

This Government Property listed in paragraph (e) of this clause is furnished to the Contractor in an "as-is,where is" condition. The Government makes no warranty regarding the suitability for use of the Government property specified in this contract. The Contractor shall be afforded the opportunity to inspect the Government property as specified in the solicitation.

The Government bears no responsibility for repair or replacement of any lost Government property. If any ~~of~~ ~~all~~ ~~of the Government~~ the Government property is lost or becomes no longer usable, the Contractor shall be responsible for replacement of the property at Contractor expense. The Contractor shall have title to all replacement property and shall continue to be responsible for contract performance.

Unless the Contracting Officer determines otherwise, the Government abandons all rights and title ~~to~~ ~~unserviceable and scrap~~ unserviceable and scrap property resulting from contract performance. Upon notification to the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall remove such property from the Government premises and dispose of it at Contractor expense.

Except as provided in this clause, Government property furnished under this contract shall be governed ~~by~~ ~~the Government~~ by the Government Property clause of this contract.

Government property provided under this clause: \_\_\_\_\_:

(End of clause)

52.245-3 [Reserved]

52.245-4 [Reserved]

52.245-5 [Reserved]

52.245-6 [Reserved]

52.245-7 [Reserved]

52.245-8 [Reserved]

52.245-9 Use and Charges.

As prescribed in [45.107\(c\)](#), insert the following clause:

Use and Charges (Apr 2012)

Definitions. Definitions applicable to this contract are provided in the clause at 52.245-1, Government Property. Additional definitions as used in this clause include:

Rental period means the calendar period during which Government property is made available for nongovernmental purposes.

Rental time means the number of hours, to the nearest whole hour, rented property is actually used for nongovernmental purposes. It includes time to set up the property for such purposes, perform required maintenance, and restore the property to its condition prior to rental (less normal wear and tear).

Use of Government property. The Contractor may use the Government property without charge in the performance of-

Contracts with the Government that specifically authorize such use without charge;

Subcontracts of any tier under Government prime contracts if the Contracting Officer having cognizance ~~of the prime contract~~ of the prime contract;

Approves a subcontract specifically authorizing such use; or

Otherwise authorizes such use in writing; and

(3) Other work, if the Contracting Officer specifically authorizes in writing use without charge for such work.

Rental. If granted written permission by the Contracting Officer, or if it is specifically provided for in ~~the Schedule~~, the ~~Schedule, the Contractor~~ Contractor may use the Government property (except material) for a rental fee for work other than that provided in paragraph (b) of this clause. Authorizing such use of the Government property does not waive any rights of the Government to terminate the Contractor's right to use the Government property. The rental fee shall be determined in accordance with the following paragraphs.

General.

Rental requests shall be submitted to the Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO), identify the property for ~~which rental~~

which rental is requested, propose a rental period, and compute an estimated rental charge by using the Contractor's best estimate of rental time in the formulae described in paragraph (e) of this clause.

The Contractor shall not use Government property for nongovernmental purposes, including Independent

Research and Development, until a rental charge for real property, or estimated rental charge for other property, is agreed upon. Rented property shall be used only on a non-interference basis.

(e) Rental charge.-

(1) Real property and associated fixtures.

The Contractor shall obtain, at its expense, a property appraisal from an independent licensed, accredited, ~~or certified appraiser~~ or certified appraiser that computes a monthly, daily, or hourly rental rate for comparable commercial property. The appraisal may be used to compute rentals under this clause throughout its effective period or, if an effective period is not stated in the appraisal, for one year following the date the appraisal was performed. The Contractor shall submit the appraisal to the ACO at least 30 days prior to the date the property is needed for nongovernmental use. Except as provided in paragraph (e) ~~(1)~~ (1)(iii) of this clause, the ACO shall use the appraisal rental rate to determine a reasonable rental charge.



Rental charges shall be determined by multiplying the rental time by the appraisal rental rate expressed as a ~~rate per hour~~ rate per hour. Monthly or daily appraisal rental rates shall be divided by 720 or 24, respectively, to determine an hourly rental rate.

When the ACO believes the appraisal rental rate is unreasonable, the ACO shall promptly notify ~~the Contractor~~ The parties. ~~The parties~~ the Contractor. The parties may agree on an alternative means for computing a reasonable rental charge.

The Contractor shall obtain, at its expense, additional property appraisals in the same manner as provided ~~in paragraph~~ in paragraph (e)(1)(i) if the effective period has expired and the Contractor desires the continued use of property for nongovernmental use. The Contractor may obtain additional appraisals within the effective period of the current appraisal if the market prices decrease substantially.

Other Government property. The Contractor may elect to compute the rental charge using the appraisal method described in paragraph (e)(1) of this clause subject to the constraints therein or the following formula in which rental time shall be expressed in increments of not less than one hour with portions of hours rounded to the next higher hour: The hourly rental charge is calculated by multiplying 2 percent of the acquisition cost by the hours of rental time, and dividing by 720.

Alternative methodology. The Contractor may request consideration of an alternative basis for computing the rental charge if it considers the monthly rental rate or a time-based rental unreasonable or impractical.

(f) Rental payments.

Rent is due 60 days following completion of the rental period or as otherwise specified in the contract. ~~The Contractor shall~~ The Contractor shall compute the rental due, and furnish records or other supporting data in sufficient detail to permit the ACO to verify the rental time and computation. Payment shall be made by check payable to the Treasurer of the United States and sent to the contract administration office identified in this contract, unless otherwise specified by the Contracting Officer.

Interest will be charged if payment is not made by the date specified in paragraph (f)(1) of this clause. Interest ~~will accrue~~ will accrue at the "Renegotiation Board Interest Rate" (published in the Federal Register semiannually on or about January 1 st and July 1 st) for the period in which the rent is due.

The Government's acceptance of any rental payment under this clause, in whole or in part, shall not ~~be construed~~ be construed as ~~a waiver~~ a waiver or relinquishment of any rights it may have against the Contractor stemming from the Contractor's unauthorized use of Government property or any other failure to perform this contract according to its terms.

Use revocation. At any time during the rental period, the Government may revoke nongovernmental ~~use~~ authorization and use authorization and require the Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, to return the property to the Government, restore the property to its prerenal condition (less normal wear and tear), or both.

Unauthorized use. The unauthorized use of Government property can subject a person to fines, imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. 641 ~~(End of clause)~~.

(End of clause)

52.246 [Reserved]

52.246-1 Contractor Inspection Requirements.

As prescribed in ~~46.301~~, insert the following clause:

Contractor Inspection Requirements (Apr 1984)

The Contractor is responsible for performing or having performed all inspections and tests necessary to substantiate that the supplies or services furnished under this contract conform to contract requirements, including any applicable technical requirements for specified manufacturers' parts. This clause takes precedence over any Government inspection and testing required in the contract's specifications, except for specialized inspections or tests specified to be performed solely by the Government.

(End of clause)

52.246-2 Inspection of Supplies-Fixed-Price.

As prescribed in ~~46.302~~, insert the following clause:

Inspection of Supplies-Fixed-Price (Aug 1996)

Definition. "Supplies," as used in this clause, includes but is not limited to raw materials, components, intermediate assemblies, end products, and lots of supplies.

The Contractor shall provide and maintain an inspection system acceptable to the Government ~~covering supplies under this~~covering supplies under this contract and shall tender to the Government for acceptance only supplies that have been inspected in accordance with the inspection system and have been found by the Contractor to be in conformity with contract requirements. As part of the system, the Contractor shall prepare records evidencing all inspections made under the system and the outcome. These records shall be kept complete and made available to the Government during contract performance and for as long afterwards as the contract requires. The Government may perform reviews and evaluations as reasonably necessary to ascertain compliance with this paragraph. These reviews and evaluations shall be conducted in a manner that will not unduly delay the contract work. The right of review, whether exercised or not, does not relieve the Contractor of the obligations under the contract.

The Government has the right to inspect and test all supplies called for by the contract, to the extent

practicable, at ~~all places~~all places and times, including the period of manufacture, and in any event before acceptance. The

Government shall perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work. The Government assumes no contractual obligation to perform any inspection and test for the benefit of the Contractor unless specifically set forth elsewhere in this contract.

If the Government performs inspection or test on the premises of the Contractor or a subcontractor, ~~the Contractor shall furnish~~the Contractor shall furnish, and shall require subcontractors to furnish, at no increase in contract price, all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties. Except as otherwise provided in the contract, the Government shall bear the expense of Government

inspections or tests made at other than the Contractor's or subcontractor's premises; provided, that in case of rejection, the Government shall not be liable for any reduction in the value of inspection or test samples.

(e)

When supplies are not ready at the time specified by the Contractor for inspection or test, the ~~Contracting Officer may charge~~ Contracting Officer may charge to the Contractor the additional cost of inspection or test.

The Contracting Officer may also charge the Contractor for any additional cost of inspection or test ~~when prior rejection makes~~ when prior rejection makes reinspection or retest necessary.

The Government has the right either to reject or to require correction of nonconforming supplies. Supplies are nonconforming when they are defective in material or workmanship or are otherwise not in conformity with contract requirements. The Government may reject nonconforming supplies with or without disposition instructions.

The Contractor shall remove supplies rejected or required to be corrected. However, the Contracting ~~Officer may require~~ Officer may require or permit correction in place, promptly after notice, by and at the expense of the Contractor. The Contractor shall not tender for acceptance corrected or rejected supplies without disclosing the former rejection or requirement for correction, and, when required, shall disclose the corrective action taken.

If the Contractor fails to promptly remove, replace, or correct rejected supplies that are required to ~~be removed~~ be removed or to ~~be replaced~~ be replaced or corrected, the Government may either (1) by contract or otherwise, remove, replace, or correct the supplies and charge the cost to the Contractor or (2) terminate the contract for default. Unless the Contractor corrects or replaces the supplies within the delivery schedule, the Contracting Officer may require their delivery and make an equitable price reduction. Failure to agree to a price reduction shall be a dispute.

(i)

(1) If this contract provides for the performance of Government quality assurance at source, and if requested by the Government, the Contractor shall furnish advance notification of the time-

When Contractor inspection or tests will be performed in accordance with the terms and conditions of ~~the contract~~ the contract; and

When the supplies will be ready for Government inspection.

(2) The Government's request shall specify the period and method of the advance notification and the Government representative to whom it shall be furnished. Requests shall not require more than 2 workdays of advance notification if the Government representative is in residence in the Contractor's plant, nor more than 7 workdays in other instances.

The Government shall accept or reject supplies as promptly as practicable after delivery, unless ~~otherwise provided in the~~ otherwise provided in the contract. Government failure to inspect and accept or reject the supplies shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility, nor impose liability on the Government, for nonconforming supplies.

Inspections and tests by the Government do not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for defects or ~~other failures to meet~~other failures to meet contract requirements discovered before acceptance. Acceptance shall be conclusive, except for latent defects, fraud, gross mistakes amounting to fraud, or as otherwise provided in the contract.

If acceptance is not conclusive for any of the reasons in paragraph (k) hereof, the Government, in addition ~~to any other rights~~to any other rights and remedies provided by law, or under other provisions of this contract, shall have the right to require the Contractor (1) at no increase in contract price, to correct or replace the defective or nonconforming supplies at the original point of delivery or at the Contractor's plant at the Contracting Officer's election, and in accordance with a reasonable delivery schedule as may be agreed upon between the Contractor and the Contracting Officer; provided, that the Contracting Officer may require a reduction in contract price if the Contractor fails to meet such delivery schedule, or (2) within a reasonable time after receipt by the Contractor of notice of defects or nonconformance, to repay such portion of the contract as is equitable under the circumstances if the Contracting Officer elects not to require correction or replacement. When supplies are returned to the Contractor, the Contractor shall bear the transportation cost from the original point of delivery to the Contractor's plant and return to the original point when that point is not the Contractor's plant. If the Contractor fails to perform or act as required in paragraph (l)(1) or (l)(2) of this clause and does not cure such failure within a period of 10 days (or such longer period as the Contracting Officer may authorize in writing) after receipt of notice from the Contracting Officer specifying such failure, the Government shall have the right by contract or otherwise to replace or correct such supplies and charge to the Contractor the cost occasioned the Government thereby.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (July 1985). If a fixed-price incentive contract is contemplated, substitute paragraphs (g), (h), and (l) below for paragraphs (g), (h), and (l) of the basic clause.

The Contractor shall remove supplies rejected or required to be corrected. However, the Contracting ~~Officer may require~~Officer may require or permit correction in place, promptly after notice. The Contractor shall not tender for acceptance corrected or rejected supplies without disclosing the former rejection or requirement for correction, and when required shall disclose the corrective action taken. Cost of removal, replacement, or correction shall be considered a cost incurred, or to be incurred, in the total final negotiated cost fixed under the incentive price revision clause. However, replacements or corrections by the Contractor after the establishment of the total final price shall be at no increase in the total final price.

If the Contractor fails to promptly remove, replace, or correct rejected supplies that are required to ~~be removed~~be removed or to ~~be replaced~~be replaced or corrected, the Government may either (1) by contract or otherwise, remove, replace, or correct the supplies and equitably reduce the target price or, if established, the total final price or (2) may terminate the contract for default. Unless the Contractor corrects or replaces the nonconforming supplies within the delivery schedule, the Contracting Officer may require their delivery and equitably reduce any target price or, if it is established, the total final contract price. Failure to agree upon an equitable price reduction shall be a dispute.

(l) If acceptance is not conclusive for any of the reasons in paragraph (k) hereof, the Government, in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law, or under other provisions of this contract, shall have the right to require the Contractor (1) at no increase in any target price or, if it is established, the total final price of this contract, to correct or replace the defective or nonconforming supplies at the original point of delivery or at the

Contractor's plant at the Contracting Officer's election, and in accordance with a reasonable delivery schedule as may be agreed upon between the Contractor and the Contracting Officer; provided, that the Contracting Officer may require a reduction in any target price, or, if it is established, the total final price of this contract, if the Contractor fails to meet such delivery schedule; or (2) within a reasonable time after receipt by the Contractor of notice of defects or nonconformance, to repay such portion of the total final price as is equitable under the circumstances if the Contracting Officer elects not to require correction or replacement. When supplies are returned to the Contractor, the Contractor shall bear the transportation costs from the original point of delivery to the Contractor's plant and return to the original point when that point is not the Contractor's plant. If the Contractor fails to perform or act as required in paragraph (l)(1) or (l)(2) of this clause and does not cure such failure within a period of 10 days (or such longer period as the Contracting Officer may authorize in writing) after receipt of notice from the Contracting Officer specifying such failure, the Government shall have the right by contract or otherwise to replace or correct such supplies and equitably reduce any target price or, if it is established, the total final price of this contract.

Alternate II (July 1985). If a fixed-ceiling-price contract with retroactive price redetermination is contemplated, substitute paragraphs (g), (h), and (l) below for paragraphs (g), (h), and (l) of the basic clause:

The Contractor shall remove supplies rejected or required to be corrected. However, the Contracting ~~Officer may require~~ Officer may require or permit correction in place, promptly after notice. The Contractor shall not tender for acceptance corrected or rejected supplies without disclosing the former rejection or requirement for correction, and when required shall disclose the corrective action taken. Cost of removal, replacement, or correction shall be considered a cost incurred, or to be incurred, when redetermining the prices under the price redetermination clause. However, replacements or corrections by the Contractor after the establishment of the redetermined prices shall be at no increase in the redetermined price.

If the Contractor fails to promptly remove, replace, or correct rejected supplies that are required to ~~be removed~~ be removed or to ~~be replaced~~ be replaced or corrected, the Government may either (1) by contract or otherwise, remove, replace, or correct the supplies and equitably reduce the initial contract prices or, if established, the redetermined contract prices or (2) terminate the contract for default. Unless the Contractor corrects or replaces the nonconforming supplies within the delivery schedule, the Contracting Officer may require their delivery and equitably reduce the initial contract price or, if it is established, the redetermined contract prices. Failure to agree upon an equitable price reduction shall be a dispute.

(l) If acceptance is not conclusive for any of the reasons in paragraph (k) hereof, the Government, in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law, or under other provisions of this contract, shall have the right to require the Contractor (1) at no increase in the initial contract prices, or, if it is established, the redetermined prices of this contract, to correct or replace the defective or nonconforming supplies at the original point of delivery or at the Contractor's plant at the Contracting Officer's election, and in accordance with a reasonable delivery schedule as may be agreed upon between the Contractor and the Contracting Officer; provided, that the Contracting Officer may require a reduction in the initial contract prices, or, if it is established, the redetermined prices of this contract, if the Contractor fails to meet such delivery schedule; or (2) within a reasonable time after receipt by the Contractor of notice of defects or nonconformance, to repay such portion of the initial contract prices, or, if it is established, the redetermined prices of this contract, as is equitable under the circumstances if the Contracting Officer elects not to require correction or replacement. When supplies are returned to the

Contractor, the Contractor shall bear the transportation costs from the original point of delivery to the

Contractor's plant and return to the original point when that point is not the Contractor's plant. If the Contractor fails to perform or act as required in paragraph (I)(1) or (I) (2) of this clause and does not cure such failure within a period of 10 days (or such longer period as the Contracting Officer may authorize in writing) after receipt of notice from the Contracting Officer specifying such failure, the Government shall have the right by contract or otherwise to replace or correct such supplies and equitably reduce the initial contract prices, or, if it is established, the redetermined prices of this contract.

#### 52.246-3 Inspection of Supplies-Cost-Reimbursement.

As prescribed in ~~46.303~~, insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for supplies, or services that involve the furnishing of supplies, when a cost-reimbursement contract is contemplated:

##### Inspection of Supplies-Cost-Reimbursement (May 2001)

###### (a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Contractor's managerial personnel means any of the Contractor's directors, officers, managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of-

All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;

All or substantially all of the Contractor's operation at a plant or separate location where the contract is being performed; or

A separate and complete major industrial operation connected with performing this contract.

Supplies includes but is not limited to raw materials, components, intermediate assemblies, end products, lots of supplies, and, when the contract does not include the Warranty of Data clause, data.

The Contractor shall provide and maintain an inspection system acceptable to the Government covering ~~the supplies,~~ ~~the~~ supplies, fabricating methods, and special tooling under this contract. Complete records of all inspection work performed by the Contractor shall be maintained and made available to the Government during contract performance and for as long afterwards as the contract requires.

The Government has the right to inspect and test the contract supplies, to the extent practicable at all ~~places and places and~~ times, including the period of manufacture, and in any event before acceptance. The Government may also inspect the plant or plants of the Contractor or any subcontractor engaged in the contract performance. The Government shall perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.

If the Government performs inspection or test on the premises of the Contractor or a subcontractor, ~~the Contractor shall furnish~~ the Contractor shall furnish and shall require subcontractors to furnish all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties.

Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Government shall accept supplies as promptly as ~~practicable after delivery,~~ practicable after delivery, and supplies shall be deemed accepted 60 days after delivery, unless accepted earlier.

At any time during contract performance, but no later than 6 months (or such other time as may be ~~specified in the contract~~specified in the contract) after acceptance of the supplies to be delivered under the contract, the Government may require the Contractor to replace or correct any supplies that are nonconforming at time of delivery. Supplies are nonconforming when they are defective in material or workmanship or are otherwise not in conformity with contract requirements. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (h) of this clause, the cost of replacement or correction shall be included in allowable cost, determined as provided in the Allowable Cost and Payment clause, but no additional fee shall be paid. The Contractor shall not tender for acceptance supplies required to be replaced or corrected without disclosing the former requirement for replacement or correction, and, when required, shall disclose the corrective action taken.

(g)

(1) If the Contractor fails to proceed with reasonable promptness to perform required replacement or correction, the Government may-

By contract or otherwise, perform the replacement or correction and charge to the Contractor any ~~increased cost~~increased cost or ~~make an~~make an equitable reduction in any fixed fee paid or payable under the contract;

Require delivery of undelivered supplies at an equitable reduction in any fixed fee paid or payable under ~~the contract~~the contract; or

Terminate the contract for default.

(2) Failure to agree on the amount of increased cost to be charged to the Contractor or to the reduction in the fixed fee shall be a dispute.

(h) Notwithstanding paragraphs (f) and (g) of this clause, the Government may at any time require the Contractor to correct or replace, without cost to the Government, nonconforming supplies, if the nonconformances are due to ~~(1)-~~

Fraud, lack of good faith, or willful misconduct on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel; or

~~(2)-~~The conduct of one or more of the Contractor's employees selected or retained by the Contractor after any ~~of the~~of the Contractor's managerial personnel has reasonable grounds to believe that the employee is habitually careless or unqualified.

This clause applies in the same manner to corrected or replacement supplies as to supplies ~~originally delivered~~originally delivered.

The Contractor shall have no obligation or liability under this contract to replace supplies that ~~were nonconforming at the~~were nonconforming at the time of delivery, except as provided in this clause or as may be otherwise provided in the contract.

Except as otherwise specified in the contract, the Contractor's obligation to correct or replace Government-~~furnished property~~furnished property shall be governed by the clause pertaining to Government property.

(End of clause)

52.246-4 Inspection of Services-Fixed-Price.

As prescribed in [46.304](#), insert the following clause:

Inspection of Services-Fixed-Price (Aug 1996)

Definition. "Services," as used in this clause, includes services performed, workmanship, and material furnished or utilized in the performance of services.

The Contractor shall provide and maintain an inspection system acceptable to the Government covering ~~the services under~~ [the services under](#) this contract. Complete records of all inspection work performed by the Contractor shall be maintained and made available to the Government during contract performance and for as long afterwards as the contract requires.

The Government has the right to inspect and test all services called for by the contract, to the ~~extent practicable~~ [extent practicable](#) at ~~all times~~ [all times](#) and places during the term of the contract. The Government shall perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.

If the Government performs inspections or tests on the premises of the Contractor or a subcontractor, ~~the Contractor shall~~ [the Contractor shall](#) furnish, and shall require subcontractors to furnish, at no increase in contract price, all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties.

If any of the services do not conform with contract requirements, the Government may require the ~~Contractor to perform~~ [Contractor to perform](#) the services again in conformity with contract requirements, at no increase in contract amount. When the defects in services cannot be corrected by reperformance, the Government may-

Require the Contractor to take necessary action to ensure that future performance conforms to ~~contract requirements~~ [contract requirements](#); and

Reduce the contract price to reflect the reduced value of the services performed.

(f) If the Contractor fails to promptly perform the services again or to take the necessary action to ensure future performance in conformity with contract requirements, the Government may-

By contract or otherwise, perform the services and charge to the Contractor any cost incurred by ~~the Government~~ [the Government](#) that ~~is directly~~ [is directly](#) related to the performance of such service; or

Terminate the contract for default.

(End of clause)

52.246-5 Inspection of Services-Cost-Reimbursement.

As prescribed in [46.305](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for services, or supplies that involve the furnishing of services, when a cost-reimbursement contract is contemplated:

Inspection of Services-Cost-Reimbursement (Apr 1984)

Definition. "Services," as used in this clause, includes services performed, workmanship, and material furnished or used in performing services.



The Contractor shall provide and maintain an inspection system acceptable to the Government covering ~~the services under~~ the services under this contract. Complete records of all inspection work performed by the Contractor shall be maintained and made available to the Government during contract performance and for as long afterwards as the contract requires.

The Government has the right to inspect and test all services called for by the contract, to the ~~extent practicable~~ extent practicable at ~~all places~~ all places and times during the term of the contract. The Government shall perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.

If any of the services performed do not conform with contract requirements, the Government may require ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor to perform the services again in conformity with contract requirements, for no additional fee. When the defects in services cannot be corrected by reperformance, the Government may-

Require the Contractor to take necessary action to ensure that future performance conforms to ~~contract requirements~~ contract requirements; and

Reduce any fee payable under the contract to reflect the reduced value of the services performed.

(e) If the Contractor fails to promptly perform the services again or take the action necessary to ensure future performance in conformity with contract requirements, the Government may-

By contract or otherwise, perform the services and reduce any fee payable by an amount that is ~~equitable under the circumstances~~ equitable under the circumstances; or

Terminate the contract for default.

(End of clause)

#### 52.246-6 Inspection-Time-and-Material and Labor-Hour.

As prescribed in 46.306, insert the following clause:

##### Inspection-Time-and-Material and Labor-Hour (May 2001)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Contractor's managerial personnel means any of the Contractor's directors, officers, managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of-

All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;

All or substantially all of the Contractor's operation at any one plant or separate location where the ~~contract is being performed~~ contract is being performed; or

A separate and complete major industrial operation connected with the performance of this contract.

Materials includes data when the contract does not include the Warranty of Data clause.

The Contractor shall provide and maintain an inspection system acceptable to the Government covering ~~the material,~~the material, fabricating methods, work, and services under this contract. Complete records of all inspection work performed by the Contractor shall be maintained and made available to the Government during contract performance and for as long afterwards as the contract requires.

The Government has the right to inspect and test all materials furnished and services performed under ~~this contract, to the~~this contract, to the extent practicable at all places and times, including the period of performance, and in any event before acceptance. The Government may also inspect the plant or plants of the Contractor or any subcontractor engaged in contract performance. The Government shall perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.

If the Government performs inspection or test on the premises of the Contractor or a subcontractor, ~~the Contractor shall furnish~~the Contractor shall furnish and shall require subcontractors to furnish all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties.

Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Government shall accept or reject services and materials at ~~the place of delivery~~the place of delivery as promptly as practicable after delivery, and they shall be presumed accepted 60 days after the date of delivery, unless accepted earlier.

At any time during contract performance, but not later than 6 months (or such other time as may be ~~specified in the contract~~specified in the contract) after acceptance of the services or materials last delivered under this contract, the Government may require the Contractor to replace or correct services or materials that at time of delivery failed to meet contract requirements. Except as otherwise specified in paragraph (h) of this clause, the cost of replacement or correction shall be determined under the Payments Under Time-and-Materials and Labor-Hour Contracts clause, but the "hourly rate" for labor hours incurred in the replacement or correction shall be reduced to exclude that portion of the rate attributable to profit. The Contractor shall not tender for acceptance materials and services required to be replaced or corrected without disclosing the former requirement for replacement or correction, and, when required, shall disclose the corrective action taken.

(g)

(1) If the Contractor fails to proceed with reasonable promptness to perform required replacement or correction, and if the replacement or correction can be performed within the ceiling price (or the ceiling price as increased by the Government), the Government may-

By contract or otherwise, perform the replacement or correction, charge to the Contractor any increased cost, or ~~deduct such~~deduct such increased cost from any amounts paid or due under this contract; or

Terminate this contract for default.

(2) Failure to agree to the amount of increased cost to be charged to the Contractor shall be a dispute.

(h) Notwithstanding paragraphs (f) and (g) of this clause, the Government may at any time require the

Contractor to remedy by correction or replacement, without cost to the Government, any failure by the Contractor to comply with the requirements of this contract, if the failure is due to-

Fraud, lack of good faith, or willful misconduct on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel; or

The conduct of one or more of the Contractor's employees selected or retained by the Contractor after any ~~of the Contractor's~~ of the Contractor's managerial personnel has reasonable grounds to believe that the employee is habitually careless or unqualified.

This clause applies in the same manner and to the same extent to corrected or replacement materials ~~or services~~ or services as ~~to materials~~ to materials and services originally delivered under this contract.

The Contractor has no obligation or liability under this contract to correct or replace materials and ~~services~~ that services ~~that~~ that at ~~time of~~ time of delivery do not meet contract requirements, except as provided in this clause or as may be otherwise specified in the contract.

Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Contractor's obligation to correct or replace Government-~~furnished property~~ furnished property shall be governed by the clause pertaining to Government property.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If Government inspection and acceptance are to be performed at the contractor's plant, paragraph (e) below may be substituted for paragraph (e) of the basic clause:

(e) The Government shall inspect for acceptance all items (other than aircraft to be flown away, if any) to be furnished under this contract at the Contractor's plant or plants specified in the contract, or at any other plant or plants approved for such purpose in writing by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall inform the contract administration office or Contracting Officer when the work is ready for inspection. The Government reserves the right to charge to the Contractor any additional cost of Government inspection and test when items are not ready at the time for which inspection and test is requested by the Contractor.

#### 52.246-7 Inspection of Research and Development-Fixed-Price.

As prescribed in [46.307\(a\)](#), insert the following clause:

#### Inspection of Research and Development-Fixed-Price (Aug 1996)

The Contractor shall provide and maintain an inspection system acceptable to the Government covering ~~the work under this~~ the work under this contract. Complete records of all inspection work performed by the Contractor shall be maintained and made available to the Government during contract performance and for as long afterwards as the contract requires.

The Government has the right to inspect and test all work called for by the contract, to the extent ~~practicable at all places~~ practicable at all places and times, including the period of performance, and in any event before acceptance. The Government may also inspect the premises of the Contractor or any subcontractor engaged in contract performance. The Government shall perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.

If the Government performs any inspection or test on the premises of the Contractor or a subcontractor, ~~the Contractor shall~~ the Contractor shall furnish and shall require subcontractors to furnish, at no increase in contract price, all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties. Except as otherwise provided in the contract, the Government shall bear the expense of Government inspections or tests made at other than the Contractor's or subcontractor's premises.

The Government shall accept or reject the work as promptly as practicable after delivery, unless ~~otherwise specified in the~~otherwise specified in the contract. Government failure to inspect and accept or reject the work shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility, nor impose liability on the Government, for nonconforming work. Work is nonconforming when it is defective in material or workmanship or is otherwise not in conformity with contract requirements.

The Government has the right to reject nonconforming work. If the Contractor fails or is unable to correct ~~or to replace nonconforming~~or to replace nonconforming work within the delivery schedule (or such later time as the Contracting Officer may authorize), the Contracting Officer may accept the work and make an equitable price reduction. Failure to agree on a price reduction shall be a dispute.

Inspection and test by the Government does not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for defects or ~~other failures to meet~~other failures to meet the contract requirements that may be discovered before acceptance. Acceptance shall be conclusive, except for latent defects, fraud, gross mistakes amounting to fraud, or as otherwise specified in the contract. If acceptance is not conclusive for any of these causes, the Government, in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law, or under other provisions of this contract, shall have the right to require the Contractor-

At no increase in contract price, to correct or replace the defective or nonconforming supplies (work) at ~~the original point~~the original point of delivery or at the Contractor's plant at the Contracting Officer's election, and in accordance with a reasonable delivery schedule as may be agreed upon between the Contractor and the Contracting Officer; provided, the Contracting Officer may require a reduction in contract price if the Contractor fails to meet such delivery schedule; or

Within a reasonable time after the Contractor's receipt of notice of defects or nonconformance, to ~~repayment of such portion~~repayment of such portion of the contract price as is equitable under the circumstances if the Government elects not to require correction or replacement. When supplies (work) are (is) returned to the Contractor, the Contractor shall bear transportation costs from the original point of delivery to the Contractor's plant and return to the original point of delivery when that point is not the Contractor's plant.

(End of clause)

#### 52.246-8 Inspection of Research and Development-Cost-Reimbursement.

As prescribed in ~~46.308~~, insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for research and development when (a) the primary objective is the delivery of end items other than designs, drawings, or reports; and (b) ~~cost reimbursement~~cost reimbursement contract is contemplated; unless use of the clause is impractical and the clause prescribed in 46.309 is considered to be more appropriate:

##### Inspection of Research and Development—Cost-Reimbursement (May 2001)

(a) Definitions.As used in this clause—

Contractor's managerial personnel means the Contractor's directors, officers, managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of

All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;

All or substantially all of the Contractor's operation at any one plant or separate location where the ~~contract is being performed~~ contract is being performed; or

A separate and complete major industrial operation connected with performing this contract. "Work" ~~includes data when the~~ includes data when the contract does not include the Warranty of Data clause.

The Contractor shall provide and maintain an inspection system acceptable to the Government covering ~~the work under this~~ the work under this contract. Complete records of all inspection work performed by the Contractor shall be maintained and made available to the Government during contract performance and for as long afterwards as the contract requires.

The Government has the right to inspect and test all work called for by the contract, to the extent ~~practicable at all places~~ practicable at all places and times, including the period of performance, and in any event before acceptance. The

Government may also inspect the plant or plants of the Contractor or its subcontractors engaged in the contract performance. The Government shall perform inspections and tests in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.

If the Government performs any inspection or test on the premises of the Contractor or a subcontractor, ~~the Contractor shall~~ the Contractor shall furnish and shall require subcontractors to furnish all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties.

Unless otherwise provided in the contract, the Government shall accept work as promptly as practicable ~~after delivery~~ after delivery, and work shall be deemed accepted 90 days after delivery, unless accepted earlier.

At any time during contract performance, but no later than 6 months (or such other time as may be ~~specified in the contract~~ specified in the contract) after acceptance of all of the end items (other than designs, drawings, or reports) to be delivered under the contract, the Government may require the Contractor to replace or correct work not meeting contract requirements. Time devoted to the replacement or correction of such work shall not be included in the computation of the above time period. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (h) of this clause, the cost of replacement or correction shall be determined as specified in the Allowable Cost and Payment clause, but no additional fee shall be paid. The Contractor shall not tender for acceptance work required to be replaced or corrected without disclosing the former requirement for replacement or correction, and, when required, shall disclose the corrective action taken.

(g)

(1) If the Contractor fails to proceed with reasonable promptness to perform required replacement or correction, the Government may—

~~Government may—~~

By contract or otherwise, perform the replacement or correction, charge to the Contractor any increased cost, or make ~~an equitable~~ an equitable reduction in any fixed fee paid or payable under the contract;

Require delivery of any undelivered articles and shall have the right to make an equitable reduction in ~~any fixed fee paid~~ any fixed fee paid or payable under the contract; or

Terminate the contract for default.

(2) Failure to agree on the amount of increased cost to be charged the Contractor or to the reduction in fixed fee shall be a dispute.

(h) Notwithstanding paragraphs (f) and (g) of this clause, the Government may at any time require the

Contractor to remedy by correction or replacement, without cost to the Government, any failure by the Contractor to comply with the requirements of this contract, if the failure is due to—

Fraud, lack of good faith, or willful misconduct on the part of the Contractor's managerial personnel; or

The conduct of one or more of the Contractor's employees selected or retained by the Contractor after any ~~of the Contractor's~~ of the Contractor's managerial personnel has reasonable grounds to believe that the employee is habitually careless or unqualified.

This clause shall apply in the same manner to a corrected or replacement end item or components as to ~~work originally delivered~~ work originally delivered.

The Contractor has no obligation or liability under the contract to correct or replace articles not ~~meeting contract requirements~~ meeting contract requirements at time of delivery, except as provided in this clause or as may otherwise be specified in the contract.

Unless otherwise provided in the contract, the Contractor's obligations to correct or replace Government-~~furnished property~~ furnished property shall be governed by the clause pertaining to Government property.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If it is contemplated that the contract will be on a no-fee basis, substitute paragraphs (f) and (g) below for paragraphs (f) and (g) of the basic clause.

At any time during contract performance, but not later than 6 months (or such other time as may be ~~specified in the contract~~ specified in the contract) after acceptance of all of the end items (other than designs, drawings, or reports) to be delivered under the contract, the Government may require the Contractor to correct or replace work not meeting contract requirements. Time devoted to the correction or replacement of such work shall not be included in the computation of the above time period. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (g) of this clause, the allowability of the cost of any such replacement or correction shall be determined as specified in the Allowable Cost and Payment clause. The Contractor shall not tender for acceptance corrected work without disclosing the former requirement for correction, and, when required, shall disclose the corrective action taken.

If the Contractor fails to proceed with reasonable promptness to perform required replacement or correction, ~~the Government~~ the Government may-

~~(1) By contract or otherwise, perform the replacement or correction and charge to the Contractor any increased cost; (2) Require delivery of any undelivered articles; or~~ increased cost;

~~(3) Require delivery of any undelivered articles; or~~

Terminate the contract for default. Failure to agree on the amount of increased cost to be charged to ~~the Contractor~~the Contractor shall be a dispute.

52.246-9 Inspection of Research and Development (Short Form).

As prescribed in ~~46.309~~, insert the following clause:

Inspection of Research and Development (ShortForm) (Apr 1984)

The Government has the right to inspect and evaluate the work performed or being performed under the contract, and the premises where the work is being performed, at all reasonable times and in a manner that will not unduly delay the work. If the Government performs inspection or evaluation on the premises of the Contractor or a subcontractor, the Contractor shall furnish and shall require subcontractors to furnish all reasonable facilities and assistance for the safe and convenient performance of these duties.

(End of clause)

52.246-10 [Reserved]

52.246-11 Higher-Level Contract Quality Requirement.

