

# AFTAB PUREVAL HAMILTON COUNTY CLERK OF COURTS

### **COMMON PLEAS DIVISION**

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BLARNEY INC DBA MURPHYS PUB vs. THE CINCINNATI INSURANCE COMPANY

# FILING TYPE: INITIAL FILING (IN COUNTY) WITH NO JURY DEMAND

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#### COURT OF COMMON PLEAS HAMILTON COUNTY, OHIO

BLARNEY, INC. d/b/a MURPHY'S PUB,	: Case No
2329 West Clifton Avenue	:
Cincinnati, OH 45219	: Judge
Plaintiff,	
V.	COMPLAINT FOR
	: DECLARATORY JUDGMENT
THE CINCINNATI INSURANCE	:
COMPANY	: Electronically Filed
6200 South Gilmore Road	:
Fairfield, OH 45014	
Also Serve: Statutory Agent: Steve Corbly	
P.O. Box 145496	
Cincinnati, OH 45250	:
and	:
	:
THE CINCINNATI CASUALTY	:
COMPANY	:
6200 South Gilmore Road	
Fairfield, OH 45014 Statutory Agent:	
Steve Corbly	
P.O. Box 145496	
Cincinnati, OH 45250	:
	:
and	:
THE CINCINNATI INDEMNITY COMPANY	
6200 South Gilmore Road	
Fairfield, OH 45014	
Statutory Agent:	:
Steve Corbly	:
P.O. Box 145496	:
Cincinnati, OH 45250	:
and	
CINCINNATI FINANCIAL	
CORPORATION	
c/o Lisa Love	•
6200 South Gilmore Road	:
Fairfield, OH 45014	:
	:
Defendants.	:

Plaintiff Blarney, Inc. d/b/a Murphy's Pub ("Murphy's Pub" or "Plaintiff"), brings this action against Defendants The Cincinnati Insurance Company, The Cincinnati Casualty Company, The Cincinnati Indemnity Company and Cincinnati Financial Corporation (collectively "Defendants" or "Cincinnati Insurance"), and alleges as follows:

#### INTRODUCTION

1. Plaintiff Murphy's Pub owns and operates a restaurant/bar in the Clifton area of Cincinnati. Murphy's Pub has served the Clifton area for more than twenty (20) years. To protect its business in the event that it had to suspend operations for reasons outside of its control, Plaintiff purchased an insurance policy from Cincinnati Insurance, which contained property coverage, including "business income" insurance, (also referred to as "business interruption" insurance) which insures against the loss of business income from a number of causes including actions of a "Civil Authority".

2. Plaintiff was forced to suspend its business due to COVID-19 (a.k.a. the "coronavirus" or "SARS-CoV-s") as well as take necessary steps to prevent further damage and minimize the suspension of its business.

3. As described in more detail hereafter Plaintiff made a claim for the loss of its business income due to its compliance with the Orders of the Ohio Department of Health and Defendants denied the claim. See Exhibit 1.

4. This is a lawsuit for declaratory judgment filed pursuant to Section 2721.02, *et seq.*, of the Ohio Revised Code ("ORC"). It arises out of the loss of business income which was sustained by Murphy's Pub, a restaurant/bar, as a result of a "shutdown order" from the Ohio Department of Health, based upon the airborne and deposited presence of the COVID-19 virus throughout the State of Ohio.

#### II. PARTIES

5. Plaintiff, Blarney Inc. d/b/a Murphy's Pub, is an Ohio corporation that operates a restaurant/bar in Cincinnati, Hamilton County, Ohio, and has its principal business office in Cincinnati, Hamilton County, Ohio.

6. Defendants The Cincinnati Insurance Company, The Cincinnati Casualty Company and The Cincinnati Indemnity Company are Ohio corporations, with their principal place of business in Fairfield, Ohio. Defendants are authorized to write, sell, and issue business insurance policies throughout the State of Ohio, through appointed agents who regularly sell policies in Hamilton County, Ohio. The agency that sold Murphy's Pub its policy is John J. & Thomas R. Schiff & Co., Inc.

7. Defendant Cincinnati Financial Corporation is an Ohio corporation with its principle place of business in Fairfield, Ohio, and the parent of The Cincinnati Insurance Company, The Cincinnati Casualty Company, and The Cincinnati Indemnity Company.

#### III. THE INSURANCE POLICY

8. The insurance policy purchased by Plaintiff and at issue in this declaratory judgment action (the "Policy") is attached hereto as Exhibit 2. But for a limited amount of information that is placed on declaration pages in the policy it is otherwise substantially a preprinted form document. Most importantly the sections of the Policy that are at issue in this declaratory judgment action are preprinted form language and apply to all similarly situated Ohio insureds of Defendants.

9. The Policy provides certain coverages, additional coverages, and coverage extensions. Listed among the additional coverages and coverage extensions is "business income" insurance which insures against the loss of business income from a number of causes including action of civil authority.

10. Listed under the category of "business income" insurance is "Civil Authority" coverage. When there is damage to property other than the insured's property, then the insurance company is required to pay the loss of business income sustained as caused by action of civil authority that prohibits access to the insured's premises. In other words, the property damage need not be to the insured's property, but damage to another property which leads the government to shut down the insured's business.