As prescribed in 46.311, insert the following clause:

Higher-Level Contract Quality Requirement (Dec 2014)

The Contractor shall comply with the higher-level quality standard(s) listed below.

\_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer insert the title, number

(if any), date, and tailoring (if any) of the higher-level quality standards.]

The Contractor shall include applicable requirements of the higher-level quality standard(s) listed ~~in paragraph~~in paragraph (a) ~~of this~~of this clause and the requirement to flow down such standards, as applicable, to lower-tier subcontracts, in-

Any subcontract for critical and complex items (see 46.203(b) and (c)); or

When the technical requirements of a subcontract require-

Control of such things as design, work operations, in-process control, testing, and inspection; or

Attention to such factors as organization, planning, work instructions, documentation control, and ~~advanced metrology.~~advanced metrology.

(End of clause)

52.246-12 Inspection of Construction.

As prescribed in ~~46.312~~, insert the following clause:

Inspection of Construction (Aug 1996)

Definition. "Work" includes, but is not limited to, materials, workmanship, and manufacture and fabrication of components.

The Contractor shall maintain an adequate inspection system and perform such inspections as will ensure ~~that the work performed~~ that the work performed under the contract conforms to contract requirements. The Contractor shall maintain complete inspection records and make them available to the Government. All work shall be conducted under the general direction of the Contracting Officer and is subject to Government inspection and test at all places and at all reasonable times before acceptance to ensure strict compliance with the terms of the contract. (c) Government inspections and tests are for the sole benefit of the Government and do not ~~(1)~~

(1) Relieve the Contractor of responsibility for providing adequate quality control measures;  
(2) Relieve the Contractor of responsibility for damage to or loss of the material before acceptance; (3) Constitute or imply acceptance; or

(4) Affect the continuing rights of the Government after acceptance of the completed work under paragraph (i) of ~~this section~~ this section.

The presence or absence of a Government inspector does not relieve the Contractor from any ~~contract requirement, nor is~~ contract requirement, nor is the inspector authorized to change any term or condition of the specification without the Contracting Officer's written authorization.

The Contractor shall promptly furnish, at no increase in contract price, all facilities, labor, and ~~material reasonably needed~~ material reasonably needed for performing such safe and convenient inspections and tests as may be required by the Contracting Officer. The Government may charge to the Contractor any additional cost of inspection or test when work is not ready at the time specified by the Contractor for inspection or test, or when prior rejection makes reinspection or retest necessary. The Government shall perform all inspections and tests in a manner that will not unnecessarily delay the work. Special, full size, and performance tests shall be performed as described in the contract.

The Contractor shall, without charge, replace or correct work found by the Government not to conform ~~to contract requirements~~ to contract requirements, unless in the public interest the Government consents to accept the work with an appropriate adjustment in contract price. The Contractor shall promptly segregate and remove rejected material from the premises.

If the Contractor does not promptly replace or correct rejected work, the Government may—(1) By contract or otherwise, replace or correct the work and charge the cost to the Contractor; or

(2) Terminate for default the Contractor's right to proceed.

If, before acceptance of the entire work, the Government decides to examine already completed work ~~by removing~~ by removing it ~~or tearing or~~ tearing or it out, the Contractor, on request, shall promptly furnish all necessary facilities, labor, and material. If the work is found to be defective or nonconforming in any material respect due to the fault of the Contractor or its subcontractors, the Contractor shall defray the expenses of the examination and of satisfactory reconstruction. However, if the work is found to meet contract requirements, the Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment for the additional services involved in the examination and reconstruction, including, if completion of the work was thereby delayed, an extension of time.



Unless otherwise specified in the contract, the Government shall accept, as promptly as practicable ~~after completion and inspection~~after completion and inspection, all work required by the contract or that portion of the work the Contracting Officer determines can be accepted separately. Acceptance shall be final and conclusive except for latent defects, fraud, gross mistakes amounting to fraud, or the Government's rights under any warranty or guarantee.

(End of clause)

#### 52.246-13 Inspection-Dismantling, Demolition, or Removal of Improvements.

As prescribed in 46.313, insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements:

##### Inspection-Dismantling, Demolition, or Removal of Improvements (Aug 1996)

Unless otherwise designated by the specifications, all workmanship performed under the contract is ~~subject to Government~~subject to Government inspection at all times and places where dismantling or demolition work is being performed. The Contractor shall furnish promptly, and at no increase in contract price, all reasonable facilities, labor, and materials necessary for safe and convenient inspection by the Government. The Government shall perform inspections in a manner that will not unduly delay the work.

The Contractor is responsible for damage to property caused by defective workmanship. The Contractor ~~shall promptly segregate~~shall promptly segregate and remove from the premises any unsatisfactory facilities, materials, and equipment used in contract performance, and promptly replace them with satisfactory items. If the Contractor fails to proceed at once in a workmanlike manner with performance of the work or with the correction of defective workmanship, the Government may-

By contract or otherwise, replace the facilities, materials, and equipment or correct the workmanship ~~and charge the cost~~and charge the cost to the Contractor; and

Terminate for default the Contractor's right to proceed. The Contractor and any surety shall be liable, to ~~the extent specified~~the extent specified in the contract for any damage or cost of repair or replacement.

(End of clause)

#### 52.246-14 Inspection of Transportation.

As prescribed in 46.314, insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for freight transportation services (including local drayage) by rail, motor (including bus), domestic freight forwarder, and domestic water carriers (including inland, coastwise, and intercoastal). The contracting officer shall not use the clause for the acquisition of transportation services by domestic or international air carriers or by international ocean carriers,

or to freight services provided under bills of lading or to those negotiated for reduced rates under 49

U.S.C.10721 or 1 3712 . (See ~~Transportation~~part 47)

##### Inspection of Transportation (Apr 1984)

The Government has the right to inspect and test the Contractor's services, facilities, and equipment at all reasonable times. The Contractor shall furnish Government representatives with the free access and reasonable facilities and assistance required to accomplish their inspections and tests.

(End of clause)

#### 52.246-15 Certificate of Conformance.

As prescribed in [46.315](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for supplies or services when the conditions in [46.504](#) apply:

##### Certificate of Conformance (Apr 1984)

When authorized in writing by the cognizant Contract Administration Office (CAO), the Contractor shall ~~ship with a Certificate~~ [ship with a Certificate](#) of Conformance any supplies for which the contract would otherwise require inspection at source. In no case shall the Government's right to inspect supplies under the inspection provisions of this contract be prejudiced. Shipments of such supplies will not be made under this contract until use of the Certificate of Conformance has been authorized in writing by the CAO, or inspection and acceptance have occurred.

The Contractor's signed certificate shall be attached to or included on the top copy of the inspection ~~or receiving report distributed~~ [or receiving report distributed](#) to the payment office or attached to the CAO copy when contract administration (Block 10 of the DD Form 250) is performed by the Defense Contract Administration Services. In addition, a copy of the signed certificate shall also be attached to or entered on copies of the inspection or receiving report accompanying the shipment.

The Government has the right to reject defective supplies or services within a reasonable time after ~~delivery by written notification~~ [delivery by written notification](#) to the Contractor. The Contractor shall in such event promptly replace, correct, or repair the rejected supplies or services at the Contractor's expense.

The certificate shall read as follows:

I certify that on \_\_\_\_\_ [insert date], the \_\_\_\_\_ [insert Contractor's name] furnished the supplies or services called for by Contract No. \_\_\_\_\_ via \_\_\_\_\_ [Carrier] on \_\_\_\_\_ [identify the bill of lading or shipping document] in accordance with all applicable requirements. I further certify that the supplies or services are of the quality specified and conform in all respects with the contract requirements, including specifications, drawings, preservation, packaging, packing, marking requirements, and physical item identification (part number), and are in the quantity shown on this or on the attached acceptance document.

Date of Execution: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

~~Title:~~ \_\_\_\_\_

[Title:](#) \_\_\_\_\_

(End of clause)

#### 52.246-16 Responsibility for Supplies.

As prescribed in [46.316](#), insert the following clause:

#### Responsibility for Supplies (Apr 1984)

Title to supplies furnished under this contract shall pass to the Government upon formal acceptance, regardless of ~~when or~~ when or where the Government takes physical possession, unless the contract specifically provides for earlier passage of title.

Unless the contract specifically provides otherwise, risk of loss of or damage to supplies shall remain ~~with the Contractor~~ with the Contractor until, and shall pass to the Government upon-

Delivery of the supplies to a carrier, if transportation is f.o.b. origin; or

Acceptance by the Government or delivery of the supplies to the Government at the destination specified ~~in the contract~~ in the contract, whichever is later, if transportation is f.o.b. destination.

Paragraph (b) of this clause shall not apply to supplies that so fail to conform to contract requirements as ~~to give to give~~ a right of right of rejection. The risk of loss of or damage to such nonconforming supplies remains with the Contractor until cure or acceptance. After cure or acceptance, paragraph (b) of this clause shall apply.

Under paragraph (b) of this clause, the Contractor shall not be liable for loss of or damage to supplies ~~caused by the negligence~~ caused by the negligence of officers, agents, or employees of the Government acting within the scope of their employment.

(End of clause)

#### 52.246-17 Warranty of Supplies of a Noncomplex Nature.

As prescribed in 46.710(a)(1), insert a clause substantially as follows:

##### Warranty of Supplies of a Noncomplex Nature (June 2003)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Acceptance means the act of an authorized representative of the Government by which the Government assumes for itself, or as an agent of another, ownership of existing supplies, or approves specific services as partial or complete performance of the contract.

Supplies means the end items furnished by the Contractor and related services required under this contract. The word does not include "data." (b) Contractor's obligations.

##### ~~Contractor's obligations-~~

(1) Notwithstanding inspection and acceptance by the Government of supplies furnished under this contract, or any condition of this contract concerning the conclusiveness thereof, the Contractor warrants that for \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall state specific period of time after delivery, or the specified event whose occurrence will terminate the warranty period; e.g., the number of miles or hours of use, or combinations of any applicable events or periods of time]-

All supplies furnished under this contract will be free from defects in material or workmanship and ~~will conform~~ will conform with ~~all requirements~~ all requirements of this contract; and

The preservation, packaging, packing, and marking, and the preparation for, and method of, shipment of ~~such supplies will~~ such supplies will conform with the requirements of this contract.

When return, correction, or replacement is required, transportation charges and responsibility for the ~~supplies while in transit~~ supplies while in transit shall be borne by the Contractor. However, the Contractor's liability for the transportation charges shall not exceed an amount equal to the cost of transportation by the usual commercial method of shipment between the place of delivery specified in this contract and the Contractor's plant, and return.

Any supplies or parts thereof, corrected or furnished in replacement under this clause, shall also be subject ~~to the terms of~~ to the terms of this clause to the same extent as supplies initially delivered. The warranty, with respect to supplies or parts thereof, shall be equal in duration to that in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause and shall run from the date of delivery of the corrected or replaced supplies.

All implied warranties of merchantability and "fitness for a particular purpose" are excluded from ~~any obligation contained~~ any obligation contained in this contract.

(c) Remedies available to the Government.

The Contracting Officer shall give written notice to the Contractor of any breach of warranties in paragraph (b)(1) ~~of this~~ of this clause within \_\_\_\_\_. [Contracting Officer shall insert specific period of time; e.g., "45 days of the last delivery under this contract," or "45 days after discovery of the defect"].

Within a reasonable time after the notice, the Contracting Officer may either-

Require, by written notice, the prompt correction or replacement of any supplies or parts thereof (~~including preservation,~~ including preservation, packaging, packing, and marking) that do not conform with the requirements of this contract within the meaning of paragraph (b)(1) of this clause; or

Retain such supplies and reduce the contract price by an amount equitable under the circumstances.

(3)

(i) If the contract provides for inspection of supplies by sampling procedures, conformance of supplies or components subject to warranty action shall be determined by the applicable sampling procedures in the contract. The Contracting ~~Officer-~~ Officer-

~~Officer-~~

May, for sampling purposes, group any supplies delivered under this contract;

Shall require the size of the sample to be that required by sampling procedures specified in the contract ~~for the quantity of~~ for the quantity of supplies on which warranty action is proposed;

May project warranty sampling results over supplies in the same shipment or other supplies contained ~~in other shipments~~ in other shipments even though all of such supplies are not present at the point of reinspection; provided, that the supplies remaining are reasonably representative of the quantity on which warranty action is proposed; and (D) Need not use the same lot size as on original inspection or reconstitute the original inspection lots.

(ii) Within a reasonable time after notice of any breach of the warranties specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, the Contracting Officer may exercise one or more of the following options:

Require an equitable adjustment in the contract price for any group of supplies.

Screen the supplies grouped for warranty action under this clause at the Contractor's expense and return all nonconforming supplies to the Contractor for correction or replacement.

Require the Contractor to screen the supplies at locations designated by the Government within ~~the contiguous United States~~ the contiguous United States and to correct or replace all nonconforming supplies.

Return the supplies grouped for warranty action under this clause to the Contractor (irrespective of the f.o.b. point ~~or the~~ or the point of acceptance) for screening and correction or replacement.

(4)

(i) The Contracting Officer may, by contract or otherwise, correct or replace the nonconforming supplies with similar supplies from another source and charge to the Contractor the cost occasioned to the Government thereby if the Contractor-

Fails to make redelivery of the corrected or replaced supplies within the time established for their return; or

Fails either to accept return of the nonconforming supplies or fails to make progress after their return ~~to correct or replace~~ to correct or replace them so as to endanger performance of the delivery schedule, and in either of these circumstances does not cure such failure within a period of 10 days (or such longer period as the Contracting Officer may authorize in writing) after receipt of notice from the Contracting Officer specifying such failure. (ii) Instead of correction or replacement by the Government, the Contracting Officer may require an equitable adjustment of the contract price. In addition, if the Contractor fails to furnish timely disposition instructions, the Contracting Officer may dispose of the nonconforming supplies for the Contractor's account in a reasonable manner. The Government is entitled to reimbursement from the Contractor, or from the proceeds of such disposal, for the reasonable expenses of the care and disposition of the nonconforming supplies, as well as for excess costs incurred or to be incurred.

(5) The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause are in addition to and do not limit any rights afforded to the Government by any other clause of this contract.

(End of clause)

Alternate I [Reserved]

Alternate II (Apr 1984). If it is desirable to specify that necessary transportation incident to correction or replacement will be at the Government's expense (as might be the case if, for example, the cost of a warranty would otherwise be prohibitive), substitute a paragraph substantially the same as the following paragraph (b)(2) for paragraph (b)(2) of the basic clause:

(2) If correction or replacement is required and transportation of supplies in connection with correction or replacement is necessary, transportation charges and responsibility for the supplies while in transit shall be borne by the Government.

Alternate III (Apr 1984). If the supplies cannot be obtained from another source, substitute a paragraph substantially the same as the following paragraph (c)(4) for paragraph (c)(4) of the basic clause:

(4) If the Contractor does not agree as to responsibility to correct or replace the supplies delivered, the Contractor shall nevertheless proceed in accordance with the written request issued by the Contracting Officer under paragraph (c)(2) of this clause to correct or replace the defective or nonconforming supplies. In the event it is later determined that the supplies were not defective or nonconforming within the terms and conditions of this clause, the contract price will be equitably adjusted.

Alternate IV (Apr 1984). If a fixed-price incentive contract is contemplated, add a paragraph substantially the same as the following paragraph (c)(6) to the basic clause:

(6) All costs incurred or estimated to be incurred by the Contractor in complying with this clause shall be considered when negotiating the total final price under the Incentive Price Revision clause of this contract. After establishment of the total final price, Contractor compliance with this clause shall be at no increase in the total final price. Any equitable adjustment made under paragraph (c)(2) of this clause shall be governed by the paragraph entitled "Equitable Adjustments Under Other Clauses" in the Incentive Price Revision clause of this contract.

Alternate V (Apr 1984). If it is anticipated that recovery of the warranted item will involve considerable Government expense for disassembly and/or reassembly of larger items, add a paragraph substantially the same as the following paragraph (c)(6) to the basic clause. Redesignate the additional paragraph as "(c)(7)" if Alternate IV is also being used.

(6) The Contractor shall be liable for the reasonable costs of disassembly and/or reassembly of larger items when it is necessary to remove the supplies to be inspected and/or returned for correction or replacement.

#### 52.246-18 Warranty of Supplies of a Complex Nature.

As prescribed in [46.710\(b\)\(1\)](#), insert a clause substantially as follows:

##### Warranty of Supplies of a Complex Nature (May 2001)

[\(a\)](#) Definitions. As used in this clause-

Acceptance means the act of an authorized representative of the Government by which the Government assumes for itself, or as an agent of another, ownership of existing and identified supplies, or approves specific services rendered, as partial or complete performance of the contract.

Supplies means the end items furnished by the Contractor and related services required under this contract. The word does not include "data." [\(b\)](#) Contractor's obligations.

The Contractor warrants that for \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall state the specific warranty period after delivery, or the specified event whose occurrence will terminate the warranty period; e.g., the number of miles or hours of use, or combinations of any applicable events or periods of time] all supplies furnished under this contract will be free from defects in material and workmanship and will conform with all requirements of this contract; provided, however, that with respect to Government-furnished property, the Contractor's warranty

shall extend only to its proper installation, unless the Contractor performs some modification or other work on the property, in which case the Contractor's warranty shall extend to the modification or other work.

Any supplies or parts thereof corrected or furnished in replacement shall be subject to the conditions of ~~this clause to the~~ this clause to the same extent as supplies initially delivered. This warranty shall be equal in duration to that set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause and shall run from the date of delivery of the corrected or replaced supplies.

The Contractor shall not be obligated to correct or replace supplies if the facilities, tooling, drawings, or other equipment or supplies necessary to accomplish the correction or replacement have been made unavailable to the Contractor by action of the Government. In the event that correction or replacement has been directed, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, of the nonavailability.

The Contractor shall also prepare and furnish to the Government data and reports applicable to any ~~correction required~~ correction required (including revision and updating of all affected data called for under this contract) at no increase in the contract price.

When supplies are returned to the Contractor, the Contractor shall bear the transportation costs from the ~~place of delivery~~ place of delivery specified in the contract (irrespective of the f.o.b. point or the point of acceptance) to the Contractor's plant and return.

All implied warranties of merchantability and "fitness for a particular purpose" are excluded from ~~any obligation contained~~ any obligation contained in this contract.

(c) Remedies available to the Government.

(1) In the event of a breach of the Contractor's warranty in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, the Government may, at no increase in contract price-

Require the Contractor, at the place of delivery specified in the contract (irrespective of the f.o.b. point or ~~the point of acceptance~~ the point of acceptance) or at the Contractor's plant, to repair or replace, at the Contractor's election, defective or nonconforming supplies; or

Require the Contractor to furnish at the Contractor's plant the materials or parts and installation ~~instructions required to successfully~~ instructions required to successfully accomplish the correction.

If the Contracting Officer does not require correction or replacement of defective or nonconforming ~~supplies or the Contractor~~ supplies or the Contractor is not obligated to correct or replace under paragraph (b)(3) of this clause, the Government shall be entitled to an equitable reduction in the contract price.

The Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor in writing of any breach of the warranty in paragraph (b) of ~~this clause~~ this clause within \_\_\_\_\_. [Contracting Officer shall insert specific period of time in which notice shall be given to the Contractor; e.g., "45 days after delivery of the nonconforming supplies."; "45 days of the last delivery under this contract."; or "45 days after discovery of the defect."] The Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer a written recommendation within \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall insert period of time] as to the corrective action required to remedy the breach. After the notice of breach, but not later than \_\_\_\_\_

[Contracting Officer shall insert period within which the warranty remedies should be exercised] after receipt of the Contractor's recommendation for corrective action, the Contracting Officer may, in writing, direct correction or replacement as in paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, and the Contractor shall, notwithstanding any disagreement regarding the existence of a breach of warranty, comply with this direction. If it is later determined that the Contractor did not breach the warranty in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, the contract price will be equitably adjusted.

If supplies are corrected or replaced, the period for notification of a breach of the Contractor's warranty ~~in paragraph~~ in paragraph (c)(3) of this clause shall be \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall insert period within which the Contractor must be notified of a breach as to corrected or replaced supplies] from the furnishing or return by the Contractor to the Government of the corrected or replaced supplies or parts thereof, or, if correction or replacement is effected by the Contractor at a Government or other activity, for \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall insert period within which the Contractor must be notified of a breach of warranty as to corrected or replaced supplies] thereafter.

The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause are in addition to and do not limit ~~any rights afforded~~ any rights afforded to the Government by any other clause of the contract.

(End of clause)

Alternate I [Reserved]

Alternate II (Apr 1984). If it is desirable to specify that necessary transportation incident to correction or replacement will be at the Government's expense (as might be the case if, for example, the cost of a warranty would otherwise be prohibitive), substitute a paragraph substantially the same as the following paragraph (b)(5) for paragraph (b)(5) of the basic clause:

If correction or replacement is required and transportation of supplies in connection with correction ~~or replacement is necessary~~ or replacement is necessary, transportation charges and responsibility for the supplies while in transit shall be borne by the Government.

Alternate III (Apr 1984). If a fixed-price incentive contract is contemplated, add a paragraph substantially the same as the following paragraph (c)(6) to the basic clause:

All costs incurred or estimated to be incurred by the Contractor in complying with this clause shall ~~be considered when negotiating~~ be considered when negotiating the total final price under the Incentive Price Revision clause of this contract. After establishment of the total final price, Contractor compliance with this clause shall be at no increase in the total final price. Any equitable adjustments made under paragraph (c)(2) of this clause shall be governed by the paragraph entitled "Equitable Adjustments Under Other Clauses" in the Incentive Price Revision clause of this contract.

Alternate IV (Apr 1984). If it is anticipated that recovery of the warranted item will involve considerable Government expense for disassembly and/or reassembly of larger items, add a paragraph substantially the same as the following paragraph (c)(6) to the basic clause. Redesignate the additional paragraph as "(c)(7)" if Alternate III is also used:

(6) The Contractor shall be liable for the reasonable costs of disassembly and/or reassembly of larger items when it is necessary to remove the supplies to be inspected and/or returned for correction or replacement.



52.246-19 Warranty of Systems and Equipment under Performance Specifications or Design Criteria.

As prescribed in 46.710(c)(1), the contracting officer may insert a clause substantially as follows:

Warranty of Systems and Equipment under Performance Specifications or Design Criteria (May 2001) (a)  
Definitions. As used in this clause-

Acceptance means the act of an authorized representative of the Government by which the Government assumes for itself, or as an agent of another, ownership of existing and identified supplies, or approves specific services rendered, as partial or complete performance of the contract.

Defect means any condition or characteristic in any supplies or services furnished by the Contractor under the contract that is not in compliance with the requirements of the contract.

Supplies means the end items furnished by the Contractor and related services required under this contract. Except when this contract includes the clause entitled Warranty of Data, supplies also mean "data."

(b) Contractor's obligations.

The Contractor's warranties under this clause shall apply only to those defects discovered by either ~~the Government or the~~ Contractor \_\_\_\_\_. [Contracting Officer shall state the warranty period; e.g., "at the time of delivery;" "within 45 days after delivery," or the specified event whose occurrence will terminate the warranty period; e.g., the number of miles or hours of use, or combination of any applicable events or periods of time.].

If the Contractor becomes aware at any time before acceptance by the Government (whether before or ~~after tender to the~~ after tender to the Government) that a defect exists in any supplies or services, the Contractor shall-

(i) Promptly correct the defect; or

(ii) Promptly notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, of the defect, using the same procedures prescribed in paragraph (b)(3) of this clause.

If the Contracting Officer determines that a defect exists in any of the supplies or services accepted by ~~the Government under~~ the Government under this contract, the Contracting Officer shall promptly notify the Contractor of the defect, in writing, within \_\_\_\_\_. [Contracting Officer shall insert the specific period of time in which notice shall be given to the Contractor; e.g., "30 days after delivery of the nonconforming supplies;" "90 days of the last delivery under this contract;" or "90 days after discovery of the defect."]. Upon timely notification of the existence of a defect, or if the Contractor independently discovers a defect in accepted supplies or services, the Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer, in writing, within \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall insert period of time] a recommendation for corrective actions, together with supporting information in sufficient detail for the Contracting Officer to determine what corrective action, if any, shall be undertaken.

The Contractor shall promptly comply with any timely written direction from the Contracting Officer ~~to correct or partially~~ to correct or partially correct a defect, at no increase in the contract price.

The Contractor shall also prepare and furnish to the Contracting Officer data and reports applicable to ~~any correction required~~ any correction required under this clause (including revision and updating of all other affected data called for under this contract) at no increase in the contract price.

In the event of timely notice of a decision not to correct or only to partially correct, the Contractor ~~shall submit a technical~~ shall submit a technical and cost proposal within \_\_\_\_\_. [Contracting Officer shall insert period of time] to amend the contract to permit acceptance of the affected supplies or services in accordance with the revised requirement, and an equitable reduction in the contract price shall promptly be negotiated by the parties and be reflected in a supplemental agreement to this contract.

Any supplies or parts thereof corrected or furnished in replacement and any services reformed shall ~~also be subject to~~ also be subject to the conditions of this clause to the same extent as supplies or services initially accepted. The warranty, with respect to these supplies, parts, or services, shall be equal in duration to that set forth in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, and shall run from the date of delivery of the corrected or replaced supplies.

The Contractor shall not be responsible under this clause for the correction of defects in Government-~~furnished property~~ furnished property, except for defects in installation, unless the Contractor performs, or is obligated to perform, any modifications or other work on such property. In that event, the Contractor shall be responsible for correction of defects that result from the modifications or other work.

If the Government returns supplies to the Contractor for correction or replacement under this clause, ~~the Contractor shall~~ the Contractor shall be liable for transportation charges up to an amount equal to the cost of transportation by the usual commercial method of shipment from the place of delivery specified in this contract (irrespective of the

f.o.b. point or the point of acceptance) to the Contractor's plant and return to the place of delivery specified in this contract. The Contractor shall also bear the responsibility for the supplies while in transit.

All implied warranties of merchantability and "fitness for a particular purpose" are excluded from ~~any obligation under this~~ any obligation under this contract.

(c) Remedies available to the Government.

(1) The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause-

Shall not be affected in any way by any terms or conditions of this contract concerning the conclusiveness ~~of inspection and~~ of inspection and acceptance; and

Are in addition to, and do not limit, any rights afforded to the Government by any other clause of ~~this contract~~ this contract.

Within \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall insert period of time] after receipt of the Contractor's recommendations for corrective action and adequate supporting information, the Contracting Officer, using sole discretion, shall give the Contractor written notice not to correct any defect, or to correct or partially correct any defect within a reasonable time at \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall insert locations where corrections may be performed].

In no event shall the Government be responsible for any extension or delays in the scheduled deliveries ~~or periods of performance~~ or periods of performance under this contract as a result of the Contractor's obligations to correct defects, nor shall there be any adjustment of the delivery schedule or period of performance as a result of the correction of defects unless provided by a supplemental agreement with adequate consideration.

This clause shall not be construed as obligating the Government to increase the contract price.

(5)

(i) The Contracting Officer shall give the Contractor a written notice specifying any failure or refusal of the Contractor to-

Present a detailed recommendation for corrective action as required by paragraph (b)(3) of this clause;

Correct defects as directed under paragraph (b)(4) of this clause; or

Prepare and furnish data and reports as required by paragraph (b)(5) of this clause.

(ii) The notice shall specify a period of time following receipt of the notice by the Contractor in which the Contractor must remedy the failure or refusal specified in the notice.

(6) If the Contractor does not comply with the Contracting Officer's written notice in paragraph (c)(5)(i) of this clause, the Contracting Officer may by contract or other-wise (i) Obtain detailed recommendations for corrective action and either-

~~(i) Obtain detailed recommendations for corrective action and either-~~

Correct the supplies or services; or

Replace the supplies or services, and if the Contractor fails to furnish timely disposition instructions, ~~the Contracting~~

~~the~~ Contracting Officer may dispose of the nonconforming supplies for the Contractor's account in a reasonable manner, in which case the Government is entitled to reimbursement from the Contractor, or from the proceeds, for the reasonable expenses of care and disposition, as well as for excess costs incurred or to be incurred; (ii) Obtain applicable data and reports; and

(iii) Charge the Contractor for the costs incurred by the Government.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If it is desirable to specify that necessary transportation incident to correction or replacement will be at the Government's expense (as might be the case if, for example, the cost of a warranty would otherwise be prohibitive), substitute a paragraph substantially the same as the following paragraph (b)(9) for paragraph (b)(9) of the basic clause:

Alternate II (Apr 1984). If a fixed-price incentive contract is contemplated, add a paragraph substantially the same as the following paragraph (c)(7) to the basic clause:

(7) All costs incurred or estimated to be incurred by the Contractor in complying with this clause shall be considered when negotiating the total final price under the Incentive Price Revision clause of this contract. After establishment of the total final price, Contractor compliance with this clause shall be at no increase in the total final price. Any equitable adjustments made under paragraph (b)(6) of this clause shall be governed by the paragraph entitled "Equitable Adjustments Under Other Clauses" in the Incentive Price Revision clause of this contract.

Alternate III (Apr 1984). If it is anticipated that recovery of the warranted item will involve considerable Government expense for disassembly and/or reassembly of larger items, add a paragraph substantially the same as the following paragraph (c)(7) to the basic clause. Redesignate the additional paragraph as "(c)(8)" if Alternate II is also being used:

(7) The Contractor shall be liable for the reasonable costs of disassembly and/or reassembly of larger items when it is necessary to remove the supplies to be inspected and/or returned for correction or replacement.

#### 52.246-20 Warranty of Services.

As prescribed in [46.710\(d\)](#), insert a clause substantially as follows:

##### Warranty of Services (May 2001)

Definition. "Acceptance," as used in this clause, means the act of an authorized representative of the Government by which the Government assumes for itself, or as an agent of another, ownership of existing and identified supplies, or approves specific services, as partial or complete performance of the contract.

Notwithstanding inspection and acceptance by the Government or any provision concerning the

conclusiveness thereof, the Contractor warrants that all services performed under this contract will, at the time of acceptance, be free from defects in workmanship and conform to the requirements of this contract. The Contracting Officer shall give written notice of any defect or nonconformance to the Contractor \_\_\_\_\_  
[Contracting Officer shall insert the specific period of time in which notice shall be given to the Contractor; e.g., "within 30 days from the date of acceptance by the Government,"; within 1000 hours of use by the

Government;" or other specified event whose occurrence will terminate the period of notice, or combination of any applicable events or period of time]. This notice shall state either-

That the Contractor shall correct or reperform any defective or nonconforming services; or

That the Government does not require correction or reperformance.

If the Contractor is required to correct or reperform, it shall be at no cost to the Government, and any ~~services corrected or~~ [services corrected or](#) reperformed by the Contractor shall be subject to this clause to the same extent as work initially performed. If the Contractor fails or refuses to correct or reperform, the Contracting Officer may, by contract or otherwise, correct or replace with similar services and charge to the Contractor the cost occasioned to the Government thereby, or make an equitable adjustment in the contract price.

If the Government does not require correction or reperformance, the Contracting Officer shall make ~~an equitable adjustment~~ [an equitable adjustment](#) in the contract price.

(End of clause)

#### 52.246-21 Warranty of Construction.

As prescribed in [46.710\(e\)\(1\)](#), the contracting officer may insert a clause substantially as follows in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price construction contract (see [46.705\(c\)](#)) is contemplated, and the use of a warranty clause has been approved under agency procedures:

##### Warranty of Construction (Mar 1994)

In addition to any other warranties in this contract, the Contractor warrants, except as provided in paragraph(i) of ~~this clause~~ [this clause](#), that work performed under this contract conforms to the contract requirements and is free of any defect in equipment, material, or design furnished, or workmanship performed by the Contractor or any subcontractor or supplier at any tier.

This warranty shall continue for a period of 1 year from the date of final acceptance of the work. If ~~the Government takes~~ [the Government takes](#) possession of any part of the work before final acceptance, this warranty shall continue for a period of 1 year from the date the Government takes possession.

The Contractor shall remedy at the Contractor's expense any failure to conform, or any defect. In addition, ~~the Contractor~~ [the Contractor](#) shall remedy at the Contractor's expense any damage to Government-owned or controlled real or personal property, when that damage is the result of-

The Contractor's failure to conform to contract requirements; or

Any defect of equipment, material, workmanship, or design furnished.

The Contractor shall restore any work damaged in fulfilling the terms and conditions of this clause. ~~The Contractor's warranty~~ [The Contractor's warranty](#) with respect to work repaired or replaced will run for 1 year from the date of repair or replacement.

The Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor, in writing, within a reasonable time after the discovery ~~of any failure~~ [of any failure](#), defect, or damage.

If the Contractor fails to remedy any failure, defect, or damage within a reasonable time after receipt ~~of notice~~, ~~the Government~~ [of notice, the Government](#) shall have the right to replace, repair, or otherwise remedy the failure, defect, or damage at the Contractor's expense.

With respect to all warranties, express or implied, from subcontractors, manufacturers, or suppliers for ~~work performed and~~ [work performed and](#) materials furnished under this contract, the Contractor shall-

[\(1\)](#) Obtain all warranties that would be given in normal commercial practice;

Require all warranties to be executed, in writing, for the benefit of the Government, if directed by ~~the Contracting Officer~~ [the Contracting Officer](#); and

Enforce all warranties for the benefit of the Government, if directed by the Contracting Officer.

In the event the Contractor's warranty under paragraph (b) of this clause has expired, the Government ~~may bring~~may bring suit ~~at its~~at its expense to enforce a subcontractor's, manufacturer's, or supplier's warranty.

Unless a defect is caused by the negligence of the Contractor or subcontractor or supplier at any tier, ~~the Contractor shall not~~the Contractor shall not be liable for the repair of any defects of material or design furnished by the Government nor for the repair of any damage that results from any defect in Government-furnished material or design.

This warranty shall not limit the Government's rights under the Inspection and Acceptance clause of ~~this contract with respect~~this contract with respect to latent defects, gross mistakes, or fraud.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the Government specifies in the contract the use of any equipment by "brand name and model," the contracting officer may add a paragraph substantially the same as the following paragraph (k) to the basic clause:

Defects in design or manufacture of equipment specified by the Government on a "brand name and model" basis, ~~shall not~~shall not be included in this warranty. In this event, the Contractor shall require any subcontractors, manufacturers, or suppliers thereof to execute their warranties, in writing, directly to the Government. 52.246-22 [Reserved]

52.246-22 [Reserved] 52.246-23 Limitation of Liability.

As prescribed in 46.805, insert the following clause:

Limitation of Liability (Feb 1997)

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause, and except for remedies expressly provided elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor shall not be liable for loss of or damage to property of the Government (excluding the supplies delivered under this contract) that-

Occurs after Government acceptance of the supplies delivered under this contract; and

Results from any defects or deficiencies in the supplies.

(b) The limitation of liability under paragraph (a) of this clause shall not apply when a defect or deficiency in, or the Government's acceptance of, the supplies results from willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of any of the Contractor's managerial personnel. The term "Contractor's managerial personnel," as used in this clause, means the Contractor's directors, officers, and any of the Contractor's managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of-

~~Contractor's managerial personnel. The term "Contractor's managerial personnel," as used in this clause, means the Contractor's directors, officers, and any of the Contractor's managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of-~~

All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;

All or substantially all of the Contractor's operations at any one plant, laboratory, or separate location ~~at which the contract~~at which the contract is being performed; or

A separate and complete major industrial operation connected with the performance of this contract.

(c) If the Contractor carries insurance, or has established a reserve for self-insurance, covering liability for loss or damage suffered by the Government through purchase or use of the supplies required to be delivered under this contract, the Contractor shall be liable to the Government, to the extent of such insurance or reserve, for loss of or damage to property of the Government occurring after Government acceptance of, and resulting from any defects or deficiencies in, the supplies delivered under this contract.

(End of clause)

#### 52.246-24 Limitation of Liability-High-Value Items.

As prescribed in 46.805, insert the following clause:

##### Limitation of Liability-High-Value Items (Feb 1997)

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) through (e) of this clause, and notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, the Contractor shall not be liable for loss of or damage to property of the Government (including the supplies delivered under this contract) that-

Occurs after Government acceptance of the supplies delivered under this contract; and

Results from any defects or deficiencies in the supplies.

(b) The limitation of liability under paragraph (a) of this clause shall not apply when a defect or deficiency in, or the Government's acceptance of, the supplies results from willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of any of the Contractor's managerial personnel. The term "Contractor's managerial personnel," as used in this clause, means the Contractor's directors, officers, and any of the Contractor's managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of-

~~Contractor's managerial personnel. The term "Contractor's managerial personnel," as used in this clause, means the Contractor's directors, officers, and any of the Contractor's managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of-~~

All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;

All or substantially all of the Contractor's operations at any one plant, laboratory, or separate location ~~at which the contract~~at which the contract is being performed; or

A separate and complete major industrial operation connected with the performance of this contract.

(c) If the Contractor carries insurance, or has established a reserve for self-insurance, covering liability for loss or damage suffered by the Government through purchase or use of the supplies required to be delivered under this contract, the Contractor shall be liable to the Government, to the extent of such insurance or reserve, for loss of or damage to property of the Government occurring after Government acceptance of, and resulting from any defects or deficiencies in, the supplies delivered under this contract.

(d)

This clause does not diminish the Contractor's obligations, to the extent that they arise otherwise under ~~this contract,~~this contract, relating to correction, repair, replacement, or other relief for any defect or deficiency in supplies delivered under this contract.

Unless this is a cost-reimbursement contract, if loss or damage occurs and correction, repair, or ~~replacement is not feasible~~replacement is not feasible or desired by the Government, the Contractor shall, as determined by the Contracting Officer-

(i) Pay the Government the amount it would have cost the Contractor to make correction, repair, or replacement before ~~the loss~~the loss or damage occurred; (ii) Provide other equitable relief.

(e) This clause shall not limit or otherwise affect the Government's rights under clauses, if included in this contract, that cover-

Warranty of technical data;

Ground and flight risks or aircraft flight risks; or

Government property.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the contract is for both high-value items and other end items, the contracting officer shall identify the high-value items by line item and insert the following preamble before paragraph (a): (This clause shall apply only to those items identified in this contract as being subject to this clause.)

~~(This clause shall apply only to those items identified in this contract as being subject to this clause.)~~

52.246-25 Limitation of Liability-Services.

As prescribed in 46.805, insert the following clause:

Limitation of Liability-Services (Feb 1997)

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this clause, and except to the extent that the Contractor is expressly responsible under this contract for deficiencies in the services required to be performed under it (including any materials furnished in conjunction with those services), the Contractor shall not be liable for loss of or damage to property of the Government that-

Occurs after Government acceptance of services performed under this contract; and

Results from any defects or deficiencies in the services performed or materials furnished.

(b) The limitation of liability under paragraph (a) of this clause shall not apply when a defect or deficiency in, or the Government's acceptance of, services performed or materials furnished results from willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of any of the Contractor's managerial personnel. The term "Contractor's managerial personnel," as used in this clause, means the Contractor's directors, officers, and any of the



Contractor's managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of ~~(1)~~  
~~All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;~~

All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;

All or substantially all of the Contractor's operations at any one plant, laboratory, or separate location ~~at which~~  
~~the contract~~at which the contract is being performed; or

A separate and complete major industrial operation connected with the performance of this contract.

(c) If the Contractor carries insurance, or has established a reserve for self-insurance, covering liability for loss or damage suffered by the Government through the Contractor's performance of services or furnishing of materials under this contract, the Contractor shall be liable to the Government, to the extent of such insurance or reserve, for loss of or damage to property of the Government occurring after Government acceptance of, and resulting from any defects and deficiencies in, services performed or materials furnished under this contract. (End of clause)

52.246-26 Reporting Nonconforming Items.

As prescribed in ~~46.317~~, insert the following clause

Reporting Nonconforming Items (Aug 2024)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Common item means an item that has multiple applications versus a single or peculiar application.

Counterfeit item means an unlawful or unauthorized reproduction, substitution, or alteration that has been knowingly mismarked, misidentified, or otherwise misrepresented to be an authentic, unmodified item from the original manufacturer, or a source with the express written authority of the original manufacturer or current design activity, including an authorized aftermarket manufacturer. Unlawful or unauthorized substitution includes used items represented as new, or the false identification of grade, serial number, lot number, date code, or performance characteristics.

Critical item means an item, the failure of which is likely to result in hazardous or unsafe conditions for individuals using, maintaining, or depending upon the item; or is likely to prevent performance of a vital agency mission.

Critical nonconformance means a nonconformance that is likely to result in hazardous or unsafe conditions for individuals using, maintaining, or depending upon the supplies or services; or is likely to prevent performance of a vital agency mission.

Design activity means an organization, Government or contractor, that has responsibility for the design and configuration of an item, including the preparation or maintenance of design documents. Design activity could be the original organization, or an organization to which design responsibility has been transferred.

Major nonconformance means a nonconformance, other than critical, that is likely to result in failure of the supplies or services, or to materially reduce the usability of the supplies or services for their intended purpose.

Suspect counterfeit item means an item for which credible evidence (including but not limited to, visual inspection or testing) provides reasonable doubt that the item is authentic.

(b) The Contractor shall—

Screen Government-Industry Data Exchange Program (GIDEP) reports, available at [www.gidep.org](http://www.gidep.org), as a part of the Contractor's inspection system or program for the control of quality, to avoid the use and delivery of counterfeit or suspect counterfeit items or delivery of items that contain a major or critical nonconformance. This requirement does not apply if the Contractor is a foreign corporation or partnership that does not have an office, place of business, or fiscal paying agent in the United States;

Provide written notification to the Contracting Officer within 60 days of becoming aware or having reason ~~to suspect,~~[to suspect,](#) such as through inspection, testing, record review, or notification from another source (e.g., seller, customer, third party) that any end item, component, subassembly, part, or material contained in supplies purchased by the Contractor for delivery to, or for, the Government is counterfeit or suspect counterfeit;

Retain counterfeit or suspect counterfeit items in its possession at the time of discovery until ~~disposition instructions have~~[disposition instructions have](#) been provided by the Contracting Officer; and

Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this clause, submit a report to GIDEP at [www.gidep.org](http://www.gidep.org) within 60 days of becoming aware or having reason to suspect, such as through inspection, testing, record review, or notification from another source (e.g., seller, customer, third party) that an item purchased by the Contractor for delivery to, or for, the ~~Government is—~~

~~Government is—~~

A counterfeit or suspect counterfeit item; or

A common item that has a major or critical nonconformance.

(c) The Contractor shall not submit a report as required by paragraph (b)(4) of this clause, if—

The Contractor is a foreign corporation or partnership that does not have an office, place of business, or ~~fiscal paying agent~~[fiscal paying agent](#) in the United States;

The Contractor is aware that the counterfeit, suspect counterfeit, or nonconforming item is the subject of ~~an on-going criminal~~[an on-going criminal](#) investigation, unless the report is approved by the cognizant law-enforcement agency; or

For nonconforming items other than counterfeit or suspect counterfeit items, it can be confirmed that ~~the organization where~~[the organization where](#) the defect was generated (e.g., original component manufacturer, original equipment manufacturer, aftermarket manufacturer, or distributor that alters item properties or configuration) has not released the item to more than one customer.

(d) Reports submitted in accordance with paragraph (b)(4) of this clause shall not include—

Trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information protected under the Trade Secrets Act ([18 U.S.C. 1905](#)); or

~~;~~ OF

Any other information prohibited from disclosure by statute or regulation.

Additional guidance on the use of GIDEP is provided at <https://www.gidep.org/login? returnUrl=%2Fdashboard>.

If this is a contract with the Department of Defense, as provided in paragraph (c)(5) of section 818 of ~~the National Defense~~[the National Defense](#) Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Pub. L. 112-81), the Contractor or subcontractor that provides a written report or notification under this clause that the end item, component, part, or material contained electronic parts (i.e., an integrated circuit, a discrete electronic component (including, but not limited to, a transistor, capacitor, resistor, or diode), or a circuit assembly)) that are counterfeit electronic parts or suspect counterfeit electronic parts shall not be subject to civil liability on the basis of such reporting, provided that the Contractor or any subcontractor made a reasonable effort to determine that the report was factual.

Subcontracts.

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (g)(2) of this clause, the Contractor shall insert this clause, including this paragraph [\(g\), in subcontracts that are for—](#)

~~(g), in subcontracts that are for—~~

~~(i)~~ Items subject to higher-level quality standards in accordance with the clause at Federal ~~Acquisition Regulation~~[Acquisition Regulation](#) (FAR) 52.246-11, Higher-Level Contract Quality Requirement;

Items that the Contractor determines to be critical items for which use of the clause is appropriate;

Electronic parts or end items, components, parts, or materials containing electronic parts, whether or ~~not covered in paragraph~~[not covered in paragraph](#) (g)(1)(i) or (ii) of this clause, if the subcontract exceeds the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR [2.101](#) on the date of subcontract award, and this contract is by, or for, the Department of Defense (as required by paragraph (c)(4) of section 818 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Pub. L. 112-81)); or

For the acquisition of services, if the subcontractor will furnish, as part of the service, any items that ~~meet the criteria specified~~[meet the criteria specified](#) in paragraphs (g)(1)(i) through (g)(1)(iii) of this clause.

(2) The Contractor shall not insert the clause in subcontracts for—

Commercial products and commercial services; or

Medical devices that are subject to the Food and Drug Administration reporting requirements at 21 CFR 803.

(3) The Contractor shall not alter the clause other than to identify the appropriate parties. (End of clause)

52.247 [Reserved]

52.247-1 Commercial Bill of Lading Notations.

As prescribed in [47.104-4](#), insert the following clause:

#### Commercial Bill of Lading Notations (Feb 2006)

When the Contracting Officer authorizes supplies to be shipped on a commercial bill of lading and the Contractor will be reimbursed these transportation costs as direct allowable costs, the Contractor shall ensure before shipment is made that the commercial shipping documents are annotated with either of the following notations, as appropriate:

If the Government is shown as the consignor or the consignee, the annotation shall be:

Transportation is for the \_\_\_\_\_ [name the specific agency] and the actual total transportation charges paid to the carrier(s) by the consignor or consignee are assignable to, and shall be reimbursed by, the Government.

If the Government is not shown as the consignor or the consignee, the annotation shall be:

Transportation is for the \_\_\_\_\_ [name the specific agency] and the actual total transportation charges paid to the carrier(s) by the consignor or consignee shall be reimbursed by the Government, pursuant to ~~cost-~~  
~~reimbursement~~cost reimbursement contract No. \_\_\_\_\_. This may be confirmed by contacting  
\_\_\_\_\_ [Name and address of the contract administration office listed in the contract].

(End of clause)

#### 52.247-2 Permits, Authorities, or Franchises.

As prescribed in [\(47.207-1\(a\)\)](#), insert the following clause:

##### Permits, Authorities, or Franchises (Jan 1997)

The offeror does ☐, does not ☐, hold authorization from the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) or other cognizant regulatory body. If authorization is held, it is as follows:

\_\_\_\_\_ (Name of regulatory body)

\_\_\_\_\_ (~~Authorization No.~~)

\_\_\_\_\_ (Authorization No.)

The offeror shall furnish to the Government, if requested, copies of the authorization before moving ~~the~~  
~~material under any~~material under any contract awarded. In addition, the offeror shall, at the offeror's expense, obtain and maintain any permits, franchises, licenses, and other authorities issued by State and local governments.

(End of clause)

#### 52.247-3 Capability to Perform a Contract for the Relocation of a Federal Office.

As prescribed in [\(47.207-1\(b\)\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when a Federal office is relocated, to ensure that offerors are capable to perform interstate or intrastate moving contracts involving the relocation of Federal offices:

##### Capability to Perform a Contract for the Relocation of a Federal Office (Feb 2006)

(a) If the move specified in this contract is to be performed by the Contractor as a carrier within the borders of more than one State, including the District of Columbia, (i.e., an interstate move), the Contractor shall have obtained and hold appropriate and current operating authority from the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration.

(b)

If the move specified in this contract is to be performed by the Contractor as a carrier wholly within ~~the borders~~the borders of ~~one State~~one State or the District of Columbia (i.e., an intrastate move), the Contractor shall, when required by the State, or the District of Columbia, in which the move is to take place, have obtained and hold appropriate and current operating authority from that jurisdiction in the form of a certificate, permit, or equivalent license to operate.

If no authority to operate is required by the State or the District of Columbia, the Contractor as carrier ~~shall maintain facilities~~shall maintain facilities, equipment, and a business address within the jurisdiction in which the move is to take place. However, if the move is to originate and/or terminate within an area of one State, or the District of Columbia, that comprises a part of a recognized Commercial Zone (see Subpart B of 49 CFR part 372) the boundaries of which encompass portions of more than one State or the District of Columbia, it shall be sufficient if the Contractor as carrier maintains facilities, equipment, and a business address within the Commercial Zone and holds appropriate operating authority, if required, from the jurisdiction within which the Contractor maintains the facilities, equipment, and business address.

If the move specified in this contract will not be performed by the Contractor as carrier, it must be ~~performed for the Contractor~~performed for the Contractor by a carrier operating under a subcontract with the Contractor. In this case, the Contractor shall not be subject to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this clause, but shall be responsible for requiring and ensuring that the subcontractor carrier complies with those requirements in every respect.

The Contractor shall be in compliance with the applicable requirements of this clause at least 14 days ~~before the~~before the date ~~on which~~on which performance of the contract shall commence under the terms specified; except that, if the period from the date of award of the contract to the date that performance shall commence is less than 28 days, the Contractor shall comply with the applicable requirements of this clause midway between the time of award and the time of commencement of performance.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If a Federal office move is intrastate and the contracting officer determines that it is in the Government's interest not to apply the requirements for holding or obtaining State authority to operate within the State, and to maintain a facility within the State or Commercial zone, delete paragraph (b) of the basic clause and redesignate the remaining paragraphs "(b) and (c)." In the 6 th line of the new paragraph (b), delete the words "paragraphs(a) and (b) above" and replace them with "paragraph (a) of this clause."

#### 52.247-4 Inspection of Shipping and Receiving Facilities.

As prescribed in (47.207-1(c)), insert the following provision in solicitations for transportation or for transportation-related services when it is desired for offerors to inspect the shipping, receiving, or other sites to ensure realistic bids:

Inspection of Shipping and Receiving Facilities (Apr 1984)

Offerors are urged to inspect the shipping and receiving facilities where services are to be performed and ~~to satisfy themselves~~ to satisfy themselves regarding all general and local conditions that may affect the cost of contract performance.

Site visits have been scheduled as follows:

\_\_\_\_\_ (Locations)

\_\_\_\_\_ (Dates)

\_\_\_\_\_ (Times) (c) For further information offerors may contact:

\_\_\_\_\_ (Name)

\_\_\_\_\_ (Telephone)

(End of clause)

52.247-5 Familiarization with Conditions.

As prescribed in (47.207-1(d)), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services to ensure that offerors become familiar with conditions under which and where the services will be performed:

Familiarization with Conditions (Apr 1984)

The offeror shall become familiar with all available information regarding difficulties that may be encountered and the conditions, including safety precautions, under which the work must be accomplished under the contract. The offeror shall not be relieved from assuming all responsibility for properly estimating the difficulties and the cost of performing the services required in this contract because the offeror failed to investigate the conditions or to become acquainted with all information concerning the services to be performed.

(End of clause)

52.247-6 Financial Statement.

As prescribed in (47.207-1(e)), insert the following provision in solicitations for transportation or for transportation-related services to ensure that offerors are prepared to furnish financial statements:

Financial Statement (Apr 1984)

The offeror shall, upon request, promptly furnish the Government with a current certified statement of the offeror's financial condition and such data as the Government may request with respect to the offeror's operations. The Government will use this information to determine the offeror's financial responsibility and ability to perform under the contract. Failure of an offeror to comply with a request for information will subject the offer to possible rejection on responsibility grounds.

(End of clause)

#### 52.247-7 Freight Excluded.

As prescribed in [\(47.207-3\)\(d\)\(2\)](#), insert a clause substantially as follows in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when any commodities or types of shipments have been identified for exclusion:

##### Freight Excluded (Apr 1984)

Excluded from the scope of this contract are shipments that can be more advantageously or economically moved via parcel post or small package carrier; shipments of unusual value, explosives and other dangerous articles, household goods, commodities in bulk, commodities injurious or contaminating to other freight; and shipments that the Government may elect to move in Government vehicles.

(End of clause)

#### 52.247-8 Estimated Weights or Quantities Not Guaranteed.

As prescribed in [\(47.207-3\)\(e\)\(2\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when weights or quantities are estimates:

##### Estimated Weights or Quantities Not Guaranteed (Apr 1984)

The estimated weights or quantities are not a guarantee of actual weights or quantities, as the Government does not guarantee any particular volume of traffic described in this contract. However, to the extent services are required as described in this contract and in accordance with the terms of this contract, orders for these services will be placed with the Contractor.

(End of clause)

#### 52.247-9 Agreed Weight-General Freight.

As prescribed in [\(47.207-4\)\(a\)\(1\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when the shipping activity determines the weight of shipments of freight other than household goods or office furniture:

##### Agreed Weight-General Freight (Apr 1984)

The shipping activity shall determine the weight of each shipment. The weight shall be shown on the covering shipping document and shall be accepted by the Contractor as the agreed weight.

(End of clause)

#### 52.247-10 Net Weight-General Freight.

As prescribed in [\(47.207-4\)\(a\)\(2\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when the weight of shipments of freight other than household goods or office furniture is not known at the time of shipment and the contractor is responsible for determining the net weight of the shipments:

#### Net Weight-General Freight (Apr 1984)

The net weight of the shipment shall be determined by deducting the tare weight of the vehicle (~~determined by having the~~determined by having the empty vehicle with a full tank of fuel weighed by a certified weighmaster on a certified scale) from the gross weight of the vehicle (determined by having the loaded vehicle with a full tank of fuel weighed by a certified weighmaster on a certified scale).

The Contractor shall attach the original copies of the empty and loaded weight certificates to the invoice ~~for services~~for services.

(End of clause)

#### 52.247-11 Net Weight-Household Goods or Office Furniture.

As prescribed in ~~(47.207-4(b))~~, insert the following clause in contracts for transportation or for ~~transportation-related~~transportation-related services when movements of Government employees' household goods or relocations of Government offices are involved:

#### Net Weight-Household Goods or Office Furniture (Apr 1984)

Net weight-full loads. The net weight of the shipment shall be determined by deducting the tare weight of the vehicle (determined by having a certified weighmaster weigh on a certified scale the empty vehicle with all blankets, pads, chains, dollies, hand trucks, and all other necessary equipment inside the vehicle) from the gross weight of the vehicle (determined by having a certified weighmaster weigh on a certified scale the fully loaded vehicle before arrival at destination).

Net weight-part loads. The net weight of the first part load shall be determined in the same manner as specified for a full load. The net weight of the second part load shall be determined by using as the tare weight of the vehicle the gross weight of the vehicle containing the first part load and deducting this weight from the new gross weight (determined by having the loaded vehicle weighed again, in the same manner as specified for the full load). The same procedure shall apply for each succeeding part load.

Weight certificates. The contractor shall attach the original copy of each weight certificate to the invoice for services. ~~(End of clause)~~

#### ~~52.247-12 Supervision, Labor, or Materials.~~

~~As prescribed in (b), insert a clause substantially as follows in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when the contractor is required to furnish supervision, labor, or materials:~~

#### ~~Supervision, Labor, or Materials (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Contractor shall furnish adequate supervision, labor, materials, supplies, and equipment necessary to perform all the services contemplated under this contract in an orderly, timely, and efficient manner.~~

(End of clause)

#### 52.247-12 [Reserved]



#### 52.247-13 Accessorial Services-Moving Contracts.

As prescribed in [\(47.207-5\(c\)\)](#), insert a clause substantially as follows in solicitations and contracts for the transportation of household goods or office furniture:

##### Accessorial Services-Moving Contracts (Apr 1984)

(a) Packing and/or crating and padding. The Contractor shall-

Perform all of the packing and/or crating and padding necessary for the protection of the goods to be transported;

Furnish packing containers, including, but not limited to, barrels, boxes, wardrobes, and cartons; all ~~crating materials;~~[crating materials](#); and all padding materials and equipment;

Furnish or cause to be furnished, when necessary, padding or other protective material for the interior of ~~the buildings;~~[the buildings](#), including elevators, from and to which the property will be moved under this contract; and

Ensure that all containers and materials are clean and of quality sufficient for protection of the goods.

Disassembling and reassembling of property and servicing appliances. The disassembling of property; e.g., beds and sectional bookcases, and the preparing of appliances; e.g., washers, driers, and record players, for shipment shall be performed by the Contractor. The Contractor shall reassemble the property and service the appliances upon delivery at the new location.

Unpacking and/or uncrating and placement of property. The Contractor shall unpack and/or uncrate all property that was packed and/or crated for movement under this contract. The Contractor shall also place the property in the new location as instructed by the owner of the property or authorized representative, and shall remove all packing and similar or related material from the premises as requested by the owner. [\(End of clause\)](#)

~~(End of clause)~~

#### 52.247-14 ~~Contractor Responsibility for Receipt of Shipment.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (d), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services:~~

##### ~~Contractor Responsibility for Receipt of Shipment (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Contractor shall diligently count and examine all goods tendered for shipment, receipt for them, and make appropriate written exception for any goods not in apparent good order.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

#### 52.247-15 Contractor Responsibility for Loading and Unloading.

As prescribed in [\(47.207-5\)\(e\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when the contractor is responsible for loading and unloading shipments:  
Contractor Responsibility for Loading and Unloading (Apr 1984)

(a)

Unless otherwise specified in this contract to cover store-door or inside delivery, the Contractor shall ~~load and unload shipments~~ [load and unload shipments](#) at no additional expense to the Government.

The Government or its agent will place or receive freight at the tailgate of the Contractor's vehicle. ~~Tailgate delivery~~ [Tailgatedelivery](#) for purposes of this contract, is defined as that which enables a forklift truck or similar equipment, with operator only, to place or remove cargo from the tailgate of the Contractor's vehicle.

(b) If loading is the responsibility of the Contractor, the Contractor shall perform all shoring, blocking, and bracing. The Contractor shall provide dunnage at the Contractor's expense.

(End of clause) 52.247-16 ~~Contractor Responsibility for Returning Undelivered Freight~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (f), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when the contractor is responsible for returning undelivered freight:~~

~~Contractor Responsibility for Returning Undelivered Freight (Apr 1984)~~

~~When, through no fault of the Contractor, a shipment cannot be delivered, the Contractor shall contact the shipper for disposition instructions. If the shipment is ordered returned to the origin point, the charges assessed for the return trip shall be the same as the charges assessed for the outbound trip. The shipper shall maintain a record of the goods that, through no fault of the Contractor, could not be delivered and are returned to the shipper. If, at a future date, the returned goods are determined to be related to a claim against the Contractor, the claim will be adjusted accordingly.~~

~~When, through the fault of the Contractor, a shipment cannot be delivered, the Contractor shall return the shipment to the origin point at no charge to the Government. Any charges incurred for redelivery, which are in excess of the charges that would have been incurred under this contract, shall be for the Contractor's account in accordance with the Default clause of the contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.247-17 Charges.

As prescribed in [\(47.207-6\)\(a\)\(2\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services:

Charges (Apr 1984)

In no event shall charges under this contract be in excess of charges based on the Contractor's lowest rate available to the general public, or be in excess of charges based on rates otherwise tendered to the Government by the Contractor for the same type of service.

(End of clause)

52.247-18 Multiple Shipments.

As prescribed in [47.207-6](#) (c)(5)(i), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when multiple shipments are tendered at one time to the contractor for transportation from one origin to two or more consignees at the same destination:

Multiple Shipments (Apr 1984)

When multiple shipments are tendered at one time to the Contractor for movement from one origin to multiple consignees at the same destination, the rate charged for each shipment shall be the rate applicable to the aggregate weight.

(End of clause)

52.247-19 Stopping in Transit for Partial Unloading.

As prescribed in [47.207-6](#) (c)(5)(ii), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when multiple shipments are tendered at one time to the contractor for transportation from one origin to two or more consignees along the route between origin and last destination:

Stopping in Transit for Partial Unloading (Apr 1984)

When multiple shipments are tendered at one time to the Contractor for movement from one origin to two or more consignees along the route between the origin and the last destination, the rate charged shall be the rate applicable to the aggregate weight, plus a charge of \$\_\_\_\_\_ for each shipment unloaded at an intermediate point en route to the last destination.

(End of clause)

52.247-20 ~~Estimated Quantities or Weights for Evaluation of Offers.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (c)(6), insert the following provision in solicitations for transportation or for transportation-related services when quantities or weights of shipments between each origin and destination are not known, stating estimated quantity or weight for each origin/destination pair:~~

~~Estimated Quantities or Weights for Evaluation of Offers (Apr 1984)~~

~~For the purpose of evaluating offers, and for no other purpose, the following estimated quantities or weights will be considered as the quantities or weights to be shipped between each origin and destination listed:~~

| <del>Origin</del> | <del>Destination</del> | <del>Estimated Quantity or Weight</del> |
|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| <del>_____</del>  | <del>_____</del>       | <del>_____</del>                        |

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(End of clause)

52.247-21 Contractor Liability for Personal Injury and/or Property Damage.

As prescribed in (47.207-7(c), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services:

Contractor Liability for Personal Injury and/or Property Damage (Apr 1984)

The Contractor assumes responsibility for all damage or injury to persons or property occasioned through ~~the use;~~the use, maintenance, and operation of the Contractor's vehicles or other equipment by, or the action of, the Contractor or the Contractor's employees and agents.

The Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, shall maintain adequate public liability and property ~~damage insured during~~damage insurance during the continuance of this contract, insuring the Contractor against all claims for injury or damage.

The Contractor shall maintain Workers' Compensation and other legally required insurance with respect ~~to the Contractor's~~to the Contractor's own employees and agents.

The Government shall in no event be liable or responsible for damage or injury to any person or ~~property occasioned through~~property occasioned through the use, maintenance, or operation of any vehicle or other equipment by, or the action of, the Contractor or the Contractor's employees and agents in performing under this contract, and the Government shall be indemnified and saved harmless against claims for damage or injury in such cases.

(End of clause)

52.247-22 Contractor Liability for Loss of and/or Damage to Freight other than Household Goods.

As prescribed in (47.207-7(d), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for the transportation of freight other than household goods:

Contractor Liability for Loss of and/or Damage to Freight other than Household Goods (Apr 1984)

Except when loss and/or damage arises out of causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor, the Contractor shall assume full liability for any and all goods lost and/or damaged in the movement covered by this contract.

(End of clause)

52.247-23 Contractor Liability for Loss of and/or Damage to Household Goods.

As prescribed in ~~(47.207-7)~~(e), insert the following clause:

Contractor Liability for Loss of and/or Damage to Household Goods (Jan 1991)

(a) Except when loss and/or damage arise out of causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor, the Contractor shall be liable to the owner for the loss of and/or damage to any article while being-

~~Contractor, the Contractor shall be liable to the owner for the loss of and/or damage to any article while being-~~

Packed, picked up, loaded, transported, delivered, unloaded, or unpacked;

Stored in transit; or

Serviced (appliances, etc.) by a third person hired by the Contractor to perform the servicing.

The Contractor shall be liable for loss and/or damage discovered by the owner if written notice of such ~~loss and/or damage~~loss and/or damage is dispatched to the Contractor not later than 75 days following the date of delivery.

The Contractor shall indemnify the owner of the goods at a rate of \_\_\_\_ cents per pound per article.

(End of clause)

52.247-24 ~~Advance Notification by the Government.~~[Reserved]

~~As prescribed in (a)(1), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when the Government is responsible for notifying the contractor of specific service times or unusual shipments:~~

~~Advance Notification by the Government (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Government will notify the Contractor \_\_\_\_ hours in advance of the number of pieces and weight of all normal shipments and the time the shipment will be available for pickup. On other than normal shipments, the Government will furnish additional information; e.g., dimension of oversized pieces, as necessary to determine the amount of equipment and/or manpower needed to perform the required services.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.247-25 ~~Government Furnished Equipment With or Without Operators.~~[Reserved]

~~As prescribed in (a)(2)(i), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when the Government furnishes equipment with or without operators:~~

~~Government Furnished Equipment With or Without Operators (Apr 1984)~~

The Government will provide \_\_\_\_\_ [insert equipment; e.g., forklifts] with or without operators at \_\_\_\_\_ [strike out "with" or "without," as applicable, and insert origin, destination, or both] to assist in \_\_\_\_\_ [insert loading, unloading, or both], when required.

(End of clause)

52.247-26 Government Direction and Marking. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (a)(3), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services when office relocations are involved:

Government Direction and Marking (Apr 1984)

The agency being relocated shall tag or mark property, showing floor, room number, and location where property is to be placed in the new building. The agency shall provide sufficient personnel to direct the Contractor's personnel in the placement of the property at destination.

(End of clause)

52.247-27 Contract Not Affected by Oral Agreement. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (b), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for transportation or for transportation-related services:

Contract Not Affected by Oral Agreement (Apr 1984)

No oral statement of any person shall modify or otherwise affect the terms, conditions, or specifications stated in this contract. All modifications to the contract must be made in writing by the Contracting Officer or an authorized representative.

(End of clause)

52.247-28 Contractor's Invoices. [\[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-29 F.o.b. Origin.

As prescribed in [\(47.303-1\(c\)\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for drayage or other term con- tracts for transportation or for transportation-related services:

Contractor's Invoices (Apr 1984)

The Contractor shall submit itemized invoices as instructed by the agency ordering services under this contract. The Contractor shall annotate each invoice with the contract number and other ordering office document identification. (End of clause)

52.247-29 F.o.b. Origin.

As prescribed in (c), insert the following clause:

F.o.b. Origin (Feb 2006)

(a) The term "f.o.b. origin," as used in this clause, means free of expense to the Government delivered-

On board the indicated type of conveyance of the carrier (or of the Government, if specified) at a ~~designated point~~designated point in ~~the city~~the city, county, and State from which the shipment will be made and from which line-haul transportation service (as distinguished from switching, local drayage, or other terminal service) will begin;

To, and placed on, the carrier's wharf (at shipside, within reach of the ship's loading tackle, when ~~the shipping~~the shipping point ~~is within~~is within a port area having water transportation service) or the carrier's freight station; (3) To a U.S. Postal Service facility; or

To a U.S. Postal Service facility; or

(4) If stated in the solicitation, to any Government designated point located within the same city or commercial zone as the f.o.b. origin point specified in the contract (the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration prescribes commercial zones at Subpart B of 49 CFR part 372). (b) The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment in conformance with carrier requirements to protect ~~the goods and~~the goods and to ensure assessment of the lowest applicable transportation charge; (2)

Order specified carrier equipment when requested by the Government; or

If not specified, order appropriate carrier equipment not in excess of capacity to accommodate shipment;

Order specified carrier equipment when requested by the Government; or

If not specified, order appropriate carrier equipment not in excess of capacity to accommodate shipment;

Deliver the shipment in good order and condition to the carrier, and load, stow, trim, block, and/or ~~brace carload or truckload~~ shipment (when loaded by the Contractor) on or in the carrier's conveyance as required by carrier rules and regulations;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods-

Occurring before delivery to the carrier;

Resulting from improper packing and marking; or

Resulting from improper loading, stowing, trimming, blocking, and/or bracing of the shipment, if loaded ~~by the Contractor~~brace carload or truckload shipment (when loaded by the Contractor) on or in the carrier's conveyance as required by carrier rules and regulations;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods-

Occurring before delivery to the carrier;

Resulting from improper packing and marking; or

Resulting from improper loading, stowing, trimming, blocking, and/or bracing of the shipment, if loaded by the Contractor on or in the carrier's conveyance;

(5) Complete the Government bill of lading supplied by the ordering agency or, when a Government bill of lading is not supplied, prepare a commercial bill of lading or other transportation receipt. The bill of lading shall show-

A description of the shipment in terms of the governing freight classification or tariff (or Government ~~rate tender~~) under which lowest freight rates are applicable;

The seals affixed to the conveyance with their serial numbers or other identification;

Lengths and capacities of cars or trucks ordered and furnished;

Other pertinent information required to effect prompt delivery to the consignee, including name, ~~delivery address,~~ delivery address, postal address and ZIP code of consignee, routing, etc.;

Special instructions or annotations requested by the ordering agency for commercial bills of lading; e.g., "This shipment is the property of, and the freight charges paid to the carrier(s) will be reimbursed by, the Government"; and

The signature of the carrier's agent and the date the shipment is received by the carrier; and

(6) Distribute the copies of the bill of lading, or other transportation receipts, as directed by the ordering agency.

(c) These Contractor responsibilities are specified for performance at the plant or plants at which the supplies are to be finally inspected and accepted, unless the facilities for shipment by carrier's equipment are not available at the Contractor's plant, in which case the responsibilities shall be performed f.o.b. the point or points in the same or nearest city where the specified carrier's facilities are available; subject, however, to the following qualifications:

If the Contractor's shipping plant is located in the State of Alaska or Hawaii, the Contractor shall deliver ~~the supplies listed~~ the supplies listed for shipment outside Alaska or Hawaii to the port of loading in Alaska or Hawaii, respectively, as specified in the contract, at Contractor's expense, and to that extent the contract shall be "f.o.b. destination."

Notwithstanding paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, if the Contractor's shipping plant is located in the State ~~of Hawaii, and the~~ of Hawaii, and the contract requires delivery to be made by container service, the Contractor shall deliver the supplies, at the Contractor's expense, to the container yard in the same or nearest city where seavan container service is available.

(End of clause)

52.247-30 F.o.b. Origin, Contractor's Facility.



As prescribed in [\(47.303-2\(c\)\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when the delivery term is f.o.b. origin, contractor's facility:

F.o.b. Origin, Contractor's Facility (Feb 2006)

~~(a)~~ The term "f.o.b. origin, contractor's facility," as used in this clause, means free of expense to the ~~Government delivered~~ [Governmentdelivered](#) on board the indicated type of conveyance of the carrier (or of the Government, if specified) at the designated facility, on the named street or highway, in the city, county, and State from which the shipment will be made.

~~(b)~~ The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment in conformance with carrier requirements to protect ~~the goodsand~~ [thegoods and](#) to ensure assessment of the lowest applicable transportation charge; (2)

Order specified carrier equipment when requested by the Government; or

If not specified, order appropriate carrier equipment not in excess of capacity to accommodate shipment;

Order specified carrier equipment when requested by the Government; or

If not specified, order appropriate carrier equipment not in excess of capacity to accommodate shipment;

Deliver the shipment in good order and condition to the carrier, and load, stow, trim, block, and/or ~~brace carload or truckload~~ shipment (when loaded by the Contractor) on or in the carrier's conveyance as required by carrier rules and regulations;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods-

Occurring before delivery to the carrier;

Resulting from improper packing and marking; or

Resulting from improper loading, stowing, trimming, blocking, and/or bracing of the shipment, if loaded [bracecarload or truckload](#) shipment (when loaded by the Contractor) on or in the carrier's conveyance as required by carrier rules and regulations;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods-

Occurring before delivery to the carrier;

Resulting from improper packing and marking; or

Resulting from improper loading, stowing, trimming, blocking, and/or bracing of the shipment, if loaded ~~by theContractor~~ [bythe Contractor](#) on or in the carrier's conveyance;

(5) Complete the Government bill of lading supplied by the ordering agency or, when a Government bill of lading is not supplied, prepare a commercial bill of lading or other transportation receipt. The bill of lading shall show-

A description of the shipment in terms of the governing freight classification or tariff (or Government ~~rate tender~~) ~~under which~~ (5) Complete the Government bill of lading supplied by the ordering agency or, when a Government bill of lading is not supplied, prepare a commercial bill of lading or other transportation receipt. The bill of lading shall show-

A description of the shipment in terms of the governing freight classification or tariff (or Government ~~rate~~tender) under which lowest freight rates are applicable;

The seals affixed to the conveyance with their serial numbers or other identification;

Lengths and capacities of cars or trucks ordered and furnished;

Other pertinent information required to effect prompt delivery to the consignee, including name, ~~delivery address,~~deliveryaddress, postal address and ZIP code of consignee, routing, etc.;

Special instructions or annotations requested by the ordering agency for bills of lading; e.g., "This shipment is the property of, and the freight charges paid to the carrier(s) will be reimbursed by, the Government"; and

The signature of the carrier's agent and the date the shipment is received by the carrier; and

(6) Distribute the copies of the bill of lading, or other transportation receipts, as directed by the ordering agency. (End of clause)

52.247-31 F.o.b. Origin, Freight Allowed.