11. There are certain other qualifications relating to (a) the area where the damaged property must be located; and (b) the presence of a dangerous physical condition that causes the action by the civil authority.<sup>1</sup>

- 12. In summary, the Policy provides that:
  - There is insurance for loss of "business income" which may occur for several different reasons;
  - There is insurance for loss of "business income" if that loss results from the action of a "civil authority" (a government agency);
  - The action of the civil authority need not be based upon damage to the insured property, but may be based upon "damage to property other than property" at the insured's premises; and
  - The damage to the other property must be in relatively close proximity to the insured property and the action of the civil authority must be based upon a dangerous physical condition.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These qualifications are easily satisfied in that the virus is airborne throughout the State of Ohio. When the airborne virus settles on a surface then that property becomes damaged and dangerous. The widespread existence of the virus throughout the State of Ohio is precisely why the order of the Department of Health, Exhibit 3 and 4, is exceedingly broad.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Plaintiff's policy does not have a "virus exclusion". Interestingly, Cincinnati Insurance has issued other policies which have a specific "virus exclusion" in them, but it was not inserted in Plaintiff's policy.

#### IV. THE PREVALENCE OF THE COVID-19 VIRUS IN OHIO AND THE RESPONSE OF THE OHIO CIVIL AUTHORITY

13. The presence of COVID-19 has caused civil authorities to issue orders requiring the suspension of business. On March 15, the State of Ohio, through the states' Department of Health, issued the "Director's Order" which required the closure of bars in Ohio and banned dine-in eating in Ohio. Attached hereto as Exhibit 3.

14. On of March 22, 2020, the State of Ohio, recognizing that there is "a high probability of widespread exposure to COVID-19 with a significant risk of substantial harm to a large number of people in the general population", issued an order requiring the closure of non-essential businesses (the "Stay at Home Order"), which was to take effect on March 23, 2020. Attached hereto as Exhibit 4.

15. The Stay at Home Order applied, without exception, to "all individuals currently living within the State of Ohio". It required them to stay home, with certain limited exceptions, and to engage in "social distancing requirements" which included such things as maintaining a six-foot distance from other individuals, frequently washing hands and using hand sanitizer. These requirements applied throughout the State and were necessary because of the widespread prevalence of the virus in the air and on surfaces of property throughout the State.

16. As of May 22, 2020, there were over 30,000 confirmed cases of the COVID-19 virus in the State of Ohio resulting in over 1,600 deaths. These numbers are continuing to increase. The airborne virus was so prevalent, throughout the State, that on March 9, 2020, the Governor of the State of Ohio, the Honorable Mike DeWine, declared a state of emergency throughout the entire State. As of May 22, 2020, there

were over 2,200 confirmed cases of COVID-19 virus in Hamilton County, Ohio, the location of Plaintiff's insured premises.

17. As a result of the widespread prevalence of the COVID-19 virus in the air and on surfaces throughout the State of Ohio, the proximity requirements of the Murphy's Pub policy with Defendants are met.

#### V. DECLARATORY JUDGMENT - THE ISSUES

18. Section 2721.02 of the ORC provides that a court of record in Ohio may declare rights, status, and other legal relations whether or not further relief is or could be claimed. No action may be objected to on the basis that declaratory judgment is requested and the declaration may be either affirmative or negative in form or effect. Once rendered, the declaration has the effect of a final judgment or decree.

19. Plaintiff respectfully submits that there are several issues raised by Plaintiff's claim and the insurance company's denial that are appropriate for a declaratory judgment at this time. Those issues are as follows:

- Whether the order signed by Dr. Acton is a valid and enforceable order of a civil authority requiring that Plaintiff cease doing business at the insured premises;
- Whether the airborne presence of the virus and/or the presence of the virus on numerous surfaces and on numerous properties throughout the State of Ohio can, as a matter of law, be considered property damage under the applicable case law and legal authorities; and
- Whether the preponderance of the evidence supports the conclusion that it is more likely than not that the virus was present on other property in and around and within one mile of the insured's premises.

20. Plaintiff submits that the facts and the case law support a finding by the

Court in favor of Plaintiff on each of the above issues. Thus, the Court should enter a

declaratory judgment that Plaintiff has coverage for the loss of business income that Plaintiff suffered as a result of the civil orders signed by Dr. Action under the civil authority insurance section of Plaintiff's policy.

#### VI. DAMAGES

21. The Court should enter a declaratory judgment on the coverage issue, in favor of Plaintiff. Plaintiff does not seek the Court's determination of damages at this time.

22. The policy issued by Cincinnati Insurance contains a form "appraisal" clause. That clause permits each party to select an appraiser and then the two appraisers select an umpire. The persons who act as appraisers are normally an adjuster, acting on behalf of the company, and a public adjuster employed by the insured.

23. The Court should grant declaratory judgment in Plaintiff's favor on the coverage issue. After the judgment on the liability issue is entered, Plaintiff will attempt to negotiate, in good faith, with Defendants in an effort to arrive at a mutually acceptable figure for the loss of business income suffered by Murphy's Pub. If such good faith negotiation does not result in a resolution of the claim then Plaintiff will invoke the appraisal process to obtain a damage determination.

WHEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing, Plaintiff requests that the Court grant declaratory judgment in favor of Plaintiff, and enter an order holding that Plaintiff has insurance coverage that was purchased by Plaintiff from Defendants, for Plaintiff's loss of business income arising from the civil authority orders issued by the Ohio Department of Health. Plaintiff also requests all other proper and appropriate relief including costs and attorneys' fees.

Respectfully Submitted,

/s/ Richard S. Wayne

Richard S. Wayne (0022390) Ronald R. Parry (0038027) Jeffrey A. Levine (0095334) STRAUSS TROY CO., LPA The Federal Reserve Building 150 East Fourth Street, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor Cincinnati, OH 45202-4018 (513) 621-2120 – Telephone (513) 629-9426 – Facsimile E-mail: *rswayne@strausstroy.com* E-mail: *rparry@strausstroy.com* E-mail: *jalevine@strausstroy.com* 

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