As prescribed in ~~(47.303-3)~~(c), insert the following clause:

F.o.b. Origin, Freight Allowed (Feb 2006)

(a) The term "f.o.b. origin, freight allowed," as used in this clause, means-

(1) Free of expense to the Government delivered-

On board the indicated type of conveyance of the carrier (or of the Government, if specified) at a ~~designated point~~designatedpoint in ~~the~~citythe city, county, and State from which the shipments will be made and from which line-haul transportation service (as distinguished from switching, local drayage, or other terminal service) will begin;

To, and placed on, the carrier's wharf (at shipside within reach of the ship's loading tackle when the ~~shipping point is within~~shippingpoint is within a port area having water transportation service) or the carrier's freight station;

To a U.S. Postal Service facility; or

~~To a U.S. Postal Service facility; or~~

If stated in the solicitation, to any Government-designated point located within the same city or ~~commercial zone~~commercial zone as ~~the~~the f.o.b. origin point specified in the contract the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration prescribes commercial zones at Subpart B of 49 CFR part 372; and

(2) An allowance for freight, based on applicable published tariff rates (or Government rate tenders) between the points specified in the contract, is deducted from the contract price.

(b) The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment in conformance with carrier requirements to protect ~~the goods and~~the goods and to ensure assessment of the lowest applicable transportation charge; (2)

Order specified carrier equipment when requested by the Government; or

If not specified, order appropriate carrier equipment not in excess of capacity to accommodate shipment;

Order specified carrier equipment when requested by the Government; or

If not specified, order appropriate carrier equipment not in excess of capacity to accommodate shipment;

Deliver the shipment in good order and condition to the carrier, and load, stow, trim, block, and/or brace~~carload or truckload~~ shipment (when loaded by the Contractor) on or in the carrier's conveyance as required by carrier rules and regulations;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods-

Occurring before delivery to the carrier;

Resulting from improper packing and marking; or

Resulting from improper loading, stowing, trimming, blocking, and/or bracing of the shipment, if loaded ~~brace carload or truckload~~by the Contractor shipment (when loaded by the Contractor) on or in the carrier's conveyance as required by carrier rules and regulations;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods-

Occurring before delivery to the carrier;

Resulting from improper packing and marking; or

Resulting from improper loading, stowing, trimming, blocking, and/or bracing of the shipment, if loaded ~~by the Contractor~~ on or in the carrier's conveyance;

(5) Complete the Government bill of lading supplied by the ordering agency, or when a Government bill of lading is not supplied, prepare a commercial bill of lading or other transportation receipt. The bill of lading shall show-

A description of the shipment in terms of the governing freight classification or tariff (or Government The bill of lading shall show-

A description of the shipment in terms of the governing freight classification or tariff (or Government ~~rate tender)~~ under which rate tender) under which lowest freight rates are applicable;

The seals affixed to the conveyance with their serial numbers or other identification;

Lengths and capacities of cars or trucks ordered and furnished;

Other pertinent information required to effect prompt delivery to the consignee, including name, ~~delivery address,~~ delivery address, postal address and ZIP code of consignee, routing, etc.;

Special instructions or annotations requested by the ordering agency for commercial bills of lading; e.g., "This shipment is the property of, and the freight charges paid to the carrier(s) will be reimbursed by, the Government"; and

The signature of the carrier's agent and the date the shipment is received by the carrier; and

(6) Distribute the copies of the bill of lading, or other transportation receipts, as directed by the ordering agency.

(c) These Contractor responsibilities are specified for performance at the plant or plants at which the supplies are to be finally inspected and accepted, unless the facilities for shipment by carrier's equipment are not available at the Contractor's plant, in which case the responsibilities shall be performed f.o.b. the point or points in the same or nearest city where the specified carrier's facilities are available; subject, however, to the following qualifications:

If the Contractor's shipping plant is located in the State of Alaska or Hawaii, the Contractor shall deliver ~~the supplies listed~~ the supplies listed for shipment outside Alaska or Hawaii to the port of loading in Alaska or Hawaii, respectively, as specified in the contract, at Contractor's expense, and to that extent the contract shall be "f.o.b. destination."

Notwithstanding paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, if the Contractor's shipping plant is located in the State ~~of Hawaii, and the~~ of Hawaii, and the contract requires delivery to be made by container service, the Contractor shall deliver the supplies, at the Contractor's expense, to the container yard in the same or nearest city where seavan container service is available.

(End of clause)

52.247-32 F.o.b. Origin, Freight Prepaid.

As prescribed in ~~(47.303-4)~~ (47.303-4)(c), insert the following clause:

F.o.b. Origin, Freight Prepaid (Feb 2006)

(a) The term "f.o.b. origin, freight prepaid," as used in this clause, means-

(1) Free of expense to the Government delivered-

On board the indicated type of conveyance of the carrier (or of the Government, if specified) at a ~~designated point~~designated point in ~~the city~~the city, county, and State from which the shipments will be made and from which line-haul transportation service (as distinguished from switching, local drayage, or other terminal service) will begin;

To, and placed on, the carrier's wharf (at shipside, within reach of the ship's loading tackle, when ~~the shipping~~the shipping point ~~is within~~is within a port area having water transportation service) or the carrier's freight station; (iii) To a U.S. Postal Service facility; or

(iv) If stated in the solicitation, to any Government-designated point located within the same city or commercial zone as ~~the~~the f.o.b. origin point specified in the contract (the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration prescribes commercial zones at Subpart B of 49 CFR part 372); and

(2) The cost of transportation, ultimately the Government's obligation, is prepaid by the contractor to the point specified in the contract.

(b) The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment in conformance with carrier requirements to protect ~~the goods and~~the goods and to ensure assessment of the lowest applicable transportation charge; (2)

Order specified carrier equipment when requested by the Government; or

If not specified, order appropriate carrier equipment not in excess of capacity to accommodate shipment;

Order specified carrier equipment when requested by the Government; or

If not specified, order appropriate carrier equipment not in excess of capacity to accommodate shipment;

Deliver the shipment in good order and condition to the carrier, and load, stow, trim, block, and/or ~~brace~~brace ~~carload or truckload~~carload or truckload shipment (when loaded by the Contractor) on or in the carrier's conveyance as required by carrier rules and regulations;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods-

Occurring before delivery to the carrier;

Resulting from improper packing or marking; or

Resulting from improper loading, stowing, trimming, blocking, and/or bracing of the shipment, if loaded ~~by the Contractor~~by the Contractor on or in the carrier's conveyance;

(5) Prepare a bill of lading or other transportation receipt. The bill of lading shall show-

A description of the shipment in terms of the governing freight classification or tariff (or Government ~~rate~~tender) under which The bill of lading shall show-

A description of the shipment in terms of the governing freight classification or tariff (or Government ~~rate tender~~) ~~under which~~ lowest freight rates are applicable;

The seals affixed to the conveyance with their serial numbers or other identification;

Lengths and capacities of cars or trucks ordered and furnished;

Other pertinent information required to effect prompt delivery to the consignee, including name, ~~delivery address~~, ~~delivery~~ address, postal address and ZIP code of consignee, routing, etc.;

Special instructions or annotations requested by the ordering agency for bills of lading; e.g., "This shipment is the property of, and the freight charges paid to the carrier(s) will be reimbursed by, the Government"; and

The signature of the carrier's agent and the date the shipment is received by the carrier;

Distribute the copies of the bill of lading, or other transportation receipts, as directed by the ordering agency; ~~and~~

and

Prepay all freight charges to the extent specified in the contract.

(c) These Contractor responsibilities are specified for performance at the plant or plants at which these supplies are to be finally inspected and accepted, unless the facilities for shipment by carrier's equipment are not available at the Contractor's plant, in which case the responsibilities shall be performed f.o.b. the point or points in the same or nearest city where the specified carrier's facilities are available; subject, however, to the following qualifications:

If the Contractor's shipping plant is located in the State of Alaska or Hawaii, the Contractor shall deliver ~~the supplies listed~~ the supplies listed for shipment outside Alaska or Hawaii to the port of loading in Alaska or Hawaii, respectively, as specified in the contract, at Contractor's expense, and to that extent the contract shall be "f.o.b. destination."

Notwithstanding paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, if the Contractor's shipping plant is located in the State ~~of Hawaii, and the~~ of Hawaii, and the contract requires delivery to be made by container service, the Contractor shall deliver the supplies, at the Contractor's expense, to the container yard in the same or nearest city where seavan container service is available.

(End of clause)

52.247-33 F.o.b. Origin, with Differentials.

As prescribed in (47.303-5(c)), insert the following clause:

F.o.b. Origin, with Differentials (Feb 2006)

(a) The term "f.o.b. origin, with differentials," as used in this clause, means-

(1) Free of expense to the Government delivered-

On board the indicated type of conveyance of the carrier (or of the Government, if specified) at a ~~designated point~~designated point in ~~the city~~the city, county, and State from which the shipments will be made and from which line-haul transportation service (as distinguished from switching, local drayage, or other terminal service) will begin;

To, and placed on, the carrier's wharf (at shipside, within reach of the ship's loading tackle, when ~~the shipping~~the shipping point ~~is within~~is within a port area having water transportation service) or the carrier's freight station; (iii) To a U.S. Postal Service facility; or

(iv) If stated in the solicitation, to any Government-designated point located within the same city or commercial zone as ~~the~~the f.o.b. origin point specified in the contract (the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration prescribes commercial zones at Subpart B of 49 CFR part 372); and

(2) Differentials for mode of transportation, type of vehicle, or place of delivery as indicated in Contractor's offer may be added to the contract price.

(b) The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specification; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment in conformance with carrier requirements to protect ~~the goods and~~the goods and to ensure assessment of the lowest applicable transportation charge; (2)

Order specified carrier equipment when requested by the Government; or

If not specified, order appropriate carrier equipment not in excess of capacity to accommodate shipment;

~~Order specified carrier equipment when requested by the Government; or~~

~~If not specified, order appropriate carrier equipment not in excess of capacity to accommodate shipment;~~

Deliver the shipment in good order and condition to the carrier, and load, stow, trim, block, and/or ~~brace carload or truckload shipment (when loaded by the Contractor) on~~brace carload or truckload shipment (when loaded by the Contractor) on or in the carrier's conveyance as required by carrier rules and regulations;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods-

Occurring before delivery to the carrier;

Resulting from improper packing and marking; or

Resulting from improper loading, stowing, trimming, blocking, and/or bracing of the shipment, if loaded ~~in the carrier's conveyance as required by carrier rules and regulations;~~

~~Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods-~~

~~Occurring before delivery to the carrier;~~

~~Resulting from improper packing and marking; or~~

~~Resulting from improper loading, stowing, trimming, blocking, and/or bracing of the shipment, if loaded by the Contractor;~~ by the Contractor on or in the carrier's conveyance;

(5) Complete the Government bill of lading supplied by the ordering agency or, when a Government bill of lading is not supplied, prepare a commercial bill of lading or other transportation receipt. The bill of lading shall show-

~~A description of the shipment in terms of the governing freight classification or tariff (or Government (5) Complete the Government bill of lading supplied by the ordering agency or, when a Government bill of lading is not supplied, prepare a commercial bill of lading or other transportation receipt. The bill of lading shall show-~~

~~A description of the shipment in terms of the governing freight classification or tariff (or Government rate tender) under which~~ rate tender) under which lowest freight rates are applicable;

The seals affixed to the conveyance with their serial numbers or other identification;

Lengths and capacities of cars or trucks ordered and furnished;

Other pertinent information required to effect prompt delivery to the consignee, including name, ~~delivery address;~~ delivery address, postal address and ZIP code of consignee, routing, etc.;

Special instructions or annotations requested by the ordering agency for bills of lading; e.g., "This shipment is the property of, and the freight charges paid to the carrier will be reimbursed by, the Government"; and

The signature of the carrier's agent and the date the shipment is received by the carrier; and

(6) Distribute the copies of the bill of lading, or other transportation receipts, as directed by the ordering agency.

(c)

It may be advantageous to the offeror to submit f.o.b. origin prices that include only the lowest cost to ~~the Contractor for~~ the Contractor for loading of shipment at the Contractor's plant or most favorable shipping point. The cost beyond that plant or point of bringing the supplies to the place of delivery and the cost of loading, blocking, and bracing on the type vehicle specified by the Government at the time of shipment may exceed the offeror's lowest cost when the offeror ships for the offeror's account. Accordingly, the offeror may indicate differentials that may be added to the offered price. These differentials shall be expressed as a rate in cents for each 100 pounds (CWT) of the supplies for one or more of the options under this clause that the Government may specify at the time of shipment.

These differential(s) will be considered in the evaluation of offers to determine the lowest overall cost to the Government. If, at the time of shipment, the Government specifies a mode of transportation, type of vehicle, or place of delivery for which the offeror has set forth a differential, the Contractor shall include the total of such differential costs (the applicable differential multiplied by the actual weight) as a separate reimbursable item on the Contractor's invoice for the supplies.

The Government shall have the option of performing or arranging at its own expense any transportation ~~from~~



~~Contractor's~~fromContractor's shipping plant or point to carrier's facility at the time of shipment and, whenever this option is exercised, the Government shall make no reimbursement based on a quoted differential.

Offeror's differentials in cents for each 100 pounds for optional mode of transportation, types of vehicle, ~~transportation within~~transportation within a mode, or place of delivery, specified by the Government at the time of shipment and not included in the f.o.b. origin price indicated in the Schedule by the offeror, are as follows:

\_\_\_\_\_ (carload, truckload, less-load,  
\_\_\_\_\_ wharf, flatcar, driveaway, etc.)

(End of clause)

52.247-34 F.o.b. Destination.

As prescribed in ~~(47.303-6)~~(c), insert the following clause:

F.o.b. Destination (Jan 1991)

(a) The term "f.o.b. destination," as used in this clause, means-

Free of expense to the Government, on board the carrier's conveyance, at a specified delivery point where the consignee's facility (plant, warehouse, store, lot, or other location to which shipment can be made) is located; and

Supplies shall be delivered to the destination consignee's wharf (if destination is a port city and supplies ~~are~~ ~~for~~arefor export), warehouse unloading platform, or receiving dock, at the expense of the Contractor. The Government shall not be liable for any delivery, storage, demurrage, accessorial, or other charges involved before the actual delivery (or "constructive placement" as defined in carrier tariffs) of the supplies to the destination, unless such charges are caused by an act or order of the Government acting in its contractual capacity. If rail carrier is used, supplies shall be delivered to the specified unloading platform of the consignee. If motor carrier (including "piggyback") is used, supplies shall be delivered to truck tailgate at the unloading platform of the consignee, except when the supplies delivered meet the requirements of Item 568 of the National Motor Freight

Classification for "heavy or bulky freight." When supplies meeting the requirements of the referenced Item 568 are delivered, unloading (including movement to the tailgate) shall be performed by the consignee, with assistance from the truck driver, if requested. If the contractor uses rail carrier or freight forwarded for less than carload shipments, the contractor shall ensure that the carrier will furnish tailgate delivery, when required, if transfer to truck is required to complete delivery to consignee.

(b) The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment in conformance with carrier requirements;

Prepare and distribute commercial bills of lading;

Deliver the shipment in good order and condition to the point of delivery specified in the contract;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods occurring before receipt of the shipment by [the consignee at](#) the ~~consignee at~~ delivery point specified in the contract;

Furnish a delivery schedule and designate the mode of delivering carrier; and

Pay and bear all charges to the specified point of delivery.

(End of clause)

52.247-35 F.o.b. Destination, Within Consignee's Premises.

As prescribed in [\(47.303-7\)\(c\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when the delivery term is f.o.b. destination, within consignee's premises:

F.o.b. Destination, Within Consignee's Premises (Apr 1984)

The term "f.o.b. destination, within consignee's premises," as used in this clause, means free of expense ~~to the Government~~ [to the Government](#) delivered and laid down within the doors of the consignee's premises, including delivery to specific rooms within a building if so specified.

The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment in conformance with carrier requirements;

Prepare and distribute commercial bills of lading;

Deliver the shipment in good order and condition to the point of delivery specified in the contract;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods occurring before receipt of the shipment by [the consignee at](#) the ~~consignee at~~ delivery point specified in the contract;

Furnish a delivery schedule and designate the mode of delivering carrier; and

Pay and bear all charges to the specified point of delivery.

(End of clause)

52.247-36 F.a.s. Vessel, Port of Shipment.

As prescribed in [\(47.303-8\)\(c\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when the delivery term is f.a.s. vessel, port of shipment:

F.a.s. Vessel, Port of Shipment (Apr 1984)

(a) The term "f.a.s. vessel, port of shipment," as used in this clause, means free of expense to the Government delivered alongside the ocean vessel and within reach of its loading tackle at the specified port of shipment. (b) The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment for ocean transportation in conformance with ~~carrier requirements to~~carrier requirements to protect the goods and to ensure assessment of the lowest applicable transportation charge;

(2)

Deliver the shipment in good order and condition alongside the ocean vessel and within reach of its ~~loading tackle~~loading tackle, at ~~the point~~the point of delivery and on the date or within the period specified in the contract; and

Pay and bear all applicable charges, including transportation costs, wharfage, handling, and heavy ~~lift charges,~~lift charges, if necessary, up to this point;

Provide a clean dock or ship's receipt;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods occurring before delivery of the shipment to ~~the points specified~~the point specified in the contract; and

At the Government's request and expense, assist obtaining the documents required for-(i) Exportation; or

(ii) Importation at destination.

(End of clause)

52.247-37 F.o.b. Vessel, Port of Shipment.

As prescribed in ~~(47.303-9)~~(47.303-9)(c), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when the delivery term is f.o.b. vessel, port of shipment:

F.o.b. Vessel, Port of Shipment (Apr 1984)

(a) The term "f.o.b. vessel, port of shipment," as used in this clause, means free of expense to the Government loaded, stowed, and trimmed on board the ocean vessel at the specified port of shipment. (b) The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment for ocean transportation in conformance with ~~carrier requirements to~~carrier requirements to protect the goods and to ensure assessment of the lowest applicable transportation charge;

(2)

Deliver the shipment on board the ocean vessel in good order and condition on the date or within the ~~period~~  
~~fixed~~period~~fixed~~; and

Pay and bear all charges incurred in placing the shipment actually on board;

Provide a clean ship's receipt or on-board ocean bill of lading;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods occurring before delivery of the shipment on ~~board~~  
~~the ocean vessel~~board the ocean vessel; and

At the Government's request and expense, assist in obtaining the documents required for-(i) Exportation; or

(ii) Importation at destination.

(End of clause)

52.247-38 F.o.b. Inland Carrier, Point of Exportation.

As prescribed in ~~(47.303-10)~~(c), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when the delivery term is f.o.b. inland carrier, point of exportation:

F.o.b. Inland Carrier, Point of Exportation (Feb 2006)

~~(a)~~ The term "f.o.b. inland carrier, point of exportation," as used in this clause, means free of expense to ~~the~~  
~~Government~~the Government, on board the conveyance of the inland carrier, delivered to the specified point of exportation.

~~(b)~~ The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment for ocean transportation in conformance with ~~carrier~~  
~~requirements to~~carrier requirements to protect the goods and to ensure assessment of the lowest applicable transportation charge;

(2) Prepare and distribute commercial bills of lading or other transportation receipt; (3)

Deliver the shipment in good order and condition in or on the conveyance of the carrier on the date or ~~within~~  
~~the period specified~~within the period specified; and

Pay and bear all applicable charges, including transportation costs, to the point of delivery specified in ~~the~~  
~~contract~~the contract;

Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods occurring before delivery of the shipment to ~~the~~  
~~point of delivery~~the point of delivery in the contract; and

At the Government's request and expense, assist in obtaining the documents required for-(i) Exportation; or  
(ii) Importation at destination.

(End of clause)

52.247-39 F.o.b. Inland Point, Country of Importation.

As prescribed in [47.303-11\(c\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when the delivery term is f.o.b. inland point, country of importation:

F.o.b. Inland Point, Country of Importation (Apr 1984)

The term "f.o.b. inland point, country of importation," as used in this clause, means free of expense to ~~the Government,~~[the Government](#), on board the indicated type of conveyance of the carrier, delivered to the specified inland point where the consignee's facility is located.

The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment for ocean transportation in conformance with ~~carrier requirements~~[to carrier requirements to](#) protect the goods;

(2)

Deliver, in or on the inland carrier's conveyance, the shipment in good order and condition to the ~~specified inland point~~[where specified inland point where](#) the consignee's facility is located; and

Pay and bear all applicable charges incurred up to the point of delivery, including transportation costs; export, import, or other fees or taxes; costs of landing; wharfage costs; customs duties and costs of certificates of origin; consular invoices; and other documents that may be required for importation; and

(3) Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods until their arrival on or in the carrier's conveyance at the specified inland point.

(End of clause)

52.247-40 ~~Ex Dock, Pier, or Warehouse, Port of Importation.~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (c), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when the delivery term is ex dock, pier, or warehouse, port of importation:~~

~~Ex Dock, Pier, or Warehouse, Port of Importation (Apr 1984)~~

~~The term "ex dock, pier, or warehouse, port of importation," as used in this clause, means free of expense to the Government delivered on the designated dock or pier or in the warehouse at the specified port of importation.~~

~~The Contractor shall-~~

~~(1)~~

~~Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or~~

~~In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment for ocean transportation in conformance with carrier requirements to protect the goods;~~

~~(2)~~

~~Deliver shipment in good order and condition; and~~

~~Pay and bear all charges up to the point of delivery specified in the contract, including transportation costs; export, import, or other fees or taxes; costs of wharfage and landing, if any; customs duties; and costs of certificates of origin, consular invoices, or other documents that may be required for exportation or importation; and~~

~~(3) Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods occurring before delivery of the shipment to the point of delivery specified in the contract.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.247-41 C.& f. Destination. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (c), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when the delivery term is c.& f. destination:

C.&F. Destination (Apr 1984)

(a) The term "c.& f. destination," as used in this clause, means free of expense to the Government delivered on board the ocean vessel to the specified point of destination, with the cost of transportation paid by the Contractor. (b) The Contractor shall-

(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment for ocean transportation in conformance with carrier requirements;

(2)

Deliver the shipment in good order and condition; and

Pay and bear all applicable charges to the point of destination specified in the contract, including transportation costs and export taxes or other fees or charges levied because of exportation;

~~Obtain and dispatch promptly to the Government clean on-board ocean bills of lading to the specified point of destination;~~

~~Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods occurring before delivery; and~~

~~At the Government's request and expense, provide certificates of origin, consular invoices, or any other documents issued in the country of origin or of shipment, or both, that may be required for importation into the country of destination. (End of clause)~~

52.247-42 ~~C.i.f. Destination,~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (c), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when the delivery term is c.i.f. destination:~~

~~C.i.f. Destination (Apr 1984)~~

~~The term "c.i.f. destination," as used in this clause, means free of expense to the Government delivered on board the ocean vessel to the specified point of destination, with the cost of transportation and marine insurance paid by the Contractor.~~

~~The Contractor shall-~~

~~(1)~~

~~Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or~~

~~In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment for ocean transportation in conformance with carrier requirements;~~

~~(2)~~

~~Deliver the shipment in good order and condition; and~~

~~Pay and bear all applicable charges to the point of destination specified in the contract, including transportation costs and export taxes or other fees or charges levied because of exportation;~~

~~Obtain and dispatch promptly to the Government clean on-board ocean bills of lading to the specified point of destination;~~

~~Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods occurring before delivery;~~

~~At the Government's request and expense, provide certificates of origin, consular invoices, or any other documents issued in the country of origin or of shipment, or both, that may be required for importation into the country of destination; and~~

~~Obtain and dispatch to the Government an insurance policy or certificate providing the amount and extent of marine insurance coverage specified in the contract or agreed upon by the Government Contracting Officer.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.247-43 F.o.b. Designated Air Carrier's Terminal, Point of Exportation.~~

~~As prescribed in (c), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when the delivery term is f.o.b. designated air carrier's terminal, point of exportation:~~

~~F.o.b. Designated Air Carrier's Terminal, Point of Exportation (Feb 2006)~~

~~The term "f.o.b. designated air carrier's terminal, point of exportation," as used in this clause, means free of expense to the Government loaded aboard the aircraft, or delivered to the custody of the air carrier (if only the air carrier performs the loading), at the air carrier's terminal specified in the contract.~~

~~The Contractor shall-~~

~~(1)~~

~~Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or~~

~~In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment for air transportation in conformance with carrier requirements to protect the goods and to ensure assessment of the lowest applicable transportation charge;~~

~~(2)~~

~~Deliver the shipment in good order and condition into the conveyance of the carrier, or to the custody of the carrier (if only the carrier performs the loading), at the point of delivery and on the date or within the period specified in the contract; and~~

~~Pay and bear all applicable charges up to this point;~~

~~Provide a clean bill of lading and/or air waybill;~~

~~Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods occurring before delivery of the goods to the point specified in the contract; and~~

~~At the Government's request and expense, assist in obtaining the documents required for the purpose of exportation.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.247-44 F.o.b. Designated Air Carrier's Terminal, Point of Importation.~~

~~As prescribed in (c), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when the delivery term is f.o.b. designated air carrier's terminal, point of importation:~~

~~F.o.b. Designated Air Carrier's Terminal, Point of Importation (Apr 1984)~~

~~(a) The term "f.o.b. designated air carrier's terminal, point of importation," as used in this clause, means free of expense to the Government delivered to the air carrier's terminal at the point of importation specified in the contract. (b) The Contractor shall-~~



(1)

Pack and mark the shipment to comply with contract specifications; or

In the absence of specifications, prepare the shipment for air transportation in conformance with carrier requirements to protect the goods;

(2) Prepare and distribute bills of lading or air waybills;

(3)

Deliver the shipment in good order and condition to the point of delivery specified in the contract; and

Pay and bear all charges incurred up to the point of delivery specified in the contract, including transportation costs; export, import, or other fees or taxes; cost of landing, if any; customs duties; and costs of certificates of origin, consular invoices, or other documents that may be required for exportation or importation; and

(4) Be responsible for any loss of and/or damage to the goods until delivery of the goods to the Government at the designated air carrier's terminal.

(End of clause)

[52.247-43 \[Reserved\]](#)

[52.247-44 \[Reserved\]](#)

52.247-45 F.o.b. Origin and/or F.o.b. Destination Evaluation. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (b), insert the following provision in solicitations when offers are solicited on the basis of both f.o.b. origin and f.o.b. destination:

F.o.b. Origin and/or F.o.b. Destination Evaluation (Apr 1984)

Offers are invited on the basis of both f.o.b. origin and f.o.b. destination, and the Government will award on the basis the Contracting Officer determines to be most advantageous to the Government. An offer on the basis of f.o.b. origin only or f.o.b. destination only is acceptable, but will be evaluated only on the basis submitted.

(End of clause)

52.247-46 Shipping Point(s) Used in Evaluation of F.o.b. Origin Offers. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (b)(4)(ii), insert the following provision in f.o.b. origin solicitations when price evaluation for shipments from various shipping points is contemplated:

Shipping Point(s) Used in Evaluation of F.o.b. Origin Offers (Apr 1984)

If more than one shipping point or plant is designated by the offeror and the offeror fails to indicate the quantity per shipping point or plant before bid opening, the Government will evaluate the offer on the basis of delivery of the entire quantity from the point or plant where cost of transportation is most favorable to the Government.

If the offeror, before bid opening (or the closing date specified for receipt of offers) fails to indicate any shipping point or plant, the Government will evaluate the offer on the basis of delivery from the plant at which the contract will be performed, as indicated in the offer. If no plant is indicated in the offer, the offer will be evaluated on the basis of delivery from the Contractor's business address indicated in the offer.

If the offeror uses a shipping point other than that which has been used by the Government as a basis for the evaluation of offers, any increase of transportation costs shall be borne by the Contractor and any savings shall revert to the Government.

(End of clause)

#### 52.247-47 Evaluation F.o.b. Origin, [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (f)(2), insert the following provision. When it is appropriate to use methods other than land transportation in evaluating offers; e.g., air, pipeline, barge, or ocean tanker, modify the provision accordingly.

##### Evaluation F.o.b. Origin (June 2003)

The Government normally uses land methods of transportation by regulated common carrier for shipment within the contiguous United States.

To evaluate offers, the Government will consider only these methods to establish the cost of transportation between offeror's shipping point and destination (tentative or firm, whichever is applicable) in the contiguous United States.

This transportation cost will be added to the offer price to determine the Government's overall cost.

When tentative destinations are indicated, the Government will use them only for evaluation purposes. The Government has the right to use any other means of transportation or any other destination at the time of shipment.

(End of clause)

#### 52.247-48 F.o.b. Destination-Evidence of Shipment.

As prescribed in [\(47.305-4\)\(c\)](#), insert the following clause:

##### F.o.b. Destination-Evidence of Shipment (Feb 1999)

(a) If this contract is awarded on a free on board (f.o.b.) destination basis, the Contractor-

Shall not submit an invoice for payment until the supplies covered by the invoice have been shipped to ~~the destination;~~[the destination;](#) and

Shall retain, and make available to the Government for review as necessary, the following evidence ~~of shipment documentation~~ [of shipment documentation](#) for a period of 3 years after final payment under the contract:

If transportation is accomplished by common carrier, a signed copy of the commercial bill of lading for ~~the supplies covered~~ the supplies covered by the Contractor's invoice, indicating the carrier's intent to ship the supplies to the destination specified in the contract.

If transportation is accomplished by parcel post, a copy of the certificate of mailing.

If transportation is accomplished by other than common carrier or parcel post, a copy of the ~~delivery documents showing~~ delivery document showing receipt at the destination specified in the contract.

(b) The Contractor is not required to submit evidence of shipment documentation with its invoice.

(End of clause)

52.247-49 ~~Destination Unknown.~~ [Reserved]

~~As prescribed in (b)(2), insert the following provision in solicitations when destinations are tentative and only for the purpose of evaluating offers:~~

~~Destination Unknown (Apr 1984)~~

~~For the purpose of evaluating offers and for no other purpose, the final destination(s) for the supplies will be considered to be as follows: \_\_\_\_\_~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.247-50 ~~No Evaluation of Transportation Costs.~~ [Reserved]

~~As prescribed in (c)(1), insert the following provision in solicitations when exact destinations are not known and it is impractical to establish tentative or general delivery places for the purpose of evaluating transportation costs:~~

~~No Evaluation of Transportation Costs (Apr 1984)~~

~~Costs of transporting supplies to be delivered under this contract will not be an evaluation factor for award.~~  
~~(End of clause)~~

52.247-51 ~~Evaluation of Export Offers.~~ [Reserved]

~~As prescribed in (e), insert the following provision:~~

~~Evaluation of Export Offers (Jan 2001)~~

~~Port handling and ocean charges other than DoD water terminals. Port handling and ocean charges in tariffs on file with the Bureau of Domestic Regulation, Federal Maritime Commission, or other appropriate regulatory authorities as of the date of bid opening (or the closing date specified for receipt of offers) and which will be effective for the date of the expected initial shipment will be used in the evaluation of offers.~~

~~F.o.b. origin, transportation under Government bill of lading.~~

~~Offers shall be evaluated and awards made on the basis of the lowest laid down cost to the Government at the overseas port of discharge, via methods and ports compatible with required delivery dates and conditions affecting transportation known at the time of evaluation. Included in this evaluation, in addition to the f.o.b. origin price of the item, shall be the inland transportation costs from the point of origin in the United States to the port of loading, port handling charges at the port of loading, and ocean shipping costs from the United States port of loading (see paragraph (d) of this clause) to the overseas port of discharge. The Government may designate the mode of routing of shipment and may load from other than those ports specified for evaluation purposes.~~

~~Offers shall be evaluated on the basis of shipment through one of the ports set forth in paragraph (d) of this clause to the overseas port of discharge. Evaluation shall be made on the basis of shipment through the port that will result in the lowest cost to the Government.~~

~~Ports of loading shall be considered as destinations within the meaning of the term "f.o.b. destination" as that term is used in the F.o.b.-Origin clause of this contract.~~

~~(c) F.o.b.- port of loading with inspection and acceptance at origin.~~

~~Offers shall be evaluated on the basis of the lowest laid down cost to the Government at the overseas port of discharge via methods compatible with required delivery dates and conditions affecting transportation known at the time of evaluation. Included in this evaluation, in addition to the price to the United States port of loading (see paragraph (c)(2) of this clause), shall be the port handling charges at the port of loading and the ocean shipping cost from the port of loading (see paragraph (d) of this clause) to the overseas port of discharge.~~

~~Unless offers are applicable only to f.o.b. origin delivery under Government bills of lading (see paragraph (b) of this provision), offerors shall designate below at least one of the ports of loading listed in paragraph (d) of this clause as their place of delivery. Failure to designate at least one of the ports as the point to which delivery will be made by the Contractor may render the offer nonresponsive.~~

~~Place of Delivery: \_\_\_\_\_ [Offerors insert at least one of the ports listed in paragraph (d) of this clause.]~~

~~Ports of loading for evaluation of offers. Terminals to be used by the Government in evaluating offers are as follows: (For the information of the offerors, ocean and port handling charges are set forth if the terminal named is a DoD water terminal.)~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_ Combined Ocean and Port Handling Unit of Measure: i.e., Metric Ton,~~

| <del>Ports/Terminals of Loading</del> | <del>Charges to (Indicate Country)</del> | <del>Measurement Ton, Cubic Foot, Etc.</del> |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <del>_____</del>                      | <del>_____</del>                         | <del>_____</del>                             |
| <del>_____</del>                      | <del>_____</del>                         | <del>_____</del>                             |

~~Ports of loading nominated by offeror. The ports of loading named in paragraph (d) of this clause are considered by the Government to be appropriate for this solicitation due to their compatibility with methods and facilities required to handle the cargo and types of vessels and to meet the required overseas delivery dates. Notwithstanding the foregoing, offerors may nominate additional ports of loading that the offeror considers to be more favorable to the Government. The~~

~~Government may disregard such nominated ports if, after considering the quantity and nature of the supplies concerned, the requisite cargo handling capability, the available sailings on U.S. flag vessels, and other pertinent transportation factors, it determines that use of the nominated ports is not compatible with the required overseas delivery date. United States Great Lakes ports of loading may be considered in the evaluation of offers only for those items scheduled in this provision for delivery during the ice-free or navigable period as proclaimed by the authorities of the St. Lawrence Seaway (normal period is between April 15 and November 30 annually). All ports named, including those nominated by offerors and determined to be eligible as provided in this provision, shall be considered in evaluating all offers received in order to establish the lowest laid down cost to the Government at the overseas port of discharge. All determinations shall be based on availability of ocean services by U.S. flag vessels only. Additional U.S. port(s) of loading nominated by offeror, if any:~~

~~Price basis. Offeror shall indicate whether prices are based on-~~

~~☐ Paragraph (b), f.o.b. origin, transportation by GBL to port listed in paragraph (d);~~

~~☐ Paragraph (c), f.o.b. destination (i.e., a port listed in paragraph (d));~~

~~☐ Paragraph (e), f.o.b. origin, transportation by GBL to port nominated in paragraph (e); and/or ☐ Paragraph (e), f.o.b. destination (i.e., a port nominated in paragraph (e)).~~

~~(End of provision)~~

~~Alternate I (Feb 2006). When the CONUS ports of export are DoD water terminals, delete paragraph (a) from the basic provision and substitute for it the following paragraph (a):~~

~~(a) Port handling and ocean charges-DoD water terminals. The port handling and ocean charges are set forth in paragraph (d) of this provision for the information of offerors and are current as of the time of issuance of the solicitation. For evaluation of offers, the Government will use the port handling and ocean charges made available by the Directorate of International Traffic, Military Surface Deployment and Distribution Command (SDDC) rate information letters, on file as of the date of bid opening (or the closing date specified for receipt of offers) and which will be effective for the date of the expected initial shipment.~~

~~Alternate II (Apr 1984). When offers are solicited on an f.o.b. origin only basis, delete paragraphs (c) and (f) from the basic provision, but do not redesignate the ensuing paragraphs. Add the following basic paragraph (g) to the provision:~~

~~(g) Paragraphs (c) and (f) have been deleted but ensuing paragraphs have not been redesignated.~~

Alternate III (Apr 1984). When offers are solicited on an f.o.b. destination only basis, delete paragraph (b) from the basic provision but do not redesignate the ensuing paragraphs. Delete paragraph (c)(2) and paragraph (f) from the provision and substitute the following paragraph (c)(2) and paragraph (f). Add paragraph (g) below.

~~(c)(2) Offerors shall designate below at least one of the ports of loading listed in paragraph (d) below as their place of delivery. Failure to designate at least one of the ports as the point to which delivery will be made by the Contractor may render the offer nonresponsive.~~

Place of Delivery: \_\_\_\_\_ [Offerors insert at least one of the ports listed in paragraph (d) below.]

~~Price basis. Offerors shall indicate whether prices are based on ☐ Paragraph (c), f.o.b. destination (i.e., a port listed in paragraph (d)); or~~

~~☐ Paragraph (e), f.o.b. destination (i.e., a port nominated in paragraph (e)).~~

~~Paragraph (b) has been deleted, but ensuing paragraphs have not been redesignated.~~

52.247-52 Clearance and Documentation Requirements-Shipments to DoD Air or Water Terminal Transshipment Points.

As prescribed in ~~(47.305-6)~~(f)(2), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when shipments will be consigned to DOD air or water terminal transshipment points:

Clearance and Documentation Requirements-Shipments to DoD Air or Water Terminal Transshipment Points  
~~(Feb 2006)~~

(DEVIATION DATE)

All shipments to water or air ports for transshipment to overseas destinations are subject to the following requirements unless clearance and documentation requirements have been expressly delegated to the Contractor:

(a) At least 10 days before shipping cargo to a water port, the Contractor shall obtain an Export Release from the Government transportation office for ~~—~~

Each shipment weighing 10,000 pounds or more; and

Each shipment weighing less than 10,000 pounds; if the cargo either ~~—~~

Is classified TOP SECRET, SECRET, OR CONFIDENTIAL;

Will require exclusive use of a motor vehicle;

Will occupy full visible capacity of a railway car or motor vehicle;

Is less than a carload or truckload, but will be tendered as a carload or truckload; or

Is to be shipped to an ammunition outloading port for water shipment; or

(3) Each shipment weighing less than 10,000 pounds if the cargo consists of      (i) Narcotics;

Perishable biological material;

Vehicles to be offered for driveaway service;

Explosives, ammunition, poisons or other dangerous articles classified as class 1, division ~~1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4~~; class 2, division 2.3; and class 6, division 6.1; or

Radioactive material, as defined in 49 CFR 173.403, class 7.

The Contractor is cautioned not to order railway cars or motor vehicles for loading until an Export ~~Release has been received~~ Release has been received.

If the Contracting Officer directs delivery within a shorter period than 10 days, the Contractor shall ~~advise the transportation~~ advise the transportation office of the date on which the cargo will be ready for shipment.

At least 5 days before shipping cargo to either a water port or an ~~airport~~ air port (regardless of the weight, security classification, or the commodity description), the Contractor shall provide the Government transportation office the information shown in paragraph (e) ~~of this clause below~~ to permit preparation of a Transportation Control and Movement Document (TCMD).

When applying for the Export Release in paragraph (a) ~~of this clause above~~ or when providing information for ~~preparation of the~~ preparation of the TCMD in accordance with paragraph (d) ~~of this clause above~~, the Contractor shall furnish the     

Proposed date or dates of shipment;

Number and type of containers;

Gross weight and cube of the shipment;

Number of cars or trucks that will be involved;

Transportation Control Number(s) (TCN) as required for marking under MIL-STD-129 or Federal Standard ~~123; and~~ 123; and

Proper shipping name as specified in ~~46~~ 49 CFR ~~146.05~~ 172.101 for all items classified as dangerous substances ~~as required~~ as required for marking under MIL-STD-129.

(f) All movement documents (Government or commercial bills of lading or other delivery documents) shall be annotated by the Contractor with the     

Transportation Control Number, Consignor Code of activity directing the shipment; i.e., cognizant ~~contract administration~~ contract administration office, purchasing office when contract administration has been retained, or a Contractor specifically delegated transportation responsibilities under DoD 4500.9-R, Defense Transportation Regulation, responsibilities in the contract, whichever is appropriate, Consignee Code, and Transportation Priority for each shipment unit;

Export Release Number and valid shipping period, if stated (if expired, the Contractor shall request a ~~renewal~~[renewal](#)); and

Cubic foot measurement of each shipment unit.

All annotations on the movement documents shall be made in the "Description of Articles" space except, ~~on Government bills of lading the Export Release number and shipping period shall be entered in the space entitled Route Order/Release No.~~

~~Government bills of lading the Export Release number and shipping period shall be entered in the space entitled "Route Order/Release No."~~

The Contractor shall-

[\(1\)](#) mail a copy of the bill of lading or other movement document to the ~~transshipment point~~[transshipment point](#) and [\(2\)](#) give a copy of the bill of lading or other movement document to the carrier for presentation to the transshipment ~~point~~[point with](#) delivery of the shipment.

~~(End of clause)~~

52.247-53 Freight Classification Description.

As prescribed in [\(47.305-9\(b\)\(1\)\)](#), insert the following provision in solicitations when the supplies being acquired are new to the supply system, nonstandard, or modifications of previously shipped items, and different freight classifications may apply:

Freight Classification Description (Apr 1984)

Offerors are requested to indicate below the full Uniform Freight Classification (rail) description, or the National Motor Freight Classification description applicable to the supplies, the same as offeror uses for commercial shipment. This description should include the packing of the commodity (box, crate, bundle, loose, setup, knocked down, compressed, unwrapped, etc.), the container material (fiberboard, wooden, etc.), unusual shipping dimensions, and other conditions affecting traffic descriptions. The Government will use these descriptions as well as other information available to determine the classification description most appropriate and advantageous to the Government. Offeror understands that shipments on any f.o.b. origin contract awarded, as a result of this solicitation, will be made in conformity with the shipping classification description specified by the Government, which may be different from the classification description furnished below.

For Freight Classification Purposes, Offeror Describes This Commodity as \_\_\_\_\_.

(End of clause)

52.247-54 [Reserved]

52.247-55 ~~F.o.b. Point for Delivery of Government Furnished Property~~[\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (a)(2), insert the following clause:~~

~~F.o.b. Point for Delivery of Government Furnished Property (June 2003)~~



~~Unless otherwise specified in this solicitation, the Government will deliver any Government furnished property for use within the contiguous United States or Canada to a point specified by the Contractor in the offer. If the Government makes delivery by railroad, the f.o.b. point will be private siding, Contractor's plant. If the Contractor's plant is not served by rail, the f.o.b. point will be railroad cars in the same or nearest city having rail service. The Government may choose the mode of transportation and the carriers and will bear the cost of all line-haul transportation to the specified destination.~~

~~If the destination of the Government furnished property is a Contractor's plant located outside the contiguous United States or Canada, the f.o.b. point for Government delivery of Government furnished property will be a Contractor specified location in the contiguous United States. If the Contractor fails to name a point, the Government will select as the f.o.b. point the port city in the contiguous United States nearest to the Government furnished property that has regular commercial water transportation services to the offshore port nearest the Contractor's plant.~~

~~Unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer or provided in the contract, the Contractor shall return all~~

~~Government furnished equipment, supplies, and property, including all property not returned in the form of acceptable end items, to the point at which the Government property was originally furnished to the Contractor under the contract. Notwithstanding the fact that the Government may have furnished the property at the Contractor's plant, the Contracting Officer may direct the Contractor to deliver the Government property being returned to, and load, block, and brace it in, railway cars in the city in which the Contractor's plant is located, or, if the Contractor's city is not served by rail service, in the nearest city having rail service. Unless otherwise specified in the contract, all property shall be packed in containers conforming with the rules of common carrier published tariffs so as to be free of penalty charges by the carrier designated for shipment by the Government.~~

(End of clause)

#### 52.247-56 Transit Arrangements.

As prescribed in [47.305-13](#) (a)(3)(ii), insert the following provision in solicitations when benefits may accrue to the Government because transit arrangements may apply:

##### Transit Arrangements (Apr 1984)

The lowest appropriate common carrier transportation costs, including offeror's through transit rates and charges when applicable, from offeror's shipping points, via the transit point, to the ultimate destination will be used in evaluating offers.

| Transit Point(s) | Destination(s) |
|------------------|----------------|
|------------------|----------------|

|       |       |
|-------|-------|
| _____ | _____ |
| _____ | _____ |

(End of clause)

\_\_\_\_\_

---

(End of clause)

52.247-57 ~~Transportation Transit Privilege Credits.~~ [\[Reserved\]](#)

~~As prescribed in (b)(4), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when supplies are of such a nature, or when it is the custom of the trade, that offerors may have potential transit credits available and the Government may reduce transportation costs through the use of transit credits:~~

~~Transportation Transit Privilege Credits (Apr 1984)~~

~~If the offeror has established with regulated common carriers transit privileges that can be applied to the supplies when shipped from the original source, the offeror is invited to propose to use these credits for shipping the supplies to the designated Government destinations. The offeror will ship these supplies under commercial bills of lading, paying all remaining transportation charges connected with the shipment, subject to reimbursement by the Government in an amount equal to the remaining charges but not exceeding the amount quoted by the offeror.~~

~~After loading on the carrier's equipment and acceptance by the carrier, these shipments under paid commercial bills of lading will move for the account of and at the risk of the Government (unless, pursuant to the Changes clause, the office administering the contract directs use of Government bills of lading).~~

~~The amount quoted below by the offeror represents the transportation costs in cents per 100 pounds (freight rate) for full carload/truckload shipments of the supplies from offeror's original source, via offeror's transit plant or point, to the Government destination(s) including the carrier's transit privilege charge, less the applicable transit credit (i.e., the amount (rate) initially paid to the carrier for shipment from original source to offeror's transit plant or point).~~

~~The rate per CWT quoted will be used by the Government to evaluate the offered f.o.b. origin price unless a lower rate is applicable on the date of bid opening (or closing date specified for receipt of offers). To have the offer evaluated on this basis, the offeror must insert below the remaining transportation charges that the offeror agrees to pay, including any transit charges, subject to reimbursement by the Government, as explained in this clause, to destinations listed in the Schedule as follows:~~

~~Rate Per CWT in Cents: \_\_\_\_\_ To Destination: \_\_\_\_\_ (End of clause)~~

52.247-58 Loading, Blocking, and Bracing of Freight Car Shipments.

As prescribed in [\(47.305-15\(a\)\(2\)\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when supplies may be shipped in carload lots by rail:

Loading, Blocking, and Bracing of Freight Car Shipments (Apr 1984)

Upon receipt of shipping instructions, as provided in this contract, the supplies to be included in any ~~carload shipment~~[by carload shipment](#) by rail shall be loaded, blocked, and braced by the Contractor in accordance with the standards published by the Association of American Railroads and effective at the time of shipment.

Shipments, for which the Association of American Railroads has published no such standards, shall ~~be loaded~~be loaded, blocked, and braced in accordance with standards established by the shipper as evidenced by written acceptance of an authorized representative of the carrier.

The Contractor shall be liable for payment of any damage to any supplies caused by the failure to load, block, and ~~brace in~~brace in accordance with acceptable standards set forth herein.

A copy of the appropriate pamphlet of the Association of American Railroads may be obtained from ~~that Association~~that Association.

(End of clause)

52.247-59 ~~F.o.b. Origin Carload and Truckload Shipments.~~[Reserved]

~~As prescribed in (a), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when it is contemplated that they may result in f.o.b. origin contracts with shipments in carloads or truckloads. This will facilitate realistic freight cost evaluations of offers and ensure that contractors produce economical shipments of agreed size.~~

~~F.o.b. Origin Carload and Truckload Shipments (Apr 1984)~~

~~The Contractor agrees that shipment shall be made in carload or truckload lots when the quantity to be delivered to any destination in any delivery period pursuant to the contract schedule of deliveries is sufficient to constitute a carload or truckload shipment, except as may otherwise be permitted or directed, in writing, by the Contracting Officer.~~

~~For evaluation purposes, the agreed weight of a carload or truckload shall be the highest applicable minimum weight that will result in the lowest freight rate (or per car charge) on file or published in common carrier tariffs or tenders as of the date of bid opening (or the closing date specified for receipt of proposals).~~

~~For purposes of actual delivery, the agreed weight of a carload or truckload will be the highest applicable minimum weight that will result in the lowest possible freight rate (or per car charge) on file or published as of date of shipment.~~

~~If the total weight of any scheduled quantity to a destination is less than the highest carload/truckload minimum weight used for evaluation of offers, the Contractor agrees to ship such scheduled quantity in one shipment.~~

~~The Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any increased costs to the Government resulting from failure to comply with the above requirements.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.247-60 ~~Guaranteed Shipping Characteristics.~~[Reserved]

~~As prescribed in (b)(1), insert the following clause:~~

~~Guaranteed Shipping Characteristics (Aug 2025)~~

(a) The offeror is requested to complete paragraph (a)(1) of this clause, for each part or component which is packed or packaged separately. This information will be used to determine transportation costs for evaluation purposes. If the offeror does not furnish sufficient data in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause, to permit determination by the Government of the item shipping costs, evaluation will be based on the shipping characteristics submitted by the offeror whose offer produces the highest transportation costs or in the absence thereof, by the Contracting Officer's best estimate of the actual transportation costs. If the item shipping costs, based on the actual shipping characteristics, exceed the item shipping costs used for evaluation purposes, the Contractor agrees that the contract price shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference between the transportation costs actually incurred, and the costs which would have been incurred if the evaluated shipping characteristics had been accurate.

(1) To be completed by the offeror:

Type of container: Wood Box ☐, Fiber Box ☐, Barrel ☐, Reel ☐, Drum ☐, Other (Specify) \_\_\_\_\_;

Shipping configuration: Knocked down ☐, Set up ☐, Nested ☐, Other (specify) \_\_\_\_\_;

Size of container: \_\_\_\_\_" (Length), x \_\_\_\_\_" (Width), x \_\_\_\_\_" (Height) = \_\_\_\_\_ Cubic Ft;

Number of items per container \_\_\_\_\_ each;

Gross weight of container and contents \_\_\_\_\_ Lbs;

Palletized/skidded ☐ Yes, ☐ No;

Number of containers per pallet/skid \_\_\_\_\_;

Weight of empty pallet bottom/skid and sides \_\_\_\_\_ Lbs;

Size of pallet/skid and contents \_\_\_\_\_ Lbs Cube \_\_\_\_\_;

Number of containers or pallets/skids per railcar \_\_\_\_\_\*

Size of railcar \_\_\_\_\_

Type of railcar \_\_\_\_\_

(xi) Number of containers or pallets/skids per trailer \_\_\_\_\_\*

Size of trailer \_\_\_\_\_ Ft

Type of trailer \_\_\_\_\_

\* Number of complete units (line item) to be shipped in carrier's equipment.

(2) To be completed by the Government after evaluation but before contract award:

Rate used in evaluation \_\_\_\_\_;

Tender/Tariff \_\_\_\_\_;

Item \_\_\_\_\_.

(b) The guaranteed shipping characteristics requested in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause do not establish actual transportation requirements, which are specified elsewhere in this solicitation. The guaranteed shipping characteristics will be used only for the purpose of evaluating offers and establishing any liability of the successful offeror for increased transportation costs resulting from actual shipping characteristics which differ from those used for evaluation in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause.

(End of clause)

52.247-61 F.o.b. Origin Minimum Size of Shipments. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (c), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when volume rates may apply:

F.o.b. Origin Minimum Size of Shipments (Apr 1984)

The Contractor agrees that shipment will be made in carload and truckload lots when the quantity to be delivered to any one destination in any delivery period pursuant to the contract schedule of deliveries is sufficient to constitute a carload or truckload shipment, except as may otherwise be permitted or directed in writing by the Contracting Officer. The agreed weight of a carload or truckload will be the highest applicable minimum weight which will result in the lowest freight rate (or per car charge) on file or published in common carrier tariffs or tenders as of date of shipment. In the event the total weight of any scheduled quantity to a destination is less than the highest carload/truckload minimum weight, the Contractor agrees to ship such scheduled quantity in one shipment. The Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any increased costs to the Government resulting from failure to comply with the above requirements. This liability shall not attach if supplies are outsized or of such nature that they cannot be loaded at the highest minimum weight bracket.

(End of clause)

52.247-62 Specific Quantities Unknown. [\[Reserved\]](#)

As prescribed in (d)(2), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when total requirements and destinations to which shipments will be made are known, but the specific quantity to be shipped to each destination cannot be predetermined. This clause protects the interests of both the Government and the contractor during the course of the performance of the contract., insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts when total requirements and destinations to which shipments will be made are known, but the specific quantity to be shipped to each destination cannot be predetermined. This clause protects the interests of both the Government and the contractor during the course of the performance of the contract.

Specific Quantities Unknown (Apr 1984)

For the purpose of evaluating "f.o.b. destination" offers, the Government estimates that the quantity specified will be shipped to the destinations indicated:

\_\_\_\_\_ Estimated Quantity \_\_\_\_\_ Destination(s)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

~~If the quantity shipped to each destination varies from the quantity estimated, and if the variation results in a change in the transportation costs, appropriate adjustment shall be made.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.247-63 Preference for U.S.-Flag Air Carriers.

As prescribed in [47.405\(a\)](#) , insert the following clause:

Preference for U.S.-Flag Air Carriers (Jan 2025)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

"International air transportation" means transportation by air between a place in the United States and a place outside the United States or between two places both of which are outside the United States.

United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

U.S.-flag air carrier means an entity granted authority to provide air transportation in the form of a certificate of public convenience and necessity under [49 U.S.C. 41102](#).

U.S. Government-financed international air transportation. [49 U.S.C. 40118](#), Government-financed air transportation (commonly referred to as the Fly America Act), requires that all Federal agencies and Government contractors and subcontractors use U.S.-flag air carriers for U.S. Government-financed international air transportation of personnel (and their personal effects) or property, to the extent that service by those carriers is available. It requires the General Services Administration to issue regulations that, in the absence of satisfactory proof of the necessity for foreign-flag air transportation, disallow expenditures from funds, appropriated or otherwise established for the account of the United States, for international air transportation secured aboard a foreign-flag air carrier if a U.S.-flag air carrier is available to provide such services.

Use of U.S.-flag carriers for international air transportation. If available, the Contractor, in performing work under this contract, shall use U.S.-flag carriers for international air transportation of personnel (and their personal effects) or property.

Statement of unavailability of U.S.-flag air carriers. Use of U.S.-flag carriers for international air transportation. In the event that the Contractor selects a carrier other than a U.S.-flag air carrier for international air transportation, the Contractor shall include a statement on vouchers involving such transportation essentially as follows:

Statement of Unavailability of U.S.-Flag Air Carriers

International air transportation of persons (and their personal effects) or property by U.S.-flag air carrier was not available or it was necessary to use foreign-flag air carrier service for the following reasons (see section 47.403 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation): [State reasons]:

~~or it was necessary to use foreign flag air carrier service for the following reasons (see section of the Federal Acquisition Regulation): [State reasons]:~~

(End of statement)

Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in each subcontract or purchase under this contract that may involve international air transportation.

(End of clause)

52.247-64 Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels.

As prescribed in [47.507\(a\)](#), insert the following clause:

Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Nov 2021)

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (e) of this clause, the Cargo Preference Act ~~of 1954~~ [of 1954](#) (46 U.S.C. ~~App. 1241(b)~~ [55305](#)) requires that Federal departments and agencies shall transport in privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage of equipment, materials, or commodities that may be transported in ocean vessels (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers). Such transportation shall be accomplished when any equipment, materials, or commodities, located within or outside the United States, that may be transported by ocean vessel are-

— (1) Acquired for a U.S. Government agency account;

Furnished to, or for the account of, any foreign nation without provision for reimbursement;

Furnished for the account of a foreign nation in connection with which the United States advances funds ~~on credits, or credits, or guarantees~~ [guarantees](#) the convertibility of foreign currencies; or

Acquired with advance of funds, loans, or guaranties made by or on behalf of the United States.

~~(b)~~ The Contractor shall use privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the ~~gross tonnage~~ [gross tonnage](#) involved under this contract (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) whenever shipping any equipment, materials, or commodities under the conditions set forth in paragraph (a) ~~of this clause above~~, to the extent that such vessels are available at rates that are fair and reasonable for privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels.

(c)

(1) The Contractor shall submit one legible copy of a rated on-board ocean bill of lading for each shipment to both ~~(i) The Contracting Officer, and (ii) The~~

[the Contracting Officer and](#)

[the](#) Office of Cargo Preference, Maritime Administration (MAR-590), [400 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, DC 20590](#). Subcontractor bills of lading shall be submitted through the Prime Contractor.

(2) The Contractor shall furnish these bill of lading copies

~~(i)~~ within 20 working days of the date of loading for ~~shipments originating~~ [shipments originating](#) in the United States, or

~~(iii)~~ within 30 working days for shipments originating outside the United States. Each bill of lading copy ~~shall contain~~ shall contain the following information:

Sponsoring U.S. Government agency.

Name of vessel.

Vessel flag of registry.

Date of loading.

Port of loading.

Port of final discharge.

Description of commodity.

Gross weight in pounds and cubic feet if available.

Total ocean freight revenue in U.S. dollars.

The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts ~~or purchase orders~~ or purchase orders under this contract, except those described in paragraph (e)(4).

The requirement in paragraph (a) does not apply to ~~—~~

Cargoes carried in vessels as required or authorized by law or treaty;

Ocean transportation between foreign countries of supplies purchased with foreign currencies ~~made available, or derived~~ made available, or derived from funds that are made available, under the Foreign Assistance Act ~~of 1961~~ of 1961 (22 U.S.C.

2353);

Shipments of classified supplies when the classification prohibits the use of non-Government vessels; and

Subcontracts or purchase orders for the acquisition of commercial products or commercial services unless—

~~(i)~~ This contract is ~~—~~

A contract or agreement for ocean transportation services; or

A construction contract; or

(ii) The supplies being transported are ~~—~~

~~(A)~~ Items the Contractor is reselling or distributing to the Government without adding value. (Generally, ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor does not add value to the items when it subcontracts items for f.o.b. destination shipment); or

~~(B)~~ Shipped in direct support of U.S. military ~~—~~



Contingency operations;

Exercises; or

Forces deployed in connection with United Nations or North Atlantic Treaty Organization humanitarian or peacekeeping operations.

(f) Guidance regarding fair and reasonable rates for privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels may be obtained from the: [Office of Costs and Rates, Maritime Administration, 400 Seventh Street, SW, Washington, DC 20590, Phone: 202-366-4610.](#)

~~Office of Costs and Rates Maritime Administration 400 Seventh Street, SW Washington DC 20590 Phone: (202) 366-4610.~~

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 2003). As prescribed in [47.507](#) (a)(2), substitute the following paragraphs (a) and (b) for paragraphs (a) and (b) of the basic clause:

Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (e) of this clause, the Contractor shall use privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels, and no others, in the ocean transportation of any supplies to be furnished under this contract.

If such vessels are not available for timely shipment at rates that are fair and reasonable for privately ~~owned~~ ~~owned~~ U.S.-flag commercial flag commercial vessels, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer and request (1) authorization to ship in foreign-flag vessels or (2) designation of available U.S.-flag vessels. If the Contractor is authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer to ship the supplies in foreign-flag vessels, the contract price shall be equitably adjusted to reflect the difference in costs of shipping the supplies in privately owned U.S.-flag commercial vessels and in foreign-flag vessels.

Alternate II (Nov 2021) . As prescribed in [47.507](#) (a)(3), substitute the following paragraph (e) for paragraph (e) of the basic clause:

(e) The requirement in paragraph (a) does not apply to-

Cargoes carried in vessels as required or authorized by law or treaty;

Ocean transportation between foreign countries of supplies purchased with foreign currencies ~~made available,~~ ~~or derived~~ [made available, or derived](#) from funds that are made available, under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 ([22 U.S.C.](#)

[2353](#)); and

Shipments of classified supplies when the classification prohibits the use of non-Government vessels.

Subcontracts or purchase orders under this contract for the acquisition of commercial products or ~~commercial services unless~~ [commercial services unless](#) the supplies being transported are-

~~(i)~~ Items the Contractor is reselling or distributing to the Government without adding value. (Generally, the

Contractor does not add value to the items when it subcontracts items for f.o.b. destination shipment); or

~~(iii) Shipments in direct support of U.S. military-~~

Contingency operations;

Exercises; or

Forces deployed in connection with United Nations or North Atlantic Treaty Organization humanitarian or peacekeeping operations. (Note: This contract requires shipment of commercial products in direct support of U.S. military contingency operations, exercises, or forces deployed in connection with United Nations or North Atlantic Treaty Organization humanitarian or peacekeeping operations.)

52.247-65 ~~F.o.b. Origin, Prepaid Freight Small Package Shipments~~ [Reserved](#).

~~As prescribed in (f), insert the following clause:~~

~~F.o.b. Origin, Prepaid Freight Small Package Shipments (Jan 1991)~~

~~When authorized by the Contracting Officer, f.o.b. origin freight shipments which do not have a security classification shall move on prepaid commercial bills of lading or other shipping documents to domestic destinations, including air and water terminals. Weight of individual shipments shall be governed by carrier restrictions but shall not exceed 150 pounds by any form of commercial air or 1,000 pounds by other commercial carriers. The Government will reimburse the Contractor for reasonable freight charges.~~

~~The Contractor shall annotate the commercial bill of lading as required by the clause of this contract entitled "Commercial Bill of Lading Notations."~~

~~The Contractor shall consolidate prepaid shipments in accordance with procedures established by the cognizant transportation office. The Contractor is authorized to combine Government prepaid shipments with the Contractor's commercial shipments for delivery to one or more consignees and the Government will reimburse its pro rata share of the total freight costs. The Contractor shall provide a copy of the commercial bill of lading promptly to each consignee. Quantities shall not be divided into mailable lots for the purpose of avoiding movement by other modes of transportation.~~

~~Transportation charges will be billed as a separate item on the invoice for each shipment made. A copy of the pertinent bill of lading, shipment receipt, or freight bill shall accompany the invoice unless otherwise specified in the contract.~~

~~Loss and damage claims will be processed by the Government.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

52.247-66 ~~Returnable Cylinders~~ [Reserved](#)

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Returnable Cylinders (May 1994)~~

Cylinder, referred to in this clause, is a pressure vessel designed for pressures higher than 40 psia and having a circular cross section excluding a portable tank, multi-tank car tank, cargo tank or tank car.

Returnable cylinders shall remain the Contractor's property but shall be loaned without charge to the Government for a period of \_\_\_\_\_ days [Contracting Officer shall insert number of days] (hereafter referred to as loan period) following the day of delivery to the f.o.b. point specified in the contract. Any cylinder not returned within the loan period shall be charged a daily rental beginning with the first day after the loan period expires, to and including the day the cylinders are delivered to the Contractor (if the original delivery was f.o.b. origin) or are delivered or made available for delivery to the Contractor's designated carrier (if the original delivery was f.o.b. destination). The Government shall pay the Contractor a rental of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall insert dollar amount for rental, after evaluation of offers] per cylinder, per day, computed separately for cylinders by type, size, and capacity and for each point of delivery named in the contract. No rental shall accrue to the Contractor in excess of replacement value per cylinder specified in paragraph (c) of this clause.

For each cylinder lost or damaged beyond repair while in the Government's possession, the Government shall pay to the Contractor the replacement value, less the allocable rental paid for that cylinder as follows:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall insert the cylinder types, sizes, capacities, and associated replacement values.]

These cylinders shall become Government property.

If any lost cylinder is located within \_\_\_\_\_ [Contracting Officer shall insert number of days] calendar days after payment by the Government, it may be returned to the Contractor by the Government, and the Contractor shall pay to the Government an amount equal to the replacement value, less rental computed in accordance with paragraph (b) of this clause, beginning at the expiration of the loan period specified in paragraph (b) of this clause, and continuing to the date on which the cylinder was delivered to the Contractor.

(End of clause)

52.247-67 Submission of Transportation Documents for Audit.

As prescribed in [47.103-2](#), insert the following clause:

Submission of Transportation Documents for Audit (Feb 2006)

(a) The Contractor shall submit to the address identified below, for prepayment audit, transportation documents on which the United States will assume freight charges that were paid ~~(1) By the Contractor under a cost-reimbursement contract; and~~

~~(2) By the Contractor under a cost-reimbursement contract; and~~

By a first-tier subcontractor under a cost-reimbursement subcontract thereunder.

Cost-reimbursement Contractors shall only submit for audit those bills of lading with freight ~~shipment charges exceeding~~ [shipment charges exceeding](#) \$100. Bills under \$100 shall be retained on-site by the Contractor

and made available for ~~on-site~~onsite audits. This exception only applies to freight shipment bills and is not intended to apply to bills and invoices for any other transportation services.

Contractors shall submit the above referenced transportation documents to-

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[To be filled in by Contracting Officer]

(End of clause)

52.247-68 Report of Shipment (REPSHIP).

As prescribed in [47.208-2](#) , insert the following clause:

Report of Shipment (REPSHIP) (Feb 2006)

(a) Definition. "Domestic destination", as used in this clause, means-

A destination within the contiguous United States; or

If shipment originates in Alaska or Hawaii, a destination in Alaska or Hawaii, respectively.

(b) Unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall-

(1) Send a prepaid notice of shipment to the consignee transportation officer-

(i) For all shipments of-

Classified material, protected sensitive, and protected controlled material;

Explosives and poisons, class 1, division ~~1.1, 1.2~~ and ~~1.3~~; class 2, division 2.3 and class 6, division ~~6.1~~;

Radioactive materials requiring the use of a III bar label; or

(ii) When a truckload/carload shipment of supplies weighing 20,000 pounds or more, or a shipment of less weight that occupies the full visible capacity of a railway car or motor vehicle, is given to any carrier (common, contract, or private) for transportation to a domestic destination (other than a port for export);

Transmits the notice by rapid means to be received by the consignee transportation officer at least 24 ~~hours~~ ~~before the arrival~~hoursbefore the arrival of the shipment; and

Send, to the receiving transportation officer, the bill of lading or letter or other document containing ~~the following information~~the following information and prominently identified as a "Report of Shipment" or "REPSHIP FOR T.O."

REPSHIP FOR T.O. 81 JUN 01

TRANSPORTATION OFFICER

DEFENSE DEPOT, MEMPHIS, TN.

SHIPPED YOUR DEPOT 1981 JUN 1 540 CTNS MENS

COTTON TROUSERS, 30,240 LB, 1782 CUBE, VIA XX-YY\*

IN CAR NO. XX 123456\*\*.-BL\*\*\*-C98000031\*\*\*\*

CONTRACT DLA\_\_\_\_\_ETA\*\*\*\*\*-JUNE 5 JONES & CO., JERSEY CITY, N.J.

\*Name of rail carrier, trucker, or other carrier.

\*\*Vehicle identification.

\*\*\*Bill of lading.

\*\*\*\*If not shipped by BL, identify lading document and state whether paid by contractor.

\*\*\*\*\*Estimated time of arrival. ~~(End of clause)~~

[\(End of clause\)](#)

52.247-69 Reporting Requirement for U.S.-Flag Air Carriers Regarding Training to Prevent Human Trafficking.

As prescribed in [47.405\(b\)](#), insert the following clause:

Reporting Requirement for U.S.-Flag Air Carriers Regarding Training to Prevent Human Trafficking. (Jan 2025) (a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

Human trafficking means “Severe forms of trafficking in persons” or “Sex trafficking.”

Severe forms of trafficking in persons means—

Sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the ~~person induced to perform~~ [person induced to perform](#) such act has not attained 18 years of age; or

The recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, ~~through the~~ [through the](#) use ~~offorce of force~~ [offorce of force](#), fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

Sex trafficking means the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for the purpose of a commercial sex act.

(b) Annual reporting requirement.

(1) In accordance with [49 U.S.C. 40118\(g\)](#), the Contractor shall provide the annual report described in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause by October 30th, via email, to the following agencies:

General Services Administration: [TraffickingPreventionReport@gsa.gov](mailto:TraffickingPreventionReport@gsa.gov);

U.S. Department of Transportation: [trafficking@dot.gov](mailto:trafficking@dot.gov);

Department of Labor: [AirCarrier-HTreports@dol.gov](mailto:AirCarrier-HTreports@dol.gov);

Transportation Security Administration: [ics-cchtfams@tsa.dhs.gov](mailto:ics-cchtfams@tsa.dhs.gov);

U.S. Customs and Border Protection: [CLP@cbp.dhs.gov](mailto:CLP@cbp.dhs.gov); and

DHS Center for Countering Human Trafficking: [Info@CCHT.dhs.gov](mailto:Info@CCHT.dhs.gov).

(2) The annual report shall include information from the preceding Government fiscal year (October 1 through September 30) regarding—

The number of personnel trained in the detection and reporting of potential human trafficking, including ~~the training required~~ [the training required](#) under [49 U.S.C. 44734\(a\)\(4\)](#);

The number of notifications of potential human trafficking victims received from staff or other passengers; and

(iii)

(A) Whether the Contractor notified the Global Human Trafficking Hotline, another comparable hotline, or law enforcement at the relevant airport of the potential human trafficking victim for each such notification of potential human trafficking; and

(B) If the Contractor made a notification, the date the notification was made and the method of notification (e.g., text to Hotline, call to law enforcement).

(c) Training. In accordance with [49 U.S.C. 44734](#) and [44738](#), personnel trained in the detection and reporting of potential human trafficking should include the following:

Flight attendants;

Ticket counter agents;

Gate agents; and

Other air carrier workers whose jobs require regular interaction with passengers. (End of clause)

52.248 [Reserved]

52.248-1 Value Engineering.

As prescribed in [48.201](#), insert the following clause:

Value Engineering (Jun 2020)

General. The Contractor is encouraged to develop, prepare, and submit value engineering change proposals (VECP's) voluntarily. The Contractor shall share in any net acquisition savings realized from accepted VECP's, in accordance with the incentive sharing rates in paragraph (f) of this clause.

#### Definitions.

Acquisition savings, as used in this clause, means savings resulting from the application of a VECP to contracts awarded by the same contracting office or its successor for essentially the same unit. Acquisition savings include-

Instant contract savings, which are the net cost reductions on this, the instant contract, and which are equal ~~to the instant unit~~ to the instant unit cost reduction multiplied by the number of instant contract units affected by the VECP, less the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs;

Concurrent contract savings, which are net reductions in the prices of other contracts that are definitized ~~and ongoing at the~~ and ongoing at the time the VECP is accepted; and

Future contract savings, which are the product of the future unit cost reduction multiplied by the number ~~of future contract~~ of future contract units in the sharing base. On an instant contract, future contract savings include savings on increases in quantities after VECP acceptance that are due to contract modifications, exercise of options, additional orders, and funding of subsequent year requirements on a multiyear contract.

Collateral savings, as used in this clause, means those measurable net reductions resulting from a VECP in the agency's overall projected collateral costs, exclusive of acquisition savings, whether or not the acquisition cost changes.

Contracting office includes any contracting office that the acquisition is transferred to, such as another branch of the agency or another agency's office that is performing a joint acquisition action.

Contractor's development and implementation costs, as used in this clause, means those costs the Contractor incurs on a VECP specifically in developing, testing, preparing, and submitting the VECP, as well as those costs the Contractor incurs to make the contractual changes required by Government acceptance of a VECP.

Future unit cost reduction, as used in this clause, means the instant unit cost reduction adjusted as the

Contracting Officer considers necessary for projected learning or changes in quantity during the sharing period. It is calculated at the time the VECP is accepted and applies either-

Throughout the sharing period, unless the Contracting Officer decides that recalculation is necessary ~~because conditions are~~ because conditions are significantly different from those previously anticipated; or

To the calculation of a lump-sum payment, which cannot later be revised.

Government costs, as used in this clause, means those agency costs that result directly from developing and implementing the VECP, such as any net increases in the cost of testing, operations, maintenance, and logistics support. The term does not include the normal administrative costs of processing the VECP or any increase in this contract's cost or price resulting from negative instant contract savings.

Instant contract, as used in this clause, means this contract, under which the VECP is submitted. It does not include increases in quantities after acceptance of the VECP that are due to contract modifications, exercise of options, or additional orders. If this is a multiyear contract, the term does not include quantities funded after VECP acceptance. If this contract is a fixed-price contract with prospective price redetermination, the term refers to the period for which firm prices have been established.

Instant unit cost reduction means the amount of the decrease in unit cost of performance (without deducting any Contractor's development or implementation costs) resulting from using the VECP on this, the instant contract. If this is a service contract, the instant unit cost reduction is normally equal to the number of hours per line-item task saved by using the VECP on this contract, multiplied by the appropriate contract labor rate.

Negative instant contract savings means the increase in the cost or price of this contract when the acceptance of a VECP results in an excess of the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs over the product of the instant unit cost reduction multiplied by the number of instant contract units affected.

Net acquisition savings means total acquisition savings, including instant, concurrent, and future contract savings, less Government costs.

Sharing base, as used in this clause, means the number of affected end items on contracts of the contracting office accepting the VECP.

Sharing period, as used in this clause, means the period beginning with acceptance of the first unit incorporating the VECP and ending at a calendar date or event determined by the contracting officer for each VECP.

Unit, as used in this clause, means the item or task to which the Contracting Officer and the Contractor agree the VECP applies.

Value engineering change proposal (VECP) means a proposal that (1) Requires a change to this, the instant contract, to implement; and

(2) Results in reducing the overall projected cost to the agency without impairing essential functions or characteristics; provided, that it does not involve a change-

In deliverable end item quantities only;

In research and development (R&D) end items or R&D test quantities that is due solely to results of ~~previous testing under~~ previous testing under this contract; or

To the contract type only.

(c) VECP preparation. As a minimum, the Contractor shall include in each VECP the information described in paragraphs (c)(1) through (8) of this clause. If the proposed change is affected by contractually required configuration management or similar procedures, the instructions in those procedures relating to format, identification, and priority assignment shall govern VECP preparation. The VECP shall include the following:

A description of the difference between the existing contract requirement and the proposed requirement, the comparative advantages and disadvantages of each, a justification when an item's function or characteristics are being altered, the effect of the change on the end item's performance, and any pertinent objective test data.

A list and analysis of the contract requirements that must be changed if the VECP is accepted, including ~~any suggested specification~~ any suggested specification revisions.

Identification of the unit to which the VECP applies.



A separate, detailed cost estimate for (i) the affected portions of the existing contract requirement and (ii) ~~the~~ the VECP. The cost reduction associated with the VECP shall take into account the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs, including any amount attributable to subcontracts under the Subcontracts paragraph of this clause.

A description and estimate of costs the Government may incur in implementing the VECP, such as test ~~and evaluation~~ and ~~evaluation and~~ operating and support costs.

A prediction of any effects the proposed change would have on collateral costs to the agency.

A statement of the time by which a contract modification accepting the VECP must be issued in order ~~to achieve~~ ~~the maximum~~ to achieve the maximum cost reduction, noting any effect on the contract completion time or delivery schedule.

Identification of any previous submissions of the VECP, including the dates submitted, the agencies ~~and~~ ~~contract numbers~~ and contract numbers involved, and previous Government actions, if known.

Submission. The Contractor shall submit VECP's to the Contracting Officer, unless this contract states otherwise. If this contract is administered by other than the contracting office, the Contractor shall submit a copy of the VECP simultaneously to the Contracting Officer and to the Administrative Contracting Officer.

Government action.

The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor of the status of the VECP within 45 calendar days after the contracting office receives it. If additional time is required, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor within the ~~45 day~~ 45-day period and provide the reason for the delay and the expected date of the decision. The Government will process VECP's expeditiously; however, it will not be liable for any delay in acting upon a VECP.

VECP.

If the VECP is not accepted, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor in writing, explaining ~~the reasons for rejection~~ the reasons for rejection. The Contractor may withdraw any VECP, in whole or in part, at any time before it is accepted by the Government. The Contracting Officer may require that the Contractor provide written notification before undertaking significant expenditures for VECP effort.

Any VECP may be accepted, in whole or in part, by the Contracting Officer's award of a modification to ~~this contract~~ this contract citing this clause and made either before or within a reasonable time after contract performance is completed. Until such a contract modification applies a VECP to this contract, the Contractor shall perform in accordance with the existing contract. The decision to accept or reject all or part of any VECP is a unilateral decision made solely at the discretion of the Contracting Officer.

(f) Sharing rates. If a VECP is accepted, the Contractor shall share in net acquisition savings according to the percentages shown in the table below. The percentage paid the Contractor depends upon-

This contract's type (fixed-price, incentive, or cost-reimbursement);

The sharing arrangement specified in paragraph (a) of this clause (incentive, program requirement, or ~~a combination as delineated~~ a combination as delineated in the Schedule); and

The source of the savings (the instant contract, or concurrent and future contracts), as follows:

Contractor's Share of Net Acquisition Savings (Figure in Percent)

| Contract Type                                                                                       | Incentive (Voluntary)    |                                           | Program Requirement<br>(Mandatory) |                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                     | Instant Contract<br>Rate | Concurrent and<br>Future Contract<br>Rate | Instant Contract<br>Rate           | Concurrent<br>and<br>Future<br>Contract<br>Rate |
| Fixed-price (includes fixed-price-<br>award-fee; excludes other fixed-price<br>incentive contracts) | *50                      | *50                                       | 25                                 | 25                                              |
| Incentive (fixed-price or cost) (other<br>than award fee)                                           | (**)                     | *50                                       | (**)                               | 25                                              |
| Cost-reimbursement (includes cost-<br>plus-award-fee; excludes other cost-<br>incentive contracts)  | ***25                    | ***25                                     | 15                                 | 15                                              |

\* The Contracting Office may increase the Contractor's sharing rate to as high as 75 percent for each VECP.

\*\* Same sharing arrangement as the contract's profit or fee adjustment formula.

\*\*\* The Contracting Office may increase the Contractor's sharing rate to as high as 50 percent for each VECP.

(g) Calculating net acquisition savings.

Acquisition savings are realized when (i) the cost or price is reduced on the instant contract, (ii) ~~reductions are negotiated~~ reductions are negotiated in concurrent contracts, (iii) future contracts are awarded, or (iv) agreement is reached on a ~~lump-sum~~ lumpsum payment for future contract savings (see paragraph (i)(4) of this clause). Net acquisition savings are first realized, and the Contractor shall be paid a share, when Government costs and any negative instant contract savings have been fully offset against acquisition savings.

Except in incentive contracts, Government costs and any price or cost increases resulting from ~~negative instant contract savings~~ negative instant contract savings shall be offset against acquisition savings each time such savings are realized until they are fully offset. Then, the Contractor's share is calculated by multiplying net acquisition savings by the appropriate Contractor's percentage sharing rate (see paragraph (f) of this clause). Additional Contractor shares of net acquisition savings shall be paid to the Contractor at the time realized.

If this is an incentive contract, recovery of Government costs on the instant contract shall be deferred ~~and offset against concurrent~~ and offset against concurrent and future contract savings. The Contractor shall share through the contract incentive structure in savings on the instant contract items affected. Any negative instant

contract savings shall be added to the target cost or to the target price and ceiling price, and the amount shall be offset against concurrent and future contract savings.

If the Government does not receive and accept all items on which it paid the Contractor's share, ~~the Contractor shall reimburse~~ the Contractor shall reimburse the Government for the proportionate share of these payments.

(h) Contract adjustment. The modification accepting the VECP (or a subsequent modification issued as soon as possible after any negotiations are completed) shall-

Reduce the contract price or estimated cost by the amount of instant contract savings, unless this is ~~an incentive contract~~ an incentive contract;

When the amount of instant contract savings is negative, increase the contract price, target price and ~~ceiling price, target cost~~ ceiling price, target cost, or estimated cost by that amount;

Specify the Contractor's dollar share per unit on future contracts, or provide the lump-sum payment;

Specify the amount of any Government costs or negative instant contract savings to be offset in ~~determining net acquisition~~ determining net acquisition savings realized from concurrent or future contract savings; and

Provide the Contractor's share of any net acquisition savings under the instant contract in accordance ~~with the following~~ with the following:

Fixed-price contracts-add to contract price.

Cost-reimbursement contracts-add to contract fee.

(i) Concurrent and future contract savings.

Payments of the Contractor's share of concurrent and future contract savings shall be made by a ~~modification to the instant~~ modification to the instant contract in accordance with paragraph (h)(5) of this clause. For incentive contracts, shares shall be added as a separate firm-fixed-price line item on the instant contract. The Contractor shall maintain records adequate to identify the first delivered unit for 3 years after final payment under this contract.

The Contracting Officer shall calculate the Contractor's share of concurrent contract savings by-

Subtracting from the reduction in price negotiated on the concurrent contract any Government costs ~~or negative instant contract~~ or negative instant contract savings not yet offset; and

Multiplying the result by the Contractor's sharing rate.

(3) The Contracting Officer shall calculate the Contractor's share of future contract savings by-

Multiplying the future unit cost reduction by the number of future contract units scheduled for delivery ~~during the sharing~~ during the sharing period;

Subtracting any Government costs or negative instant contract savings not yet offset; and

Multiplying the result by the Contractor's sharing rate.

When the Government wishes and the Contractor agrees, the Contractor's share of future contract ~~savings~~ ~~may savings~~ may be ~~paid in~~ paid in a single lump sum rather than in a series of payments over time as future contracts are awarded. Under this alternate procedure, the future contract savings may be calculated when the VECP is accepted, on the basis of the Contracting Officer's forecast of the number of units that will be delivered during the sharing period. The Contractor's share shall be included in a modification to this contract (see paragraph (h)(3) of this clause) and shall not be subject to subsequent adjustment.

Alternate no-cost settlement method. When, in accordance with section of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), the Government and the Contractor mutually agree to use the no-cost settlement method, the following applies:

The Contractor will keep all the savings on the instant contract and on its concurrent contracts only.

The Government will keep all the savings resulting from concurrent contracts placed on other sources, savings from ~~all future~~ all future contracts, and all collateral savings.

Collateral savings. If a VECP is accepted, the Contracting Officer will increase the instant contract amount, as specified in paragraph (h)(5) of this clause, by a rate from 20 to 100 percent, as determined by the Contracting Officer, of any projected collateral savings determined to be realized in a typical year of use after subtracting any Government costs not previously offset. However, the Contractor's share of collateral savings will not exceed the contract's firm-fixed-price, target price, target cost, or estimated cost, at the time the VECP is accepted, or \$100,000, whichever is greater. The Contracting Officer will be the sole determiner of the amount of collateral savings.

Relationship to other incentives. Only those benefits of an accepted VECP not rewardable under performance, ~~designto~~ design-to-cost (production unit cost, operating and support costs, reliability and maintainability), or similar incentives shall be rewarded under this clause. However, the targets of such incentives affected by the VECP shall not be adjusted because of VECP acceptance. If this contract specifies targets but provides no incentive to surpass them, the value engineering sharing shall apply only to the amount of achievement better than target.

Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include an appropriate value engineering clause in any subcontract-valued at or above the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101 on the date of subcontract award, and may include one in subcontracts of lesser value. In calculating any adjustment in this contract's price for instant contract savings (or negative instant contract savings), the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs shall include any subcontractor's allowable development and implementation costs, and any value engineering incentive payments to a subcontractor, clearly resulting from a VECP accepted by the Government under this contract. The Contractor may choose any arrangement for subcontractor value engineering incentive payments, provided, that the payments shall not reduce the Government's share of concurrent or future contract savings or collateral savings.

Data. The Contractor may restrict the Government's right to use any part of a VECP or the supporting data by marking the following legend on the affected parts:

These data, furnished under the Value Engineering clause of contract \_\_\_\_\_, shall not be disclosed outside the Government or duplicated, used, or disclosed, in whole or in part, for any purpose other than to evaluate a value engineering change proposal submitted under the clause. This restriction does not limit the

Government's right to use information contained in these data if it has been obtained or is otherwise available from the Contractor or from another source without limitations.

If a VECP is accepted, the Contractor hereby grants the Government unlimited rights in the VECP and supporting data, except that, with respect to data qualifying and submitted as limited rights technical data, the Government shall have the rights specified in the contract modification implementing the VECP and shall appropriately mark the data. (The terms "unlimited rights" and "limited rights" are defined in [part 27](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.)

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the contracting officer selects a mandatory value engineering program requirement, substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

(a) General. The Contractor shall (1) engage in a value engineering program, and submit value engineering progress reports, as specified in the Schedule and (2) submit to the Contracting Officer any resulting value engineering change proposals (VECP's). In addition to being paid as the Schedule specifies for this mandatory program, the Contractor shall share in any net acquisition savings realized from accepted VECP's, in accordance with the program requirement sharing rates in paragraph (f) of this clause.

Alternate II (Jan 2015). If the contracting officer selects both a value engineering incentive and mandatory value engineering program requirement, substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

(a) General. For those line items designated in the Schedule as subject to the value engineering program requirement, the Contractor shall (1) engage in a value engineering program, and submit value engineering progress reports, as specified in the Schedule and (2) submit to the Contracting Officer any resulting VECP's. In addition to being paid as the Schedule specifies for this mandatory program, the Contractor shall share in any net acquisition savings realized from VECP's accepted under the program, in accordance with the program requirement sharing rates in paragraph (f) of this clause. For remaining areas of the contract, the Contractor is encouraged to develop, prepare, and submit VECP's voluntarily; for VECP's accepted under these remaining areas, the incentive sharing rates apply. The decision on which rate applies is a unilateral decision made solely at the discretion of the Government.

Alternate III (Apr 1984). When the head of the contracting activity determines that the cost of calculating and tracking collateral savings will exceed the benefits to be derived in a contract calling for a value engineering incentive, delete paragraph (j) from the basic clause and redesignate the remaining paragraphs accordingly.

52.248-2 Value Engineering-Architect-Engineer.

As prescribed in [48.201\(f\)](#), insert the following clause:

Value Engineering-Architect-Engineer (Mar 1990)

General. The Contractor shall (1) perform value engineering (VE) services and submit progress reports as specified in the Schedule; and (2) submit to the Contracting Officer any resulting value engineering proposals (VEP's). Value engineering activities shall be performed concurrently with, and without delay to, the schedule set forth in the contract. The services shall include VE evaluation and review and study of design documents immediately following completion of the 35 percent design state or at such stages as the Contracting Officer

may direct. Each separately priced line item for VE services shall define specifically the scope of work to be accomplished and may include VE studies of items other than design documents. The Contractor shall be paid as the contract specifies for this effort, but shall not share in savings which may result from acceptance and use of VEP's by the Government.

Definitions. "Life cycle cost," as used in this clause, is the sum of all costs over the useful life of a building, system or product. It includes the cost of design, construction, acquisition, operation, maintenance, and salvage (resale) value, if any.

Value engineering, as used in this clause, means an organized effort to analyze the functions of systems, equipment, facilities, services, and supplies for the purpose of achieving the essential functions at the lowest life cycle cost consistent with required performance, reliability, quality, and safety.

Value engineering proposal, as used in this clause, means, in connection with an A-E contract, a change proposal developed by employees of the Federal Government or contractor value engineering personnel under contract to an agency to provide value engineering services for the contract or program.

Submissions. After award of an architect-engineering contract the contractor shall-

Provide the Government with a fee breakdown schedule for the VE services (such as criteria review, ~~task team~~taskteam review, and bid package review) included in the contract schedule;

Submit, for approval by the Contracting Officer, a list of team members and their respective ~~resumes~~representing the engineering resumes representing the engineering disciplines required to complete the study effort, and evidence of the team leader's qualifications and engineering discipline. Subsequent changes or substitutions to the approved VE team shall be submitted in writing to the Contracting Officer for approval; and

The team leader shall be responsible for pre-study work assembly and shall edit, reproduce, and sign the ~~final report and each~~final report and each VEP. All VEP's, even if submitted earlier as an individual submission, shall be contained in the final report.

(d) VEP preparation. As a minimum, the contractor shall include the following information in each VEP:

A description of the difference between the existing and proposed design, the comparative advantages and disadvantages of each, a justification when an item's function is being altered, the effect of the change on system or facility performance, and any pertinent objective test data.

A list and analysis of design criteria or specifications that must be changed if the VEP is accepted.

A separate detailed estimate of the impact on project cost of each VEP, if accepted and implemented by the Government.

A description and estimate of costs the Government may incur in implementing the VEP, such as ~~design change~~design change cost ~~and test and test~~ and evaluation cost.

A prediction of any effects the proposed change may have on life cycle cost.

The effect the VEP will have on design or construction schedules.

(e) VEP acceptance. Approved VEP's shall be implemented by bilateral modification to this contract.

(End of clause)

#### 52.248-3 Value Engineering-Construction.

As prescribed in [48.202](#), insert the following clause:

##### Value Engineering-Construction (Oct ~~2025~~[2020](#))

General. The Contractor is encouraged to develop, prepare, and submit value engineering change proposals (VECP's) voluntarily. The Contractor shall share in any instant contract savings realized from accepted VECP's, in accordance with paragraph (f) of this clause.

Definitions. "Collateral costs," as used in this clause, means agency costs of operation, maintenance, logistic support, or Government-furnished property.

Collateral savings, as used in this clause, means those measurable net reductions resulting from a VECP in the agency's overall projected collateral costs, exclusive of acquisition savings, whether or not the acquisition cost changes.

Contractor's development and implementation costs, as used in this clause, means those costs the Contractor incurs on a VECP specifically in developing, testing, preparing, and submitting the VECP, as well as those costs the Contractor incurs to make the contractual changes required by Government acceptance of a VECP.

Government costs, as used in this clause, means those agency costs that result directly from developing and implementing the VECP, such as any net increases in the cost of testing, operations, maintenance, and logistic support. The term does not include the normal administrative costs of processing the VECP.

Instant contract savings, as used in this clause, means the estimated reduction in Contractor cost of performance resulting from acceptance of the VECP, minus allowable Contractor's development and implementation costs, including subcontractors' development and implementation costs (see paragraph (h) of this clause).

Value engineering change proposal (VECP) means a proposal that(1) Requires a change to this, the instant contract, to implement; and

(2) Results in reducing the contract price or estimated cost without impairing essential functions or characteristics; provided, that it does not involve a change(i) In deliverable end item quantities only; or ~~(ii) To the contract type only.~~

[\(ii\) To the contract type only.](#)

(c) VECP preparation. As a minimum, the Contractor shall include in each VECP the information described in paragraphs (c)(1) through (7) of this clause. If the proposed change is affected by contractually required configuration management or similar procedures, the instructions in those procedures relating to format, identification, and priority assignment shall govern VECP preparation. The VECP shall include the following:

A description of the difference between the existing contract requirement and that proposed, the ~~comparative advantages and~~ comparative advantages and disadvantages of each, a justification when an item's function or characteristics are being altered, and the effect of the change on the end item's performance.

A list and analysis of the contract requirements that must be changed if the VECP is accepted, including ~~any suggested specification~~ any suggested specification revisions.

A separate, detailed cost estimate for (i) the affected portions of the existing contract requirement and (ii) ~~the VECP~~ the VECP. The cost reduction associated with the VECP shall take into account the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs, including any amount attributable to subcontracts under paragraph (h) of this clause.

A description and estimate of costs the Government may incur in implementing the VECP, such as test ~~and evaluation~~ and evaluation and operating and support costs.

A prediction of any effects the proposed change would have on collateral costs to the agency.

A statement of the time by which a contract modification accepting the VECP must be issued in order ~~to achieve the maximum~~ to achieve the maximum cost reduction, noting any effect on the contract completion time or delivery schedule.

Identification of any previous submissions of the VECP, including the dates submitted, the agencies ~~and contract numbers~~ and contract numbers involved, and previous Government actions, if known.

Submission. The Contractor shall submit VECP's to the Resident Engineer at the worksite, with a copy to the Contracting Officer.

Government action.

The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor of the status of the VECP within 45 calendar days after the contracting office receives it. If additional time is required, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor within the ~~45 day~~ 45-day period and provide the reason for the delay and the expected date of the decision. The Government will process VECP's expeditiously; however, it will not be liable for any delay in acting upon a ~~VECP~~.

VECP.

If the VECP is not accepted, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor in writing, explaining ~~the reasons for rejection~~ the reasons for rejection. The Contractor may withdraw any VECP, in whole or in part, at any time before it is accepted by the Government. The Contracting Officer may require that the Contractor provide written notification before undertaking significant expenditures for VECP effort.

Any VECP may be accepted, in whole or in part, by the Contracting Officer's award of a modification to ~~this contract~~ this contract citing this clause. The Contracting Officer may accept the VECP, even though an agreement on price reduction has not been reached, by issuing the Contractor a notice to proceed with the change. Until a notice to proceed is issued or a contract modification applies a VECP to this contract, the Contractor shall perform in accordance with the existing contract. The decision to accept or reject all or part of any VECP is a unilateral decision made solely at the discretion of the Contracting Officer.

(f) Sharing-



(1) Rates. The Government's share of savings is determined by subtracting Government costs from instant contract savings and multiplying the result by-

45 percent for fixed-price contracts; or

75 percent for cost-reimbursement contracts.

(2) Payment. Payment of any share due the Contractor for use of a VECP on this contract shall be authorized by a modification to this contract to-

Accept the VECP;

Reduce the contract price or estimated cost by the amount of instant contract savings; and

Provide the Contractor's share of savings by adding the amount calculated to the contract price or fee.

Collateral savings. If a VECP is accepted, the Contracting Officer will increase the instant contract amount by 20 percent of any projected collateral savings determined to be realized in a typical year of use after subtracting any Government costs not previously offset. However, the Contractor's share of collateral savings will not exceed the contract's firm-fixed-price or estimated cost, at the time the VECP is accepted, or \$100,000, whichever is greater. The Contracting Officer is the sole determiner of the amount of collateral savings.

Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include an appropriate value engineering clause in any subcontract of \$9975,000 or more and may include one in subcontracts of lesser value. In computing any adjustment in this contract's price under paragraph (f) of this clause, the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs shall include any subcontractor's allowable development and implementation costs clearly resulting from a VECP accepted by the Government under this contract, but shall exclude any value engineering incentive payments to a subcontractor. The Contractor may choose any arrangement for subcontractor value engineering incentive payments; provided, that these payments shall not reduce the Government's share of the savings resulting from the VECP.

Data. The Contractor may restrict the Government's right to use any part of a VECP or the supporting data by marking the following legend on the affected parts:

These data, furnished under the Value Engineering-Construction clause of contract \_\_\_\_\_, shall not be disclosed outside the Government or duplicated, used, or disclosed, in whole or in part, for any purpose other than to evaluate a value engineering change proposal submitted under the clause. This restriction does not limit the Government's right to use information contained in these data if it has been obtained or is otherwise available from the Contractor or from another source without limitations.

If a VECP is accepted, the Contractor hereby grants the Government unlimited rights in the VECP and supporting data, except that, with respect to data qualifying and submitted as limited rights technical data, the Government shall have the rights specified in the contract modification implementing the VECP and shall appropriately mark the data. (The terms "unlimited rights" and "limited rights" are defined in [part 27](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.)

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). When the head of the contracting activity determines that the cost of calculating and tracking collateral savings will exceed the benefits to be derived in a construction contract, delete paragraph (g) from the basic clause and redesignate the remaining paragraphs accordingly.

52.249 [Reserved]

52.249-1 Termination for Convenience of the Government (Fixed-Price) (Short Form).

As prescribed in [49.502\(a\)\(1\)](#), insert the following clause:

Termination for Convenience of the Government (Fixed-Price) (Short Form) (Apr 1984)

The Contracting Officer, by written notice, may terminate this contract, in whole or in part, when it is in the Government's interest. If this contract is terminated, the rights, duties, and obligations of the parties, including compensation to the Contractor, shall be in accordance with [part 49](#) of the Federal Acquisition Regulation in effect on the date of this contract.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the contract is for dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements, designate the basic clause as paragraph (a) and add the following paragraph (b):

(b) Upon receipt of the termination notice, if title to property is vested in the Contractor under this contract, it shall revert in the Government regardless of any other clause of the contract, except for property that the Contractor (a) disposed of by bona fide sale or (b) removed from the site.

52.249-2 Termination for Convenience of the Government (Fixed-Price).

As prescribed in [49.502\(b\)\(1\)\(i\)](#), insert the following clause:

Termination for Convenience of the Government (Fixed-Price) (Apr 2012)

The Government may terminate performance of work under this contract in whole or, from time to time, ~~in part~~ [in part](#) if the Contracting Officer determines that a termination is in the Government's interest. The Contracting Officer shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination specifying the extent of termination and the effective date.

After receipt of a Notice of Termination, and except as directed by the Contracting Officer, the ~~Contractor shall immediately~~ [Contractor shall immediately](#) proceed with the following obligations, regardless of any delay in determining or adjusting any amounts due under this clause:

Stop work as specified in the notice.

Place no further subcontracts or orders (referred to as subcontracts in this clause) for materials, services, ~~or facilities~~ [or facilities](#), except as necessary to complete the continued portion of the contract.

Terminate all subcontracts to the extent they relate to the work terminated.

Assign to the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer, all right, title, and interest of the

Contractor under ~~thesubcontracts~~[the subcontracts](#) terminated, in which case the Government shall have the right to settle or to pay any termination settlement proposal arising out of those terminations.

With approval or ratification to the extent required by the Contracting Officer, settle all outstanding ~~liabilities and termination~~[liabilities and termination](#) settlement proposals arising from the termination of subcontracts; the approval or ratification will be final for purposes of this clause.

As directed by the Contracting Officer, transfer title and deliver to the Government-

The fabricated or unfabricated parts, work in process, completed work, supplies, and other material ~~produced or acquired~~[produced or acquired](#) for the work terminated; and

The completed or partially completed plans, drawings, information, and other property that, if the ~~contract has been completed~~[contract had been completed](#), would be required to be furnished to the Government.

Complete performance of the work not terminated.

Take any action that may be necessary, or that the Contracting Officer may direct, for the protection ~~and preservation of the~~[and preservation of the](#) property related to this contract that is in the possession of the Contractor and in which the Government has or may acquire an interest.

Use its best efforts to sell, as directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer, any property of the ~~types referred~~[types referred](#) to ~~in paragraph~~ (b)(6) of this clause; provided, however, that the Contractor (i) is not required to extend credit to any purchaser and (ii) may acquire the property under the conditions prescribed by, and at prices approved by, the Contracting Officer. The proceeds of any transfer or disposition will be applied to reduce any payments to be made by the Government under this contract, credited to the price or cost of the work, or paid in any other manner directed by the Contracting Officer.

[in paragraph \(b\)\(6\) of this clause; provided, however, that the Contractor \(i\) is not required to extend credit to any purchaser and \(ii\) may acquire the property under the conditions prescribed by, and at prices approved by, the Contracting Officer. The proceeds of any transfer or disposition will be applied to reduce any payments to be made by the Government under this contract, credited to the price or cost of the work, or paid in any other manner directed by the Contracting Officer.](#)

The Contractor shall submit complete termination inventory schedules no later than 120 days from ~~the effective~~[the effective](#) date ~~after termination~~[of termination](#), unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer upon written request of the Contractor within this ~~120 day~~[120-day](#) period.

After expiration of the plant clearance period as defined in Subpart [49.001](#) of the Federal ~~Acquisition Regulation~~[Acquisition Regulation](#), the Contractor may submit to the Contracting Officer a list, certified as to quantity and quality, of termination inventory not previously disposed of, excluding items authorized for disposition by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor may request the Government to remove those items or enter into an agreement for their storage. Within 15 days, the Government will accept title to those items and remove them or enter into a storage agreement. The Contracting Officer may verify the list upon removal of the items, or if stored, within 45 days from submission of the list, and shall correct the list, as necessary, before final settlement.

After termination, the Contractor shall submit a final termination settlement proposal to the ~~Contracting Officer~~Contracting Officer in ~~the form~~the form and with the certification prescribed by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall submit the proposal promptly, but no later than 1 year from the effective date of termination, unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer upon written request of the Contractor within this 1-year period. However, if the Contracting Officer determines that the facts justify it, a termination settlement proposal may be received and acted on after 1 year or any extension. If the Contractor fails to submit the proposal within the time allowed, the Contracting Officer may determine, on the basis of information available, the amount, if any, due the Contractor because of the termination and shall pay the amount determined.

Subject to paragraph (e) of this clause, the Contractor and the Contracting Officer may agree upon the ~~whole or~~whole or any ~~part of~~part of the amount to be paid or remaining to be paid because of the termination. The amount may include a reasonable allowance for profit on work done. However, the agreed amount, whether under this paragraph (f) or paragraph (g) of this clause, exclusive of costs shown in paragraph (g)(3) of this clause, may not exceed the total contract price as reduced by (1) the amount of payments previously made and (2) the contract price of work not terminated. The contract shall be modified, and the Contractor paid the agreed amount. Paragraph (g) of this clause shall not limit, restrict, or affect the amount that may be agreed upon to be paid under this paragraph.

If the Contractor and the Contracting Officer fail to agree on the whole amount to be paid because of ~~the termination of work~~the termination of work, the Contracting Officer shall pay the Contractor the amounts determined by the Contracting Officer as follows, but without duplication of any amounts agreed on under paragraph (f) of this clause:

The contract price for completed supplies or services accepted by the Government (or sold or acquired ~~under paragraph~~under paragraph (b)(9) of this clause) not previously paid for, adjusted for any saving of freight and other charges.

The total of-

The costs incurred in the performance of the work terminated, including initial costs and preparatory ~~expense allocable thereto~~expense allocable thereto, but excluding any costs attributable to supplies or services paid or to be paid under paragraph (g)(1) of this clause;

The cost of settling and paying termination settlement proposals under terminated subcontracts that ~~are properly chargeable~~are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the contract if not included in subdivision (g)(2)(i) of this clause; and

A sum, as profit on subdivision (g)(2)(i) of this clause, determined by the Contracting Officer under ~~of 49.202 of~~49.202 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date of this contract, to be fair and reasonable; however, if it appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss on the entire contract had it been completed, the Contracting Officer shall allow no profit under this subdivision (g)(2)(iii) and shall reduce the settlement to reflect the indicated rate of loss.

(3) The reasonable costs of settlement of the work terminated, including-

Accounting, legal, clerical, and other expenses reasonably necessary for the preparation of ~~termination settlement proposals~~termination settlement proposals and supporting data;

The termination and settlement of subcontracts (excluding the amounts of such settlements); and

Storage, transportation, and other costs incurred, reasonably necessary for the preservation, protection, ~~or disposition~~or disposition of the termination inventory.

Except for normal spoilage, and except to the extent that the Government expressly assumed the risk of loss, ~~the Contracting~~the Contracting Officer shall exclude from the amounts payable to the Contractor under paragraph (g) of this clause, the fair value as determined by the Contracting Officer, for the loss of the Government property.

The cost principles and procedures of part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date ~~of this~~of this contract, shall govern all costs claimed, agreed to, or determined under this clause.

The Contractor shall have the right of appeal, under the Disputes clause, from any determination made by the Contracting Officer under paragraph (e), (g), or (l) of this clause, except that if the Contractor failed to submit the termination settlement proposal or request for equitable adjustment within the time provided in paragraph (e) or (l), respectively, and failed to request a time extension, there is no right of appeal.

In arriving at the amount due the Contractor under this clause, there shall be deducted-

All unliquidated advance or other payments to the Contractor under the terminated portion of this contract;

Any claim which the Government has against the Contractor under this contract; and

The agreed price for, or the proceeds of sale of, materials, supplies, or other things acquired by the ~~Contractor or sold under~~Contractor or sold under the provisions of this clause and not recovered by or credited to the Government.

(l) If the termination is partial, the Contractor may file a proposal with the Contracting Officer for an equitable adjustment of the price(s) of the continued portion of the contract. The Contracting Officer shall make any equitable adjustment agreed upon. Any proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment under this clause shall be requested within 90 days from the effective date of termination unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(m)

(l) If the termination is partial, the Contractor may file a proposal with the Contracting Officer for an equitable adjustment of the price(s) of the continued portion of the contract. The Contracting Officer shall make any equitable adjustment agreed upon. Any proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment under this clause shall be requested within 90 days from the effective date of termination unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(m)

The Government may, under the terms and conditions it prescribes, make partial payments and ~~payments against costs incurred~~payments against costs incurred by the Contractor for the terminated portion of the contract, if the Contracting Officer believes the total of these payments will not exceed the amount to which the Contractor will be entitled.

If the total payments exceed the amount finally determined to be due, the Contractor shall repay the excess ~~to~~  
~~the~~

~~to~~the Government upon demand, together with interest computed at the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under 50 U.S.C. App.1215(b)(2). Interest shall be computed for the period from the date the excess payment is received by the Contractor to the date the excess is repaid. Interest shall not be charged on any excess payment due to a reduction in the Contractor's termination settlement proposal because of retention or other disposition of termination inventory until 10 days after the date of the retention or disposition, or a later date determined by the Contracting Officer because of the circumstances.

(n) Unless otherwise provided in this contract or by statute, the Contractor shall maintain all records and documents relating to the terminated portion of this contract for 3 years after final settlement. This includes all books and other evidence bearing on the Contractor's costs and expenses under this contract. The Contractor shall make these records and documents available to the Government, at the Contractor's office, at all reasonable times, without any direct charge. If approved by the Contracting Officer, photographs, microphotographs, or other authentic reproductions may be maintained instead of original records and documents.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Sept 1996). If the contract is for construction, substitute the following paragraph (g) for paragraph (g) of the basic clause:

(g) If the Contractor and Contracting Officer fail to agree on the whole amount to be paid the Contractor because of the termination of work, the Contracting Officer shall pay the Contractor the amounts determined as follows, but without duplication of any amounts agreed upon under paragraph (f) of this clause:

(1) For contract work performed before the effective date of termination, the total (without duplication of any items) of ~~(i) The cost of this work;~~

The cost of this work;

The cost of settling and paying termination settlement proposals under terminated subcontracts that ~~are properly chargeable~~ are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the contract if not included in subdivision (g)(1)(i) of this clause; and

A sum, as profit on subdivision (g)(1)(i) of this clause, determined by the Contracting Officer under 49.202 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date of this contract, to be fair and reasonable; however, if it appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss on the entire contract had it been completed, the Contracting Officer shall allow no profit under this subdivision (g)(1)(iii) and shall reduce the settlement to reflect the indicated rate of loss.

(2) The reasonable costs of settlement of the work terminated, including-

Accounting, legal, clerical, and other expenses reasonably necessary for the preparation of ~~termination settlement proposals~~ termination settlement proposals and supporting data;

The termination and settlement of subcontracts (excluding the amounts of such settlements); and

Storage, transportation, and other costs incurred, reasonably necessary for the preservation, protection, ~~or disposition of~~ disposition of the termination inventory.

Alternate II (Sept 1996). If the contract is with an agency of the U.S. Government or with State, local, or foreign governments or their agencies, and if the Contracting Officer determines that the requirement to pay interest on excess partial payments is inappropriate, delete paragraph (m)(2) of the basic clause.

Alternate III (Sept 1996). If the contract is for construction and with an agency of the U.S. Government or with State, local, or foreign governments or their agencies, substitute the following paragraph (g) for paragraph (g) of the basic clause. Paragraph (m)(2) may be deleted from the basic clause if the Contracting Officer determines that the requirement to pay interest on excess partial payments is inappropriate.

(g) If the Contractor and Contracting Officer fail to agree on the whole amount to be paid the Contractor because of the termination of work, the Contracting Officer shall pay the Contractor the amounts determined as follows, but without duplication of any amounts agreed upon under paragraph (f) of this clause:

(1) For contract work performed before the effective date of termination, the total (without duplication of any items) of ~~(i) The cost of this work;~~

The cost of this work;

The cost of settling and paying termination settlement proposals under terminated subcontracts that ~~are properly chargeable~~ are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the contract if not included in subdivision (g)(1)(i) of this clause; and

A sum, as profit on subdivision (g)(1)(i) of this clause, determined by the Contracting Officer under 49.202 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date of this contract, to be fair and reasonable; however, if it appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss on the entire contract had it been completed, the Contracting Officer shall allow no profit under this subdivision(iii) and shall reduce the settlement to reflect the indicated rate of loss.

(2) The reasonable costs of settlement of the work terminated, including-

Accounting, legal, clerical, and other expenses reasonably necessary for the preparation of ~~termination settlement proposals~~ termination settlement proposals and supporting data;

The termination and settlement of subcontracts (excluding the amounts of such settlements); and

Storage, transportation, and other costs incurred, reasonably necessary for the preservation, protection, ~~or disposition of~~ disposition of the termination inventory.

52.249-3 Termination for Convenience of the Government (Dismantling, Demolition, or Removal of Improvements).

As prescribed in 49.502(b)(2), insert the following clause:

Termination for Convenience of the Government (Dismantling, Demolition, or Removal of Improvements) (Apr 2012)

The Government may terminate performance of work under this contract, in whole or, from time to time, ~~in part~~ if ~~the Contracting Officer~~ the Contracting Officer determines that a termination is in the Government's interest. The Contracting Officer shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination specifying the extent of termination and the effective date. Upon receipt of the notice, if title to property is vested in the Contractor under this contract, it shall revert in the Government regardless of any other clause of this contract, except for property that the Contractor disposed of by bona fide sale or removed from the site.

After receipt of a Notice of Termination, and except as directed by the Contracting Officer, the ~~Contractor shall immediately~~ Contractor shall immediately proceed with the following obligations, regardless of delay in determining or adjusting any amounts due under this clause:

Stop work as specified in the notice.

Place no further subcontracts or orders (referred to as subcontracts in this clause) for materials, services, ~~or facilities,~~ or facilities, except as necessary to complete the continued portion of the contract.

Terminate all subcontracts to the extent they relate to the work terminated.

Assign to the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer, all right, title, and interest of ~~the Contractor~~ the Contractor under ~~the subcontracts~~ the subcontracts terminated, in which case the Government shall have the right to settle or to pay any termination settlement proposal arising out of those terminations.

With approval or ratification to the extent required by the Contracting Officer, settle all outstanding ~~liabilities and termination~~ liabilities and termination settlement proposals arising from the termination of subcontracts; the approval or ratification will be final for purposes of this clause.

As directed by the Contracting Officer, transfer title and deliver to the Government-

The fabricated or unfabricated parts, work in process, completed work, supplies, and other material ~~produced or acquired~~ produced or acquired for the work terminated; and

The completed or partially completed plans, drawings, information, and other property that, if the ~~contract has been completed~~ contract has been completed, would be required to be furnished to the Government.

Complete performance of the work not terminated.

Take any action that may be necessary, or that the Contracting Officer may direct, for the protection ~~and preservation of the~~ and preservation of the property related to this contract that is in the possession of the Contractor and in which the Government has or may acquire an interest.

Use its best efforts to sell, as directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer, any property of the ~~types referred~~ types referred to ~~in paragraph (b)(6) of this clause; provided, however, that the Contractor (i) is not required to extend credit to any purchaser and (ii) may acquire the property under the conditions prescribed by, and at prices approved by, the Contracting Officer. The proceeds of any transfer or disposition will be applied to reduce any payments to be made by the Government under this contract, credited to the price or cost of the work, or paid in~~ paragraph (b)(6) of this clause; provided, however, that the Contractor (i) is not required to extend credit to any purchaser and (ii) may acquire the property under the conditions prescribed by, and at prices approved by, the Contracting Officer. The proceeds of any transfer or disposition will be



applied to reduce any payments to be made by the Government under this contract, credited to the price or cost of the work, or paid in any other manner directed by the Contracting Officer.

~~any other manner directed by the Contracting Officer.~~

The Contractor shall submit complete termination inventory schedules no later than 120 days from ~~the effective~~the effective date ~~of termination~~of termination, unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer upon written request of the Contractor within this ~~120 day~~120-day period.

After expiration of the plant clearance period as defined in Subpart 49.001 of the Federal ~~Acquisition Regulation~~Acquisition Regulation, the Contractor may submit to the Contracting Officer a list, certified as to quantity and quality, of termination inventory not previously disposed of, excluding items authorized for disposition by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor may request the Government to remove those items or enter into an agreement for their storage. Within 15 days, the Government will accept title to those items and remove them or enter into a storage agreement. The Contracting Officer may verify the list upon removal of the items, or if stored, within 45 days from submission of the list, and shall correct the list, as necessary, before final settlement.

After termination, the Contractor shall submit a final termination settlement proposal to the ~~Contracting Officer~~Contracting Officer in ~~the form~~the form and with the certification prescribed by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall submit the proposal promptly, but no later than 1 year from the effective date of termination, unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer upon written request of the Contractor within this 1-year period. However, if the Contracting Officer determines that the facts justify it, a termination settlement proposal may be received and acted on after 1 year or any extension. If the Contractor fails to submit the proposal within the time allowed, the Contracting Officer may determine, on the basis of information available, the amount, if any, due the Contractor because of the termination and shall pay the amount determined.

Subject to paragraph (e) of this clause, the Contractor and the Contracting Officer may agree upon the ~~whole or~~whole or any ~~part of~~part of the amount to be paid because of the termination. The amount may include a reasonable allowance for profit on work done. However, the agreed amount, whether under this paragraph (f) or paragraph (g) of this clause, exclusive of settlement costs, may not exceed the total contract price as reduced by (1) the amount of payments previously made and (2) the contract price of work not terminated. The contract shall be amended and the Contractor paid the agreed amount. Paragraph (g) of this clause shall not limit, restrict, or affect the amount that may be agreed upon to be paid under this paragraph.

If the Contractor and the Contracting Officer fail to agree on the whole amount to be paid because of ~~the termination of work~~the termination of work, the Contracting Officer shall pay the Contractor the amounts determined by the Contracting Officer as follows, but without duplication of any amounts agreed on under paragraph (f) of this clause:

(1) For contract work performed before the effective date of termination, the total (without duplication of any items) of ~~(i) The cost of this work;~~

The cost of this work;

The cost of settling and paying termination settlement proposals under terminated subcontracts that ~~are properly chargeable~~ are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the contract, if not included in subdivision (g)(1)(i) of this clause; and

A sum, as profit on subdivision (g)(1)(i) of this clause, determined by the Contracting Officer under ~~section~~ section 49.202 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date of this contract, to be fair and reasonable; however, if it appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss on the entire contract had it been completed, the Contracting Officer shall allow no profit under this subdivision (iii) and shall reduce the amount of the settlement to reflect the indicated rate of loss.

(2) The reasonable costs of settlement of the work terminated, including-

Accounting, legal, clerical, and other expenses reasonably necessary for the preparation of ~~termination settlement proposals~~ termination settlement proposals and supporting data;

The termination and settlement of subcontracts (excluding the amounts of such settlements); and

Preservation and protection of property under paragraph (b)(8) of this clause.

Except for normal spoilage, and except to the extent that the Government expressly assumed the risk of loss, ~~the Contracting~~ the Contracting Officer shall exclude from the amounts payable to the Contractor under paragraph (g) of this clause, the fair value, as determined by the Contracting Officer, for the loss of the Government property.

The cost principles and procedures of part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date ~~of this~~ of this contract, shall govern all costs claimed, agreed to, or determined under this clause.

The Contractor shall have the right of appeal, under the Disputes clause, from any determination made by the Contracting Officer under paragraph (e), (g), or (l) of this clause, except that if the Contractor failed to submit the termination settlement proposal within the time provided in paragraph (e) or (l) and failed to request a time extension, there is no right of appeal. If the Contracting Officer has made a determination of the amount due under paragraph (e), (g), or (l) of this clause, the Government shall pay the Contractor-

The amount determined by the Contracting Officer, if there is no right of appeal or if no timely appeal ~~has been~~ has been taken; or

The amount finally determined on an appeal.

(k) In arriving at the amount due the Contractor under this clause, there shall be deducted-

All unliquidated advance or other payments to the Contractor under the terminated portion of this contract;

Any claim which the Government has against the Contractor under this contract; and

The agreed price for, or the proceeds of sale of, materials, supplies, or other things acquired by the ~~Contractor or sold under~~ Contractor or sold under the provisions of this clause and not recovered by or credited to the Government.

(l) If the termination is partial, the Contractor may file a proposal with the Contracting Officer for an equitable adjustment of the price(s) of the continued portion of the contract. The Contracting Officer shall make any equitable adjustment agreed upon. Any proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment under this clause shall be requested within 90 days from the effective date of termination unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(m)

(l) If the termination is partial, the Contractor may file a proposal with the Contracting Officer for an equitable adjustment of the price(s) of the continued portion of the contract. The Contracting Officer shall make any equitable adjustment agreed upon. Any proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment under this clause shall be requested within 90 days from the effective date of termination unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(m)

The Government may, under the terms and conditions it prescribes, make partial payments and ~~payments against cost incurred~~ payments against cost incurred by the Contractor for the terminated portion of the contract, if the Contracting Officer believes the total of these payments will not exceed the amount to which the Contractor will be entitled.

If the total payments exceed the amount finally determined to be due, the Contractor shall repay the excess ~~to the~~

to the Government upon demand, together with interest computed at the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under 50 U.S.C.App 1215(b)(2). Interest shall be computed for the period from the date the excess payment is received by the Contractor to the date the excess is repaid. Interest shall not be charged on any excess payment due to a reduction in the Contractor's termination settlement proposal because of retention or other disposition of termination inventory until 10 days after the date of the retention or disposition, or a later date determined by the Contracting Officer because of the circumstances.

(n) Unless otherwise provided in this contract or by statute, the Contractor shall maintain all records and documents relating to the terminated portion of this contract for 3 years after final settlement. This includes all books and other evidence bearing on the Contractor's costs and expenses under this contract. The Contractor shall make these records and documents available to the Government, at the Contractor's office, at all reasonable times, without any direct charge. If approved by the Contracting Officer, photographs, microphotographs, or other authentic reproductions may be maintained instead of original records and documents.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Sept 1996). If the contract is with an agency of the U.S. Government or with State, local, or foreign governments or their agencies, and if the contracting officer determines that the requirement to pay interest on excess partial payments is inappropriate, delete paragraph (m)(2) from the basic clause.

52.249-4 Termination for Convenience of the Government (Services) (Short Form).

As prescribed in [49.502\(c\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for services, regardless of value, when a fixed-price contract is contemplated and the Contracting Officer determines that because of the kind of services required, the successful offeror will not incur substantial charges in preparation for and in carrying out the contract, and would, if terminated for the convenience of the Government, limit termination settlement charges to services rendered before the date of termination:

Termination for Convenience of the Government (Services) (Short Form) (Apr 1984)

The Contracting Officer, by written notice, may terminate this contract, in whole or in part, when it is in the Government's interest. If this contract is terminated, the Government shall be liable only for payment under the payment provisions of this contract for services rendered before the effective date of termination.

(End of clause)

52.249-5 Termination for Convenience of the Government (Educational and Other Nonprofit Institutions).

As prescribed in [49.502\(d\)](#), insert the following clause:

Termination for Convenience of the Government (Educational and Other Nonprofit Institutions) (Aug 2016)

The Government may terminate performance of work under this contract in whole or, from time to time, ~~in part~~ [in part](#) if ~~the Contracting Officer~~ [the Contracting Officer](#) determines that a termination is in the Government's interest. The Contracting Officer shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination specifying the extent of termination and the effective date.

After receipt of a Notice of Termination and except as directed by the Contracting Officer, the ~~Contractor shall immediately~~ [Contractor shall immediately](#) proceed with the following obligations:

Stop work as specified in the notice.

Place no further subcontracts or orders (referred to as subcontracts in this clause), except as necessary ~~to complete the continued~~ [to complete the continued](#) portion of the contract.

Terminate all applicable subcontracts and cancel or divert applicable commitments covering ~~personal services that extend~~ [personal services that extend](#) beyond the effective date of termination.

Assign to the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer, all right, title, and interest of the

Contractor under ~~the subcontracts~~ [the subcontracts](#) terminated, in which case the Government shall have the right to settle or pay any termination settlement proposal arising out of those terminations.

With approval or ratification to the extent required by the Contracting Officer, settle all outstanding ~~liabilities and termination~~ [liabilities and termination](#) settlement proposals arising from the termination of subcontracts; approval or ratification will be final for purposes of this clause.

Transfer title (if not already transferred) and, as directed by the Contracting Officer, deliver to the

Government ~~any information~~ [any information](#) and items that, if the contract had been completed, would have been required to be furnished, including-

Materials or equipment produced, in process, or acquired for the work terminated; and

Completed or partially completed plans, drawings, and information.

Complete performance of the work not terminated.

Take any action that may be necessary, or that the Contracting Officer may direct, for the protection ~~and preservation of the~~ and preservation of the property related to this contract that is in the possession of the Contractor and in which the Government has or may acquire an interest.

Use its best efforts to sell, as directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer, termination inventory ~~other than that retained~~ other than that retained by the Government under paragraph (b)(6) of this clause; provided, however, that the Contractor (i) is not required to extend credit to any purchaser and (ii) may acquire the property under the conditions prescribed by, and at prices approved by, the Contracting Officer. The proceeds of any transfer or disposition will be applied to reduce any payments to be made by the Government under this contract, credited to the price or cost of the work, or paid in any other manner directed by the Contracting Officer.

The Contractor shall submit complete termination inventory schedules no later than 120 days from ~~the effective~~ the effective date ~~after termination of termination~~, unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer upon written request of the Contractor within this ~~120 day~~ 120-day period.

After termination, the Contractor shall submit a final termination settlement proposal to the ~~Contracting Officer~~ Contracting Officer in ~~the form~~ the form and with the certification prescribed by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall submit the proposal promptly but no later than 1 year from the effective date of termination unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer upon written request of the Contractor within this 1-year period. If the Contractor fails to submit the termination settlement proposal within the time allowed, the Contracting Officer may determine, on the basis of information available, the amount, if any, due the Contractor because of the termination and shall pay the amount determined.

Subject to paragraph (d) of this clause, the Contractor and the Contracting Officer may agree upon the ~~whole or whole or~~ any part of the amount to be paid because of the termination. This amount may include reasonable cancellation charges incurred by the Contractor and any reasonable loss on outstanding commitments for personal services that the Contractor is unable to cancel; provided, that the Contractor exercised reasonable diligence in diverting such commitments to other operations. The contract shall be amended and the Contractor paid the agreed amount.

The cost principles and procedures in subpart 31.3 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), ~~Contracts with~~ Contracts with Educational Institutions (defined as institutions of higher education in the OMB Uniform Guidance in 2 CFR part 200, subpart A, and 20 U.S.C. 1001), as in effect on the date of the contract, shall govern all costs claimed, agreed to, or determined under this clause; however, if the Contractor is not an educational institution and is a nonprofit organization (as defined in the OMB Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR part 200), the cost principles and procedures in subpart 31.7 of the FAR, Contracts with Nonprofit Organizations, shall apply; unless the Contractor is a nonprofit institution listed in the OMB Uniform Guidance at 2 CFR part 200, appendix VIII, as exempted from the cost principles in subpart E, in which case the cost principles at FAR 31.2 for commercial organizations shall apply to such contractor.

The Government may, under the terms and conditions it prescribes, make partial payments against ~~costs incurred~~costs incurred by ~~the Contractor~~the Contractor for the terminated portion of this contract, if the Contracting Officer believes the total of these payments will not exceed the amount to which the Contractor will be entitled.

The Contractor has the right of appeal as provided under the Disputes clause, except that if the ~~Contractor failed to submit~~Contractor failed to submit the termination settlement proposal within the time provided in paragraph (d) of this clause and failed to request a time extension, there is no right of appeal.

(End of clause)

#### 52.249-6 Termination (Cost-Reimbursement).

As prescribed in 49.503(a)(1), insert the following clause:

##### Termination (Cost-Reimbursement) (May 2004)

(a) The Government may terminate performance of work under this contract in whole or, from time to time, in part, if-

The Contracting Officer determines that a termination is in the Government's interest; or

The Contractor defaults in performing this contract and fails to cure the default within 10 days (~~unless extended~~unless extended by ~~the Contracting~~the Contracting Officer) after receiving a notice specifying the default. "Default" includes failure to make progress in the work so as to endanger performance.

The Contracting Officer shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination ~~specifying whether termination~~specifying whether termination is for default of the Contractor or for convenience of the Government, the extent of termination, and the effective date. If, after termination for default, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default or that the Contractor's failure to perform or to make progress in performance is due to causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor as set forth in the Excusable Delays clause, the rights and obligations of the parties will be the same as if the termination was for the convenience of the Government.

After receipt of a Notice of Termination, and except as directed by the Contracting Officer, the ~~Contractor shall immediately~~Contractor shall immediately proceed with the following obligations, regardless of any delay in determining or adjusting any amounts due under this clause:

Stop work as specified in the notice.

Place no further subcontracts or orders (referred to as subcontracts in this clause), except as necessary ~~to complete the continued~~to complete the continued portion of the contract.

Terminate all subcontracts to the extent they relate to the work terminated.

Assign to the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer, all right, title, and interest of ~~the Contractor~~the Contractor under ~~the subcontracts~~the subcontracts terminated, in which case the Government shall have the right to settle or to pay any termination settlement proposal arising out of those terminations.

With approval or ratification to the extent required by the Contracting Officer, settle all outstanding ~~liabilities and termination~~ liabilities and termination settlement proposals arising from the termination of subcontracts, the cost of which would be reimbursable in whole or in part, under this contract; approval or ratification will be final for purposes of this clause.

Transfer title (if not already transferred) and, as directed by the Contracting Officer, deliver to ~~the Government~~ the Government-

The fabricated or unfabricated parts, work in process, completed work, supplies, and other material ~~produced or acquired~~ produced or acquired for the work terminated;

The completed or partially completed plans, drawings, information, and other property that, if the ~~contract has been completed~~ contract had been completed, would be required to be furnished to the Government; and

The jigs, dies, fixtures, and other special tools and tooling acquired or manufactured for this contract, ~~the cost~~ the cost of ~~which the~~ which the Contractor has been or will be reimbursed under this contract.

Complete performance of the work not terminated.

Take any action that may be necessary, or that the Contracting Officer may direct, for the protection ~~and preservation of the~~ and preservation of the property related to this contract that is in the possession of the Contractor and in which the Government has or may acquire an interest.

Use its best efforts to sell, as directed or authorized by the Contracting Officer, any property of the ~~types referred~~ types referred to in ~~paragraph~~ paragraph (c)(6) of this clause; provided, however, that the Contractor (i) is not required to extend credit to any purchaser and (ii) may acquire the property under the conditions prescribed by, and at prices approved by, the Contracting Officer. The proceeds of any transfer or disposition will be applied to reduce any payments to be made by the Government under this contract, credited to the price or cost of the work, or paid in any other manner directed by the Contracting Officer.

The Contractor shall submit complete termination inventory schedules no later than 120 days from ~~the effective~~ the effective date ~~of termination~~ of termination, unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer upon written request of the Contractor within this ~~120 day~~ 120-day period.

After expiration of the plant clearance period as defined in Subpart 49.001 of the Federal ~~Acquisition Regulation~~ Acquisition Regulation, the Contractor may submit to the Contracting Officer a list, certified as to quantity and quality, of termination inventory not previously disposed of, excluding items authorized for disposition by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor may request the Government to remove those items or enter into an agreement for their storage. Within 15 days, the Government will accept the items and remove them or enter into a storage agreement. The Contracting Officer may verify the list upon removal of the items, or if stored, within 45 days from submission of the list, and shall correct the list, as necessary, before final settlement.

After termination, the Contractor shall submit a final termination settlement proposal to the ~~Contracting Officer~~ Contracting Officer in ~~the form~~ the form and with the certification prescribed by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall submit the proposal promptly, but no later than 1 year from the effective date of termination, unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer upon written request of the Contractor within this 1-year period. However, if the Contracting Officer determines that the facts justify it, a termination

settlement proposal may be received and acted on after 1 year or any extension. If the Contractor fails to submit the proposal within the time allowed, the Contracting Officer may determine, on the basis of information available, the amount, if any, due the Contractor because of the termination and shall pay the amount determined.

Subject to paragraph (f) of this clause, the Contractor and the Contracting Officer may agree on the whole ~~or any~~ or any part ~~of the~~ of the amount to be paid (including an allowance for fee) because of the termination. The contract shall be amended, and the Contractor paid the agreed amount.

If the Contractor and the Contracting Officer fail to agree in whole or in part on the amount of costs and ~~or fee~~ or fee to ~~be paid~~ be paid because of the termination of work, the Contracting Officer shall determine, on the basis of information available, the amount, if any, due the Contractor, and shall pay that amount, which shall include the following:

All costs reimbursable under this contract, not previously paid, for the performance of this contract before ~~the effective date~~ the effective date of the termination, and those costs that may continue for a reasonable time with the approval of or as directed by the Contracting Officer; however, the Contractor shall discontinue those costs as rapidly as practicable.

The cost of settling and paying termination settlement proposals under terminated subcontracts that ~~are properly chargeable~~ are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the contract if not included in paragraph (h)(1) of this clause.

The reasonable costs of settlement of the work terminated, including-

Accounting, legal, clerical, and other expenses reasonably necessary for the preparation of ~~termination settlement proposals~~ termination settlement proposals and supporting data;

The termination and settlement of subcontracts (excluding the amounts of such settlements); and

Storage, transportation, and other costs incurred, reasonably necessary for the preservation, protection, ~~or disposition~~ or disposition of the termination inventory. If the termination is for default, no amounts for the preparation of the Contractor's termination settlement proposal may be included.

(4) A portion of the fee payable under the contract, determined as follows:

If the contract is terminated for the convenience of the Government, the settlement shall include a ~~percentage of percentage of~~ percentage of the ~~fee equal~~ fee equal to the percentage of completion of work contemplated under the contract, but excluding subcontract effort included in subcontractors' termination proposals, less previous payments for fee.

If the contract is terminated for default, the total fee payable shall be such proportionate part of the fee as ~~the total number~~ the total number of articles (or amount of services) delivered to and accepted by the Government is to the total number of articles (or amount of services) of a like kind required by the contract.

(5) If the settlement includes only fee, it will be determined under paragraph (h)(4) of this clause.

The cost principles and procedures in part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, in effect on the date ~~of this~~ of this contract, shall govern all costs claimed, agreed to, or determined under this clause.



The Contractor shall have the right of appeal, under the Disputes clause, from any determination made by the Contracting Officer under paragraph (f), (h), or (l) of this clause, except that if the Contractor failed to submit the termination settlement proposal within the time provided in paragraph (f) and failed to request a time extension, there is no right of appeal. If the Contracting Officer has made a determination of the amount due under paragraph (f), (h) or (l) of this clause, the Government shall pay the Contractor-

The amount determined by the Contracting Officer if there is no right of appeal or if no timely appeal ~~has been~~ has been taken; or

The amount finally determined on an appeal.

(k) In arriving at the amount due the Contractor under this clause, there shall be deducted-

All unliquidated advance or other payments to the Contractor, under the terminated portion of this contract;

Any claim which the Government has against the Contractor under this contract; and

The agreed price for, or the proceeds of sale of materials, supplies, or other things acquired by the ~~Contractor or sold under~~ Contractor or sold under this clause and not recovered by or credited to the Government.

(l) The Contractor and Contracting Officer must agree to any equitable adjustment in fee for the continued portion of the contract when there is a partial termination. The Contracting Officer shall amend the contract to reflect the agreement.

(m)

The Government may, under the terms and conditions it prescribes, make partial payments and ~~payments against costs incurred~~ payments against costs incurred by the Contractor for the terminated portion of the contract, if the Contracting Officer believes the total of these payments will not exceed the amount to which the Contractor will be entitled.

If the total payments exceed the amount finally determined to be due, the Contractor shall repay the excess ~~to the~~

to the Government upon demand, together with interest computed at the rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury under 50 U.S.C. App.1215(b)(2). Interest shall be computed for the period from the date the excess payment is received by the Contractor to the date the excess is repaid. Interest shall not be charged on any excess payment due to a reduction in the Contractor's termination settlement proposal because of retention or other disposition of termination inventory until 10 days after the date of the retention or disposition, or a later date determined by the Contracting Officer because of the circumstances.

(n) The provisions of this clause relating to fee are inapplicable if this contract does not include a fee.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Sept1996). If the contract is for construction, substitute the following paragraph (h)(4) for paragraph (h)(4) of the basic clause:

(4) A portion of the fee payable under the contract determined as follows:

If the contract is terminated for the convenience of the Government, the settlement shall include a ~~percentage of percentage of~~ the ~~fee equal~~ fee equal to the percentage of completion of work contemplated under the contract, but excluding subcontract effort included in subcontractors' termination settlement proposals, less previous payments for fee.

If the contract is terminated for default, the total fee payable shall be such proportionate part of the fee as ~~the actual work~~ the actual work in place is to the total work in place required by the contract.

Alternate II (Sept1996). If the contract is with an agency of the U.S. Government or with State, local, or foreign governments or their agencies, and if the contracting officer determines that the requirement to pay interest on excess partial payments is inappropriate, delete paragraph (m)(2) from the basic clause.

Alternate III (Sept1996). If the contract is for construction with an agency of the U.S. Government or with State, local, or foreign governments or their agencies, the following paragraph (h)(4) shall be substituted for paragraph (h)(4) of the basic clause. Paragraph (m)(2) may be deleted from the basic clause if the contracting officer determines that the requirement to pay interest on excess partial payments is inappropriate.

(4) A portion of the fee payable under the contract determined as follows:

If the contract is terminated for the convenience of the Government, the settlement shall include a ~~percentage of percentage of~~ the ~~fee equal~~ fee equal to the percentage of completion of work contemplated under the contract, but excluding subcontract effort included in subcontractors' termination settlement proposals, less previous payments for fee.

If the contract is terminated for default, the total fee payable shall be such proportionate part of the fee as ~~the actual work~~ the actual work in place is to the total work in place required by the contract.

Alternate IV (Sept1996). If the contract is a time-and-material or labor-hour contract, substitute the following paragraphs (h) and (l) for paragraphs (h) and (l) of the basic clause:

(h) If the Contractor and the Contracting Officer fail to agree in whole or in part on the amount to be paid because of the termination of work, the Contracting Officer shall determine, on the basis of information available, the amount, if any, due the Contractor and shall pay the amount determined as follows:

(1) If the termination is for the convenience of the Government, include-

An amount for direct labor hours (as defined in the Schedule of the contract) determined by multiplying ~~the number of direct~~ the number of direct labor hours expended before the effective date of termination by the hourly rate(s) in the Schedule, less any hourly rate payments already made to the Contractor;

An amount (computed under the provisions for payment of materials) for material expenses incurred ~~before the effective~~ before the effective date of termination, not previously paid to the Contractor;

An amount for labor and material expenses computed as if the expenses were incurred before the ~~effective date of termination~~ effective date of termination, if they are reasonably incurred after the effective date, with the approval of or as directed by the Contracting Officer; however, the Contractor shall discontinue these expenses as rapidly as practicable;

If not included in subdivision (h)(1)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this clause, the cost of settling and paying ~~termination settlement proposals~~ termination settlement proposals under terminated subcontracts that are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the contract; and

The reasonable costs of settlement of the work terminated, including-

Accounting, legal, clerical, and other expenses reasonably necessary for the preparation of ~~termination settlement proposals~~ termination settlement proposals and supporting data;

The termination and settlement of subcontracts (excluding the amounts of such settlements); and

Storage, transportation, and other costs incurred, reasonably necessary for the protection or disposition of the termination inventory.

(2) If the termination is for default of the Contractor, include the amounts computed under paragraph (h)(1) of this clause but omit-

Any amount for preparation of the Contractor's termination settlement proposal; and

The portion of the hourly rate allocable to profit for any direct labor hours expended in furnishing ~~materials and services~~ materials and services not delivered to and accepted by the Government.

(l) If the termination is partial, the Contractor may file with the Contracting Officer a proposal for an equitable adjustment of price(s) for the continued portion of the contract. The Contracting Officer shall make any equitable adjustment agreed upon. Any proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment under this clause shall be requested within 90 days from the effective date of termination, unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer.

Alternate V (Sept 1996). If the contract is a time-and-material or labor-hour contract with an agency of the U.S. Government or with State, local or foreign governments or their agencies, substitute the following paragraphs (h) and (l) for paragraphs (h) and (l) of the basic clause. Paragraph (m)(2) may be deleted from the basic clause if the contracting officer determines that the requirement to pay interest on excess partial payments is inappropriate.

(h) If the Contractor and the Contracting Officer fail to agree in whole or in part on the amount to be paid because of the termination of work, the Contracting Officer shall determine, on the basis of information available, the amount, if any, due the Contractor and shall pay the amount determined as follows:

(1) If the termination is for the convenience of the Government, include-

An amount for direct labor hours (as defined in the Schedule of the contract) determined by multiplying ~~the number of direct~~ the number of direct labor hours expended before the effective date of termination by the hourly rate(s) in the Schedule, less any hourly rate payments already made to the contractor;

An amount (computed under the provisions for payment of materials) for material expenses incurred ~~before the effective~~ before the effective date of termination, not previously paid to the Contractor;

An amount for labor and material expenses computed as if the expenses were incurred before the ~~effective date of termination~~ effective date of termination if they are reasonably incurred after the effective date, with the

approval of or as directed by the Contracting Officer; however, the Contractor shall discontinue these expenses as rapidly as practicable;

If not included in subdivision (h)(1)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this clause, the cost of settling and paying ~~termination settlement proposals~~ termination settlement proposals under terminated subcontracts that are properly chargeable to the terminated portion of the contract; and

The reasonable costs of settlement of the work terminated, including-

Accounting, legal, clerical, and other expenses reasonably necessary for the preparation of ~~termination settlement proposals~~ termination settlement proposals and supporting data;

The termination and settlement of subcontracts (excluding the amounts of such settlements); and

Storage, transportation, and other costs incurred, reasonably necessary for the protection or disposition of the termination inventory.

(2) If the termination is for default of the Contractor, include the amounts computed under paragraph (h)(1) of this clause but omit-

Any amount for preparation of the Contractor's termination settlement proposal; and

The portion of the hourly rate allocable to profit for any direct labor hours expended in furnishing ~~materials and services~~ materials and services not delivered to and accepted by the Government.

(l) If the termination is partial, the Contractor may file with the Contracting Officer a proposal for an equitable adjustment of the price(s) for the continued portion of the contract. The Contracting Officer shall make any equitable adjustment agreed upon. Any proposal by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment under this clause shall be requested within 90 days from the effective date of termination, unless extended in writing by the Contracting Officer.

52.249-7 Termination (Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer).

As prescribed in 49.503(b), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for architect-engineer services when a fixed-price contract is contemplated:

Termination (Fixed-Price Architect-Engineer) (Apr 1984)

(a) The Government may terminate this contract in whole or, from time to time, in part, for the Government's convenience or because of the failure of the Contractor to fulfill the contract obligations. The Contracting Officer shall terminate by delivering to the Contractor a Notice of Termination specifying the nature, extent, and effective date of the termination. Upon receipt of the notice, the Contractor shall-

Immediately discontinue all services affected (unless the notice directs otherwise); and

Deliver to the Contracting Officer all data, drawings, specifications, reports, estimates, summaries, and other information and materials accumulated in performing this contract, whether completed or in process.

If the termination is for the convenience of the Government, the Contracting Officer shall make an ~~equitable adjustment in~~equitable adjustment in the contract price but shall allow no anticipated profit on unperformed services.

If the termination is for failure of the Contractor to fulfill the contract obligations, the Government ~~may complete the work~~may complete the work by contract or otherwise and the Contractor shall be liable for any additional cost incurred by the Government.

If, after termination for failure to fulfill contract obligations, it is determined that the Contractor had ~~not failed, the rights~~not failed, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of the Government.

The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause are in addition to any other rights ~~and remedies provided~~and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.249-8 Default (Fixed-Price Supply and Service).

As prescribed in 49.504(a)(1), insert the following clause:

Default (Fixed-Price Supply and Service) (Apr 1984)

(a)

(1) The Government may, subject to paragraphs (c) and (d) of this clause, by written notice of default to the Contractor, terminate this contract in whole or in part if the Contractor fails to-

(i) Deliver the supplies or to perform the services within the time specified in this contract or any extension; (ii) Make progress, so as to endanger performance of this contract (but see paragraph (a)(2) of this clause); or

(iii) Perform any of the other provisions of this contract (but see paragraph (a)(2) of this clause).

(2) The Government's right to terminate this contract under subdivisions (a)(1)(ii) and (1)(iii) of this clause, may be exercised if the Contractor does not cure such failure within 10 days (or more if authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer) after receipt of the notice from the Contracting Officer specifying the failure.

If the Government terminates this contract in whole or in part, it may acquire, under the terms and in the manner the ~~manner the Contracting~~Contracting Officer considers appropriate, supplies or services similar to those terminated, and the Contractor will be liable to the Government for any excess costs for those supplies or services. However, the Contractor shall continue the work not terminated.

Except for defaults of subcontractors at any tier, the Contractor shall not be liable for any excess costs if ~~the failure to perform~~the failure to perform the contract arises from causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Examples of such causes include (1) acts of God or of the public enemy, (2) acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, (3) fires, (4) floods, (5) epidemics, (6) quarantine restrictions, (7) strikes, (8) freight embargoes, and (9) unusually severe weather. In each instance the failure to perform must be beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor.

Examples of such causes include (1) acts of God or of the public enemy, (2) acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, (3) fires, (4) floods, (5) epidemics, (6) quarantine restrictions, (7) strikes, (8) freight embargoes, and (9) unusually severe weather. In each instance the failure to perform must be beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor.

If the failure to perform is caused by the default of a subcontractor at any tier, and if the cause of the ~~default is beyond the~~ default is beyond the control of both the Contractor and subcontractor, and without the fault or negligence of either, the Contractor shall not be liable for any excess costs for failure to perform, unless the subcontracted supplies or services were obtainable from other sources in sufficient time for the Contractor to meet the required delivery schedule.

If this contract is terminated for default, the Government may require the Contractor to transfer title ~~and deliver~~ and deliver to ~~the Government~~ the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer, any (1) completed supplies, and (2) partially completed supplies and materials, parts, tools, dies, jigs, fixtures, plans, drawings, information, and contract rights (collectively referred to as "manufacturing materials" in this clause) that the Contractor has specifically produced or acquired for the terminated portion of this contract. Upon direction of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall also protect and preserve property in its possession in which the Government has an interest.

The Government shall pay contract price for completed supplies delivered and accepted. The Contractor ~~and Contracting~~ and Contracting Officer shall agree on the amount of payment for manufacturing materials delivered and accepted and for the protection and preservation of the property. Failure to agree will be a dispute under the Disputes clause. The Government may withhold from these amounts any sum the Contracting Officer determines to be necessary to protect the Government against loss because of outstanding liens or claims of former lien holders.

If, after termination, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default, or that the default was excusable, the ~~rights and~~ rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of the Government.

The rights and remedies of the Government in this clause are in addition to any other rights and ~~remedies provided by law~~ remedies provided by law or under this contract.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the contract is for transportation or transportation-related services, delete paragraph (f) of the basic clause, redesignate the remaining paragraphs accordingly, and substitute the following paragraphs (a) and (e) for paragraphs (a) and (e) of the basic clause:

(a)(1) The Government may, subject to paragraphs (c) and (d) of this clause, by written notice of default to the Contractor, terminate this contract in whole or in part if the Contractor fails to-

Pick up the commodities or to perform the services, including delivery services, within the time specified ~~in this contract~~ in this contract or any extension;

Make progress, so as to endanger performance of this contract (but see paragraph (a)(2) of this clause); or

Perform any of the other provisions of this contract (but see paragraph (a)(2) of this clause).

(2) The Government's right to terminate this contract under subdivisions (a)(1)(ii) and (iii) of this clause, may be exercised if the Contractor does not cure such failure within 10 days (or more if authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer) after receipt of the notice from the Contracting Officer specifying the failure.

(e) If this contract is terminated while the Contractor has possession of Government goods, the Contractor shall, upon direction of the Contracting Officer, protect and preserve the goods until surrendered to the Government or its agent. The Contractor and Contracting Officer shall agree on payment for the preservation and protection of goods. Failure to agree on an amount will be a dispute under the Disputes clause.

52.249-9 Default (Fixed-Price Research and Development).

As prescribed in [49.504\(b\)](#), insert the following clause:

Default (Fixed-Price Research and Development) (Apr 1984)

(a)

(1) The Government may, subject to paragraphs (c) and (d) of this clause, by written Notice of Default to the Contractor, terminate this contract in whole or in part if the Contractor fails to-

Perform the work under the contract within the time specified in this contract or any extension;

Prosecute the work so as to endanger performance of this contract (but see paragraph (a)(2) of this clause); or ~~(iii)~~ Perform any of the other provisions of this contract (but see paragraph (a)(2) of this clause).

(2) The Government's right to terminate this contract under subdivisions (a)(1)(ii) and (iii) of this clause may be exercised if the Contractor does not cure such failure within 10 days (or more, if authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer) after receipt of the notice from the Contracting Officer specifying the failure.

If the Government terminates this contract in whole or in part, it may acquire, under the terms and in ~~the manner~~ the ~~manner the Contracting~~ ~~Contracting~~ Officer considers appropriate, work similar to the work terminated, and the Contractor will be liable to the Government for any excess costs for the similar work. However, the Contractor shall continue the work not terminated.

Except for defaults of subcontractors at any tier, the Contractor shall not be liable for any excess costs if ~~the failure to perform~~ ~~the failure to perform~~ the contract arises from causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Examples of such causes include (1) acts of God or of the public enemy, (2) acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, (3) fires, (4) floods, (5) epidemics, (6) quarantine restrictions, (7) strikes, (8) freight embargoes, and (9) unusually severe weather. In each instance the failure to perform must be beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor.

Examples of such causes include (1) acts of God or of the public enemy, (2) acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, (3) fires, (4) floods, (5) epidemics, (6) quarantine restrictions, (7) strikes, (8) freight embargoes, and (9) unusually severe weather. In each instance the failure to perform must be beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor.

If the failure to perform is caused by the default of a subcontractor at any tier, and if the cause of the ~~default is beyond the~~ default is beyond the control of both the Contractor and subcontractor, and without the fault or negligence of either, the Contractor shall not be liable for any excess costs for failure to perform, unless the subcontracted supplies or services were obtainable from other sources in sufficient time for the Contractor to meet the required delivery schedule or other performance requirements.

If this contract is terminated for default, the Government may require the Contractor to transfer title ~~and deliver~~ and deliver to ~~the Government~~ the Government, as directed by the Contracting Officer, any (1) completed or partially completed work not previously delivered to, and accepted by, the Government and (2) other property, including contract rights, specifically produced or acquired for the terminated portion of this contract. Upon direction of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall also protect and preserve property in its possession in which the Government has an interest.

The Government shall pay the contract price, if separately stated, for completed work it has accepted and ~~the amount agreed~~ the amount agreed upon by the Contractor and the Contracting Officer for (1) completed work for which no separate price is stated, (2) partially completed work, (3) other property described above that it accepts, and (4) the protection and preservation of the property. Failure to agree will be a dispute under the Disputes clause. The Government may withhold from these amounts any sum the Contracting Officer determines to be necessary to protect the Government against loss from outstanding liens or claims of former lien holders.

If, after termination, it is determined that the Contractor was not in default, or that the default was excusable, the ~~rights and~~ rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of the Government.

The rights and remedies of the Government in this clause are in addition to any other rights and ~~remedies provided by law~~ remedies provided by law or under this contract.

(End of clause)

52.249-10 Default (Fixed-Price Construction).

As prescribed in 49.504(c)(1), insert the following clause:

Default (Fixed-Price Construction) (Apr 1984)

If the Contractor refuses or fails to prosecute the work or any separable part, with the diligence that ~~will insure its completion~~ will insure its completion within the time specified in this contract including any extension, or fails to complete the work within this time, the Government may, by written notice to the Contractor, terminate the right to proceed with the work (or the separable part of the work) that has been delayed. In this event, the Government may take over the work and complete it by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of and use any materials, appliances, and plant on the work site necessary for completing the work. The Contractor and its sureties shall be liable for any damage to the Government resulting from the Contractor's refusal or failure to complete the work within the specified time, whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is terminated. This liability includes any increased costs incurred by the Government in completing the work.



The Contractor's right to proceed shall not be terminated nor the Contractor charged with damages under ~~this clause~~this clause, if-

(1) The delay in completing the work arises from unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Examples of such causes include-

Acts of God or of the public enemy,

Acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity,

Acts of another Contractor in the performance of a contract with the Government, (iv) Fires,

~~Fires,~~

Floods,

Epidemics,

Quarantine restrictions,

Strikes,

Freight embargoes,

Unusually severe weather, or

Delays of subcontractors or suppliers at any tier arising from unforeseeable causes beyond the control ~~and without the fault~~and without the fault or negligence of both the Contractor and the subcontractors or suppliers; and

(2) The Contractor, within 10 days from the beginning of any delay (unless extended by the Contracting Officer), notifies the Contracting Officer in writing of the causes of delay. The Contracting Officer shall ascertain the facts and the extent of delay. If, in the judgment of the Contracting Officer, the findings of fact warrant such action, the time for completing the work shall be extended. The findings of the Contracting Officer shall be final and conclusive on the parties, but subject to appeal under the Disputes clause.

If, after termination of the Contractor's right to proceed, it is determined that the Contractor was not ~~in default~~in default, or ~~that the~~that the delay was excusable, the rights and obligations of the parties will be the same as if the termination had been issued for the convenience of the Government.

The rights and remedies of the Government in this clause are in addition to any other rights and ~~remedies provided by law~~remedies provided by law or under this contract.

(End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). If the contract is for dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements, substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause:

(a)(1) If the Contractor refuses or fails to prosecute the work, or any separable part, with the diligence that will insure its completion within the time specified in this contract, including any extension, or fails to complete the

work within this time, the Government may, by written notice to the Contractor, terminate the right to proceed with the work or the part of the work that has been delayed. In this event, the Government may take over the work and complete it by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of and use any materials, appliances, and plant on the work site necessary for completing the work.

If title to property is vested in the Contractor under this contract, it shall revert in the Government ~~regardless of any other~~regardless of any other clause of this contract, except for property that the Contractor has disposed of by bona fide sale or removed from the site.

The Contractor and its sureties shall be liable for any damage to the Government resulting from ~~the Contractor's refusal or~~the Contractor's refusal or failure to complete the work within the specified time, whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is terminated. This liability includes any increased costs incurred by the Government in completing the work.

Alternate II (Apr 1984). If the contract is to be awarded during a period of national emergency, paragraph (b)(1) below may be substituted for paragraph (b)(1) of the basic clause:

(1) The delay in completing the work arises from causes other than normal weather beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Examples of such causes include-

Acts of God or of the public enemy,

Acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity,

Acts of another Contractor in the performance of a contract with the Government,

Fires,

Floods,

Epidemics,

Quarantine restrictions,

Strikes,

Freight embargoes,

Unusually severe weather, or

Delays of subcontractors or suppliers at any tier arising from causes other than normal weather beyond ~~the control and without~~the control and without the fault or negligence of both the Contractor and the subcontractors or suppliers; and

Alternate III (Apr 1984). If the contract is for dismantling, demolition, or removal of improvements and is to be awarded during a period of national emergency, substitute the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) of the basic clause. The following paragraph (b)(1) may be substituted for paragraph (b)(1) of the basic clause:

(a)(1) If the Contractor refuses or fails to prosecute the work, or any separable part, with the diligence that will insure its completion within the time specified in this contract, including any extension, or fails to complete the

work within this time, the Government may, by written notice to the Contractor, terminate the right to proceed with the work or the part of the work that has been delayed. In this event, the Government may take over the work and complete it by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of and use any materials, appliances, and plant on the work site necessary for completing the work.

If title to property is vested in the Contractor under this contract, it shall revert in the Government ~~regardless of any other~~ regardless of any other clause of this contract, except for property that the Contractor has disposed of by bona fide sale or removed from the site.

The Contractor and its sureties shall be liable for any damage to the Government resulting from ~~the Contractor's refusal or~~ the Contractor's refusal or failure to complete the work within the specified time, whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is terminated. This liability includes any increased costs incurred by the Government in completing the work.

(b) The Contractor's right to proceed shall not be terminated nor the Contractor charged with damages under this clause, if-

(1) The delay in completing the work arises from causes other than normal weather beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Examples of such causes include-

Acts of God or of the public enemy,

Acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity,

Acts of another Contractor in the performance of a contract with the Government,

Fires,

Floods,

Epidemics,

Quarantine restrictions,

Strikes,

Freight embargoes,

Unusually severe weather, or

Delays of subcontractors or suppliers at any tier arising from causes other than normal weather beyond ~~the control and without~~ the control and without the fault or negligence of both the Contractor and the subcontractors or suppliers; and 52.249-11 [Reserved]

52.249-12 Termination (Personal Services).

As prescribed in 49.505(a), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for personal services (see ~~part 37~~ part 37):

Termination (Personal Services) (Apr 1984)

The Government may terminate this contract at any time upon at least 15 days' written notice by the Contracting Officer to the Contractor. The Contractor, with the written consent of the Contracting Officer, may terminate this contract upon at least 15 days' written notice to the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.249-13 [Reserved]

52.249-14 Excusable Delays.

As prescribed in [49.505\(b\)](#), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts for supplies, services, construction, and research and development on a fee basis whenever a cost-reimbursement contract is contemplated. Also insert the clause in time-and-material contracts, and labor-hour contracts. When used in construction contracts, substitute the words "completion time" for "delivery schedule" in the last sentence of the clause.

Excusable Delays (Apr 1984)

Except for defaults of subcontractors at any tier, the Contractor shall not be in default because of any ~~failure to perform this~~[failure to perform this](#) contract under its terms if the failure arises from causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Examples of these causes are (1) acts of God or of the public enemy, (2) acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, (3) fires, (4) floods, (5) epidemics, (6) quarantine restrictions, (7) strikes, (8) freight embargoes, and (9) unusually severe weather. In each instance, the failure to perform must be beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor. "Default" includes failure to make progress in the work so as to endanger performance.

If the failure to perform is caused by the failure of a subcontractor at any tier to perform or make progress, and if ~~the cause~~[the cause](#) of the failure was beyond the control of both the Contractor and subcontractor, and without the fault or negligence of either, the Contractor shall not be deemed to be in default, - unless-

The subcontracted supplies or services were obtainable from other sources;

The Contracting Officer ordered the Contractor in writing to purchase these supplies or services from ~~the other~~[the other](#) source; and

The Contractor failed to comply reasonably with this order.

(c) Upon request of the Contractor, the Contracting Officer shall ascertain the facts and extent of the failure. If the Contracting Officer determines that any failure to perform results from one or more of the causes above, the delivery schedule shall be revised, subject to the rights of the Government under the termination clause of this contract.

(End of clause)

52.250 [Reserved]

52.250-1 Indemnification Under Public ~~Law 85~~[Law 85](#)-804.

As prescribed in [50.104-4](#), insert the following clause:

Indemnification Under Public Law 85-804 (Apr 1984)

(a) "Contractor's principal officials," as used in this clause, means directors, officers, managers, superintendents, or other representatives supervising or directing ~~(1) All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;~~

~~All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;~~

All or substantially all of the Contractor's operations at any one plant or separate location in which ~~this contract~~ this contract is ~~being performed~~ being performed; or

A separate and complete major industrial operation in connection with the performance of this contract.

(b) Under Public Law 85-804 ~~(4)~~ (50 U.S.C. 1431-1435) and Executive Order 10789, as amended, and regardless of any other provisions of this contract, the Government shall, subject to the limitations contained in the other paragraphs of this clause, indemnify the Contractor against-

Claims (including reasonable expenses of litigation or settlement) by third persons (including employees ~~of the Contractor~~ of the Contractor) for death; personal injury; or loss of, damage to, or loss of use of property;

Loss of, damage to, or loss of use of Contractor property, excluding loss of profit; and

Loss of, damage to, or loss of use of Government property, excluding loss of profit.

This indemnification applies only to the extent that the claim, loss, or damage (1) arises out of or results ~~from a risk defined~~ from a risk defined in this contract as unusually hazardous or nuclear and (2) is not compensated for by insurance or otherwise. Any such claim, loss, or damage, to the extent that it is within the deductible amounts of the Contractor's insurance, is not covered under this clause. If insurance coverage or other financial protection in effect on the date the approving official authorizes use of this clause is reduced, the Government's liability under this clause shall not increase as a result.

When the claim, loss, or damage is caused by willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of any ~~of the~~ of the Contractor's principal officials, the Contractor shall not be indemnified for-

Government claims against the Contractor (other than those arising through subrogation); or

Loss or damage affecting the Contractor's property.

With the Contracting Officer's prior written approval, the Contractor may, in any subcontract under ~~this contract~~ this contract, indemnify the subcontractor against any risk defined in this contract as unusually hazardous or nuclear. This indemnification shall provide, between the Contractor and the subcontractor, the same rights and duties, and the same provisions for notice, furnishing of evidence or proof, and Government settlement or defense of claims as this clause provides. The Contracting Officer may also approve indemnification of subcontractors at any lower tier, under the same terms and conditions. The Government shall indemnify the Contractor against liability to subcontractors incurred under subcontract provisions approved by the Contracting Officer.

The rights and obligations of the parties under this clause shall survive this contract's termination, expiration, ~~or completion or completion.~~ The Government shall make no payment under this clause unless the agency head determines that the amount is just and reasonable. The Government may pay the Contractor or subcontractors, or may directly pay parties to whom the Contractor or subcontractors may be liable.

The Contractor shall-

Promptly notify the Contracting Officer of any claim or action against, or any loss by, the Contractor or any subcontractors that may be reasonably be expected to involve indemnification under this clause;

Immediately furnish to the Government copies of all pertinent papers the Contractor receives;

Furnish evidence or proof of any claim, loss, or damage covered by this clause in the manner and form ~~the Government requires~~ the Government requires; and

Comply with the Government's directions and execute any authorizations required in connection ~~with settlement or defense~~ with settlement or defense of claims or actions.

The Government may direct, control, or assist in settling or defending any claim or action that may involve indemnification under this clause. (End of clause)

Alternate I (Apr 1984). In cost-reimbursement contracts, add the following paragraph (i) to the basic clause:

The cost of insurance (including self-insurance programs) covering a risk defined in this contract as ~~unusually hazardous or~~ unusually hazardous or nuclear shall not be reimbursed except to the extent that the Contracting Officer has required or approved this insurance. The Government's obligations under this clause are-

Excepted from the release required under this contract's clause relating to allowable cost; and

Not affected by this contract's Limitation of Cost or Limitation of Funds clause.

52.250-2 SAFETY Act Coverage Not Applicable.

As prescribed in 50.206(a), insert the following provision:

SAFETY Act Coverage Not Applicable (Feb 2009)

The Government has determined that for purposes of this solicitation the product(s) or service(s) being acquired by this action are neither presumptively nor actually entitled to a pre-determination that the products or services are qualified ~~antiterrorism~~ anti-terrorism technologies as that term is defined by the Support Anti-terrorism by Fostering Effective Technologies Act of 2002 (SAFETY Act), ~~-6 U.S.C. 441-444~~. This determination does not prevent sellers of technologies from applying for SAFETY Act protections in other contexts. Proposals in which either acceptance or pricing is made contingent upon SAFETY Act designation as a qualified anti-terrorism technology or SAFETY Act certification as an approved product for homeland security of the proposed product or service will not be considered for award. See Federal Acquisition Regulation ~~-subpart 50.2~~.

(End of provision)

52.250-3 SAFETY Act Block Designation/Certification.

As prescribed in [50.206\(b\)\(1\)](#), insert the following provision:

Safety Act Block Designation/Certification (Feb 2009)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

Act of terrorism means any act determined to have met the following requirements or such other requirements as defined and specified by the Secretary of Homeland Security:

Is unlawful.

Causes harm, including financial harm, to a person, property, or entity, in the United States, or in the case of ~~aofa~~ domestic United States air carrier or a United States-flag vessel (or a vessel based principally in the United States on which United States income tax is paid and whose insurance coverage is subject to regulation in the United States), in or outside the United States.

Uses or attempts to use instrumentalities, weapons or other methods designed or intended to cause ~~mass destruction~~, [massdestruction](#), injury or other loss to citizens or institutions of the United States.

Block certification means SAFETY Act certification of a technology class that the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has determined to be an approved class of approved products for homeland security.

Block designation means SAFETY Act designation of a technology class that the DHS has determined to be a Qualified Anti-Terrorism Technology (QATT).

Qualified Anti-Terrorism Technology (QATT) means any technology designed, developed, modified, procured, or sold for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, or deterring acts of terrorism or limiting the harm such acts might otherwise cause, for which a SAFETY Act designation has been issued. For purposes of defining a QATT, technology means any product, equipment, service (including support services), device, or technology (including information technology) or any combination of the foregoing. Design services, consulting services, engineering services, software development services, software integration services, threat assessments, vulnerability studies, and other analyses relevant to homeland security may be deemed a technology.

Block certification means SAFETY Act certification of a technology class that the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has determined to be an approved class of approved products for homeland security.

Block designation means SAFETY Act designation of a technology class that the DHS has determined to be a Qualified Anti-Terrorism Technology (QATT).

Qualified Anti-Terrorism Technology (QATT) means any technology designed, developed, modified, procured, or sold for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, or deterring acts of terrorism or limiting the harm such acts might otherwise cause, for which a SAFETY Act designation has been issued. For purposes of defining a QATT, technology means any product, equipment, service (including support services), device, or technology (including information technology) or any combination of the foregoing. Design services, consulting services, engineering services, software development services, software integration services, threat assessments, vulnerability studies, and other analyses relevant to homeland security may be deemed a technology.

SAFETY Act certification means a determination by DHS pursuant to [6 U.S.C. 442\(d\)](#), as further delineated in 6 CFR [25.9](#), that a QATT for which a SAFETY Act designation has been issued is an approved product for homeland security, i.e., it will perform as intended, conforms to the seller's specifications, and is safe for use as intended.

SAFETY Act designation means a determination by DHS pursuant to [6 U.S.C. 441\(b\)](#) and [6 U.S.C. 443\(a\)](#), as further delineated in 6 CFR [25.4](#), that a particular Anti-Terrorism Technology constitutes a QATT under the SAFETY Act.

(b) The Support Anti-terrorism by Fostering Effective Technologies Act of 2002 (SAFETY Act), ~~6 U.S.C. 441444~~, creates certain liability limitations for claims arising out of, relating to, or resulting from an act of terrorism where QATTs have been deployed. It also confers other important benefits. SAFETY Act designation and SAFETY Act certification are designed to support effective technologies aimed at preventing, detecting, identifying, or deterring acts of terrorism, or limiting the harm that such acts might otherwise cause, and which also meet other prescribed criteria. For some classes of technologies, DHS may issue a block designation/certification in order to lessen the burdens for filing for SAFETY Act designation or SAFETY Act certifications by not requiring applicants to provide certain information otherwise required and in order to offer expedited review of any application submitted pursuant to a block designation/certification. Block designations/certifications will be issued only for technologies that rely on established performance standards or defined technical characteristics.

(c)

DHS has issued a block designation or block certification for the technology to be acquired under ~~this solicitation~~ [this solicitation](#).

This block designation or block certification is attached to this solicitation and contains essential information, including—

A detailed description of and specification for the technology covered by the block designation or ~~block certification~~ [block certification](#);

A listing of those portions of the SAFETY Act application kit that must be completed and submitted ~~by applicants;~~ ~~(iii) The date of its expiration; and~~ [by applicants](#);

~~(iv) The date of its expiration; and~~

Any other terms and conditions.

(3) Offerors should read this block designation or block certification carefully to make sure they comply with its terms if they plan to take advantage of SAFETY Act coverage for their technology(ies).

All determinations by DHS are based on factors set forth in the SAFETY Act and its ~~implementing regulations~~. ~~A determination~~ [implementing regulations](#). A [determination](#) by DHS to issue a SAFETY Act designation, or not to issue a SAFETY Act designation for a particular technology as a QATT is not a determination that the technology meets, or fails to meet, the requirements of any solicitation issued by any Federal, State, local or tribal governments.

Determinations by DHS with respect to whether to issue a SAFETY Act designation for technologies submitted for DHS review are based on the factors identified in 6 CFR [25.4\(b\)](#).



Neither SAFETY Act designation nor certification is in any way a requirement of this action. Whether to ~~seek the benefits~~seek the benefits of the SAFETY Act for a proposed product or service is entirely up to the offeror. Additional information about the SAFETY Act and this block designation/certification may be found at the SAFETY Act website at <http://www.SAFETYAct.gov> or requests may be mailed to:

Directorate of Science and Technology SAFETY Act/Room 4320 Department of Homeland Security Washington, DC 20528

Proposals in which pricing or any other terms or conditions are offered contingent upon SAFETY ~~Act designation or SAFETY Act designation or SAFETY~~Act designation or SAFETY Act certification of the proposed product(s) or service(s) will not be considered for award.

(End of provision)

Alternate I (Feb 2009). As prescribed in ~~(50.206 (b)(2))~~, substitute the following paragraph (f):

(f)(1) Offerors are authorized to submit proposals made contingent upon SAFETY Act designation (or SAFETY Act certification, if a block certification exists) before award. When an offer is made contingent upon SAFETY Act designation or certification, the offeror also may submit an alternate offer without the contingency.

If an offer is submitted contingent upon receipt of SAFETY Act designation (or SAFETY Act certification, ~~if a block certification~~if a block certification exists) prior to contract award, then the Government may not award a contract based on such offer unless the offeror demonstrates prior to award that DHS has issued a SAFETY Act designation (or SAFETY Act certification, if a block certification exists) for the offeror's technology.

The Government reserves the right to award the contract based on a noncontingent offer, prior to ~~DHS resolution~~DHS resolution of ~~the offeror's~~the offeror's application for SAFETY Act designation (or SAFETY Act certification, if a block certification exists).

Alternate II ( Feb 2009). As prescribed in ~~(50.206 (b)(3))~~, substitute the following paragraph (f):

(f)(1) Offerors are authorized to submit offers presuming that SAFETY Act designation (or SAFETY Act certification, if a block certification exists) will be obtained before or after award.

(2) An offeror is eligible for award only if the offeror-

Files a SAFETY Act designation (or SAFETY Act certification) application, limited to the scope of ~~the applicable block designation~~the applicable block designation (or block certification), within 15 days after submission of the proposal;

Pursues its SAFETY Act designation (or SAFETY Act certification) application in good faith; and

Agrees to obtain the amount of insurance DHS requires for issuing the offeror's SAFETY Act designation (or ~~SAFETY Act~~SAFETY Act certification).

(3) If DHS has not issued a SAFETY Act designation (or SAFETY Act certification) to the successful offeror before contract award, the contracting officer will include the clause at 52.250-5 in the resulting contract.

52.250-4 SAFETY Act Pre-qualification Designation Notice.

As prescribed in [50.206\(c\)\(1\)](#), insert the following provision:

SAFETY Act Pre-qualification Designation Notice (Feb 2009)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

Act of terrorism means any act determined to have met the following requirements or such other requirements as defined and specified by the Secretary of Homeland Security:

Is unlawful.

Causes harm, including financial harm, to a person, property, or entity, in the United States, or in the case of ~~an~~ [aofa](#) domestic United States air carrier or a United States-flag vessel (or a vessel based principally in the United States on which United States income tax is paid and whose insurance coverage is subject to regulation in the United States), in or outside the United States.

Uses or attempts to use instrumentalities, weapons or other methods designed or intended to cause ~~mass destruction~~, [massdestruction](#), injury or other loss to citizens or institutions of the United States.

Block certification means SAFETY Act certification of a technology class that the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has determined to be an approved class of approved products for homeland security.

Block designation means SAFETY Act designation of a technology class that the DHS has determined to be a Qualified Anti-Terrorism Technology (QATT).

Pre-qualification designation notice means a notice in a procurement solicitation or other publication by the Government stating that the technology to be procured either affirmatively or presumptively satisfies the technical criteria necessary to be deemed a qualified anti-terrorism technology. A pre-qualification designation notice authorizes offeror(s) to submit streamlined SAFETY Act applications for SAFETY Act designation and receive expedited processing of those applications.

Qualified Anti-Terrorism Technology (QATT) means any technology designed, developed, modified, procured, or sold for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, or deterring acts of terrorism or limiting the harm such acts might otherwise cause, for which a SAFETY Act designation has been issued. For purposes of defining a QATT, technology means any product, equipment, service (including support services), device, or technology (including information technology) or any combination of the foregoing. Design services, consulting services, engineering services, software development services, software integration services, threat assessments, vulnerability studies, and other analyses relevant to homeland security may be deemed a technology.

SAFETY Act certification means a determination by DHS pursuant to [6 U.S.C. 442\(d\)](#), as further delineated in 6 CFR [25.9](#), that a QATT for which a SAFETY Act designation has been issued is an approved product for homeland security, i.e., it will perform as intended, conforms to the seller's specifications, and is safe for use as intended.

SAFETY Act designation means a determination by DHS pursuant to [6 U.S.C. 441\(b\)](#) and [6 U.S.C. 443\(a\)](#), as further delineated in 6 CFR [25.4](#), that a particular Anti-Terrorism Technology constitutes a QATT under the SAFETY Act.

(b) The Support Anti-terrorism by Fostering Effective Technologies Act of 2002 (SAFETY Act), ~~6 U.S.C. 441444~~, creates certain liability limitations for claims arising out of, relating to, or resulting from an act of terrorism

where QATTs have been deployed. It also confers other important benefits. SAFETY Act designation and SAFETY Act certification are designed to support effective technologies aimed at preventing, detecting, identifying, or deterring acts of terrorism, or limiting the harm that such acts might otherwise cause, and which also meet other prescribed criteria.

(c)

DHS has issued a SAFETY Act pre-qualification designation notice for the technology to be acquired ~~under this solicitation~~ [under this solicitation](#).

This notice is attached to this solicitation and contains essential information, including-

A detailed description of and specification for the technology covered by the notice;

A statement that the technology described and specified in the notice satisfies the technical criteria to ~~be deemed a QATT~~ [be deemed a QATT](#) and the offeror's proposed technology either may presumptively or will qualify for the issuance of a designation provided the offeror complies with terms and conditions in the notice and its application is approved;

The period of time within which DHS will take action upon submission of a SAFETY Act ~~application submitted pursuant~~ [application submitted pursuant](#) to the notice;

A listing of those portions of the application that must be completed and submitted by selected awardees ~~and the time periods~~ [and the time periods](#) for such submissions;

The date of expiration of the notice; and

Any other terms and conditions concerning the notice.

(3) Offerors should read this notice carefully to make sure they comply with the terms of the notice if they plan on taking advantage of SAFETY Act coverage for their technologies.

All determinations by DHS are based on factors set forth in the SAFETY Act and its ~~implementing regulations~~. ~~A determination~~ [implementing regulations](#). A [determination](#) by DHS to issue a SAFETY Act designation, or not to issue a SAFETY Act designation for a particular Technology as a QATT is not a determination that the Technology meets, or fails to meet, the requirements of any solicitation issued by any Federal, State, local or tribal governments.

Determinations by DHS with respect to whether to issue a SAFETY Act designation for Technologies submitted for DHS review are based on the factors identified in 6 CFR [25.4\(b\)](#).

Neither SAFETY Act designation nor certification is in any way a requirement of this action. Whether to ~~seek the benefits~~ [seek the benefits](#) of the SAFETY Act for a proposed product or service is entirely up to the offeror. Additional information about the SAFETY Act may be found at the SAFETY Act website at <http://www.SAFETYAct.gov>.

Proposals in which pricing or any other terms or conditions are offered contingent upon SAFETY ~~Act designation or certification~~ [Act designation or certification](#) of the proposed product(s) or service(s) will not be considered for award.

(End of provision)

Alternate I (Feb 2009). As prescribed in ~~(50.206 (c)(2)~~, substitute the following paragraph (f):

(f)(1) Offerors are authorized to submit proposals made contingent upon SAFETY Act designation before award. When an offer is made contingent upon SAFETY Act designation, the offeror also may submit an alternate offer without the contingency.

If an offer is submitted contingent upon receipt of SAFETY Act designation prior to contract award, then the Government may not award a contract based on such offer unless the offeror demonstrates prior to award that DHS has issued a SAFETY Act designation for the offeror's technology.

The Government reserves the right to award the contract based on a noncontingent offer, prior to ~~DHS resolution~~ DHS resolution of ~~the offeror's~~ the offeror's application for SAFETY Act designation.

Alternate II (Feb 2009). As prescribed in ~~(50.206 (c)(3)~~, substitute the following paragraph (f):

(f)(1) Offerors are authorized to submit proposals presuming SAFETY Act designation before or after award.

(2) An offeror is eligible for award only if the offeror-

Files a SAFETY Act designation application, limited to the scope of the applicable ~~prequalification designation~~ prequalification designation notice, within 15 days after submission of the proposal;

Pursues its SAFETY Act designation application in good faith; and

Agrees to obtain the amount of insurance DHS requires for issuing the offeror's SAFETY Act designation.

(3) If DHS has not issued a SAFETY Act designation to the successful offeror before contract award, the contracting officer will include the clause at 52.250-5 in the resulting contract.

52.250-5 SAFETY ~~Act-Equitable~~ Act-Equitable Adjustment.

As prescribed in 50.206(d), insert the following clause:

SAFETY Act-Equitable Adjustment (~~Feb 2009~~ Date)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-  

Act of terrorism means any act determined to have met the following requirements or such other requirements as defined and specified by the Secretary of Homeland Security:

Is unlawful.

Causes harm, including financial harm, to a person, property, or entity, in the United States, or in the case ~~of~~ a of a domestic United States air carrier or a United States-flag vessel (or a vessel based principally in the United States on which United States income tax is paid and whose insurance coverage is subject to regulation in the United States), in or outside the United States.

Uses or attempts to use instrumentalities, weapons or other methods designed or intended to cause ~~mass destruction~~, mass destruction, injury or other loss to citizens or institutions of the United States.

Block certification means SAFETY Act certification of a technology class that the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has determined to be an approved class of approved products for homeland security.

Block designation means SAFETY Act designation of a technology class that the DHS has determined to be a Qualified Anti-Terrorism Technology (QATT).

Qualified Anti-Terrorism Technology (QATT) means any technology designed, developed, modified, procured, or sold for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, or deterring acts of terrorism or limiting the harm such acts might otherwise cause, for which a SAFETY Act designation has been issued. For purposes of defining a QATT, technology means any product, equipment, service (including support services), device, or technology (including information technology) or any combination of the foregoing. Design services, consulting services, engineering services, software development services, software integration services, threat assessments, vulnerability studies, and other analyses relevant to homeland security may be deemed a technology.

Block certification means SAFETY Act certification of a technology class that the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has determined to be an approved class of approved products for homeland security.

Block designation means SAFETY Act designation of a technology class that the DHS has determined to be a Qualified Anti-Terrorism Technology (QATT).

Qualified Anti-Terrorism Technology (QATT) means any technology designed, developed, modified, procured, or sold for the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying, or deterring acts of terrorism or limiting the harm such acts might otherwise cause, for which a SAFETY Act designation has been issued. For purposes of defining a QATT, technology means any product, equipment, service (including support services), device, or technology (including information technology) or any combination of the foregoing. Design services, consulting services, engineering services, software development services, software integration services, threat assessments, vulnerability studies, and other analyses relevant to homeland security may be deemed a technology.

SAFETY Act certification means a determination by DHS pursuant to [6 U.S.C. 442\(d\)](#), as further delineated in 6 CFR [25.9](#), that a QATT for which a SAFETY Act designation has been issued is an approved product for homeland security, i.e., it will perform as intended, conforms to the seller's specifications, and is safe for use as intended.

SAFETY Act designation means a determination by DHS pursuant to [6 U.S.C. 441\(b\)](#) and [6 U.S.C. 443\(a\)](#), as further delineated in 6 CFR [25.4](#), that a particular Anti-Terrorism Technology constitutes a QATT under the SAFETY Act.

Prices for the items covered by the pre-qualification designation notice, block designation, or ~~block certification in the contract~~ block certification in the contract were established presuming DHS will issue a SAFETY Act designation (or SAFETY Act certification) for those items.

In order to qualify for an equitable adjustment in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause the ~~Contractor shall in good~~ Contractor shall in good faith pursue obtaining ~~---~~

SAFETY Act designation (or SAFETY Act certification); and

The amount of insurance DHS requires for issuing any SAFETY Act designation (or SAFETY Act ~~certification~~ Act certification).

(d)

If DHS denies the Contractor's SAFETY Act designation (or certification) application, the Contractor ~~may submit a request~~ may submit a request for an equitable adjustment within 30 days of DHS's notification of denial.

The Contracting Officer shall either ~~—~~

Make an equitable adjustment to the contract price based on evidence of the resulting increase or decrease ~~in the~~

in the Contractor's costs and/or an equitable adjustment to other terms and conditions based on lack of SAFETY Act designation (or certification); or

At the sole option of the Government, terminate this contract for the convenience of the Government in ~~place of an equitable~~ place of an equitable adjustment.

A failure of the parties to agree on the equitable adjustment will be considered to be a dispute in ~~accordance with~~ accordance with the "Disputes" clause of this contract.

Unless first terminated, the Contractor shall continue contract performance during establishment of ~~any equitable adjustment~~ any equitable adjustment.

(End of clause)

~~52.251 [Reserved]~~

~~52.251-1 Government Supply Sources.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Government Supply Sources (Apr 2012)~~

~~The Contracting Officer may issue the Contractor an authorization to use Government supply sources in the performance of this contract. Title to all property acquired by the Contractor under such an authorization shall vest in the Government unless otherwise specified in the contract. The provisions of the clause at FAR 52.245-1, Government Property, apply to all property acquired under such authorization~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.251-2 Interagency Fleet Management System Vehicles and Related Services.~~

~~As prescribed in , insert the following clause:~~

~~Interagency Fleet Management System Vehicles and Related Services (Jan 1991)~~

~~The Contracting Officer may issue the Contractor an authorization to obtain interagency fleet management system (IFMS) vehicles and related services for use in the performance of this contract. The use, service, and~~

~~maintenance of interagency fleet management system vehicles and the use of related services by the Contractor shall be in accordance with 41 CFR 101-39 and 41 CFR 101-38.301-1.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~52.252 [Reserved]~~

~~52.252-1 Solicitation Provisions Incorporated by Reference.~~

~~As prescribed in 52.107(a), insert the following provision:~~

~~Solicitation Provisions Incorporated by Reference (Feb 1998)~~

~~This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. The offeror is cautioned that the listed provisions may include blocks that must be completed by the offeror and submitted with its quotation or offer. In lieu of submitting the full text of those provisions, the offeror may identify the provision by paragraph identifier and provide the appropriate information with its quotation or offer. Also, the full text of a solicitation provision may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [Insert one or more Internet addresses] (End of provision)~~

~~52.252-2 Clauses Incorporated by Reference.~~

~~As prescribed in 52.107(b), insert the following clause:~~

~~Clauses Incorporated By Reference (Feb 1998)~~

~~This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):~~

~~\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ [Insert one or more Internet addresses] (End of clause)~~

~~52.252-3 Alterations in Solicitation.~~

~~As prescribed in 52.107(c), insert the following provision in solicitations in order to revise or supplement, as necessary, other parts of the solicitation that apply to the solicitation phase only, except for any provision authorized for use with a deviation. Include clear identification of what is being altered.~~

~~Alterations in Solicitation (Apr 1984)~~

~~Portions of this solicitation are altered as follows:~~

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(End of clause)

**52.252-4 Alterations in Contract:**

As prescribed in 52.107(d), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts in order to revise or supplement, as necessary, other parts of the contract, or parts of the solicitation that apply after contract award, except for any clause authorized for use with a deviation. Include clear identification of what is being altered.

**Alterations in Contract (Apr 1984)**

Portions of this contract are altered as follows:

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(End of clause)

**52.252-5 Authorized Deviations in Provisions:**

As prescribed in 52.107(e), insert the following provision in solicitations that include any FAR or supplemental provision with an authorized deviation. Whenever any FAR or supplemental provision is used with an authorized deviation, the contracting officer shall identify it by the same number, title, and date assigned to the provision when it is used without deviation, include regulation name for any supplemental provision, except that the contracting officer shall insert "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the provision.

**Authorized Deviations in Provisions (Nov 2020)**

The use in this solicitation of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the provision.

The use in this solicitation of any \_\_\_\_\_ [insert regulation name] (48 CFR Chapter \_\_\_\_\_) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation.

(End of provision)

**52.252-6 Authorized Deviations in Clauses:**

As prescribed in 52.107(f), insert the following clause in solicitations and contracts that include any FAR or supplemental clause with an authorized deviation. Whenever any FAR or supplemental clause is used with an authorized deviation, the contracting officer shall identify it by the same number, title, and date assigned to the clause when it is used without deviation, include regulation name for any supplemental clause, except that the contracting officer shall insert "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the clause.

**Authorized Deviations in Clauses (Nov 2020)**



~~The use in this solicitation or contract of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the clause.~~

~~The use in this solicitation or contract of any \_\_\_\_\_ [insert regulation name] (48 CFR \_\_\_\_\_) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation. (End of clause)~~

~~52.253 [Reserved]~~

~~52.253-1 Computer Generated Forms.~~

~~As prescribed in FAR , insert the following clause:~~

~~Computer Generated Forms (Jan 1991)~~

~~Any data required to be submitted on a Standard or Optional Form prescribed by the Federal Acquisition Regulation~~

~~(FAR) may be submitted on a computer generated version of the form, provided there is no change to the name, content, or sequence of the data elements on the form, and provided the form carries the Standard or Optional Form number and edition date.~~

~~Unless prohibited by agency regulations, any data required to be submitted on an agency unique form prescribed by an agency supplement to the FAR may be submitted on a computer generated version of the form provided there is no change to the name, content, or sequence of the data elements on the form and provided the form carries the agency form number and edition date.~~

~~If the Contractor submits a computer generated version of a form that is different than the required form, then the rights and obligations of the parties will be determined based on the content of the required form.~~

~~(End of clause)~~

~~Subpart 52.3 — Provision and Clause Matrix~~

~~52.300 Scope of subpart.~~

~~The matrix contains a column for each principal type and/or purpose of contract (see 52.101(e)).~~

~~52.301 Solicitation provisions and contract clauses (Matrix).~~

~~The FAR matrix is not carried in the CFR. It is available via the internet at .~~